AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to the description of marihuana, and the growing of and use of marihuana by persons eighteen years of age or older; to amend the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to making technical changes regarding the definition of marihuana; to amend the penal law, in relation to the qualification of certain offenses involving marihuana and to exempt certain persons from prosecution for the use, consumption, display, production or distribution of marihuana; to amend the alcoholic beverage control law, in relation to providing for the licensure of persons authorized to produce, process and sell marihuana; to amend the tax law, in relation to providing for the levying of an excise tax on certain sales of marihuana; to amend the criminal procedure law, the civil practice law and rules, the general business law, the state finance law, the executive law, the penal law and the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to making conforming changes; to repeal sections 221.10, 221.25, 221.30, 221.50 and 221.55 of the penal law relating to the criminal possession and sale of marihuana; to repeal paragraph (f) of subdivision 2 of section 850 of the general business law relating to drug related paraphernalia; and making an appropriation therefor

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "marihuanaregulation and taxation act".

2 S 2. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature finds that decades of arresting marihuana users has failed to prevent marihuana use or prevent minors from accessing marihuana. Existing marihuana laws have created a violent, illegal drug market that consumes millions of dollars in criminal justice resources each year. Existing marihuana laws have

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.
also disproportionately impacted African-American and Latino communities. Regulating, controlling, and taxing marihuana like alcohol will save criminal justice resources, reduce violent crime, reduce racial disparities, and generate revenue.

Additionally, industrial hemp is produced in at least 30 nations and used to create thousands of products including paper, textiles, food oils, automotive parts, and personal care products. Hundreds of millions of dollars of industrial hemp products are sold in the United States each year.

The intent of this act is to regulate, control, and tax marihuana in a manner similar to alcohol, generate millions of dollars in new revenue, prevent access to marihuana by those under the age of eighteen years, reduce the illegal drug market and reduce violent crime, reduce the racially disparate impact of existing marihuana laws, allow industrial hemp to be farmed in New York state, and create new industries and increase employment.

Nothing in this act is intended to limit the authority of any district government agency or office or employers to enact and enforce policies pertaining to marihuana in the workplace, to allow driving under the influence of marihuana, to allow individuals to engage in conduct that endangers others, to allow smoking marihuana in any location where smoking tobacco is prohibited, or to require any individual to engage in any conduct that violates federal law or to exempt anyone from any requirement of federal law or pose any obstacle to the federal enforcement of federal law.

Nothing in this act is intended to limit any privileges or rights of a medical marihuana patient or medical marihuana caregiver under the New York Compassionate Care Act.

S 3. Section 3302 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of the laws of 1972, subdivisions 1, 14, 16, 17 and 27 as amended and subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29 and 30 as renumbered by chapter 537 of the laws of 1998, subdivisions 9 and 10 as amended and subdivisions 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 as added by chapter 178 of the laws of 2010, paragraph (a) of subdivision 20, the opening paragraph of subdivision 22 and subdivision 29 as amended by chapter 163 of the laws of 1973, subdivision 31 as amended by section 4 of part A of chapter 58 of the laws of 2004, subdivision 41 as added by section 6 of part A of chapter 447 of the laws of 2012, and subdivisions 42 and 43 as added by section 13 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

S 3302. Definitions of terms of general use in this article. Except where different meanings are expressly specified in subsequent provisions of this article, the following terms have the following meanings:

1. "Addict" means a person who habitually uses a controlled substance for a non-legitimate or unlawful use, and who by reason of such use is dependent thereon.
2. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject.
3. "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. No person may be authorized to so act if under title VIII of the education law such person would not be permitted to engage in such conduct. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee
of the carrier or warehouseman when acting in the usual and lawful

course of the carrier's or warehouseman's business.

4. "Concentrated Cannabis" means
(a) the separated resin, whether crude or purified, obtained from a
plant of the genus Cannabis; or
(b) a material, preparation, mixture, compound or other substance
which contains more than two and one-half percent by weight of delta-9
tetrahydrocannabinol, or its isomer, delta-8 dibenzopyran numbering
system, or delta-1 tetrahydrocannabinol or its isomer, delta 1 (6) mono-
terpene numbering system.

5.] "Controlled substance" means a substance or substances listed in
section thirty-three hundred six of this [chapter] TITLE.
6.] 5. "Commissioner" means commissioner of health of the state of
New York.
7.] 6. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or
attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance,
whether or not there is an agency relationship.
8.] 7. "Department" means the department of health of the state of
New York.
9.] 8. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ulti-
mate user or research subject by lawful means, including by means of the
internet, and includes the packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary
to prepare the substance for such delivery.
10.] 9. "Distribute" means to deliver a controlled substance, includ-
ing by means of the internet, other than by administering or dispensing.
11.] 10. "Distributor" means a person who distributes a controlled
substance.
12.] 11. "Diversion" means manufacture, possession, delivery or use
of a controlled substance by a person or in a manner not specifically
authorized by law.
13.] 12. "Drug" means
(a) substances recognized as drugs in the official United States Phar-
macopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or
official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;
(b) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; and
(c) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or a
function of the body of man or animal. It does not include devices or
their components, parts, or accessories.
14.] 13. "Federal agency" means the Drug Enforcement Administration,
United States Department of Justice, or its successor agency.
15.] 14. "Federal controlled substances act" means the Comprehensive
Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, Public Law 91-513, and
any act or acts amendatory or supplemental thereto or regulations
promulgated thereunder.
16.] 15. "Federal registration number" means such number assigned by
the Federal agency to any person authorized to manufacture, distribute,
sell, dispense or administer controlled substances.
17.] 16. "Habitual user" means any person who is, or by reason of
repeated use of any controlled substance for non-legitimate or unlawful
use is in danger of becoming, dependent upon such substance.
18.] 17. "Institutional dispenser" means a hospital, veterinary
hospital, clinic, dispensary, maternity home, nursing home, mental
hospital or similar facility approved and certified by the department as
authorized to obtain controlled substances by distribution and to
dispense and administer such substances pursuant to the order of a prac-
titioner.

[19.] 18. "License" means a written authorization issued by the
department or the New York state department of education permitting
persons to engage in a specified activity with respect to controlled
substances.

[20.] 19. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propa-
gation, compounding, cultivation, conversion or processing of a
controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction
from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical
synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and
includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or
relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the
preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled
substance:

(a) by a practitioner as an incident to his administering or dispens-
ing of a controlled substance in the course of his professional prac-
tice; or

(b) by a practitioner, or by his authorized agent under his super-
vision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or
chemical analysis and not for sale; or

(c) by a pharmacist as an incident to his dispensing of a controlled
substance in the course of his professional practice.

[21. "Marihuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus Cannabis,
whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any
part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not
include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks,
oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manu-
facture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks
(except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the
sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

22.] 20. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced
directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable
origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combi-
nation of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(a) opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or prepara-
tion of opium or opiate;

(b) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof
which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances
referred to in [subdivision] PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, but not
including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(c) opium poppy and poppy straw.

[23.] 21. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or
addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of
conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining
liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as
controlled under section [3306] THIRTY-THREE HUNDRED SIX of this [arti-
cle] TITLE, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and
its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorota-
tory forms.

[24.] 22. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver
somniferum L., except its seeds.

[25.] 23. "Person" means individual, institution, corporation, govern-
ment or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate,
trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.
1 [26.] 24. "Pharmacist" means any person licensed by the state depart-
2 ment of education to practice pharmacy.
3 [27.] 25. "Pharmacy" means any place registered as such by the New
4 York state board of pharmacy and registered with the Federal agency
5 pursuant to the federal controlled substances act.
6 [28.] 26. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the
7 opium poppy, after mowing.
8 [29.] 27. "Practitioner" means:
9 A physician, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, scientific investi-
10 gator, or other person licensed, or otherwise permitted to dispense,
11 administer or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in
12 the course of a licensed professional practice or research licensed
13 pursuant to this article. Such person shall be deemed a "practitioner"
14 only as to such substances, or conduct relating to such substances, as
15 is permitted by his license, permit or otherwise permitted by law.
16 [30.] 28. "Prescribe" means a direction or authorization, by
17 prescription, permitting an ultimate user lawfully to obtain controlled
18 substances from any person authorized by law to dispense such
19 substances.
20 [31.] 29. "Prescription" shall mean an official New York state
21 prescription, an electronic prescription, an oral prescription[,] OR an
22 out-of-state prescription[, or any one].
23 [32.] 30. "Sell" means to sell, exchange, give or dispose of to anoth-
24 er, or offer or agree to do the same.
25 [33.] 31. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully obtains and
26 possesses a controlled substance for his own use or the use by a member
27 of his household or for an animal owned by him or in his custody. It
28 shall also mean and include a person designated, by a practitioner on a
29 prescription, to obtain such substance on behalf of the patient for whom
30 such substance is intended.
31 [34.] 32. "Internet" means collectively computer and telecommuni-
32 cations facilities which comprise the worldwide network of networks that
33 employ a set of industry standards and protocols, or any predecessor or
34 successor protocol to such protocol, to exchange information of all
35 kinds. "Internet," as used in this article, also includes other
36 networks, whether private or public, used to transmit information by
37 electronic means.
38 [35.] 33. "By means of the internet" means any sale, delivery,
39 distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance that uses the
40 internet, is initiated by use of the internet or causes the internet to
41 be used.
42 [36.] 34. "Online dispenser" means a practitioner, pharmacy, or person
43 in the United States that sells, delivers or dispenses, or offers to
44 sell, deliver, or dispense, a controlled substance by means of the
45 internet.
46 [37.] 35. "Electronic prescription" means a prescription issued with
47 an electronic signature and transmitted by electronic means in accord-
48 ance with regulations of the commissioner and the commissioner of educa-
49 tion and consistent with federal requirements. A prescription generated
50 on an electronic system that is printed out or transmitted via facsimile
51 is not considered an electronic prescription and must be manually
52 signed.
53 [38.] 36. "Electronic" means of or relating to technology having elec-
54 trical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or similar
55 capabilities. "Electronic" shall not include facsimile.
"Electronic record" means a paperless record that is created, generated, transmitted, communicated, received or stored by means of electronic equipment and includes the preservation, retrieval, use and disposition in accordance with regulations of the commissioner and the commissioner of education and in compliance with federal law and regulations.

"Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process, attached to or logically associated with an electronic record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record, in accordance with regulations of the commissioner and the commissioner of education.

"Registry" or "prescription monitoring program registry" means the prescription monitoring program registry established pursuant to section thirty-three hundred forty-three-a of this article.

"Compounding" means the combining, admixing, mixing, diluting, pooling, reconstituting, or otherwise altering of a drug or bulk drug substance to create a drug with respect to an outsourcing facility under section 503B of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and further defined in this section.

"Outsourcing facility" means a facility that:

(a) is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs as defined in section sixty-eight hundred two of the education law;
(b) is currently registered as an outsourcing facility pursuant to article one hundred thirty-seven of the education law; and
(c) complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, when an outsourcing facility distributes or dispenses any drug to any person pursuant to a prescription, such outsourcing facility shall be deemed to be providing pharmacy services and shall be subject to all laws, rules and regulations governing pharmacies and pharmacy services.

S 4. Paragraphs 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 of subdivision (d) of schedule I of section 3306 of the public health law, paragraphs 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 as added by chapter 664 of the laws of 1985, paragraphs 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 as added by chapter 589 of the laws of 1996 and paragraphs 31 and 32 as added by chapter 457 of the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

(13) [Marihuana.
(14) Mescaline.
[(15)] (14) Parahexyl. Some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetra hydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenf{b,d} pyran.
[(16)] (15) Peyote. Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts.
[(17)] (16) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
[(18)] (17) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
[(19)] (18) Psilocybin.
[(20)] (19) Psilocyn.
[(21)] (20) Tetrahydrocannabinols. Synthetic TETRAHYDROCANNABINOLS NOT DERIVED FROM THE CANNABIS PLANT THAT ARE equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following:
1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers
2 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers
3 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers
(since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standard-
ized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation
of atomic positions covered).
4 [(22)] (21) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Some trade or other
5 names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethyla-
6 mine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylcyclohexamine, PCE.
7 [(23)] (22) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Some trade or other
8 names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine; PCPy, PHP.
9 [(24)] (23) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Some trade or other
10 names: 1-{1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl}-piperidine, 2-thienylalanalog of
11 phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP.
12 [(25)] (24) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA).
13 [(26)] (25) 3,4-methylendioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as
14 N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA,
15 MDE, MDEA.
16 [(27)] (26) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (also known as
17 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4 (methylenedioxy) phenethylamine, and
18 N-hydroxy MDA.
19 [(28)] (27) 1-{1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl} pyrrolidine. Some other
20 names: TCPY.
21 [(29)] (28) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names:
22 etryptamine; Monase; Alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine;
23 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; Alpha-ET or AET.
24 [(30)] (29) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine. Some trade or other
25 names: DOET.
26 [(31)] (30) 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine. Some trade or other
27 names: 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl
28 DOB; 2C-B, Nexus.
29 [(32)] (31) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (2C-T-7), its
30 optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
31 S 5. Section 3382 of the public health law, as added by chapter 878 of
32 the laws of 1972, is amended to read as follows:
33 S 3382. Growing of the plant known as Cannabis by unlicensed persons.
34 A person who, without being licensed so to do under this article, grows
35 the plant of the genus Cannabis or knowingly allows it to grow on his
36 land without destroying the same, shall be guilty of a class A
37 misdemeanor. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO A PERSON
38 EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER WHO POSSESSES, GROWS, OR TRANSPORTS NO
39 MORE THAN SIX MARIHUANA PLANTS, WITH THREE OR FEWER BEING MATURE,
40 FLOWERING PLANTS, PROVIDED THAT THE PLANTS ARE GROWN IN AN ENCLOSED,
41 LOCKED SPACE, NOT OPENLY OR PUBLICLY, AND THAT THE MARIHUANA IS NOT
42 SOLD.
43 S 6. Subdivision 1 of section 3397-b of the public health law, as
44 added by chapter 810 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:
45 1. ["Marijuana"] "MARIHUANA" means [marijuana] MARIHUANA as defined in
46 [section thirty-three hundred two of this chapter] SUBDIVISION SIX OF
47 SECTION 220.00 OF THE PENAL LAW and shall also include
tetrahydrocannabinols or a chemical derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol.
48 S 7. Section 114-a of the vehicle and traffic law, as added by chapter
49 163 of the laws of 1973, is amended to read as follows:
50 S 114-a. Drug. The term "drug" when used in this chapter, means and
51 includes any substance listed in section thirty-three hundred six of the
1. public health law AND MARIHUANA AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AS DEFINED IN
2. SECTION 220.00 OF THE PENAL LAW.
3. S 8. Subdivisions 5, 6 and 9 of section 220.00 of the penal law,
4. subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 537 of the laws of 1998, subdivision
5. 6 as amended by chapter 1051 of the laws of 1973 and subdivision 9 as
6. amended by chapter 664 of the laws of 1985, are amended and a new subdi-
7. vision 21 is added to read as follows:
8. 5. "Controlled substance" means any substance listed in schedule I,
9. II, III, IV or V of section thirty-three hundred six of the public
10. health law other than marihuana, but including concentrated cannabis as
11. defined in [paragraph (a) of subdivision four of section thirty-three
12. hundred two of such law] SUBDIVISION TWENTY-ONE OF THIS SECTION.
13. 6. "Marihuana" means ["marihuana" or "concentrated cannabis" as those
14. terms are defined in section thirty-three hundred two of the public
15. health law] ALL PARTS OF THE PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS, WHETHER GROW-
16. IN OR NOT; THE SEEDS THEREOF; THE RESIN EXTRACTED FROM ANY PART OF THE
17. PLANT; AND EVERY COMPOUND, MANUFACTURE, SALT, DERIVATIVE, MIXTURE, OR
18. PREPARATION OF THE PLANT, ITS SEEDS OR RESIN. IT DOES NOT INCLUDE THE
19. MATURE STALKS OF THE PLANT, FIBER PRODUCED FROM THE STALKS, OIL OR CAKE
20. MADE FROM THE SEEDS OF THE PLANT, ANY OTHER COMPOUND, MANUFACTURE, SALT,
21. DERIVATIVE, MIXTURE, OR PREPARATION OF THE MATURE STALKS (EXCEPT THE
22. RESIN EXTRACTED THEREFROM), FIBER, OIL, OR CAKE, OR THE STERILIZED SEED
23. OF THE PLANT WHICH IS INCAPABLE OF GERMINATION. IT DOES NOT INCLUDE ALL
24. PARTS OF THE PLANT CANNABIS SATIVA L., WHETHER GROWING OR NOT, HAVING NO
25. MORE THAN THREE-TENTHS OF ONE PERCENT TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL (THC).
26. 9. "Hallucinogen" means any controlled substance listed in schedule
27. I(d) (5), [(18), (19), (20), (21) and (22)] (17), (18), (19), (20) AND
28. (21).
29. 21. "CONCENTRATED CANNABIS" MEANS:
30. (A) THE SEPARATED RESIN, WHETHER CRUDE OR PURIFIED, OBTAINED FROM A
31. PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS; OR
32. (B) A MATERIAL, PREPARATION, MIXTURE, COMPOUND OR OTHER SUBSTANCE
33. WHICH Contains more than three percent by weight of DELTA-9 TETRAHYDRO-
34. CANNABINOL, OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA-8 DIBENZOPYRAN NUMBERING SYSTEM, OR
35. DELTA-1 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA 1 (6) MONOTERPENE
36. NUMBERING SYSTEM.
37. S 9. Subdivision 4 of section 220.06 of the penal law, as amended by
38. chapter 537 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
39. 4. one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances
40. containing concentrated cannabis as defined in [paragraph (a) of subdi-
41. vision four of section thirty-three hundred two of the public health
42. law] SUBDIVISION TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 220.00 OF THIS ARTICLE and said
43. preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate
44. weight of one-fourth ounce or more; or
45. S 10. Subdivision 10 of section 220.09 of the penal law, as amended by
46. chapter 537 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
47. 10. one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances
48. containing concentrated cannabis as defined in [paragraph (a) of subdi-
49. vision four of section thirty-three hundred two of the public health
50. law] SUBDIVISION TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 220.00 OF THIS ARTICLE and said
51. preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate
52. weight of one ounce or more; or
53. S 11. Subdivision 3 of section 220.34 of the penal law, as amended by
54. chapter 537 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
1. concentrated cannabis as defined in [paragraph (a) of subdivision four of section thirty-three hundred two of the public health law] 

S 12. Section 220.50 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 627 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

A person is guilty of criminally using drug paraphernalia in the second degree.
1. Diluents, dilutants or adulterants, including but not limited to, any of the following: quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, lactose or dextrose, adapted for the dilution of narcotic drugs or stimulants under circumstances evincing an intent to use, or under circumstances evincing knowledge that some person intends to use, the same for purposes of unlawfully mixing, compounding, or otherwise preparing any narcotic drug or stimulant, OTHER THAN MARIHUANA OR CONCENTRATED CANNA-
BIS; or
2. Gelatine capsules, glassine envelopes, vials, capsules or any other material suitable for the packaging of individual quantities of narcotic drugs or stimulants under circumstances evincing an intent to use, or under circumstances evincing knowledge that some person intends to use, the same for the purpose of unlawfully manufacturing, packaging or dispensing of any narcotic drug or stimulant, OTHER THAN MARIHUANA OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS; or
3. Scales and balances used or designed for the purpose of weighing or measuring controlled substances, under circumstances evincing an intent to use, or under circumstances evincing knowledge that some person intends to use, the same for purpose of unlawfully manufacturing, pack-
aging or dispensing of any narcotic drug or stimulant, OTHER THAN MARI-
HUANA OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS.

Criminally using drug paraphernalia in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.

S 13. Section 221.05 of the penal law, as added by chapter 360 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

Unlawful possession of marihuana is a violation punishable only by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars. However, where the defendant has previously been convicted of an offense defined in this article or article [220] TWO HUNDRED TWENTY of this [chapter] TITLE, committed within the three years immediately preceding such violation, it shall be punishable (a) only by a fine of not more than two hundred dollars, if the defendant was previously convicted of one such offense committed during such period, and (b) by a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars or a term of imprisonment not in excess of fifteen days or both, if the defendant was previously convicted of two such offenses committed during such period.

S 14. Section 221.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 265 of the laws of 1979, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 75 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

Criminal possession of marihuana in the [fourth] SECOND degree. A person is guilty of criminal possession of marihuana in the [fourth] SECOND degree when he knowingly and unlawfully possesses [one or more
preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing marihuana and
the preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate
weight of] more than two ounces OF MARIHUANA, MORE THAN SIXTEEN OUNCES
FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING MARIHUANA IN SOLID FORM, OR
MORE THAN SEVENTY-TWO OUNCES FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING
MARIHUANA IN LIQUID FORM, OR MORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF ONE OUNCE OF
CONCENTRATED CANNABIS.

Criminal possession of marihuana in the [fourth] SECOND degree is a
class [A] B misdemeanor.

S 15. Section 221.20 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 265 of
the laws of 1979, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 75 of the
laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:
S 221.20 Criminal possession of marihuana in the [third] FIRST degree.
A person is guilty of criminal possession of marihuana in the [third]
FIRST degree when he knowingly and unlawfully possesses [one or more
preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing marihuana and
the preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate
weight of] more than eight ounces OF MARIHUANA, MORE THAN SIXTY-FOUR
OUNCES FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING MARIHUANA IN SOLID
FORM, OR MORE THAN TWO GALLONS FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING
MARIHUANA IN LIQUID FORM, OR MORE THAN ONE OUNCE OF CONCENTRATED CANNA-
BIS.

Criminal possession of marihuana in the [third] FIRST degree is a
class [E felony] A MISDEMEANOR.

S 16. Sections 221.10, 221.25 and 221.30 of the penal law are
REPEALED.

S 17. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 221.25 to read
as follows:
S 221.25 HOME CULTIVATION OF MARIHUANA EXCEPTION.
THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL NOT APPLY TO A PERSON EIGHTEEN
YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER WHO POSSESSES, GROWS, OR TRANSPORTS NO MORE THAN
SIX MARIHUANA PLANTS, WITH THREE OR FEWER BEING MATURE, FLOWERING
PLANTS, PROVIDED THAT THE PLANTS ARE GROWN IN AN ENCLOSED, LOCKED SPACE,
NOT OPENLY OR PUBLICLY, AND THAT THE MARIHUANA IS NOT SOLD.

S 18. Section 221.35 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 265 of
the laws of 1979, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 75 of the
laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:
S 221.35 Criminal sale of marihuana in the [fifth] THIRD degree.
A person LESS THAN EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE is guilty of criminal sale of
marihuana in the [fifth] THIRD degree when he knowingly and unlawfully
sells, without consideration, one or more preparations, compounds,
mixtures or substances containing marihuana and the preparations,
compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate weight of two
grams or less; or one cigarette containing marihuana.

Criminal sale of marihuana in the [fifth] THIRD degree is a class B
misdemeanor.

S 19. Section 221.40 of the penal law, as added by chapter 360 of the
laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:
S 221.40 Criminal sale of marihuana in the [fourth] SECOND degree.
A person is guilty of criminal sale of marihuana in the [fourth]
SECOND degree when he knowingly and unlawfully sells marihuana FOR
CONSIDERATION except as provided in section 221.35 of this article.
Criminal sale of marihuana in the [fourth] SECOND degree is a class A
misdemeanor.
S. 20. Section 221.45 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 265 of the laws of 1979, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 75 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

S 221.45 Criminal sale of marihuana in the [third] FIRST degree.

A person is guilty of criminal sale of marihuana in the [third] FIRST degree when he knowingly and unlawfully sells [one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances containing marihuana and the preparations, compounds, mixtures or substances are of an aggregate weight of more than twenty-five grams] TWO OUNCES OF MARIHUANA, MORE THAN SIXTEEN OUNCES FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING MARIHUANA IN SOLID FORM, OR MORE THAN SEVENTY-TWO OUNCES FOR ANY MIXTURES OR SUBSTANCES CONTAINING MARIHUANA IN LIQUID FORM, OR MORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF ONE OUNCE OF CONCENTRATED CANNABIS.

Criminal sale of marihuana in the [third] FIRST degree is a class E felony.

S 21. Sections 221.50 and 221.55 of the penal law are REPEALED.

S 22. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 221.60 to read as follows:

S 221.60 LICENSING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE AND OF ARTICLE TWO HUNDRED TWENTY OF THIS TITLE SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY PERSON EXEMPTED FROM CRIMINAL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER OR POSSESSING, MANUFACTURING, TRANSPORTING, DISTRIBUTING, SELLING OR TRANSFERRING MARIHUANA OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, OR ENGAGED IN ANY OTHER ACTION THAT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ARTICLE ELEVEN OF THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL LAW.

S 23. Subdivision 8 of section 1399-n of the public health law, as amended by chapter 13 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

8. "Smoking" means the burning of a lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe or any other matter or substance which contains tobacco OR MARIHUANA.

S 24. Section 2 of the alcoholic beverage control law, as amended by chapter 111 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

S 2. Policy of state and purpose of chapter. It is hereby declared as the policy of the state that it is necessary to regulate and control the manufacture, sale and distribution within the state of alcoholic beverages AND MARIHUANA PRODUCTS for the purpose of fostering and promoting temperance in their consumption and respect for and obedience to law. It is hereby declared that such policy will best be carried out by empowering the liquor authority of the state to determine whether public convenience and advantage will be promoted by the issuance of licenses to traffic in alcoholic beverages AND MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, the increase or decrease in the number thereof and the location of premises licensed thereby, subject only to the right of judicial review hereinafter provided for. It is the purpose of this chapter to carry out that policy in the public interest. The restrictions, regulations and provisions contained in this chapter are enacted by the legislature for the protection, health, welfare and safety of the people of the state.

S 25. Section 2 of the alcoholic beverage control law, as amended by chapter 406 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

S 2. Policy of state and purpose of chapter. It is hereby declared as the policy of the state that it is necessary to regulate and control the manufacture, sale and distribution within the state of alcoholic beverages AND MARIHUANA PRODUCTS for the purpose of fostering and promoting temperance in their consumption and respect for and obedience to law; for the primary purpose of promoting the health, welfare and safety of the people of the state, promoting temperance in the consumption of
alcoholic beverages AND MARIHUANA PRODUCTS; and, to the extent possible, supporting economic growth, job development, and the state's alcoholic beverage production industries and its tourism and recreation industry; and which promotes the conservation and enhancement of state agricultural lands; provided that such activities do not conflict with the primary regulatory objectives of this chapter. It is hereby declared that such policies will best be carried out by empowering the liquor authority of the state to determine whether public convenience and advantage will be promoted by the issuance of licenses to traffic in alcoholic beverages AND MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, the increase or decrease in the number thereof and the location of premises licensed thereby, subject only to the right of judicial review provided for in this chapter. It is the purpose of this chapter to carry out these policies in the public interest.

S 26. Subdivisions 20-a, 20-b, 20-c, 20-d and 20-e of section 3 of the alcoholic beverage control law are renumbered subdivisions 20-j, 20-k, 20-l, 20-m and 20-n and ten new subdivisions 7-e, 20-a, 20-b, 20-c, 20-d, 20-e, 20-f, 20-g, 20-h and 20-i are added to read as follows:

7-E. "CONCENTRATED CANNABIS" MEANS: (A) THE SEPARATED RESIN, WHETHER CRUDE OR PURIFIED, OBTAINED FROM A PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS; OR (B) A MATERIAL, PREPARATION, MIXTURE, COMPOUND OR OTHER SUBSTANCE WHICH CONTAINS MORE THAN THREE PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL, OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA-8 DIBENZOPYRAN NUMBERING SYSTEM, OR DELTA-1 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA 1 (6) MONOTERPENE NUMBERING SYSTEM.


20-B. "MARIHUANA CONSUMER" MEANS A PERSON TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER WHO PURCHASES MARIHUANA OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR PERSONAL USE BY PERSONS TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, BUT NOT FOR RESALE TO OTHERS.

20-C. "MARIHUANA PROCESSOR" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS FROM MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, TO PROCESS MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS, PACKAGE AND LABEL MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS FOR SALE IN RETAIL OUTLETS, AND SELL MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS AT WHOLESALE TO MARIHUANA RETAILERS.

20-D. "MARIHUANA PRODUCER" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE AUTHORITY TO PRODUCE, PROCESS, AND SELL MARIHUANA AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AT WHOLESALE TO MARIHUANA PROCESSORS, MARIHUANA RETAILERS, OR OTHER MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, BUT NOT TO CONSUMERS.

20-E. "MARIHUANA PRODUCTS" MEANS MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS.

20-F. "MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS" MEANS PRODUCTS THAT CONTAIN MARIHUANA, MARIHUANA EXTRACTS, OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND ARE INTENDED FOR
HUMAN USE OR CONSUMPTION, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EDIBLE PRODUCTS, OINTMENTS, AND TINCTURES.

20-G. "MARIHUANA RETAILER" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS FROM MARIHUANA PRODUCERS AND MARIHUANA PROCESSORS AND SELL MARIHUANA, MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS, AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS IN A RETAIL OUTLET.

20-H. "MARIHUANA RETAILER FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS FROM MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, MARIHUANA RETAILERS, AND MARIHUANA PROCESSORS AND SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR A CUSTOMER TO CONSUME WHILE THE CUSTOMER IS WITHIN A FACILITY.

20-I. "UNREASONABLY IMPRACTICABLE" MEANS THAT THE MEASURES NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS REQUIRE SUCH A HIGH INVESTMENT OF RISK, MONEY, TIME OR OTHER RESOURCE OR ASSET THAT THE OPERATION OF A MARIHUANA ESTABLISHMENT IS NOT WORTHY OF BEING CARRIED OUT BY A REASONABLY PRUDENT BUSINESSPERSON.

S 27. Section 65-b of the alcoholic beverage control law, as amended by chapter 519 of the laws of 1999, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 257 of the laws of 2013 and the opening paragraph of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 503 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

S 65-b. Offense for one under age of twenty-one years to purchase or attempt to purchase an alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS through fraudulent means. 1. As used in this section: (a) "A device capable of deciphering any electronically readable format" or "device" shall mean any commercial device or combination of devices used at a point of sale or entry that is capable of reading the information encoded on the magnetic strip or bar code of a driver's license or non-driver identification card issued by the commissioner of motor vehicles;

(b) "Card holder" means any person presenting a driver's license or non-driver identification card to a licensee, or to the agent or employee of such licensee under this chapter; and

(c) "Transaction scan" means the process involving a device capable of deciphering any electronically readable format by which a licensee, or agent or employee of a licensee under this chapter reviews a driver's license or non-driver identification card presented as a precondition for the purchase of an alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS as required by subdivision two of this section or as a precondition for admission to an establishment licensed for the on-premises sale of alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS where admission is restricted to persons twenty-one years or older.

2. (a) No person under the age of twenty-one years shall present or offer to any licensee under this chapter, or to the agent or employee of such licensee, any written evidence of age which is false, fraudulent or not actually his OR HER own, for the purpose of purchasing or attempting to purchase any alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS.

(b) No licensee, or agent or employee of such licensee shall accept as written evidence of age by any such person for the purchase of any alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, any documentation other than: (i) a valid driver's license or non-driver identification card issued by the commissioner of motor vehicles, the federal government, any United States territory, commonwealth or possession, the District of Columbia, a state government within the United States or a provincial government of the dominion of Canada, or (ii) a valid passport issued by the United States government or any other country, or (iii) an identification card
issued by the armed forces of the United States. Upon the presentation
of such driver's license or non-driver identification card issued by a
governmental entity, such licensee or agent or employee thereof may
perform a transaction scan as a precondition to the sale of any alcohol-
ic beverage. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a licensee or agent
or employee from performing such a transaction scan on any of the other
documents listed in this subdivision if such documents include a bar
code or magnetic strip that [that] may be scanned by a device capable of
deciphering any electronically readable format.

(c) In instances where the information deciphered by the transaction
scan fails to match the information printed on the driver's license or
non-driver identification card presented by the card holder, or if the
transaction scan indicates that the information is false or fraudulent,
the attempted purchase of the alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS
shall be denied.

3. A person violating the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision
two of this section shall be guilty of a violation and shall be
sentenced in accordance with the following:

(a) For a first violation, the court shall order payment of a fine of
not more than one hundred dollars and/or an appropriate amount of commu-
nity service not to exceed thirty hours. In addition, the court may
order completion of an alcohol awareness program established pursuant to
section 19.25 of the mental hygiene law OR A MARIHUANA AWARENESS
PROGRAM.

(b) For a second violation, the court shall order payment of a fine of
not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred fifty dollars
and/or an appropriate amount of community service not to exceed sixty
hours. The court also shall order completion of an alcohol OR MARIHUANA
awareness program as referenced in paragraph (a) of this subdivision if
such program has not previously been completed by the offender, unless
the court determines that attendance at such program is not feasible due
to the lack of availability of such program within a reasonably close
proximity to the locality in which the offender resides or matriculates,
as appropriate.

(c) For third and subsequent violations, the court shall order payment
of a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than seven hundred
fifty dollars and/or an appropriate amount of community service not to
exceed ninety hours. The court also shall order that such person submit
to an evaluation by an appropriate agency certified or licensed by the
office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to determine whether
the person suffers from the disease of alcoholism or alcohol OR MARIHU-
ANA abuse, unless the court determines that under the circumstances
presented such an evaluation is not necessary, in which case the court
shall state on the record the basis for such determination. Payment for
such evaluation shall be made by such person. If, based on such evalu-
ation, a need for treatment is indicated, such person may choose to
participate in a treatment plan developed by an agency certified or
licensed by the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services. If
such person elects to participate in recommended treatment, the court
shall order that payment of such fine and community service be suspended
pending the completion of such treatment.

(d) Evaluation procedures. For purposes of this subdivision, the
following shall apply:

(i) The contents of an evaluation pursuant to paragraph (c) of this
subdivision shall be used for the sole purpose of determining if such
1 person suffers from the disease of alcoholism or alcohol OR MARIHUANA abuse.

(ii) The agency designated by the court to perform such evaluation shall conduct the evaluation and return the results to the court within thirty days, subject to any state or federal confidentiality law, rule or regulation governing the confidentiality of alcohol and substance abuse treatment records.

(iii) The office of alcoholism and substance abuse services shall make available to each supreme court law library in this state, or, if no supreme court law library is available in a certain county, to the county court law library of such county, a list of agencies certified to perform evaluations as required by subdivision (f) of section 19.07 of the mental hygiene law.

(iv) All evaluations required under this subdivision shall be in writing and the person so evaluated or his or her counsel shall receive a copy of such evaluation prior to its use by the court.

(v) A minor evaluated under this subdivision shall have, and shall be informed by the court of, the right to obtain a second opinion regarding his or her need for alcoholism OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE treatment.

4. A person violating the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section shall be guilty of a violation punishable by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and/or an appropriate amount of community service not to exceed thirty hours. In addition, the court may order completion of an alcohol OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE training awareness program established pursuant to subdivision twelve of section seventeen of this chapter where such program is located within a reasonably close proximity to the locality in which the offender is employed or resides.

5. No determination of guilt pursuant to this section shall operate as a disqualification of any such person subsequently to hold public office, public employment, or as a forfeiture of any right or privilege or to receive any license granted by public authority; and no such person shall be denominated a criminal by reason of such determination.

6. In addition to the penalties otherwise provided in subdivision three of this section, if a determination is made sustaining a charge of illegally purchasing or attempting to illegally purchase an alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, the court may suspend such person's license to drive a motor vehicle and the privilege of an unlicensed person of obtaining such license, in accordance with the following and for the following periods, if it is found that a driver's license was used for the purpose of such illegal purchase or attempt to illegally purchase; provided, however, that where a person is sentenced pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subdivision three of this section, the court shall impose such license suspension if it is found that a driver's license was used for the purpose of such illegal purchase or attempt to illegally purchase:

(a) For a first violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, a three month suspension.

(b) For a second violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, a six month suspension.

(c) For a third or subsequent violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section, a suspension for one year or until the holder reaches the age of twenty-one, whichever is the greater period of time.

Such person may thereafter apply for and be issued a restricted use license in accordance with the provisions of section five hundred thirty of the vehicle and traffic law.
7. (a) In any proceeding pursuant to subdivision one of section sixty-five of this article, it shall be an affirmative defense that such person had produced a driver's license or non-driver identification card apparently issued by a governmental entity, successfully completed the transaction scan, and that the alcoholic beverage OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS had been sold, delivered or given to such person in reasonable reliance upon such identification and transaction scan. In evaluating the applicability of such affirmative defense, the liquor authority shall take into consideration any written policy adopted and implemented by the seller to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Use of a transaction scan shall not excuse any licensee under this chapter, or agent or employee of such licensee, from the exercise of reasonable diligence otherwise required by this section. Notwithstanding the above provisions, any such affirmative defense shall not be applicable in any other civil or criminal proceeding, or in any other forum.

(b) A licensee or agent or employee of a licensee may electronically or mechanically record and maintain only the information from a transaction scan necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section. Such information shall be limited to the following: (i) name, (ii) date of birth, (iii) driver's license or non-driver identification number, and (iv) expiration date. The liquor authority and the state commissioner of motor vehicles shall jointly promulgate any regulation necessary to govern the recording and maintenance of these records by a licensee under this chapter. The liquor authority and the commissioner of health shall jointly promulgate any regulations necessary to ensure quality control in the use of transaction scan devices.

8. A licensee or agent or employee of such licensee shall only use the information recorded and maintained through the use of such devices for the purposes contained in paragraph (a) of subdivision seven of this section, and shall only use such devices for the purposes contained in subdivision two of this section. No licensee or agent or employee of a licensee shall resell or disseminate the information recorded during such scan to any third person. Such prohibited resale or dissemination includes, but is not limited to, any advertising, marketing or promotional activities. Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed by this subdivision, such records may be released pursuant to a court ordered subpoena or pursuant to any other statute that specifically authorizes the release of such information. Each violation of this subdivision shall be punishable by a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars.

S 28. Section 140 of the alcoholic beverage control law, as amended by chapter 810 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:

S 140. Applicability of chapter before local option. Until such time as it shall become unlawful to sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS in any town or city by the vote of the voters in such town or city in the manner provided in this article, all of the provisions of this chapter shall apply throughout the entire state. This article shall not apply to the Whiteface mountain ski center, owned by the state and located in the town of Wilmington, county of Essex.

S 29. Section 141 of the alcoholic beverage control law, as amended by chapter 319 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

S 141. Local option for towns. 1. Not less than sixty days nor more than seventy-five days before the general election in any town at which the submission of the questions hereinafter stated is authorized by this article, a petition signed by electors of the town to a number amounting to twenty-five per centum of the votes cast in the town for governor at
the then last preceding gubernatorial election, acknowledged by the
signers or authenticated by witnesses as provided in the election law in
respect of a nominating petition, requesting the submission at such
election to the electors of the town of one or more of the following
questions, may be filed with the town clerk:

Question 1. Tavern alcoholic beverage license. Shall a person be
allowed to obtain a license to operate a tavern with a limited-service
menu (sandwiches, salads, soups, etc.) which permits the tavern operator
to sell alcoholic beverages for a customer to drink while the customer
is within the tavern. In addition, unopened containers of beer (such as
six-packs and kegs) may be sold "to go" for the customer to open and
drink at another location (such as, for example, at his home)?

Question 2. Restaurant alcoholic beverage license. Shall the operator
of a full-service restaurant be allowed to obtain a license which
permits the restaurant operator to sell alcoholic beverages for a
customer to drink while the customer is within the restaurant. In addi-
tion, unopened containers of beer (such as six-packs and kegs) may be
sold "to go" for the customer to open and drink at another location
(such as, for example, at his home)?

Question 3. Year-round hotel alcoholic beverage license. Shall the
operator of a year-round hotel with a full-service restaurant be allowed
to obtain a license which permits the year-round hotel to sell alcoholic
beverages for a customer to drink while the customer is within the
hotel. In addition, unopened containers of beer (such as six-packs and
kegs) may be sold "to go" for the customer to open and drink at another
location (such as, for example, at his home)?

Question 4. Summer hotel alcoholic beverage license. Shall the opera-
tor of a summer hotel with a full-service restaurant, open for business
only within the period from May first to October thirty-first in each
year, be allowed to obtain a license which permits the summer hotel to
sell alcoholic beverages for a customer to drink while the customer is
within the hotel. In addition, unopened containers of beer (such as
six-packs and kegs) may be sold "to go" for the customer to open and
drink at another location (such as, for example, at his home)?

Question 5. Retail package liquor or wine store license. Shall a
person be allowed to obtain a license to operate a retail package
liquor-and-wine or wine-without-liquor store, to sell "to go" unopened
bottles of liquor or wine to a customer to be taken from the store for
the customer to open and drink at another location (such as, for exam-
ple, at his home)?

Question 6. Off-premises beer and wine cooler license. Shall the oper-
ator of a grocery store, drugstore or supply ship operating in the
harbors of Lake Erie be allowed to obtain a license which permits the
operator to sell "to go" unopened containers of beer (such as six-packs
and kegs) and wine coolers with not more than 6% alcohol to a customer
to be taken from the store for the customer to open and drink at another
location (such as, for example, at his home)?

Question 7. Baseball park, racetrack, athletic field or stadium
license. Shall a person be allowed to obtain a license which permits
the sale of beer for a patron's consumption while the patron is within a
baseball park, racetrack, or other athletic field or stadium where
admission fees are charged?

QUESTION 8. MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE. SHALL A PERSON BE ALLOWED TO
OBTAIN A LICENSE TO OPERATE A RETAIL MARIHUANA STORE, TO SELL UNOPENED
MARIHUANA PRODUCTS TO A CUSTOMER TO BE TAKEN FROM THE STORE FOR THE
CUSTOMER TO OPEN AND CONSUME AT ANOTHER LOCATION (SUCH AS, FOR EXAMPLE, AT HIS HOME)?

QUESTION 9. ON-PREMISES MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE. SHALL A PERSON BE ALLOWED TO OBTAIN A LICENSE TO OPERATE A FACILITY WHERE THE SERVICE OF FOOD IS ONLY INCIDENTAL AND PERMITS THE FACILITY OPERATOR TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR A CUSTOMER TO CONSUME WHILE THE CUSTOMER IS WITHIN THE FACILITY?

2. Upon the due filing of such petition complying with the foregoing provisions, such questions shall be submitted in accordance therewith.

3. The town clerk shall, within five days from the filing of such petition in his office, prepare and file in the office of the board of elections, as defined by the election law, of the county, a certified copy of such petition. Such questions may be submitted only at the time of a general election. At least ten days before such general election, the board of elections shall cause to be printed and posted in at least four public places in such town, a notice of the fact that all of the local option questions will be voted on at such general election; and the said notice shall also be published at least five days before the vote is to be taken once in a newspaper published in the county in which such town is situated, which shall be a newspaper published in the town, if there be one. Whenever such questions are to be submitted under the provisions of this article the board of elections shall cause the proper ballot labels to be printed and placed on all voting machines used in the town in which such questions are to be submitted, in the form prescribed by the election law in respect of other propositions or questions, upon the face of which shall be printed in full the said questions. Any elector qualified to vote for state officers shall be entitled to vote upon such local option questions. As soon as the election shall be held, a return of the votes cast and counted shall be made as provided by law and the returns canvassed by the inspectors of election. If a majority of the votes cast shall be in the negative on all or any of the questions, no person shall, after such election, sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS in such town contrary to such vote or to the provisions of this chapter; provided, however, that the result of such vote shall not shorten the term for which any license may have been lawfully issued under this chapter or affect the rights of the licensee thereunder; and no person shall after such vote apply for or receive a license to sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS at retail in such town contrary to such vote, until, by referendum as hereinafter provided for, such sale shall again become lawful.

S 30. Subdivision 3 of section 142 of the alcoholic beverage control law is amended to read as follows:

3. If a majority of the votes cast shall be in the negative on any or all of the questions, no person shall, after such election, sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS in such city contrary to such vote or to the provisions of this chapter; provided, however, that the result of such vote shall not shorten the term for which any license may have been lawfully issued under this chapter or affect the rights of the licensee thereunder; and no person shall after such vote apply for or receive a license to sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS at retail in such city contrary to such vote, until, by referendum as hereinafter provided for, such sale shall again become lawful.

S 31. Subdivision 2 of section 147 of the alcoholic beverage control law is amended to read as follows:

2. If at the time of any subsequent submission of such questions it shall be lawful to sell alcoholic beverages OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS and a
majority of the votes cast shall be in the negative on such questions, then all of the provisions of this article applicable thereto shall become effective.

S 32. Article 11 and sections 160, 161, 162, 163 and 164 of the alcoholic beverage control law, as renumbered by chapter 725 of the laws of 1954, are renumbered article 12 and sections 200, 201, 202, 203 and 204.

S 33. The alcoholic beverage control law is amended by adding a new article 11 to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11

PROVISIONS RELATING TO MARIHUANA

SECTION 165. LICENSES ISSUED.

166. PRODUCERS AND PROCESSORS NOT TO BE INTERESTED IN RETAILERS.

167. ACTIONS TAKEN PURSUANT TO A VALID LICENSE ARE LAWFUL.

168. GENERAL PROHIBITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

169. CERTAIN OFFICIALS NOT TO BE INTERESTED IN MANUFACTURE OR SALE OF MARIHUANA.

170. PROVISIONS GOVERNING INITIAL RULEMAKING.

171. PROVISIONS GOVERNING MARIHUANA PRODUCERS.

172. PROVISIONS GOVERNING PROCESSORS.

173. PROVISIONS GOVERNING MARIHUANA RETAILERS.

174. PROVISIONS GOVERNING MARIHUANA RETAILERS FOR CONSUMPTION ON PREMISES.

175. ADVERTISING AND FORMS OF THE ISSUANCE OF LICENSES.

176. PACKAGING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS.

177. LABELING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS.

178. RENEWALS OF LICENSES AND PERMITS.

179. INFORMATION TO BE REQUESTED IN APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES OR PERMITS.

180. NOTIFICATION TO MUNICIPALITIES.

181. LICENSES, PUBLICATION, GENERAL PROVISIONS.

182. REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR CAUSE.

183. PROCEDURE FOR REVOCATION OR CANCELLATION.

184. DECISIONS OF LIQUOR AUTHORITY AND REVIEW BY THE COURTS.

185. MINORITY AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISES.

186. DISPOSITION OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR LICENSE FEES.

187. PERSONS FORBIDDEN TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA.

188. SURRENDER OF LICENSE; NOTICE TO POLICE OFFICIALS.

189. AUTHORITY TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS.

190. PROTECTIONS FOR THE USE OF MARIHUANA.

191. CIVIL PROTECTIONS FOR THE USE OF MARIHUANA.

192. PROFESSIONAL AND MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING.

S 165. LICENSES ISSUED. THE FOLLOWING KINDS OF LICENSES SHALL BE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF MARIHUANA:

1. MARIHUANA PRODUCER LICENSE;

2. MARIHUANA PROCESSOR LICENSE;

3. MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE;

4. MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREMISES; AND

5. ANY OTHER TYPE OF LICENSES ALLOWED BY THE AUTHORITY.

S 166. PRODUCERS AND PROCESSORS NOT TO BE INTERESTED IN RETAILERS.

NEITHER A LICENSED PRODUCER NOR A LICENSED PROCESSOR SHALL HAVE A DIRECT OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A LICENSED MARIHUANA RETAILER OR A MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREMISES.

S 167. ACTIONS TAKEN PURSUANT TO A VALID LICENSE ARE LAWFUL. NO CONTRACTS RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF LICENSES UNDER THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE DEEMED UNENFORCEABLE ON THE BASIS THAT THE ACTIONS PERMITTED PURSUANT TO THE LICENSE ARE PROHIBITED BY FEDERAL LAW. THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS ARE
1. NOT UNLAWFUL AS PROVIDED UNDER THIS CHAPTER, SHALL NOT BE AN OFFENSE
2. UNDER NEW YORK LAW OR THE LAWS OF ANY LOCALITY WITHIN NEW YORK, AND
3. SHALL NOT RESULT IN ANY CIVIL FINE, SEIZURE, OR FORFEITURE OF ASSETS
4. AGAINST ANY PERSON ACTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS CHAPTER:

1. ACTIONS OF A LICENSEE, ITS EMPLOYEES, AND ITS AGENTS, AS PERMITTED
2. BY THIS CHAPTER AND CONSISTENT WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE AUTHOR-
3. ITY, PURSUANT TO A VALID LICENSE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY.
4. ACTIONS OF THOSE WHO ALLOW PROPERTY TO BE USED BY A LICENSEE, ITS
5. EMPLOYEES, AND ITS AGENTS, AS PERMITTED BY THIS CHAPTER AND CONSISTENT
6. WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE AUTHORITY, PURSUANT TO A VALID LICENSE
7. ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY.
8. ACTIONS OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY, THEIR EMPLOYEES, OR THEIR AGENTS
9. PROVIDING A SERVICE TO A LICENSEE OR POTENTIAL LICENSEE, AS PERMITTED BY
10. THIS CHAPTER AND CONSISTENT WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE AUTHOR-
11. ITY, RELATING TO THE FORMATION OF A BUSINESS.
12. THE PURCHASE, POSSESSION, OR CONSUMPTION OF MARIHUANA, AS PERMITTED
13. BY THIS CHAPTER AND CONSISTENT WITH RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE AUTHOR-
14. ITY, OBTAINED FROM A VALIDLY LICENSED RETAILER.

S 168. GENERAL PROHIBITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS. 1. NO MARIHUANA PRODUCTS
2. MAY BE IMPORTED OR EXPORTED INTO NEW YORK STATE BY A LICENSEE FROM OR TO
3. A JURISDICTION IN WHICH POSSESSION, TRANSPORT, DISTRIBUTION OF MARIHUANA
4. OR OTHER MARIHUANA RELATED CONDUCT REMAINS ILLEGAL UNDER THE LAWS OF
5. THAT JURISDICTION.

2. (A) NO PERSON HOLDING ANY LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE TO GROW
3. OR PROCESS MARIHUANA MAY EMPLOY ANY PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A
4. CLASS B VIOLENT Felony OFFENSE, A CLASS C VIOLENT Felony OFFENSE, A
5. CLASS D VIOLENT Felony OFFENSE, OR A CLASS E VIOLENT Felony OFFENSE AS
6. DEFINED BY SECTION 70.02 OF THE PENAL LAW, UNLESS, SUBSEQUENT TO SUCH
7. CONVICTION, THE PERSON HAS RECEIVED: (I) An EXECUTIVE PARDON THEREFOR
8. REMOVING ANY CIVIL DISABILITIES INCURRED THEREBY; (II) A CERTIFICATE OF
9. RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES OR A CERTIFICATE OF GOOD CONDUCT PURSUANT TO
10. ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE OF THE CORRECTION LAW; (III) OTHER RELIEF FROM
11. DISABILITIES PROVIDED BY LAW; OR (IV) THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LIQUOR
12. AUTHORITY PERMITTING SUCH EMPLOYMENT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF
13. THIS SUBDIVISION.

(B) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
14. SION, IF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY ISSUES ITS WRITTEN APPROVAL FOR THE
15. EMPLOYMENT BY A LICENSEE, IN A SPECIFIED CAPACITY, OF A PERSON PREVIOUS-
16. LY CONVICTED OF A Felony OR ANY OF THE OFFENSES ABOVE ENUMERATED IN
17. PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SUCH PERSON, MAY, UNLESS HE OR SHE IS
18. SUBSEQUENTLY CONVICTED OF A Felony OR ANY OF SUCH OFFENSES, THEREAFTER
19. BE EMPLOYED IN THE SAME CAPACITY BY ANY OTHER LICENSEE WITHOUT THE
20. FURTHER WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE AUTHORITY UNLESS THE PRIOR APPROVAL
21. GIVEN BY THE AUTHORITY IS TERMINATED.
22. 3. NO LICENSE OF ANY KIND MAY BE ISSUED TO A PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF
23. TWENTY-ONE YEARS, NOR SHALL ANY LICENSEE EMPLOY ANYONE UNDER THE AGE OF
24. TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

S 169. CERTAIN OFFICIALS NOT TO BE INTERESTED IN MANUFACTURE OR SALE
1. OF MARIHUANA. 1. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED
2. TWENTY-EIGHT-A OF THIS CHAPTER, IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR ANY POLICE
3. COMMISSIONER, POLICE INSPECTOR, CAPTAIN, SERGEANT, ROUNDSMAN, PATROLMAN
4. OR OTHER POLICE OFFICIAL OR SUBORDINATE OF ANY POLICE DEPARTMENT IN THE
5. STATE, TO BE EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTERESTED IN THE MANUFACTURE
6. OR SALE OF MARIHUANA OR TO OFFER FOR SALE, OR RECOMMEND TO ANY LICENSEE
7. ANY MARIHUANA. A PERSON MAY NOT BE DENIED ANY LICENSE GRANTED UNDER THE
8. PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS FIFTY-FOUR, FIFTY-FIVE, FIFTY-NINE, SIXTY-THREE,
SIXTY-FOUR, SEVENTY-NINE, EIGHTY-ONE, OR ARTICLE SEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER
SOLELY ON THE GROUNDS OF BEING THE SPOUSE OF A PUBLIC SERVANT DESCRIBED
IN THIS SUBDIVISION. THE SOLICITATION OR RECOMMENDATION MADE TO ANY
LICENSEE, TO PURCHASE ANY MARIHUANA BY ANY POLICE OFFICIAL OR SUBORDI-
NATE AS HEREBINABOVE DESCRIBED, SHALL BE PRESUMPTIVE EVIDENCE OF THE
INTEREST OF SUCH OFFICIAL OR SUBORDINATE IN THE MANUFACTURE OR SALE OF
MARIHUANA.

2. NO ELECTIVE VILLAGE OFFICER SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS SET
FORTH IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION UNLESS SUCH ELECTIVE VILLAGE
OFFICER SHALL BE ASSIGNED DUTIES DIRECTLY RELATING TO THE OPERATION OR
MANAGEMENT OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

S 170. PROVISIONS GOVERNING INITIAL RULEMAKING. 1. WITHIN TWO HUNDRED
FOURTY DAYS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ARTICLE, THE AUTHORITY SHALL
PERFORM SUCH ACTS, PRESCRIBE SUCH FORMS AND MAKE SUCH RULES, REGULATIONS
AND ORDERS AS IT MAY DEEM NECESSARY OR PROPER TO FULLY EFFECTUATE THE
PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

2. THE AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE NECESSARY RULES AND REGULATIONS
GOVERNING THE LICENSING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, MARIHUANA PROCESSORS,
MARIHUANA RETAILERS AND MARIHUANA RETAILERS FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREM-
ISES, INCLUDING:

(A) PRESCRIBING FORMS AND ESTABLISHING APPLICATION, REINSTATEMENT, AND
RENEWAL FEES;

(B) THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR LICENSURE;

(C) THE BOOKS AND RECORDS TO BE CREATED AND MAINTAINED BY LICENSEES,
THE REPORTS TO BE MADE THEREON TO THE AUTHORITY, AND INSPECTION OF THE
BOOKS AND RECORDS;

(D) METHODS OF PRODUCING, PROCESSING, AND PACKAGING MARIHUANA, MARI-
HUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS, AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS; CONDITIONS OF SANITA-
TION, AND STANDARDS OF INGREDIENTS, QUALITY, AND IDENTITY OF MARIHUANA
PRODUCTS PRODUCED, PROCESSED, PACKAGED, OR SOLD BY LICENSEES; AND

(E) SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR MARIHUANA RETAILERS AND PREMISES WHERE
MARIHUANA PRODUCTS ARE PRODUCED OR PROCESSED, AND SAFETY PROTOCOLS FOR
LICENSEES AND THEIR EMPLOYEES.

3. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS THAT
ARE CALCULATED TO:

(A) PREVENT THE DISTRIBUTION OF MARIHUANA TO PERSONS UNDER TWENTY-ONE
YEARS OF AGE;

(B) PREVENT THE REVENUE FROM THE SALE OF MARIHUANA FROM GOING TO CRIM-
INAL ENTERPRISES, GANGS, AND CARTELS;

(C) PREVENT THE DIVERSION OF MARIHUANA FROM THIS STATE TO OTHER
STATES;

(D) PREVENT MARIHUANA ACTIVITY THAT IS LEGAL UNDER STATE LAW FROM
BEING USED AS A COVER OR PRETEXT FOR THE TRAFFICKING OF OTHER ILLEGAL
DRUGS OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY;

(E) PREVENT VIOLENCE AND THE USE OF FIREARMS IN THE CULTIVATION AND
DISTRIBUTION OF MARIHUANA;

(F) PREVENT DRUGGED DRIVING AND THE EXACERBATION OF OTHER ADVERSE
PUBLIC HEALTH CONSEQUENCES ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF MARIHUANA;

(G) PREVENT THE GROWING OF MARIHUANA ON PUBLIC LANDS AND THE ATTENDANT
PUBLIC SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL DANGERS POSED BY MARIHUANA PRODUCTION ON
PUBLIC LANDS; AND

(H) PREVENT THE POSSESSION AND USE OF MARIHUANA ON FEDERAL PROPERTY.

4. RULES AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY PURSUANT
TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT PROHIBIT THE OPERATION OF
MARIHUANA ESTABLISHMENTS EITHER EXPRESSLY OR THROUGH REGULATIONS THAT
MAKE THEIR OPERATION UNREASONABLY IMPRACTICABLE.
5. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND MARKETS AND THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, SHALL PROMULGATE NECESSARY RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE SAFE PRODUCTION OF MARIHUANA, INCLUDING RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF PESTICIDES.

S 171. PROVISIONS GOVERNING MARIHUANA PRODUCERS. 1. NO PRODUCER SHALL SELL, OR AGREE TO SELL OR DELIVER IN THE STATE ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, AS THE CASE MAY BE, EXCEPT IN SEALED CONTAINERS CONTAINING QUANTITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SIZE STANDARDS PURSUANT TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY. SUCH CONTAINERS SHALL HAVE AFFIXED THERETO SUCH LABELS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, TOGETHER WITH ALL NECESSARY NEW YORK STATE EXCISE TAX STAMPS, AS REQUIRED BY LAW.

2. NO PRODUCER SHALL TRANSPORT MARIHUANA PRODUCTS IN ANY VEHICLE OWNED AND OPERATED OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PRODUCER, UNLESS THERE SHALL BE ATTACHED TO OR INSCRIBED UPON BOTH SIDES OF SUCH VEHICLE A SIGN, SHOWING THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE LICENSEE, TOGETHER WITH THE FOLLOWING INSRIPTION: "NEW YORK STATE MARIHUANA PRODUCER LICENSE NUMBER ...," IN UNIFORM LETTERS NOT LESS THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN HEIGHT. IN LIEU OF SUCH SIGN A PRODUCER MAY HAVE IN THE CAB OF SUCH VEHICLE A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF ITS CURRENT LICENSE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY, AND SUCH COPY DULY AUTHENTICATED BY THE AUTHORITY.

3. NO PRODUCER SHALL DELIVER ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, EXCEPT IN VEHICLES OWNED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PRODUCER, OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PRODUCER FROM A TRUCKING OR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY REGISTERED WITH THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, AND SHALL ONLY MAKE DELIVERIES AT THE LICENSED PREMISES OF THE PURCHASER.


5. NO PRODUCER SHALL FURNISH OR CAUSE TO BE FURNISHED TO ANY LICENSEE, ANY EXTERIOR OR INTERIOR SIGN, PRINTED, PAINTED, ELECTRIC OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY MAY MAKE SUCH RULES AS IT DEEMS NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSE AND INTENT OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

S 172. PROVISIONS GOVERNING PROCESSORS. 1. NO PROCESSOR SHALL BE ENGAGED IN ANY OTHER BUSINESS ON THE PREMISES TO BE LICENSED; EXCEPT THAT NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS CHAPTER SHALL PREVENT A MARIHUANA PRODUCER AND A MARIHUANA PROCESSOR FROM OPERATING ON THE SAME PREMISES AND FROM A PERSON HOLDING BOTH LICENSES.

2. NO PROCESSOR SHALL SELL, OR AGREE TO SELL OR DELIVER IN THE STATE ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, EXCEPT IN A SEALED PACKAGE CONTAINING QUANTITIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SIZE STANDARDS PURSUANT TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY. SUCH CONTAINERS SHALL HAVE AFFIXED THERETO SUCH LABELS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, TOGETHER WITH ALL NECESSARY NEW YORK STATE EXCISE TAX STAMPS, AS REQUIRED BY LAW.
3. EACH PROCESSOR SHALL HAVE PAINTED ON THE FRONT WINDOW OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, OR IF THERE BE NO WINDOW, ON A SIGN AFFIXED TO THE FRONT OF THE BUILDING CONTAINING SAID LICENSED PREMISES, THE NAME OF THE LICENSEE TOGETHER WITH THE INSCRIPTION, "NEW YORK STATE MARIHUANA PROCESSOR OR MARIHUANA PROCESSOR LICENSE NUMBER ________________"; AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN UNIFORM LETTERS NOT LESS THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN HEIGHT.

4. NO PROCESSOR SHALL TRANSPORT MARIHUANA PRODUCTS IN ANY VEHICLE OWNED AND OPERATED OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PROCESSOR, UNLESS THERE SHALL BE ATTACHED TO OR INSCRIBED UPON BOTH SIDES OF SUCH VEHICLE A SIGN, SHOWING THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE LICENSEE, TOGETHER WITH THE FOLLOWING INSCRIPTION: "NEW YORK STATE MARIHUANA PROCESSOR OR MARIHUANA PROCESSOR LICENSE NUMBER .................", AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN UNIFORM LETTERS NOT LESS THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN HEIGHT. IN LIEU OF SUCH SIGN, A PROCESSOR MAY HAVE IN THE CAB OF SUCH VEHICLE A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF ITS CURRENT LICENSE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY, AND SUCH COPY DULY AUTHENTICATED BY THE AUTHORITY.

5. NO PROCESSOR SHALL DELIVER ANY PRODUCTS, EXCEPT IN VEHICLES OWNED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PROCESSOR, OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH PROCESSOR FROM A TRUCKING OR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY REGISTERED WITH THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, AND SHALL ONLY MAKE DELIVERIES AT THE LICENSED PREMISES OF THE PURCHASER.


7. NO PROCESSOR SHALL FURNISH OR CAUSE TO BE FURNISHED TO ANY LICENSEE, ANY EXTERIOR OR INTERIOR SIGN, PRINTED, PAINTED, ELECTRIC OR OTHER-WISE, UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

S 173. PROVISIONS GOVERNING MARIHUANA RETAILERS. 1. NO RETAIL LICENSE SHALL BE GRANTED FOR ANY PREMISES, UNLESS THE APPLICANT SHALL BE THE OWNER THEREOF, OR SHALL BE IN POSSESSION OF SAID PREMISES UNDER A LEASE, MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT OR OTHER AGREEMENT GIVING THE APPLICANT CONTROL OVER THE PREMISES, IN WRITING, FOR A TERM NOT LESS THAN THE LICENSE PERIOD.

2. NO PREMISES SHALL BE LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, UNLESS SAID PREMISES SHALL BE LOCATED IN A STORE, THE PRINCIPAL ENTRANCE TO WHICH SHALL BE FROM THE STREET LEVEL AND LOCATED ON A PUBLIC THOROUGHFARE IN PREMISES WHICH MAY BE OCCUPIED, OPERATED OR CONDUCTED FOR BUSINESS, TRADE OR INDUSTRY OR ON AN ARCADE OR SUB-SURFACE THOROUGHFARE LEADING TO A RAILROAD TERMINAL. THERE MAY BE NOT MORE THAN ONE ADDITIONAL ENTRANCE WHICH SHALL BE FROM THE STREET LEVEL AND LOCATED ON AND
GIVING ACCESS TO AND FROM A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PARKING LOT OR PARKING AREA HAVING SPACE FOR NOT LESS THAN FIVE AUTOMOBILES.

3. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSE SHALL BE GRANTED FOR ANY PREMISES WHICH A LICENSE WOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO SELL AT RETAIL FOR CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OFF THE PREMISES BASED ON ITS PROXIMITY TO A BUILDING OCCUPIED EXCLUSIVELY AS A SCHOOL, CHURCH, SYNAGOGUE OR OTHER PLACE OF WORSHIP PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER.

4. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL OFFER FOR SALE ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS IN ANY OTHER CONTAINER, EXCEPT IN THE ORIGINAL SEALED PACKAGE, AS RECEIVED FROM THE PRODUCER OR PROCESSOR. SUCH CONTAINERS SHALL HAVE AFFIXED THERETO SUCH LABELS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, TOGETHER WITH ALL NEW YORK STATE EXCISE TAX STAMPS, AS REQUIRED BY LAW. SUCH CONTAINERS SHALL NOT BE OPENED NOR ITS CONTENTS CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES WHERE SOLD.

5. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL SELL OR TRANSFER MARIHUANA PRODUCTS TO ANY PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

6. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL SELL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ON THE SAME PREMISES WHERE MARIHUANA PRODUCTS ARE SOLD.

7. EACH PERSON LICENSED AS A MARIHUANA RETAILER SHALL HAVE PAINTED ON THE FRONT WINDOW OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, THE NAME OF THE LICENSEE TOGETHER WITH THE INSCRIPTION, "NEW YORK STATE RETAIL MARIHUANA STORE LICENSE NUMBER .........," AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN UNIFORM LETTERS NOT LESS THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN HEIGHT.

8. NO SIGN OF ANY KIND PRINTED, PAINTED OR ELECTRIC, ADVERTISING ANY BRAND SHALL BE PERMITTED ON THE EXTERIOR OR INTERIOR OF SUCH PREMISES, EXCEPT BY PERMISSION OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

9. NO RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL TRANSPORT MARIHUANA PRODUCTS IN ANY VEHICLE OWNED AND OPERATED OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH RETAIL LICENSEE, EXCEPT PRODUCTS TRANSPORTED TO THE HOME OF A PURCHASER NOT TO BE RESOLD BY THE PURCHASER, UNLESS THERE SHALL BE ATTACHED TO OR INSCRIBED UPON BOTH SIDES OF SUCH VEHICLE A SIGN, SHOWING THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE LICENSEE TOGETHER WITH THE FOLLOWING INSCRIPTION, "NEW YORK STATE RETAIL MARIHUANA STORE LICENSE NUMBER. . . . . . . . . . .," AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN UNIFORM LETTERS NOT LESS THAN THREE AND ONE-HALF INCHES IN HEIGHT, EXCEPT DELIVERIES MAY BE MADE IN PASSENGER TYPE VEHICLES OWNED BY THE LICENSEE AND OPERATED BY THE LICENSEE OR HIS OR HER AGENT, OR HIRED BY THE LICENSEE AND OPERATED BY THE LICENSEE OR HIS OR HER AGENT, PROVIDED THE PERSON MAKING THE DELIVERY SHALL HAVE UPON HIS OR HER PERSON WHILE SO DELIVERING A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF THE CURRENT LICENSE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY. IN LIEU OF SUCH SIGN, A RETAIL LICENSEE MAY HAVE IN THE CAB OF SUCH VEHICLE A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF ITS CURRENT LICENSE ISSUED BY THE AUTHORITY, AND SUCH COPY DULY AUTHENTICATED BY THE AUTHORITY.

10. NO RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL DELIVER ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS EXCEPT IN VEHICLES OWNED AND OPERATED BY SUCH LICENSEE, OR HIRED AND OPERATED BY SUCH LICENSEE FROM A TRUCKING OR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY REGISTERED WITH THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, AND SHALL ONLY MAKE SUCH DELIVERIES AT THE PREMISES OF THE PURCHASER.

11. NO RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL KEEP OR PERMIT TO BE KEPT UPON THE LICENSED PREMISES, ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS IN ANY UNSEALED CONTAINER.

12. NO RETAIL LICENSEE SHALL SELL OR DELIVER ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS TO ANY PERSON WITH KNOWLEDGE OF, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE PERSON TO WHOM SUCH MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, HAS ACQUIRED THE SAME FOR THE PURPOSE OF PEDDLING THEM FROM PLACE TO PLACE, OR OF SELLING OR GIVING THEM AWAY IN VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER OR IN VIOLATION OF THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.
13. No premises licensed as a marihuana retailer shall be permitted to remain open during a time when a premises licensed to sell liquor and/or wine for off-premises consumption is not permitted to remain open pursuant to the provisions of section one hundred five of this chapter.

14. Each marihuana retail licensee shall keep and maintain upon the licensed premises, adequate books and records of all transactions involving the business transacted by such licensee, which shall show the amount of marihuana products, purchased by such licensee together with the names, license numbers and places of business of the persons from whom the same were purchased, and the amount involved in such purchases, as well as the amount of marihuana products, sold by such licensee, and the amount involved in each sale. Such books and records shall be available for inspection by any authorized representative of the liquor authority.

15. No marihuana retail licensee shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any premises where marihuana products are produced or processed or any other premises where marihuana products are sold at retail, by stock ownership, interlocking directors, mortgage or lien on any personal or real property or by any other means.

16. No marihuana retail licensee shall make or cause to be made any loan to any person engaged in the production, processing or sale of marihuana products.

17. All premises licensed under this section shall be subject to inspection by any peace officer described in subdivision four of section 2.10 of the criminal procedure law acting pursuant to his or her special duties, or police officer or any duly authorized representative of the liquor authority, during the hours when the said premises are open for the transaction of business.

18. All provisions governing marihuana retailers for consumption on premises. 1. No marihuana retailer license for consumption on premises shall be granted for a premises located in whole or in part inside the boundaries of any city, village or town, unless the local legislative body of such city, village or town, by resolution, expressly authorizes the licensing of such facilities in such city, village or town. The local legislative body may direct an appropriate officer, board or body of such city, village or town as the local licensing authority to authorize individual marihuana facility license applications. In cities of one million or more residents, should the local legislative body authorize such license, no marihuana retailer license for consumption on premises shall be granted unless the community board established pursuant to section twenty-eight hundred of the New York City charter with jurisdiction over the area in which the premises will be located shall also authorize such license.

2. No marihuana retailer license for on-premises consumption shall be granted for any premises, unless the applicant shall be the owner thereof, or shall be in possession of said premises under a lease, in writing, for a term not less than the license period except, however, that such license may thereafter be renewed without the requirement of a lease as herein provided. This subdivision shall not apply to premises leased from government agencies, as defined under subdivision twelve-c of section three of this chapter; provided, however, that the appropriate administrator of such government agency provides some form of written documentation regarding the terms of occupancy under which the applicant is leasing said premises from the government agency for presentation to the state liquor authority at the time of the license application. Such documentation shall include the terms of occupancy between
THE APPLICANT AND THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY SHORT-TERM LEASING AGREEMENTS OR WRITTEN OCCUPANCY AGREEMENTS.

3. NO MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL BE GRANTED FOR ANY PREMISES WHERE A LICENSE WOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO SELL AT RETAIL FOR CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL ON THE PREMISES BASED ON ITS PROXIMITY TO A BUILDING OCCUPIED EXCLUSIVELY AS A SCHOOL, CHURCH, SYNAGOGUE OR OTHER PLACE OF WORSHIP PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER.

4. THE AUTHORITY MAY CONSIDER ANY OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING IN DETERMINING WHETHER PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND ADVANTAGE AND THE PUBLIC INTEREST WILL BE PROMOTED BY THE GRANTING OF LICENSES AND PERMITS FOR RETAIL LICENSE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION AT A PARTICULAR UNLICENSED LOCATION:
   (A) THE NUMBER, CLASSES AND CHARACTER OF LICENSES IN PROXIMITY TO THE LOCATION AND IN THE PARTICULAR MUNICIPALITY OR SUBDIVISION THEREOF.
   (B) EVIDENCE THAT ALL NECESSARY LICENSES AND PERMITS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE STATE AND ALL OTHER GOVERNING BODIES.
   (C) EFFECT OF THE GRANT OF THE LICENSE ON VEHICULAR TRAFFIC AND PARKING IN PROXIMITY TO THE LOCATION.
   (D) THE EXISTING NOISE LEVEL AT THE LOCATION AND ANY INCREASE IN NOISE LEVEL THAT WOULD BE GENERATED BY THE PROPOSED PREMISES.
   (E) THE HISTORY OF MARIHUANA VIOLATIONS AND REPORTED CRIMINAL ACTIVITY AT THE PROPOSED PREMISES.
   (F) ANY OTHER FACTORS SPECIFIED BY LAW OR REGULATION THAT ARE RELEVANT TO DETERMINE THE PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND ADVANTAGE AND PUBLIC INTEREST OF THE COMMUNITY.

5. IF THE AUTHORITY SHALL DISAPPROVE AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE OR PERMIT, IT SHALL STATE AND FILE IN ITS OFFICES THE REASONS THEREFOR AND SHALL NOTIFY THE APPLICANT THEREOF. SUCH APPLICANT MAY THEREUPON APPLY TO THE AUTHORITY FOR A REVIEW OF SUCH ACTION IN A MANNER TO BE PRESCRIBED BY THE RULES OF THE AUTHORITY. A HEARING UPON NOTICE TO THE APPLICANT SHALL THEREUPON BE HELD BY THE AUTHORITY OR BY ONE OF ITS MEMBERS AT ITS OFFICE MOST CONVENIENTLY SITUATED TO THE OFFICE OF ITS DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE IN A MANNER TO BE PRESCRIBED IN ITS RULES; AND ON SUCH HEARING PROOF MAY BE TAKEN BY ORAL TESTIMONY OR BY AFFIDAVIT RELATIVE THERETO. AFTER SUCH HEARING, IF THE AUTHORITY CONFUNS SUCH DISAPPROVAL, IT SHALL ENDORSE SUCH APPLICATION ACCORDINGLY AND SHALL SEND NOTICE TO THE APPLICANT OF ITS ACTION IN SUCH FORM AS THE AUTHORITY MAY PRESCRIBE. IF THE AUTHORITY DOES NOT CONFIRM THE DISAPPROVAL ACTION IT MAY GRANT SUCH APPLICATION AND ISSUE SUCH LICENSE.

6. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION, EXCEPT PERSONS OR CORPORATIONS OPERATING A HOTEL, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION FOURTEEN OF SECTION THREE OF THIS CHAPTER, FOR EXCLUSIVE USE IN THE FURNISHING OF ROOM SERVICE IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY RULE OR REGULATION OF THE STATE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, SHALL KEEP UPON THE LICENSED PREMISES ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, EXCEPT THOSE PURCHASED FROM A LICENSED PRODUCER, AND IN CONTAINERS APPROVED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY. SUCH CONTAINERS SHALL HAVE AFFIXED THERETO SUCH LABELS AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, TOGETHER WITH ALL NECESSARY EXCISE STAMPS AS REQUIRED BY LAW. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL REUSE, REFILL, TAMPER WITH, ADULTERATE, DILUTE OR FORTIFY THE CONTENTS OF ANY CONTAINER OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS AS RECEIVED FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR WHOLESALER.

7. NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL SELL, DELIVER OR GIVE AWAY, OR CAUSE OR PERMIT OR ProcURE TO BE SOLD, DELIVERED OR GIVEN AWAY ANY MARIHUANA FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE PREMISES.
WHERE SOLD IN A CONTAINER OR PACKAGE CONTAINING MORE THAN ONE GRAM OF MARIHUANA.

8. NO MARIHUANA PRODUCTS SHALL BE SOLD, OFFERED FOR SALE OR GIVEN AWAY UPON ANY PREMISES LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION, DURING THE FOLLOWING HOURS: (A) SUNDAY, FROM FOUR ANTE MERIDIEM TO TWELVE NOON; OR (B) ON ANY OTHER DAY BETWEEN FOUR ANTE MERIDIEM AND EIGHT ANTE MERIDIEM. IF APPROVED BY THE AUTHORITY OR RULE HAVING BEEN ADOPTED IN A COUNTY, FURTHER RESTRICTIONS OF HOURS OF SALE FOR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS SHALL BE ENFORCEABLE, SUCH RESTRICTED HOURS SHALL BE THE HOURS, DURING WHICH THE SALE OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED WITHIN SUCH COUNTY. NOR SHALL ANY PERSON BE PERMITTED TO CONSUME ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS UPON ANY SUCH PREMISES LATER THAN ONE-HALF HOUR AFTER THE START OF THE PROHIBITED HOURS OF SALE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION.

9. NO PERSON LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL SUFFER OR PERMIT ANY GAMBLING ON THE LICENSED PREMISES, OR SUCCUR OR PERMIT SUCH PREMISES TO BECOME DISORDERLY. THE USE OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, OR ANY PART THEREOF, FOR THE SALE OF LOTTERY TICKETS, PLAYING OF BINGO OR GAMES OF CHANCE, OR AS A SIMULCAST FACILITY OR SIMULCAST THEATER PURSUANT TO THE RACING, PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING AND BREEDING LAW, WHEN DULY AUTHORIZED AND LAWFULLY CONDUCTED THEREON, SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE GAMBLING WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

(A) NO MARIHUANA RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL SUFFER OR PERMIT ANY PERSON TO APPEAR ON LICENSED PREMISES IN SUCH MANNER OR ATTIRE AS TO EXPOSE TO VIEW ANY PORTION OF THE PUBIC AREA, ANUS, VULVA OR GENITALS, OR ANY SIMULATION THEREOF, NOR SHALL SUFFER OR PERMIT ANY FEMALE TO APPEAR ON LICENSED PREMISES IN SUCH MANNER OR ATTIRE AS TO EXPOSE TO VIEW ANY PORTION OF THE BREAST BELOW THE TOP OF THE AREOLA, OR ANY SIMULATION THEREOF.

(B) NO RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL SUFFER, PERMIT OR PROMOTE AN EVENT ON ITS PREMISES WHEREIN THE CONTESTANTS DELIVER, OR ARE NOT FORBIDDEN BY THE APPLICABLE RULES THEREOF FROM DELIVERING KICKS, PUNCHES OR BLOWS OF ANY KIND TO THE BODY OF AN OPPONENT OR OPPONENTS, WHETHER OR NOT THE EVENT CONSISTS OF A PROFESSIONAL MATCH OR EXHIBITION, AND WHETHER OR NOT THE EVENT OR ANY SUCH ACT, OR BOTH, IS DONE FOR COMPENSATION; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS PROHIBITION SHALL NOT BE APPLIED TO ANY PROFESSIONAL MATCH OR EXHIBITION WHICH CONSISTS OF BOXING, SPARRING, WRESTLING, OR MARTIAL ARTS AND WHICH IS EXCEPTED FROM THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "COMBATIVE SPORT" CONTAINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION FIVE-A OF CHAPTER NINE HUNDRED TWELVE OF THE LAWS OF NINETEEN HUNDRED TWENTY.

(C) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY PROVIDED BY LAW, A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL CONSTITUTE AN ADEQUATE GROUND FOR INSTITUTING A PROCEEDING TO SUSPEND, CANCEL OR REVOKE THE LICENSE OF THE VIOLATOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED NINETEEN OF THIS CHAPTER.

10. EXCEPT WHERE A PERMIT TO DO SO IS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 405.10 OF THE PENAL LAW, NO RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL SUFFER, PERMIT, OR PROMOTE AN EVENT ON ITS PREMISES WHEREIN ANY PERSON SHALL USE, EXPLODE, OR CAUSE TO EXPLODE, ANY FIREWORKS OR OTHER PYROTECHNICS IN A BUILDING AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH E OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 405.10 OF THE PENAL LAW, THAT IS COVERED BY SUCH LICENSE OR POSSESS SUCH FIREWORKS OR PYROTECHNICS FOR SUCH PURPOSE. IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY PROVIDED BY LAW, A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL CONSTITUTE AN ADEQUATE GROUND FOR INSTITUTING A PROCEEDING TO SUSPEND, CANCEL, OR REVOKE THE LICENSE OF THE VIOLATOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
APPLICABLE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED NINETEEN OF THIS CHAPTER; PROVIDED HOWEVER, IF MORE THAN ONE LICENSEE IS PARTICIPATING IN A SINGLE EVENT, UPON APPROVAL BY THE AUTHORITY, ONLY ONE LICENSEE MUST OBTAIN SUCH PERMIT.

11. NO RESTAURANT AND NO PREMISES LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION SIXTY-FOUR-A OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE PERMITTED TO HAVE ANY OPENING OR MEANS OF ENTRANCE OR PASSAGeway FOR PERSONS OR THINGS BETWEEN THE LICENSED PREMISES AND ANY OTHER ROOM OR PLACE IN THE BUILDING CONTAINING THE LICENSED PREMISES, OR ANY ADJOINING OR ABUTTING PREMISES, UNLESS INGRESS AND EGRESS IS RESTRICTED BY AN EMPLOYEE, AGENT OF THE LICENSEE, OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD OF CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE FACILITY, OR UNLESS SUCH PREMISES ARE A BONA FIDE RESTAURANT WITH SUCH ACCESS FOR PATRONS AND GUESTS FROM ANY PART OF SUCH BUILDING OR ADJOINING OR ABUTTING PREMISES AS SHALL SERVE PUBLIC CONVENIENCE IN A REASONABLE AND SUITABLE MANNER; OR UNLESS SUCH LICENSED PREMISES ARE IN A BUILDING OWNED OR OPERATED BY ANY COUNTY, TOWN, CITY, VILLAGE OR PUBLIC AUTHORITY OR AGENCY, IN A PARK OR OTHER SIMILAR PLACE OF PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION. ALL GLASS IN ANY WINDOW OR DOOR ON SAID LICENSED PREMISES SHALL BE CLEAR AND SHALL NOT BE OPAQUE, COLORED, STAINED OR FROSTED.

12. A VESSEL LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO SELL ANY MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, WHILE SAID VESSEL IS MOORED TO A PIER OR DOCK, EXCEPT THAT VESSELS SAILING ON ESTABLISHED SCHEDULES SHALL BE PERMITTED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR A PERIOD OF THREE HOURS PRIOR TO THE REGULAR ADVERTISED SAILING TIME.

13. EACH RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL KEEP AND MAINTAIN UPON THE LICENSED PREMISES, ADEQUATE RECORDS OF ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE BUSINESS TRANSACTED BY SUCH LICENSEE WHICH SHALL SHOW THE AMOUNT OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, IN AN APPLICABLE METRIC MEASUREMENT, PURCHASED BY SUCH LICENSEE TOGETHER WITH THE NAMES, LICENSE NUMBERS AND PLACES OF BUSINESS OF THE PERSONS FROM WHOM THE SAME WERE PURCHASED, THE AMOUNT INVOLVED IN SUCH PURCHASES, AS WELL AS THE SALES OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS MADE BY SUCH LICENSEE. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS PERMITTING AN ON-PREMISES LICENSEE OPERATING TWO OR MORE PREMISES SEPARATELY LICENSED TO SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION TO INAUGurate OR RETAIN IN THIS STATE METHODS OR PRACTICES OF CENTRALIZED ACCOUNTING, BOOKKEEPING, CONTROL RECORDS, REPORTING, BILLING, INVOICING OR PAYMENT RESPECTING PURCHASES, SALES OR DELIVERIES OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, OR METHODS AND PRACTICES OF CENTRALIZED RECEIPT OR STORAGE OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS WITHIN THIS STATE WITHOUT SEGREGATION OR EARMARKING FOR ANY SUCH SEPARATELY LICENSED PREMISES, WHEREVER SUCH METHODS AND PRACTICES ASSURE THE AVAILABILITY, AT SUCH LICENSEE'S CENTRAL OR MAIN OFFICE IN THIS STATE, OF DATA REASONABLY NEEDED FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS CHAPTER. SUCH RECORDS SHALL BE AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION BY ANY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

14. NO RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL BE INTERESTED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN ANY PREMISES WHERE MARIHUANA PRODUCTS ARE MANUFACTURED OR SOLD AT WHOLESALE, BY STOCK OWNERSHIP, INTERLOCKING DIRECTORS, MORTGAGE OR LIEN ON ANY PERSONAL OR REAL PROPERTY OR BY ANY OTHER MEANS.

15. NO RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL MAKE OR CAUSE TO BE MADE ANY LOAN TO ANY PERSON ENGAGED IN THE MANUFACTURE OR SALE OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS AT WHOLESALE.

16. ALL RETAIL LICENSED PREMISES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY ANY PEACE OFFICER, ACTING PURSUANT TO HIS OR HER SPECIAL DUTIES, OR POLICE
OFFICER AND BY THE DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, DURING THE HOURS WHEN THE SAID PREMISES ARE OPEN FOR THE TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS.

17. A RETAIL LICENSEE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION SHALL NOT PROVIDE MARIHUANA PRODUCTS TO ANY PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE OR TO ANY PERSON WHO IS VISIBLY IMPAIRED.

S 175. ADVERTISING AND FORMS OF THE ISSUANCE OF LICENSES. 1. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ADVERTISING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, MARIHUANA PROCESSORS, MARIHUANA RETAILERS, AND ANY MARIHUANA RELATED PRODUCTS OR SERVICES.

2. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE EXPLICIT RULES PROHIBITING ADVERTISING THAT:
   (A) IS FALSE, DECEPTIVE, OR MISLEADING;
   (B) PROMOTES OVERCONSUMPTION;
   (C) DEPICTS CONSUMPTION BY CHILDREN OR OTHER MINORS;
   (D) IS DESIGNED IN ANY WAY TO APPEAL TO CHILDREN OR OTHER MINORS;
   (E) IS WITHIN TWO HUNDRED FEET OF THE PERIMETER OF A SCHOOL GROUNDS, PLAYGROUND, CHILD CARE CENTER, PUBLIC PARK, OR LIBRARY;
   (F) IS IN PUBLIC TRANSIT VEHICLES AND STATIONS;
   (G) IS IN THE FORM OF AN UNSOLICITED INTERNET POP-UP; OR
   (H) IS ON PUBLICLY OWNED OR OPERATED PROPERTY.

S 176. PACKAGING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS. 1. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE PACKAGING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS, SOLD OR POSSESSED FOR SALE IN NEW YORK STATE.


3. SUCH REGULATIONS SHALL REQUIRE THAT ALL MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS SHALL HAVE SEPARATE PACKAGING FOR EACH SERVING.

S 177. LABELING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS. 1. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE LABELING AND OFFERING OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR SALE WITHIN THIS STATE.

2. SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL BE CALCULATED TO: (A) PROHIBIT DECEPTION OF THE CONSUMER; (B) AFFORD ADEQUATE INFORMATION AS TO QUALITY AND IDENTITY OF THE PRODUCT; AND (C) ACHIEVE NATIONAL UNIFORMITY IN THIS BUSINESS.

3. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY MAY SEEK THE ASSISTANCE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH WHEN NECESSARY BEFORE PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS UNDER THIS SECTION.

4. SUCH REGULATIONS SHALL INCLUDE REQUIRING LABELS WARNING CONSUMERS OF ANY POTENTIAL IMPACT ON HUMAN HEALTH RESULTING FROM THE CONSUMPTION OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS THAT SHALL BE AFFIXED TO THOSE PRODUCTS WHEN SOLD, IF SUCH LABELS ARE DEEMED WARRANTED BY THE AUTHORITY AFTER ConsultATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

5. SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL ESTABLISH METHODS AND PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING SERVING SIZES FOR MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS, ACTIVE CANNABIS CONCENTRATION PER SERVING SIZE, AND NUMBER OF SERVINGS PER CONTAINER. SUCH REGULATIONS SHALL ALSO REQUIRE A NUTRITIONAL FACT PANEL THAT INCORPORATES DATA REGARDING SERVING SIZES AND POTENCY THEREOF.

6. SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL REQUIRE INFORMATION CONTAINING THE LICENSE NUMBER OF THE MARIHUANA PRODUCER AND PROCESSOR FACILITIES WHERE THE MARIHUANA WAS GROWN AND PROCESSED.
7. Such rules and regulations shall require a complete list of all nonorganic pesticides, fungicides, and herbicides used during the cultivation of the marihuana.

8. Such rules and regulations shall require a cannabinoid potency profile expressed as a range of percentages that extends from the lowest percentage to highest percentage of concentration for each cannabinoid listed from every test conducted on that strain of retail marihuana cultivated by the same marihuana producer within the last three months.

9. The packaging, sale, or possession by any licensee of any marihuana product not labeled or offered in conformity with rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with this section shall be grounds for the imposition of a fine, and/or the suspension, revocation or cancellation of the license.

S 178. Renewals of licenses and permits. 1. Each license and permit, issued pursuant to this chapter may be renewed upon application therefor by the licensee or permittee and the payment of the annual fee for such license or permit as prescribed by this chapter. In the case of applications for renewals, the liquor authority may dispense with the requirements of such statements as it deems unnecessary in view of those contained in the application made for the original license or permit, but in any event the submission of photographs of the licensed premises shall be dispensed with, provided the applicant for such renewal shall file a statement with such authority to the effect that there has been no alteration of such premises since the original license was issued. The liquor authority may make such rules as may be necessary not inconsistent with this chapter regarding applications for renewals of licenses and permits and the time for making the same.

2. The authority shall provide an application for renewal of a license issued under this article not less than sixty days prior to the expiration of the current license.

S 179. Information to be requested in applications for licenses or permits. 1. The following shall be the information required on an application for a license or permit:

(A) A statement of identity as follows:

(I) If the applicant is an individual, his or her name, date and place of birth, citizenship, permanent home address, telephone number and social security number, as well as any other names by which he or she has conducted a business at any time.

(II) If the applicant is a corporation, the corporate name of the applicant, its place of incorporation, its main business address (and if such main business address is not within the state, the address of its main place of business within the state), other names by which it has been known or has conducted business at any time, its telephone number, its federal employer identification number, and the names, ages, citizenship, and permanent home addresses of its directors, officers and its shareholders (except that if there be more than ten shareholders then those shareholders holding ten percent or more of any class of its shares).

(III) If the applicant is a partnership, its name, its main business address (and if such main business address is not within the state, the address of its main place of business within the state), other names by which it has been known or has conducted business at any time, its telephone number, its federal employer identification number, and the names, ages, citizenship, and permanent home addresses of each of its partners.

(B) A statement identifying the street and number of the premises to be licensed, if the premises has a street and number, and otherwise such
DESCRIPTION AS WILL REASONABLY INDICATE THE LOCALITY THEREOF; PHOTO-
GRAPHS, DRAWINGS OR OTHER ITEMS RELATED TO THE APPEARANCE OF THE INTERI-
OR OR EXTERIOR OF SUCH PREMISES, AND A FLOOR PLAN OF THE INTERIOR, SHALL
BE REQUIRED. THE APPLICANT SHALL ALSO STATE THE NATURE OF HIS OR HER
INTEREST IN THE PREMISES; AND THE NAME OF ANY OTHER PERSON INTERESTED AS
A PARTNER, JOINT VENTURER, INVESTOR OR LENDER WITH THE APPLICANT EITHER
IN THE PREMISES OR IN THE BUSINESS TO BE LICENSED.

(C) A DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER MARIHUANA LICENSE OR PERMIT UNDER THIS
CHAPTER, WITHIN THE PAST TEN YEARS, THE APPLICANT (INCLUDING ANY OFFI-
CERS, DIRECTORS, SHAREHOLDERS OR PARTNERS LISTED IN THE STATEMENT OF
IDENTITY UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION OR THE SPOUSE OF ANY
SUCH PERSON) OR THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE HELD OR APPLIED FOR.

(D) A STATEMENT THAT SUCH APPLICANT OR THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE HAS NOT
BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME ADDRESSED BY THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE
HUNDRED EIGHTY-SEVEN OF THIS ARTICLE WHICH WOULD FORBID THE APPLICANT
(INCLUDING ANY OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, SHAREHOLDERS OR PARTNERS LISTED IN
THE STATEMENT OF IDENTITY UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION OR THE
SPOUSE OF SUCH PERSON) OR THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUA-
NA, A STATEMENT WHETHER OR NOT THE APPLICANT (INCLUDING ANY OFFICERS,
DIRECTORS, SHAREHOLDERS OR PARTNERS LISTED IN THE STATEMENT OF IDENTITY
UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION OR THE SPOUSE OF ANY SUCH
PERSON) OR THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE IS AN OFFICIAL DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVI-
SION TWO OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, AND A
DESCRIPTION OF ANY CRIME THAT THE APPLICANT (INCLUDING ANY OFFICERS,
DIRECTORS, SHAREHOLDERS OR PARTNERS LISTED UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS
SUBDIVISION OR THE SPOUSE OF ANY SUCH PERSON) OR THE APPLICANT'S SPOUSE
HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF AND WHETHER SUCH PERSON HAS RECEIVED A PARDON,
CERTIFICATE OF GOOD CONDUCT OR CERTIFICATE OF RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES;
PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO PERSON SHALL BE DENIED ANY LICENSE SOLELY ON
THE GROUNDS THAT SUCH PERSON IS THE SPOUSE OF A PERSON OTHERWISE
DISQUALIFIED FROM HOLDING A LICENSE UNDER THIS CHAPTER.

(E) A STATEMENT THAT THE LOCATION AND LAYOUT OF THE PREMISES TO BE
LICENSED DOES NOT VIOLATE ANY REQUIREMENT OF THIS CHAPTER RELATING TO
LOCATION AND LAYOUT OF LICENSED PREMISES, WITH A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATE
OF OCCUPANCY FOR THE PREMISES.

(F) A STATEMENT THAT THE APPLICANT HAS CONTROL OF THE PREMISES TO BE
LICENSED BY OWNERSHIP OF A FEE INTEREST OR VIA A LEASEHOLD, MANAGEMENT
AGREEMENT, OR OTHER AGREEMENT GIVING THE APPLICANT CONTROL OVER THE
PREMISES, WITH A TERM AT LEAST AS LONG AS THE LICENSE FOR WHICH THE
APPLICATION IS BEING MADE, OR BY A BINDING CONTRACT TO ACQUIRE THE SAME
AND A STATEMENT OF IDENTITY UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR
THE LESSOR OF ANY LEASEHOLD, MANAGER OF ANY MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT, OR
OTHER AGREEMENT GIVING THE APPLICANT CONTROL OVER THE PREMISES, WITH A
COPY OF THE LEASE, CONTRACT, MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT, OR OTHER AGREEMENT
GIVING THE APPLICANT CONTROL OVER THE FOOD AND BEVERAGE AT THE PREMISES,
OR DEED EVIDENCING FEE OWNERSHIP OF THE PREMISES.

(G) A FINANCIAL STATEMENT ADEQUATE TO SHOW ALL PERSONS WHO, DIRECTLY
OR INDIRECTLY HAVE AN ECONOMIC INTEREST IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OR ACQUISI-
TION OF THE BUSINESS FOR WHICH THE LICENSE OR PERMIT APPLICATION IS
BEING MADE, TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCES OF FUNDS TO BE APPLIED IN SUCH
ESTABLISHMENT OR ACQUISITION, AND TO DESCRIBE THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS
GOVERNING SUCH ESTABLISHMENT WITH COPIES OF SUCH FINANCIAL DOCUMENTS AS
THE AUTHORITY MAY REASONABLY REQUIRE.

(H) THE FINGERPRINTS OF THE APPLICANTS. FINGERPRINTS SUBMITTED BY THE
APPLICANTS SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
SERVICES AND MAY BE SUBMITTED TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOR
STATE AND NATIONAL CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECKS.

2. ALL LICENSE OR PERMIT APPLICATIONS SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE APPLICANT
(IF AN INDIVIDUAL), BY AN OFFICER (IF A CORPORATION), OR BY ALL PARTNERS
(IF A PARTNERSHIP). EACH PERSON SIGNING SUCH APPLICATION SHALL VERIFY IT
OR AFFIRM IT AS TRUE UNDER THE PENALTIES OF PERJURY.

3. ALL LICENSE OR PERMIT APPLICATIONS SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY A CHECK,
DRAFT OR OTHER FORMS OF PAYMENT AS THE AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE OR AUTHOR-
IZE IN THE AMOUNT REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE FOR SUCH LICENSE OR PERMIT.

4. IF THERE BE ANY CHANGE, AFTER THE FILING OF THE APPLICATION OR THE
GRANTING OF A LICENSE, IN ANY OF THE FACTS REQUIRED TO BE SET FORTH IN
SUCH APPLICATION, A SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT GIVING NOTICE OF SUCH CHANGE,
COST AND SOURCE OF MONEY INVOLVED IN THE CHANGE, DULY VERIFIED, SHALL BE
FILED WITH THE AUTHORITY WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER SUCH CHANGE. FAILURE TO
DO SO SHALL, IF WILLFUL AND DELIBERATE, BE CAUSE FOR REVOCATION OF THE
LICENSE.

5. IN GIVING ANY NOTICE, OR TAKING ANY ACTION IN REFERENCE TO A LICEN-
SEE OF A LICENSED PREMISES, THE AUTHORITY MAY RELY UPON THE INFORMATION
FURNISHED IN SUCH APPLICATION AND IN ANY SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT
CONNECTED THEREWITH, AND SUCH INFORMATION MAY BE PRESUMED TO BE CORRECT,
AND SHALL BE BINDING UPON A LICENSEE OR LICENSED PREMISES AS IF CORRECT.
ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE FURNISHED IN SUCH APPLICATION OR SUPPLE-
MENTAL STATEMENTS SHALL BE DEEMED MATERIAL IN ANY PROSECUTION FOR PERJU-
RY, ANY PROCEEDING TO REVOKE, CANCEL OR SUSPEND ANY LICENSE, AND IN THE
AUTHORITY'S DETERMINATION TO APPROVE OR DENY THE LICENSE.

6. THE AUTHORITY MAY IN ITS DISCRETION WAIVE THE SUBMISSION OF ANY
CATEGORY OF INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION FOR ANY CATEGORY OF
LICENSE OR PERMIT, PROVIDED THAT IT SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO WAIVE THE
REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMISSION OF ANY SUCH CATEGORY OF INFORMATION SOLELY
FOR AN INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT OR APPLICANTS.

S 180. NOTIFICATION TO MUNICIPALITIES. 1. NOT LESS THAN THIRTY DAYS
BEFORE FILING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING APPLICATIONS, AN APPLICANT SHALL
NOTIFY THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE PREMISES IS LOCATED OF SUCH APPLI-
CANT'S INTENT TO FILE SUCH AN APPLICATION:

(A) FOR A MARIHUANA PRODUCER;
(B) FOR A MARIHUANA PROCESSOR LICENSE;
(C) FOR A MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE; AND/OR
(D) FOR A MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSE FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION.

2. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE TO THE CLERK OF THE VILLAGE, TOWN
OR CITY, AS THE CASE MAY BE, WHEREIN THE PREMISES IS LOCATED. FOR
PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:

(A) NOTIFICATION NEED ONLY BE GIVEN TO THE CLERK OF A VILLAGE WHEN THE
PREMISES IS LOCATED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE VILLAGE; AND
(B) IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, THE COMMUNITY BOARD ESTABLISHED PURSUANT
TO SECTION TWENTY-EIGHT HUNDRED OF THE NEW YORK CITY CHARTER WITH JURIS-
DICTION OVER THE AREA IN WHICH THE PREMISES IS LOCATED SHALL BE CONSID-
ERED THE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC BODY TO WHICH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE GIVEN.

3. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "SUBSTANTIAL CORPORATE CHANGE" SHALL
MEAN:

(A) FOR A CORPORATION, A CHANGE OF EIGHTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE OFFI-
CERS AND/OR DIRECTORS, OR A TRANSFER OF EIGHTY PERCENT OR MORE OF STOCK
OF SUCH CORPORATION, OR AN EXISTING STOCKHOLDER OBTAINING EIGHTY PERCENT
OR MORE OF THE STOCK OF SUCH CORPORATION; AND
(B) FOR A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A CHANGE OF EIGHTY PERCENT OR
MORE OF THE MANAGING MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY, OR A TRANSFER OF EIGHTY
PERCENT OR MORE OF OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN SAID COMPANY, OR AN EXISTING
MEMBER OBTAINING A CUMULATIVE OF EIGHTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN SAID COMPANY.

4. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE IN SUCH FORM AS SHALL BE PRESCRIBED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

5. A MUNICIPALITY MAY EXPRESS AN OPINION FOR OR AGAINST THE GRANTING OF SUCH APPLICATION. ANY SUCH OPINION SHALL BE DEEMED PART OF THE RECORD UPON WHICH THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY MAKES ITS DETERMINATION TO GRANT OR DENY THE APPLICATION.

6. SUCH NOTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE BY: CERTIFIED MAIL, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED; OVERNIGHT DELIVERY SERVICE WITH PROOF OF MAILING; OR PERSONAL SERVICE UPON THE OFFICES OF THE CLERK OR COMMUNITY BOARD.

7. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY SHALL REQUIRE SUCH NOTIFICATION TO BE ON A STANDARDIZED FORM THAT CAN BE OBTAINED ON THE INTERNET OR FROM THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY AND SUCH NOTIFICATION TO INCLUDE:

(A) THE TRADE NAME OR "DOING BUSINESS AS" NAME, IF ANY, OF THE ESTABLISHMENT;

(B) THE FULL NAME OF THE APPLICANT;

(C) THE STREET ADDRESS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT, INCLUDING THE FLOOR LOCATION OR ROOM NUMBER, IF APPLICABLE;

(D) THE MAILING ADDRESS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT, IF DIFFERENT THAN THE STREET ADDRESS;

(E) THE NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE ATTORNEY OR REPRESENTATIVE OF THE APPLICANT, IF ANY;

(F) A STATEMENT INDICATING WHETHER THE APPLICATION IS FOR:

(I) A NEW ESTABLISHMENT;

(II) A TRANSFER OF AN EXISTING LICENSED BUSINESS;

(III) A RENEWAL OF AN EXISTING LICENSE; OR

(IV) AN ALTERATION OF AN EXISTING LICENSED PREMISES;

(G) IF THE ESTABLISHMENT IS A TRANSFER OR PREVIOUSLY LICENSED PREMISES, THE NAME OF THE OLD ESTABLISHMENT AND SUCH ESTABLISHMENT'S LICENSE SERIAL NUMBER;

(H) IN THE CASE OF A RENEWAL OR ALTERATION APPLICATION, THE LICENSE SERIAL NUMBER OF THE APPLICANT; AND

(I) THE TYPE OF LICENSE.

S 181. LICENSES, PUBLICATION, GENERAL PROVISIONS. 1. THE VARIOUS TYPES OF LICENSES ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE DISTINCTIVE IN COLOR AND DESIGN SO AS TO BE READILY DISTINGUISHABLE FROM EACH OTHER.

2. NO LICENSE SHALL BE TRANSFERABLE OR ASSIGNABLE EXCEPT THAT NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE LICENSE OF A SOLE PROPRIETOR CONVERTING TO CORPORATE FORM, WHERE SUCH PROPRIETOR BECOMES THE SOLE STOCKHOLDER AND ONLY OFFICER AND DIRECTOR OF SUCH NEW CORPORATION, MAY BE TRANSFERRED TO THE SUBJECT CORPORATION IF ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS CHAPTER REMAIN THE SAME WITH RESPECT TO SUCH LICENSE AS TRANSFERRED AND, FURTHER, THE LICENSEE SHALL TRANSMIT TO THE AUTHORITY, WITHIN TEN DAYS OF THE TRANSFER OF LICENSE ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION, ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE AUTHORITY, NOTIFICATION OF THE TRANSFER OF SUCH LICENSE.

3. NO LICENSE SHALL BE PLEDGED OR DEPOSITED AS COLLATERAL SECURITY FOR ANY LOAN OR UPON ANY OTHER CONDITION; AND ANY SUCH PLEDGE OR DEPOSIT, AND ANY CONTRACT PROVIDING THEREFOR, SHALL BE VOID.

4. LICENSES ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE SHALL CONTAIN, IN ADDITION TO ANY FURTHER INFORMATION OR MATERIAL TO BE PRESCRIBED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: (A) NAME OF PERSON TO WHOM LICENSE IS ISSUED; (B) KIND OF LICENSE AND WHAT KIND OF TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA IS THEREBY PERMITTED; (C) DESCRIPTION BY STREET AND NUMBER, OR OTHERWISE, OF LICENSED PREMISES; AND (D) A STATEMENT IN SUBSTANCE THAT
1. SUCH LICENSE SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A PROPERTY OR VESTED RIGHT, AND THAT IT
2. MAY BE REVOKED AT ANY TIME PURSUANT TO LAW.
3. 5. THERE SHALL BE PRINTED AND FURNISHED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO
4. EACH LICENSEE A STATEMENT OF THE CAUSES FOR WHICH LICENSES MAY BE
5. REVOKED. SUCH STATEMENT SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY AND
6. DELIVERED TO THE LICENSEE WITH HIS OR HER LICENSE OR AS SOON THEREAFTER
7. AS MAY BE PRACTICABLE. ANY AMENDMENTS THERETO SHALL ALSO BE SENT BY THE
8. LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO ALL LICENSEEES AS SOON AS MAY BE PRACTICABLE AFTER
9. SUCH AMENDMENTS. FAILURE TO SEND SUCH STATEMENTS OR CHANGES THEREIN, OR
10. FAILURE TO RECEIVE THE SAME, OR ANY MISSTATEMENT OR ERROR CONTAINED IN
11. SUCH STATEMENTS OR AMENDMENTS SHALL, HOWEVER, NOT BE AN EXCUSE OR JUSTI-
12. FICATION FOR ANY VIOLATION OF LAW, OR PREVENT, OR REMIT, OR DECREASE ANY
13. PENALTY OR FORFEITURE THEREFOR.
14. 6. BEFORE COMMENCING OR DOING ANY BUSINESS FOR THE TIME FOR WHICH A
15. LICENSE HAS BEEN ISSUED SAID LICENSE SHALL BE ENCLOSED IN A SUITABLE
16. WOOD OR METAL FRAME HAVING A CLEAR GLASS SPACE AND A SUBSTANTIAL WOOD OR
17. METAL BACK SO THAT THE WHOLE OF SAID LICENSE MAY BE SEEN THEREIN, AND
18. SHALL BE POSTED UP AND AT ALL TIMES DISPLAYED IN A CONSPICUOUS PLACE IN
19. THE ROOM WHERE SUCH BUSINESS IS CARRIED ON, SO THAT ALL PERSONS VISITING
20. SUCH PLACE MAY READILY SEE THE SAME. IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON
21. HOLDING A LICENSE TO POST SUCH LICENSE OR TO PERMIT SUCH LICENSE TO BE
22. POSTED UPON PREMISES OTHER THAN THE PREMISES LICENSED, OR UPON PREMISES
23. WHERE TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA IS BEING CARRIED ON BY ANY PERSON OTHER THAN
24. THE LICENSEE, OR KNOWINGLY TO DEFACE, DESTROY OR ALTER ANY SUCH LICENSE
25. IN ANY RESPECT. WHENEVER A LICENSE SHALL BE LOST OR DESTROYED WITHOUT
26. FAULT ON THE PART OF THE LICENSEE OR HIS OR HER AGENTS OR EMPLOYEES, A
27. DUPLICATE LICENSE IN LIEU THEREOF MAY BE ISSUED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY
28. IN ITS DISCRETION AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS AND
29. THE PAYMENT OF SUCH FEES, NOT EXCEEDING FIVE DOLLARS, AS IT MAY
30. PRESCRIBE.
31. S 182. REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR CAUSE. 1. ANY LICENSE OR PERMIT
32. ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE MAY BE REVOKED, CANCELLED, SUSPENDED
33. AND/OR SUBJECT TO THE IMPOSITION OF A CIVIL PENALTY FOR CAUSE, AND
34. MUST BE REVOKED FOR THE FOLLOWING CAUSES:
35. (A) CONVICTION OF THE LICENSEE, PERMITTEE OR HIS OR HER AGENT OR
36. EMPLOYEE FOR SELLING ANY ILLEGAL MARIHUANA ON THE PREMISES LICENSED.
37. (B) FOR TRANSFERRING, ASSIGNING OR HYPOTHECATING A LICENSE OR PERMIT.
38. 2. NOTWITHSTANDING THE ISSUANCE OF A LICENSE OR PERMIT BY WAY OF
39. RENEWAL, THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY MAY REVOKE, CANCEL OR SUSPEND SUCH LICENSE
40. OR PERMIT AND/OR MAY IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY AGAINST ANY HOLDER OF SUCH
41. LICENSE OR PERMIT, AS PRESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION AND SECTION ONE HUNDRED
42. NINETEEN OF THIS CHAPTER, FOR CAUSES OR VIOLATIONS OCCURRING DURING THE
43. LICENSE PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE ISSUANCE OF SUCH LICENSE OR
44. PERMIT, AND MAY RECOVER, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED TWELVE OF
45. THIS CHAPTER, THE PENAL SUM OF THE BOND ON FILE DURING SAID PERIOD.
46. 3. AS USED IN THIS SECTION, THE TERM "FOR CAUSE" SHALL ALSO INCLUDE
47. THE EXISTENCE OF A SUSTAINED AND CONTINUING PATTERN OF NOISE, DISTURB-
48. ANCE, MISCONDUCT, OR DISORDER ON OR ABOUT THE LICENSED PREMISES, RELATED
49. TO THE OPERATION OF THE PREMISES OR THE CONDUCT OF ITS PATRONS, WHICH
50. ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE HEALTH, WELFARE OR SAFETY OF THE INHABITANTS OF
51. THE AREA IN WHICH SUCH LICENSED PREMISES ARE LOCATED.
52. 4. THE EXISTENCE OF A SUSTAINED AND CONTINUING PATTERN OF NOISE,
53. DISTURBANCE, MISCONDUCT, OR DISORDER ON OR ABOUT THE LICENSED PREMISES,
54. RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF THE PREMISES OR THE CONDUCT OF ITS PATRONS,
55. WILL BE PRESUMED UPON THE SIXTH INCIDENT REPORTED TO THE AUTHORITY BY A
56. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OF NOISE OR DISTURBANCE OR MISCONDUCT OR DISORDER
ON OR ABOUT THE LICENSED PREMISES OR RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF THE
PREMISES OR THE CONDUCT OF ITS PATRONS, IN ANY SIXTY DAY PERIOD, ABSENT
CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF EITHER FRAUDULENT INTENT ON THE PART OF
ANY COMPLAINANT OR A FACTUAL ERROR WITH RESPECT TO THE CONTENT OF ANY
REPORT CONCERNING SUCH COMPLAINT RELIED UPON BY THE AUTHORITY.

S 183. PROCEDURE FOR REVOCATION OR CANCELLATION. 1. ANY LICENSE OR
PERMIT ISSUED BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE MAY BE
REVOKED, CANCELLED OR SUSPENDED AND/OR BE SUBJECT TO THE IMPOSITION OF
A MONETARY PENALTY IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION.

2. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY MAY ON ITS OWN INITIATIVE OR ON COMPLAINT OF
ANY PERSON INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS TO REVOKE, CANCEL OR SUSPEND ANY RETAIL
LICENSE AND MAY IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY AGAINST THE LICENSEE AFTER A
HEARING AT WHICH THE LICENSEE SHALL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD.
SUCH HEARING SHALL BE HELD IN SUCH MANNER AND UPON SUCH NOTICE AS MAY BE
PRESCRIBED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

3. ALL OTHER LICENSES OR PERMITS ISSUED UNDER THIS CHAPTER MAY BE
REVOKED, CANCELLED, SUSPENDED AND/OR MADE SUBJECT TO THE IMPOSITION OF A
CIVIL PENALTY BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY AFTER A HEARING TO BE HELD IN THE
MANNER TO BE DETERMINED BY THE RULES OF THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.

4. (A) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL APPLY IN ALL CASES OF
LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE FAILURE AFTER RECEIVING APPROPRIATE NOTICE, TO
COMPLY WITH A SUMMONS, SUBPOENA OR WARRANT RELATING TO A PATERNITY OR
CHILD SUPPORT PROCEEDING AND ARREARS IN PAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT OR
COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT REFERRED TO THE AUTHORITY BY A COURT
PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR-C OF THE
DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW OR PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY-EIGHT-B
OR FIVE HUNDRED FORTY-EIGHT-B OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT.

(B) UPON RECEIPT OF AN ORDER FROM THE COURT BASED ON ARREARS IN
PAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT PURSUANT
TO ONE OF THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS OF LAW, THE AUTHORITY, IF IT FINDS
SUCH PERSON TO HAVE BEEN ISSUED A LICENSE OR PERMIT, SHALL WITHIN THIRTY
DAYS OF RECEIPT OF SUCH ORDER FROM THE COURT, PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE
LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE OF, AND INITIATE, A HEARING WHICH SHALL BE HELD AT
LEAST TWENTY DAYS AND NO MORE THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SENDING OF SUCH
NOTICE TO THE LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE. THE HEARING SHALL BE SOLELY HELD
FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING WHETHER THERE EXISTS AS OF THE DATE OF
THE HEARING PROOF THAT FULL PAYMENT OF ALL ARREARS OF SUPPORT ESTAB-
LISHED BY THE ORDER OF THE COURT TO BE DUE FROM THE LICENSEE OR PERMIT-
TEE HAVE BEEN PAID. PROOF OF SUCH PAYMENT SHALL BE A CERTIFIED CHECK
SHOWING FULL PAYMENT OF ESTABLISHED ARREARS OR A NOTICE ISSUED BY THE
COURT OR THE SUPPORT COLLECTION UNIT, WHERE THE ORDER IS PAYABLE TO THE
SUPPORT COLLECTION UNIT DESIGNATED BY THE APPROPRIATE SOCIAL SERVICES
DISTRICT. SUCH NOTICE SHALL STATE THAT FULL PAYMENT OF ALL ARREARS HAVE BEEN PAID.
THE LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE SHALL BE GIVEN FULL OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT
SUCH PROOF OF PAYMENT AT THE HEARING IN PERSON OR BY COUNSEL. THE ONLY
ISSUE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE AUTHORITY AS A RESULT OF THE HEARING IS
WHETHER THE ARREARS HAVE BEEN PAID. NO EVIDENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE
APPROPRIATENESS OF THE COURT ORDER OR ABILITY OF THE RESPONDENT PARTY IN
ARREARS TO COMPLY WITH SUCH ORDER SHALL BE RECEIVED OR CONSIDERED BY THE
AUTHORITY.

(C) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY INCONSISTENT PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE OR OF
ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, SUCH LICENSE OR PERMIT SHALL
BE SUSPENDED IF AT THE HEARING, PROVIDED FOR BY PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS
SUBDIVISION, THE LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE FAILS TO PRESENT PROOF OF PAYMENT
AS REQUIRED BY SUCH SUBDIVISION. SUCH SUSPENSION SHALL NOT BE LIFTED
UNLESS THE COURT OR THE SUPPORT COLLECTION UNIT, WHERE THE COURT ORDER IS PAYABLE TO THE SUPPORT COLLECTION UNIT DESIGNATED BY THE APPROPRIATE SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT, ISSUES NOTICE TO THE AUTHORITY THAT FULL PAYMENT OF ALL ARREARS OF SUPPORT ESTABLISHED BY THE ORDER OF THE COURT TO BE DUE HAVE BEEN PAID.

(D) UPON RECEIPT OF AN ORDER FROM THE COURT BASED ON FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH A SUMMONS, SUBPOENA, OR WARRANT RELATING TO A PATERNITY OR CHILD SUPPORT PROCEEDING, THE AUTHORITY, IF IT FINDS SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN ISSUED A LICENSE OR PERMIT, SHALL WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF RECEIPT OF SUCH ORDER FROM THE COURT, PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE THAT HIS OR HER LICENSE SHALL BE SUSPENDED IN SIXTY DAYS UNLESS THE CONDITIONS IN PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION ARE MET.

(E) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY INCONSISTENT PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE OR OF ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, SUCH LICENSE OR PERMIT SHALL BE SUSPENDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION UNLESS THE COURT Terminates ITS ORDER TO COMMENCE SUSPENSION PROCEEDINGS. SUCH SUSPENSION SHALL NOT BE LIFTED UNLESS THE COURT ISSUES AN ORDER TO THE AUTHORITY TERMINATING ITS ORDER TO COMMENCE SUSPENSION PROCEEDINGS.

(F) THE AUTHORITY SHALL INFORM THE COURT OF ALL ACTIONS TAKEN HEREUNDER AS REQUIRED BY LAW.

(G) THIS SUBDIVISION APPLIES TO SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS PAID PURSUANT TO ANY ORDER OF CHILD SUPPORT OR CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT ISSUED UNDER PROVISIONS OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED THIRTY-SIX OR TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW, OR ARTICLE FOUR, FIVE OR FIVE-A OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT.

(H) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY INCONSISTENT PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE OR OF ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL APPLY TO THE EXCLUSION OF ANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE AND TO THE EXCLUSION OF ANY OTHER REQUIREMENT OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY.

5. WHERE A LICENSEE IS CONVICTED OF TWO OR MORE QUALIFYING OFFENSES WITHIN A FIVE YEAR PERIOD, THE AUTHORITY, UPON RECEIPT OF NOTIFICATION OF SUCH SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIX-A OF THIS CHAPTER, SHALL, IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER SANCTION OR CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PENALTY IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER, IMPOSE ON SUCH LICENSEE A CIVIL PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A QUALIFYING OFFENSE SHALL MEAN: (A) THE OFFENSE DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION SIXTY-FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER; OR (B) THE OFFENSE DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION SIXTY-FIVE-B OF THIS CHAPTER.

FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A CONVICTION OF A LICENSEE OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF SUCH LICENSEE SHALL CONSTITUTE A CONVICTION OF SUCH LICENSEE.

S 184. DECISIONS OF LIQUOR AUTHORITY AND REVIEW BY THE COURTS. PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS ONE HUNDRED TWENTY, ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-ONE AND ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL APPLY TO MARIHUANA LICENSES ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

S 185. MINORITY AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISES. THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY SHALL:

1. ACTIVELY PROMOTE RACIAL, ETHNIC, AND GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY WHEN LICENSING MARIHUANA GROWERS, PROCESSORS, AND RETAILERS;
2. ENCOURAGE APPLICANTS WHO QUALIFY AS A MINORITY AND/OR WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION THREE HUNDRED TEN OF THE EXECUTIVE LAW, TO APPLY FOR LICENSES; AND
3. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OFFICIAL COMPILATION OF CODES, RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK TITLE 5, DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, CHAPTER XIV, DIVISION OF MINORITY AND WOMEN'S BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT, PART 141, SUBMIT AN ANNUAL MASTER GOAL PLAN TO PROMOTE THE INCLUSION OF: (A) MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES; (B) WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES; AND (C) MINORITY- AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES WITH JUSTIFICATIONS FOR SUCH GOALS.

S 186. DISPOSITION OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR LICENSE FEES. THE MONEYS RECEIVED FOR LICENSE FEES FOR MARIHUANA PRODUCER LICENSES, MARIHUANA PROCESSOR LICENSES, AND MARIHUANA RETAILER LICENSES PROVIDED FOR IN THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE TURNED OVER BY THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO THE STATE COMPTROLLER. IT SHALL BE PLACED BY THE STATE COMPTROLLER IN THE FUND DERIVED FROM THE PROCEEDS OF THE TAXES ON MARIHUANA PROVIDED FOR IN ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-A OF THE TAX LAW AND BECOME A PART THEREOF AND BE SUBJECT TO ALL OF THE PROVISIONS OF LAW RELATING TO SUCH FUND.

S 187. PERSONS FORBIDDEN TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA. THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE FORBIDDEN TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA:

1. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION ONE-A OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A CLASS B VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE, A CLASS C VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE, A CLASS D VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE, OR A CLASS E VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE AS DEFINED BY SECTION 70.02 OF THE PENAL LAW, UNLESS SUBSEQUENT TO SUCH CONVICTION SUCH PERSON SHALL HAVE RECEIVED AN EXECUTIVE PARDON THEREFOR REMOVING THIS DISABILITY, A CERTIFICATE OF GOOD CONDUCT GRANTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION, OR A CERTIFICATE OF RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES GRANTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OR A COURT OF THIS STATE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE OF THE CORRECTION LAW TO REMOVE THE DISABILITY UNDER THIS SECTION BECAUSE OF SUCH CONVICTION.

1-A. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISION OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, A CORPORATION HOLDING A LICENSE TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA SHALL NOT, UPON CONVICTION OF A FELONY OR ANY OF THE MISDEMEANORS OR OFFENSES DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, BE AUTOMATICALLY FORBIDDEN TO TRAFFIC IN MARIHUANA, BUT THE APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE BY SUCH A CORPORATION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO DENIAL, AND THE LICENSE OF SUCH A CORPORATION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION BY THE AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER, CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE-A OF THE CORRECTION LAW. FOR ANY FELONY CONVICTION BY A COURT OTHER THAN A COURT OF THIS STATE, THE AUTHORITY MAY REQUEST THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION TO INVESTIGATE AND REVIEW THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES CONCERNING SUCH A CONVICTION, AND SUCH DEPARTMENT SHALL, IF SO REQUESTED, SUBMIT ITS FINDINGS TO THE AUTHORITY AS TO WHETHER THE CORPORATION HAS CONDUCTED ITSELF IN A MANNER SUCH THAT DISCRETIONARY REVIEW BY THE AUTHORITY WOULD NOT BE INCONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC INTEREST. THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION MAY CHARGE THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT A FEE EQUIVALENT TO THE EXPENSES OF AN APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION. FOR ANY CONVICTION RENDERED BY A COURT OF THIS STATE, THE AUTHORITY MAY REQUEST THE CORPORATION, IF THE CORPORATION IS ELIGIBLE FOR A CERTIFICATE OF RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES, TO SEEK SUCH A CERTIFICATE FROM THE COURT WHICH RENDERED THE CONVICTION AND TO SUBMIT SUCH A CERTIFICATE AS PART OF THE AUTHORITY'S DISCRETIONARY REVIEW PROCESS.

2. A PERSON UNDER THE AGE OF TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

3. A PERSON WHO IS NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES OR AN ALIEN LAWFULLY ADMITTED FOR PERMANENT RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES.
4. A CO-PARTNERSHIP OR A CORPORATION, UNLESS EACH MEMBER OF THE PART-
NERSHIP, OR EACH OF THE PRINCIPAL OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OF THE CORPO-
RATION, IS A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES OR AN ALIEN LAWFULLY ADMITTED
FOR PERMANENT RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES, NOT LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE
YEARS OF AGE, AND HAS NOT BEEN CONVICTED OF ANY FELONY OR ANY OF THE
MISDEMEANORS, SPECIFIED IN SECTION 230.20 OR 230.40 OF THE PENAL LAW, OR
IF SO CONVICTED HAS RECEIVED, SUBSEQUENT TO SUCH CONVICTION, AN EXECU-
TIVE PARDON THEREFOR REMOVING THIS DISABILITY A CERTIFICATE OF GOOD
CONDUCT GRANTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPER-
VISION, OR A CERTIFICATE OF RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES GRANTED BY THE
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND COMMUNITY SUPERVISION OR A COURT OF THIS
STATE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE OF THE
CORRECTION LAW TO REMOVE THE DISABILITY UNDER THIS SECTION BECAUSE OF
SUCH CONVICTION; PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT A CORPORATION WHICH OTHERWISE
CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION AND CHAPTER MAY BE LICENSED
IF EACH OF ITS PRINCIPAL OFFICERS AND MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ITS DIREC-
TORS ARE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OR ALIENS LAWFULLY ADMITTED FOR
PERMANENT RESIDENCE IN THE UNITED STATES; AND PROVIDED FURTHER THAT A
CORPORATION ORGANIZED UNDER THE NOT-FOR-PROFIT CORPORATION LAW OR THE
EDUCATION LAW WHICH OTHERWISE CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
SECTION AND CHAPTER MAY BE LICENSED IF EACH OF ITS PRINCIPAL OFFICERS
AND MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ITS DIRECTORS ARE NOT LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE
YEARS OF AGE AND NONE OF ITS DIRECTORS ARE LESS THAN EIGHTEEN YEARS OF
AGE; AND PROVIDED FURTHER THAT A CORPORATION ORGANIZED UNDER THE
NOT-FOR-PROFIT CORPORATION LAW OR THE EDUCATION LAW AND LOCATED ON THE
PREMISES OF A COLLEGE AS DEFINED BY SECTION TWO OF THE EDUCATION LAW
WHICH OTHERWISE CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION AND CHAPTER
MAY BE LICENSED IF EACH OF ITS PRINCIPAL OFFICERS AND EACH OF ITS DIREC-
TORS ARE NOT LESS THAN EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

5. (A) A PERSON WHO SHALL HAVE HAD ANY LICENSE ISSUED UNDER THIS CHAP-
TER REVOKED FOR CAUSE, UNTIL THE EXPIRATION OF TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE
OF SUCH REVOCATION.

(B) A PERSON NOT LICENSED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER, WHO
HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF THIS CHAPTER, UNTIL THE EXPIRATION
OF TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH CONVICTION.

6. A CORPORATION OR CO-PARTNERSHIP, IF ANY OFFICER AND DIRECTOR OR ANY
PARTNER, WHILE NOT LICENSED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER, HAS
BEEN CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF THIS CHAPTER, OR HAS HAD A LICENSE
ISSUED UNDER THIS CHAPTER REVOKED FOR CAUSE, UNTIL THE EXPIRATION OF TWO
YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH CONVICTION OR REVOCATION.

S 188. SURRENDER OF LICENSE; NOTICE TO POLICE OFFICIALS. WITHIN THREE
DAYS AFTER A LICENSE SHALL HAVE BEEN REVOKED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER,
NOTICE THEREOF SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE LICENSEE BY MAILING SUCH NOTICE
ADDRESSED TO HIM AT THE PREMISES LICENSED. NOTICE SHALL ALSO BE MAILED
to THE OWNER OF THE PREMISES LICENSED. THE HOLDER OF SUCH LICENSE SHALL
THEREUPON SURRENDER SAME TO THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY. THE MAILING THEREOF BY
THE LICENSEE TO THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY BY REGISTERED MAIL OR INSURED
PARCEL POST SHALL BE DEEMED SUFFICIENT COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION. THE
LIQUOR AUTHORITY, IMMEDIATELY UPON GIVING NOTICE OF REVOCATION, SHALL
SERVE A WRITTEN NOTICE THEREOF UPON THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, CHIEF OF
POLICE OR CHIEF POLICE OFFICER OF THE CITY, OR VILLAGE IN WHICH THE
PREMISES FOR WHICH THE REVOKED LICENSE WAS ISSUED IS SITUATED, OR UPON
THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY OR A CONSTABLE OF THE TOWN IN CASE THE LICENSE
WAS ISSUED FOR PREMISES SITUATED IN A TOWN AND NOT WITHIN ANY CITY OR
VILLAGE. SUCH NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE A STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF SUCH
LICENSE, THE NAME AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE OF THE HOLDER THEREOF, THE
LOCATION OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, AND THE DATE WHEN SUCH LICENSE WAS
REVOKED. IN CASE SUCH LICENSE BE NOT FORTHWITH SURRENDERED, THE LIQUOR
AUTHORITY SHALL ISSUE A WRITTEN DEMAND FOR THE SURRENDER OF SUCH LICENSE
AND DELIVER SAID DEMAND TO THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE
LICENSED PREMISES ARE LOCATED, OR TO ANY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE LIQUOR
AUTHORITY, AND SAID SHERIFF OR REPRESENTATIVE SHALL IMMEDIATELY TAKE
POSSESSION OF SUCH LICENSE AND RETURN THE SAME TO THE LIQUOR AUTHORITY.
S 189. AUTHORITY TO PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS. THE LIQUOR
AUTHORITY SHALL PROMULGATE AND IMPLEMENT ALL RULES AND REGULATIONS AS IT
DEEMS NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSE AND INTENT OF THIS ARTICLE.
S 190. PROTECTIONS FOR THE USE OF MARIHUANA. INDIVIDUALS AND LICENSED
ENTITIES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ARREST, PROSECUTION, OR PENALTY IN ANY
MANNER, OR DENIED ANY RIGHT OR PRIVILEGE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
CIVIL LIABILITY OR DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY A BUSINESS OR OCCUPATIONAL OR
PROFESSIONAL LICENSING BOARD OR BUREAU, SOLELY FOR CONDUCT PERMITTED
UNDER THIS CHAPTER. FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBT, THE APPELLATE DIVISION
OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, AND ANY DISCIPLINARY OR
CHARACTER AND FITNESS COMMITTEES ESTABLISHED BY THEM ARE OCCUPATIONAL
AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSING BOARDS WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS SECTION.
STATE OR LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES SHALL NOT COOPERATE WITH OR
PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY AGENCY
THEREOF IN ENFORCING THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ACT, 21, U.S.C. S8012 ET
SEQ., SOLELY FOR ACTIONS CONSISTENT WITH THIS CHAPTER, EXCEPT AS PURSU-
ANT TO A VALID COURT ORDER.
S 191. CIVIL PROTECTIONS FOR THE USE OF MARIHUANA. THE PRESENCE,
DETECTED OR ESTABLISHED BY ANY MEANS OF CANNABINOIDS, CANNABINOID META-
BOLITES OR OTHER CHEMICALS FOUND IN MARIHUANA IN THE BODY, FLUIDS,
TISSUES OR OTHER BODY PARTS OF A PERSON ENGAGED IN CONDUCT PERMITTED
UNDER THIS CHAPTER BY:
1. A STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, OR TENANT, SHALL NOT FORM THE BASIS FOR
REFUSAL TO ENROLL OR EMPLOY OR LEASE TO OR OTHERWISE PENALIZE THAT
PERSON, UNLESS FAILING TO DO SO WOULD PUT THE SCHOOL, EMPLOYER, OR LAND-
LORD IN VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW OR CAUSE IT TO LOSE A FEDERAL CONTRACT
OR FUNDING;
2. A PATIENT, SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE THE USE OF AN ILLICIT SUBSTANCE
RESULTING IN DENIAL OF MEDICAL CARE, INCLUDING ORGAN TRANSPLANT, AND A
PATIENT'S USE OF MARIHUANA MAY ONLY BE CONSIDERED WITH RESPECT TO
EVIDENCE-BASED CLINICAL CRITERIA; AND
3. A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN OF A CHILD OR NEWBORN INFANT, OR A PREG-
NANT WOMAN, SHALL NOT FORM THE SOLE OR PRIMARY BASIS FOR ANY ACTION OR
PROCEEDING BY A CHILD WELFARE AGENCY UNDER TITLE ONE OF ARTICLE SIX OF
THE SOCIAL SERVICES LAW, OR A FAMILY COURT UNDER ARTICLE TEN OF THE
FAMILY COURT ACT.
S 192. PROFESSIONAL AND MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING. ANY PROFESSIONAL
PROVIDING SERVICES IN CONNECTION WITH A LICENSED OR POTENTIALLY LICENSED
BUSINESS UNDER THIS CHAPTER, OR IN CONNECTION WITH OTHER CONDUCT PERMIT-
TED UNDER THIS CHAPTER, AND ANY MEDICAL PROFESSIONAL PROVIDING MEDICAL
CARE TO A PATIENT, MAY AGREE WITH THEIR CLIENT OR PATIENT TO MAINTAIN NO
RECORD, OR ANY REDUCED LEVEL OF RECORD KEEPING THAT PROFESSIONAL AND
CLIENT OR PATIENT MAY AGREE. IN CASE OF SUCH AGREEMENT, THE PROFES-
SIONAL'S ONLY OBLIGATION SHALL BE TO KEEP SUCH RECORDS AS AGREED, AND TO
KEEP A RECORD OF THE AGREEMENT. SUCH REDUCED RECORD KEEPING IS CONDUCT
PERMITTED UNDER THIS CHAPTER, AND SHALL ATTRACT THE PROTECTIONS OF
SECTION ONE HUNDRED NINETY OF THIS ARTICLE.
S 34. The tax law is amended by adding a new article 18-A to read as
follows:
ARTICLE 18-A
PROVISIONS RELATING TO MARIHUANA

SECTION 446. DEFINITIONS.

1. "CONCENTRATED CANNABIS" MEANS (A) THE SEPARATED RESIN, WHETHER CRUDE OR PURIFIED, OBTAINED FROM A PLANT OF THE GENUS CANNABIS; OR (B) A MATERIAL, PREPARATION, MIXTURE, COMPOUND OR OTHER SUBSTANCE WHICH CONTAINS MORE THAN THREE PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF DELTA-9 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL, OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA-8 DIBENZOPYRAN NUMBERING SYSTEM, OR DELTA-1 TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL OR ITS ISOMER, DELTA 1 (6) MONOTERPENE NUMBERING SYSTEM.


3. "MARIHUANA CONSUMER" MEANS A PERSON TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER WHO PURCHASED MARIHUANA OR MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR PERSONAL USE BY PERSONS TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, BUT NOT FOR RESALE TO OTHERS.

4. "MARIHUANA PROCESSOR" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE STATE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS FROM MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, TO PROCESS MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS, PACKAGE AND LABEL MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS FOR SALE IN RETAIL OUTLETS, AND SELL MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS AT WHOLESALE TO MARIHUANA RETAILERS.

5. "MARIHUANA PRODUCER" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE STATE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO PRODUCE, PROCESS, AND SELL MARIHUANA AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AT WHOLESALE TO MARIHUANA PROCESSORS, MARIHUANA RETAILERS, OR OTHER MARIHUANA PRODUCERS, BUT NOT TO CONSUMERS.

6. "MARIHUANA PRODUCTS" MEANS MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS.

7. "MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS" MEANS PRODUCTS THAT CONTAIN MARIHUANA, MARIHUANA EXTRACTS, OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS AND ARE INTENDED FOR HUMAN USE OR CONSUMPTION, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EDIBLE PRODUCTS, OINTMENTS, AND TINCTURES.

8. "IMMATURE MARIHUANA PLANT" MEANS A MARIHUANA PLANT WITH NO OBSERVA-

9. "MARIHUANA RETAILER" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE STATE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS FROM MARIHUANA PRODUCERS AND MARIHUANA
PROCESSORS AND SELL MARIHUANA, MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS, AND CONCENTRATED CANNABIS IN A RETAIL OUTLET.

10. "MARIHUANA RETAILER FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION" MEANS A PERSON LICENSED BY THE STATE LIQUOR AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE MARIHUANA, CONCENTRATED CANNABIS, AND MARIHUANA INFUSED PRODUCTS FROM MARIHUANA PROCESSORS, MARIHUANA RETAILERS AND MARIHUANA PROCESSORS AND SELL MARIHUANA PRODUCTS FOR A CUSTOMER TO CONSUME WHILE THE CUSTOMER IS WITHIN THE FACILITY.

S 447. TAXES IMPOSED. 1. (A) AN EXCISE TAX IS HEREBY LEVIED UPON MARIHUANA SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED FROM A MARIHUANA PROCESSOR TO A RETAIL MARIHUANA STORE AT A RATE OF:

(1) FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE PRICE AT TRANSFER; AND
(2) (A) THIRTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER OUNCE ON ALL MARIHUANA FLOWERS;
(B) TEN DOLLARS PER OUNCE ON MARIHUANA LEAVES; AND
(C) FIVE DOLLARS PER IMMATURE MARIHUANA PLANT.

(B) TAXES ON CONCENTRATED CANNABIS SHALL BE CALCULATED BASED ON THE WEIGHT OF THE PRODUCT USED TO CREATE THE CONCENTRATE. IN THE EVENT THAT A PERSON HOLDS BOTH A MARIHUANA PRODUCER LICENSE AND A MARIHUANA PROCESSORS LICENSE, THE EXCISE TAX SHALL BE LEVIED AT THE TIME OF SALE TO A MARIHUANA RETAILER OR MARIHUANA RETAILER FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION AT THE SAME RATE BASED ON CONTENT OF MARIHUANA OR CONCENTRATED CANNABIS CONTAINED IN THE PRODUCT SOLD.

2. FOR REPORTING PERIODS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, THE RATES OF TAX UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE ADJUSTED FOR EACH BIENNIIUM ACCORDING TO THE COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL RE-COMPUTE THE RATES FOR EACH BIENNIIUM BY ADDING TO EACH RATE IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION THE PRODUCT OBTAINED BY MULTIPLYING THE RATE BY A FACTOR THAT IS EQUAL TO 0.25 MULTIPLIED BY THE PERCENTAGE (IF ANY) BY WHICH THE MONTHLY AVERAGED U.S. CITY AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR THE TWELVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST THIRTY-FIRST OF THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR EXCEEDS THE MONTHLY AVERAGED U.S. CITY AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR THE TWELVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS ENDING AUGUST THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN.

3. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REGULARLY REVIEW THE RATES OF THE TAX UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE LEGISLATURE REGARDING APPROPRIATE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE RATES THAT WILL FURTHER THE PURPOSES OF:

(A) MAXIMIZING NET REVENUE;
(B) MINIMIZING THE ILLEGAL MARIHUANA INDUSTRY; AND
(C) DISCOURAGING THE USE OF MARIHUANA BY MINORS UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE.

S 448. SURETY BOND. MARIHUANA RETAILER APPLICANTS ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A SURETY BOND WITH THE DEPARTMENT EQUAL TO TWO MONTHS OF THE CULTIVATION FACILITY'S ANTICIPATED RETAIL MARIHUANA EXCISE TAX. THE SURETY BOND MUST BE ISSUED BY A COMPANY AUTHORIZED TO DO BUSINESS IN THE STATE. PROOF OF SURETY BOND IS REQUIRED FOR APPROVAL OF APPLICANT'S RETAIL LICENSE.

S 449. COLLECTION OF TAX. THIS TAX SHALL BE COLLECTED BY THE COMMISSIONER WHO SHALL ESTABLISH A PROCEDURE FOR THE COLLECTION OF THIS TAX.

S 450. FUND. PROCEEDS FROM THE TAX SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE STATE COMPTROLLER FOR PLACEMENT IN A FUND THAT SHALL BE KNOWN AS A MARIHUANA REVENUE FUND. FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE REVENUE COLLECTED IN THE MARIHUANA REVENUE FUND SHALL BE DIVIDED EQUALLY BETWEEN (A) THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES FOR RE-ENTRY SUPPORT SERVICES FOR INDIVIDUALS RELEASED FROM PRISON AFTER SERVING TIME FOR DRUG RELATED OFFENSES; (B)
THE OFFICE OF ALCOHOLISM AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES FOR DRUG ABUSE
PREVENTION AND TREATMENT PROGRAMS; AND (C) THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR
APPRENTICESHIP AND JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS TARGETING, WITH PREFERENCE
GIVEN TO PROGRAMS TARGETING CENSUS TRACTS WITH A POVERTY RATE OF AT
LEAST TWENTY PERCENT OR AN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE OF AT LEAST ONE AND ONE
QUARTER TIMES THE NEW YORK STATE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE. THE REMAINDER OF THE
REVENUE COLLECTED FROM THIS TAX SHALL GO INTO THE GENERAL FUND. FOR THE
FIRST FIVE YEARS OF THE FUND, TEN PERCENT OF THE ANNUAL PROCEEDS
COLLECTED IN THE MARIHUANA REVENUE FUND SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE STATE
LIQUOR AUTHORITY FOR PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION COSTS.

S 450-A. LOCAL TAXES ON MARIHUANA BY A CITY OR TOWN. ANY CITY OR TOWN
IN THIS STATE, ACTING THROUGH ITS LOCAL LEGISLATIVE BODY, IS HEREBY
AUTHORIZED AND EMPOWERED TO ADOPT AND AMEND LOCAL LAWS IMPOSING IN ANY
SUCH CITY OR TOWN A SALES TAX ON MARIHUANA RETAILERS AT A RATE OF FIVE
PERCENT OF THE SALE PRICE OF MARIHUANA PRODUCTS SOLD TO A MARIHUANA
CONSUMER. ANY TAXES IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THIS SECTION
SHALL BE ADMINISTERED AND COLLECTED BY THE TAX COMMISSION IN THE SAME
MANNER AS THE TAXES IMPOSED UNDER SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FORTY-NINE OF
THIS ARTICLE. THE COMMISSIONER IS HEREBY EMPOWERED TO MAKE SUCH
PROVISIONS AS IT DEEMS NECESSARY FOR THE JOINT ADMINISTRATION AND
COLLECTION OF THE STATE AND LOCAL TAXES IMPOSED AND AUTHORIZED BY THIS
ARTICLE.

S 450-B. ORDINARY AND NECESSARY EXPENSES DEDUCTIBLE FROM NET INCOME.
NOTWITHSTANDING ANY FEDERAL TAX LAW TO THE CONTRARY, IN COMPUTING NET
INCOME FOR BUSINESSES EXEMPTED FROM CRIMINAL PENALTIES UNDER ARTICLES
TWO HUNDRED TWENTY AND TWO HUNDRED TWENTY-ONE OF THE PENAL LAW AND ARTI-
CLE ELEVEN OF THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL LAW, THERE SHALL BE ALLOWED
AS A DEDUCTION FROM STATE TAXES ALL THE ORDINARY AND NECESSARY EXPENSES
PAID OR INCURRED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN CARRYING ON ANY TRADE OR
BUSINESS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, REASONABLE ALLOWANCE FOR SALA-
RIES OR OTHER COMPENSATION FOR PERSONAL SERVICES ACTUALLY RENDERED.

S 35. Paragraphs (i), (j) and (k) of subdivision 3 of section 160.50
of the criminal procedure law, paragraphs (i) and (j) as added by chap-
ter 905 of the laws of 1977 and paragraph (k) as added by chapter 835 of
the laws of 1977 and as relettered by chapter 192 of the laws of 1980,
are amended to read as follows:
(i) prior to the filing of an accusatory instrument in a local crimi-
nal court against such person, the prosecutor elects not to prosecute
such person. In such event, the prosecutor shall serve a certification
of such disposition upon the division of criminal justice services and
upon the appropriate police department or law enforcement agency which,
on receipt thereof, shall comply with the provisions of paragraphs
(a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision one of this section in the same
manner as is required thereunder with respect to an order of a court
entered pursuant to said subdivision one[.]; OR
(j) following the arrest of such person, the arresting police agency,
prior to the filing of an accusatory instrument in a local criminal
court but subsequent to the forwarding of a copy of the fingerprints of
such person to the division of criminal justice services, elects not to
proceed further. In such event, the head of the arresting police agency
shall serve a certification of such disposition upon the division of
criminal justice services which, upon receipt thereof, shall comply with
the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision one of
this section in the same manner as is required thereunder with respect
to an order of a court entered pursuant to said subdivision one[.]; OR
(k) (i) The accusatory instrument alleged a violation of article two hundred twenty or section 240.36 of the penal law, prior to the taking effect of article two hundred twenty-one of the penal law, or a violation of article two hundred twenty-one of the penal law; (ii) the sole controlled substance involved is [marijuana] MARIHUANA; AND (iii) the conviction was only for a violation or violations; and (iv) at least three years have passed since the offense occurred.

S 36. Subdivision 1 of section 170.56 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 360 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

1. Upon or after arraignment in a local criminal court upon an information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint, where the sole remaining count or counts charge a violation or violations of section 221.05, [221.10,] 221.15, 221.35 or 221.40 of the penal law and before the entry of a plea of guilty thereto or commencement of a trial thereof, the court, upon motion of a defendant, may order that all proceedings be suspended and the action adjourned in contemplation of dismissal, or upon a finding that adjournment would not be necessary or appropriate and the setting forth in the record of the reasons for such findings, may dismiss in furtherance of justice the accusatory instrument; provided, however, that the court may not order such adjournment in contemplation of dismissal or dismiss the accusatory instrument if: 

(a) the defendant has previously been granted such adjournment in contemplation of dismissal, or 
(b) the defendant has previously been granted a dismissal under this section, or 
(c) the defendant has previously been convicted of any offense involving controlled substances, or 
(d) the defendant has previously been convicted of a crime and the district attorney does not consent or 
(e) the defendant has previously been adjudicated a youthful offender on the basis of any act or acts involving controlled substances and the district attorney does not consent. NOTWITHSTANDING THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION, THE COURT MAY ORDER THAT ALL PROCEEDINGS BE SUSPENDED AND THE ACTION ADJOURNED IN CONTEMPLATION OF DISMISSAL BASED UPON A FINDING OF EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES. FOR Purposes OF THIS SUBDIVISION, EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST WHEN, REGARDLESS OF THE ULTIMATE DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, THE ENTRY OF A PLEA OF GUILTY IS LIKELY TO RESULT IN SEVERE COLLABORATIVE CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE THAT COULD LEAVE A NONCITIZEN INADMISSIBLE OR DEPORTABLE FROM THE UNITED STATES.

S 37. Section 210.46 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 360 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

Upon or after arraignment in contemplation of dismissal in marihuana cases in a superior court.

S 38. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subdivision 1 of section 440.10 of the criminal procedure law, paragraph (h) as amended and paragraph (i) as added by chapter 332 of the laws of 2010, are amended and a new paragraph (j) is added to read as follows:

(h) The judgment was obtained in violation of a right of the defendant under the constitution of this state or of the United States; [or]

(i) The judgment was obtained in violation of a right of the defendant under the constitution of the United States; [or]
(i) The judgment is a conviction where the arresting charge was under section 240.37 (loitering for the purpose of engaging in a prostitution offense, provided that the defendant was not alleged to be loitering for the purpose of patronizing a prostitute or promoting prostitution) or 230.00 (prostitution) of the penal law, and the defendant's participation in the offense was a result of having been a victim of sex trafficking under section 230.34 of the penal law or trafficking in persons under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (United States Code, title 22, chapter 78); provided that

(i) a motion under this paragraph shall be made with due diligence, after the defendant has ceased to be a victim of such trafficking or has sought services for victims of such trafficking, subject to reasonable concerns for the safety of the defendant, family members of the defendant, or other victims of such trafficking that may be jeopardized by the bringing of such motion, or for other reasons consistent with the purpose of this paragraph; and

(ii) official documentation of the defendant's status as a victim of sex trafficking or trafficking in persons at the time of the offense from a federal, state or local government agency shall create a presumption that the defendant's participation in the offense was a result of having been a victim of sex trafficking or trafficking in persons, but shall not be required for granting a motion under this paragraph[]; OR

(J) THE JUDGMENT OCCURRED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH AND IS A CONVICTION FOR:

(I) AN OFFENSE AS DEFINED BY SECTION 221.10 OF THE PENAL LAW (CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF MARIHUANA IN THE FIFTH DEGREE), AS IN EFFECT PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, PROVIDED THAT THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT THAT UNDERLIES THE JUDGMENT DOES NOT INCLUDE AN ALLEGATION THAT THE DEFENDANT POSSESSED MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE GRAMS OF MARIHUANA; OR

(II) AN OFFENSE AS DEFINED BY FORMER SECTION 221.35 OF THE PENAL LAW (CRIMINAL SALE OF MARIHUANA IN THE FIFTH DEGREE).

S 39. Subdivision 6 of section 440.10 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 332 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

6. If the court grants a motion under paragraph (i) OR PARAGRAPH (J) of subdivision one of this section, it must vacate the judgment and dismiss the accusatory instrument, and may take such additional action as is appropriate in the circumstances.

S 40. Section 440.46 of the criminal procedure law, as added by section 9 of part AAA of chapter 56 of the laws of 2009, subdivision 1 as amended by section 79 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

S 440.46 Motion for resentencing; certain controlled substance offenders.

1. A PERSON MAY, UPON NOTICE TO THE APPROPRIATE DISTRICT ATTORNEY, APPLY FOR RESENTENCING OR REDESIGNATION TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

A. Any person in the custody of the department of corrections and community supervision convicted of a class B felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law which was committed prior to January thirteenth, two thousand five, who is serving an indeterminate sentence with a maximum term of more than three years, may[], except as provided in subdivision five of this section, upon notice to the appropriate district attorney,] apply to be resentenced to a determinate sentence in accordance with sections 60.04 and 70.70 of the penal law in the court which imposed the sentence.
[2.] (I) As part of any such application, the defendant may also move to be resentenced to a determinate sentence in accordance with section 70.70 of the penal law for any one or more class C, D, or E felony offenses defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law, the sentence or sentences for which were imposed by the sentencing court at the same time or were included in the same order of commitment as such class B felony.

(II) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY PERSON WHO IS SERVING A SENTENCE ON A CONVICTION FOR OR HAS A PREDICATE FELONY CONVICTION FOR AN EXCLUSION OFFENSE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AN "EXCLUSION OFFENSE" IS: (A) A CRIME FOR WHICH THE PERSON WAS PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED WITHIN THE PRECEDING TEN YEARS, EXCLUDING ANY TIME DURING WHICH THE OFFENDER WAS INCARCERATED FOR ANY REASON BETWEEN THE TIME OF COMMISSION OF THE PREVIOUS FELONY AND THE TIME OF COMMISSION OF THE PRESENT FELONY, WHICH WAS: (1) A VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 70.02 OF THE PENAL LAW; OR (2) ANY OTHER OFFENSE FOR WHICH A MERIT TIME ALLOWANCE IS NOT AVAILABLE PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED THREE OF THE CORRECTION LAW; OR (B) A SECOND VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 70.04 OF THE PENAL LAW OR A PERSISTENT VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 70.08 OF THE PENAL LAW FOR WHICH THE PERSON HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN ADJUDICATED.

B. A PERSON CURRENTLY SERVING A SENTENCE FOR A CONVICTION, WHETHER BY TRIAL OR BY PLEA, OF AN OFFENSE DEFINED IN THE FORMER SECTIONS 221.25, 221.30, 221.50, OR 221.55 AND SECTIONS 221.15, 221.20, 221.35, OR 221.45 OF THE PENAL LAW PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY APPLY TO BE RESENTENCED TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS 221.15, 221.20, 221.35, 221.40, OR 221.45 OF THE PENAL LAW, AS AMENDED, IN THE COURT WHICH IMPOSED THE SENTENCE.

C. A PERSON WHO HAS COMPLETED HIS OR HER SENTENCE FOR A CONVICTION, WHETHER BY TRIAL OR BY PLEA, OF AN OFFENSE IN THE FORMER SECTIONS 221.25, 221.30, 221.50, OR 221.55 OF THE PENAL LAW PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY APPLY FOR RE-DESIGNATION OF THEIR CONVICTION TO A DETERMINATE CONVICTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS 221.15, 221.20, 221.35, 221.40, OR 221.45 OF THE PENAL LAW, AS AMENDED, IN THE COURT WHICH IMPOSED THE SENTENCE.

[3.] 2. The provisions of section twenty-three of chapter seven hundred thirty-eight of the laws of two thousand four shall govern the proceedings on and determination of a motion brought pursuant to this section; provided, however that the court's consideration of the institutional record of confinement of such person shall include but not be limited to such person's participation in or willingness to participate in treatment or other programming while incarcerated and such person's disciplinary history. The fact that a person may have been unable to participate in treatment or other programming while incarcerated despite such person's willingness to do so shall not be considered a negative factor in determining a motion pursuant to this section.

[4.] 3. Subdivision one of section seven hundred seventeen and subdivision four of section seven hundred twenty-two of the county law, and the related provisions of article eighteen-A of such law, shall apply to the preparation of and proceedings on motions pursuant to this section, including any appeals.

[5. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who is serving a sentence on a conviction for or has a predicate felony conviction for an exclusion offense. For purposes of this subdivision, an "exclusion offense" is:
(a) a crime for which the person was previously convicted within the preceding ten years, excluding any time during which the offender was incarcerated for any reason between the time of commission of the previous felony and the time of commission of the present felony, which was:

(i) a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law; or (ii) any other offense for which a merit time allowance is not available pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred three of the correction law; or

(b) a second violent felony offense pursuant to section 70.04 of the penal law or a persistent violent felony offense pursuant to section 70.08 of the penal law for which the person has previously been adjudicated.

4. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MAY RESENTENCING UNDER THIS SECTION RESULT IN THE IMPOSITION OF A TERM LONGER THAN THE ORIGINAL SENTENCE.

5. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION IS INTENDED TO DIMINISH OR ABROGATE ANY RIGHTS OR REMEDIES OTHERWISE AVAILABLE TO THE PETITIONER OR APPLICANT.

S 41. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 8 of section 700.05 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 37 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Criminal possession of a controlled substance in the seventh degree as defined in section 220.03 of the penal law, criminal possession of a controlled substance in the fifth degree as defined in section 220.06 of the penal law, criminal possession of a controlled substance in the fourth degree as defined in section 220.09 of the penal law, criminal possession of a controlled substance in the third degree as defined in section 220.16 of the penal law, criminal possession of a controlled substance in the second degree as defined in section 220.18 of the penal law, criminal possession of a controlled substance in the first degree as defined in section 220.21 of the penal law, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the fifth degree as defined in section 220.31 of the penal law, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the fourth degree as defined in section 220.34 of the penal law, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the third degree as defined in section 220.39 of the penal law, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the second degree as defined in section 220.41 of the penal law, criminal sale of a controlled substance in the first degree as defined in section 220.43 of the penal law, criminally possessing a hypodermic instrument as defined in section 220.45 of the penal law, criminal sale of a prescription for a controlled substance or a controlled substance by a practitioner or pharmacist as defined in section 220.65 of the penal law, criminal possession of methamphetamine manufacturing material in the second degree as defined in section 220.70 of the penal law, criminal possession of methamphetamine manufacturing material in the first degree as defined in section 220.71 of the penal law, criminal possession of precursors of methamphetamine as defined in section 220.72 of the penal law, unlawful manufacture of methamphetamine in the third degree as defined in section 220.73 of the penal law, unlawful manufacture of methamphetamine in the second degree as defined in section 220.74 of the penal law, unlawful manufacture of methamphetamine in the first degree as defined in section 220.75 of the penal law, unlawful disposal of methamphetamine laboratory material as defined in section 220.76 of the penal law, operating as a major trafficker as defined in section 220.77 of the penal law, [criminal possession of marihuana in the first degree as defined in section 221.30 of the penal law, criminal sale of marihuana in the first degree as defined in section 221.55 of the penal law,] promoting gambling in the second degree as defined in
section 225.05 of the penal law, promoting gambling in the first degree as defined in section 225.10 of the penal law, possession of gambling records in the second degree as defined in section 225.15 of the penal law, possession of gambling records in the first degree as defined in section 225.20 of the penal law, and possession of a gambling device as defined in section 225.30 of the penal law;

§ 42. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 4-b and subdivisions 6 and 9 of section 1310 of the civil practice law and rules, paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 4-b as added by chapter 655 of the laws of 1990 and subdivisions 6 and 9 as added by chapter 669 of the laws of 1984, are amended to read as follows:

(b) on three or more occasions, engaging in conduct constituting a violation of any of the felonies defined in section 220.09, 220.16, 220.18, 220.21, 220.31, 220.34, 220.39, 220.41[, or 220.43] of the penal law, which violations do not constitute a single criminal offense as defined in subdivision one of section 40.10 of the criminal procedure law, or a single criminal transaction, as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section 40.10 of the criminal procedure law, and at least one of which resulted in a conviction of such offense, or where the accusatory instrument charges one or more of such felonies, conviction upon a plea of guilty to a felony for which such plea is otherwise authorized by law; or

(c) a conviction of a person for a violation of section 220.09, 220.16, 220.34 or 220.39 of the penal law, [or a conviction of a criminal defendant for a violation of section 221.30 of the penal law,] or where the accusatory instrument charges any such felony, conviction upon a plea of guilty to a felony for which the plea is otherwise authorized by law, together with evidence which: (i) provides substantial indicia that the defendant used the real property to engage in a continual, ongoing course of conduct involving the unlawful mixing, compounding, manufacturing, warehousing, or packaging of controlled substances [or where the conviction is for a violation of section 221.30 of the penal law, marijuana,] as part of an illegal trade or business for gain; and (ii) establishes, where the conviction is for possession of a controlled substance [or where the conviction is for a violation of section 221.30 of the penal law, marijuana,] that such possession was with the intent to sell it.

[6. "Pre-conviction forfeiture crime" means only a felony defined in article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55 of the penal law.]

9. "Criminal defendant" means a person who has criminal liability for a crime defined in subdivisions five and six [hereof] OF THIS SECTION. For purposes of this article, a person has criminal liability when [(a)] he has been convicted of a post-conviction forfeiture crime[, or (b) the claiming authority proves by clear and convincing evidence that such person has committed an act in violation of article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55 of the penal law].

§ 43. Subdivision 3-a and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 11 of section 1311 of the civil practice law and rules, subdivision 3-a as added by chapter 655 of the laws of 1990 and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 11 as amended by section 47 of part A1 of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

3-a. Conviction of a person in a criminal action upon an accusatory instrument which includes one or more of the felonies specified in subdivision four-b of section thirteen hundred ten of this article, of any felony other than such felonies, shall not preclude a defendant, in
1 any subsequent proceeding under this article where that conviction is at
2 issue, from adducing evidence that the conduct underlying the conviction
3 would not establish the elements of any of the felonies specified in
4 such subdivision other than the one to which the criminal defendant pled
5 guilty. If the defendant does adduce such evidence, the burden shall be
6 upon the claiming authority to prove, by clear and convincing evidence,
7 that the conduct underlying the criminal conviction would establish the
8 elements of the felony specified in such subdivision. Nothing contained
9 in this subdivision shall affect the validity of a settlement of any
10 forfeiture action negotiated between the claiming authority and a crimi-
11 nal defendant contemporaneously with the taking of a plea of guilty in a
12 criminal action to any felony defined in article two hundred twenty [or
13 section 221.30 or 221.55] of the penal law, or to a felony conspiracy to
14 commit the same.
15 (a) Any stipulation or settlement agreement between the parties to a
16 forfeiture action shall be filed with the clerk of the court in which
17 the forfeiture action is pending. No stipulation or settlement agreement
18 shall be accepted for filing unless it is accompanied by an affidavit
19 from the claiming authority that written notice of the stipulation or
20 settlement agreement, including the terms of such, has been given to the
21 office of victim services, the state division of criminal justice
22 services[, and in the case of a forfeiture based on a felony defined in
23 article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55 of the penal law, to
24 the state division of substance abuse services].
25 (b) No judgment or order of forfeiture shall be accepted for filing
26 unless it is accompanied by an affidavit from the claiming authority
27 that written notice of judgment or order, including the terms of such,
28 has been given to the office of victim services, the state division of
29 criminal justice services[, and in the case of a forfeiture based on a
30 felony defined in article two hundred twenty or section 221.30 or 221.55
31 of the penal law, to the state division of substance abuse services].
32 S 44. Subdivision 13 of section 89-f of the general business law, as
33 added by chapter 336 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:
34 13. "Serious offense" shall mean any felony involving the offenses
35 enumerated in the closing paragraph of this subdivision; a criminal
36 solicitation of or a conspiracy to commit or an attempt to commit or a
37 criminal facilitation of a felony involving the offenses enumerated in
38 the closing paragraph of this subdivision, which criminal solicitation,
39 conspiracy, attempt or criminal facilitation itself constitutes a felony
40 or any offense in any other jurisdiction which if committed in this
41 state would constitute a felony; any offense in any other jurisdiction
42 which if committed in this state would constitute a felony provided that
43 for the purposes of this article, none of the following shall be consid-
44 ered criminal convictions or reported as such: (i) a conviction for
45 which an executive pardon has been issued pursuant to the executive law;
46 (ii) a conviction which has been vacated and replaced by a youthful
47 offender finding pursuant to article seven hundred twenty of the crimi-
48 nal procedure law, or the applicable provisions of law of any other
49 jurisdiction; or (iii) a conviction the records of which have been
50 sealed pursuant to the applicable provisions of the laws of this state
51 or of any other jurisdiction; and (iv) a conviction for which other
52 evidence of successful rehabilitation to remove the disability has been
53 issued.
54 Felonies involving: assault, aggravated assault and reckless endanger-
55 ment pursuant to article one hundred twenty; vehicular manslaughter,
56 manslaughter and murder pursuant to article one hundred twenty-five; sex
offenses pursuant to article one hundred thirty; unlawful imprisonment, kidnapping or coercion pursuant to article one hundred thirty-five; criminal trespass and burglary pursuant to article one hundred forty; criminal mischief, criminal tampering and tampering with a consumer product pursuant to article one hundred forty-five; arson pursuant to article one hundred fifty; larceny and offenses involving theft pursuant to article one hundred fifty-five; offenses involving computers pursuant to article one hundred fifty-six; robbery pursuant to article one hundred sixty; criminal possession of stolen property pursuant to article one hundred sixty-five; forgery and related offenses pursuant to article one hundred seventy; involving false written statements pursuant to article one hundred seventy-five; commercial bribing and commercial bribe receiving pursuant to article one hundred eighty; bribery involving public servants and related offenses pursuant to article two hundred; perjury and related offenses pursuant to article two hundred ten; tampering with a witness, intimidating a victim or witness and tampering with physical evidence pursuant to article two hundred fifteen; criminal possession of a controlled substance pursuant to sections 220.06, 220.09, 220.16, 220.18 and 220.21; criminal sale of a controlled substance pursuant to sections 220.31, 220.34, 220.39, 220.41, 220.43 and 220.44; criminal sale of [marihuana] MARIHUANA IN THE FIRST DEGREE pursuant to sections 221.45, 221.50 and 221.55; riot in the first degree, aggravated harassment in the first degree, criminal nuisance in the first degree and falsely reporting an incident in the second or first degree pursuant to article two hundred forty; and crimes against public safety pursuant to article two hundred sixty-five of the penal law.

S 45. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 2 of section 850 of the general business law is REPEALED.

S 46. Paragraph (h) of subdivision 2 of section 850 of the general business law, as amended by chapter 812 of the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

(h) Objects, used or designed for the purpose of ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing [marihuana,] cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body.

S 47. Paragraph a of subdivision 4-a of section 165 of the state finance law, as added by chapter 95 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

a. In order to advance specific economic goals, New York state labelled wines, as defined in subdivision [twenty-a] TWENTY-J of section three of the alcoholic beverage control law, shall have favored source status for the purposes of procurement in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision. Procurement of these New York state labelled wines shall be exempt from the competitive procurement provisions of section one hundred sixty-three of this article and other competitive procurement statutes. Such exemption shall apply to New York state labelled wines as defined in subdivision [twenty-a] TWENTY-J of section three of the alcoholic beverage control law produced by a licensed winery as defined in section seventy-six of the alcoholic beverage control law.

S 48. Subdivision 7 of section 995 of the executive law, as amended by chapter 19 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

7. "Designated offender" means a person convicted of any felony defined in any chapter of the laws of the state or any misdemeanor defined in the penal law [except that where the person is convicted under section 221.10 of the penal law, only a person convicted under
subdivision two of such section, or a person convicted under subdivision
one of such section who stands previously convicted of any crime as
defined in subdivision six of section 10.00 of the penal law].

S 49. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 7 of section 480.00 of the
penal law, paragraph (b) as amended by section 31 of part AAA of chapter
56 of the laws of 2009 and paragraph (c) as added by chapter 655 of the
laws of 1990, are amended to read as follows:

(b) three or more violations of any of the felonies defined in section
220.09, 220.16, 220.18, 220.21, 220.31, 220.34, 220.39, 220.41,
220.43[,] OR 220.77[,] or 221.55] of this chapter, which violations do
not constitute a single criminal offense as defined in subdivision one
of section 40.10 of the criminal procedure law, or a single criminal
transaction, as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of section
40.10 of the criminal procedure law, and at least one of which resulted
in a conviction of such offense, or where the accusatory instrument
charges one or more of such felonies, conviction upon a plea of guilty
to a felony for which such plea is otherwise authorized by law; or

(c) a conviction of a person for a violation of section 220.09,
220.16, 220.34[,] OR 220.39[,] or 221.30] of this chapter, or where the
accusatory instrument charges any such felony, conviction upon a plea of
guilty to a felony for which the plea is otherwise authorized by law,
together with evidence which: (i) provides substantial indicia that the
defendant used the real property to engage in a continual, ongoing
course of conduct involving the unlawful mixing, compounding, manufac-
turing, warehousing, or packaging of controlled substances [or where the
conviction is for a violation of section 221.30 of this chapter, mari-
juana] as part of an illegal trade or business for gain; and (ii) estab-
lishes, where the conviction is for possession of a controlled substance
or where the conviction is for a violation of section 221.30 of this
chapter, marijuana], that such possession was with the intent to sell
it.

S 50. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 of section 509-cc of the vehicle
and traffic law, as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 2011, is
amended to read as follows:

(c) The offenses referred to in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of
subdivision one and subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision two
of this section that result in disqualification for a period of five
years shall include a conviction under sections 100.10, 105.13, 115.05,
120.03, 120.04, 120.04-a, 120.05, 120.10, 120.25, 121.12, 121.13,
125.40, 125.45, 130.20, 130.25, 130.52, 130.55, 135.10, 135.55, 140.17,
140.25, 140.30, 145.12, 150.10, 150.15, 160.05, 160.10, 220.06, 220.09,
220.16, 220.31, 220.34, 220.60, 220.65, [221.30, 221.50, 221.55,]
230.00, 230.05, 230.06, 230.20, 235.05, 235.06, 235.07, 235.21, 240.06,
245.00, 260.10, subdivision two of section 260.20 and sections 260.25,
265.02, 265.03, 265.08, 265.09, 265.10, 265.12, 265.35 of the penal law
or an attempt to commit any of the aforesaid offenses under section
110.00 of the penal law, or any similar offenses committed under a
former section of the penal law, or any offenses committed under a
former section of the penal law which would constitute violations of the
aforesaid sections of the penal law, or any offenses committed outside
this state which would constitute violations of the aforesaid sections
of the penal law.

S 51. Appropriation. The sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000) is
hereby appropriated to the New York State Liquor Authority out of any
moneys in the state treasury in the general fund to the credit of the
state purposes account, not otherwise appropriated, and made immediately
available, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act. Such moneys shall be payable on the audit and warrant of the comptroller on vouchers certified or approved by the superintendent or the chairman of the New York State Liquor Authority in the manner prescribed by law.

§ 52. Severability. If any provision or term of this act is for any reason declared unconstitutional or invalid or ineffective by any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the effectiveness of the remaining portions of this act or any part thereof.

§ 53. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that the amendments to section 2 of the alcoholic beverage control law made by section twenty-five of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the same manner as chapter 406 of the laws of 2014, takes effect.