STATE OF NEW YORK

3214

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 20, 2017

Introduced by Sen. SANDERS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Investigations and Govern-

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a renters' small homeowners' tax credit

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 2 subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

(b-1) Renters' and small homeowners' credit in a city with a population of one million or more.

(1) For the purposes of this subsection:

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5 6 (A) "Qualified taxpayer" means a resident individual who lives in a 7 city with a population of one million or more who has occupied and paid 8 rent for his or her primary residence in such city for six months or 9 more of the taxable year, is required or chooses to file a return under 10 this article, and (i) is sixty-five years of age or older, (ii) is filing a joint return with a spouse who is sixty-five years of age or 11 12 older, (iii) is a head of household, (iv) is a married individual filing 13 a joint return with a spouse and has at least one dependent, (v) is a 14 married individual filing a separate return and has at least one dependent, or (vi) is a surviving spouse and has at least one dependent. For 15 purposes of this subsection "qualified taxpayer" shall also include the 16 owner of any dwelling with six units or less in a city with a population 17 18 of one million or more who occupies such dwelling as his or her primary 19 residence for six months or more of the taxable year and who is required 20 or chooses to file a return under this article. An individual cannot be 21 a qualified taxpayer if he or she is an individual with respect to whom a deduction under subsection (c) of section 151 of the internal revenue 22 code is allowable to another taxpayer for the taxable year or pays rent 23 24 for his or her primary residence to a family member sharing the same

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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2 S. 3214

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primary residence. A family member of an individual is the individual's spouse, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece, related to the individual by blood, marriage or 3 4 adoption.

- (B) "Residence" means a dwelling in a city with a population of one million or more and may consist of a part of a multi-dwelling or multipurpose building including a cooperative or condominium, one, two or three family dwellings and rental units within a single dwelling which are either owner-occupied or rented by a qualified taxpayer. Residence includes a trailer or mobile home, used exclusively for residential purposes and defined as real property pursuant to paragraph (q) of subdivision twelve of section one hundred two of the real property tax law.
- 14 (2) (A) A qualified taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as provided in this subsection against the taxes imposed by this article reduced by the 15 credits permitted by this article. If the credit exceeds the tax as so 16 17 reduced for such year under this article, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the 18 provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, 19 20 however, that no interest shall be paid thereon. If a qualified taxpayer 21 is not required to file a return pursuant to section six hundred fiftyone of this article but otherwise qualifies for a credit under this 22 subsection, a claim for a credit may be taken on a return filed with the 23 commissioner within three years from the time that a return would have 24 25 been required to be filed pursuant to such section had such qualified 26 taxpayer had a taxable year ending on December thirty-first. Returns 27 shall be in such form as prescribed by the commissioner. A qualified taxpayer must provide any information the commissioner deems necessary 28 29 to determine the credit allowed.
- (B) If more than one qualified taxpayer pays rent for the same primary 30 31 residence and has a federal adjusted gross income for which a credit 32 would otherwise be due, each such qualified taxpayer shall divide the 33 base amount of the credit allowed for his or her income level by the total number of individuals or married couples filing a joint return who 34 35 are paying the rent, whether or not eligible for a credit, to determine the amount of credit allowed to that qualified taxpayer. Any additional 36 amount of credit determined based on the number of exemptions claimed by 37 38 such taxpayer shall not be so divided.
- (C) A qualified taxpayer shall be allowed the credit under this 39 40 subsection or the credit under subsection (e) of this section, whichever 41 is the higher amount.
- 42 (3) (A) For any qualified taxpayer who is sixty-five years of age or 43 older with a filing status of single, the amount of the credit allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall be determined in accordance with the 44 45 following tables:

\$70

- 46 For taxable years beginning in 2017,
- if federal adjusted gross income is: The credit shall be: 47
- \$25,000 or less 48
- \$110 Over \$25,000 but not over \$40,000 49 <u>\$90</u>
- 50 Over \$40,000 but not over \$50,000
- 51 For taxable years beginning in or
- 52 after 2018, if federal adjusted gross
- 53 income is:

The credit shall be: 54 \$25,000 or less \$220

S. 3214 3

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1	Over \$25,000 but not over \$40,000	<u>\$180</u>	
2	Over \$40,000 but not over \$50,000	\$140	
3	(B) For any other qualified taxpayer		
4	pursuant to this paragraph shall be determined in accordance with the		
5	following tables; provided, however, t		
6	married individual filing a separat		
7	receive one-half of the base amount of		
8	amount for which such taxpayer would h		
9	number of exemptions claimed by such t	caxpayer:	
10	For taxable years beginning in 2017,		
11	if federal adjusted gross income is:	The credit shall be:	
12	<u>\$25,000 or less</u>	\$80 plus an amount	
13		equal to \$35	
14		multiplied by a	
15		<u>number which is one</u>	
16		<u>less than the number</u>	
17		of exemptions for	
18		which the taxpayer	
19		<u>(or in the case</u>	
20		<u>of a married couple</u>	
21		filing a joint return,	
22		taxpayers) is entitled	
23		<u>to a deduction for the</u>	
24		taxable year for federal	
25		<u>income tax purposes</u>	
26		under subsections (b)	
27		and (c) of section 151	
28		of the internal revenue code	
29	Over \$25,000 but not over \$45,000	<u>\$65 plus an amount</u>	
30		<u>equal to \$24</u>	
31		multiplied by a number	
32		which is one less than	
33		the number of exemptions	
34		<u>for which the taxpayer</u>	
35		(or in the case of	
36		a married couple filing a	
37		<u>joint return, taxpayers)</u>	
38		is entitled to a	
39		<u>deduction for the taxable</u>	
40		year for federal income	
41		tax purposes under	
42		subsections (b) and (c)	
43		of section 151 of the	
44		<u>internal revenue code</u>	
4 -	Ones 445 000 had not seen 465 000	AFF -1	
45	Over \$45,000 but not over \$65,000	\$55 plus an amount	
46		equal to \$12 multiplied	
47		by a number which is one	
48		less than the number	
49		of exemptions for	
50		which the taxpayer (or	
51		in the case of a married	
52		couple filing a joint return,	
53		taxpayers) is entitled	

S. 3214 4

1 2 3 4 5 6		to a deduction for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes under subsections (b) and (c) of section 151 of the internal revenue code
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Over \$65,000 but not over \$100,000	\$45 plus an amount equal to \$12 multiplied by a number which is one less than the number of exemptions for which the taxpayer (or in the case of a married couple filing a joint return, taxpayers) is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes under subsections (b) and (c) of section 151 of the internal revenue code
21 22	For taxable years beginning in or after 2018, if federal adjusted gross	
23	income is:	The credit shall be:
24	\$25,000 or less	\$160 plus an
25	\$237000 01 1055	amount equal to \$70
26		multiplied by a number which
27		is one less than the
28		number of exemptions
29		for which the taxpayer
30		(or in the case of a
31		married couple filing a
32		joint return, taxpayers)
33		is entitled to a deduction
34		for the taxable year for
35		federal income tax purposes
36		under subsections (b) and
37		(c) of section 151 of the
38		internal revenue code
39	Over \$25,000 but not over \$45,000	\$130 plus an amount
40		equal to \$48
41		multiplied by a number
42		which is one less than
43		the number of exemptions
44		for which the taxpayer
45		(or in the case of
46 47		a married couple filing
4 / 48		<pre>a joint return, taxpayers) is entitled to a deduction</pre>
48 49		for the taxable year for
49 50		federal income tax purposes
50 51		under subsections (b)
51 52		and (c) of section 151
52 53		of the internal revenue code
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S. 3214 5

1	<u>Over \$45,000 but not over \$65,000</u>	<u> \$110 plus an amount</u>
2		equal to \$24 multiplied
3		by a number which is one
4		less than the number
5		of exemptions for
6		which the taxpayer (or
7		in the case of a married
8		couple filing a joint return,
9		taxpayers) is entitled to a
L 0		<u>deduction</u> for the taxable
11		year for federal income tax
12		purposes under subsections
13		(b) and (c) of section 151
L 4		of the internal revenue code
15	Over \$65,000 but not over \$100,000	\$90 plus an amount
16		equal to \$24 multiplied
L7		by a number which is one
18		<u>less than the number</u>
L9		of exemptions for
20		which the taxpayer (or
21		in the case of a married
21 22		couple filing a joint return,
23 24		<u>taxpayers) is</u>
		entitled to a deduction
25		for the taxable year for
26		<u>federal income tax purposes</u>
27		under subsections (b) and
28		(c) of section 151 of the
29		<u>internal revenue code</u>
30	§ 2. This act shall take effect	immediately.