STATE OF NEW YORK

3658

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 25, 2017

Introduced by Sens. SQUADRON, ADDABBO, HOYLMAN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Corporations, Authorities and Commissions

AN ACT to amend the business corporation law, the cooperative corporations law, the not-for-profit corporation law, the railroad law, the transportation corporations law, the banking law and the limited liability company law, in relation to enacting the "corporate political activity accountability to shareholders act"

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as 2 the "corporate political activity accountability to shareholders act".

3 § 2. The business corporation law is amended by adding a new section 4 631 to read as follows:

5 § 631. Political contributions.

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(a) Definitions. When used in this section:

7 (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a 8 9 political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly 10 constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are 11 defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or oppo-12 <u>sition</u> to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the 13 general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government 14 official, candidate for public or party office or political party 15 16 regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or 17 regulation;

18 (2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a
19 person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience
20 via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener21 al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers,

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brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-1 mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public 3 audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly 4 advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or 5 the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the 6 candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its 7 8 agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any 9 such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editori-10 al or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, 11 cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or 12 13 controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or 14 (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 15 16 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections. 17

- (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on corporate contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a corporation or any of its subsidiaries may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the corporation shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- (c) Any corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall at least annually disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, poli-34 tical party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- 36 (4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent 37 expenditure.
 - (d) The secretary of state shall post each corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
 - (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- 42 § 3. The business corporation law is amended by adding a new section 43 1321 to read as follows:
- 44 § 1321. Political contributions.
 - (a) Definitions. When used in this section:
- (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding 46 loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a 47 political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly 48 constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are 49 defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or oppo-50 51 sition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the 52 53 general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government 54 official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or 55

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(2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a 1 person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience 2 3 via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-4 al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, 5 brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-6 mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public 7 audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly 8 advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or 9 the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the 10 candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee 11 formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any 12 such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a 13 14 communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editorial or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, 15 16 cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or 17 controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) 18 19 a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 20 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.

(b) Notwithstanding any other limits on corporate contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a foreign corporation doing business in the state in accordance with section thirteen hundred one of this article may make a contribution or independent expenditure in New York, the foreign corporation shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.

- (c) Any foreign corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure in New York shall at least annually disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- (4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent expenditure.
- (d) The secretary of state shall post each foreign corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
- (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- § 4. The business corporation law is amended by adding a new section 1517 to read as follows:
- 49 § 1517. Political contributions.

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- (a) Definitions. When used in this section:
- (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political

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party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the 1 general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government 3 official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;

- 6 (2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a 7 person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience 8 via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-9 al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, 10 brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or information conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public 11 audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly 12 13 advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or 14 the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee 15 16 formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any 17 such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a 18 19 communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editorial or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, 20 21 cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or 22 (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) 23 24 a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 25 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.
- 26 (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on professional service corpo-27 ration contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot 28 29 referendum, before a professional service corporation may make a 30 contribution or independent expenditure, the professional service corpo-31 ration shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote 32 of a majority of the shares cast on such resolution to make contrib-33 utions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual 34 amount.
 - (c) Any professional service corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall at least annually disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- 42 (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an inde-43 pendent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, poli-44 tical party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or 45 regulation supported or opposed; and
- 46 (4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent 47
- (d) The secretary of state shall post each professional service corpo-48 ration's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of 49 50 state.
- 51 (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section. 52
- 53 § 5. The business corporation law is amended by adding a new section 1534 to read as follows: 54
- 55 § 1534. Political contributions.
 - (a) Definitions. When used in this section:

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(1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;

(2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a general public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or information conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editorial or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on foreign professional service corporation contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a foreign professional service corporation, as defined by subdivision (d) of section fifteen hundred twenty-five of this article, may make a contribution or independent expenditure in New York, the foreign professional service corporation shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- 42 (c) Any foreign professional service corporation, either by itself or
 43 its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure in
 44 New York shall at least annually disclose to its shareholders and file
 45 with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and inde46 pendent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- 53 <u>(4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent</u> 54 <u>expenditure.</u>

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(d) The secretary of state shall post each foreign professional service corporation's annual disclosure on the web site maintained by the secretary of state.

- (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- § 6. The cooperative corporations law is amended by adding a new section 78 to read as follows:
- 8 § 78. Political contributions. 1. Definitions. When used in this 9 section:
 - (a) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
 - (b) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a general public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or information conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editorial or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.
 - 2. Notwithstanding any other limits on cooperative corporation contributions to or expenditures on behalf of political candidates, political committees, party committees, or ballot referendums, before a cooperative corporation may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the cooperative corporation shall at least annually obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares or members cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures, up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- 3. Any cooperative corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall, at least annually, disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (a) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (b) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;

(c) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and

- (d) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent expenditure.
- 4. The secretary of state shall post each cooperative corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
- 9 <u>5. The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding</u> 10 <u>to enforce the provisions of this section.</u>
- 11 § 7. The not-for-profit corporation law is amended by adding a new 12 section 522 to read as follows:
- 13 § 522. Political contributions.

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- (a) Definitions. When used in this section:
- (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
- 26 (2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a 27 person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-28 29 al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, 30 brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-31 mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public 32 audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly 33 advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or 34 the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the 35 candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee 36 formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its 37 agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any 38 such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editori-39 al or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, 40 cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or 41 42 controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or 43 (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 44 45 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on not-for-profit corporation contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a not-for-profit corporation or any of its subsidiaries may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the not-for-profit corporation shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the members voting on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- 55 <u>(c) Any not-for-profit corporation, either by itself or its subsid-</u> 56 <u>iaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall at least</u>

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annually disclose to its members and file with the secretary of state an 1 accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for 2 3 such purposes, including:

- (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- (4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent 10 expenditure. 11
- (d) The secretary of state shall post each not-for-profit corpo-12 ration's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of 13 14 state.
 - (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- 17 § 8. The railroad law is amended by adding a new section 35 to read as 18
- § 35. Political contributions. 1. Definitions. When used in this 19 20 section:
 - (a) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
- 32 (b) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a 33 person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience 34 via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-35 al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-36 mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public 37 38 audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or 39 the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the 40 candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee 41 42 formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its 43 agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a 44 45 communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editori-46 al or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or 47 controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or 48 49 (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 50 51 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other limits on railroad corporation contributions to or expenditures on behalf of political candidates, political 54 committees, party committees, or ballot referendums, before a railroad corporation may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the railroad corporation shall at least annually obtain the prior authori-

 zation by vote of a majority of the shares or members cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures, up to a stated aggregate annual amount.

- 3. Any railroad corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making contributions or independent expenditures shall, at least annually, disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (a) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (b) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (c) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- 15 (d) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent 16 expenditure.
 - 4. The secretary of state shall post each railroad corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
 - 5. The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
 - § 9. The transportation corporations law is amended by adding a new section 7 to read as follows:
 - § 7. Political contributions. (a) Definitions. When used in this section:
 - (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
- (2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a general public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editorial or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.

 (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on transportation corporation contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a transportation corporation or any of its subsidiaries may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the transportation corporation shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.

- (c) Any transportation corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making contributions or independent expenditures shall at least annually disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- (4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent expenditure.
- (d) The secretary of state shall post each transportation corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
- (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- \S 10. The banking law is amended by adding a new section 5017 to read as follows:
- § 5017. Political contributions. 1. Definitions. When used in this section:
 - (a) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
- (b) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editori-

 al or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other limits on corporation contributions to or expenditures on behalf of political candidates, political committees, party committees, or ballot referendums, before a corporation may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the corporation shall at least annually obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the shares or members cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures, up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- 3. Any corporation, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall, at least annually, disclose to its shareholders and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (a) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (b) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (c) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- (d) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent expenditure.
- 4. The secretary of state shall post each corporation's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
- 5. The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- § 11. The limited liability company law is amended by adding a new section 510 to read as follows:
- § 510. Political contributions. (a) Definitions. When used in this section:
- (1) The term "contribution" means any gift, subscription, outstanding loan, advance, deposit of money or any thing of value provided to a political committee, party committee, constituted committee or duly constituted subcommittee of a county committee, as those terms are defined in article fourteen of the election law, in support or opposition to a candidate for public or party office, referendum, political party, electioneering communication or any communication made to the general public intended to encourage the public to contact a government official, candidate for public or party office or political party regarding pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation;
- (2) The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by a person for an audio or video communication to a general public audience via broadcast, cable or satellite or a written communication to a gener-al public audience via advertisements, pamphlets, circulars, flyers, brochures, letterheads or other printed matter and statements or infor-mation conveyed to five hundred or more members of a general public audience by computer or other electronic devices which: (i) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the success or defeat of a ballot proposal and (ii) such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its

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agents, did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such communication. Independent expenditures do not include: (A) a 3 communication appearing in a written news story, commentary, or editori-4 al or distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, 5 cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or 6 controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or 7 (B) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (C) 8 a communication which constitutes an expenditure made by an entity 9 required to report such expenditure with a board of elections.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other limits on contributions to, or expenditures on behalf of, candidates for public or party office, political committees, party committees or ballot referendum, before a limited liability company may make a contribution or independent expenditure, the limited liability company shall, at least annually, obtain the prior authorization by vote of a majority of the members or managers cast on such resolution to make contributions or independent expenditures up to a stated aggregate annual amount.
- (c) Any limited liability company, either by itself or its subsidiaries, making a contribution or independent expenditure shall at least annually disclose to its members or managers and file with the secretary of state an accounting of the contributions and independent expenditures used for such purposes, including:
 - (1) the date of the contribution or independent expenditure;
 - (2) the amount of the contribution or independent expenditure;
- (3) the identity of the recipient of the contribution, or if an independent expenditure, the identity of the candidate, referendum, political party, pending legislation, public policy or a government rule or regulation supported or opposed; and
- 29 <u>(4) the business rationale for each such contribution or independent</u> 30 <u>expenditure.</u>
 - (d) The secretary of state shall post each limited liability company's annual disclosure on the website maintained by the secretary of state.
- 33 (e) The attorney general may commence an action or special proceeding to enforce the provisions of this section.
- § 12. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.
- 42 § 13. This act shall take effect on the first of August next succeed-43 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.