

STATE OF NEW YORK

6226--A

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

May 11, 2017

Introduced by Sens. LANZA, ADDABBO, BOYLE, GALLIVAN, MURPHY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Agriculture -- recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the agriculture and markets law and the penal law, in relation to promoting understanding, awareness and enforcement of animal crimes laws; and to repeal sections 351, 353, 353-a, 353-b, 353-d, 355, 360, 361, 362 and subdivision 8 of section 374 of the agriculture and markets law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 350 of the agriculture and markets law, as added
2 by chapter 1047 of the laws of 1965, subdivision 3 as added by chapter
3 619 of the laws of 1987, subdivision 4 as added by chapter 569 of the
4 laws of 1995, subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 118 of the laws of
5 1999, is amended to read as follows:

6 § 350. Definitions. 1. "Animal~~[r]~~" as used in this article, includes
7 every living creature except a human being;

8 2. [~~"Torture" or "cruelty"~~] "Cruelty" includes every act, omission, or
9 neglect, whereby unjustifiable physical pain, suffering or death is
10 caused or permitted and shall include but not be limited to, any act of
11 overdriving, overloading, injuring, maiming, mutilating or killing an
12 animal.

13 2-a. "Torture" means conduct that is intended to cause extreme phys-
14 ical pain.

15 3. "Adoption" means the delivery [~~to any natural person eighteen years~~
16 ~~of age or older, for the limited purpose of harboring a pet, of any dog~~
17 ~~or cat, seized or surrendered~~] of any animal forfeited, seized or

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 surrendered, to any natural person eighteen years of age or older, for
2 the purpose of that person permanently harboring such animal as a pet.

3 4. "Farm animal", as used in this article, means any ungulate, poul-
4 try, species of cattle, sheep, swine, goats, llamas, horses or fur-bear-
5 ing animals, as defined in section 11-1907 of the environmental conser-
6 vation law, which are raised for commercial or subsistence purposes.
7 Fur-bearing animal, as referenced in this article, shall not include
8 dogs or cats.

9 5. "Companion animal" or "pet" means any dog or cat, and shall also
10 mean any other domesticated animal normally maintained in or near the
11 household of the owner or person who cares for such other domesticated
12 animal. [~~"Pet" or "companion"~~] "Companion animal" or "pet" shall not
13 include a "farm animal" as defined in this section.

14 6. "Animal cruelty offense" means any violation of this article or of
15 article two hundred eighty of the penal law, or any other unlawful act
16 by which harm is intentionally, knowingly, recklessly or negligently
17 caused or permitted to occur to an animal.

18 7. "Duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to
19 animals", as used in this article, shall mean a corporation constituted
20 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (g) of section four hundred
21 four and section fourteen hundred three of the not-for-profit corpo-
22 ration law.

23 § 2. Sections 351, 353, 353-a, 353-b, 353-d, 355, 360, 361 and 362 of
24 the agriculture and markets law are REPEALED.

25 § 3. Section 365 of the agriculture and markets law, as amended by
26 chapter 458 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

27 § 365. Clipping or cutting the ears of dogs. 1. Whoever clips or cuts
28 off or causes or procures another to clip or cut off the whole or any
29 part of an ear of any dog unless an anaesthetic shall have been given to
30 the dog and the operation performed by a licensed veterinarian, is guilt-
31 y of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than one
32 year, or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by both.

33 2. [~~The provisions of this section shall not apply to any dog or~~
34 ~~person who is the owner or possessor of any dog whose ear or a part~~
35 ~~thereof has been clipped or cut off prior to September first, nineteen~~
36 ~~hundred twenty-nine.~~

37 ~~3.] Each applicant for a dog license must state on such application~~

38 whether any ear of the dog for which he applies for such license has
39 been cut off wholly or in part.
40 [~~4.] 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as preventing any~~
41 ~~dog whose ear or ears shall have been clipped or cut off wholly or in~~
42 ~~part, not in violation of this section, from being imported into the~~
43 ~~state exclusively for breeding purposes.~~

44 § 4. Section 369 of the agriculture and markets law, as amended by
45 chapter 458 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

46 § 369. Interference with officers. Any person who shall interfere with
47 or obstruct any constable or police officer or any officer or agent of
48 any duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals
49 in the discharge of his duty to enforce the laws relating to animals,
50 including those provisions contained in article two hundred eighty of
51 the penal law, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprison-
52 ment for not more than one year, or by a fine of not more than one thou-
53 sand dollars, or by both.

54 § 5. Section 371 of the agriculture and markets law, as amended by
55 chapter 573 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

1 § 371. Powers of peace officers. A constable or police officer must,
2 and any agent or officer of any duly incorporated society for the
3 prevention of cruelty to animals may issue an appearance ticket pursuant
4 to section 150.20 of the criminal procedure law, summon or arrest, and
5 bring before a court or magistrate having jurisdiction, any person
6 offending against any of the provisions of this article [~~twenty-six of~~
7 ~~the agriculture and markets law~~] or any provisions of article two
8 hundred eighty of the penal law. Any officer or agent of any of said
9 societies may lawfully interfere to prevent the perpetration of any act
10 of cruelty upon any animal in his or her presence. Any of said societies
11 may prefer a complaint before any court, tribunal or magistrate having
12 jurisdiction, for the violation of any law relating to or affecting
13 animals and may aid in presenting the law and facts before such court,
14 tribunal or magistrate in any proceeding taken.

15 § 6. Subdivision 6 of section 373 of the agriculture and markets law,
16 as amended by chapter 256 of the laws of 1997, paragraph a and subpara-
17 graph 1 of paragraph b as amended by chapter 531 of the laws of 2013,
18 subparagraph 2 of paragraph b as amended by section 24 of part T of
19 chapter 59 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

20 6. a. If any animal is seized [~~and~~] or impounded pursuant to the
21 provisions of this section, [~~section three hundred fifty-three-d of this~~
22 ~~article~~] or section three hundred seventy-five of this article, or
23 pursuant to the provisions of article six hundred ninety of the criminal
24 procedure law, for any violation of this article, any violation of arti-
25 cle two hundred eighty of the penal law or in connection with the arrest
26 for an animal cruelty offense, then, upon arraignment of charges, or
27 within a reasonable time thereafter, [~~the~~] a duly incorporated society
28 for the prevention of cruelty to animals, humane society, pound, animal
29 shelter, sheriff, municipal police department, district attorney or any
30 authorized agents thereof, hereinafter referred to for the purposes of
31 this section as the "impounding organization", may file a petition with
32 the court requesting that the person from whom an animal is seized or
33 the owner of the animal be ordered to post a security. The district
34 attorney prosecuting the charges may file and obtain the requested
35 relief on behalf of the impounding organization if requested to do so by
36 the impounding organization. The security shall be in an amount suffi-
37 cient to secure payment for all reasonable expenses expected to be
38 incurred by the impounding organization in caring and providing for the
39 animal pending disposition of the charges. Reasonable expenses shall
40 include, but not be limited to, estimated medical care and boarding of
41 the animal for at least thirty days. The amount of the security, if any,
42 shall be determined by the court after taking into consideration all of
43 the facts and circumstances of the case including, but not limited to
44 the recommendation of the impounding organization having custody and
45 care of the seized animal and the cost of caring for the animal. If a
46 security has been posted in accordance with this section, the impounding
47 organization may draw from the security the actual reasonable costs to
48 be incurred by such organization in caring for the seized animal.

49 b. (1) Upon receipt of a petition pursuant to paragraph a of this
50 subdivision the court shall set a hearing on the petition to be
51 conducted within ten business days of the filing of such petition. The
52 petitioner shall serve a true copy of the petition upon the defendant
53 and the district attorney if the district attorney has not filed the
54 petition on behalf of the petitioner. The petitioner shall also serve a
55 true copy of the petition on any interested person. For purposes of this
56 subdivision, interested person shall mean an individual, partnership,

1 firm, joint stock company, corporation, association, trust, estate or
2 other legal entity who the court determines may have a pecuniary inter-
3 est in the animal which is the subject of the petition. The petitioner
4 or the district attorney acting on behalf of the petitioner, shall have
5 the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the person
6 from whom the animal was seized violated a provision of this article.
7 The court may waive for good cause shown the posting of security.

8 (2) If the court orders the posting of a security, the security shall
9 be posted with the clerk of the court within five business days of the
10 hearing provided for in subparagraph one of this paragraph. The court
11 may order the immediate forfeiture of the seized animal to the impound-
12 ing organization if the person ordered to post the security fails to do
13 so. Any animal forfeited shall be made available for adoption or euthan-
14 ized subject to subdivision seven-a of section one hundred seventeen of
15 this chapter or section three hundred seventy-four of this article.

16 (3) In the case of an animal other than a companion animal or pet, if
17 a person ordered to post security fails to do so, the court may, in
18 addition to the forfeiture to [~~a duly incorporated society for the~~
19 ~~prevention of cruelty to animals, humane society, pound, animal shelter~~
20 ~~or any authorized agents thereof]~~ the impounding organization, and
21 subject to the restrictions of sections three hundred fifty-four, three
22 hundred fifty-seven and three hundred seventy-four of this article,
23 order the animal which was the basis of the order to be sold, provided
24 that all interested persons shall first be provided the opportunity to
25 redeem their interest in the animal and to purchase the interest of the
26 person ordered to post security, subject to such conditions as the court
27 deems appropriate to assure proper care and treatment of the animal. The
28 court may reimburse the person ordered to post security and any inter-
29 ested persons any money earned by the sale of the animal less any costs
30 including, but not limited to, veterinary and custodial care. Any animal
31 determined by the court to be maimed, diseased, disabled or infirm so as
32 to be unfit for sale or any useful purpose shall be forfeited to [~~a duly~~
33 ~~incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or a duly~~
34 ~~incorporated humane society]~~ the impounding organization or authorized
35 agents thereof, and be available for adoption or shall be euthanized
36 subject to section three hundred seventy-four of this article.

37 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or restrict in
38 any way the rights of a secured party having a security interest in any
39 animal described in this section. This section expressly does not impair
40 or subordinate the rights of such a secured lender having a security
41 interest in the animal or in the proceeds from the sale of such animal.

42 c. In no event shall the security prevent the impounding organization
43 having custody and care of the animal from disposing of the animal
44 pursuant to section three hundred seventy-four of this article prior to
45 the expiration of the thirty day period covered by the security if the
46 court makes a determination of the charges against the person from whom
47 the animal was seized prior thereto. Upon receipt of a petition from the
48 impounding organization, the court may order the person from whom the
49 animal was seized or the owner of the animal to post an additional secu-
50 rity with the clerk of the court to secure payment of reasonable
51 expenses for an additional period of time pending a determination by the
52 court of the charges against the person from whom the animal was seized.
53 The person who posted the security shall be entitled to a refund of the
54 security in whole or part for any expenses not incurred by such impound-
55 ing organization upon adjudication of the charges. The person who posted
56 the security shall be entitled to a full refund of the security, includ-

1 ing reimbursement by the impounding organization of any amount allowed
2 by the court to be expended, and the return of the animal seized and
3 impounded upon acquittal or dismissal of the charges, except where the
4 dismissal is based upon an adjournment in contemplation of dismissal
5 pursuant to section 215.30 of the criminal procedure law. The court
6 order directing such refund and reimbursement shall provide for payment
7 to be made within a reasonable time from the acquittal or dismissal of
8 charges.

9 § 7. Subdivision 8 of section 374 of the agriculture and markets law
10 is REPEALED.

11 § 8. Section 380 of the agriculture and markets law, as added by chap-
12 ter 470 of the laws of 2017, is renumbered section 381 and a new section
13 382 is added to read as follows:

14 § 382. Special sentencing provisions. In addition to any other penal-
15 ty provided by law, a court may impose the following sentences upon a
16 conviction for any animal cruelty offense:

17 1. The convicted person may, after a duly held hearing pursuant to
18 subdivision six of this section, be ordered by the court to forfeit, to
19 an animal shelter, pound, sheriff, municipal police department, district
20 attorney, a duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to
21 animals or a duly incorporated humane society or authorized agents ther-
22 eof, the animal or animals which are the basis of the conviction. Upon
23 such an order of forfeiture, the convicted person shall be deemed to
24 have relinquished all rights to the animals which are the basis of the
25 conviction, except those granted in subdivision two of this section.

26 2. In the case of farm animals, the court may, in addition to the
27 forfeiture to an animal shelter, pound, sheriff, municipal police
28 department, district attorney, a duly incorporated society for the
29 prevention of cruelty to animals or a duly incorporated humane society
30 or authorized agents thereof, and subject to the restrictions of
31 sections three hundred fifty-four and three hundred fifty-seven of this
32 article, order the farm animals which were the basis of the conviction
33 to be sold. In no case shall farm animals which are the basis of the
34 conviction be redeemed by the convicted person who is the subject of the
35 order of forfeiture or by any person charged with an animal cruelty
36 offense for conspiring, aiding or abetting in the unlawful act which was
37 the basis of the conviction, or otherwise acting as an accomplice if
38 such charge has not yet been adjudicated. The court shall reimburse the
39 convicted person and any duly determined interested persons, pursuant to
40 subdivision six of this section, any money earned by the sale of the
41 farm animals less any costs including, but not limited to, veterinary
42 and custodial care, and any fines or penalties imposed by the court. The
43 court may order that the subject animals be provided with appropriate
44 care and treatment pending the hearing and the disposition of the charg-
45 es. Any farm animal ordered forfeited but not sold shall be remanded to
46 the custody and charge of an animal shelter, pound, sheriff, municipal
47 police department, district attorney, a duly incorporated society for
48 the prevention of cruelty to animals or duly incorporated humane society
49 or its authorized agent thereof and disposed of pursuant to subdivision
50 five of this section.

51 3. The court may order that the convicted person shall not own,
52 harbor, or have custody or control of any other animals, other than farm
53 animals, for a period of time which the court deems reasonable. In
54 making its determination of what period of time is reasonable, the court
55 shall take into account the totality of the circumstances before it and

1 be bound to no single factor. Such order must be in writing and specif-
2 ically state the period of time imposed.

3 4. No dog or cat in the custody of a duly incorporated society for
4 the prevention of cruelty to animals, a duly incorporated humane society
5 or its authorized agents thereof, or a pound or shelter, shall be sold,
6 transferred or otherwise made available to any person for the purpose of
7 research, experimentation or testing. No authorized agent of a duly
8 incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, nor of a
9 duly incorporated humane society, shall use any animal placed in its
10 custody by the duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty
11 to animals or duly incorporated humane society for the purpose of
12 research, experimentation or testing.

13 5. An animal shelter, pound, sheriff, municipal police department,
14 district attorney, a duly incorporated society for the prevention of
15 cruelty to animals or a duly incorporated humane society in charge of
16 animals forfeited pursuant to subdivision one or two of this section
17 may, in its discretion, lawfully and without liability, adopt them to
18 individuals other than the convicted person or person charged with an
19 animal cruelty offense for conspiring, aiding or abetting in the unlaw-
20 ful act which was the basis of the conviction, or otherwise acting as an
21 accomplice if such charge has not yet been adjudicated, or humanely
22 dispose of them subject to section three hundred seventy-four of this
23 article.

24 6. (a) Prior to an order of forfeiture of farm animals, a hearing
25 shall be held within thirty days of conviction to determine the pecuni-
26 ary interests of any other person in the farm animals which were the
27 basis of the conviction. Written notice shall be served at least five
28 days prior to the hearing upon all interested persons. In addition,
29 notice shall be made by publication in a local newspaper at least seven
30 days prior to the hearing. For the purposes of this subdivision, inter-
31 ested persons shall mean any individual, partnership, firm, joint stock
32 company, corporation, association, trust, estate, or other legal entity
33 who the court determines may have a pecuniary interest in the farm
34 animals which are the subject of the forfeiture action.

35 (b) All interested persons shall be provided an opportunity at the
36 hearing to redeem their interest as determined by the court in the
37 subject farm animals and to purchase the interest of the convicted
38 person. The convicted person shall be entitled to be reimbursed his or
39 her interest in the farm animals, less any costs, fines or penalties
40 imposed by the court, as specified under subdivision two of this
41 section. In no case shall the court award custody or control of the
42 animals to any interested person who conspired, aided or abetted in the
43 unlawful act which was the basis of the conviction, or who knew or
44 should have known of the unlawful act.

45 7. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or restrict in
46 any way the rights of a secured party having a security interest in any
47 farm animal described in this section. This section expressly does not
48 impair or subordinate the rights of such a secured lender having a secu-
49 rity interest in farm animals or in the proceeds from the sale of such
50 farm animals.

51 § 9. Part 3 of the penal law is amended by adding a new title Q to
52 read as follows:

53 TITLE Q
54 OFFENSES AGAINST ANIMALS
55 ARTICLE 280
56 OFFENSES AGAINST ANIMALS

1 Section 280.00 Definitions.

2 280.05 Promoting animal fighting in the second degree.

3 280.10 Promoting animal fighting in the first degree.

4 280.20 Animal cruelty in the second degree.

5 280.25 Animal cruelty in the first degree.

6 280.30 Unlawful dealing with animals used for racing, breeding,

7 or competitive exhibition of skill, breed or stamina.

8 280.35 Endangering the welfare of animals.

9 280.40 Animal abduction in the third degree.

10 280.45 Animal abduction in the second degree.

11 280.50 Animal abduction in the first degree.

12 280.55 Unauthorized possession of animal presumptive evidence of

13 restraint and abduction.

14 280.60 Appropriate shelter for dogs left outdoors.

15 280.65 Confinement of companion animals in vehicles; extreme

16 temperatures.

17 280.70 Leaving New York state to avoid provisions of this arti-

18 cle.

19 280.75 Evidentiary and impoundment procedures by members of law

20 enforcement.

21 280.80 Special sentencing provisions applicable.

22 § 280.00 Definitions.

23 The following definitions are applicable to this article:

24 1. "Animal" includes every living creature except a human being.

25 2. "Cruelty" includes every act, omission, or neglect, whereby unjus-
26 tifiable physical pain, suffering or death is caused or permitted and
27 shall include but not be limited to, any act of overdriving, overload-
28 ing, injuring, maiming, mutilating, or killing an animal.

29 3. "Aggravated cruelty" shall mean an act of cruelty that is done or
30 carried out in a depraved or sadistic manner.

31 4. "Torture" means conduct that is intended to cause extreme pain.

32 5. "Adoption" means the delivery of any animal, seized or surrendered,
33 to any natural person eighteen years of age or older, for the limited
34 purpose of harboring such animal as a pet.

35 6. "Farm animal" means any ungulate, poultry, species of cattle,
36 sheep, swine, goats, llamas, horses or fur-bearing animals, as defined
37 in section 11-1907 of the environmental conservation law, which are
38 raised for commercial or subsistence purposes. "Fur-bearing animal"
39 shall not include dogs or cats.

40 7. "Companion animal" or "pet" means any dog or cat, and shall also
41 mean any other domesticated animal normally maintained in or near the
42 household of the owner or person who cares for such other domesticated
43 animal. "Companion animal" or "pet" shall not include a "farm animal" as
44 defined in this section.

45 8. "Animal fighting" shall mean any fight between cocks or other
46 birds, or between dogs, bulls, bears or any other animals, or between
47 any such animal and a person or persons, except in exhibitions of a kind
48 commonly featured at rodeos.

49 9. "Abandons" means any action taken that reflects willful departure
50 from the ownership, possession, care, control, charge or custody of an
51 animal, without making adequate provisions for the animal's future care.

52 10. "Restrain" means to restrict an animal's movements intentionally
53 and unlawfully in such manner as to interfere substantially with its
54 liberty by moving it from one place to another, or by confining it
55 either in the place where the restriction commences or in a place to

1 which it has been moved, with knowledge that the restriction is unlaw-
2 ful.

3 11. "Abduct" means to restrain an animal with intent to prevent its
4 liberation by secreting or holding it in a place where it is not likely
5 to be found.

6 12. "Animal fighting paraphernalia" shall mean equipment, products, or
7 materials of any kind that are used, intended for use, or designed for
8 use in the training, preparation, conditioning or furtherance of animal
9 fighting. Animal fighting paraphernalia includes: (i) a breaking stick,
10 which means a device designed for insertion behind the molars of a dog
11 for the purpose of breaking the dog's grip on another animal or object;
12 (ii) a cat mill, which means a device that rotates around a central
13 support with one arm designed to secure a dog and one arm designed to
14 secure a cat, rabbit, or other small animal beyond the grasp of the dog;
15 (iii) a treadmill, which means an exercise device consisting of an
16 endless belt on which the animal walks or runs without changing places;
17 (iv) a springpole, which means a biting surface attached to a stretcha-
18 ble device, suspended at a height sufficient to prevent a dog from
19 reaching the biting surface while touching the ground; (v) a fighting
20 pit, which means a walled area, or otherwise defined area, designed to
21 contain an animal fight; and (vi) any other instrument commonly used in
22 the furtherance of pitting an animal against another animal.

23 § 280.05 Promoting animal fighting in the second degree.

24 A person is guilty of promoting animal fighting in the second degree
25 when such person:

26 1. Owns, possesses, or keeps any animal under any circumstance evincing
27 an intent that such animal engage in animal fighting; or

28 2. Pays an admission fee, makes a wager, or is otherwise present at
29 any place where an exhibition of animal fighting is being conducted, and
30 such person has knowledge that such an exhibition is being conducted.

31 3. Owns, possesses, sells, transfers or manufactures animal fighting
32 paraphernalia under any circumstance evincing an intent that such
33 paraphernalia be used to engage in or otherwise promote or facilitate
34 animal fighting.

35 Promoting animal fighting in the second degree is a class A misdemea-
36 nor.

37 § 280.10 Promoting animal fighting in the first degree.

38 A person is guilty of promoting animal fighting in the first degree
39 when such person:

40 1. Intentionally causes an animal to engage in animal fighting; or

41 2. Trains an animal under circumstances evincing an intent that such
42 animal engage in animal fighting; or

43 3. Breeds, transfers, sells or offers for sale an animal under circum-
44 stances evincing an intent that such animal engage in animal fighting;
45 or

46 4. Permits any act described in subdivision one, two or three of this
47 section to occur on premises under his or her control; or

48 5. Owns, possesses or keeps any animal on premises where an exhibition
49 of animal fighting is being conducted under circumstances evincing an
50 intent that such animal engage in animal fighting.

51 Promoting animal fighting in the first degree is a class D felony.

52 § 280.20 Animal cruelty in the second degree.

53 A person is guilty of animal cruelty in the second degree when:

54 1. Having ownership, possession, care, control, charge or custody of
55 an animal, he or she deprives such animal of, or neglects to furnish
56 such animal with, nutrition, hydration, veterinary care, or shelter

1 adequate to maintain the animal's health and comfort, or causes,
2 procures, or permits such animal to be deprived of nutrition, hydration,
3 veterinary care, or shelter adequate to maintain the animal's health and
4 comfort, and he or she knows or reasonably should know that such animal
5 is not receiving adequate nutrition, hydration, veterinary care or shel-
6 ter; or

7 2. Having ownership, possession, care, control, charge or custody of
8 an animal, he or she abandons such animal; or

9 3. Having no justifiable purpose, he or she knowingly instigates,
10 engages in, or in any way furthers cruelty to an animal, or any act
11 tending to produce such cruelty; or

12 4. Having no justifiable purpose, he or she administers or exposes any
13 poisonous or noxious drug or substance to an animal, with intent that
14 the animal take the same and with intent to injure the animal.

15 Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit or
16 interfere in any way with anyone lawfully engaged in hunting, trapping,
17 or fishing, as provided in article eleven of the environmental conserva-
18 tion law, the dispatch of rabid or diseased animals, as provided in
19 article twenty-one of the public health law, or the dispatch of animals
20 posing a threat to human safety or other animals, where such action is
21 otherwise legally authorized. Nothing herein contained shall be
22 construed to prohibit or interfere with any properly conducted scientifi-
23 c tests, experiments, or investigations involving the use of living
24 animals, performed or conducted in laboratories or institutions, which
25 are approved for these purposes by the commissioner of health. The
26 commissioner of health shall prescribe the rules under which such
27 approvals shall be granted, including therein standards regarding the
28 care and treatment of any such animals. Such rules shall be published
29 and copies thereof conspicuously posted in each such laboratory or
30 institution. The state commissioner of health or his or her duly author-
31 ized representative shall have the power to inspect such laboratories or
32 institutions to insure compliance with such rules and standards. Each
33 such approval may be revoked at any time for failure to comply with such
34 rules and in any case the approval shall be limited to a period not
35 exceeding one year.

36 Animal cruelty in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

37 § 280.25 Animal cruelty in the first degree.

38 A person is guilty of animal cruelty in the first degree when:

39 1. Having no justifiable purpose and with intent to cause the death of
40 a companion animal, he or she causes the death of such animal; or

41 2. Having no justifiable purpose and with intent to cause serious
42 physical injury to a companion animal, he or she causes such injury to
43 such animal; or

44 3. Having no justifiable purpose, he or she intentionally tortures an
45 animal or knowingly instigates, engages in, or in any way furthers
46 aggravated cruelty to an animal, or any act tending to produce such
47 aggravated cruelty; or

48 4. Commits the crime of animal cruelty in the second degree in
49 violation of subdivision four of section 280.20 of this article and such
50 animal is a horse, mule, or domestic cattle; or

51 5. Commits the crime of animal cruelty in the second degree in
52 violation of section 280.20 of this article and has previously been
53 convicted, within the preceding ten years, of animal cruelty in the
54 second degree.

55 Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit or
56 interfere in any way with anyone lawfully engaged in hunting, trapping,

1 or fishing, as provided in article eleven of the environmental conserva-
2 tion law, the dispatch of rabid or diseased animals, as provided in
3 article twenty-one of the public health law, or the dispatch of animals
4 posing a threat to human safety or other animals, where such action is
5 otherwise legally authorized, or any properly conducted scientific
6 tests, experiments, or investigations involving the use of living
7 animals, performed or conducted in laboratories or institutions approved
8 for such purposes by the commissioner of health pursuant to section
9 280.20 of this article.

10 Animal cruelty in the first degree is a class D felony.

11 § 280.30 Unlawful dealing with animals used for racing, breeding, or
12 competitive exhibition of skill, breed or stamina.

13 A person is guilty of unlawful dealing with animals used for racing,
14 breeding, or competitive exhibition of skill, breed, or stamina when
15 such person:

16 1. Commits the crime of animal cruelty in the second degree in
17 violation of section 280.20 of this article, and such animal is an
18 animal used for the purposes of racing, breeding or competitive exhibi-
19 tion of skill, breed, or stamina; or

20 2. Having no justifiable purpose, he or she tampers with an animal
21 used for the purposes of racing, breeding, or competitive exhibition of
22 skill, breed, or stamina, or otherwise interferes with such an animal
23 during a race or competitive exhibition of skill, breed, or stamina.

24 Unlawful dealing with animals used for racing, breeding or competitive
25 exhibition of skill, breed or stamina is a class E felony.

26 § 280.35 Endangering the welfare of animals.

27 A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of animals when, with
28 the intent to cause injury to an animal, or recklessly creating a risk
29 thereof, such person:

30 1. Creates a hazardous or physically offensive condition for any
31 animal by any act that serves no legitimate purpose; or

32 2. Throws, drops or places, or causes to be thrown, dropped or placed
33 in a public place, a substance that might wound, disable, or injure any
34 animal.

35 Endangering the welfare of animals is a violation.

36 § 280.40 Animal abduction in the third degree.

37 A person is guilty of animal abduction in the third degree when such
38 person restrains a companion animal without the consent of the individ-
39 ual having ownership, possession, care, control, charge or custody over
40 said companion animal.

41 Animal abduction in the third degree is a class B misdemeanor.

42 § 280.45 Animal abduction in the second degree.

43 A person is guilty of animal abduction in the second degree when such
44 person abducts a companion animal without the consent of the individual
45 having ownership, possession, care, control, charge or custody over said
46 companion animal.

47 Animal abduction in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

48 § 280.50 Animal abduction in the first degree.

49 A person is guilty of animal abduction in the first degree when such
50 person abducts or restrains a companion animal without the consent of
51 the individual having ownership, possession, care, control, charge or
52 custody over said companion animal, and when:

53 1. Such person's intent is to compel the payment or deliverance of
54 money or property as ransom, or to engage in other particular conduct,
55 or to refrain from engaging in particular conduct; or

56 2. Such person causes physical injury to the companion animal; or

1 3. The companion animal dies during the abduction or before it is able
2 to return or be returned to safety. Such death shall be presumed from
3 evidence that the individual having ownership, possession, care,
4 control, charge or custody over said companion animal did not see the
5 animal following the termination of the abduction and prior to trial and
6 received no reliable information during such period persuasively indi-
7 cating that such animal was alive.

8 Animal abduction in the first degree is a class D felony.
9 § 280.55 Unauthorized possession of animal presumptive evidence of
10 restraint and abduction.

11 The unauthorized possession of a companion animal by any person with-
12 out the consent of the individual having ownership, possession, care,
13 control, charge or custody over said companion animal, for a period
14 exceeding ten days, without notifying either said individual, the local
15 police authorities, the local municipal shelter or pound or the office
16 of the superintendent of the state police located in Albany, New York,
17 of such possession, shall be presumptive evidence of restraint and
18 abduction.

19 § 280.60 Appropriate shelter for dogs left outdoors.

20 1. For purposes of this section:

21 (a) "Physical condition" shall include any special medical needs of a
22 dog due to disease, illness, injury, age or breed about which the owner
23 or person with custody or control of the dog should reasonably be aware.

24 (b) "Inclement weather" shall mean weather conditions that are likely
25 to adversely affect the health or safety of the dog, including but not
26 limited to rain, sleet, ice, snow, wind, or extreme heat and cold.

27 (c) "Dogs that are left outdoors" shall mean dogs that are outdoors in
28 inclement weather without ready access to, or the ability to enter, a
29 house, apartment building, office building, or any other permanent
30 structure that complies with the standards enumerated in paragraph (b)
31 of subdivision three of this section.

32 2. (a) Any person who owns or has custody or control of a dog that is
33 left outdoors shall provide it with shelter appropriate to its breed,
34 physical condition and climate. Any person who knowingly violates the
35 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a violation, punishable by
36 a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars
37 for a first offense, and a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor
38 more than two hundred fifty dollars for a second and subsequent offense.
39 Beginning seventy-two hours after a charge of violating this section,
40 each day that a defendant fails to correct the deficiencies in the dog
41 shelter for a dog that he or she owns or that is in his or her custody
42 or control and that is left outdoors, so as to bring it into compliance
43 with the provisions of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

44 (b) The court may, in its discretion, reduce the amount of any fine
45 imposed for a violation of this section by the amount which the defend-
46 ant proves he or she has spent providing a dog shelter or repairing an
47 existing dog shelter so that it complies with the requirements of this
48 section. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the seizure of a dog
49 for a violation of this section pursuant to the authority granted in
50 this article.

51 3. Minimum standards for determining whether shelter is appropriate to
52 a dog's breed, physical condition and the climate shall include:

53 (a) For dogs that are restrained in any manner outdoors, shade by
54 natural or artificial means to protect the dog from direct sunlight at
55 all times when exposure to sunlight is likely to threaten the health of
56 the dog.

1 (b) For all dogs that are left outdoors in inclement weather, a hous-
2 ing facility, which must: (1) have a waterproof roof; (2) be struc-
3 turally sound with insulation appropriate to local climatic conditions
4 and sufficient to protect the dog from inclement weather; (3) be
5 constructed to allow each dog adequate freedom of movement to make
6 normal postural adjustments, including the ability to stand up, turn
7 around and lie down with its limbs outstretched; and (4) allow for
8 effective removal of excretions, other waste material, dirt and trash.
9 The housing facility and the area immediately surrounding it shall be
10 regularly cleaned to maintain a healthy and sanitary environment and to
11 minimize health hazards.

12 4. Inadequate shelter may be indicated by the appearance of the hous-
13 ing facility itself, including but not limited to, size, structural
14 soundness, evidence of crowding within the housing facility, healthful
15 environment in the area immediately surrounding such facility, or by the
16 appearance or physical condition of the dog.

17 5. Upon a finding of any violation of this section, any dog or dogs
18 seized pursuant to the provisions of this article that have not been
19 voluntarily surrendered by the owner or custodian or forfeited pursuant
20 to court order shall be returned to the owner or custodian only upon
21 proof that appropriate shelter as required by this section is being
22 provided.

23 6. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any
24 protections afforded to dogs or other animals under any other provisions
25 of this article.

26 Failure to provide appropriate shelter for dogs left outdoors is a
27 violation.

28 § 280.65 Confinement of companion animals in vehicles; extreme temper-
29 atures.

30 1. A person shall not confine a companion animal in a motor vehicle in
31 extreme heat or cold without proper ventilation or other protection from
32 such extreme temperatures where such confinement places the companion
33 animal in imminent danger of death or serious physical injury due to
34 exposure to such extreme heat or cold.

35 2. Where the operator of such a vehicle cannot be promptly located, a
36 police officer, peace officer, or peace officer acting as an agent of a
37 duly incorporated humane society may take necessary steps to remove the
38 animal or animals from the vehicle.

39 3. Police officers, peace officers or peace officers acting as agents
40 of a duly incorporated humane society removing an animal or animals from
41 a vehicle pursuant to this section shall place a written notice on or in
42 the vehicle, bearing the name of the officer or agent, and the depart-
43 ment or agency and address where the animal or animals will be taken.

44 4. An animal or animals removed from a vehicle pursuant to this
45 section shall, after receipt of any necessary emergency veterinary
46 treatment, be delivered to the duly incorporated humane society or soci-
47 ety for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or designated agent there-
48 of, in the jurisdiction where the animal or animals were seized.

49 5. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of subdivision one
50 of this section shall be guilty of a violation, punishable by a fine of
51 not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for a
52 first offense, and a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more
53 than two hundred fifty dollars for a second and subsequent offenses.

54 6. Officers shall not be held criminally or civilly liable for actions
55 taken reasonably and in good faith in carrying out the provisions of
56 this section.

1 7. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to affect any
2 other protections afforded to companion animals under any other
3 provisions of this article.

4 Confinement of companion animals in vehicles; extreme temperatures is
5 a violation.

6 § 280.70 Leaving New York state to avoid provisions of this article.

7 A person who leaves this state with intent to elude any of the
8 provisions of this article or to commit any act out of this state which
9 is prohibited by them or who, being a resident of this state, does any
10 act without this state, pursuant to such intent, which would be punisha-
11 ble under such provisions, if committed within this state, is punishable
12 in the same manner as if such act had been committed within this state.

13 § 280.75 Evidentiary and impoundment procedures by members of law
14 enforcement.

15 Matters relating to the seizure, adoption, care, disposition and
16 destruction of animals by members of law enforcement and members of a
17 duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals
18 charged to enforce this article, ancillary to such enforcement of this
19 article, shall be governed by article twenty-six of the agriculture and
20 markets law and article six hundred ninety of the criminal procedure
21 law.

22 § 280.80 Special sentencing provisions applicable.

23 In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the sentencing
24 provisions contained in section three hundred eighty-two of the agricul-
25 ture and markets law shall be applicable to violations of this article.

26 § 10. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 60.22 to read
27 as follows:

28 § 60.22 Authorized dispositions; promoting animal fighting.

29 When a person is convicted of an offense defined in section 280.05 of
30 this chapter, in addition to the other penalties as provided in this
31 chapter, the court may impose a fine which shall not exceed fifteen
32 thousand dollars. When a person is convicted of an offense defined in
33 section 280.10 of this chapter, the court may impose a fine which shall
34 not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.

35 § 11. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 70.02 of the penal
36 law, as amended by chapter 368 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read
37 as follows:

38 (c) Class D violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the
39 class C felonies set forth in paragraph (b); reckless assault of a child
40 as defined in section 120.02, assault in the second degree as defined in
41 section 120.05, menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in
42 section 120.18, stalking in the first degree, as defined in subdivision
43 one of section 120.60, strangulation in the second degree as defined in
44 section 121.12, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30,
45 criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in section 130.45,
46 sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65, course of
47 sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as defined in
48 section 130.80, aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined
49 in section 130.66, facilitating a sex offense with a controlled
50 substance as defined in section 130.90, labor trafficking as defined in
51 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision three of section 135.35, criminal
52 possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in subdivision
53 five, six, seven, eight, nine or ten of section 265.02, criminal sale of
54 a firearm in the third degree as defined in section 265.11, intimidating
55 a victim or witness in the second degree as defined in section 215.16,
56 soliciting or providing support for an act of terrorism in the second

1 degree as defined in section 490.10, and making a terroristic threat as
2 defined in section 490.20, falsely reporting an incident in the first
3 degree as defined in section 240.60, placing a false bomb or hazardous
4 substance in the first degree as defined in section 240.62, placing a
5 false bomb or hazardous substance in a sports stadium or arena, mass
6 transportation facility or enclosed shopping mall as defined in section
7 240.63, ~~and~~ aggravated unpermitted use of indoor pyrotechnics in the
8 first degree as defined in section 405.18, and animal cruelty in the
9 first degree as defined in subdivision one, two or three of section
10 280.25.

11 § 12. Section 195.06 of the penal law, as added by chapter 42 of the
12 laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

13 § 195.06 Killing or injuring a police animal.

14 A person is guilty of killing or injuring a police animal when such
15 person intentionally kills or injures any animal while such animal is in
16 the performance of its duties and under the supervision of a police or
17 peace officer.

18 Killing or injuring a police animal is a class ~~A misdemeanor~~ D felo-
19 ny.

20 § 13. Section 195.11 of the penal law, as added by chapter 344 of the
21 laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

22 § 195.11 Harming an animal trained to aid a person with a disability in
23 the second degree.

24 A person is guilty of harming an animal trained to aid a person with a
25 disability in the second degree when such person intentionally causes
26 physical injury to such animal while it is in the performance of aiding
27 a person with a disability, and thereby renders such animal incapable of
28 providing such aid to such person, or to another person with a disabili-
29 ty.

30 For purposes of this section and section 195.12 of this article, the
31 term "disability" means "disability" as defined in subdivision twenty-
32 one of section two hundred ninety-two of the executive law.

33 Harming an animal trained to aid a person with a disability in the
34 second degree is a class ~~B~~ A misdemeanor.

35 § 14. Section 195.12 of the penal law, as added by chapter 344 of the
36 laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

37 § 195.12 Harming an animal trained to aid a person with a disability in
38 the first degree.

39 A person is guilty of harming an animal trained to aid a person with a
40 disability in the first degree when such person:

41 1. intentionally causes physical injury to such animal while it is in
42 the performance of aiding a person with a disability, and thereby
43 renders such animal permanently incapable of providing such aid to such
44 person, or to another person with a disability; or

45 2. intentionally kills such animal while it is in the performance of
46 aiding a person with a disability.

47 Harming an animal trained to aid a person with a disability in the
48 first degree is a class ~~A misdemeanor~~ D felony.

49 § 15. Subdivision 2 of section 265.01 of the penal law, as amended by
50 chapter 269 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

51 (2) He or she possesses any dagger, dangerous knife, dirk, machete,
52 razor, stiletto, imitation pistol, or any other dangerous or deadly
53 instrument or weapon with intent to use the same unlawfully against
54 another person or an animal; or

55 § 16. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdi-
56 vision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of

1 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect,
2 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in
3 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section
4 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-
5 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of
6 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such
7 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

8 § 17. This act shall take effect on the first of November next
9 succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.