

STATE OF NEW YORK

6099--A

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 23, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. LUPARDO, D'URSO, BRINDISI, WALLACE, SEPULVEDA, McDONOUGH, RAIA, BARRON, JEAN-PIERRE, BLAKE, HUNTER -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. LENTOL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Aging -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the social services law and the banking law, in relation to the role of banking institutions in protecting vulnerable elderly persons from financial exploitation

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 473 of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 9 to read as follows:

9. (a) When used in this subdivision: (i) "banking institution" means any bank, trust company, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is chartered, organized, or licensed under the laws of this state, and in the course of business takes deposit accounts in this state, but shall not include a private banker, a safe deposit company, or an investment company.

(ii) "vulnerable elderly person" shall have the same meaning as section 260.31 of the penal law.

(iii) "financial exploitation" means (A) a series of improper takings, withholdings, appropriations, or uses of a vulnerable adult's money, assets, or property or (B) a series of acts or omissions to: (1) obtain control, through deception, intimidation, or malicious influence, a vulnerable adult's money, assets, or property or (2) convert the vulnerable adult's money, assets, or property.

(iv) "qualified individual" means an individual associated with a banking institution who serves in a supervisory, compliance, or legal capacity as part of the individual's job.

(b) If a banking institution, social services official, or law enforcement agency reasonably believes that financial exploitation of a

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 vulnerable elderly person has occurred or may occur again, the banking
2 institution may, but shall not be required to, refuse or delay any
3 single transaction requiring the disbursement of moneys from the account
4 of:

5 (i) a vulnerable elderly person; or

6 (ii) which a vulnerable elderly person is a beneficiary.

7 (c) A banking institution may also refuse to disburse or delay moneys
8 pursuant to this subdivision if a social services official, or law
9 enforcement agency provides information to such institution demonstrat-
10 ing that it is reasonable to believe that financial exploitation of a
11 vulnerable elderly person has occurred or may occur again.

12 (d) A banking institution shall not be required to refuse to disburse
13 or delay funds pursuant to this section. Such a refusal or delay shall
14 be in the banking institution's discretion, based on the information
15 available to such institution.

16 (e) Any banking institution that refuses to disburse moneys or delays
17 the disbursement of moneys pursuant to this subdivision shall:

18 (i) make a reasonable effort to provide notice, orally or in writing,
19 to all parties authorized to transact business on the account from which
20 a disbursement was refused and/or delayed within five business days of
21 such refusal or delay; and

22 (ii) immediately, but no later than one business day after a refusal
23 or delay was placed on a transaction, report the incident to the social
24 services official responsible for administering adult protective
25 services or enhanced multi-disciplinary teams pursuant to this article
26 for the affected vulnerable adult. Such report shall include the reason
27 for refusing and/or delaying a transaction and the banking institution's
28 basis for refusing and/or delaying a single transaction. Such report
29 shall also contain any facts that the bank deems relevant to establish-
30 ing that financial exploitation of a vulnerable elderly person may have
31 occurred, may have been attempted, or is being attempted; and

32 (iii) at the request of the social services official responsible for
33 administering adult protective services pursuant to this article for the
34 affected vulnerable elderly person or a law enforcement agency, provide
35 all information and documents that relate to the transaction refusal or
36 delay within three business days of the request for information or
37 documentation.

38 (f) The delay of or refusal to disburse moneys pursuant to this subdivi-
39 vision shall terminate upon the earlier of:

40 (i) the time at which the banking institution is satisfied that the
41 disbursement will not result in the financial exploitation of a vulner-
42 able elderly person;

43 (ii) the issuance of an order by a court of competent jurisdiction,
44 directing the disbursement of the moneys; or

45 (iii) ten business days after the day on which the transaction refusal
46 or delay is applied by the banking institution.

47 (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions found in this article, the
48 banking institution shall make funds available that were previously held
49 or delayed because of suspicion of financial exploitation of a vulner-
50 able elderly person, if such funds are necessary to meet ongoing obli-
51 gations such as, but not limited to, housing, medical care, or other
52 emergency expenses as determined by a social services official or law
53 enforcement official. Transactions related to the maintenance of a
54 household such as rent, mortgage payments, utilities, and medical
55 expenses shall not be delayed or refused by a banking institution.

1 (h) If a banking institution does engage in the practice of delaying
2 or refusing transactions based on the financial exploitation of a
3 vulnerable elderly person, such banking institution must designate one
4 or more qualified individuals with the authority to refuse or delay such
5 transactions. Such designee shall make a record of such action in
6 compliance with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of this subdivision.

7 (i) A banking institution or an employee of such an institution shall
8 be immune from criminal, civil or administrative liability for delaying
9 the disbursement of moneys, refusing to disburse moneys, or disbursing
10 moneys pursuant to this subdivision, and for actions taken in further-
11 ance of that determination, including the making of a report or the
12 providing of access to or copies of relevant records to a social
13 services official or law enforcement agency, if such determinations and
14 actions were made in good faith and in accordance with the provisions of
15 this subdivision.

16 § 2. Section 4 of the banking law is amended by adding a new subdivi-
17 sion 4 to read as follows:

18 4. A banking institution or an employee of such an institution shall
19 be immune from criminal, civil or administrative liability for refusing
20 to disburse moneys or disbursing moneys pursuant to subdivision nine of
21 section four hundred seventy-three of the social services law, and for
22 actions taken in furtherance of a determination made pursuant to such
23 section, including making a report or providing access to or copies of
24 relevant records to a social services official or law enforcement agen-
25 cy, provided that such determinations and actions were made in good
26 faith and in accordance with subdivision nine of section four hundred
27 seventy-three of the social services law. For purposes of this subdivi-
28 sion, the term "banking institution" shall mean any bank, trust company,
29 savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or branch of a
30 foreign banking corporation, that is chartered, organized, or licensed
31 under the laws of this state or any other state or the United States,
32 and in the course of business takes deposit accounts in this state, but
33 shall not include a private banker, a safe deposit company, or an
34 investment company.

35 § 3. The banking law is amended by adding a new section 4-d to read as
36 follows:

37 § 4-d. Training and education. 1. The superintendent, in consultation
38 with the director of the office for the aging, the director of the
39 bureau of adult protective services within the office of children and
40 family services, the commissioner of the office of people with develop-
41 mental disabilities, and the director of the office of victim services,
42 shall develop a financial exploitation training and education program
43 for banking institutions as defined in section four hundred seventy-
44 three of the social services law. The superintendent shall also consult
45 with elder advocacy groups and disability rights organizations that
46 possess specialized knowledge in the prevention and/or identification of
47 financial exploitation, advocacy groups dealing with the effects of
48 aging on cognitive abilities, and advocacy groups that possess special-
49 ized knowledge in developmental disabilities, diseases and other condi-
50 tions that may impair mental and cognitive function.

51 2. Participation in the financial exploitation training and education
52 program shall be voluntary by the banking institution and the super-
53 intendent shall not require, by regulation or otherwise, that any direc-
54 tor, officer, employee or any other person affiliated with a banking
55 institution participate in or attend such training and education
56 program.

1 3. In developing the financial exploitation training and education
2 program for covered banking institutions, the superintendent shall
3 consult with and shall include instructors from organizations that
4 provide services to vulnerable adults and may have experience in identi-
5 fying financial exploitation and from organizations that provide
6 services to individuals with developmental disabilities.

7 4. It shall be the purpose of the financial exploitation training and
8 education program to provide information, training and education on how
9 to identify, help prevent and report the financial exploitation of a
10 vulnerable elderly person.

11 5. The superintendent shall make the materials and instruction of the
12 financial exploitation training and education program available to all
13 banking institutions across the state at no cost, and shall further make
14 such available via both live instruction platforms as well as through
15 online instructional presentations accessible through the websites of
16 the department, the office for the aging, the office of children and
17 family services, the office of people with developmental disabilities,
18 and the office of victim services.

19 § 4. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after
20 it shall have become a law.