

STATE OF NEW YORK

1842--A

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 13, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. MORELLE, JAFFEE, PERRY, MAGNARELLI, ROSENTHAL, CUSICK, GUNTHER, ORTIZ, PAULIN, TITONE, DINOWITZ, GOTTFRIED, M. G. MILLER, BENEDETTO, BRONSON, GALEF, COLTON, BRINDISI, SKARTADOS, STIRPE, FAHY, SIMANOWITZ, WEPRIN, BLAKE, ARROYO -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABINANTI, BARCLAY, BRABENEC, BRAUNSTEIN, CAHILL, COOK, CURRAN, CYMBROWITZ, DenDEKKER, ENGLEBRIGHT, FINCH, FITZPATRICK, GARBARINO, HEVESI, HOOPER, JENNE, JOHNS, KOLB, LAWRENCE, LIFTON, LUPARDO, MAGEE, MALLIOTAKIS, McDONALD, McDONOUGH, MONTESANO, PRETLOW, RAIA, RAMOS, RIVERA, STEC, WALTER, ZEBROWSKI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Higher Education -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to the educational preparation for practice of professional nursing

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The legislature hereby finds and declares that with the
2 increasing complexity of the American healthcare system and rapidly
3 expanding technology, the educational preparation of the registered
4 professional nurse must be expanded. The nurse of the future must be
5 prepared to partner with multiple disciplines as a collaborator and
6 manager of the complex patient care journey. Shorter lengths of stays,
7 higher patient acuity, and more sophisticated technologies and proce-
8 dures are increasing the complexity of patient care - which in turn
9 places great demands on nursing competencies. Other countries are
10 responding to these changes by requiring the baccalaureate degree as an
11 entry requirement for nursing licensure while other professions are
12 demanding master and doctoral degrees as their entry point. Several
13 recent research studies clearly demonstrate the added value of addi-
14 tional education in relation to improved patient outcomes; one study
15 demonstrates that each ten percent increase in the number of baccalau-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 reate prepared nurses results in a five percent decrease in surgical
2 patient deaths. Therefore, the legislature finds that expanding the
3 educational requirements for the profession of nursing, while maintain-
4 ing the multiple entry points into the profession, is needed. This
5 legislation affects future nurses graduating from associate degree or
6 diploma nursing programs who would be required to obtain a baccalaureate
7 in nursing within ten years of initial licensure. All current nurses
8 licensed in New York and students in programs preparing for registered
9 professional nursing are to be exempt from the new requirement. This
10 legislation is mirrored after the progressive education requirement for
11 teachers in New York state. Numerous regulatory and accrediting bodies
12 have recommended this change as a means to address sophisticated patient
13 care needs resulting from shorter lengths of stay, higher acuity and
14 more sophisticated interventions. This proposal is the result of a grow-
15 ing body of research evidence that additional education results in
16 better patient outcomes. Therefore by requiring the baccalaureate degree
17 for continued registration as a registered professional nurse this
18 legislation seeks to be responsive to meet the increasingly complex
19 health care needs of the residents of New York state.

20 § 2. Subdivision 2 of section 6905 of the education law, as amended by
21 chapter 994 of the laws of 1971 and such section as renumbered by chap-
22 ter 50 of the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:

23 (2) Education: have received an education, and a diploma or degree in
24 professional nursing, in accordance with the commissioner's regulations,
25 and in order to continue to maintain registration as a registered
26 professional nurse in New York state, have attained a baccalaureate
27 degree in nursing within ten years of initial licensure in accordance
28 with the commissioner's regulations. The department, in its discretion,
29 may issue a conditional registration to a licensee who fails to complete
30 the baccalaureate degree but who agrees to meet the additional require-
31 ment within one year. The fee for such a conditional registration shall
32 be the same as, and in addition to, the fee for the triennial registra-
33 tion. The duration of such conditional registration shall be for one
34 year and may be extended, with the payment of a fee, for no more than
35 one additional year, unless the applicant can show good cause for non-
36 compliance acceptable to the department. Any licensee who is notified
37 of the denial of a registration for failure to complete the additional
38 educational requirements and who practices as a registered professional
39 nurse without such registration may be subject to disciplinary
40 proceedings pursuant to section sixty-five hundred ten of this title;

41 § 3. The provisions of this act shall not apply to:

42 a. any student entering a generic baccalaureate program preparing
43 registered professional nurses after the effective date of this act;
44 b. any student currently enrolled in, or having an application pending
45 in, a program preparing registered nurses as of the effective date of
46 this act;

47 c. any person already licensed as a registered professional nurse or
48 any unlicensed graduate professional nurse who is eligible to take the
49 National Council Licensure Examination as of the effective date of this
50 act.

51 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and the commissioner of
52 education is authorized to promulgate any rule or regulation necessary
53 to implement the provisions of this act.