## STATE OF NEW YORK

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470

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

## (Prefiled)

January 4, 2017

Introduced by Sen. PERALTA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to requiring semiautomatic pistols manufactured or delivered to any licensed dealer in this state to be capable of microstamping ammunition

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "crime gun identification act of 2017".

3 § 2. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature finds that in 2005, the national clearance rate for homicide cases was approximately 5 60% and over 3,000 gun homicide cases went unsolved; that in approximately half of gun homicide investigations a spent cartridge casing, but 7 not a firearm, is recovered at the crime scene; that currently deployed national ballistic identification systems cannot identify the serial number of a gun unless the gun itself has been recovered; that firearm 9 10 microstamping is a revolutionary forensic technology that produces an identifiable alpha-numeric and geometric code onto the rear of the 11 cartridge casing each time a semiautomatic pistol is fired; that the 12 alpha-numeric and geometric code on an expended cartridge casing will provide an initial lead for law enforcement by enabling law enforcement 14 to match the cartridge casing found at a crime to the original owner of 15 the firearm; that information from completed crime gun tracing is an 16 important element utilized by COMPSTAT and other crime analysis systems 17 18 to target illegal firearms trafficking; that microstamping technology 19 continues to produce identifiable markings onto expended cartridge 20 casings even after thousands of rounds of testing; that this additional tool will help law enforcement investigate illegal gun trafficking, 22 close firearm-related criminal cases and protect the public; and that

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legislative action is necessary to require all new semiautomatic pistols sold after January 1, 2019 to be microstamp-ready. 2

- § 3. Section 265.00 of the penal law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 26 and 27 to read as follows:
  - 26. "Microstamp-ready", when used with reference to a semiautomatic pistol, means that such pistol is manufactured to produce a unique alpha-numeric or geometric code on at least two locations on each expended cartridge case that identifies the make, model, and serial number of the pistol.
- 27. "Microstamping component or mechanism", when used with reference to a semiautomatic pistol, means a component or mechanism of such pistol designed and intended to produce a unique alpha-numeric or geometric code on an expended cartridge that identifies the make, model, and serial number of the pistol.
- § 4. Subdivision 6 of section 265.10 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- 6. (a) Any person who wilfully defaces any machine-gun, large capacity ammunition feeding device or firearm, including defacing a microstamping component or mechanism of a semiautomatic pistol, is guilty of a class D
- (b) Any dealer in firearms licensed under section 400.00 of this chapter who sells, offers for sale, exchanges, gives, transfers or delivers a semiautomatic pistol, knowing that a microstamping component or mechanism of such pistol has been defaced, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. For purposes of this subdivision, defacing a semiautomatic pistol does not include (1) modifying a semiautomatic pistol to render it microstamp-ready or (2) replacing the firing pin of a semiautomatic pistol that is microstamp-ready when such pin is damaged or in need of replacement for the safe use of such pistol, or replacing such pin for a legitimate sporting purpose.
- 31 § 5. The penal law is amended by adding two new sections 265.38 and 32 265.39 to read as follows:
- § 265.38 Microstamping of semiautomatic pistols; penalties. 33

It shall be unlawful:

- 1. for any dealer in firearms licensed under section 400.00 of this chapter, to sell, offer for sale, exchange, give, transfer or deliver a semiautomatic pistol manufactured on or after January first, two thousand nineteen to any person other than a dealer in firearms, unless such <u>pistol</u> is microstamp-ready; or
- 2. for any manufacturer or wholesale dealer to deliver or cause to be 41 delivered to any person in this state, a semiautomatic pistol manufac-42 tured after January first, two thousand nineteen, unless the manufactur-43 er certifies to such person at the time of such delivery, in accordance 44 with rules and regulations promulgated by the division of state police, 45 that such pistol is microstamp-ready. Such rules and regulations shall include a requirement that, as part of the certification, the manufacturer shall provide the make, model and serial number of the pistol.

A violation of any provision of this section is a class B misdemeanor; provided, however, that a person, including a dealer in firearms, wholesale dealer or a manufacturer, who violates any provision of this section after having previously been convicted of violating any provision of this section is quilty of a class A misdemeanor.

53 § 265.39 Microstamping of semiautomatic pistols; affirmative defense.

54 In any prosecution under subdivision one of section 265.38 of this 55 article, it is an affirmative defense that the dealer in firearms, at

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the time of sale, offer for sale, exchange, giving, transfer or delivery of the semiautomatic pistol, was in possession of:

- 1. a certification from the manufacturer of such pistol delivered pursuant to subdivision two of section 265.38 of this article, that such pistol is microstamp-ready; or
- 2. an exact copy of such certification obtained by the dealer in firearms from such manufacturer in accordance with applicable rules and regulations promulgated by the division of state police.
- The division of state police shall promulgate rules and regulations 10 governing procedures and standards for exact copies of certifications 11 and the obtaining of such copies by a dealer in firearms from a manufacturer for purposes of this section. 12
  - § 6. Subdivision 5 of section 265.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 695 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:
  - 5. The possession by any person of a defaced machine-gun, firearm, rifle or shotgun is presumptive evidence that such person defaced the same; provided, however, that this subdivision shall not apply to possession of a semiautomatic pistol where the defacement alleged consists of defacing a microstamping component or mechanism of such pistol.
- 21 § 7. This act shall take effect January 1, 2019, or at such time that 22 the superintendent of the state police has received written notice from one or more microstamp job shops that such shop or shops are willing and 23 24 prepared to produce microstamp structures on two internal surfaces of a 25 semiautomatic pistol as defined in subdivision 26 of section 265.00 of 26 the penal law for a price of twelve dollars or less at a production 27 level of one thousand semiautomatic pistols per batch, whichever occurs later; provided that the division of state police shall notify the 28 29 legislative bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of the receipt 30 of the written notice provided for in this section in order that the 31 commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of 32 the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of 33 effectuating the provisions of this act, and provided further, that 34 effective immediately the superintendent of the state police shall 35 promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of 36 this act.