

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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7547

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

May 1, 2017

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Introduced by M. of A. WALKER, LAVINE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to categorizing hate crimes as serious offenses in relation to possession of firearms and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Legislative findings. (a) As the New York state legislature  
2 found in enacting the Hate Crimes Act of 2000, "The intolerable truth is  
3 that in these crimes, commonly and justly referred to as 'hate crimes',  
4 victims are intentionally selected, in whole or in part, because of  
5 their race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, reli-  
6 gious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation. Hate crimes do  
7 more than threaten the safety and welfare of all citizens. They inflict  
8 on victims incalculable physical and emotional damage and tear at the  
9 very fabric of free society. Crimes motivated by invidious hatred toward  
10 particular groups not only harm individual victims but send a powerful  
11 message of intolerance and discrimination to all members of the group to  
12 which the victim belongs. Hate crimes can and do intimidate and disrupt  
13 entire communities and vitiate the civility that is essential to healthy  
14 democratic processes."

15 (b) The pernicious harm of hate crimes on targeted individuals and  
16 communities is compounded by the use of firearms to threaten and harm  
17 the victims. According to one recent analysis, between 2010 and 2015,  
18 there were roughly 46,500 hate crimes committed in the United States  
19 that involved a gun. The threat of a gun from dangerous extremists sends  
20 a clear message that they not only harbor feelings of bias or hate  
21 against a particular group, but also that they are willing to kill in  
22 service of this ideology. Keeping guns out of the hands of individuals  
23 who perpetrate hate crimes is therefore a crucial measure to help ensure  
24 the safety of groups that have historically been targeted. Current state

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 law does not adequately ensure that individuals who have been convicted  
2 of hate crimes do not have easy access to guns.

3 § 2. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 17 of section 265.00 of the penal  
4 law, as amended by section 3 of chapter 232 of the laws of 2010, is  
5 REPEALED.

6 § 3. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 17 of section 265.00 of the penal  
7 law, as amended by section 2 of chapter 232 of the laws of 2010, is  
8 amended to read as follows:

9 (b) any of the following offenses defined in the penal law: illegally  
10 using, carrying or possessing a pistol or other dangerous weapon;  
11 possession of burglar's tools; criminal possession of stolen property in  
12 the third degree; escape in the third degree; jostling; fraudulent  
13 accosting; endangering the welfare of a child; the offenses defined in  
14 article two hundred thirty-five; issuing abortional articles; permitting  
15 prostitution; promoting prostitution in the third degree; stalking in  
16 the fourth degree; stalking in the third degree; the offenses defined in  
17 article one hundred thirty; the offenses defined in article two hundred  
18 twenty; the offenses defined in article four hundred eighty-five.

19 § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeed-  
20 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.