

# STATE OF NEW YORK

6412

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

March 7, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. B. MILLER, RAIA, FINCH, CROUCH -- read once and referred to the Committee on Correction

AN ACT to amend the correction law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to sex offenders

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 168-a of the correction law, as  
2 added by chapter 192 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

3 1. "Sex offender" includes (a) any person who is convicted of any of  
4 the offenses set forth in subdivision two or three of this section; or  
5 (b) any person against whom a verdict of not responsible by reason of  
6 mental disease or defect is entered or from whom a plea of not responsi-  
7 ble by reason of mental disease or defect is accepted where the offense  
8 or offenses charged in the indictment or accusatory instrument include  
9 any of the offenses set forth in subdivision two or three of this  
10 section. Convictions that result from or are connected with the same

11 act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be count-  
12 ed for the purpose of this article as one conviction. Any conviction set  
13 aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this article.

14 § 2. Subdivision 6 of section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law, as  
15 added by chapter 548 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

16 6. Initial hearing; commitment order. After the examination reports  
17 are submitted, the court must, within ten days of the receipt of such  
18 reports, conduct an initial hearing to determine the defendant's present  
19 mental condition. If the defendant is in the custody of the commissioner  
20 pursuant to an examination order, the court must direct the sheriff to  
21 obtain custody of the defendant from the commissioner and to confine the  
22 defendant pending further order of the court, except that the court may  
23 direct the sheriff to confine the defendant in an institution located  
24 near the place where the court sits if that institution has been desig-  
25 nated by the commissioner as suitable for the temporary and secure

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 detention of mentally disabled persons. At such initial hearing, the  
2 district attorney must establish to the satisfaction of the court that  
3 the defendant has a dangerous mental disorder or is mentally ill. If the  
4 court finds that the defendant has a dangerous mental disorder, it must  
5 issue a commitment order, provided however that where the offense or  
6 offenses charged in the indictment or accusatory instrument against the  
7 defendant include any of the offenses set forth in subdivision two or  
8 three of section one hundred sixty-eight-a of the correction law the  
9 order shall require the defendant to comply with the provisions of arti-  
10 cle six-C of the correction law upon discharge or conditional release.

11 If the court finds that the defendant does not have a dangerous mental  
12 disorder but is mentally ill, the provisions of subdivision seven of  
13 this section shall apply.

14 § 3. Subdivision 7 of section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law, as  
15 added by chapter 548 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

16 7. Initial hearing civil commitment and order of conditions. If, at  
17 the conclusion of the initial hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision  
18 six of this section, the court finds that the defendant is mentally ill  
19 but does not have a dangerous mental disorder, the provisions of arti-  
20 cles nine or fifteen of the mental hygiene law shall apply at that stage  
21 of the proceedings and at all subsequent proceedings. Having found that  
22 the defendant is mentally ill, the court must issue an order of condi-  
23 tions and an order committing the defendant to the custody of the  
24 commissioner. The latter order shall be deemed an order made pursuant to  
25 the mental hygiene law and not pursuant to this section, and further  
26 retention, conditional release or discharge of such defendant shall be  
27 in accordance with the provisions of the mental hygiene law, provided  
28 however that where the offense or offenses charged in the indictment or  
29 accusatory instrument against the defendant include any of the offenses  
30 set forth in subdivision two or three of section one hundred sixty-  
31 eight-a of the correction law the order shall require the defendant to  
32 comply with the provisions of article six-C of the correction law upon  
33 discharge or conditional release. If, at the conclusion of the initial  
34 hearing, the court finds that the defendant does not have a dangerous  
35 mental disorder and is not mentally ill, the court must discharge the  
36 defendant either unconditionally or subject to an order of conditions,  
37 provided however that where the offense or offenses charged in the  
38 indictment or accusatory instrument against the defendant include any of  
39 the offenses set forth in subdivision two or three of section one  
40 hundred sixty-eight-a of the correction law the order shall require the  
41 defendant to comply with the provisions of article six-C of the  
42 correction law upon unconditional discharge or conditional release.

43 § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeed-  
44 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.