

STATE OF NEW YORK

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IN ASSEMBLY

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Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN, GOTTFRIED, ENGLEBRIGHT, GALEF, GLICK, L. ROSENTHAL, SKOUFIS, TITONE, FAHY, ABINANTI, STECK -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. AUBRY, CAHILL, COOK, CROUCH, CYMBROWITZ, DINOWITZ, GUNTHER, HEVESI, HOOPER, JAFFEE, LIFTON, LUPARDO, MORELLE, PERRY, PRETLOW, THIELE, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health -- recommitted to the Committee on Health in accordance with Assembly Rule 3, sec. 2 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the education law, the insurance law and the public health law, in relation to providing for dispensing emergency contraception under certain conditions

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as
2 the "unintended pregnancy prevention act".

3 § 2. Legislative findings. The United States Food and Drug Adminis-
4 tration (FDA) has declared emergency contraceptive drugs to be safe and
5 effective. There is neither medical nor public health research that
6 validates an age restriction on access to emergency contraception (EC).
7 Furthermore, no specific medical conditions preclude a woman from using
8 EC. The only contraindication to EC use is pregnancy itself, not because
9 it represents a danger to the woman or to the embryo but because it
10 would be inefficient in preventing the pregnancy. Pregnancy prevention,
11 not abortion, is caused by the use of emergency contraceptive drugs.

12 The legislature deems it necessary to guarantee immediate access to EC
13 to all, especially young women. Nearly thirty percent of United States
14 teenage girls become pregnant before reaching twenty years of age. Teens
15 are more likely than adults to experience contraceptive failure, which
16 may lead to unintended pregnancies and consequently dangerous medical
17 issues for both mother and baby.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 The legislature deems it necessary to create a structure for simplify-
2 ing access to EC for these women, while respecting and preserving the
3 prescribing scope of practice for physicians, nurse practitioners, and
4 midwives; the treating and case-finding scope of practice of registered
5 professional nurses; and the dispensing scope of practice of pharma-
6 cists. This act does not alter the scope of such professions, nor does
7 this legislation interfere with non-prescription access to EC where it
8 is otherwise lawful.

9 § 3. Subdivision 6 of section 6527 of the education law, as added by
10 chapter 573 of the laws of 1999, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 464
11 of the laws of 2015, paragraph (d) as added by chapter 429 of the laws
12 of 2005, paragraph (e) as added by chapter 352 of the laws of 2014,
13 paragraph (f) as added by section 6 of part V of chapter 57 of the laws
14 of 2015 and paragraph (g) as added by chapter 502 of the laws of 2016,
15 is amended to read as follows:

16 6. A licensed physician may prescribe and order a non-patient specific
17 regimen [~~to a registered professional nurse~~], pursuant to regulations
18 promulgated by the commissioner, and consistent with the public health
19 law, [~~for~~] to:

20 (a) a registered professional nurse for:
21 (i) administering immunizations[+];
22 [+] (ii) the emergency treatment of anaphylaxis[+];
23 [+] (iii) administering purified protein derivative (PPD) tests or
24 other tests to detect or screen for tuberculosis infections[+];
25 [+] (iv) administering tests to determine the presence of the human
26 immunodeficiency virus[+];
27 [+] (v) administering tests to determine the presence of the hepati-
28 tis C virus[+];
29 [+] (vi) the urgent or emergency treatment of opioid related over-
30 dose or suspected opioid related overdose[+];
31 [+] (vii) screening of persons at increased risk of syphilis, gonor-
32 rhea and chlamydia[+];

33 (viii) emergency contraception, to be administered to or dispensed to
34 be self-administered by the patient, under section sixty-eight hundred
35 thirty-two of this title; or

36 (b) A licensed pharmacist, for dispensing emergency contraception, to
37 be self-administered by the patient, under section sixty-eight hundred
38 thirty-two of this title.

39 § 4. Subdivision 3 of section 6807 of the education law, as added by
40 chapter 573 of the laws of 1999, is amended and a new subdivision 4 is
41 added to read as follows:

42 3. A pharmacist may dispense drugs and devices to a registered profes-
43 sional nurse, and a registered professional nurse may possess and admin-
44 ister, drugs and devices, pursuant to a non-patient specific regimen
45 prescribed or ordered by a licensed physician, licensed midwife or
46 certified nurse practitioner, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the
47 commissioner and the public health law.

48 4. A licensed pharmacist may dispense a non-patient specific regimen
49 of emergency contraception, to be self-administered by the patient,
50 prescribed or ordered by a licensed physician, certified nurse practi-
51 tioner, or licensed midwife, under section sixty-eight hundred thirty-
52 two of this article.

53 § 5. The education law is amended by adding a new section 6832 to read
54 as follows:

§ 6832. Emergency contraception; non-patient specific prescription or order. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

(a) "Emergency contraception" means one or more prescription or non-prescription drugs, used separately or in combination, in a dosage and manner for preventing pregnancy when used after intercourse, found safe and effective for that use by the United States food and drug administration, and dispensed or administered for that purpose.

(b) "Prescriber" means a licensed physician, certified nurse practitioner or licensed midwife.

2. This section applies to the administering or dispensing of emergency contraception by a registered professional nurse or licensed pharmacist pursuant to a prescription or order for a non-patient specific regimen made by a prescriber under section sixty-five hundred twenty-seven, sixty-nine hundred nine or sixty-nine hundred fifty-one of this title. This section does not apply to administering or dispensing emergency contraception when lawfully done without such a prescription or order.

3. The administering or dispensing of emergency contraception by a registered professional nurse or licensed pharmacist shall be done in accordance with professional standards of practice and in accordance with written procedures and protocols agreed to by the registered professional nurse or licensed pharmacist and the prescriber or a hospital (licensed under article twenty-eight of the public health law) that provides gynecological or family planning services.

4. (a) When emergency contraception is administered or dispensed, the registered professional nurse or licensed pharmacist shall provide to the patient written material that includes: (i) the clinical considerations and recommendations for use of the drug; (ii) the appropriate method for using the drug; (iii) information on the importance of follow-up health care; (iv) information on the health risks and other dangers of unprotected intercourse; and (v) referral information relating to health care and services relating to sexual abuse and domestic violence.

(b) Such written material shall be developed or approved by the commissioner in consultation with the department of health and the American college of obstetricians and gynecologists.

§ 6. Subdivision 4 of section 6909 of the education law, as added by chapter 573 of the laws of 1999, paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 221 of the laws of 2002, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 464 of the laws of 2015, paragraph (d) as added by chapter 429 of the laws of 2005, paragraph (e) as added by chapter 352 of the laws of 2014, paragraph (f) as added by section 5 of part V of chapter 57 of the laws of 2015 and paragraph (g) as added by chapter 502 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

4. A certified nurse practitioner may prescribe and order a non-patient specific regimen [~~to a registered professional nurse~~], pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commissioner, consistent with subdivision three of section six thousand nine hundred two of this article, and consistent with the public health law, [~~for~~] to:

(a) a registered professional nurse for:

(i) administering immunizations[~~+~~];

[~~(b)~~](ii) the emergency treatment of anaphylaxis[~~+~~];

[~~(c)~~](iii) administering purified protein derivative (PPD) tests or other tests to detect or screen for tuberculosis infections[~~+~~];

1 ~~(d)~~(iv) administering tests to determine the presence of the human
2 immunodeficiency virus[-];

3 ~~(e)~~(v) administering tests to determine the presence of the hepatic
4 C virus[-];

5 ~~(f)~~(vi) the urgent or emergency treatment of opioid related overdose
6 or suspected opioid related overdose[-];

7 ~~(g)~~(vii) screening of persons at increased risk for syphilis, gonorrhea
8 and chlamydia[-];

9 (viii) emergency contraception, to be administered to or dispensed to
10 be self-administered by the patient, under section sixty-eight hundred
11 thirty-two of this title; or

12 (b) a licensed pharmacist, for dispensing emergency contraception, to
13 be self-administered by the patient, under section sixty-eight hundred
14 thirty-two of this title.

15 § 7. Subdivision 5 of section 6909 of the education law, as added by
16 chapter 573 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

17 5. A registered professional nurse may execute a non-patient specific
18 regimen prescribed or ordered by a licensed physician, licensed midwife
19 or certified nurse practitioner, pursuant to regulations promulgated by
20 the commissioner.

21 § 8. Section 6951 of the education law is amended by adding a new
22 subdivision 4 to read as follows:

23 4. A licensed midwife may prescribe and order a non-patient specific
24 regimen pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commissioner,
25 consistent with this section and the public health law, to:

26 (a) a registered professional nurse for emergency contraception, to be
27 administered to or dispensed to be self-administered by the patient,
28 under section sixty-eight hundred thirty-two of this title; or

29 (b) a licensed pharmacist, for dispensing emergency contraception, to
30 be self-administered by the patient, under section sixty-eight hundred
31 thirty-two of this title.

32 § 9. Section 3216 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new
33 subsection (n) to read as follows:

34 (n) Any policy under this article that covers contraception when
35 provided pursuant to a prescription shall cover emergency contraception
36 as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section sixty-eight
37 hundred thirty-two of the education law, when provided pursuant to an
38 ordinary prescription or order under section sixty-eight hundred thir-
39 ty-two of the education law and when lawfully provided other than
40 through a prescription or order.

41 § 10. Section 3221 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new
42 subsection (t) to read as follows:

43 (t) Any policy under this article that covers contraception when
44 provided pursuant to a prescription, shall cover emergency contraception
45 as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section sixty-eight
46 hundred thirty-two of the education law, when provided pursuant to an
47 ordinary prescription or order under section sixty-eight hundred thir-
48 ty-two of the education law and when lawfully provided other than
49 through a prescription or order.

50 § 11. Section 4304 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new
51 subsection (n) to read as follows:

52 (n) Any policy under this article that covers contraception when
53 provided pursuant to a prescription, shall cover emergency contraception
54 as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section sixty-eight
55 hundred thirty-two of the education law, when provided pursuant to an
56 ordinary prescription or order under section sixty-eight hundred thir-

1 ty-two of the education law and when lawfully provided other than
2 through a prescription or order.

3 § 12. Subdivision 1 of section 207 of the public health law is amended
4 by adding a new paragraph (o) to read as follows:

5 (o) Emergency contraception, including information about its safety,
6 efficacy, appropriate use and availability.

7 § 13. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day
8 after it shall have become a law; provided, however, that sections nine,
9 ten and eleven of this act shall apply to policies and contracts issued,
10 renewed, modified, altered or amended on or after such effective date.
11 The commissioner of education is authorized to promulgate any and all
12 rules and regulations and take any other measures necessary to implement
13 this act on its effective date on or before such effective date.