## STATE OF NEW YORK

10527

## IN ASSEMBLY

May 4, 2018

Introduced by M. of A. CRESPO -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection

AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to the price gouging of pharmaceuticals

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 2 396-rrr to read as follows:
- § 396-rrr. Price gouging; pharmaceuticals. 1. For the purposes of this section, "pharmaceuticals" shall mean any compound manufactured for sale as a medicinal drug.
- 2. No manufacturer or wholesaler of pharmaceuticals shall sell or offer to sell pharmaceuticals for an amount which represents an unconscionably excessive price. Whether a price is unconscionably excessive is a question of law for the court.
- 10 <u>3. The court's determination that a violation of this section has</u>
  11 <u>occurred shall be based on any of the following factors:</u>
  - (a) that the amount of the excess in price is unconscionably extreme;
- 13 (b) that there was an exercise of unfair leverage or unconscionable 14 means; or
- 15 (c) a combination of both factors.

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- 4. In any court proceeding commenced pursuant to this section, proof
  that a violation of this section has occurred shall include evidence
  that:
- 19 (a) the amount charged represents a gross disparity between the market
  20 price of the pharmaceutical that led to the action under this section
  21 and the price of the same pharmaceutical over the six months prior to
  22 the price change that led to the action under this section; or
- 23 (b) the amount charged grossly exceeded the price at which the pharma-24 ceuticals were readily obtainable by other purchasers.
- 5. A defendant may rebut a prima facie case with evidence that additional costs not within the control of the defendant were imposed on the defendant.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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6. Where a violation of this section is alleged to have occurred, the attorney general may apply in the name of the people of the state of New York to the supreme court within the judicial district in which such 4 violation is alleged to have occurred, on notice of five days, for an order enjoining or restraining commission or continuance of the alleged unlawful acts. In any such proceeding where a violation is found to have occurred, the court shall impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed one million dollars and, where appropriate, order restitution to aggrieved consumers.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.