## STATE OF NEW YORK

912

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

January 5, 2017

Introduced by Sen. CROCI -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to the theft of a motor vehicle while a child is present therein

## The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1	Section 1. Section 155.35 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 464
2	of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
3	§ 155.35 Grand larceny in the third degree.
4	A person is guilty of grand larceny in the third degree when he or she
5	steals property and <u>when</u> :
б	1. [when] the value of the property exceeds three thousand dollars[ $_{7}$ ]:
7	or
8	2. the property is an automated teller machine or the contents of an
9	automated teller machine[+] <u>; or</u>
10	3. the property consists of a motor vehicle, as defined in section one
11	hundred twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law, and, during the
12	commission of such offense, a child under the age of sixteen years is
13	<u>present in or on such motor vehicle.</u>
14	Grand larceny in the third degree is a class D felony.
15	§ 2. Section 155.42 of the penal law, as added by chapter 515 of the
16	laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:
17	§ 155.42 Grand larceny in the first degree.
18	A person is guilty of grand larceny in the first degree when he or she
19	steals property and when [ <del>the</del> ]:
20	<u>1. the</u> value of the property exceeds one million dollars[-]; or
21	2. the property, regardless of its value, consists of a motor vehicle,
22	as defined in section one hundred twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic
23	law, is obtained by extortion committed by instilling in the victim a
24	fear that the actor or another person will cause physical injury to some
25	person, in the future, and a child under the age of sixteen years is

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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present in or on such motor vehicle during the commission of such offense. Grand larceny in the first degree is a class B felony. § 3. Section 160.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 374 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows: § 160.15 Robbery in the first degree. A person is guilty of robbery in the first degree when he or she forcibly steals property and when[--in]: 1. In the course of the commission of the crime or of immediate flight therefrom, he, she or another participant in the crime: [1+] (a) Causes serious physical injury to any person who is not a participant in the crime; or [2+] (b) Is armed with a deadly weapon; or [3+] (c) Uses or threatens the immediate use of a dangerous instru-

15 ment; or 16 [4-] (d) Displays what appears to be a pistol, revolver, rifle, shot-17 gun, machine gun or other firearm; except that in any prosecution under this [subdivision] paragraph, it is an affirmative defense that such 18 19 pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, machine gun or other firearm was not a 20 loaded weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death or 21 other serious physical injury, could be discharged. Nothing contained in this [subdivision] paragraph shall constitute a defense to a prosecution 22 for, or preclude a conviction of, robbery in the second degree, robbery 23 in the third degree or any other crime[+]; or 24

25 2. The property consists of a motor vehicle, as defined in section one 26 hundred twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law, and, during the 27 commission of such offense, a child under the age of sixteen years is 28 present in or on such motor vehicle.

29 Robbery in the first degree is a class B felony.

30 § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeed-31 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.

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