STATE OF NEW YORK

7165--A

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

April 11, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. ROZIC, GJONAJ, HARRIS, WALLACE, MOSLEY, MAGNAREL-LI, ORTIZ, MOYA, BRINDISI, SIMON, JEAN-PIERRE, BENEDETTO, WALKER, CRESPO, TITONE, GLICK, DE LA ROSA, D'URSO, PHEFFER AMATO, GOTTFRIED, HYNDMAN, BLAKE, RIVERA, KAVANAGH, MONTESANO, DICKENS, SEAWRIGHT -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. GALEF, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection -and referred to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to prohibiting businesses from charging a price for goods on the basis of gender

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new 1 2 section 391-u to read as follows:
 - § 391-u. Charging a price for goods on the basis of gender prohibited.
- 1. (a) No business shall charge a price for goods of a substantially similar or like kind on the basis of a person's gender. 5
- (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, "substan-6 tially similar or like kind" shall be interpreted to mean such goods: 7 8
 - (i) share the same brand;
- 9 (ii) share the same functional components; and
 - (iii) share ninety percent of the same materials or ingredients.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "goods" shall not include: 11
- (i) any food as defined in subdivision three of section two of the 12
- 13 agriculture and markets law; or
- 14 (ii) goods sold by a new motor vehicle dealer as defined in paragraph
- 15 f of subdivision one of section four hundred fifteen of the vehicle and
- 16 traffic law.

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2. Nothing in subdivision one of this section shall prohibit: 17

EXPLANATION -- Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (a) price differences based specifically on the labor, materials, 2 tariffs, or other gender-neutral reasons for having increased cost for 3 providing such goods; or

- (b) a retail establishment from passing through a price to the consumer that is set by a manufacturer, distributor, or other entity that a retailer cannot control.
- 3. Any business that violates the provisions of this section shall,

 8 upon a determination thereof, pay a civil penalty of not more than two

 9 hundred fifty dollars for the first violation and for each succeeding

 10 violation a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars. For

 11 the purpose of this section, all identical items priced on the basis of
- 12 gender shall be considered a single violation.
- 13 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.