## STATE OF NEW YORK

1090--A

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 10, 2017

- Introduced by M. of A. CUSICK, TITONE, MALLIOTAKIS, BARNWELL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means in accordance with Assembly Rule 3, sec. 2 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the general municipal law and the municipal home rule law, in relation to establishing limitations upon real property tax levies in cities with a population of one million or more

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. The general municipal law is amended by adding a new
2	section 3-e to read as follows:
3	<u>§ 3-e. Limitation upon real property tax levies by cities having a</u>
4	population of one million or more. 1. Unless otherwise provided by law,
5	the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by or on behalf of
б	any city having a population of one million or more shall not exceed the
7	tax levy limitation established pursuant to this section.
8	2. When used in this section:
9	(a) "Allowable levy growth factor" shall be the lesser of: (i) one and
10	two one-hundredths; or (ii) the sum of one plus the inflation factor;
11	provided, however, that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less
12	than one.
13	(b) "Approved capital expenditures" means the expenditures associated
14	with capital projects that have been approved by the qualified voters of
15	the local government.
16	(c) "Available carryover" means the sum of the amount by which the tax
17	levy for the prior fiscal year was below the tax levy limit for such
18	fiscal year, if any, but no more than one and one-half percent of the
19	<u>tax levy limit for such fiscal year.</u>
20	(d) "Capital tax levy" means the tax levy necessary to support capital
21	<u>expenditures, if any.</u>

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	(e) "Coming fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the local government
2	for which a tax levy limitation shall be determined pursuant to this
3	section.
4	(f) "Inflation factor" means the quotient of: (i) the average of the
5	national consumer price indexes determined by the United States depart-
6	ment of labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the
7	start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the national
8	consumer price indexes determined by the United States department of
9	labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start
10	of the prior fiscal year, divided by: (ii) the average of the national
11	consumer price indexes determined by the United States department of labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start
12 13	of the prior fiscal year, with the result expressed as a decimal to four
$14^{13}$	places.
$15^{14}$	(q) "Local government" means a city having a population of one million
16	or more.
17	(h) "Prior fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the local government
18	immediately preceding the coming fiscal year.
19	(i) "Tax levy limitation" means the amount of taxes a local government
20	is authorized to levy pursuant to this section, provided, however, that
21	the tax levy limit shall not include the local government's approved
22	capital tax levy, if any.
23	3. (a) Beginning with the fiscal year that begins in two thousand
24	nineteen, no local government shall adopt a budget that requires a tax
25	levy that is greater than the tax levy limitation for the coming fiscal
26	year.
27	(b) The state comptroller shall calculate the tax levy limitation for
28	each local government by the one hundred twentieth day preceding the
29	commencement of each local government's fiscal year, and shall notify
30	each local government of the tax levy limitation so determined.
31	(c) The tax levy limitation applicable to the coming fiscal year shall
32	be determined as follows:
33	(i) Ascertain the total amount of taxes levied for the prior fiscal
34	year.
35	(ii) Add any payments in lieu of taxes that were receivable in the
36	prior fiscal year.
37	(iii) Subtract the approved capital tax levy for the prior fiscal
38	year, if any. (iv) Subtract the levy attributable to a large legal settlement of a
39 40	tort action excluded from the levy limitation in the prior fiscal year,
40 41	if any.
42	(v) Multiply the result by the allowable levy growth factor.
43	(vi) Subtract any payments in lieu of taxes receivable in the coming
44	fiscal year.
45	(vii) Add the available carryover, if any.
46	(d) In the event the city council of a local government has approved a
47	legal settlement of a tort action against the government, the annual
48	costs of which exceed ten percent of the property taxes levied by the
49	local government in the prior fiscal year, the state comptroller, upon
50	application by the local government, may adjust the tax levy limitation
51	for the coming fiscal year applicable to such local government, by
52	adding the annual costs of such settlement to the tax levy limitation.
53	(e) The state comptroller shall determine the portion of the tax levy
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	of each local government that is attributable to any increase or
55 56	of each local government that is attributable to any increase or decrease over the prior year in the cost of the local government share of direct cash assistance to persons eligible for the federal-state-lo-

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1	cal temporary assistance to needy families program or the state-local
2	safety net assistance program and shall adjust the tax levy limitation
3	for such local government to reflect such change.
4	4. A local government may adopt a budget that requires a tax levy that
5	is greater than the tax levy limitation for the coming fiscal year only
б	if the city council of such local government first enacts, by a two-
7	thirds vote of the total voting power of such city council, a local law
8	to override such limitation for such coming fiscal year only.
9	5. In the event a local government's actual tax levy for a given
10	fiscal year exceeds the maximum allowable levy as established pursuant
11	to this section due to clerical or technical errors, the local govern-
12	ment shall place the excess amount of the levy in reserve in accordance
13	with such requirements as the state comptroller may prescribe, and shall
14	use such funds and any interest earned thereon to offset the tax levy
15	for the ensuing fiscal year.
16	§ 2. Paragraphs j and k of subdivision 2 of section 23 of the munici-
17	pal home rule law are relettered paragraphs k and l, and a new paragraph
18	j is added to read as follows:
19	j. Overrides the tax levy limitation applicable for the coming fiscal
20	year in accordance with section three-e of the general municipal law.
21	§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall first apply to
22	the levy of taxes by local governments for the fiscal year that begins
23	in 2019.