STATE OF NEW YORK

44

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

(Prefiled)

January 4, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. CAHILL -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BUTLER, CUSICK, ENGLEBRIGHT, KAVANAGH, LUPARDO -- read once and referred to the Committee on Agriculture

AN ACT to amend the agriculture and markets law, in relation to companion animal hoarding

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Legislative intent. Across the country, there is an 1 2 increasing incidence of cases where large numbers of companion animals 3 are seized from individuals who lack the ability to provide them with the basics of life - clean place to live, adequate food and water and 4 necessary veterinary care. The living conditions in many of these cases 5 б are not just marginal - frequently they fall well below accepted stand-7 ards for either companion animals or human beings. Severe overcrowding, 8 excessive feces, dirt, garbage, dangerous levels of ammonia from urinesaturated surfaces, animals that plainly suffer from parasite infesta-9 10 tion, upper respiratory infections, and other ailments and owners or 11 custodians that neither fully recognize nor are capable of remedying the 12 situation.

13 Sadly, these companion animal "hoarding" cases are also frequently 14 accompanied by self neglect and neglect of other people living in the 15 household - particularly children and the elderly. When authorities do 16 intervene, the cost - in terms of both animal suffering and government 17 expenditure - is substantial. Animals removed from hoarding situations 18 are often too debilitated, sick or injured to be helped. When they are 19 able to be rehabilitated, the cost of housing, food and veterinary care 20 can be extremely high.

States around the country are responding to companion animal hoarding with legislation that gives law enforcement the tools it needs for early intervention - before the situation becomes a full-blown cruelty case.

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD01414-01-7

1 This legislation defines companion animal hoarding, makes provision for 2 seizure of animals and requires that those deemed hoarders are evaluated 3 to determine whether they can receive services to assist them with their 4 problem. Provision is made for covering the cost of caring for animals 5 seized in hoarding cases and to ensure that those determined to be 6 hoarders do not have custody of companion animals for a period of time 7 that the sentencing court deems reasonable and appropriate.

8 § 2. The agriculture and markets law is amended by adding a new 9 section 353-g to read as follows:

10 <u>§ 353-g. Companion animal hoarding. 1. A person is guilty of companion</u> 11 <u>animal hoarding when he or she owns, possesses, or has custody of more</u> 12 <u>companion animals than he or she can properly care for as evidenced by</u> 13 <u>ownership, possession or custody of more than twenty-five companion</u> 14 <u>animals living in conditions that are likely to jeopardize the health</u> 15 <u>and well being of the animals and/or human beings living in the house-</u> 16 <u>hold as evidenced by:</u>

17 (a) Keeping the companion animals in a severely overcrowded living
18 environment likely to endanger their health or safety;

19 (b) Failure by the person who owns, possesses or has custody of the 20 companion animals to maintain his or her living environment in a sani-21 tary condition such as to pose a serious risk to the health or safety of the companion animals and/or people living in that environment. Failure 22 to provide a sufficiently sanitary living environment may be evidenced 23 by conditions such as excessive feces, urine, dirt, garbage or a lack of 24 25 basic services that make a home habitable such as heat, hot water, 26 ventilation or electricity; and

(c) The presence of companion animals that, without justification,
have not received necessary veterinary treatment within a reasonable
period of time.

30 2. In addition to any other penalty imposed for a violation of this 31 section, the court shall order the defendant to undergo a mental health 32 evaluation by a qualified professional selected by the court. With due consideration to the findings of such mental health professional, the 33 court may order that the defendant undergo and complete a course of 34 35 treatment, therapy and/or counseling. Also with due consideration to the 36 findings of such mental health professional, the court may also order 37 that the defendant be prohibited from owning companion animals for a 38 period of time deemed reasonable by the court. The provisions of sections three hundred seventy-one, three hundred seventy-two, three 39 hundred seventy-three and three hundred seventy-four of this article 40 41 shall apply to violations of this section.

42 <u>3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any</u> 43 protections afforded to companion animals under any other provision of 44 <u>this article.</u>

§ 3. Paragraph a of subdivision 8 of section 374 of the agriculture and markets law, as amended by chapter 594 of the laws of 2003 and such subdivision as renumbered by chapter 479 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

49 a. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, upon conviction 50 for any violation of section three hundred fifty-one, three hundred 51 fifty-three, three hundred fifty-three-a, three hundred fifty-three-b, 52 three hundred fifty-three-g, three hundred fifty-five, three hundred 53 fifty-six, three hundred fifty-nine, three hundred sixty, three hundred 54 sixty-one, three hundred sixty-five or three hundred sixty-eight of this 55 article, the convicted person may, after a duly held hearing pursuant to 56 paragraph f of this subdivision, be ordered by the court to forfeit, to

A. 44

1 a duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or 2 a duly incorporated humane society or authorized agents thereof, the 3 animal or animals which are the basis of the conviction. Upon such an 4 order of forfeiture, the convicted person shall be deemed to have relin-5 quished all rights to the animals which are the basis of the conviction, 6 except those granted in paragraph d of this subdivision.

7 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.