STATE OF NEW YORK

S. 7506 A. 9506

SENATE - ASSEMBLY

January 18, 2018

IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance

IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to contracts for excellence and the apportionment of public moneys; to amend the education law, in relation to the reporting of teacher diversity; to amend the education law, in relation to teaching tolerance; to amend the education law, in relation to reporting requirements of school level funding; to amend the education law, in relation to charter school tuition and facility aid for charter schools; to amend the education law, in relation to supplemental public excess cost aid; to amend the education law, in relation to total foundation aid; to amend the education law, in relation to building aid; to amend the education law, in relation to full day kindergarten aid; to amend the education law, in relation to academic enhancement aid; to amend the education law, in relation to high tax aid; to amend the education law, in relation to universal pre-kindergarten aid; to amend the education law, in relation to the statewide universal full-day pre-kindergarten program; to amend the education law, in relation to state aid adjustments; to amend the education law, in relation to the teachers of tomorrow teacher recruitment and retention program; to amend the education law, in relation to class sizes for special classes containing certain students with disabilities; to amend the education law, in relation to summer programs for students with disabilities; to amend chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, in relation to reimbursements for the 2018-2019 school year; to amend chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, in relation to withholding a portion of employment preparation education aid and in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend the education law, in relation to class sizes for special classes containing certain students with disabilities; to

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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amend chapter 82 of the laws of 1995, amending the education law and certain other laws relating to state aid to school districts and the appropriation of funds for the support of government, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend the education law, in relation to authorizing the granting of waivers for certain duties owed by school districts to children with handicapping conditions; to amend chapter 89 of the laws of 2016, relating to supplementary funding for dedicated programs for public school students in the East Ramapo central school district, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 147 of the laws of 2001, amending the education law relating to conditional appointment of school district, charter school or BOCES employees, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 169 of the laws of 1994, relating to certain provisions related to the 1994-95 state operations, aid to localities, capital projects and debt service budgets, in relation to the expiration of certain provisions; to amend chapter 425 of the laws of 2002, amending the education law relating to the provision of supplemental educational services, attendance at a safe public school and the suspension of pupils who bring a firearm to or possess a firearm at a school, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 101 of the laws of 2003, amending the education law relating to implementation of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 56 of the laws of 2014, amending the education law relating to providing that standardized test scores shall not be included on a student's permanent record, in relation to the expiration of certain provisions; to amend the education law, in relation to requiring the commissioner of education to include certain information in the official score report of all students; relating to school bus driver training; relating to special apportionment for salary expenses and public pension accruals; relating to suballocations of appropriations; relating to the city school district of the city of Rochester; relating to total foundation aid for the purpose of the development, maintenance or expansion of certain magnet schools or magnet school programs for the 2017-2018 school year; and relating to the support of public libraries (Part A); to amend the education law and chapter 537 of the laws of 1976, relating to paid, free and reduced price breakfast for eligible pupils in certain school districts, in relation prohibiting lunch shaming and to school breakfast and lunch programs (Part B); to amend the education law, in relation to authorizing school bus stop cameras; and to amend the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to owner liability for operator illegally overtaking or passing a school bus and increasing fines for passing a stopped school bus (Part C); to amend the education law, in relation to participation in recovery high school programs (Part D); to amend the education law, in relation to eligibility requirements and conditions governing general awards, academic performance awards and student loans; eligibility requirements for assistance under the higher education opportunity programs and the collegiate science and technology entry program; the definition of "resident"; financial aid opportunities for students of the state university of New York, the city university of New York and community colleges; and the program requirements for the New York state college choice tuition savings program; and to repeal subdivision 3 of section 661 of the education law relating thereto (Part E); to amend the education law, the business corporation law, the partnership law and the limited liability company law, in relation to certified public accountants (Part F); to amend chapter 57 of the laws of

2012 amending the social services law and the family court act relating to establishing a juvenile justice services close to home initiative, and amending the social services law, the family court act and the executive law relating to juvenile delinquents, in relation to extending the close to home (CTH) initiative and juvenile justice reforms an additional five years; and to repeal certain provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision 8 of section 404 of the social services law relating to CTH funding and reimbursement (Part G); in relation to authorizing the closure of the Ella McQueen reception center for boys and girls (Part H); to amend part G of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, amending the executive law and the social services law relating to consolidating the youth development and delinquency prevention program and the special delinquency prevention program, in relation to extending such provisions (Part I); to amend part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, amending the education law, relating to authorizing the board of cooperative educational services to enter into contracts with the commissioner of children and family services to provide certain services, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part J); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to adding the office of children and family services to the list of entities to whom the dormitory authority of the state of New York (DASNY) is authorized to provide capital design and construction services (Part K); to amend the social services law, in relation to increasing the standards of monthly need for aged, blind and disabled persons living in the community (Part L); to amend the social services law, in relation to a rental subsidy for public assistance recipients living with HIV/AIDS (Part M); to utilize reserves in the mortgage insurance fund for various housing purposes (Part N); and to amend chapter 85 of the laws of 2017, relating to creating the Lake Ontario-St. Lawrence Seaway flood recovery and International Joint Commission Plan 2014 mitigation grant program, in relation to utilizing reserves in the mortgage insurance fund for various housing purposes (Part O)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2018-2019 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through O. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

PART A

Section 1. Paragraph e of subdivision 1 of section 211-d of the education law, as amended by section 1 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

e. Notwithstanding paragraphs a and b of this subdivision, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand

eight--two thousand nine school year shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year in conformity with the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the product of the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year, multiplied by the district's gap elimination adjustment percentage and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year; and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year; and provided further that a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand sixteen--two thou-

sand seventeen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year; and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year**; and provided further that a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year**. For purposes of this paragraph, the "gap elimination adjustment percentage" shall be calculated as the sum of one minus the quotient of the sum of the school district's net gap elimination adjustment for two thousand ten--two thousand eleven computed pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand ten, making appropriations for the support of government, plus the school district's gap elimination adjustment for two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve as computed pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand eleven, making appropriations for the support of the local assistance budget, including support for general support for public schools, divided by the total aid for adjustment computed pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand eleven, making appropriations for the local assistance budget, including support for general support for public schools. Provided, further, that such amount shall be expended to support and maintain allowable programs and activities approved in the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year or to support new or expanded allowable programs and activities in the current year.

§ 2. The education law is amended by adding a new section 210-d to read as follows:

§ 210-d. Data reporting requirements for graduate-level teacher and educational leader programs. Each institution registered by the department with graduate-level teacher and leader education programs shall report to the department data in a form prescribed by the commissioner regarding demographic data, on students participating in and completing registered graduate-level teacher and educational leader programs.

§ 3. Section 305 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 57 to read as follows:

57. The commissioner, in cooperation with the commissioner of the division of human rights, shall establish and develop a respect for diversity program within the department for the eighth and ninth grade. Such program shall include but not be limited to age-appropriate model curriculum, exemplar lesson plans, and best practice instructional

resources designed to promote awareness and respect for diversity, including but not limited to respect for diversity of race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or sex.

§ 4. The education law is amended by adding a new section 3614 to read as follows:

§ 3614. Statement of the total funding allocation. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law, rule or regulation to the contrary, commencing with the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year for school districts located in a city with a population of more than one hundred twenty-five thousand, and commencing with the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year for school districts containing at least nine schools as reported in the school report card database produced by the commissioner for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and which receive at least fifty percent of total revenue from state aid as reported in the fiscal profiles master files report produced by the commissioner concerning data on school district expenditures and revenues for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year, such school districts shall annually submit for the approval of the commissioner and the director of the budget and shall make publicly available and on the district website a detailed statement of the total funding allocation for each school in the district for the upcoming school budget year prior to the first day of such school year, provided that:

a. Such statements shall be in a form developed by the commissioner and approved by the director of the budget, provided that when preparing statements districts shall adhere to and complete the prescribed form accurately and fully. Provided, further, that each local educational agency shall include in such statement the approach used to allocate funds to each school and that such statement shall include but not be limited to separate entries for each individual school, demographic data for the school, per pupil funding level, source of funds, and uniform decision rules regarding allocation of centralized spending to individual schools from both state and local funds.

b. The commissioner and director of the budget shall review and approve or disapprove of such statement of the approach used to allocate state and local funds, based on criteria which shall include but not be limited to student need, per pupil funding, and total funding, provided that no such approach shall use state or federal funds to supplant local funds.

c. If the commissioner or director of the budget disapprove a school district's spending statement, such school district shall be allowed to submit a revised spending statement for approval.

d. Nothing in this subdivision shall alter or suspend statutory school district budget and voting requirements.

2. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, no school district subject to this section shall be eligible for an apportionment of general support for public schools from the funds appropriated for the current school year in excess of the amount apportioned to such school district in the respective base year unless such school district has submitted a statement for the current school year that has been approved by the commissioner and the director of the budget as required by subdivision one of this section. For purposes of this subdivision, "base year" shall mean the base year as defined in paragraph b of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this part, and "current

year" shall mean the current year as defined in paragraph a of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this part.

§ 5. Paragraph b of subdivision 6-g of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 11-a of part A of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

b. The apportionment shall equal the product of (1) the sum of:

for aid payable for expenses incurred pursuant to subparagraph five of paragraph (e) of subdivision three of section twenty-eight hundred fifty-three of this chapter where the charter school prevails on appeal, the annual approved expenses incurred by the city school district pursuant to such subparagraph five multiplied by

(2) six-tenths, provided, however, that the apportionment payable pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed ten million dollars.

§ 6. Clause (A) of subparagraph 5 of paragraph e of subdivision 3 of section 2853 of the education law, as amended by section 11 of part A of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

(A) the actual rental cost, including but not limited to lease payments, costs of capital improvements, costs of occupancy, maintenance and repairs, utilities, custodial, security, insurance and real property taxes, of an alternative privately owned site selected by the charter school or

§ 7. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 of section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 4 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(d) School districts shall be eligible for an annual apportionment equal to the amount of the supplemental basic tuition for the charter school in the base year for the expenses incurred in the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen, two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen, two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen [~~school years~~], and [~~thereafter~~] two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school years. School districts other than a school district located in a city with a population of one million people or more shall be eligible for an annual apportionment in the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year and thereafter equal to the amount of the supplemental basic tuition for the charter school in the base year.

§ 8. Paragraph d of subdivision 1 of section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 4-a of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(d) School districts shall be eligible for an annual apportionment equal to the amount of the supplemental basic tuition for the charter school in the base year for the expenses incurred in the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen, two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen, two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen [~~school years~~], and [~~thereafter~~] two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school years. School districts other than a school district located in a city with a population of one million people or more shall be eligible for an annual apportionment in the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year and thereafter equal to the amount of the supplemental basic tuition for the charter school in the base year.

§ 9. Paragraph r of subdivision 1 of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 11 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

r. "Sparsity count", for districts operating a kindergarten through grade twelve school program, shall mean the product of (i) the base year public school enrollment of the district and (ii) the sparsity factor, which shall mean the quotient, computed to three decimals without round-

ing, of the positive remainder of twenty-five minus the enrollment per square mile divided by fifty and nine tenths, but not less than zero. Enrollment per square mile shall be the quotient, computed to two decimals without rounding, of the public school enrollment of the school district on the date enrollment was counted in accordance with this subdivision for the base year divided by the square miles of the district, as determined by the commissioner.

§ 9-a. Subdivision 4 of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 16-a of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

4. Total foundation aid. In addition to any other apportionment pursuant to this chapter, a school district, other than a special act school district as defined in subdivision eight of section four thousand one of this chapter, shall be eligible for total foundation aid equal to the product of total aidable foundation pupil units multiplied by the district's selected foundation aid, which shall be the greater of five hundred dollars ($500) or foundation formula aid, provided, however that for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight through two thousand eight--two thousand nine school years, no school district shall receive total foundation aid in excess of the sum of the total foundation aid base for aid payable in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year computed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section, plus the phase-in foundation increase computed pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision, and provided further that for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, no school district shall receive total foundation aid in excess of the sum of the total foundation aid base for aid payable in the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year computed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section, plus the phase-in foundation increase computed pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision, and provided further that for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year and thereafter, no school district shall receive total foundation aid in excess of the sum of the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section, plus the phase-in foundation increase computed pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision, and provided further that for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year, no eligible school districts shall receive total foundation aid in excess of the sum of the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section plus the sum of (A) the phase-in foundation increase, (B) the executive foundation increase with a minimum increase pursuant to paragraph b-2 of this subdivision, and (C) an amount equal to "COMMUNITY SCHOOLS AID" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "BT161-7", where (1) "eligible school district" shall be defined as a district with (a) an unrestricted aid increase of less than seven percent (0.07) and (b) a three year average free and reduced price lunch percent greater than fifteen percent (0.15), and (2) "unrestricted aid increase" shall mean the quotient arrived at when dividing (a) the sum of the executive foundation aid increase plus the gap elimination adjustment for the base year, by (b) the difference of foundation aid for the base year less the gap elimination adjustment for the base year, and (3) "executive foundation increase" shall mean the difference of (a) the amounts set forth for each school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2016-17

ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "BT161-7" less (b) the amounts set forth for each school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2015-16 BASE YEAR AIDS" in such computer listing and provided further that total foundation aid shall not be less than the product of the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section and the due-minimum percent which shall be, for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, one hundred and six-tenths percent (1.006) and for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year for city school districts of those cities having populations in excess of one hundred twenty-five thousand and less than one million inhabitants one hundred and one and one hundred and seventy-six thousandths percent (1.01176), and for all other districts one hundred and three-tenths percent (1.003), and for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year one hundred and eighty-five hundredths percent (1.0085), and for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year, one hundred thirty-seven hundredths percent (1.0037), subject to allocation pursuant to the provisions of subdivision eighteen of this section and any provisions of a chapter of the laws of New York as described therein, nor more than the product of such total foundation aid base and one hundred fifteen percent for any school year other than the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, provided, however, that for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year such maximum shall be no more than the sum of (i) the product of such total foundation aid base and one hundred fifteen percent plus (ii) the executive foundation increase and plus (iii) "COMMUNITY SCHOOLS AID" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "BT161-7" and provided further that for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten through two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school years, each school district shall receive total foundation aid in an amount equal to the amount apportioned to such school district for the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year pursuant to this subdivision. Total aidable foundation pupil units shall be calculated pursuant to paragraph g of subdivision two of this section. For the purposes of calculating aid pursuant to this subdivision, aid for the city school district of the city of New York shall be calculated on a citywide basis.

a. Foundation formula aid. Foundation formula aid shall equal the remainder when the expected minimum local contribution is subtracted from the product of the foundation amount, the regional cost index, and the pupil need index, or: (foundation amount x regional cost index x pupil need index)-expected minimum local contribution.

(1) The foundation amount shall reflect the average per pupil cost of general education instruction in successful school districts, as determined by a statistical analysis of the costs of special education and general education in successful school districts, provided that the foundation amount shall be adjusted annually to reflect the percentage increase in the consumer price index as computed pursuant to section two thousand twenty-two of this chapter, provided that for the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, for the purpose of such adjustment, the percentage increase in the consumer price index shall be deemed to be two and nine-tenths percent (0.029), and provided further that the foundation amount for the two thousand seven--two thousand

eight school year shall be five thousand two hundred fifty-eight dollars, and provided further that for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight through two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school years, the foundation amount shall be further adjusted by the phase-in foundation percent established pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision.

(2) The regional cost index shall reflect an analysis of labor market costs based on median salaries in professional occupations that require similar credentials to those of positions in the education field, but not including those occupations in the education field, provided that the regional cost indices for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and thereafter shall be as follows:

Labor Force Region	Index
Capital District	1.124
Southern Tier	1.045
Western New York	1.091
Hudson Valley	1.314
Long Island/NYC	1.425
Finger Lakes	1.141
Central New York	1.103
Mohawk Valley	1.000
North Country	1.000

(3) The pupil need index shall equal the sum of one plus the extraordinary needs percent, provided, however, that the pupil need index shall not be less than one nor more than two. The extraordinary needs percent shall be calculated pursuant to paragraph w of subdivision one of this section.

(4) The expected minimum local contribution shall equal the lesser of (i) the product of (A) the quotient arrived at when the selected actual valuation is divided by total wealth foundation pupil units, multiplied by (B) the product of the local tax factor, multiplied by the income wealth index, or (ii) the product of (A) the product of the foundation amount, the regional cost index, and the pupil need index, multiplied by (B) the positive difference, if any, of one minus the state sharing ratio for total foundation aid. The local tax factor shall be established by May first of each year by determining the product, computed to four decimal places without rounding, of ninety percent multiplied by the quotient of the sum of the statewide average tax rate as computed by the commissioner for the current year in accordance with the provisions of paragraph e of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred nine-e of this part plus the statewide average tax rate computed by the commissioner for the base year in accordance with such provisions plus the statewide average tax rate computed by the commissioner for the year prior to the base year in accordance with such provisions, divided by three, provided however that for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year, such local tax factor shall be sixteen thousandths (0.016), and provided further that for the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, such local tax factor shall be one hundred fifty-four ten thousandths (0.0154). The income wealth index shall be calculated pursuant to paragraph d of subdivision three of this section, provided, however, that for the purposes of computing the expected minimum local contribution the income wealth index shall not be less than sixty-five percent (0.65) and shall not be more than two hundred percent (2.0) and provided however that such income wealth index shall not be more than ninety-five percent (0.95) for the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, and provided further that such income wealth

index shall not be less than zero for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year. The selected actual valuation shall be calculated pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision one of this section. Total wealth foundation pupil units shall be calculated pursuant to paragraph h of subdivision two of this section.

b. Phase-in foundation increase. (1) The phase-in foundation increase shall equal the product of the phase-in foundation increase factor multiplied by the positive difference, if any, of (i) the product of the total aidable foundation pupil units multiplied by the district's selected foundation aid less (ii) the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section.

(2) (i) Phase-in foundation percent. The phase-in foundation percent shall equal one hundred thirteen and fourteen one hundredths percent (1.1314) for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, one hundred ten and thirty-eight hundredths percent (1.1038) for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, one hundred seven and sixty-eight hundredths percent (1.0768) for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year, one hundred five and six hundredths percent (1.0506) for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year, and one hundred two and five tenths percent (1.0250) for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year.

(ii) Phase-in foundation increase factor. For the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, the phase-in foundation increase factor shall equal thirty-seven and one-half percent (0.375) and the phase-in due minimum percent shall equal nineteen and forty-one hundredths percent (0.1941), for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year the phase-in foundation increase factor shall equal one and seven-tenths percent (0.017), for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year the phase-in foundation increase factor shall equal (1) for a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more, five and twenty-three hundredths percent (0.0523) or (2) for all other school districts zero percent, for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year the phase-in foundation increase factor shall equal (1) for a city school district of a city having a population of one million or more, four and thirty-two hundredths percent (0.0432) or (2) for a school district other than a city school district having a population of one million or more for which (A) the quotient of the positive difference of the foundation formula aid minus the foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section divided by the foundation formula aid is greater than twenty-two percent (0.22) and (B) a combined wealth ratio less than thirty-five hundredths (0.35), seven percent (0.07) or (3) for all other school districts, four and thirty-one hundredths percent (0.0431), and for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year the phase-in foundation increase factor shall equal: (1) for a city school district of a city having a population of one million or more, thirteen and two hundred seventy-four thousandths percent (0.13274); or (2) for districts where the quotient arrived at when dividing (A) the product of the total aidable foundation pupil units multiplied by the district's selected foundation aid less the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section divided by (B) the product of the total aidable foundation pupil units multiplied by the district's selected foundation aid is greater than nineteen percent (0.19), and where the district's combined wealth ratio is less than thirty-three hundredths (0.33), seven and seventy-five hundredths percent (0.0775); or (3) for any other district

designated as high need pursuant to clause (c) of subparagraph two of paragraph c of subdivision six of this section for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and entitled "SA0708", four percent (0.04); or (4) for a city school district in a city having a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more but less than one million, fourteen percent (0.14); or (5) for school districts that were designated as small city school districts or central school districts whose boundaries include a portion of a small city for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year and entitled "SA1415", four and seven hundred fifty-one thousandths percent (0.04751); or (6) for all other districts one percent (0.01), and for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year the foundation aid phase-in increase factor shall equal for an eligible school district the greater of: (1) for a city school district in a city with a population of one million or more, seven and seven hundred eighty four thousandths percent (0.07784); or (2) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand but less than one million as of the most recent federal decennial census, seven and three hundredths percent (0.0703); or (3) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than two hundred thousand but less than two hundred fifty thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census, six and seventy-two hundredths percent (0.0672); or (4) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand but less than two hundred thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census, six and seventy-four hundredths percent (0.0674); or (5) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than one hundred twenty-five thousand but less than one hundred fifty thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census, nine and fifty-five hundredths percent (0.0955); or (6) for school districts that were designated as small city school districts or central school districts whose boundaries include a portion of a small city for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year and entitled "SA141-5" with a combined wealth ratio less than one and four tenths (1.4), nine percent (0.09), provided, however, that for such districts that are also districts designated as high need urban-suburban pursuant to clause (c) of subparagraph two of paragraph c of subdivision six of this section for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and entitled "SA0708", nine and seven hundred and nineteen thousandths percent (0.09719); or (7) for school districts designated as high need rural pursuant to clause (c) of subparagraph two of paragraph c of subdivision six of this section for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and entitled "SA0708", thirteen and six tenths percent (0.136); or (8) for school districts designated as high need urban-suburban pursuant to clause (c) of subparagraph two of paragraph c of subdivision six of this section for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and entitled "SA0708", seven hundred nineteen thousandths percent (0.00719); or (9) for all other eligible school districts, forty-seven hundredths percent (0.0047), provided further

that for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year the foundation aid increase phase-in factor shall equal (1) for school districts with a census 2000 poverty rate computed pursuant to paragraph q of subdivision one of this section equal to or greater than twenty-six percent (0.26), ten and three-tenths percent (0.103), or (2) for a school district in a city with a population in excess of one million or more, seventeen and seventy-seven one-hundredths percent (0.1777), or (3) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand but less than one million, as of the most recent decennial census, twelve and sixty-nine hundredths percent (0.1269) or (4) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand but less than two hundred thousand, as of the most recent federal decennial census, ten and seventy-eight one hundredths percent (0.1078), or (5) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than one hundred twenty-five thousand but less than one hundred fifty thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census, nineteen and one hundred eight one-thousandths percent (0.19108), or (6) for a city school district in a city with a population of more than two hundred thousand but less than two hundred fifty thousand as of the most recent federal decennial census, ten and six-tenths percent (0.106), or (7) for all other districts, four and eighty-seven one-hundredths percent (0.0487), and for the two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen**--two thousand [~~nineteen~~] **twenty** school year and thereafter the commissioner shall annually determine the phase-in foundation increase factor subject to allocation pursuant to the provisions of subdivision eighteen of this section and any provisions of a chapter of the laws of New York as described therein.

b-1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and thereafter, the additional amount payable to each school district pursuant to this subdivision in the current year as total foundation aid, after deducting the total foundation aid base, shall be deemed a state grant in aid identified by the commissioner for general use for purposes of section seventeen hundred eighteen of this chapter.

b-2. Due minimum for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year the total foundation aid shall not be less than the sum of the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section plus the due minimum for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year, where such due minimum shall equal the difference of (1) the product of (A) two percent (0.02) multiplied by (B) the difference of total foundation aid for the base year less the gap elimination adjustment for the base year, less (2) the sum of (A) the difference of the amounts set forth for each school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2016-17 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "BT161-7" less the amounts set forth for each school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2015-16 BASE YEAR AIDS" in such computer listing plus (B) the gap elimination adjustment for the base year.

b-3. Due minimum for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year the total foundation aid shall not be less than (A) the sum of the total

foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section plus the product of (i) the difference of the amount set forth for such school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2017-18 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and entitled "BT171-8" less the amount set forth for such school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2016-17 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and entitled "BT171-8" multiplied by (ii) one and eighteen one-hundredths (1.18), or (B) the product of forty-four and seventy-five one-hundredths percent (0.4475) multiplied by total foundation aid as computed pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision, or (C) the sum of the total foundation aid base computed pursuant to paragraph j of subdivision one of this section plus the due minimum for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, where such due minimum shall equal (1) for school districts with a census 2000 poverty rate computed pursuant to paragraph q of subdivision one of this section, equal to or greater than eleven and nine-tenths percent (0.119), the product of the foundation aid base for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year computed pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section multiplied by three hundred thirty-five ten-thousandths (0.0335), or (2) for all other school districts the product of the foundation aid base for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year computed pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of paragraph j of subdivision one of this section multiplied by two and seventy-four one-hundredths percent (0.0274).

b-4. Additional increase for the two thousand seventeen-two thousand eighteen school year. For the two thousand seventeen-two thousand eighteen school year, any school district eligible to receive a phase-in foundation increase pursuant to this subdivision shall receive an additional foundation increase equal to the sum of tiers A, B, C, and D as defined herein.

(i) Tier A. For all school districts other than a district within a city with a population of one million or more, with a combined wealth ratio less than two (2.0), where either (A) the quotient arrived at by dividing the English language learner count pursuant to paragraph o of subdivision one of this section for the base year by the public school district enrollment for the base year pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section is greater than two one-hundredths (0.02) or (B) the quotient arrived at by dividing the difference of the English language learner count pursuant to paragraph o of subdivision one of this section for the base year less such count for one year prior to the base year by the public school district enrollment for one year prior to the base year pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section is greater than one one-thousandth (0.001), tier A shall equal the product of (A) the difference of two minus the combined wealth ratio multiplied by (B) one hundred dollars ($100.00) multiplied by (C) the English language learner count for the base year.

(ii) Tier B. For any school district (A) where the amount set forth as "25% LIMIT CAP ON INCREASE" on the computer file produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and entitled "SA070-8" is less than zero and (B) with a combined wealth ratio computed pursuant to paragraph c of

subdivision three of this section greater than one (1.0), tier B shall equal the product of (A) the sum of (1) the difference of total foundation aid less the foundation aid base plus (2) the difference of the amount set forth for such school district as "FOUNDATION AID" under the heading "2017-18 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request and entitled "BT1718" less the foundation aid base multiplied by (B) ten and two-tenths percent (0.102).

(iii) Tier C. For all school districts with a combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section less than one (1.0), tier C shall be the greater of (A) for districts that were designated as small city school districts or central school districts whose boundaries include a portion of a small city for the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year and entitled "SA1415", the product of the public school district enrollment for the base year pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section multiplied by one hundred sixty-seven dollars and forty cents ($167.40) or (B) for school districts with a sparsity factor as set forth on the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and entitled "SA171-8" of greater than zero, the product of the public school district enrollment for the base year multiplied by one hundred eighty-eight dollars ($188.00).

(iv) Tier D. For all school districts, other than districts within a city with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more, with a selected poverty rate of greater than eighteen hundredths (0.18), tier D shall equal the product of the selected poverty rate multiplied by the school district public enrollment for the base year multiplied by two hundred forty dollars ($240.00), provided, however, that for districts within a city with a population of greater than one hundred twenty-five thousand but less than one million and a selected poverty rate of greater than eighteen hundredths (0.18), tier D shall equal the product of the selected poverty rate multiplied by school district public enrollment for the base year multiplied by three hundred forty-four dollars ($344.00), and for a city school district in a city with a population of one million or more, tier D shall equal the product of the selected poverty rate multiplied by school district public enrollment for the base year multiplied by twenty-nine cents ($0.29).

c. Public excess cost aid setaside. Each school district shall set aside from its total foundation aid computed for the current year pursuant to this subdivision an amount equal to the product of: (i) the difference between the amount the school district was eligible to receive in the two thousand six--two thousand seven school year pursuant to or in lieu of paragraph six of subdivision nineteen of this section as such paragraph existed on June thirtieth, two thousand seven, minus the amount such district was eligible to receive pursuant to or in lieu of paragraph five of subdivision nineteen of this section as such paragraph existed on June thirtieth, two thousand seven, in such school year, and (ii) the sum of one and the percentage increase in the consumer price index for the current year over such consumer price index for the two thousand six--two thousand seven school year, as computed pursuant to section two thousand twenty-two of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the public excess cost aid

setaside shall be paid pursuant to section thirty-six hundred nine-b of this part.

d. For the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen through two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen school years a city school district of a city having a population of one million or more may use amounts apportioned pursuant to this subdivision for afterschool programs.

e. Community schools aid set-aside. Each school district shall set aside from its total foundation aid computed for the current year pursuant to this subdivision an amount equal to the sum of (i) the amount, if any, set forth for such district as "COMMUNITY SCHL AID (BT1617)" in the data file produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "SA161-7" [~~and~~], (ii) the amount, if any, set forth for such district as "COMMUNITY SCHL INCR" in the data file produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and entitled "BT171-8", and (iii) the amount, if any, set forth for such district as "COMMUNITY SCHOOLS INCREASE" in the data file produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year and entitled "BT181-9". Each school district shall use such "COMMUNITY SCHL AID (BT1617)" amount to support the transformation of school buildings into community hubs to deliver co-located or school-linked academic, health, mental health, nutrition, counseling, legal and/or other services to students and their families, including but not limited to providing a community school site coordinator, or to support other costs incurred to maximize students' academic achievement. Each school district shall use such "COMMUNITY SCHL INCR" amount to support the transformation of school buildings into community hubs to deliver co-located or school linked academic, health, mental health services and personnel, after-school programming, dual language programs, nutrition, counseling, legal and/or other services to students and their families, including but not limited to providing a community school site coordinator and programs for English language learners, or to support other costs incurred to maximize students' academic achievement, provided however that a school district whose "COMMUNITY SCHL INCR" amount exceeds one million dollars ($1,000,000) shall use an amount equal to the greater of one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) or ten percent of such "COMMUNITY SCHL INCR" amount to support such transformation at schools with extraordinary high levels of student need as identified by the commissioner, subject to the approval of the director of the budget. Each school district shall use such "COMMUNITY SCHOOLS INCREASE" in the data file produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year and entitled "BT181-9" to support the transformation of school buildings into community hubs to deliver co-located or school linked academic, health, mental health services and personnel, after-school programming, dual language programs, nutrition, counseling, legal and/or other services to students and their families, including but not limited to providing a community school site coordinator and programs for English language learners.

f. Foundation aid payable in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, foundation aid payable in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year shall equal the sum of the foundation aid base

plus the base increase plus the community schools increase, as defined in this paragraph.

(i) Base increase. The base increase for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year shall equal the greater of tiers A, B, or C.

(A) Tier A. Tier A shall equal the product of the phase-in factor and the positive difference, if any, of total foundation aid less the foundation aid base. The phase-in factor shall equal, for a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more, nine thousand nine hundred five hundred thousandths (0.09905), and for all other districts, the product of three hundred fifty-six ten thousandths (0.0356) multiplied by a CWR sliding scale, where the CWR sliding scale shall be equal to the positive difference, if any, of one and six hundred sixteen thousandths (1.616) less the product of (a) one and one thousand twenty-five ten thousandths (1.1025) multiplied by (b) the combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section multiplied again by (c) the combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section, provided that such ratio shall be no more than one.

(B) Tier B. For districts with a combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section less than one (1.0), Tier B shall be equal to the product of district public enrollment for the base year pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section multiplied by the sum of (I) the EN percent base increase, (II) the EN percent sparsity increase, (III) the EN percent growth increase, and (IV) the scaled per pupil amount. For purposes of this subparagraph, the extraordinary needs index shall be equal to a district's extraordinary needs percent calculated pursuant to paragraph w of subdivision one of this section divided by five hundred fifty-seven thousandths (0.557).

(I) EN percent base increase. For all school districts with an extraordinary needs percent calculated pursuant to paragraph w of subdivision one of this section greater than twenty-five hundredths (0.25), the EN percent base increase shall be equal to the product of the extraordinary needs index multiplied by thirty-two dollars and fifty cents ($32.50).

(II) EN percent sparsity increase. For all school districts with an EN percent base increase greater than zero and with a sparsity factor pursuant to paragraph r of subdivision one of this section greater than zero, the EN percent sparsity increase shall be equal to the product of the extraordinary needs index multiplied by nine dollars and forty-two cents ($9.42).

(III) EN percent growth increase. For all school districts with an EN percent base increase greater than zero and where the extraordinary needs percent calculated for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year is more than three hundred twenty-five ten thousandths (0.0325) greater than the extraordinary needs percent calculated for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year, the EN percent growth increase shall be equal to the product of the extraordinary needs index multiplied by thirty dollars ($30.00).

(IV) Scaled per pupil amount. The scaled per pupil amount shall equal for all school districts with a combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section less than one (1.0), the product of sixty-nine dollars ($69.00) multiplied by the positive difference, if any, of one and six hundred

sixteen thousandths (1.616) less the product of (a) one and one thousand twenty-five ten thousandths (1.1025) multiplied by (b) the combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section multiplied again by (c) the combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid computed pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision three of this section, provided that such ratio shall be no more than one.

(C) Tier C. For all school districts, tier C shall be equal to the product of twenty-five ten thousandths (0.0025) multiplied by the foundation aid base.

(ii) Community schools increase. The community schools increase for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year shall equal the greater of the community schools formula increase or the community schools level-up increase.

(A) Community schools formula increase. For all eligible school districts, the community schools formula increase shall equal the product of (1) the difference of one (1.0) less the product of sixty-four hundredths (0.64) multiplied by the combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid, provided that such ratio shall be no more than nine tenths (0.9) nor less than zero, multiplied by (2) eighty-three dollars and seventeen cents ($83.17), multiplied by (3) school district public enrollment for the base year pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section, provided that the community schools formula increase shall not be less than seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) for any eligible districts.

(B) A school district shall be eligible for the community schools formula increase if it is (i) a school district that contains at least one school designated as failing or persistently failing by the commissioner pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b) of subdivision one of section two hundred eleven-f of this chapter as of January first, two thousand eighteen or (ii) a school district (1) that has a combined wealth ratio for total foundation aid less than one (1.0), and (2) where the positive difference, if any, of the English language learner count pursuant to paragraph o of subdivision one of this section less the amount equal to "2012-13 ENGLISH LANG. LEARNERS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year entitled "BT181-9" is greater than both (a) one hundred pupils and (b) the product of one-tenth (0.10) multiplied by the amount equal to "2012-13 ENGLISH LANG. LEARNERS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year and entitled "BT181-9", and (3) where the quotient arrived at when dividing the English language learner count by the base year public school district enrollment as computed pursuant to subparagraph two of paragraph n of subdivision one of this section exceeds five percent (0.05); or (iii) a school district where (1) the quotient arrived at when dividing the amount equal to "2016-17 HOMELESS PUPILS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year entitled "BT181-9" by the amount equal to "2012-13 HOMELESS PUPILS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year entitled "BT181-9" is greater than one and four tenths (1.4), and (2) the quotient arrived at when dividing the amount equal to "2016-17 HOMELESS PUPILS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the execu-

tive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year entitled "BT181-9" by public school district enrollment as computed pursuant to subparagraph two of paragraph n of subdivision one of this section, for the year prior to the base year, is greater than five hundredths (0.05), and (3) where the amount equal to "2016-17 HOMELESS PUPILS" in the computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year entitled "BT181-9" is greater than one hundred pupils.

(B) Community schools level-up increase. For all school districts with a community schools aid set-aside amount pursuant to paragraph e of this subdivision greater than zero, the community schools level-up increase shall be equal to the positive difference, if any, of (1) seventy-five thousand dollars less (2) the community schools aid set-aside amount for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year pursuant to paragraph e of this subdivision.

§ 9-b. Subdivision 6 of section 3602 of the education law is amended by adding a new paragraph k to read as follows:

k. (1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, for apportionments provided in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year and thereafter, all apportionments otherwise payable pursuant to this subdivision shall be further multiplied by the efficiency factor as defined pursuant to this paragraph, provided, however, that apportionments for projects for a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more approved by the commissioner prior to July first, two thousand eighteen shall not be subject to such efficiency factor.

(2) Efficiency factor calculation. At the time of each data file update pursuant to paragraph b of subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter, beginning in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year, the commissioner shall compute an efficiency factor equal to the quotient arrived at when dividing (i) the statewide sum of all such apportionments for the base year pursuant to this subdivision multiplied by one and two one-hundredths (1.02) by (ii) the statewide sum of all such apportionments otherwise payable for the current year pursuant to this subdivision, provided, however, that such efficiency factor shall not be more than one, and shall be deemed final and not subject to change as of the update produced by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter on November fifteenth of the school year immediately following the close of such base year.

§ 9-c. Section 1950 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 20 to read as follows:

20. Aid payable in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year and thereafter. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, beginning in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year, a school district's apportionment pursuant to this section shall not exceed the product of the apportionment calculated pursuant to this section for the base year, as of the update produced by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter on November fifteenth of the school year immediately following the close of such base year, multiplied by one and two one-hundredths (1.02).

§ 9-d. Subdivision 7 of section 3602 of the education law is amended by adding a new paragraph f to read as follows:

f. Aid payable in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year and thereafter. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, beginning in the two thousand nineteen-two thousand twenty school year, a school district's apportionment pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed the product of the apportionment calculated pursuant to this subdivision for the base year, as of the update produced by the commissioner pursuant to subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter on November fifteenth of the school year immediately following the close of such base year, multiplied by one and two one-hundredths (1.02).

§ 10. The closing paragraph of subdivision 5-a of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 22 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

For the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the product of fifteen percent and the additional apportionment computed pursuant to this subdivision for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year. For the two thousand nine--two thousand ten through two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen school years, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "SUPPLEMENTAL PUB EXCESS COST" under the heading "2008-09 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year and entitled "SA0910".

§ 11. Paragraph b of subdivision 6-c of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 23 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

b. For projects approved by the commissioner authorized to receive additional building aid pursuant to this subdivision for the purchase of stationary metal detectors, security cameras or other security devices approved by the commissioner that increase the safety of students and school personnel, provided that for purposes of this paragraph such other security devices shall be limited to electronic security systems and hardened doors, and provided that for projects approved by the commissioner on or after the first day of July two thousand thirteen and before the first day of July two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen such additional aid shall equal the product of (i) the building aid ratio computed for use in the current year pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision six of this section plus ten percentage points, except that in no case shall this amount exceed one hundred percent, and (ii) the actual approved expenditures incurred in the base year pursuant to this subdivision, provided that the limitations on cost allowances prescribed by paragraph a of subdivision six of this section shall not apply, and provided further that any projects aided under this paragraph must be included in a district's school safety plan. The commissioner shall annually prescribe a special cost allowance for metal detectors, and security cameras, and the approved expenditures shall not exceed such cost allowance.

§ 12. Subdivision 9 of section 3602 of the education law is amended by adding a new paragraph c to read as follows:

c. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph a of this subdivision, school districts receiving an apportionment pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year shall be eligible for an apportionment in the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year equal to the product of fifty

percent multiplied by the aid received by the district pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year.

§ 13. Subdivision 12 of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2015, the fourth undesignated paragraph as added by section 3 of part A of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, the closing paragraph as added by section 24 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

12. Academic enhancement aid. A school district that as of April first of the base year has been continuously identified as a district in need of improvement for at least five years shall, for the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, be entitled to an additional apportionment equal to the positive remainder, if any, of (a) the lesser of fifteen million dollars or the product of the total foundation aid base, as defined by paragraph j of subdivision one of this section, multiplied by ten percent (0.10), less (b) the positive remainder of (i) the sum of the total foundation aid apportioned pursuant to subdivision four of this section and the supplemental educational improvement grants apportioned pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article, less (ii) the total foundation aid base.

For the two thousand nine--two thousand ten through two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school years, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "EDUCATION GRANTS, ACADEMIC EN" under the heading "2008-09 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year and entitled "SA0910", and such apportionment shall be deemed to satisfy the state obligation to provide an apportionment pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article.

For the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT" under the heading "2014-15 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year and entitled "SA141-5", and such apportionment shall be deemed to satisfy the state obligation to provide an apportionment pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article.

For the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT" under the heading "2015-16 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year and entitled "SA151-6", and such apportionment shall be deemed to satisfy the state obligation to provide an apportionment pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article.

For the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT" under the heading "2016-17 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "SA161-7", and such apportionment shall be deemed to satisfy the state

obligation to provide an apportionment pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article.

For the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT" under the heading "2017-18 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and entitled "SA171-8", and such apportionment shall be deemed to satisfy the state obligation to provide an apportionment pursuant to subdivision eight of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article.

§ 14. The opening paragraph of subdivision 16 of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 25 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

Each school district shall be eligible to receive a high tax aid apportionment in the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, which shall equal the greater of (i) the sum of the tier 1 high tax aid apportionment, the tier 2 high tax aid apportionment and the tier 3 high tax aid apportionment or (ii) the product of the apportionment received by the school district pursuant to this subdivision in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year, multiplied by the due-minimum factor, which shall equal, for districts with an alternate pupil wealth ratio computed pursuant to paragraph b of subdivision three of this section that is less than two, seventy percent (0.70), and for all other districts, fifty percent (0.50). Each school district shall be eligible to receive a high tax aid apportionment in the two thousand nine--two thousand ten through two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school years in the amount set forth for such school district as "HIGH TAX AID" under the heading "2008-09 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year and entitled "SA0910". Each school district shall be eligible to receive a high tax aid apportionment in the two thousand thirteen--two thousand fourteen through two thousand [~~seventeen~~] **eighteen**--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen** school years equal to the greater of (1) the amount set forth for such school district as "HIGH TAX AID" under the heading "2008-09 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the budget for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year and entitled "SA0910" or (2) the amount set forth for such school district as "HIGH TAX AID" under the heading "2013-14 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget for the 2013-14 fiscal year and entitled "BT131-4".

§ 15. The opening paragraph of subdivision 10 of section 3602-e of the education law, as amended by section 26 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, (i) for aid payable in the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, the grant to each eligible school district for universal prekindergarten aid shall be computed pursuant to this subdivision, and (ii) for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten and two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school years, each school district shall be eligible for a maximum grant equal to the amount computed for such school district for the base year in the electronic data file produced by the commissioner in support of the two thousand nine--two thousand ten education, labor and family assistance budget, provided, however, that in the case of a district

implementing programs for the first time or implementing expansion programs in the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year where such programs operate for a minimum of ninety days in any one school year as provided in section 151-1.4 of the regulations of the commissioner, for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten and two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school years, such school district shall be eligible for a maximum grant equal to the amount computed pursuant to paragraph a of subdivision nine of this section in the two thousand eight--two thousand nine school year, and (iii) for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year each school district shall be eligible for a maximum grant equal to the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN" under the heading "2011-12 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the 2011-12 school year and entitled "SA111-2", and (iv) for two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen through two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school years each school district shall be eligible for a maximum grant equal to the greater of (A) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN" under the heading "2010-11 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the 2011-12 school year and entitled "SA111-2", or (B) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN" under the heading "2010-11 BASE YEAR AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner on May fifteenth, two thousand eleven pursuant to paragraph b of subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter, and (v) for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen **and two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen** school [~~year~~] **years**, each school district shall be eligible to receive a grant amount equal to the sum of (A) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN" under the heading "2016-17 ESTIMATED AIDS" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year and entitled "SA161-7" plus (B) the amount awarded to such school district for the priority full-day prekindergarten and expanded half-day prekindergarten grant program for high need students for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school year pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand thirteen, and (vi) for the two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen**--two thousand [~~nineteen~~] **twenty** school year, each school district shall be eligible to receive a grant amount equal to the sum of (A) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand [~~seventeen~~] **eighteen**--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen** school year plus (B) the amount awarded to such school district for the federal preschool development expansion grant for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year pursuant to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), Sections 14005, 14006, and 14013, Title XIV, (Public Law 112-10), as amended by section 1832(b) of Division B of the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011 (Pub. L. 112-10), and the Department of Education Appropriations Act, 2012 (Title III Division F of Pub. L. 112-74, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2012)[~~, and (vii) for the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year, each school district shall be eligible to receive a grant amount equal to the sum of (A) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN ALLOCATION" on the~~

~~computer file produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year~~] plus [~~(B)~~] (C) the amount awarded to such school district for the expanded prekindergarten program for three and four year-olds for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year pursuant to chapter sixty-one of the laws of two thousand fifteen plus [~~(C)~~] (D) the amount awarded to such school district for the expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds in high need districts program for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand sixteen plus [~~(D)~~] (E) the amount awarded to such school district for the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year pursuant to a chapter of the laws of two thousand seventeen plus [~~(E)~~] (F) the amount awarded to such school district, subject to an available appropriation, through the pre-kindergarten expansion grant for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year, provided that such school district has met all requirements pursuant to this section, and [~~(viii)~~] (vii) for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and thereafter, each school district shall be eligible to receive a grant amount equal to the sum of (A) the amount set forth for such school district as "UNIVERSAL PREKINDERGARTEN ALLOCATION" on the computer file produced by the commissioner in support of the enacted budget for the prior year plus (B) the amount awarded to such school district, subject to an available appropriation, through the pre-kindergarten expansion grant for the prior year, provided that such school district has met all requirements pursuant to this section, and provided further that the maximum grant shall not exceed the total actual grant expenditures incurred by the school district in the current school year as approved by the commissioner.

§ 16. Subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph b of subdivision 10 of section 3602-e of the education law, as amended by section 26 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, are amended to read as follows:

(ii) "Full-day prekindergarten pupils" shall equal:

For the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year the sum of, from the priority full-day prekindergarten program, (A) the maximum aidable pupils such district was eligible to serve in the base year plus (B) the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil in the base year;

For the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year the sum of, from [~~each of (A)~~] the programs pursuant to this section [~~and (B) the federal preschool development expansion grant, (1)~~], (A) the maximum aidable full-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve in the base year plus [~~(2)~~] (B) the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil in the base year;

For the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year the sum of, from each of (A) the programs pursuant to this section, (B) the federal preschool development expansion grant, (C) the expanded prekindergarten program, [~~(C)~~] (D) the expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds, [~~(D)~~] (E) the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds, and [~~(E)~~] (F) the prekindergarten expansion grant, (1) the maximum aidable full-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve in the base year, plus (2) the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil in the base year;

For the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and thereafter the sum of, from each of (A) the programs pursuant to this section and (B) the pre-kindergarten expansion grant, (1) the maximum aidable full-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve in the base year, plus (2) the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil in the base year;

(iii) "Half-day prekindergarten pupils" shall equal:

For the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year the sum of the maximum aidable half-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve for the base year from (A) the program pursuant to this section plus such pupils from (B) the priority full-day prekindergarten program, less the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil under the priority full-day prekindergarten program for the base year;

For the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year the maximum aidable half-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve for the base year from [~~(A) the program pursuant to this section less (B) the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil under the federal preschool development expansion grant for the base year~~] **the program pursuant to this section**;

For the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year the sum of the maximum aidable half-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve for the base year from (A) the program pursuant to this section plus such pupils from (B) the expanded prekindergarten program plus such pupils from (C) the expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds plus such pupils from (D) the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds plus such pupils from (E) the prekindergarten expansion grant, less the sum of the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil under each of (1) **the federal preschool expansion grant for the base year plus such pupils from (2)** the expanded prekindergarten program plus such pupils from [~~(2)~~] **(3)** the expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds plus such pupils from [~~(3)~~] **(4)** the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds plus such pupils from [~~(4)~~] **(5)** the prekindergarten expansion grant for the base year;

For the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and thereafter the sum of the maximum aidable half-day prekindergarten pupils such district was eligible to serve for the base year from (A) the program pursuant to this section plus such pupils from (B) the prekindergarten expansion grant, less the maximum aidable number of half-day prekindergarten pupils converted into a full-day prekindergarten pupil under the prekindergarten expansion grant for the base year;

§ 17. The closing paragraph of paragraph b of subdivision 10 of section 3602-e of the education law, as amended by section 26 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this paragraph:

(A) "Priority full-day prekindergarten program" shall mean the priority full-day prekindergarten and expanded half-day prekindergarten grant program for high need students pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand thirteen;

(B)"Federal preschool development expansion grant" shall mean the federal preschool development expansion grant pursuant to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), Sections 14005, 14006, and

14013, Title XIV, (Public Law 112-10), as amended by section 1832(b) of Division B of the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011 (Pub. L. 112-10), and the Department of Education Appropriations Act, 2012 (Title III Division F of Pub. L. 112-74, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2012);

(C) "Expanded prekindergarten program" shall mean the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four year-olds pursuant to chapter sixty-one of the laws of two thousand fifteen;

(D) "Expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds" shall mean the expanded prekindergarten for three-year-olds in high need districts program pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand sixteen;

(E) "Expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds" shall mean the expanded prekindergarten program for three- and four-year-olds pursuant to a chapter of the laws of two thousand seventeen;

(F) "Prekindergarten expansion grant" shall mean the prekindergarten expansion grant for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year and thereafter, **pursuant to subdivision eighteen of this section,** to the extent such program was available subject to appropriation, and provided that such school district has met all requirements pursuant to this section.

§ 18. Subdivision 11 of section 3602-e of the education law, as amended by section 27 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

11. Maintenance of effort reduction. Where a school district's current year prekindergarten pupils served is less than its prekindergarten maintenance of effort base, the school district shall have its current year apportionment [~~reduced by~~] **equal to** the product of the maintenance of effort factor computed in paragraph b of subdivision ten of this section multiplied by the grant amount it was eligible to receive pursuant to subdivision ten of this section.

§ 19. Subdivision 16 of section 3602-ee of the education law, as amended by section 31 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

16. The authority of the department to administer the universal full-day pre-kindergarten program shall expire June thirtieth, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen**; provided that the program shall continue and remain in full effect.

§ 20. Paragraph a of subdivision 5 of section 3604 of the education law, as amended by chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

a. State aid adjustments. All errors or omissions in the apportionment shall be corrected by the commissioner. Whenever a school district has been apportioned less money than that to which it is entitled, the commissioner may allot to such district the balance to which it is entitled. Whenever a school district has been apportioned more money than that to which it is entitled, the commissioner may, by an order, direct such moneys to be paid back to the state to be credited to the general fund local assistance account for state aid to the schools, or may deduct such amount from the next apportionment to be made to said district, provided, however, that, upon notification of excess payments of aid for which a recovery must be made by the state through deduction of future aid payments, a school district may request that such excess payments be recovered by deducting such excess payments from the payments due to such school district and payable in the month of June in (i) the school year in which such notification was received and (ii) the

two succeeding school years, provided further that there shall be no interest penalty assessed against such district or collected by the state. Such request shall be made to the commissioner in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe, and shall be based on documentation that the total amount to be recovered is in excess of one percent of the district's total general fund expenditures for the preceding school year. The amount to be deducted in the first year shall be the greater of (i) the sum of the amount of such excess payments that is recognized as a liability due to other governments by the district for the preceding school year and the positive remainder of the district's unreserved fund balance at the close of the preceding school year less the product of the district's total general fund expenditures for the preceding school year multiplied by five percent, or (ii) one-third of such excess payments. The amount to be recovered in the second year shall equal the lesser of the remaining amount of such excess payments to be recovered or one-third of such excess payments, and the remaining amount of such excess payments shall be recovered in the third year. Provided further that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this subdivision, any pending payment of moneys due to such district as a prior year adjustment payable pursuant to paragraph c of this subdivision for aid claims that had been previously paid as current year aid payments in excess of the amount to which the district is entitled and for which recovery of excess payments is to be made pursuant to this paragraph, shall be reduced at the time of actual payment by any remaining unrecovered balance of such excess payments, and the remaining scheduled deductions of such excess payments pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by the commissioner to reflect the amount so recovered. [~~The commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district based on a claim submitted later than three years after the close of the school year in which such payment was first to be made. For claims for which payment is first to be made in the nineteen hundred ninety-six--ninety-seven school year, the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district based on a claim submitted later than two years after the close of such school year.~~] For claims for which payment is first to be made [~~in the nineteen hundred ninety-seven--ninety-eight~~] **prior to the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen** school year [~~and thereafter~~], the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district based on a claim submitted later than one year after the close of such school year. **For claims for which payment is first to be made in the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and thereafter, the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district based on a claim submitted later than the first of November of such school year.** Provided, however, no payments shall be barred or reduced where such payment is required as a result of a final audit of the state. [~~It is further provided that, until June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-six, the commissioner may grant a waiver from the provisions of this section for any school district if it is in the best educational interests of the district pursuant to guidelines developed by the commissioner and approved by the director of the budget.~~] **Further provided that for any apportionments provided pursuant to sections seven hundred one, seven hundred eleven, seven hundred fifty-one, seven hundred fifty-three, nineteen hundred fifty, thirty-six hundred two, thirty-six hundred two-b, thirty-six hundred two-c, thirty-six hundred two-e and forty-four hundred five of this chapter for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen and two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school years, the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district, other than**

payments pursuant to subdivisions six-a, eleven, thirteen and fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this part, in excess of the payment computed based on an electronic data file used to produce the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request submitted for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen state fiscal year and entitled "BT181-9", and further provided that for any apportionments provided pursuant to sections seven hundred one, seven hundred eleven, seven hundred fifty-one, seven hundred fifty-three, nineteen hundred fifty, thirty-six hundred two, thirty-six hundred two-b, thirty-six hundred two-c, thirty-six hundred two-e and forty-four hundred five of this chapter for the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year and thereafter, the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school district, other than payments pursuant to subdivisions six-a, eleven, thirteen and fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this part, in excess of the payment computed based on an electronic data file used to produce the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request submitted for the state fiscal year in which the school year commences.

§ 21. The opening paragraph of section 3609-a of the education law, as amended by section 33 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

For aid payable in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year through the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, "moneys apportioned" shall mean the lesser of (i) the sum of one hundred percent of the respective amount set forth for each school district as payable pursuant to this section in the school aid computer listing for the current year produced by the commissioner in support of the budget which includes the appropriation for the general support for public schools for the prescribed payments and individualized payments due prior to April first for the current year plus the apportionment payable during the current school year pursuant to subdivision six-a and subdivision fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this part minus any reductions to current year aids pursuant to subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred four of this part or any deduction from apportionment payable pursuant to this chapter for collection of a school district basic contribution as defined in subdivision eight of section forty-four hundred one of this chapter, less any grants provided pursuant to subparagraph two-a of paragraph b of subdivision four of section ninety-two-c of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to subdivision six of section ninety-seven-nnnn of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to subdivision twelve of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article, or (ii) the apportionment calculated by the commissioner based on data on file at the time the payment is processed; provided however, that for the purposes of any payments made pursuant to this section prior to the first business day of June of the current year, moneys apportioned shall not include any aids payable pursuant to subdivisions six and fourteen, if applicable, of section thirty-six hundred two of this part as current year aid for debt service on bond anticipation notes and/or bonds first issued in the current year or any aids payable for full-day kindergarten for the current year pursuant to subdivision nine of section thirty-six hundred two of this part. The definitions of "base year" and "current year" as set forth in subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this part shall apply to this section. [~~For aid payable in the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year, reference to such~~

~~"school aid computer listing for the current year" shall mean the print-outs entitled "SA171-8"~~] For aid payable in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year and thereafter, "moneys apportioned" shall mean the lesser of: (i) the sum of one hundred percent of the respective amount set forth for each school district as payable pursuant to this section in the school aid computer listing for the current year produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request which includes the appropriation for the general support for public schools for the prescribed payments and individualized payments due prior to April first for the current year plus the apportionment payable during the current school year pursuant to subdivisions six-a and fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this part minus any reductions to current year aids pursuant to subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred four of this part or any deduction from apportionment payable pursuant to this chapter for collection of a school district basic contribution as defined in subdivision eight of section forty-four hundred one of this chapter, less any grants provided pursuant to subparagraph two-a of paragraph b of subdivision four of section nine-ty-two-c of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to subdivision six of section ninety-seven-nnnn of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to subdivision twelve of section thir-ty-six hundred forty-one of this article, or (ii) the apportionment calculated by the commissioner based on data on file at the time the payment is processed; provided however, that for the purposes of any payments made pursuant to this section prior to the first business day of June of the current year, moneys apportioned shall not include any aids payable pursuant to subdivisions six and fourteen, if applicable, of section thirty-six hundred two of this part as current year aid for debt service on bond anticipation notes and/or bonds first issued in the current year or any aids payable for full-day kindergarten for the current year pursuant to subdivision nine of section thirty-six hundred two of this part. For aid payable in the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year, reference to such "school aid computer listing for the current year" shall mean the printouts entitled "BT181-9".

§ 22. Paragraph b of subdivision 2 of section 3612 of the education law, as amended by section 34 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

b. Such grants shall be awarded to school districts, within the limits of funds appropriated therefor, through a competitive process that takes into consideration the magnitude of any shortage of teachers in the school district, the number of teachers employed in the school district who hold temporary licenses to teach in the public schools of the state, the number of provisionally certified teachers, the fiscal capacity and geographic sparsity of the district, the number of new teachers the school district intends to hire in the coming school year and the number of summer in the city student internships proposed by an eligible school district, if applicable. Grants provided pursuant to this section shall be used only for the purposes enumerated in this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a city school district in a city having a population of one million or more inhabitants receiving a grant pursuant to this section may use no more than eighty percent of such grant funds for any recruitment, retention and certification costs associated with transitional certification of teacher candidates for the school years two thousand one--two thousand two through two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen.

§ 23. Subdivision 6 of section 4402 of the education law, as amended by section 35 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

6. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the board of education of a city school district with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more inhabitants shall be permitted to establish maximum class sizes for special classes for certain students with disabilities in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision. For the purpose of obtaining relief from any adverse fiscal impact from under-utilization of special education resources due to low student attendance in special education classes at the middle and secondary level as determined by the commissioner, such boards of education shall, during the school years nineteen hundred ninety-five--ninety-six through June thirtieth, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen** of the two thousand [~~seventeen~~] **eighteen**--two thousand [~~eighteen~~] **nineteen** school year, be authorized to increase class sizes in special classes containing students with disabilities whose age ranges are equivalent to those of students in middle and secondary schools as defined by the commissioner for purposes of this section by up to but not to exceed one and two tenths times the applicable maximum class size specified in regulations of the commissioner rounded up to the nearest whole number, provided that in a city school district having a population of one million or more, classes that have a maximum class size of fifteen may be increased by no more than one student and provided that the projected average class size shall not exceed the maximum specified in the applicable regulation, provided that such authorization shall terminate on June thirtieth, two thousand. Such authorization shall be granted upon filing of a notice by such a board of education with the commissioner stating the board's intention to increase such class sizes and a certification that the board will conduct a study of attendance problems at the secondary level and will implement a corrective action plan to increase the rate of attendance of students in such classes to at least the rate for students attending regular education classes in secondary schools of the district. Such corrective action plan shall be submitted for approval by the commissioner by a date during the school year in which such board increases class sizes as provided pursuant to this subdivision to be prescribed by the commissioner. Upon at least thirty days notice to the board of education, after conclusion of the school year in which such board increases class sizes as provided pursuant to this subdivision, the commissioner shall be authorized to terminate such authorization upon a finding that the board has failed to develop or implement an approved corrective action plan.

§ 24. Section 4408 of the education law, as amended by chapter 82 of the laws of 1995, subdivision 1 as amended by section 32 of part A-1 of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, subdivision 3 as amended by section 59 and subdivision 5 as amended by section 60 of part A of chapter 58 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

§ 4408. Payment for July and August programs for students with disabilities. 1. State aid. The commissioner shall make payments for approved July and August programs for students with disabilities in accordance with this section in an amount equal to **the sum of the tuition state payment amount pursuant to subdivision five of this section, plus the product of** eighty percent [~~of~~] **multiplied by** the sum of the [~~approved tuition and~~] maintenance rates and the transportation expense for the current year enrollment of students with disabilities ages five through twenty-one or students eligible for services during

July and August pursuant to article eighty-five, eighty-seven or eighty-eight of this chapter, where such costs are determined pursuant to section forty-four hundred five of this article, provided that the placement of such students was approved by the commissioner, if required. Such programs shall operate for six weeks and shall be funded for thirty days of service, provided, however, that the observance of the legal holiday for Independence day may constitute a day of service. Upon certification by the school district in which the student resides, that such services were provided, such payment shall be made to the provider of such services, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision three of this section.

2. Chargeback to a municipality. Ten percent of the approved cost of July and August services provided pursuant to this section for each student shall be a charge against the municipality in which the parent, or person in parental relationship to such student, resided on July first of the school year in which such services were provided. The comptroller shall deduct from any state funds which become due to a municipality an amount equal to such ten percent required in accordance with this subdivision which amount shall be credited to the local assistance account of the state education department as designated by the division of the budget.

3. Payment schedule. For aid payable in the two thousand six--two thousand seven school year **and thereafter**, moneys appropriated annually to the department from the general fund - local assistance account under the office of prekindergarten through grade twelve education program for July and August programs for students with disabilities, shall be used as follows: (i) for remaining base year and prior school years obligations, (ii) for the purposes of subdivision four of this section for schools operated under articles eighty-seven and eighty-eight of this [~~chapter~~] **title**, and (iii) notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this chapter, for payments made pursuant to this section for current school year obligations, provided, however, that such payments shall not exceed seventy percent of the state aid due for the sum of the approved tuition and maintenance rates and transportation expense provided for herein; provided, however, that payment of eligible claims shall be payable in the order that such claims have been approved for payment by the commissioner, but in no case shall a single payee draw down more than forty-five percent of the appropriation provided for the purposes of this section, and provided further that no claim shall be set aside for insufficiency of funds to make a complete payment, but shall be eligible for a partial payment in one year and shall retain its priority date status for appropriations provided for this section in future years.

4. Of the amount so appropriated to the department for the July and August programs for schools operated under articles eighty-seven and eighty-eight of this [~~chapter~~] **title**, an amount shall be transferred to the special revenue funds - other, Batavia school for the blind and Rome school for the deaf accounts, pursuant to a plan to be developed by the commissioner and approved by the director of the budget for students with disabilities attending July and August programs pursuant to this section at such schools pursuant to such articles. Such amount shall be determined by the tuition and maintenance rates and the total number of students with disabilities approved by the commissioner for placement for the July and August program. The commissioner shall establish the methodology for computation of such tuition and maintenance rates for each school which shall take into account all pertinent expenditures

including administration, direct care staff, nondirect care staff and other than personal service costs.

5. [~~State share~~] **Tuition state payment amount. a. For school years commencing prior to July first, two thousand eighteen, the tuition state payment amount shall be eighty percent of the sum of such approved tuition expense.**

b. For school years commencing on or after July first, two thousand eighteen, the tuition state payment amount shall be equal to (i) for students placed pursuant to section thirty-two hundred two and articles eighty-five, eighty-seven, and eighty-eight of this title, eighty percent of such tuition expense, or (ii) for all other students, such approved tuition expense multiplied by the state sharing ratio for public high cost excess cost aid computed pursuant to subdivision five of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter, but shall not be less than one quarter (0.25) nor more than nine tenths (0.9).

c. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to alter the charge-back to the municipality requirement pursuant to subdivision two of this section.

6. Medicaid adjustment. In accordance with the provisions of subparagraph four of paragraph b of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred nine-a of this chapter for services provided during the two thousand eight--two thousand nine and prior school years, any moneys due the school district shall be reduced by an amount equal to fifty percent of any federal participation, pursuant to title XIX of the social security act, in special education programs provided pursuant to this section. For services provided during the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year and thereafter, or for services provided in a prior school year that were not reimbursed by the state on or before April first, two thousand eleven, such state share shall be designated and transferred pursuant to section thirty-six hundred nine-b of this chapter.

[~~6.~~] **7.** Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no payments shall be made by the commissioner pursuant to this section on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six based on a claim submitted later than three years after the end of the school year in which services were rendered, provided however that no payment shall be barred or reduced where such payment is required as a result of a court order or judgment or a final audit.

§ 25. Subdivision b of section 2 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, as amended by section 44 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

b. Reimbursement for programs approved in accordance with subdivision a of this section for the 2015--2016 school year shall not exceed 60.7 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or thirteen dollars and forty cents per contact hour, reimbursement for the 2016--2017 school year shall not exceed 60.3 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or thirteen dollars ninety cents per contact hour, [~~and~~] reimbursement for the 2017--2018 school year shall not exceed 60.4 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or thirteen dollars and ninety cents per contact hour, **and reimbursement for the 2018--2019 school year shall not exceed 59.4 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or fourteen dollars and seventy-five cents per contact hour,** where a contact hour represents sixty minutes of instruction services provided to an

eligible adult. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the 2015--2016 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one million five hundred ninety-nine thousand fifteen (1,599,015) hours; whereas for the 2016--2017 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one million five hundred fifty-one thousand three hundred twelve (1,551,312); [~~and~~] whereas for the 2017--2018 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one million five hundred forty-nine thousand four hundred sixty-three (1,549,463); and for the 2018--2019 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one million three hundred twelve thousand seven hundred eighty-five (1,312,785). Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the apportionment calculated for the city school district of the city of New York pursuant to subdivision 11 of section 3602 of the education law shall be computed as if such contact hours provided by the consortium for worker education, not to exceed the contact hours set forth herein, were eligible for aid in accordance with the provisions of such subdivision 11 of section 3602 of the education law.

§ 26. Section 4 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, is amended by adding a new subdivision w to read as follows:

w. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply after the completion of payments for the 2018--2019 school year. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of law, the commissioner of education shall withhold a portion of employment preparation education aid due to the city school district of the city of New York to support a portion of the costs of the work force education program. Such moneys shall be credited to the elementary and secondary education fund-local assistance account and shall not exceed eleven million five hundred thousand dollars ($11,500,000).

§ 27. Section 6 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, as amended by section 46 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 1992, and shall be deemed repealed on June 30, [~~2018~~] 2019.

§ 28. Subdivisions 22 and 24 of section 140 of chapter 82 of the laws of 1995, amending the education law and certain other laws relating to state aid to school districts and the appropriation of funds for the support of government, as amended by section 47 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, are amended to read as follows:

(22) sections one hundred twelve, one hundred thirteen, one hundred fourteen, one hundred fifteen and one hundred sixteen of this act shall take effect on July 1, 1995; provided, however, that section one hundred thirteen of this act shall remain in full force and effect until July 1, [~~2018~~] 2019 at which time it shall be deemed repealed;

(24) sections one hundred eighteen through one hundred thirty of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after July 1, 1995; provided further, however, that the amendments made pursuant to section one hundred twenty-four of this act shall be deemed to be repealed on and after July 1, [~~2018~~] 2019;

§ 29. The education law is amended by adding a new section 4403-a to read as follows:

§ 4403-a. Waivers from certain duties. 1. A local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services may submit an application for a waiver from any requirement imposed on such

district, school or board of cooperative educational services pursuant to section forty-four hundred two or section forty-four hundred three of this article, and regulations promulgated thereunder, for a specific school year. Such application must be submitted at least sixty days in advance of the proposed date on which the waiver would be effective and shall be in a form prescribed by the commissioner.

2. Before submitting an application for a waiver, the local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services shall provide notice of the proposed waiver to the parents or persons in parental relationship to the students that would be impacted by the waiver if granted. Such notice shall be in a form and manner that will ensure that such parents and persons in parental relationship will be aware of all relevant changes that would occur under the waiver, and shall include information on the form, manner and date by which parents may submit written comments on the proposed waiver. The local school district, approved private school, or board of cooperative educational services shall provide at least sixty days for such parents and persons in parental relationship to submit written comments, and shall include in the waiver application submitted to the commissioner pursuant to subdivision one of this section any written comments received from such parents or persons in parental relationship to such students.

3. The commissioner may grant a waiver from any requirement imposed on a local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services pursuant to section forty-four hundred two or section forty-four hundred three of this article, upon a finding that such waiver will enable a local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services to implement an innovative special education program that is consistent with applicable federal requirements, and will enhance student achievement and/or opportunities for placement in regular classes and programs. In making such determination, the commissioner shall consider any comments received by the local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services from parents or persons in parental relation to the students that would be directly affected by the waiver if granted.

4. Any local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational services granted a waiver shall submit an annual report to the commissioner regarding the operation and evaluation of the program no later than thirty days after the end of each school year for which a waiver is granted.

§ 30. Section 8 of chapter 89 of the laws of 2016, relating to supplementary funding for dedicated programs for public school students in the East Ramapo central school district, as amended by section 49 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016 and shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, [~~2018~~] 2019, except that paragraph (b) of section five of this act and paragraph seven of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, 2021.

§ 31. Section 12 of chapter 147 of the laws of 2001, amending the education law relating to conditional appointment of school district, charter school or BOCES employees, as amended by section 50 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 12. This act shall take effect on the same date as chapter 180 of the laws of 2000 takes effect, and shall expire July 1, [~~2018~~] 2019 when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.

§ 32. Subdivision 1 of section 167 of chapter 169 of the laws of 1994, relating to certain provisions related to the 1994-95 state operations,

aid to localities, capital projects and debt service budgets, as amended by section 32 of part A of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

1. Sections one through seventy of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect as of April 1, 1994 provided, however, that sections one, two, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven through seventy of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 31, 2000; provided, however, that section twenty of this act shall apply only to hearings commenced prior to September 1, 1994, and provided further that section twenty-six of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 31, 1997; and provided further that sections four through fourteen, sixteen, and eighteen, nineteen and twenty-one through twenty-one-a of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 31, 1997; and provided further that sections three, fifteen, seventeen, twenty, twenty-two and twenty-three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on March 31, [~~2018~~] **2020**.

§ 33. Section 4 of chapter 425 of the laws of 2002, amending the education law relating to the provision of supplemental educational services, attendance at a safe public school and the suspension of pupils who bring a firearm to or possess a firearm at a school, as amended by section 12 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002 and shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, [~~2018~~] **2019**.

§ 34. Section 5 of chapter 101 of the laws of 2003, amending the education law relating to the implementation of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, as amended by section 13 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that sections one, two and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on June 30, [~~2018~~] **2019**.

§ 35. Section 2 of subpart B of part AA of chapter 56 of the laws of 2014, amending the education law relating to providing that standardized test scores shall not be included on a student's permanent record, is amended to read as follows:

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be deemed repealed on December 31, [~~2018~~] **2019**.

§ 36. School bus driver training. In addition to apportionments otherwise provided by section 3602 of the education law, for aid payable in the 2018-2019 school year, the commissioner of education shall allocate school bus driver training grants to school districts and boards of cooperative educational services pursuant to sections 3650-a, 3650-b and 3650-c of the education law, or for contracts directly with not-for-profit educational organizations for the purposes of this section. Such payments shall not exceed four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) per school year.

§ 37. Special apportionment for salary expenses. a. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon application to the commissioner of education, not sooner than the first day of the second full business week of June 2019 and not later than the last day of the third full business week of June 2019, a school district eligible for an apportionment pursuant to section 3602 of the education law shall be eligible to receive an apportionment pursuant to this section, for the school year ending June 30, 2019, for salary expenses incurred between April 1 and June 30, 2018 and such apportionment shall not exceed the sum of (i) the deficit reduction assessment of 1990--1991 as determined by the commis-

sioner of education, pursuant to paragraph f of subdivision 1 of section 3602 of the education law, as in effect through June 30, 1993, plus (ii) 186 percent of such amount for a city school district in a city with a population in excess of 1,000,000 inhabitants, plus (iii) 209 percent of such amount for a city school district in a city with a population of more than 195,000 inhabitants and less than 219,000 inhabitants according to the latest federal census, plus (iv) the net gap elimination adjustment for 2010--2011, as determined by the commissioner of education pursuant to chapter 53 of the laws of 2010, plus (v) the gap elimination adjustment for 2011--2012 as determined by the commissioner of education pursuant to subdivision 17 of section 3602 of the education law, and provided further that such apportionment shall not exceed such salary expenses. Such application shall be made by a school district, after the board of education or trustees have adopted a resolution to do so and in the case of a city school district in a city with a population in excess of 125,000 inhabitants, with the approval of the mayor of such city.

b. The claim for an apportionment to be paid to a school district pursuant to subdivision a of this section shall be submitted to the commissioner of education on a form prescribed for such purpose, and shall be payable upon determination by such commissioner that the form has been submitted as prescribed. Such approved amounts shall be payable on the same day in September of the school year following the year in which application was made as funds provided pursuant to subparagraph (4) of paragraph b of subdivision 4 of section 92-c of the state finance law, on the audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner of education in the manner prescribed by law from moneys in the state lottery fund and from the general fund to the extent that the amount paid to a school district pursuant to this section exceeds the amount, if any, due such school district pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 3609-a of the education law in the school year following the year in which application was made.

c. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3609-a of the education law, an amount equal to the amount paid to a school district pursuant to subdivisions a and b of this section shall first be deducted from the following payments due the school district during the school year following the year in which application was made pursuant to subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 3609-a of the education law in the following order: the lottery apportionment payable pursuant to subparagraph (2) of such paragraph followed by the fixed fall payments payable pursuant to subparagraph (4) of such paragraph and then followed by the district's payments to the teachers' retirement system pursuant to subparagraph (1) of such paragraph, and any remainder to be deducted from the individualized payments due the district pursuant to paragraph b of such subdivision shall be deducted on a chronological basis starting with the earliest payment due the district.

§ 38. Special apportionment for public pension accruals. a. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon application to the commissioner of education, not later than June 30, 2019, a school district eligible for an apportionment pursuant to section 3602 of the education law shall be eligible to receive an apportionment pursuant to this section, for the school year ending June 30, 2019 and such apportionment shall not exceed the additional accruals required to be made by school districts in the 2004--2005 and 2005--2006 school years associated with

changes for such public pension liabilities. The amount of such additional accrual shall be certified to the commissioner of education by the president of the board of education or the trustees or, in the case of a city school district in a city with a population in excess of 125,000 inhabitants, the mayor of such city. Such application shall be made by a school district, after the board of education or trustees have adopted a resolution to do so and in the case of a city school district in a city with a population in excess of 125,000 inhabitants, with the approval of the mayor of such city.

b. The claim for an apportionment to be paid to a school district pursuant to subdivision a of this section shall be submitted to the commissioner of education on a form prescribed for such purpose, and shall be payable upon determination by such commissioner that the form has been submitted as prescribed. Such approved amounts shall be payable on the same day in September of the school year following the year in which application was made as funds provided pursuant to subparagraph (4) of paragraph b of subdivision 4 of section 92-c of the state finance law, on the audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers certified or approved by the commissioner of education in the manner prescribed by law from moneys in the state lottery fund and from the general fund to the extent that the amount paid to a school district pursuant to this section exceeds the amount, if any, due such school district pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 3609-a of the education law in the school year following the year in which application was made.

c. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3609-a of the education law, an amount equal to the amount paid to a school district pursuant to subdivisions a and b of this section shall first be deducted from the following payments due the school district during the school year following the year in which application was made pursuant to subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 3609-a of the education law in the following order: the lottery apportionment payable pursuant to subparagraph (2) of such paragraph followed by the fixed fall payments payable pursuant to subparagraph (4) of such paragraph and then followed by the district's payments to the teachers' retirement system pursuant to subparagraph (1) of such paragraph, and any remainder to be deducted from the individualized payments due the district pursuant to paragraph b of such subdivision shall be deducted on a chronological basis starting with the earliest payment due the district.

§ 39. a. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any moneys appropriated to the state education department may be suballocated to other state departments or agencies, as needed, to accomplish the intent of the specific appropriations contained therein.

b. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, moneys appropriated to the state education department from the general fund/aid to localities, local assistance account-001, shall be for payment of financial assistance, as scheduled, net of disallowances, refunds, reimbursement and credits.

c. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, all moneys appropriated to the state education department for aid to localities shall be available for payment of aid heretofore or hereafter to accrue and may be suballocated to other departments and agencies to accomplish the intent of the specific appropriations contained therein.

d. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, moneys appropriated to the state education department for general

support for public schools may be interchanged with any other item of appropriation for general support for public schools within the general fund local assistance account office of prekindergarten through grade twelve education programs.

§ 40. Notwithstanding the provision of any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the city school district of the city of Rochester, upon the consent of the board of cooperative educational services of the supervisory district serving its geographic region may purchase from such board for the 2018--2019 school year, as a non-component school district, services required by article 19 of the education law.

§ 41. The amounts specified in this section shall be a setaside from the state funds which each such district is receiving from the total foundation aid:

a. for the development, maintenance or expansion of magnet schools or magnet school programs for the 2018--2019 school year. For the city school district of the city of New York there shall be a setaside of foundation aid equal to forty-eight million one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($48,175,000) including five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) for the Andrew Jackson High School; for the Buffalo city school district, twenty-one million twenty-five thousand dollars ($21,025,000); for the Rochester city school district, fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000); for the Syracuse city school district, thirteen million dollars ($13,000,000); for the Yonkers city school district, forty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars ($49,500,000); for the Newburgh city school district, four million six hundred forty-five thousand dollars ($4,645,000); for the Poughkeepsie city school district, two million four hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($2,475,000); for the Mount Vernon city school district, two million dollars ($2,000,000); for the New Rochelle city school district, one million four hundred ten thousand dollars ($1,410,000); for the Schenectady city school district, one million eight hundred thousand dollars ($1,800,000); for the Port Chester city school district, one million one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($1,150,000); for the White Plains city school district, nine hundred thousand dollars ($900,000); for the Niagara Falls city school district, six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000); for the Albany city school district, three million five hundred fifty thousand dollars ($3,550,000); for the Utica city school district, two million dollars ($2,000,000); for the Beacon city school district, five hundred sixty-six thousand dollars ($566,000); for the Middletown city school district, four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000); for the Freeport union free school district, four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000); for the Greenburgh central school district, three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000); for the Amsterdam city school district, eight hundred thousand dollars ($800,000); for the Peekskill city school district, two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000); and for the Hudson city school district, four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000).

b. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, a school district setting aside such foundation aid pursuant to this section may use such setaside funds for: (i) any instructional or instructional support costs associated with the operation of a magnet school; or (ii) any instructional or instructional support costs associated with implementation of an alternative approach to promote diversity and/or enhancement of the instructional program and raising of standards in elementary and secondary schools of school districts having substantial concentrations of minority students.

c. The commissioner of education shall not be authorized to withhold foundation aid from a school district that used such funds in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding any inconsistency with a request for proposals issued by such commissioner for the purpose of attendance improvement and dropout prevention for the 2018--2019 school year, and for any city school district in a city having a population of more than one million, the setaside for attendance improvement and dropout prevention shall equal the amount set aside in the base year. For the 2018--2019 school year, it is further provided that any city school district in a city having a population of more than one million shall allocate at least one-third of any increase from base year levels in funds set aside pursuant to the requirements of this section to community-based organizations. Any increase required pursuant to this section to community-based organizations must be in addition to allocations provided to community-based organizations in the base year.

d. For the purpose of teacher support for the 2018--2019 school year: for the city school district of the city of New York, sixty-two million seven hundred seven thousand dollars ($62,707,000); for the Buffalo city school district, one million seven hundred forty-one thousand dollars ($1,741,000); for the Rochester city school district, one million seventy-six thousand dollars ($1,076,000); for the Yonkers city school district, one million one hundred forty-seven thousand dollars ($1,147,000); and for the Syracuse city school district, eight hundred nine thousand dollars ($809,000). All funds made available to a school district pursuant to this section shall be distributed among teachers including prekindergarten teachers and teachers of adult vocational and academic subjects in accordance with this section and shall be in addition to salaries heretofore or hereafter negotiated or made available; provided, however, that all funds distributed pursuant to this section for the current year shall be deemed to incorporate all funds distributed pursuant to former subdivision 27 of section 3602 of the education law for prior years. In school districts where the teachers are represented by certified or recognized employee organizations, all salary increases funded pursuant to this section shall be determined by separate collective negotiations conducted pursuant to the provisions and procedures of article 14 of the civil service law, notwithstanding the existence of a negotiated agreement between a school district and a certified or recognized employee organization.

§ 42. Support of public libraries. The moneys appropriated for the support of public libraries by a chapter of the laws of 2017 enacting the aid to localities budget shall be apportioned for the 2018-2019 state fiscal year in accordance with the provisions of sections 271, 272, 273, 282, 284, and 285 of the education law as amended by the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of this section, provided that library construction aid pursuant to section 273-a of the education law shall not be payable from the appropriations for the support of public libraries and provided further that no library, library system or program, as defined by the commissioner of education, shall receive less total system or program aid than it received for the year 2001-2002 except as a result of a reduction adjustment necessary to conform to the appropriations for support of public libraries.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary the moneys appropriated for the support of public libraries for the year 2018-2019 by a chapter of the laws of 2018 enacting the education, labor and family assistance budget shall fulfill the state's obligation to provide such aid and, pursuant to a plan developed by the commissioner of educa-

tion and approved by the director of the budget, the aid payable to libraries and library systems pursuant to such appropriations shall be reduced proportionately to assure that the total amount of aid payable does not exceed the total appropriations for such purpose.

§ 43. Severability. The provisions of this act shall be severable, and if the application of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act to any person or circumstance shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not necessarily affect, impair or invalidate the application of any such clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, part of this act or remainder thereof, as the case may be, to any other person or circumstance, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

§ 44. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2018; provided, however, that:

1. Sections one, four, five, six, seven, nine, nine-a, nine-b, nine-c, nine-d, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, thirty-six, forty and forty-one of this act shall take effect July 1, 2018; and

2. The amendments to chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city made by sections twenty-five and twenty-six of this act shall not affect the repeal of such chapter and shall be deemed repealed therewith; and

3. Section twenty-eight of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after the effective date of section 140 of chapter 82 of the laws of 1995;

4. The amendments to paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 of section 2856 of the education law made by section seven of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision pursuant to subdivision d of section 27 of chapter 378 of the laws of 2007, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section eight of this act shall take effect; and the amendments to paragraph b-1 of subdivision 4 of section 3602 of the education law made by section nine-a of this act shall not affect the expiration of such paragraph and shall expire therewith.

PART B

Section 1. The education law is amended by adding a new section 908 to read as follows:

§ 908. Prohibition against lunch shaming. All public schools, including charter schools and non-public schools in the state that participate in the national school lunch program or school breakfast program in which there is a school at which all pupils are not eligible to be served breakfast and lunch under the community eligibility provision or provision two of the federal national school lunch act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq., shall develop a plan to ensure that a pupil whose parent or guardian has unpaid school meal fees is not shamed or treated differently than a pupil whose parent or guardian does not have unpaid school meal fees. The plan shall be submitted to the commissioner by July first, two thousand eighteen, or sixty days from the effective date of this section after enactment in conformance with regulations of the

commissioner. After submission of such plan, the school shall adopt and post the plan on its website. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

a. A policy stating that the school shall provide the student with the student's meal of choice for that school day of the available reimbursable meal choices for such school day, if the student requests one, unless the student's parent or guardian has specifically provided written permission to the school to withhold a meal, provided that such policy shall only require the school to provide access to reimbursable meals, not a la carte items, adult meals, or other similar items;

b. An explanation of how staff will be trained to ensure that the policy is carried out correctly and how the affected parents and guardians will be provided with assistance in establishing eligibility for free or reduced-price meals for their children;

c. A policy requiring the school to notify the student's parent or guardian that the student's meal card or account balance is exhausted and unpaid meal charges are due. The notification policy may include a repayment schedule, but the school may not charge any interest or fees in connection with any meals charged;

d. A communication procedure designed to support eligible families enrolling in the national free and reduced price meal program. Such communication procedures shall also include a process for determining eligibility when a student owes money for five or more meals, wherein the school shall:

i. make every attempt to determine if a student is directly certified to be eligible for free meals;

ii. make at least two attempts, not including the application or instructions included in a school enrollment packet, to reach the student's parent or guardian and have the parent or guardian fill out a meal application; and

iii. require a principal, assistant principal or counselor to contact the parent or guardian to offer assistance with a meal application, determine if there are other issues within the household that have caused the child to have insufficient funds to purchase a school meal and offer any other assistance that is appropriate;

e. A clear explanation of policies designed to decrease student distress or embarrassment, provided that, no school shall:

i. publicly identify or stigmatize a student who cannot pay for a meal or who owes a meal debt by any means including, but not limited to, requiring that a student wear a wristband or hand stamp;

ii. require a student who cannot pay for a meal or who owes a meal debt to do chores or other work to pay for meals, provided that chores or work required of all students regardless of a meal debt is permitted;

iii. require that a student throw away a meal after it has been served because of the student's inability to pay for the meal or because money is owed for earlier meals;

iv. take any action directed at a pupil to collect unpaid school meal fees. A school may attempt to collect unpaid school meal fees from a parent or guardian, but shall not use a debt collector, as defined in section eight hundred three of the federal consumer credit protection act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1692a; or

v. discuss any outstanding meal debt in the presence of other students;

f. A clear explanation of the policy to handle unpaid meal charges, provided that nothing in this section is intended to allow for the unlimited accrual of debt;

g. Procedures to enroll in the free and reduced price lunch program, provided that such procedures shall include that, at the beginning of each school year, a school shall provide:

i. a free, printed meal application in every school enrollment packet, or if the school chooses to use an electronic meal application, provide in school enrollment packets an explanation of the electronic meal application process and instructions for how parents or guardians may request a paper application at no cost; and

ii. meal applications and instructions in a language that parents and guardians understand. If a parent or guardian cannot read or understand a meal application, the school shall offer assistance in completing the application;

h. If a school becomes aware that a student who has not submitted a meal application is eligible for free or reduced-fee meals, the school shall complete and file an application for the student pursuant to title seven, section 245.6(d) of the code of federal regulations; and

i. School liaisons required for homeless, foster, and migrant students shall coordinate with the nutrition department to make sure such students receive free school meals, in accordance with federal law.

§ 2. Section 4 of chapter 537 of the laws of 1976, relating to paid, free and reduced price breakfast for eligible pupils in certain school districts is renumbered section 6 and two new sections 4 and 5 are added to read as follows:

§ 4. a. All public elementary or secondary schools in this state, not including a charter school authorized by article 56 of the education law, with at least seventy percent or more of its students eligible for free or reduced-price meals under the federal National School Lunch Program as determined by the State Education Department based upon data submitted by schools through the basic educational data system (BEDS) for the prior school year, shall be required to offer all students a school breakfast after the instructional day has begun.

b. Each public school may determine the breakfast service delivery model that best suits its students. Service delivery models may include, but are not limited to, breakfast in the classroom, grab and go breakfast, and breakfast served in the cafeteria. Time spent by students consuming breakfast may be considered instructional time when students consume breakfast in the students' classrooms and instruction is being provided while students are consuming breakfast. In determining a service delivery model, schools shall consult with teachers, parents, students and members of the community.

c. Schools subject to this requirement shall provide notice to students' parents and guardians that the school will be offering breakfast to all students after the instructional day has begun.

d. The State Education Department shall:

i. on or before May 1, 2018, and on or before May 1 of each year thereafter preceding each school year, publish on its website a list of the public schools that meet the requirements for operating such programs, and provide notification to such schools;

ii. develop and distribute guidelines for the implementation of such programs, which shall be in the compliance with all applicable federal and state laws governing the School Breakfast Program;

iii. provide technical assistance relating to the implementation of such program and submission of claims for reimbursement under the School Breakfast Program; and

iv. annually publish by December 2019, and each December thereafter, on its website information relating to each school subject to this

requirement, as well as any other schools operating such program which are not subject to this requirement, in the prior school year. Such information shall include, but not be limited to: the school name, service delivery models implemented, student enrollment, the free and reduced-price lunch percentage, the average daily breakfast participation rate, the total number of breakfast meals served during the school year, the total cost of the breakfast program during the school year, the total federal reimbursement for breakfast meals during the school year, and the total state reimbursement for breakfast meals during the school year.

§ 5. a. Notwithstanding any monetary limitations with respect to school lunch programs contained in any law or regulation, for school lunch meals served in the school year commencing July 1, 2019 and each July 1 thereafter, a school food authority shall be eligible for a lunch meal State subsidy of twenty-five cents, which shall include any annual State subsidy received by such school food authority under any other provision of State law, for any school lunch meal served by such school food authority; provided that the school food authority certifies to the State Education Department through the application submitted pursuant to subdivision b of this section that such food authority has purchased at least thirty percent of its total cost of food products for its school food service program from New York state farmers, growers, producers or processors in the preceding school year.

b. The State Education Department, in cooperation with the Department of Agriculture and Markets, shall develop an application for school food authorities to seek an additional State subsidy pursuant to this section in a timeline and format prescribed by the commissioner of education. Such application shall include, but not be limited to, documentation demonstrating the school food authority's total food purchases for its school food service programs, including but not limited to school lunch, breakfast and snack programs, and documentation demonstrating its total food purchases and percentages for such programs from New York State farmers, growers, producers or processors in the preceding school year. The application shall also include an attestation from the school food authority's chief operating officer that it purchased at least thirty percent of its total cost of food products for its school food service program from New York State farmers, growers, producers or processors in the preceding school year in order to meet the requirements for this additional State subsidy. School food authorities shall be required to annually apply for this subsidy.

c. The State Education Department shall annually publish information on its website commencing on September 1, 2019 and each September 1 thereafter, relating to each school food authority that applied for and received this additional State subsidy, including but not limited to: the school food authority name, student enrollment, average daily lunch participation, total food costs for its school food service programs, total cost of products for its school food service programs purchased from New York State farmers, growers, producers or processors, and the percent of total food costs that were purchased from New York State farmers, growers, producers or processors.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that subdivision a of section 4 of chapter 537 of the laws of 1976, as added by section two of this act, shall take effect September 1, 2018.

PART C

Section 1. Section 1604 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 43 to read as follows:

43. To pass, in the discretion of the trustees, a resolution authorizing the use of school bus cameras pursuant to section eleven hundred eighteen of the vehicle and traffic law, provided that the trustees may also enter into contracts with a third party for the installation, administration, operation, notice processing, and maintenance of such cameras, and for the sharing of revenue derived from such cameras pursuant to section eleven hundred eighteen of the vehicle and traffic law, provided that the purchase, lease, installation, operation and maintenance, or any other costs associated with such cameras shall not be considered an aidable expense pursuant to section thirty-six hundred twenty-three-a of this chapter.

§ 2. Section 1709 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 43 to read as follows:

43. To pass a resolution, in the discretion of the board, authorizing the use of school bus cameras pursuant to section eleven hundred eighteen of the vehicle and traffic law, provided that the board may also enter into contracts with a third party for the installation, administration, operation, notice processing, and maintenance of such cameras, and for the sharing of revenue derived from such cameras pursuant to section eleven hundred eighteen of the vehicle and traffic law, provided that the purchase, lease, installation, operation and maintenance, or any other costs associated with such cameras shall not be considered an aidable expense pursuant to section thirty-six hundred twenty-three-a of this chapter.

§ 3. The vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new section 1118 to read as follows:

§ 1118. Owner liability for operator illegally overtaking or passing a school bus. (a) 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each board of education or trustees of a school district is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and amend a resolution establishing a school bus safety camera program imposing monetary liability on the owner of a vehicle for failure of an operator thereof to comply with section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title. Such program shall empower a board of education or school district or school bus transportation contractor that has contracted with such school district to install school bus safety cameras upon school buses operated by or contracted with such district.

2. Such program shall utilize necessary technologies to ensure, to the extent practicable, that photographs produced by such school bus safety cameras shall not include images that identify the driver, the passengers, or the contents of the vehicle. Provided, however, that no notice of liability issued pursuant to this section shall be dismissed solely because a photograph or photographs allow for the identification of the contents of a vehicle, provided that such school district has made a reasonable effort to comply with the provisions of this paragraph.

(b) In any school district which has adopted a resolution pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, the owner of a vehicle shall be liable for a penalty imposed pursuant to this section if such vehicle was used or operated with the permission of the owner, express or implied, in violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title, and such violation is evidenced by information obtained from a school bus safety camera; provided however that no owner of a vehicle shall be liable for a penalty imposed pursuant to this section where the

operator of such vehicle has been convicted of the underlying violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title.

(c) For purposes of this section, "owner" shall have the meaning provided in article two-B of this chapter. For purposes of this section, "school bus safety camera" shall mean an automated photo monitoring device affixed to the outside of a school bus and designated to detect and store videotape and one or more images of motor vehicles that overtake or pass school buses in violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title.

(d) No school district or school bus transportation contractor that has installed cameras pursuant to this section shall access the images from such cameras but shall provide, pursuant to an agreement with the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies, for the proper handling and custody of such images for the forwarding of such images from such cameras to a law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the area in which the violation occurred for the purpose of imposing monetary liability on the owner of a motor vehicle for illegally overtaking or passing a school bus in violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title. After receipt of such images a police officer shall inspect such videotape and images to determine whether a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title was committed. Upon such a finding a certificate, sworn to or affirmed by an officer of such agency, or a facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images produced by a school bus safety camera, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein. Any photographs, microphotographs, videotape or other recorded images evidencing such a violation shall be available for inspection in any proceeding to adjudicate the liability for such violation.

(e) An owner found liable pursuant to this section for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title shall be liable for a monetary penalty of two hundred fifty dollars.

(e-1) Payment of the monetary penalty imposed by subdivision (e) of this section shall be payable to the school district. Nothing herein shall prevent the school district from entering into a memorandum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency to return a portion of such penalty received to the local law enforcement agency, provided however, in no case shall such portion returned to a local law enforcement agency exceed twenty percent of the amount received by the school district.

(f) An imposition of liability under this section shall not be deemed a conviction as an operator and shall not be made part of the operating record of the person upon whom such liability is imposed nor shall it be used for insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.

(g) 1. A notice of liability shall be sent by the respective law enforcement agency by first class mail to each person alleged to be liable as an owner for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title pursuant to this section. Personal delivery on the owner shall not be required. A manual or automatic record of mailing prepared in the ordinary course of business shall be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein.

2. A notice of liability shall contain the name and address of the person alleged to be liable as an owner for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title pursuant to this section, the registration number of the vehicle involved in such

violation, the location where such violation took place, the date and time of such violation and the identification number of the camera which recorded the violation or other document locator number.

3. The notice of liability shall contain information advising the person charged of the manner and the time in which he may contest the liability alleged in the notice. Such notice of liability shall also contain a warning to advise the persons charged that failure to contest in the manner and time provided shall be deemed an admission of liability and that a default judgment may be entered thereon.

4. The notice of liability shall be prepared and mailed by the respective law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the location where the violation occurred.

(h) Adjudication of the liability imposed upon owners by this section shall be by a traffic violations bureau established pursuant to section three hundred seventy of the general municipal law or, if there be none, by the court having jurisdiction over traffic infractions, except that any city which has established or designated an administrative tribunal to hear and determine owner liability established by this article for failure to comply with traffic-control indications shall use such tribunal to adjudicate the liability imposed by this section.

(i) If an owner receives a notice of liability pursuant to this section for any time period during which the vehicle was reported to a police department as having been stolen, it shall be a valid defense to an allegation of liability for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title pursuant to this section that the vehicle had been reported to the police as stolen prior to the time the violation occurred and had not been recovered by such time. For purposes of asserting the defense provided by this subdivision it shall be sufficient that a certified copy of the police report on the stolen vehicle be sent by first class mail to the traffic violations bureau, court having jurisdiction or parking violations bureau.

(j) Where the adjudication of liability imposed upon owners pursuant to this section is by an administrative tribunal, traffic violations bureau, or a court having jurisdiction, an owner who is a lessor of a vehicle to which a notice of liability was issued pursuant to subdivision (g) of this section shall not be liable for the violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title, provided that he or she sends to the administrative tribunal, traffic violations bureau, or court having jurisdiction a copy of the rental, lease or other such contract document covering such vehicle on the date of the violation, with the name and address of the lessee clearly legible, within thirty-seven days after receiving notice from the bureau or court of the date and time of such violation, together with the other information contained in the original notice of liability. Failure to send such information within such thirty-seven day time period shall render the owner liable for the penalty prescribed by this section. Where the lessor complies with the provisions of this paragraph, the lessee of such vehicle on the date of such violation shall be deemed to be the owner of such vehicle for purposes of this section, shall be subject to liability for the violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title pursuant to this section and shall be sent a notice of liability pursuant to subdivision (g) of this section.

(k) 1. If the owner liable for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title pursuant to this section was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the

violation, the owner may maintain an action for indemnification against the operator.

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, no owner of a vehicle shall be subject to a monetary fine imposed pursuant to this section if the operator of such vehicle was operating such vehicle without the consent of the owner at the time such operator was found to have been overtaking or passing a school bus. For purposes of this subdivision there shall be a presumption that the operator of such vehicle was operating such vehicle with the consent of the owner at the time such operator was found to have been overtaking or passing a school bus.

(l) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the liability of an operator of a vehicle for any violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title.

(m) In any school district which adopts a school bus safety camera program pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, such school district shall submit an annual report on the results of the use of its school bus safety cameras to the governor, the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly on or before June first, two thousand nineteen and on the same date in each succeeding year in which the demonstration program is operable. Such report shall include, but not be limited to:

1. a description of the number of busses and routes where school bus safety cameras were used;

2. the aggregate number of annual incidents of violations of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title within the district;

3. the number of violations recorded by school bus safety cameras in the aggregate and on a daily, weekly and monthly basis;

4. the total number of notices of liability issued for violations recorded by such systems;

5. the number of fines and total amount of fines paid after first notice of liability issued for violations recorded by such systems;

6. the number of violations adjudicated and results of such adjudications including breakdowns of dispositions made for violations recorded by such systems;

7. the total amount of revenue realized by such school district from such adjudications;

8. expenses incurred by such school district in connection with the program; and

9. quality of the adjudication process and its results.

(n) It shall be a defense to any prosecution for a violation of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred seventy-four of this title that such school bus safety cameras were malfunctioning at the time of the alleged violation.

§ 4. Subdivision (c) of section 1174 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 254 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Every person convicted of a violation of subdivision (a) of this section shall: for a first conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than [~~two hundred fifty~~] five hundred dollars nor more than [~~four~~] seven hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment for not more than thirty days or by both such fine and imprisonment; for a conviction of a second violation, both of which were committed within a period of three years, such person shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~six hundred~~] one thousand dollars nor more than [~~seven~~] one thousand two hundred fifty dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one hundred

eighty days or by both such fine and imprisonment; upon a conviction of a third or subsequent violation, all of which were committed within a period of three years, such person shall be punished by a fine of not less than [~~seven hundred fifty~~] **one thousand two hundred fifty** dollars nor more than one thousand **five hundred** dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one hundred eighty days or by both such fine and imprisonment.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART D

Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 1950 of the education law is amended by adding a new paragraph oo to read as follows:

oo. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a board of cooperative educational services is authorized to enter into a memorandum of understanding with the trustees or board of education of a non-component school district, including city school districts of cities with one hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants or more, to participate in a recovery high school program operated by the board of cooperative educational services for a period not to exceed five years upon such terms as such trustees or board of education and the board of cooperative educational services may mutually agree, provided that such agreement may provide for a charge for administration of the recovery high school program including capital costs, but participating non-component school districts shall not be liable for payment of administrative expenses as defined in paragraph b of this subdivision. Costs allocated to a participating non-component school district pursuant to a memorandum of understanding shall be aidable pursuant to subdivision five of this section to the same extent and on the same basis as costs allocated to a component school district.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART E

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New York state DREAM Act".

§ 2. Subdivision 3 of section 661 of the education law is REPEALED.

§ 3. Paragraph a of subdivision 5 of section 661 of the education law, as amended by chapter 466 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

a. **(i)** Except as provided in subdivision two of section six hundred seventy-four **of this part and subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph**, an applicant for an award at the undergraduate level of study must either [~~(i)~~] **(a)** have been a legal resident of the state for at least one year immediately preceding the beginning of the semester, quarter or term of attendance for which application for assistance is made, or [~~(ii)~~] **(b)** be a legal resident of the state and have been a legal resident during his **or her** last two semesters of high school either prior to graduation, or prior to admission to college. Provided further that persons shall be eligible to receive awards under section six hundred sixty-eight or section six hundred sixty-nine **of this part** who are currently legal residents of the state and are otherwise qualified.

(ii) An applicant who is not a legal resident of the state eligible pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, but is a United States citizen, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, an individual of a class of refugees paroled by the

attorney general of the United States under his or her parole authority pertaining to the admission of aliens to the United States, or an applicant without lawful immigration status shall be eligible for an award at the undergraduate level of study provided that the student:

(a) attended a registered New York state high school for two or more years, graduated from a registered New York state high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state high school, applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought, and attended within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(b) attended an approved New York state program for a state high school equivalency diploma, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for a general equivalency diploma, received a state high school equivalency diploma, subsequently applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought, earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought within five years of receiving a state high school equivalency diploma; or

(c) is otherwise eligible for the payment of tuition and fees at a rate no greater than that imposed for resident students of the state university of New York, the city university of New York or community colleges as prescribed in subparagraph eight of paragraph h of subdivision two of section three hundred fifty-five or paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of section six thousand two hundred six of this chapter.

Provided, further, that a student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such institution of higher education stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

§ 4. Paragraph b of subdivision 5 of section 661 of the education law, as amended by chapter 466 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

b. [~~An~~] (i) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, an applicant for an award at the graduate level of study must either [~~(i)~~] (a) have been a legal resident of the state for at least one year immediately preceding the beginning of the semester, quarter or term of attendance for which application for assistance is made, or [~~(ii)~~] (b) be a legal resident of the state and have been a legal resident during his or her last academic year of undergraduate study and have continued to be a legal resident until matriculation in the graduate program.

(ii) An applicant who is not a legal resident of the state eligible pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, but is a United States citizen, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, an individual of a class of refugees paroled by the attorney general of the United States under his or her parole authority pertaining to the admission of aliens to the United States, or an applicant without lawful immigration status shall be eligible for an award at the graduate level of study provided that the student:

(a) attended a registered New York state high school for two or more years, graduated from a registered New York state high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state high school, applied for attendance at the institution of higher

education for the graduate study for which an award is sought, and attended within ten years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(b) attended an approved New York state program for a state high school equivalency diploma, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for a general equivalency diploma, received a state high school equivalency diploma, subsequently applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the graduate study for which an award is sought, and attended the institution of higher education for the graduate study for which an award is sought within ten years of receiving a state high school equivalency diploma; or

(c) is otherwise eligible for the payment of tuition and fees at a rate no greater than that imposed for resident students of the state university of New York, the city university of New York or community colleges as prescribed in subparagraph eight of paragraph h of subdivision two of section three hundred fifty-five or paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of section six thousand two hundred six of this chapter.

Provided, further, that a student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such institution of higher education stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

§ 5. Paragraph d of subdivision 5 of section 661 of the education law, as amended by chapter 844 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as follows:

d. If an applicant for an award allocated on a geographic basis has more than one residence in this state, his or her residence for the purpose of this article shall be his or her place of actual residence during the major part of the year while attending school, as determined by the commissioner; and further provided that an applicant who does not have a residence in this state and is eligible for an award pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph a or subparagraph (ii) of paragraph b of this subdivision shall be deemed to reside in the geographic area of the institution of higher education in which he or she attends for purposes of an award allocated on a geographic basis.

§ 6. Paragraph e of subdivision 5 of section 661 of the education law, as added by chapter 630 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

e. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, the New York state [~~residency~~] eligibility [~~requirement~~] requirements for receipt of awards [~~is~~] set forth in paragraphs a and b of this subdivision are waived for a member, or the spouse or dependent of a member, of the armed forces of the United States on full-time active duty and stationed in this state.

§ 7. Clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph 8 of paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 355 of the education law, as added by chapter 327 of the laws of 2002, are amended to read as follows:

(i) attended an approved New York high school for two or more years, graduated from an approved New York high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York high school, and applied for attendance [~~at~~] and attended an institution or educational unit of the state university within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(ii) attended an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, received a general equivalency diploma

issued within New York state, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, and subsequently applied for attendance [at], earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended an institution or educational unit of the state university within five years of receiving a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state; or

§ 8. Subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a-1) of subdivision 7 of section 6206 of the education law, as amended by chapter 260 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:

(i) attended an approved New York high school for two or more years, graduated from an approved New York high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York high school, and applied for attendance [at] and attended an institution or educational unit of the city university within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(ii) attended an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, received a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, and subsequently applied for attendance [at], earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended an institution or educational unit of the city university within five years of receiving a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state; or

§ 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 of section 6206 of the education law, as amended by chapter 327 of the laws of 2002, the opening paragraph as amended by section 4 of chapter 437 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The board of trustees shall establish positions, departments, divisions and faculties; appoint and in accordance with the provisions of law fix salaries of instructional and non-instructional employees therein; establish and conduct courses and curricula; prescribe conditions of student admission, attendance and discharge; and shall have the power to determine in its discretion whether tuition shall be charged and to regulate tuition charges, and other instructional and non-instructional fees and other fees and charges at the educational units of the city university. The trustees shall review any proposed community college tuition increase and the justification for such increase. The justification provided by the community college for such increase shall include a detailed analysis of ongoing operating costs, capital, debt service expenditures, and all revenues. The trustees shall not impose a differential tuition charge based upon need or income. All students enrolled in programs leading to like degrees at the senior colleges shall be charged a uniform rate of tuition, except for differential tuition rates based on state residency. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, the trustees may authorize the setting of a separate category of tuition rate, that shall be greater than the tuition rate for resident students and less than the tuition rate for non-resident students, only for students enrolled in distance learning courses who are not residents of the state. The trustees shall further provide that the payment of tuition and fees by any student who is not a resident of New York state, other than a non-immigrant alien within the meaning of paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of section 1101 of title 8 of the United States Code, shall be paid at a rate or charge no greater

than that imposed for students who are residents of the state if such student:

(i) attended an approved New York high school for two or more years, graduated from an approved New York high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York high school, and applied for attendance [~~at~~] and attended an institution or educational unit of the city university within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(ii) attended an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, received a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, and subsequently applied for attendance [~~at~~], earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended an institution or educational unit of the city university within five years of receiving a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state; or

(iii) was enrolled in an institution or educational unit of the city university in the fall semester or quarter of the two thousand one--two thousand two academic year and was authorized by such institution or educational unit to pay tuition at the rate or charge imposed for students who are residents of the state.

A student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such institution or educational unit stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so. The trustees shall not adopt changes in tuition charges prior to the enactment of the annual budget. The board of trustees may accept as partial reimbursement for the education of veterans of the armed forces of the United States who are otherwise qualified such sums as may be authorized by federal legislation to be paid for such education. The board of trustees may conduct on a fee basis extension courses and courses for adult education appropriate to the field of higher education. In all courses and courses of study it may, in its discretion, require students to pay library, laboratory, locker, breakage and other instructional and non-instructional fees and meet the cost of books and consumable supplies. In addition to the foregoing fees and charges, the board of trustees may impose and collect fees and charges for student government and other student activities and receive and expend them as agent or trustee.

§ 10. Subdivision 5 of section 6301 of the education law, as amended by chapter 327 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

5. "Resident." A person who has resided in the state for a period of at least one year and in the county, city, town, intermediate school district, school district or community college region, as the case may be, for a period of at least six months, both immediately preceding the date of such person's registration in a community college or, for the purposes of section sixty-three hundred five of this article, his or her application for a certificate of residence; provided, however, that this term shall include any student who is not a resident of New York state, other than a non-immigrant alien within the meaning of paragraph (15) of subsection (a) of section 1101 of title 8 of the United States Code, if such student:

(i) attended an approved New York high school for two or more years, graduated from an approved New York high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York high school, and

applied for attendance [~~at an institution or educational unit of the state university~~] and attended a community college within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(ii) attended an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, received a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for general equivalency diploma exam preparation, and subsequently applied for attendance [~~at an institution or educational unit of the state university~~], earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended a community college within five years of receiving a general equivalency diploma issued within New York state; or

(iii) was enrolled in [~~an institution or educational unit of the state university~~] a community college in the fall semester or quarter of the two thousand one--two thousand two academic year and was authorized by such [~~institution or educational unit~~] community college to pay tuition at the rate or charge imposed for students who are residents of the state.

Provided, further, that a student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such [~~institution or educational unit~~] community college stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

In the event that a person qualified as above for state residence, but has been a resident of two or more counties in the state during the six months immediately preceding his or her application for a certificate of residence pursuant to section sixty-three hundred five of this [~~chapter~~] article, the charges to the counties of residence shall be allocated among the several counties proportional to the number of months, or major fraction thereof, of residence in each county.

§ 11. Paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section 6451 of the education law, as amended by chapter 494 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

d. Any necessary supplemental financial assistance, which may include the cost of books and necessary maintenance for such enrolled students, including students without lawful immigration status provided that the student meets the requirements set forth in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph a or subparagraph (ii) of paragraph b of subdivision five of section six hundred sixty-one of this chapter, as applicable; provided, however, that such supplemental financial assistance shall be furnished pursuant to criteria promulgated by the commissioner with the approval of the director of the budget;

§ 12. Subparagraph (v) of paragraph a of subdivision 4 of section 6452 of the education law, as added by chapter 917 of the laws of 1970, is amended to read as follows:

(v) Any necessary supplemental financial assistance, which may include the cost of books and necessary maintenance for such students, including students without lawful immigration status provided that the student meets the requirements set forth in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph a or subparagraph (ii) of paragraph b of subdivision five of section six hundred sixty-one of this chapter, as applicable; provided, however, that such supplemental financial assistance shall be furnished pursuant to criteria promulgated by such universities and approved by the regents and the director of the budget.

§ 13. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 6455 of the education law, as added by chapter 285 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

(a) **(i)** Undergraduate science and technology entry program moneys may be used for tutoring, counseling, remedial and special summer courses, supplemental financial assistance, program administration, and other activities which the commissioner may deem appropriate. To be eligible for undergraduate collegiate science and technology entry program support, a student must be a resident of New York [~~who is~~]**, or meet the requirements of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, and must be** either economically disadvantaged or from a minority group historically under represented in the scientific, technical, health and health-related professions, and [~~who demonstrates~~] **must demonstrate** interest in and a potential for a professional career if provided special services. Eligible students must be in good academic standing, enrolled full time in an approved, undergraduate level program of study, as defined by the regents.

(ii) An applicant who is not a legal resident of the state eligible pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, but is a United States citizen, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, an individual of a class of refugees paroled by the attorney general of the United States under his or her parole authority pertaining to the admission of aliens to the United States, or an applicant without lawful immigration status shall be eligible for an award at the undergraduate level of study provided that the student:

(A) attended a registered New York state high school for two or more years, graduated from a registered New York state high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state high school, applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought, and attended within five years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(B) attended an approved New York state program for a state high school equivalency diploma, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for a general equivalency diploma, received a state high school equivalency diploma, subsequently applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought, earned admission based on that general equivalency diploma, and attended the institution of higher education for the undergraduate study for which an award is sought within five years of receiving a state high school equivalency diploma; or

(C) is otherwise eligible for the payment of tuition and fees at a rate no greater than that imposed for resident students of the state university of New York, the city university of New York or community colleges as prescribed in subparagraph eight of paragraph h of subdivision two of section three hundred fifty-five or paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of section six thousand two hundred six of this chapter.

Provided, further, that a student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such institution of higher education stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

§ 14. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 6455 of the education law, as added by chapter 285 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

(a) (i) Graduate science and technology entry program moneys may be used for recruitment, academic enrichment, career planning, supplemental financial assistance, review for licensing examinations, program administration, and other activities which the commissioner may deem appropriate. To be eligible for graduate collegiate science and technology entry program support, a student must be a resident of New York [~~who is~~], or meet the requirements of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, and must be either economically disadvantaged or from a minority group historically underrepresented in the scientific, technical and health-related professions. Eligible students must be in good academic standing, enrolled full time in an approved graduate level program, as defined by the regents.

(ii) An applicant who is not a legal resident of the state eligible pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, but is a United States citizen, an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, an individual of a class of refugees paroled by the attorney general of the United States under his or her parole authority pertaining to the admission of aliens to the United States, or an applicant without lawful immigration status shall be eligible for an award at the graduate level of study provided that the student:

(A) attended a registered New York state high school for two or more years, graduated from a registered New York state high school, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state high school, applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the graduate study for which an award is sought, and attended within ten years of receiving a New York state high school diploma; or

(B) attended an approved New York state program for a state high school equivalency diploma, lived continuously in New York state while attending an approved New York state program for a general equivalency diploma, received a state high school equivalency diploma, subsequently applied for attendance at the institution of higher education for the graduate study for which an award is sought, and attended the institution of higher education for the graduate study for which an award is sought within ten years of receiving a state high school equivalency diploma; or

(C) is otherwise eligible for the payment of tuition and fees at a rate no greater than that imposed for resident students of the state university of New York, the city university of New York or community college as prescribed in subparagraph eight of paragraph h of subdivision two of section three hundred fifty-five or paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of section six thousand two hundred six of this chapter.

Provided, further, that a student without lawful immigration status shall also be required to file an affidavit with such institution of higher education stating that the student has filed an application to legalize his or her immigration status, or will file such an application as soon as he or she is eligible to do so.

§ 15. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph a of subdivision 2 of section 695-e of the education law, as amended by chapter 593 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

(i) the name, address and social security number [~~or~~], employer identification number, or individual taxpayer identification number of the account owner unless a family tuition account that was in effect prior to the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand eighteen that amended this subparagraph does not allow for a taxpayer iden-

tification number, in which case a taxpayer identification number shall be allowed upon the expiration of the contract;

§ 16. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph a of subdivision 2 of section 695-e of the education law, as amended by chapter 593 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

(iii) the name, address, and social security number, employer identification number, or individual taxpayer identification number of the designated beneficiary, unless a family tuition account that was in effect prior to the effective date of the chapter of the laws of two thousand eighteen that amended this subparagraph does not allow for a taxpayer identification number, in which case a taxpayer identification number shall be allowed upon the expiration of the contract; and

§ 17. The president of the higher education services corporation shall establish an application form and procedures that shall allow a student applicant that meets the requirements set forth in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph a or subparagraph (ii) of paragraph b of subdivision 5 of section 661 of the education law to apply directly to the higher education services corporation for applicable awards without having to submit information to any other state or federal agency. All information contained with the applications filed with such corporation shall be deemed confidential, except that the corporation shall be entitled to release information to participating institutions as necessary for the administration of financial aid programs and to the extent required pursuant to article 6 of the public officers law or otherwise required by law.

§ 18. The higher education services corporation is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this act.

§ 19. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after the issuance of regulations and the development of an application form by the president of the higher education services corporation or on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law, whichever shall be later; provided, however, that:

a. the amendments to subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a-1) of subdivision 7 of section 6206 of the education law made by section eight of this act shall not affect the expiration of such paragraph and shall be deemed to expire therewith, when upon such date the provisions of section nine of this act shall take effect; and

b. the president of the higher education services corporation shall notify the legislative bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of the issuance of regulations and the development of an application form provided for in this section in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law.

PART F

Section 1. Section 7408 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 6 to read as follows:

6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any firm established to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy pursuant to article fifteen of the business corporation law, articles one and eight-B of the partnership law, or articles twelve and thirteen of the limited

liability company law shall be deemed eligible to register pursuant to this section.

§ 2. Section 1503 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (h) to read as follows:

(h) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article one hundred forty-nine of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section seventy-four hundred five of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, a firm incorporated under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is incorporated under this section shall be a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm. Such a firm shall have attached to its certificate of incorporation a certificate or certificates demonstrating the firm's compliance with this paragraph, in lieu of the certificate or certificates required by subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 3. Section 1507 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article may issue shares to individuals who are authorized by law to practice in this state a profession which such corporation is authorized to practice and who are or have been engaged in the practice of such profession in such corporation or a predecessor entity, or who will engage in the practice of such profession in such corporation within thirty days of the date such shares are issued and may also issue shares to employees of the corporation not licensed as certified public accountants, provided that:

(i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are owned by certified public accountants,

(ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public accountants,

(iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public accountants,

(iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in

another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in violation of this section shall be void.

§ 4. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the directors, at least fifty-one percent of the officers and the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are authorized by law to practice in this state a profession which such corporation is authorized to practice, and are either shareholders of such corporation or engaged in the practice of their professions in such corporation.

§ 5. Section 1509 of the business corporation law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

§ 1509. Disqualification of shareholders, directors, officers and employees.

If any shareholder, director, officer or employee of a professional service corporation, including a design professional service corporation, or any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, who has been rendering professional service to the public becomes legally disqualified to practice his profession within this state, he shall sever all employment with, and financial interests (other than interests as a creditor) in, such corporation forthwith or as otherwise provided in section 1510 of this article. All provisions of law regulating the rendering of professional services by a person elected or appointed to a public office shall be applicable to a shareholder, director, officer and employee of such corporation in the same manner and to the same extent as if fully set forth herein. Such legal disqualification to practice his profession within this state shall be deemed to constitute an irrevocable offer by the disqualified shareholder to sell his shares to the corporation, pursuant to the provisions of section 1510 of this article or of the certificate of incorporation, by-laws or agreement among the corporation and all shareholders, whichever is applicable. Compliance with the terms of such offer shall be specifically enforceable in the courts of this state. A professional service corporation's failure to enforce compliance with this provision shall constitute a ground for forfeiture of its certificate of incorporation and its dissolution.

§ 6. Paragraph (a) of section 1511 of the business corporation law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended and a new paragraph (c) is added to read as follows:

(a) No shareholder of a professional service corporation [~~or~~], including a design professional service corporation, or any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, may sell or transfer his shares in such corporation except to another individual who is eligible to have shares issued to him by such corporation or except in trust to another individual who would be eligible to receive shares if he were employed by the corporation. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the

transfer of shares by operation of law or by court decree. No transferee of shares by operation of law or court decree may vote the shares for any purpose whatsoever except with respect to corporate action under sections 909 and 1001 of this chapter. The restriction in the preceding sentence shall not apply, however, where such transferee would be eligible to have shares issued to him if he were an employee of the corporation and, if there are other shareholders, a majority of such other shareholders shall fail to redeem the shares so transferred, pursuant to section 1510 of this article, within sixty days of receiving written notice of such transfer. Any sale or transfer, except by operation of law or court decree or except for a corporation having only one shareholder, may be made only after the same shall have been approved by the board of directors, or at a shareholders' meeting specially called for such purpose by such proportion, not less than a majority, of the outstanding shares as may be provided in the certificate of incorporation or in the by-laws of such professional service corporation. At such shareholders' meeting the shares held by the shareholder proposing to sell or transfer his shares may not be voted or counted for any purpose, unless all shareholders consent that such shares be voted or counted. The certificate of incorporation or the by-laws of the professional service corporation, or the professional service corporation and the shareholders by private agreement, may provide, in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing provisions, for the alienation of shares and may require the redemption or purchase of such shares by such corporation at prices and in a manner specifically set forth therein. The existence of the restrictions on the sale or transfer of shares, as contained in this article and, if applicable, in the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, stock purchase or stock redemption agreement, shall be noted conspicuously on the face or back of every certificate for shares issued by a professional service corporation. Any sale or transfer in violation of such restrictions shall be void.

(c) A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, shall purchase or redeem the shares of a non-licensed professional shareholder in the case of his or her termination of employment within thirty days after such termination. A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article, shall not be required to purchase or redeem the shares of a terminated non-licensed professional shareholder if such shares, within thirty days after such termination, are sold or transferred to another employee of the corporation pursuant to this article.

§ 7. Paragraph (a) of section 1512 of the business corporation law, as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the name of a professional service corporation, including a design professional service corporation **and any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article**, may contain any word which, at the time of incorporation, could be used in the name of a partnership practicing a profession which the corporation is authorized to practice, and may not contain any word which could not be used by such a partnership. Provided, however, the name of a professional service corporation may not contain the name of a deceased person unless

(1) such person's name was part of the corporate name at the time of such person's death; or

(2) such person's name was part of the name of an existing partnership and at least two-thirds of such partnership's partners become shareholders of the corporation.

§ 8. Section 1514 of the business corporation law is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) Each firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall, at least once every three years on or before the date prescribed by the licensing authority, furnish a statement to the licensing authority listing the names and residence addresses of each shareholder, director and officer of such corporation and certify as the date of certification and at all times over the entire three year period that:

(i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are and were owned by certified public accountants,

(ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are and were certified public accountants,

(iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are and were certified public accountants,

(iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are and were certified public accountants.

The statement shall be signed by the president or any certified public accountant vice-president and attested to by the secretary or any assistant secretary of the corporation.

§ 9. Paragraph (d) of section 1525 of the business corporation law, as added by chapter 505 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:

(d) "Foreign professional service corporation" means a professional service corporation, whether or not denominated as such, organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state, all of the shareholders, directors and officers of which are authorized and licensed to practice the profession for which such corporation is licensed to do business; except that all shareholders, directors and officers of a foreign professional service corporation which provides health services in this state shall be licensed in this state. **Notwithstanding any other provision of law a foreign professional service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is defined under article one hundred forty-nine of the education law, or equivalent state law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a foreign professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section seventy-four hundred five of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is**

operating under this section shall be a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 10. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1500 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(q) Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state and each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide dental services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide veterinary services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide professional engineering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide licensed clinical social work services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide mental health counseling services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide psychoanalysis services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide applied behavior analysis service in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a limited liability partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individ-

uals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a limited liability partnership whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section 7404 of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section 7405 of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accounts," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is incorporated under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 11. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1502 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(q) Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in the state and each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides dental services in the state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides veterinary service in the state shall be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides professional engineering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions. Each partner of a foreign registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides licensed clinical social work services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice licensed clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides mental health counseling services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides psychoanalysis

services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides applied behavior analysis services in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. **Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a foreign limited liability partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a foreign limited liability partnership whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid licence issued under section 7404 of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section 7405 of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is incorporated under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.**

§ 12. Subdivision (h) of section 121-101 of the partnership law, as added by chapter 950 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

(h) "Limited partnership" and "domestic limited partnership" mean, unless the context otherwise requires, a partnership (i) formed by two or more persons pursuant to this article or which complies with subdivision (a) of section 121-1202 of this article and (ii) having one or more general partners and one or more limited partners. **Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a limited partnership or domestic limited partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a limited partnership or domestic limited partnership, whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section 7404 of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section 7405 of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the**

abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.

§ 13. Subdivision (b) of section 1207 of the limited liability company law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(b) With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide veterinary services as such services are defined in article 135 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide professional engineering, land surveying, architectural, landscape architectural and/or geological services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and article 148 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide public accountancy services as such services are defined in article 149 of the education law each member of such limited liability company whose principal place of business is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide licensed clinical social work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice licensed clinical social work in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide creative arts therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide marriage and family therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide mental health counseling

services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide psychoanalysis services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide applied behavior analysis services as such services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. **Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all members of a limited professional service limited liability company, whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section 7404 of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section 7405 of the education law. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.**

§ 14. Subdivision (a) of section 1301 of the limited liability company law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(a) "Foreign professional service limited liability company" means a professional service limited liability company, whether or not denominated as such, organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state, (i) each of whose members and managers, if any, is a professional authorized by law to render a professional service within this state and who is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession in such professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional service limited liability company within thirty days of the date such professional becomes a member, or each of whose members and managers, if any, is a professional at least one of such members is authorized by law to render a professional service within this state and who is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession in such

professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional service limited liability company within thirty days of the date such professional becomes a member, or (ii) authorized by, or holding a license, certificate, registration or permit issued by the licensing authority pursuant to, the education law to render a professional service within this state; except that all members and managers, if any, of a foreign professional service limited liability company that provides health services in this state shall be licensed in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides veterinary services as such services are defined in article 135 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides professional engineering, land surveying, geologic, architectural and/or landscape architectural services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and article 148 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. **With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides public accountancy services as such services are defined in article 149 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company whose principal place of business is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, shall be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state.** With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides licensed clinical social work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides creative arts therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides marriage and family therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides mental health counseling services as such services are defined in arti-

cle 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides psychoanalysis services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides applied behavior analysis services as such services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. **Notwithstanding any other provisions of law a foreign professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including ownership-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all members of a foreign limited professional service limited liability company, whose principal place of business is in this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section 7404 of the education law or are public accountants licensed under section 7405 of the education law, Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs." Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day business or management of the firm.**

§ 15. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART G

Section 1. Subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 8 of section 404 of the social services law are REPEALED.

§ 2. Section 11 of subpart A of part G of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, amending the social services law and the family court act relating to establishing a juvenile justice services close to home initiative, is amended to read as follows:

§ 11. This act shall take effect April 1, 2012 and shall expire on March 31, [~~2018~~] **2023** when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed; provided, however, that effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date are

authorized and directed to be made and completed on or before such effective date; provided, however, upon the repeal of this act, a social services district that has custody of a juvenile delinquent pursuant to an approved juvenile justice services close to home initiative shall retain custody of such juvenile delinquent until custody may be legally transferred in an orderly fashion to the office of children and family services.

§ 3. Section 7 of subpart B of part G of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, amending the social services law, the family court act and the executive law relating to juvenile delinquents, is amended to read as follows:

§ 7. This act shall take effect April 1, 2012 and shall expire on March 31, [~~2018~~] 2023 when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed; provided, however, that effective immediately, the addition, amendment and/or repeal of any rule or regulation necessary for the implementation of this act on its effective date is authorized and directed to be made and completed on or before such effective date.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on March 31, 2018.

PART H

Section 1. 1. Notwithstanding the time period required for notice pursuant to subdivision 15 of section 501 of the executive law, the office of children and family services may close the Ella McQueen reception center for boys and girls. At least thirty days prior to taking any such action, the commissioner of such office shall provide notice of such action to the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of the senate and shall post such notice upon its public website.

2. The commissioner of the office of children and family services shall be authorized to conduct any and all preparatory actions which may be required to effectuate this closure.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART I

Section 1. Section 9 of part G of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, amending the executive law and the social services law relating to consolidating the youth development and delinquency prevention program and the special delinquency prevention program, is amended to read as follows:

§ 9. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014 and shall expire and be deemed repealed on December 31, [~~2018~~] 2021.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART J

Section 1. Section 4 of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, amending the education law, relating to authorizing the board of cooperative educational services to enter into contracts with the commissioner of children and family services to provide certain services, as amended by section 5 of part J of chapter 56 of laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

§ 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012 and shall expire June 30, [~~2018~~] 2021 when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART K

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 1676 of the public authorities law is amended by adding a new undesignated paragraph to read as follows:

The office of children and family services of the state of New York.

§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART L

Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision 1 of section 131-o of the social services law, as amended by section 1 of part P of chapter 56 of the laws of 2017, are amended to read as follows:

(a) in the case of each individual receiving family care, an amount equal to at least [~~$141.00~~] $144.00 for each month beginning on or after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen.

(b) in the case of each individual receiving residential care, an amount equal to at least [~~$163.00~~] $166.00 for each month beginning on or after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen.

(c) in the case of each individual receiving enhanced residential care, an amount equal to at least [~~$194.00~~] $198.00 for each month beginning on or after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen.

(d) for the period commencing January first, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen, the monthly personal needs allowance shall be an amount equal to the sum of the amounts set forth in subparagraphs one and two of this paragraph:

(1) the amounts specified in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision; and

(2) the amount in subparagraph one of this paragraph, multiplied by the percentage of any federal supplemental security income cost of living adjustment which becomes effective on or after January first, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen, but prior to June thirtieth, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

§ 2. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision 2 of section 209 of the social services law, as amended by section 2 of part P of chapter 56 of the laws of 2017, are amended to read as follows:

(a) On and after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen, for an eligible individual living alone, [~~$822.00~~] $837.00; and for an eligible couple living alone, [~~$1,207.00~~] $1,229.00.

(b) On and after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen, for an eligible individual living with others with or without in-kind income, [~~$758.00~~] $773.00; and for an eligible couple living with others with or without in-kind income, [~~$1,149.00~~] $1,171.00.

(c) On and after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen, (i) for an eligible individual receiving family care, [~~$1,001.48~~] $1,016.48 if he or she is receiving such care in the city of New York or the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland; and (ii) for an eligible couple receiving family care in the city of New York or the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or (iii) for an eligible individ-

ual receiving such care in any other county in the state, [~~$963.48~~] $978.48; and (iv) for an eligible couple receiving such care in any other county in the state, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph.

(d) On and after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen, (i) for an eligible individual receiving residential care, [~~$1,170.00~~] $1,185.00 if he or she is receiving such care in the city of New York or the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland; and (ii) for an eligible couple receiving residential care in the city of New York or the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or (iii) for an eligible individual receiving such care in any other county in the state, [~~$1,140.00~~] $1,155.00; and (iv) for an eligible couple receiving such care in any other county in the state, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph.

(e) (i) On and after January first, two thousand [~~seventeen~~] eighteen, for an eligible individual receiving enhanced residential care, [~~$1,420.00~~] $1,444.00; and (ii) for an eligible couple receiving enhanced residential care, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.

(f) The amounts set forth in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this subdivision shall be increased to reflect any increases in federal supplemental security income benefits for individuals or couples which become effective on or after January first, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen but prior to June thirtieth, two thousand [~~eighteen~~] nineteen.

§ 3. This act shall take effect December 31, 2018.

PART M

Section 1. Subdivision 14 of section 131-a of the social services law, as added by section 1 of part H of chapter 58 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

14. In determining the need for aid provided pursuant to public assistance programs, each person living with [~~clinical/symptomatic HIV illness or AIDS~~] medically diagnosed HIV infection as defined by the AIDS institute of the department of health in social services districts with a population over five million who is receiving services through such district's administrative unit providing HIV/AIDS services, public assistance and earned and/or unearned income, shall not be required to pay more than thirty percent of his or her monthly earned and/or unearned income toward the cost of rent that such person has a direct obligation to pay; this provision shall not apply to room and board arrangements.

§ 2. Section 131-a of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 15 to read as follows:

15. In determining the need for aid provided pursuant to public assistance programs, each public assistance recipient living with medically diagnosed HIV infection as defined by the AIDS institute of the department of health in social services districts with a population of five million or fewer, at local option and in accordance with a plan approved by the office of temporary and disability assistance, may not be required to pay more than thirty percent of his or her monthly earned and/or unearned income toward the cost of rent that such person has a direct obligation to pay; this provision shall not apply to room and board arrangements.

§ 3. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law; provided, that the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability assistance may promulgate all rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act on an emergency basis.

PART N

Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the housing trust fund corporation may provide, for purposes of the rural rental assistance program pursuant to article 17-a of the private housing finance law, a sum not to exceed $23,649,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the transfer to the housing trust fund corporation, for the purposes of reimbursing any costs associated with rural rental assistance program contracts authorized by this section, a total sum not to exceed $23,649,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in the special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2017-2018 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York mortgage agency) required to accomplish the purposes of such account, the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than June 30, 2018.

§ 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the housing trust fund corporation may provide, for purposes of the neighborhood preservation program, a sum not to exceed $8,479,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the transfer to the housing trust fund corporation, for the purposes of reimbursing any costs associated with neighborhood preservation program contracts authorized by this section, a total sum not to exceed $8,479,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in the special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2017-2018 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York mortgage agency) required to accomplish the purposes of such account, the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than June 30, 2018.

§ 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the housing trust fund corporation may provide, for purposes of the rural preservation program, a sum not to exceed $3,539,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the transfer to the housing trust fund corporation, for the purposes of reimbursing any costs associated with rural preservation program contracts authorized by this section, a total sum not to exceed $3,539,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in the special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2017-2018 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York mortgage agency) required to accomplish the purposes of such account, the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than June 30, 2018.

§ 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the homeless housing and assistance corporation may provide, for purposes of the New York state supportive housing program, the solutions to end homelessness program or the operational support for AIDS housing program, or to qualified grantees under those programs, in accordance with the requirements of those programs, a sum not to exceed $8,333,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019. The homeless housing and assistance corporation may enter into an agreement with the office of temporary and disability assistance to administer such sum in accordance with the requirements of the programs. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the transfer to the homeless housing and assistance corporation, a total sum not to exceed $8,333,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in the special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2017-2018 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York mortgage agency) required to accomplish the purposes of such account, the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than March 31, 2019.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART O

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 of section 1 of part A of chapter 85 of the laws of 2017, relating to creating the Lake Ontario-

St. Lawrence Seaway flood recovery and International Joint Commission Plan 2014 mitigation grant program, as amended by section 2 of part J of chapter 61 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(c) The New York state urban development corporation shall administer this grant program, which shall not exceed in the aggregate $15,000,000 **plus any funds directed from the programs authorized in subdivisions 3 and 4 of this section**. Such corporation and other relevant state agencies and state authorities are hereby empowered to establish grant guidelines and additional eligibility criteria as deemed necessary to effectuate the administration of this program. Any grant guidelines and eligibility criteria established by the corporation pursuant to this subdivision shall be equivalent to, and shall not be more restrictive than, those established by the New York State Urban Development Corporation, doing business as the Empire State Development Corporation, in the grant programs it administered pursuant to part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011. In providing assistance pursuant to this subdivision, the New York state urban development corporation shall give preference to applicants that demonstrate the greatest need, based on available flood damage data provided by applicable state and/or federal agencies.

§ 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 of section 1 of part A of chapter 85 of the laws of 2017, relating to creating the Lake Ontario-St. Lawrence Seaway flood recovery and International Joint Commission Plan 2014 mitigation grant program, as amended by section 2 of part J of chapter 61 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(c) The affordable housing corporation shall administer this grant program, which shall not exceed in the aggregate $15,000,000 **plus any funds directed from the programs authorized in subdivisions 2 and 4 of this section**. Such corporation and other relevant state agency or state authorities are hereby empowered to establish grant guidelines and additional eligibility criteria as deemed necessary to effectuate the administration of this program. Any grant guidelines and eligibility criteria established by the corporation pursuant to this subdivision shall be equivalent to, and shall not be more restrictive than, those established by the New York State Urban Development Corporation, doing business as the Empire State Development Corporation, in the grant programs it administered pursuant to part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011. In providing assistance pursuant to this subdivision, the affordable housing corporation shall give preference to applicants that demonstrate the greatest need, based on available flood damage data provided by applicable state and/or federal agencies.

§ 3. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 of section 1 of part A of chapter 85 of the laws of 2017, relating to creating the Lake Ontario-St. Lawrence Seaway flood recovery and International Joint Commission Plan 2014 mitigation grant program, as amended by section 2 of part J of chapter 61 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(c) The housing trust fund corporation shall administer this grant program, which shall not exceed in the aggregate $15,000,000 **plus any funds directed from the programs authorized in subdivisions 2 and 3 of this section**. Such corporation, and other relevant state agencies or state authorities, is hereby empowered to establish grant guidelines and additional eligibility criteria, based on available flood damage data provided by applicable state and/or federal agencies, as it deems necessary to effectuate the administration of this program. Any grant guidelines and eligibility criteria established by the corporation pursuant to this subdivision shall be equivalent to, and shall not be more restrictive than, those established by the New York State Urban Develop-

ment Corporation, doing business as the Empire State Development Corporation, in the grant programs it administered pursuant to part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011. In providing assistance pursuant to this subdivision, the corporation shall give preference to applicants that demonstrate the greatest need, based on available flood damage data provided by applicable state and/or federal agencies.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

§ 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Parts A through O of this act shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.