

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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9768

## IN ASSEMBLY

February 6, 2018

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Introduced by M. of A. TITONE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection

AN ACT in relation to creating a temporary state commission on personal privacy to examine and assess the privacy of individuals in the state of New York and to make recommendations relative to the protection thereof; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. New York state historically has been a leader in protecting  
2 the personal privacy of its citizens. Today governmental agencies and  
3 commercial firms are constantly gathering and distributing more and more  
4 detailed information on the personal lives of the citizens of New York.  
5 The rapid advancement in technology in recent years has created new  
6 potential threats to the privacy of individuals. The ability to collect,  
7 collate, and transmit personal data using information technology now  
8 allows isolated pieces of information on an individual to be compiled  
9 into profiles of the individual. No comprehensive federal or state law  
10 governs personal privacy, nor is any federal or state agency charged  
11 with the sole responsibility of identifying personal privacy problems  
12 that need to be addressed and encouraging the development and enactment  
13 of policies aimed at protecting individuals' privacy. A thorough under-  
14 standing of the potential dangers to personal privacy is necessary in  
15 order that the legislature may take the appropriate steps to protect the  
16 privacy of the state's citizens at this pivotal point in time.

17 § 2. A temporary state commission is hereby established to be known as  
18 the "commission on personal privacy". The role of the commission  
19 includes, but is not limited to:

20 (a) assessing the level of citizen concern about personal privacy and,  
21 to the extent possible, the incidence of privacy intrusions suffered by  
22 New York citizens;

23 (b) examining the practices of state and local governmental agencies  
24 and businesses related to the collection, storage, and distribution of

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 personal information and assessing the potential privacy issues associ-  
2 ated with such collection, storage and distribution;

3 (c) assessing the scope and effectiveness of existing federal and  
4 state privacy protection laws and self-regulatory efforts undertaken by  
5 businesses in protecting personal privacy;

6 (d) recommending appropriate legislative and administrative reforms  
7 relating to state systems that collect and maintain personal information  
8 of employees, public retirees and other persons to ensure that personal  
9 information is not subject to misappropriation; and

10 (e) recommending appropriate legislation relating to the collection,  
11 storage, and distribution of personal information by businesses to  
12 ensure that personal information is not subject to misappropriation.

13 § 3. The commission shall make a preliminary report to the governor  
14 and the legislature of its findings, conclusions, and recommendations  
15 not later than the one hundred eightieth day after the effective date of  
16 this section and a final report of its findings, conclusions, and recom-  
17 mendations not later than one year after the effective date of this  
18 section, and shall submit with its reports such legislative proposals as  
19 it deems necessary to implement its recommendations.

20 § 4. The commission shall consist of a total of fifteen members who  
21 shall be appointed not later than the thirtieth day after the effective  
22 date of this section and shall include the superintendent of the depart-  
23 ment of financial services, the secretary of state, the director of the  
24 office of information technology services, and the attorney general, or  
25 a designee of any of said officers. The remaining eleven, at-large  
26 members shall be appointed as follows: three shall be appointed by the  
27 governor; three shall be appointed by the temporary president of the  
28 senate and one by the minority leader of the senate; three shall be  
29 appointed by the speaker of the assembly and one by the minority leader  
30 of the assembly. One each of the appointments of the governor, temporary  
31 president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly shall be a  
32 member, officer, or employee of a consumer advocacy organization. One  
33 of the appointments of the governor shall be a member, officer, or  
34 employee of a statewide association representing and advocating for the  
35 interests of businesses. One of the appointments of the governor shall  
36 be a member, officer, or employee of a statewide association represent-  
37 ing and advocating for the interests of local governments. One of the  
38 appointments of the speaker of the assembly shall be an individual who  
39 has conducted academic research on personal privacy protection. One of  
40 the appointments of the speaker of the assembly shall be a member, offi-  
41 cer, or employee of a manufacturer of systems used by state and local  
42 governments to electronically store data. One of the appointments of the  
43 temporary president of the senate shall be a member, officer, or employ-  
44 ee of a statewide trade association representing the health care indus-  
45 try. One of the appointments of the temporary president of the senate  
46 shall be a member, officer, or employee of a statewide trade association  
47 representing financial institutions. An organization shall be considered  
48 a consumer advocacy organization if it advocates for enhanced consumer  
49 protection in the marketplace, educates consumers, and researches and  
50 analyzes consumer issues, including consumers' right to privacy.

51 § 5. The secretary of state shall serve as chairperson of the commis-  
52 sion. The commission may consult with any organization, educational  
53 institution, governmental agency, or person.

54 § 6. The members of the commission shall serve without compensation,  
55 except that at-large members shall be allowed their necessary and actual  
56 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this act.

1     § 7. The department of state shall provide the commission with such  
2 facilities, assistance, and data as will enable the commission to carry  
3 out its powers and duties. Additionally, all other departments or agen-  
4 cies of the state or subdivisions thereof shall, at the request of the  
5 chairperson, provide the task force with such facilities, assistance,  
6 and data as will enable the commission to carry out its powers and  
7 duties.

8     § 8. With the approval of the chairperson of the commission, members  
9 of the commission may participate in meetings of the commission by means  
10 of videoconference or similar equipment that allows all members partic-  
11 ipating in such meetings to see and hear each other at the same time and  
12 allows the public attending the meeting in person to see and hear the  
13 members of the commission participating in such manner.

14     § 9. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall  
15 have become a law and shall expire and be deemed repealed on the three  
16 hundred ninety-fifth day after it shall have taken effect.