STATE OF NEW YORK

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2017-2018 Regular Sessions

1137--В

IN ASSEMBLY

January 10, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. GALEF, JAFFEE, BLAKE, HYNDMAN, SEPULVEDA, D'URSO, L. ROSENTHAL, GOTTFRIED, DICKENS, HARRIS, M. G. MILLER, LAVINE, PAULIN, SIMOTAS, SIMON -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. DINOWITZ, LUPARDO, McDONOUGH, STECK, THIELE, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Judiciary -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary in accordance with Assembly Rule 3, sec. 2 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law and the executive law, in relation to designating lay individuals to solemnize marriages

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 11 of the domestic relations law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3-b to read as follows:

3-b. A one-day marriage officiant, as designated by the secretary of state pursuant to section one hundred ten of the executive law.

- § 2. Section 12 of the domestic relations law is amended to read as follows:
- § 12. Marriage, how solemnized. No particular form or ceremony is required when a marriage is solemnized as herein provided by a clergyman [ex], magistrate, or one-day marriage officiant as designated by the 10 secretary of state pursuant to section one hundred ten of the executive law but the parties must solemnly declare in the presence of a clergyman [ex], magistrate, or one-day marriage officiant and the attending 13 witness or witnesses that they take each other as [husband and wife] 14 <u>spouses</u>. In every case, at least one witness beside the clergyman [ex], 15 magistrate, or one-day marriage officiant must be present at the ceremo-16 ny.
- 17 The preceding provisions of this chapter, so far as they relate to the 18 manner of solemnizing marriages, shall not affect marriages among the

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 people called friends or quakers; nor marriages among the people of any other denominations having as such any particular mode of solemnizing marriages; but such marriages must be solemnized in the manner heretofore used and practiced in their respective societies or denominations, and marriages so solemnized shall be as valid as if this article had not been enacted.

- § 3. Section 13 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 95 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 8 9 13. Marriage licenses. It shall be necessary for all persons 10 intended to be married in New York state to obtain a marriage license 11 from a town or city clerk in New York state and to deliver said license, within sixty days, to the clergyman [ex], magistrate, or one-day 12 13 marriage officiant as designated by the secretary of state pursuant to 14 section one hundred ten of the executive law who is to officiate before 15 the marriage ceremony may be performed. In case of a marriage contracted 16 pursuant to subdivision four of section eleven of this chapter, such 17 license shall be delivered to the judge of the court of record before whom the acknowledgment is to be taken. If either party to the marriage 18 resides upon an island located not less than twenty-five miles from the 19 20 office or residence of the town clerk of the town of which such island 21 a part, and if such office or residence is not on such island such license may be obtained from any justice of the peace residing on such 22 island, and such justice, in respect to powers and duties relating to 23 marriage licenses, shall be subject to the provisions of this article 24 25 governing town clerks and shall file all statements or affidavits received by him while acting under the provisions of this section with 27 the town clerk of such town. No application for a marriage license shall 28 be denied on the ground that the parties are of the same, or a differ-29 ent, sex.
 - § 4. Section 13-b of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
- § 13-b. Time within which marriage may be solemnized. A marriage shall not be solemnized within twenty-four hours after the issuance of the marriage license, unless authorized by an order of a court of record as hereinafter provided, nor shall it be solemnized after sixty days from date of the issuance of the marriage license unless authorized pursuant to section three hundred fifty-four-d of the executive law. Every license to marry hereafter issued by a town or city clerk, in addition to other requirements specified by this chapter, must contain a statement of the day and the hour the license is issued and the period during which the marriage may be solemnized. It shall be the duty of the clergyman [ex], magistrate, or one-day marriage officiant, as designated 43 by the secretary of state pursuant to section one hundred ten of the executive law, performing the marriage ceremony, or if the marriage is solemnized by written contract, of the judge before whom the contract is acknowledged, to annex to or endorse upon the marriage license the date and hour the marriage is solemnized. A judge or justice of the supreme court of this state or the county judge of the county in which either party to be married resides, or if such party is at least seventeen years of age, the judge of the family court of such county, if it shall appear from an examination of the license and any other proofs submitted by the parties that one of the parties is in danger of imminent death, or by reason of other emergency public interest will be promoted thereby, or that such delay will work irreparable injury or great hardship 54 upon the contracting parties, or one of them, may, upon making written affirmative findings under subdivision three of section fifteen of this

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article, make an order authorizing the immediate solemnization of the marriage and upon filing such order with the clergyman [ex], magistrate, 3 or one-day marriage officiant performing the marriage ceremony, or if 4 the marriage is to be solemnized by written contract, with the judge before whom the contract is acknowledged, such clergyman [ex], magistrate, or one day marriage officiant may solemnize such marriage, or 7 such judge may take such acknowledgment as the case may be, without 8 waiting for such three day period and twenty-four hour period to elapse. 9 The clergyman, magistrate [ex], judge, or one-day marriage officiant, as 10 designated by the secretary of state pursuant to section one hundred ten 11 of the executive law, must file such order with the town or city clerk who issued the license within five days after the marriage is solem-12 13 nized. Such town or city clerk must record and index the order in the 14 book required to be kept by him or her for recording affidavits, state-15 ments, consents and licenses, and when so recorded the order shall 16 become a public record and available in any prosecution under this 17 section. A person who shall solemnize a marriage in violation of this 18 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof 19 shall be punished by a fine of fifty dollars for each offense, and in 20 addition thereto, his or her right to solemnize a marriage shall be 21 suspended for ninety days.

§ 5. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 110 to read as follows:

§ 110. Designation of one-day marriage officiant. The secretary, or his or her designee, shall issue one-day marriage officiant designations to laypersons over the age of eighteen regardless of state residence who intend to perform a marriage solemnization ceremony within the state. Such designations shall only be issued after an applicant remits a completed application form and fee, both to be determined by the secretary. The application form shall require the following information and be accompanied by legal proof of identification. From the applicant requesting designation: applicant name, date of birth, legal address, email address and telephone number. The application form shall also require the names, addresses and birth dates of the parties to be married as they appear on the application for a marriage license issued by a town or city clerk in the state, the name of the city, town or village in which such solemnization will be performed and the exact date of the solemnization. The application and fee must be received by the department at least thirty days before the date of the ceremony. The department shall notify the applicant of approval of such designation no later than seven days prior to the date of the marriage ceremony stated on the application. Such designations shall only be valid for the ceremony stated on the application and shall expire upon completion of such solemnization.

§ 6. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law; provided, however, that effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are authorized and directed to be made and completed on or before such effective date.