

# STATE OF NEW YORK

8307

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

June 7, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. SKARTADOS, PALMESANO, MONTESANO, WOERNER, FITZPATRICK -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. LOPEZ -- read once and referred to the Committee on Real Property Taxation

AN ACT to amend the public health law and the real property tax law, in relation to authorizing real property taxing jurisdictions to grant a tax exemption for a primary residence purchased by a physician in a physician shortage area; and to amend the real property tax law, in relation to providing state aid to such jurisdictions for the savings granted by such exemption

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature hereby  
2 finds that several communities within the state, particularly those  
3 located within rural areas, lack adequate access to physicians. It is  
4 well established that ensuring the sufficient availability of general  
5 practitioners and specialists directly benefits the health of state  
6 residents, and the legislature has enacted several measures towards that  
7 end.

8 Furthermore, the legislature finds that municipalities are often best  
9 situated to evaluate the needs of their communities. Therefore, it is  
10 the intent of the legislature to offer counties, cities, towns, villages  
11 and school districts the option to provide real property tax exemptions,  
12 should they determine that such an incentive would aid in attracting  
13 physicians to areas currently underserved by the medical community.

14 § 2. Section 206 of the public health law is amended by adding a new  
15 subdivision 31 to read as follows:

16 31. (a) The commissioner shall biennially designate and make available  
17 a list of designated physician shortage areas in the state. A designated  
18 physician shortage area shall be a county or other sub-county geographic  
19 area determined by the commissioner to be in short supply of physicians  
20 in primary care practice and/or one or more medical specialties. The

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 list shall indicate for each designated physician shortage area, if the  
2 area is in short supply of primary care physicians and which medical  
3 specialties are in short supply in the designated shortage area.

4 (b) In establishing designated physician shortage areas, the commis-  
5 sioner, to the extent practicable, shall utilize criteria consistent  
6 with the criteria utilized to make awards for the physician practice  
7 support program established pursuant to paragraph (e) of subdivision  
8 five-a of section twenty-eight hundred seven-m of this chapter.

9 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "medical specialty or  
10 specialty area" shall mean the branch or branches of special competence  
11 within a physician's medical practice as evidenced by their certifi-  
12 cation by a speciality medical board acceptable to the commissioner.

13 § 3. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 439  
14 to read as follows:

15 § 439. Real property tax exemptions in designated physician shortage  
16 area. 1. A municipal corporation or school district may exempt real  
17 property purchased by a physician for use solely as his or her primary  
18 residence, to the extent provided in this section, from taxation by such  
19 municipal corporation or school district if the physician resides in and  
20 has an office located within a physician shortage area as designated by  
21 the commissioner of health pursuant to subdivision thirty-one of section  
22 two hundred six of the public health law. After a public hearing, the  
23 governing body of a municipal corporation may adopt a local law, and the  
24 board of a school district, other than a school district subject to  
25 article fifty-two of the education law, may adopt a resolution, to grant  
26 the exemption authorized pursuant to this section.

27 2. Exemptions provided pursuant to subdivision one of this section  
28 shall only apply to real property purchased on or after the effective  
29 date of this section, and the subsequent enactment of a local law or  
30 adoption of a resolution to grant such real property tax exemption.

31 3. Any local law or resolution adopted pursuant to subdivision one of  
32 this section shall establish the duration and percentage of such an  
33 exemption, which shall exceed neither a period of five years nor thir-  
34 ty-five percent of the property's assessed value. Such local law or  
35 resolution may include other conditions or restrictions, including but  
36 not limited to provisions regarding the maximum value of eligible prop-  
37 erty, at the discretion of the promulgating municipal corporation or  
38 school district.

39 4. A copy of such local laws or resolutions shall be filed with the  
40 state board and the assessor for such municipal corporation or school  
41 district who prepares the assessment roll upon which the taxes of such  
42 municipal corporation or school district are levied.

43 § 4. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 985  
44 to read as follows:

45 § 985. Effect of exemption in designated physician shortage areas. 1.  
46 In a municipal corporation or school district which elects to provide  
47 the real property tax exemption in a designated physician shortage area  
48 pursuant to section four hundred thirty-nine of this chapter, the amount  
49 of taxes to be levied for any tax year or school year, as the case may  
50 be, shall be determined without regard to the fact that state aid will  
51 be payable pursuant to this section. In addition, the tax rate for any  
52 such year shall be determined as if no parcels are exempt from taxation  
53 pursuant to section four hundred thirty-nine of this chapter. However,  
54 the tax rate so determined shall be applied to the taxable assessed  
55 value of each parcel after accounting for all applicable exemptions,

1 including the exemption authorized by section four hundred thirty-nine  
2 of this chapter.

3 2. The tax savings for each parcel receiving the exemption authorized  
4 by section four hundred thirty-nine of this chapter shall be computed by  
5 subtracting the amount actually levied against the parcel from the  
6 amount that would have been levied if not for the exemption.

7 3. (a) The total tax savings duly provided by a municipal corporation  
8 or school district pursuant to this section shall be a state charge,  
9 which shall be payable as provided in this subdivision.

10 (b) A municipal corporation or school district seeking state aid  
11 pursuant to this subdivision shall submit an application therefor to the  
12 commissioner. The application shall include such information as the  
13 commissioner shall require.

14 (c) Upon approving an application for state aid pursuant to this  
15 subdivision, the commissioner shall compute and certify the amount paya-  
16 ble to a municipal corporation or school district. Such state aid shall  
17 be payable upon the audit and warrant of the state comptroller from  
18 vouchers certified and approved by the commissioner.

19 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to tax  
20 years beginning on or after the first of March next succeeding such  
21 effective date; or in the case of municipal taxing authorities which  
22 have a taxable status date other than March first established by char-  
23 ter, this act shall take effect with the first establishment of the  
24 taxable status of real property in the municipality next succeeding the  
25 effective date of this act.