4324

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

March 13, 2015

Introduced by Sens. HANNON, AVELLA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to meningococcal immunizations

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 2164 of the public health law, as added by chapter 1 994 of the laws of 1966, the section heading and subdivisions 3, 5, and 2 6, paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 and the opening paragraph of subdivi-sion 8-a as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2006, paragraph b of 3 4 5 subdivision 1 and subdivision 7 as amended by chapter 443 of the laws of 1979, paragraph c of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 119 of the laws 6 7 of 2005, paragraph d of subdivision 1 as added and subdivisions 4 and 8-a as amended by chapter 538 of the laws of 1989, subdivision 2 as 8 9 separately amended by chapters 189 and 506 of the laws of 2006, subdivisions 8 and 10 as renumbered by chapter 633 of the laws of 1975, subdi-10 vision 9 as separately amended by chapters 405 and 538 of the laws of 11 12 1989, subdivision 10 as added by chapter 1094 of the laws of 1968, and 13 subdivision 11 as added by chapter 521 of the laws of 1994, is amended 14 to read as follows:

15 S 2164. Definitions; immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, 16 measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, Haemophilus influenzae type b 17 (Hib), pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE, 18 and hepatitis B. 1. As used in this section, unless the context 19 requires otherwise:

20 a. The term "school" means and includes any public, private or paro-21 chial child caring center, day nursery, day care agency, nursery school, 22 kindergarten, elementary, intermediate or secondary school.

23 b. The term "child" shall mean and include any person between the ages 24 of two months and eighteen years.

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

LBD02179-05-5

1 The term "person in parental relation to a child" shall mean and c. 2 include his father or mother, by birth or adoption, his legally 3 appointed guardian, or his custodian. A person shall be regarded as the 4 custodian of a child if he has assumed the charge and care of the child because the parents or legally appointed guardian of the minor have died, are imprisoned, are mentally ill, or have been committed to an 5 6 7 institution, or because they have abandoned or deserted such child or 8 are living outside the state or their whereabouts are unknown, or have designated the person pursuant to title fifteen-A of article five of the 9 10 general obligations law as a person in parental relation to the child.

1 d. The term "health practitioner" shall mean any person authorized by 12 law to administer an immunization.

13 2. a. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state shall 14 have administered to such child an adequate dose or doses of an immuniz-15 ing agent against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, 16 varicella, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), pertussis, tetanus, 17 pneumococcal disease, and hepatitis B, which meets the standards 18 approved by the United States public health service for such biological 19 products, and which is approved by the department under such conditions 20 as may be specified by the public health council.

21 b. Every person in parental relation to a child in this state born on 22 or after January first, nineteen hundred ninety-four and entering sixth 23 grade or a comparable age level special education program with an unas-24 signed grade on or after September first, two thousand seven, shall have 25 administered to such child a booster immunization containing diphtheria 26 and tetanus toxoids, and an acellular pertussis vaccine, which meets the standards approved by the United States public health service for such 27 biological products, and which is approved by the department under 28 such 29 conditions as may be specified by the public health council.

30 C. EVERY PERSON IN PARENTAL RELATION TO A CHILD IN THIS STATE ENTERING ENTERED SIXTH GRADE AND ELEVENTH GRADE OR A COMPARABLE AGE 31 OR HAVING 32 LEVEL SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAM WITH AN UNASSIGNED GRADE ON OR AFTER 33 SEPTEMBER FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, SHALL HAVE ADMINISTERED TO SUCH CHILD AN ADEQUATE DOSE OR DOSES OF IMMUNIZING AGENTS AGAINST MENINGOCOC-34 35 CAL DISEASE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON IMMUNIZATION PRACTICES OF THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION, WHICH MEETS 36 37 THE STANDARDS APPROVED BY THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOR SUCH BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, AND WHICH IS APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT 38 UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS AS MAY BE SPECIFIED BY THE PUBLIC HEALTH COUNCIL. 39

40 The person in parental relation to any such child who has not 3. previously received such immunization shall present the child to a health practitioner and request such health practitioner to administer 41 42 43 necessary immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, the measles, 44 diphtheria, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), rubella, varicella, pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal disease, MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE, hepatitis B as provided in subdivision two of this section. 45 and 46

47 4. If any person in parental relation to such child is unable to pay 48 for the services of a private health practitioner, such person shall 49 present such child to the health officer of the county in which the 50 child resides, who shall then administer the immunizing agent without 51 charge.

52 5. The health practitioner who administers such immunizing agent 53 against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, Haemophilus influen-54 zae type b (Hib), rubella, varicella, pertussis, tetanus, pneumococcal 55 disease, MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE, and hepatitis B to any such child shall 1 give a certificate of such immunization to the person in parental 2 relation to such child.

3 6. In the event that a person in parental relation to a child makes 4 application for admission of such child to a school or has a child 5 attending school and there exists no certificate or other acceptable 6 the child's immunization against poliomyelitis, evidence of mumps, 7 diphtheria, rubella, varicella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetameasles, 8 nus, and, where applicable, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), MENIN-9 GOCOCCAL DISEASE, and pneumococcal disease, the principal, teacher, 10 owner or person in charge of the school shall inform such person of the 11 necessity to have the child immunized, that such immunization may be administered by any health practitioner, or that the child may be immun-12 13 ized without charge by the health officer in the county where the child 14 resides, if such person executes a consent therefor. In the event that 15 such person does not wish to select a health practitioner to administer 16 immunization, he or she shall be provided with a form which shall the 17 give notice that as a prerequisite to processing the application for 18 admission to, or for continued attendance at, the school such person 19 shall state a valid reason for withholding consent or consent shall be given for immunization to be administered by a health officer in the 20 21 public employ, or by a school physician or nurse. The form shall provide 22 for the execution of a consent by such person and it shall also state 23 that such person need not execute such consent if subdivision eight or 24 nine of this section apply to such child.

25 7. (a) No principal, teacher, owner or person in charge of a school 26 shall permit any child to be admitted to such school, or to attend such 27 school, in excess of fourteen days, without the certificate provided for 28 in subdivision five of this section or some other acceptable evidence of 29 the child's immunization against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, varicella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetanus, and, 30 where applicable, Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib), MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE, 31 32 and pneumococcal disease; provided, however, such fourteen day period 33 may be extended to not more than thirty days for an individual student 34 by the appropriate principal, teacher, owner or other person in charge where such student is transferring from out-of-state or from another 35 36 country and can show a good faith effort to get the necessary certif-37 ication or other evidence of immunization.

(b) A parent, a guardian or any other person in parental relationship to a child denied school entrance or attendance may appeal by petition to the commissioner of education in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred ten of the education law.

8. If any physician licensed to practice medicine in this state certifies that such immunization may be detrimental to a child's health, the requirements of this section shall be inapplicable until such immunization is found no longer to be detrimental to the child's health. 8-a. Whenever a child has been refused admission to, or continued

46 47 at, a school as provided for in subdivision seven of this attendance 48 section because there exists no certificate provided for in subdivision five of this section or other acceptable evidence of the child's immuni-49 50 zation against poliomyelitis, mumps, measles, diphtheria, rubella, vari-51 cella, hepatitis B, pertussis, tetanus, and, where applicable, Haemophiinfluenzae type b (Hib), MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE, and pneumococcal 52 lus disease, the principal, teacher, owner or person in charge of the school 53 54 shall:

55 a. forward a report of such exclusion and the name and address of such 56 child to the local health authority and to the person in parental 1 relation to the child together with a notification of the responsibility 2 of such person under subdivision two of this section and a form of 3 consent as prescribed by regulation of the commissioner, and

4 b. provide, with the cooperation of the appropriate local health 5 authority, for a time and place at which an immunizing agent or agents 6 shall be administered, as required by subdivision two of this section, 7 to a child for whom a consent has been obtained. Upon failure of a local 8 health authority to cooperate in arranging for a time and place at which an immunizing agent or agents shall be administered as required by 9 10 subdivision two of this section, the commissioner shall arrange for such administration and may recover the cost thereof from the amount of state 11 aid to which the local health authority would otherwise be entitled. 12

9. This section shall not apply to children whose parent, parents, or guardian hold genuine and sincere religious beliefs which are contrary to the practices herein required, and no certificate shall be required as a prerequisite to such children being admitted or received into received into school or attending school.

18 10. The commissioner may adopt and amend rules and regulations to 19 effectuate the provisions and purposes of this section.

11. Every school shall annually provide the commissioner, on forms provided by the commissioner, a summary regarding compliance with the provisions of this section.

23 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.