## STATE OF NEW YORK

6198

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

May 11, 2017

Introduced by Sen. BROOKS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to endangering the welfare of a child

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 260.10 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 447 2 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 260.10 Endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree.

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15 16 A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of a child in the second

- 1. He or she knowingly acts in a manner likely to be injurious to the physical, mental or moral welfare of a child less than seventeen years old or directs or authorizes such child to engage in an occupation involving a substantial risk of danger to his or her life or health; or
- 2. Being a parent, quardian or other person legally charged with the 11 care or custody of a child less than eighteen years old, he or she fails or refuses to exercise reasonable diligence in the control of such child to prevent him or her from becoming an "abused child," a "neglected 14 child, "a "juvenile delinquent" or a "person in need of supervision, "as those terms are defined in articles ten, three and seven of the family
- 3. A person is not guilty of the provisions of this section when he or 17 she engages in the conduct described in subdivision one of section 18 260.00 of this article: (a) with the intent to wholly abandon the child 19 by relinquishing responsibility for and right to the care and custody of 20 such child; (b) with the intent that the child be safe from physical injury and cared for in an appropriate manner; (c) the child is left with an appropriate person, or in a suitable location and the person who 23 leaves the child promptly notifies an appropriate person of the child's 25 location; and (d) the child is not more than thirty days old.
- 26 Endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree is a class A 27 misdemeanor.

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 § 2. Section 260.11 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 89 of the 2 laws of 1984, is renumbered section 260.12 and amended to read as 3 follows:

§ 260.12 Endangering the welfare of a child; corroboration.

A person shall not be convicted of endangering the welfare of a child in the first or second degree, or of an attempt to commit the same, upon the testimony of a victim who is incapable of consent because of mental defect or mental incapacity as to conduct that constitutes an offense or an attempt to commit an offense referred to in section 130.16 of this part, without additional evidence sufficient pursuant to section 130.16 of this part to sustain a conviction of an offense referred to in section 130.16 of this part, or of an attempt to commit the same.

13 § 3. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 260.11 to read 14 as follows:

§ 260.11 Endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree.

A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree when, having been previously convicted of a violation of this section or of section 260.10 of this article, he or she commits the crime of endangering the welfare of a child in the second degree.

Endangering the welfare of a child in the first degree is a class E felony.

 $\S$  4. Section 260.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 447 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

§ 260.15 Endangering the welfare of a child; defense.

In any prosecution for endangering the welfare of a child, pursuant to section 260.10 or 260.11 of this article, based upon an alleged failure or refusal to provide proper medical care or treatment to an ill child, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant (a) is a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with the care or custody of such child; and (b) is a member or adherent of an organized church or religious group the tenets of which prescribe prayer as the principal treatment for illness; and (c) treated or caused such ill child to be treated in accordance with such tenets.

- § 5. Paragraph c of subdivision 5 of section 120.40 of the penal law, as added by chapter 635 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:
- 37 c. assault in the third degree, as defined in section 120.00; menacing 38 in the first degree, as defined in section 120.13; menacing in the second degree, as defined in section 120.14; coercion in the first 39 degree, as defined in section 135.65; coercion in the second degree, as 40 41 defined in section 135.60; aggravated harassment in the second degree, as defined in section 240.30; harassment in the first degree, as defined 43 in section 240.25; menacing in the third degree, as defined in section 44 120.15; criminal mischief in the third degree, as defined in section 145.05; criminal mischief in the second degree, as defined in section 45 46 145.10, criminal mischief in the first degree, as defined in section 47 145.12; criminal tampering in the first degree, as defined in section 145.20; arson in the fourth degree, as defined in section 150.05; arson 48 49 in the third degree, as defined in section 150.10; criminal contempt in 50 the first degree, as defined in section 215.51; endangering the welfare 51 of a child in the second degree, as defined in section 260.10; endanger-52 ing the welfare of a child in the first degree, as defined in section 53 260.11; or
- § 6. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.