STATE OF NEW YORK

8079

IN SENATE

March 26, 2018

Introduced by Sen. KAVANAGH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Consumer Protection

AN ACT to amend the general business law, in relation to prohibiting the use of polystyrene containers by restaurants and food vendors

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 1 399-eee to read as follows:

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- § 399-eee. Prohibiting the use of polystyrene containers by restau-4 rants and other food vendors to package unconsumed food. 1. Definitions. The following terms shall have the following meanings as used in this 6 section:
- 7 (a) "polystyrene" or "polystyrene foam" means blown polystyrene and expanded foams utilizing a styrene monomer and processed by any number of techniques. Polystyrene foam is generally used to make cups, bowls, 9 10 plates, trays, clamshell containers, meat trays and egg cartons.
- 11 (b) "food service establishment" means any area, including outdoor 12 seating areas, in which the business is the sale of food for on-premises 13 consumption.
- 14 (c) "food vendor" means any store, shop, sales outlet, or other estab-15 lishment, including a delicatessen or restaurant that sells prepared 16 foods and provides for on-premises consumption of such foods.
- (d) "disposable food service ware" means all containers, bowls, 18 plates, trays, cartons, cups, lids, and other items that are designed for one-time use for prepared foods and may be used to package leftovers from partially consumed meals prepared by food service establishments 20 and/or food vendors.
- 22 2. Use of polystyrene disposable food service ware prohibited for 23 packaging unconsumed food. No food service establishment or food vendor 24 shall use polystyrene disposable food service ware for the packaging of 25 unconsumed food or drink remaining after a meal to be taken from such 26 food service establishment or food vendor by patrons.
- 27 3. Enforcement and violations. (a) Whenever there shall be a violation 28 of this section, application may be made by the attorney general in the

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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name of the people of the state of New York to a court or justice having jurisdiction by a special proceeding to issue an injunction, and upon 3 notice to the defendant of not less than five days, to enjoin and restrain the continuance of such violation; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court or justice that the defendant has, in fact, violated this section, an injunction may be issued by such court 7 or justice, enjoining and restraining any further violation, without requiring proof that any person has, in fact, been injured or damaged 9 thereby. In connection with any such proposed application, the attorney 10 general is authorized to take proof and make a determination of the 11 relevant facts and to issue subpoenas in accordance with the civil prac-12 tice law and rules.

- (b) Any person who violates this section shall be subject to a civil 14 penalty of not more than five hundred dollars for each violation. Each day in which a food service establishment or food vendor uses polystyrene disposable food service ware in violation of this section may constitute a separate violation.
- (c) In addition, the district attorney, county attorney, and the 18 corporation counsel shall have concurrent authority to seek the relief 19 20 in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, and all civil penalties obtained 21 in any such action shall be retained by the municipality or county.
- 22 § 2. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after 23 it shall have become a law.