

# STATE OF NEW YORK

2476

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

January 13, 2017

Introduced by Sens. GIANARIS, HOYLMAN, KRUEGER, SQUADRON, STAVISKY --  
read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to  
the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to the unlawful procurement  
of a firearm; to amend the general business law, in relation to estab-  
lishing a waiting period for the purchase of a firearm; and to amend  
the penal law, in relation to requiring licensed firearms businesses  
to report the crime of criminal purchase of a weapon and requiring  
background checks for employees who would be authorized to possess or  
transfer firearms

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assem-  
bly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 265.50 to  
read as follows:

§ 265.50 Unlawful procurement of a firearm.

A person is guilty of unlawful procurement of a firearm when:

1. He or she purchases or takes possession of more than one firearm  
from any dealer in firearms during any thirty day period; or

2. Being a dealer in firearms, he or she sells or transfers a firearm  
to any person who has purchased or taken possession of a firearm during  
the previous thirty days.

Unlawful procurement of a firearm is a class A misdemeanor.

§ 2. Section 265.20 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subdi-  
vision f to read as follows:

f. Section 265.50 of this article shall not apply to:

1. Any law enforcement or corrections agency, or police or corrections  
officer acting within the course and scope of his or her employment or  
official duties;

2. A United States Marshal, member of the armed forces of the United  
States or the National Guard, or a federal official, who is required to  
possess a firearm in the operation of his or her official duties;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 3. Licensed firearms manufacturers, importers or dealers, while  
2 engaged in the course and scope of their activities as licensees,  
3 provided that the transfers are between licensees and all such licensees  
4 are properly licensed under federal, state and local law;

5 4. A gunsmith acquiring firearms solely for the purposes of service or  
6 repair, or the lawful owner of the firearms retrieving the firearms back  
7 from such a gunsmith;

8 5. A common carrier, warehouseman or other person engaged in the busi-  
9 ness of transporting or storing goods, to the extent that the possession  
10 or receipt of any firearm is in the ordinary course of business, and not  
11 for the personal use of any such person;

12 6. A person acquiring firearms by operation of law upon the death of  
13 the former owner of the firearms; or

14 7. A person whose firearm was stolen or irretrievably lost and who  
15 considers it essential that the firearm be replaced immediately, if:

16 (a) the person provides the seller or transferor with a copy of an  
17 official police report describing the loss or theft of the firearm. The  
18 official police report must contain the name and address of the firearm  
19 owner, a description of the firearm, the location of the loss or theft,  
20 the date of the loss or theft, and the date the loss or theft was  
21 reported to the law enforcement agency; and

22 (b) the loss or theft occurred within thirty days of the person's  
23 attempt to replace the firearm, as reflected by the date of loss or  
24 theft on the official police report.

25 § 3. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 400.15 to read  
26 as follows:

27 § 400.15 Duties of dealers in firearms.

28 1. Each dealer in firearms shall prior to the sale of any firearm to a  
29 person request approval of such sale to such person from the division of  
30 criminal justice services.

31 2. Upon receipt of the approval of the division of criminal justice  
32 services of a sale of a firearm, the dealer in firearms shall record and  
33 report such sale to the division of criminal justice services within  
34 twenty-four hours.

35 § 4. The general business law is amended by adding a new article 38-B  
36 to read as follows:

37 ARTICLE 38-B

38 WAITING PERIOD FOR PURCHASE OF  
39 FIREARMS

40 Section 825. Definitions.

41 826. Waiting period.

42 827. Exemptions.

43 828. Penalty.

44 § 825. Definitions. As used in this section:

45 1. "Dealer in firearms" has the same meaning as that term is defined  
46 in subdivision nine of section 265.00 of the penal law.

47 2. "Firearm" has the same meaning as that term is defined in subdivi-  
48 sion three of section 265.00 of the penal law.

49 § 826. Waiting period. No dealer in firearms shall deliver any  
50 firearm, and no person shall take possession of any firearm from a deal-  
51 er in firearms unless:

52 1. ten days have elapsed from the date such dealer initiated the  
53 national instant criminal background check of the purchaser as required  
54 by 18 U.S.C. § 922(t), after receiving a completed federal Firearms  
55 Transaction Record, Form 4473, from the purchaser; and

1 2. such dealer has received notice that the purchaser has passed all  
2 background checks required by federal, state and local law.

3 § 827. Exemptions. Section eight hundred twenty-six of this article  
4 shall not apply to:

5 1. any law enforcement or correctional agency, or police officer or  
6 corrections officer acting within the course or scope of his or her  
7 employment;

8 2. any federal officer or employee authorized to possess or carry a  
9 firearm in the course of his or her duties, and any member of the armed  
10 forces of the United States or the national guard;

11 3. any manufacturer, distributor or dealer of firearms when trans-  
12 ferring weapons to a manufacturer, distributor or dealer;

13 4. any gunsmith licensed pursuant to section 400.00 of the penal law,  
14 receiving a firearm for service or repair;

15 5. any common carrier or other person engaged, in the course of its  
16 business, in the business of storing or transporting goods; and

17 6. any person who already possesses a valid permit pursuant to article  
18 four hundred of the penal law.

19 § 828. Penalty. Any person who violates the provisions of this article  
20 shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

21 § 5. Section 265.17 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the  
22 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

23 § 265.17 Criminal purchase or disposal of a weapon.

24 1. A person is guilty of criminal purchase or disposal of a weapon  
25 when:

26 [~~1-~~] (a) Knowing that he or she is prohibited by law from possessing a  
27 firearm, rifle or shotgun because of a prior conviction or because of  
28 some other disability which would render him or her ineligible to  
29 lawfully possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun in this state, such person  
30 purchases a firearm, rifle or shotgun from another person; or

31 [~~2-~~] (b) Knowing that it would be unlawful for another person to  
32 possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun, he or she purchases a firearm,  
33 rifle or shotgun for, on behalf of, or for the use of such other person;  
34 or

35 [~~3-~~] (c) Knowing that another person is prohibited by law from  
36 possessing a firearm, rifle or shotgun because of a prior conviction or  
37 because of some other disability which would render him or her ineligi-  
38 ble to lawfully possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun in this state, a  
39 person disposes of a firearm, rifle or shotgun to such other person.

40 2. A gunsmith or dealer in firearms shall report within twenty-four  
41 hours to the division of state police, or in the city of New York the  
42 police department of such city, any instance in which any person  
43 attempts to purchase a firearm, rifle or shotgun from such gunsmith or  
44 dealer if a background check such gunsmith or dealer conducts in  
45 connection with such attempted purchase, in the national instant crimi-  
46 nal background check system or any successor system, indicates a  
47 "denied" response as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 25.6. Such gunsmith or deal-  
48 er shall keep with the other records required under subdivision twelve  
49 of section 400.00 of this chapter, a record approved as to form by the  
50 superintendent of state police, or in the city of New York by such  
51 city's police commissioner, of having made each report required by this  
52 subdivision.

53 Criminal purchase or disposal of a weapon is a class D felony.

54 § 6. Section 400.00 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subdi-  
55 vision 12-b to read as follows:

1 12-b. Employees of a gunsmith or dealer in firearms. (a) No person  
2 shall be employed by a gunsmith or dealer in firearms for duties that  
3 include handling, selling, or otherwise disposing of firearms, if such  
4 person is prohibited from receiving or possessing firearms under federal  
5 law or if such person would be ineligible for a license to possess  
6 firearms under paragraph (c) or (e) of subdivision one of this section.

7 (b) No gunsmith or dealer in firearms shall employ a person whose  
8 duties include handling, selling, or otherwise disposing of firearms,  
9 absent an exemption pursuant to paragraphs one and two of subdivision a  
10 of section 265.20 of this chapter, unless: (i) such person is twenty-one  
11 years of age or older or is a member of the United States armed forces  
12 or has been honorably discharged therefrom, and such employee has been  
13 issued a valid employment certificate from the division of criminal  
14 justice services; or (ii) such person has obtained and possesses a valid  
15 license issued under the provisions of this section or section 400.01 of  
16 this article.

17 (c) Applications for employment certificates shall be submitted by the  
18 applicant's prospective employer to the division of criminal justice  
19 services in a form approved by such division. Applications must contain,  
20 at a minimum, the information required to conduct a background check in  
21 the national instant criminal background check system. All applications  
22 must be signed and verified by the applicant.

23 (d) Upon receipt of an application for an employment certificate, the  
24 division of criminal justice services shall conduct a background check  
25 in the national instant criminal background check system to determine  
26 whether the applicant is qualified to receive or possess a firearm under  
27 state and federal law. If the results of the background check indicate  
28 that there is no information that would disqualify the applicant from  
29 receiving or possessing a firearm under state or under federal law, the  
30 division of criminal justice services shall document such result on an  
31 employment certificate. If the background check results in a "delayed"  
32 response as described in 28 C.F.R. § 25.6, the division of criminal  
33 justice services shall not certify the applicant for employment pending  
34 receipt of a follow-up "proceed" response from the national instant  
35 criminal background check system.

36 (e) The division of criminal justice services shall issue to qualify-  
37 ing employees an employment certificate, which shall certify that the  
38 holder of such certificate is eligible to handle, sell, or otherwise  
39 dispose of firearms or weapons on behalf of the gunsmith or dealer in  
40 firearms. Such certificate shall become invalid upon the termination of  
41 the employee's employment. Such certificate shall have the effect of  
42 authorizing such employee to handle, sell, or otherwise dispose of those  
43 firearms that are lawfully possessed, sold or disposed of by the  
44 gunsmith or dealer in firearms only while such employee is actually  
45 conducting business on behalf of the gunsmith or dealer in firearms  
46 notwithstanding the fact that such weapons may not be the type the  
47 employee would otherwise be licensed or authorized to possess under New  
48 York law. When an employee is conducting business on behalf of a  
49 gunsmith or dealer in firearms at any location other than the premises  
50 where such employee works, the employee shall have in his or her  
51 possession a copy of his or her employment certificate or valid license  
52 issued under the provisions of this section or section 400.01 of this  
53 article or documentation of the employee's exemption based on prior  
54 employment. Copies of such certificates or licenses or documentation of  
55 exemption shall be maintained by the gunsmith or dealer in firearms on  
56 the premises where such employee works. All certificates, licenses,

1 documentation and copies referred to in this paragraph shall be produced  
2 upon request by any police officer or peace officer acting pursuant to  
3 his or her special duties.

4 (f) For the purpose of this subdivision, the term handling shall not  
5 include moving or carrying, in the normal course of business, a secured  
6 crate or container that contains a firearm or firearms, from one  
7 location to another within the premises of a gunsmith or dealer in  
8 firearms.

9 (g) Any employment in violation of this subdivision shall constitute a  
10 violation on the part of both the employee and the gunsmith or dealer in  
11 firearms.

12 § 7. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after  
13 it shall have become a law, except that the division of criminal justice  
14 services shall promulgate any rules or regulations or approve any forms  
15 necessary for applications for employment certificates to be submitted  
16 to and approved by such division and for employment certificates to be  
17 issued by such division pursuant to subdivision 12-b of section 400.00  
18 of the penal law as added by section six of this act, and shall begin to  
19 issue such certificates to qualifying employees before the one hundred  
20 eightieth day after this act shall have become a law.