STATE OF NEW YORK

4264

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 7, 2017

Introduced by Sen. GRIFFO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Energy and Telecommunications

AN ACT to amend the public service law, in relation to reporting of natural gas leaks by gas corporations

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 Section 1. The public service law is amended by adding a new section 2 67-b to read as follows:
- § 67-b. Natural gas leak classifications. 1. The department shall establish a uniform natural gas leak classification system as set forth in this section.
- 2. All leaks shall be assessed a class based on the following system:
- 7 (a) Type 1 classification. (1) A Type 1 leak is one which, due to its
 8 location and/or relative magnitude, constitutes a potentially hazardous
 9 condition to the public or buildings. In the event of a Type 1 leak
 10 classification the following requirements apply:
- 11 (i) the leak shall require an immediate effort to protect life and 12 property;
- (ii) continuous action shall be thereafter taken until the condition is no longer hazardous; and
- 15 <u>(iii) completion of repairs shall be scheduled on a regular day-aft-</u>
 16 <u>er-day basis, or the condition kept under daily surveillance until the</u>
 17 <u>source of the leak has been corrected.</u>
 - (2) Type 1 leaks include, but are not limited to:
- 19 (i) damage by contractors or outside sources resulting in leakage;
- 20 (ii) any indication on a combustible gas indicator (CGI) of natural
- 21 gas entering buildings or tunnels;

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22 (iii) any reading on a CGI within five feet (1.5 meters) of a building wall;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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(iv) any reading of four percent or greater gas-in-air on a CGI within manholes, vaults or catch basins (sampling will be conducted with the structure in its normal condition as nearly as physically possible); or

- (v) any leak which, in the judgment of the operating personnel at the scene, is regarded as potentially hazardous.
- (b) Type 2A classification. (1) A Type 2A leak does not present an immediately hazardous condition to the public or buildings, but is of a nature that requires frequent surveillance and scheduled repair. In the event of a Type 2A leak classification the following requirements apply:
- 10 <u>(i) the leak shall be repaired within a period not to exceed six</u>
 11 <u>months; and</u>
- 12 <u>(ii) the leak shall be maintained under surveillance with a frequency</u>
 13 <u>not to exceed two weeks until repaired.</u>
 - (2) Type 2A leaks include, but are not limited to:
- 15 (i) any reading of ten percent or greater gas-in-air in any area 16 continuously paved from the curbline to the building wall, which is more 17 than five feet (1.5 meters) but within thirty feet (9.1 meters) of the 18 building and inside the curbline or shoulder of the road;
 - (ii) any reading, in an unpaved area, of twenty percent or greater gas-in-air which is more than five feet (1.5 meters) but within twenty feet (6.1 meters) of the building and inside the curbline or shoulder of the road; or
- 23 (iii) any leak, other than Type 1, which, under frost or other condi-24 tions, in the judgment of the operating personnel at the scene should be 25 classified as a Type 2A.
- (c) Type 2 classification. (1) A Type 2 leak does not present an immediate hazardous condition to the public or buildings, but is of a nature requiring scheduled repair. In the event of a Type 2 leak classification the following requirements apply:
 - (i) the leak shall be repaired within a period not to exceed one year, except that leaks classified under clause (v) of subparagraph two of this paragraph shall be repaired within six months; and
- (ii) the leak shall be maintained under surveillance with a frequency
 not to exceed two months, except that leaks classified under clause (v)
 style="color: red; color: white; background-color: left;">6 subparagraph two of this paragraph shall be surveilled every two
 weeks.
 - (2) Type 2 leaks include, but are not limited to:
- (i) any reading less than ten percent gas-in-air between the building
 and the curbline in any area continuously paved which is more than five
 feet (1.5 meters) but within thirty feet (9.1 meters) of the building
 and inside the curbline or shoulder of the road; or
- 42 (ii) any reading less than twenty percent gas-in-air in any unpaved 43 area which is more than five feet (1.5 meters) but within twenty feet 44 (6.1 meters) of a building and inside the curbline or shoulder of the 45 road; or
- 46 (iii) any reading of thirty percent or greater gas-in-air in an
 47 unpaved area which is more than twenty feet (6.1 meters) but within
 48 fifty feet (15.2 meters) of a building and inside the curbline or shoul49 der of the road; or
- 50 (iv) any reading of thirty percent or greater gas-in-air in a paved 51 area which is more than thirty feet (9.1 meters) but within fifty feet 52 (15.2 meters) of a building and inside the curbline or shoulder of the 53 road; or
- 54 <u>(v) any reading above one percent but below four percent gas-in-air,</u>
 55 <u>within manholes, vaults or catch basins (sampling will be conducted with</u>

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the structure in its normal condition as nearly as is physically possible).

- 3 (d) Type 3 classification. A Type 3 leak is not immediately hazardous 4 at the time of detection and can be reasonably expected to remain that 5 way.
 - (1) A Type 3 leak is any leak not classified as Type 1, 2A or 2.
 - (2) Type 3 leaks shall be reevaluated during the next required leakage survey or annually, whichever is less.
- 3. Beginning March first, two thousand eighteen, each gas corporation shall report annually to the department the location of each Type 1, Type 2A, Type 2 and Type 3 leak existing as of that date classified by the corporation, the date each Type 1, Type 2A, Type 2 and Type 3 leak was classified and the date of repair performed on each Type 1, Type 2A, Type 2 and Type 3 leak as part of its required gas surveillance program as required under its approved operations and maintenance programs. A gas corporation shall specify any reclassification of previously identified leaks in its report. Such gas leak information shall be made avail-able to any municipal or state official with responsibility for public safety and any member of the legislature upon request to the department.
 - 4. Upon the undertaking of a significant project exposing confirmed natural gas infrastructure, and with sufficient notice, a municipality or the state shall submit notification of the project to the relevant gas corporation. The gas corporation shall survey the project area for the presence of Type 1, Type 2A, or Type 2 leaks and set repair and replacement schedules for all known or newly detected Type 1, Type 2A, or Type 2 leaks. The gas corporation shall ensure that any shut off valve in the significant project area has a gate box installed upon it or a reasonable alternative that would otherwise ensure continued public safety and that any critical valve that has not been inspected and tested within the past twelve months is verified to be operational and accessible. The gas corporation shall provide the repair and replacement schedule of gas leaks to the municipality or the state.
 - 5. The commission shall commence a proceeding to investigate whether New York state should require the winter surveillance and patrol of cast iron or ductile iron pipelines in the state and shall determine whether the presence of extended frost cap conditions may result in additional stress on cast iron or ductile iron pipe segments, requiring enhanced surveillance and patrol. The commission is authorized to establish minimum uniform procedures for cast iron and ductile iron surveillance and patrols. Gas corporations are authorized to establish procedures that exceed any minimum standards at their discretion.
 - 6. The department, upon the request of a municipal or state official with responsibility for public safety, may require a reevaluation of a Type 3 leak prior to the next scheduled survey, or sooner than twelve months of the date last evaluated, if the official has a reasonable belief that the Type 3 leak poses a threat to public safety.
- 7. The commission shall promulgate regulations necessary to implement the uniform natural gas leak classifications as specified in this section and shall oversee and monitor each gas corporation's response and reporting.
- 51 § 2. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 52 have become a law.