

STATE OF NEW YORK

10297

IN ASSEMBLY

April 10, 2018

Introduced by M. of A. ABINANTI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Aging

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to increasing the amount of income property owners may earn for the purpose of eligibility for the property tax exemption for persons sixty-five years of age or over and for persons with disabilities and limited income

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 467 of the real
2 property tax law, as separately amended by chapters 131 and 279 of the
3 laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:
4 (a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of
5 the property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of
6 making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three thousand
7 dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more
8 than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six,
9 twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven,
10 twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight,
11 twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand nine,
12 fifty thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seventeen, and
13 in a city with a population of one million or more fifty thousand
14 dollars beginning July first, two thousand seventeen, as may be provided
15 by the local law, ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to this
16 section. Income tax year shall mean the twelve month period for which
17 the owner or owners filed a federal personal income tax return, or if no
18 such return is filed, the calendar year. Where title is vested in either
19 the husband or the wife, their combined income may not exceed such sum,
20 except where the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent
21 from the property as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of
22 this subdivision, then only the income of the spouse or ex-spouse resid-
23 ing on the property shall be considered and may not exceed such sum.
24 Such income shall include social security and retirement benefits,
25 interest, dividends, total gain from the sale or exchange of a capital
26 asset which may be offset by a loss from the sale or exchange of a capi-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 tal asset in the same income tax year, net rental income, salary or
2 earnings, and net income from self-employment, but shall not include a
3 return of capital, gifts, inheritances, payments made to individuals
4 because of their status as victims of Nazi persecution, as defined in
5 P.L. 103-286 or monies earned through employment in the federal foster
6 grandparent program and any such income shall be offset by all medical
7 and prescription drug expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed
8 or paid for by insurance, if the governing board of a municipality,
9 after a public hearing, adopts a local law, ordinance or resolution
10 providing therefor. In addition, an exchange of an annuity for an annui-
11 ty contract, which resulted in non-taxable gain, as determined in
12 section one thousand thirty-five of the internal revenue code, shall be
13 excluded from such income. Provided that such exclusion shall be based
14 on satisfactory proof that such an exchange was solely an exchange of an
15 annuity for an annuity contract that resulted in a non-taxable transfer
16 determined by such section of the internal revenue code. Furthermore,
17 such income shall not include the proceeds of a reverse mortgage, as
18 authorized by section six-h of the banking law, and sections two hundred
19 eighty and two hundred eighty-a of the real property law; provided,
20 however, that monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be
21 deducted from income, and provided additionally that any interest or
22 dividends realized from the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds
23 shall be considered income. The provisions of this paragraph notwith-
24 standing, such income shall not include veterans disability compen-
25 sation, as defined in Title 38 of the United States Code provided the
26 governing board of such municipality, after public hearing, adopts a
27 local law, ordinance or resolution providing therefor. In computing net
28 rental income and net income from self-employment no depreciation
29 deduction shall be allowed for the exhaustion, wear and tear of real or
30 personal property held for the production of income;

31 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 459-c of the real prop-
32 erty tax law, as amended by chapter 131 of the laws of 2017, is amended
33 to read as follows:

34 (a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of
35 the property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of
36 making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three thousand
37 dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more
38 than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six,
39 twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven,
40 twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight,
41 twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand nine,
42 and fifty thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seventeen,
43 and in a city with a population of one million or more fifty thousand
44 dollars beginning July first, two thousand seventeen, as may be provided
45 by the local law or resolution adopted pursuant to this section. Income
46 tax year shall mean the twelve month period for which the owner or
47 owners filed a federal personal income tax return, or if no such return
48 is filed, the calendar year. Where title is vested in either the husband
49 or the wife, their combined income may not exceed such sum, except where
50 the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent from the proper-
51 ty due to divorce, legal separation or abandonment, then only the income
52 of the spouse or ex-spouse residing on the property shall be considered
53 and may not exceed such sum. Such income shall include social security
54 and retirement benefits, interest, dividends, total gain from the sale
55 or exchange of a capital asset which may be offset by a loss from the
56 sale or exchange of a capital asset in the same income tax year, net

1 rental income, salary or earnings, and net income from self-employment,
2 but shall not include a return of capital, gifts, inheritances or monies
3 earned through employment in the federal foster grandparent program and
4 any such income shall be offset by all medical and prescription drug
5 expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed or paid for by insur-
6 ance, if the governing board of a municipality, after a public hearing,
7 adopts a local law or resolution providing therefor. In computing net
8 rental income and net income from self-employment no depreciation
9 deduction shall be allowed for the exhaustion, wear and tear of real or
10 personal property held for the production of income;
11 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.