2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 9, 2015

Introduced by Sens. AVELLA, ADDABBO, CARLUCCI, ESPAILLAT, KRUEGER, MONT-GOMERY, RIVERA, SERRANO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Environmental Conservation

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to natural gas development using hydraulic fracturing

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Legislative declarations and purpose. 1. The legislature 2 recognizes that the expansion of natural gas development in the state of 3 New York using hydraulic fracturing poses unique threats to human health 4 and to the environment. The legislature further recognizes that New 5 York's current laws are inadequate to protect against these threats.

6 2. As natural gas development expands, it is the highest priority of 7 this state to protect human health as well as to ensure the safety of 8 irreplaceable natural assets such as safe drinking water, clean air, 9 wildlife, and the aesthetic beauty of the state.

10 3. Hydraulic fracturing utilizes components that are often toxic, that 11 are non-biodegradable, and that are virtually impossible to remove once 12 they enter the natural environment. Many of these hazardous chemicals 13 are known carcinogens and others can cause other life threatening illnesses. Drinking water contamination from hydraulic fracturing 14 can 15 lead to exposure to endocrine disrupting agents and to other chemicals 16 that can cause kidney, liver, heart, blood, brain damage and other 17 hazardous health effects.

18 4. Hydraulic fracturing operations withdraw millions of gallons of 19 water from the ground and surface waters of the state, which are a precious, finite and invaluable resource, upon which there is likely to 20 be an ever-increasing demand for present, new and competing uses. 21 The 22 withdrawal of ground and surface waters of the state should be regulated 23 in a manner that benefits the people of the state and is compatible with 24 long-range water resource planning and with managing such waters in the public trust for the benefit of all New Yorkers. 25

5. Hydraulic fracturing operations result in wastewater that returns to the surface laden with salt, heavy metals, other chemicals and radio-

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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active elements. In other states, this wastewater is often stored in 1 2 open pits until transported for ultimate disposal. Chemicals evaporate 3 from these open pits, contributing to air pollution. Leaks and spills of 4 chemicals from the trucks and waste pits may cause contamination of surface waters. Fracturing fluid left underground could migrate or seep 5 6 fractures in underground formations, cracks in well-bore through 7 casings, through abandoned wells, or otherwise to pollute groundwater. 8 Given the increased prevalence of natural gas drilling in the state, these negative effects may increase if the process of natural gas 9 10 extraction is not carefully and thoughtfully regulated.

11 6. One of the chief environmental and infrastructure assets of the 12 state of New York is its drinking water systems, which play a fundamen-13 tal role in the economic productivity and public health of the state. 14 The policy of the state with respect to the management of shale gas 15 extraction must be one of zero drinking water risk.

16 7. Furthermore, natural gas exploration must be carried out in a 17 manner that is sensitive to the ecological richness and aesthetic beauty 18 of the state. Widespread, uncontrolled natural gas development using 19 hydraulic fracturing will diminish or destroy the natural beauty of the 20 land and disrupt the natural habitat of wildlife. The legislature finds 21 that natural gas development must be carried out to minimize these 22 effects to the maximum extent possible.

8. Natural gas extraction can impose both monetary and non-monetary costs on municipalities and cause property damage or otherwise reduce the property value of private land owners. It is the intention of the legislature that all persons who undertake natural gas development in the state of New York take full responsibility for their actions, and act consistent with local concerns.

9. Although natural gas development provides the promise of economic benefit for the state of New York, the state must ensure that the benefits outweigh the costs. It is the policy of the state that natural gas development practices will be sustainable, respectful, and safe. This act is intended to ensure that goal is met.

34 S 2. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new 35 section 17-0709 to read as follows:

36 S 17-0709. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES.

37 NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY CONTAINED IN SUBDIVISION 38 TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 17-0105 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, 39 AFTER HOLDING A PUBLIC HEARING WITH DUE NOTICE, PROMULGATE REGULATIONS 40 ESTABLISHING A STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE FOR THE CONTROL OF THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS FROM FACILITIES HYDRAULIC 41 WHICH TREAT WASTEWATER FROM 42 FRACTURING OPERATIONS. THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL REFLECT THE GREATEST DEGREE OF EFFLUENT REDUCTION WHICH THE COMMISSIONER 43 DETERMINES 44 TΟ BE ACHIEVABLE THROUGH APPLICATION OF THE BEST AVAILABLE DEMONSTRATED 45 CONTROL TECHNOLOGY, PROCESSES, OPERATING METHODS, OR OTHER ALTERNATIVES, INCLUDING, WHERE PRACTICABLE, A STANDARD PERMITTING NO DISCHARGE 46 OF 47 THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL POLLUTANTS. 48 SUCH TIME THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DETERMINES THAT A GREATER DEGREE 49 OF EFFLUENT LIMITATION IS ACHIEVABLE BY THIS CATEGORY OF FACILITIES, AT 50 WHICH TIME THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL BE SUPERSEDED BY SUCH 51 FEDERAL STANDARD.

52 S 3. Section 23-0101 of the environmental conservation law, as amended 53 by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981 and subdivision 1 as amended by chap-54 ter 891 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows: 55 S 23-0101. Definitions.

55 S 23-0101. Delinitions.

56 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"AIR POLLUTANT" MEANS VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCS) AS DEFINED 1 1. 2 AT 40 CFR 51.100(S), HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAPS) AS DEFINED AT 42 3 USC S 7412(B) AND 40 CFR 63, NITROGEN OXIDES (NOX), CARBON MONOXIDE 4 (CO), METHANE (CH4), ETHANE (C2H6), PARTICULATE MATTER (PM10 AND PM2.5), 5 OZONE (O3), LEAD (PB), SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO2) AND OTHER AIR CONTAMINANTS AS MAY BE IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT. 6 7 2. "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS)" ARE PRACTICES THAT ARE DESIGNED PREVENT OR REDUCE IMPACTS CAUSED BY OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS TO AIR, 8 TO WATER, SOIL, OR BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES, AND TO MINIMIZE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO 9 10 PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE, INCLUDING THE ENVIRONMENT AND WILD-11 LIFE RESOURCES. 12 "Buffer zone" means all that area outside and surrounding the 3. 13 underground gas storage reservoir which the department approves as 14 appropriate to protect the integrity of the reservoir, no part of which 15 shall be more than thirty-five hundred linear feet from the boundary 16 thereof. [2.] 4. 17 "Cavity" means an open or partially open space left after a salt has been solution mined. 18 19 [3.] 5. "CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM FOR HANDLING OIL OR GAS EXPLORATION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMIT-20 21 TO DRILLING FLUIDS AND CUTTINGS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLOWBACK, ED 22 PRODUCED WATER, AND RESIDUAL SLUDGES OR BRINES, WITHOUT THE NEED FOR 23 PITS. 24 6. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of environmental conserva-25 tion. 26 [4.] 7. "CONSEQUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION MEANS ANY DETRIMENTAL EFFECT TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY, WELFARE, OR 27 AESTHETIC ENJOYMENT OF ANY CITIZEN, RESIDENT, OR VISITOR IN THE STATE BY 28 29 A HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE. 8. "Department" means the department of environmental conservation. 30 [5.] 9. "ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION MEANS DAMAGE 31 32 TO: 33 A. ANY WATERS OF THE STATE; 34 B. ANY LAND SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STRATA OF THE STATE; C. ANY AMBIENT AIR WITHIN THE STATE; OR, 35 D. THE WILDLIFE OR ECOLOGICAL SYSTEMS IN THE LAND, AIR, OR WATERS OF 36 THE STATE. 37 38 10. "Fund" means the oil and gas [fund as established in section 39 eighty-three-a of the state finance law] ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAP-40 TER FIFTY-EIGHT OF THE LAWS OF NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO. "Field" means the general area underlaid by one or more 41 [6.] 11. 42 pools. 43 [7.] 12. "Gas" means all natural, manufactured, mixed, and byproduct 44 gas, and all other hydrocarbons not defined as oil in this section. 45 [8.] 13. "GROUNDWATER" MEANS WATER IN A SATURATED ZONE OR STRATUM 46 BENEATH THE SURFACE OF LAND OR WATER. 47 14. "GROUNDWATER WELL" MEANS ANY WELL DESIGNED OR USED FOR THESOLE 48 PURPOSE OF OBTAINING GROUNDWATER. 49 15. "HAZARDOUS RELEASE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION MEANS THE RELEASE OF A 50 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. 51 16. "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE" MEANS SUBSTANCES WHICH MEET THE FOLLOWING 52 CRITERIA, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE LISTED IN N.Y.C.R.R. S 597.2: 53 54 A. BECAUSE OF THEIR QUANTITY, CONCENTRATION, OR PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL OR 55 INFECTIOUS CHARACTERISTICS CAUSE PHYSICAL INJURY OR ILLNESS WHEN IMPROP-ERLY TREATED, STORED, TRANSPORTED, DISPOSED OF, OR OTHERWISE MANAGED; 56

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B. POSE A PRESENT OR POTENTIAL HAZARD TO THE ENVIRONMENT WHEN IMPROP-1 2 ERLY TREATED, STORED, TRANSPORTED, DISPOSED OF, OR OTHERWISE MANAGED; 3 BECAUSE OF THEIR TOXICITY OR CONCENTRATION WITHIN BIOLOGICAL С. 4 CHAINS, PRESENT A DEMONSTRATED THREAT TO BIOLOGICAL LIFE CYCLES WHEN 5 RELEASED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT; 6 AN ORAL LD (RAT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN FIFTY MILLIGRAMS PER D. HAVE 7 KILOGRAM; OR HAVE AN INHALATION LC (RAT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN TWO 8 MILLIGRAMS PER LITER; OR HAVE A DERMAL LD (RABBIT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN TWO HUNDRED MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM; OR 9 10 CAUSE OR ARE CAPABLE OF CAUSING DEATH, SERIOUS ILLNESS OR SERIOUS Ε. PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANY PERSON OR PERSONS AS A CONSEQUENCE OF 11 RELEASE 12 INTO THE ENVIRONMENT. "Local agency" means any local agency, board, authority, school 13 17. district, commission or governing body, including any county, city, 14 15 town, village or other political subdivision of the state. [9.] 18. "Metered" means the physical measurement of gas by means 16 17 acceptable to the department. 18 [10.] 19. "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and all other hydrocarbons, 19 regardless of gravity, that are produced at the wellhead in liquid form by ordinary production methods and that are not the result of condensa-20 21 tion of gas. "OIL AND GAS FACILITY" MEANS EQUIPMENT, IMPROVEMENTS, OR 22 [11.] 20. PHYSICAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING ANY OIL OR GAS WELLS, USED OR INSTALLED 23 AN OIL AND GAS LOCATION FOR THE EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, WITHDRAWAL, 24 AT 25 GATHERING, TREATMENT, OR PROCESSING OF OIL OR NATURAL GAS. 26 21. "OIL AND GAS LOCATION" MEANS A DEFINABLE AREA WHERE AN OPERATOR HAS DISTURBED OR INTENDS TO DISTURB THE LAND SURFACE IN ORDER TO LOCATE 27 28 AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY. 29 22. "OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS" MEANS EXPLORATION FOR OIL AND GAS, INCLUDING THE CONDUCT OF SEISMIC OPERATIONS AND THE DRILLING OF TEST 30 BORES; THE SITING, DRILLING, DEEPENING, RECOMPLETION, REWORKING, OR 31 ABANDONMENT OF AN OIL AND GAS WELL, UNDERGROUND INJECTION WELL, OR GAS 32 STORAGE WELL; PRODUCTION OPERATIONS RELATED TO ANY SUCH WELL 33 INCLUDING INSTALLATION OF FLOWLINES AND GATHERING SYSTEMS; THE GENERATION, 34 THE TREATMENT, OR DISPOSAL OF EXPLORATION 35 TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, AND PRODUCTION WASTES; AND ANY CONSTRUCTION, SITE PREPARATION, OR RECLAMA-36 37 TION ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH OPERATIONS. 38 23. "OPERATOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO EXERCISES THE RIGHT TO CONTROL THE CONDUCT OF, OR WHO CONDUCTS, OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS. 39 40 24. "Owner" means the person who has the right to drill into and produce from a pool or a salt deposit and to appropriate the oil, gas or 41 salt he produces either for himself or others, or for himself and 42 43 others. 44 [12.] 25. "PIT" MEANS ANY NATURAL OR MAN-MADE DEPRESSION IN THE GROUND 45 USED FOR THE PURPOSE OF RETAINING OR STORING SUBSTANCES ASSOCIATED WITH 46 OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS. 47 26. "Person" means and includes any natural person, corporation, asso-48 ciation, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, or other representative of any kind, and includes any 49 50 department, agency or instrumentality of the state or any of its govern-51 mental subdivisions. [13.] 27. "Plug and abandon" means the plugging, replugging if neces-52 sary, and abandonment of a well bore including the placing of all bridg-53 54 es, plugs, and fluids therein and the restoration and reclamation of the 55 surface in the immediate vicinity to a reasonable condition consistent 56 with the adjacent terrain.

[14.] 28. "Pool" means an underground reservoir containing a common 1 2 accumulation of oil or gas or both; each zone of a structure which is 3 completely separated from any other zone in the same structure is a 4 pool. 5 [15.]29. "POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA" MEANS A MINORITY OR 6 LOW-INCOME COMMUNITY THAT MAY BEAR A DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NEGA-7 TIVE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES RESULTING FROM INDUSTRIAL, MUNICIPAL, 8 AND COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS OR THE EXECUTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND 9 TRIBAL PROGRAMS AND POLICIES. 10 30. "Producer" means the owner of a well or wells capable of producing 11 oil, gas, or salt; or any salt or hydrocarbon mixture. [16.] 31. "Product" means any commodity made from oil or gas and includes refined crude oil, crude tops, topped crude, processed crude, 12 13 14 processed crude petroleum, residue from crude petroleum, cracking stock, 15 uncracked fuel oil, fuel oil, treated crude oil, residuum, gas oil, casinghead gasoline, natural-gas gasoline, kerosene, benzine, wash oil, 16 17 waste oil, blended gasoline, lubricating oil, blends or mixtures of oil with one or more liquid products or by-products derived from oil or gas, 18 19 and blends or mixtures of two or more liquid products or by-products derived from oil or gas, whether herein enumerated or not. 20 21 [17.] 32. "RELEASE" MEANS ANY SPILLING, LEAKING, PUMPING, POURING, EMITTING, EMPTYING, DISCHARGING, ESCAPING, LEACHING, 22 DUMPING OR DISCHARGING INTO THE ENVIRONMENT (INCLUDING THE ABANDONMENT OR DISCARD-23 24 ING OF BARRELS, CONTAINERS, AND OTHER CLOSED RECEPTACLES). 25 33. "Reservoir" means any underground reservoir, natural or artificial 26 cavern or geologic dome, sand or stratigraphic trap, whether or not previously occupied by or containing oil or gas. 27 28 [18.] 34. "Salt" means sodium chloride, evaporite or other water solu-29 ble minerals, either in solution or as a solid or crystalline material 30 in a pure state or as a mixture. [19.] 35. "SITE" MEANS THE LOCATION OF ANY OIL AND GAS OPERATION, 31 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WELLS AND WELL PADS, STORAGE FACILITIES, 32 33 NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR STATIONS, AND CENTRALIZED IMPOUNDMENTS. 34 36. "Solution mining" means the dissolving of an underground salt by water to produce a brine for transport to another underground or surface 35 36 location for sale, processing or storage. 37 [20.] 37. "SURFACE WATER" MEANS ANY WATER OCCURRING ON THE EARTH'S 38 SURFACE IN THE FORM OF A STREAM, RIVER, POND, LAKE, WETLAND, OCEAN, 39 ARTIFICIAL CHANNEL OR RESERVOIR, OR OTHER SURFACE WATER BODY. 40 38. "Waste" means a. Physical waste, as that term is generally understood in the oil and 41 42 qas industry; 43 inefficient, excessive or improper use of, or the unnecessary b. The 44 dissipation of reservoir energy; 45 c. The locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing of any oil or gas well or wells in a manner which causes or tends to 46 cause reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable 47 48 from a pool under prudent and proper operations, or which causes or tends to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or destruction of 49 50 oil or gas; d. The inefficient storing of oil or gas; and 51 e. The flaring of gas produced from an oil or condensate well after

52 e. The flaring of gas produced from an oil or condensate well after 53 the department has found that the use of the gas, on terms that are just 54 and reasonable, is, or will be economically feasible within a reasonable 55 time. 1 S 4. Section 23-0303 of the environmental conservation law, as amended 2 by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows: 3 S 23-0303. Administration of article.

4 Except to the extent that the administration of this article is 1. specifically entrusted to other agencies or officers of the state by its 5 6 provisions, such administration shall be by the department. Geological 7 services for the department in connection with the administration of 8 this article shall be provided by or in cooperation with the state geologist. Within appropriations therefor the department is authorized to 9 10 employ such personnel as may be necessary for the administration of this article and may also employ or secure the services of such engineering, 11 12 technical and other consultants as it may require from time to time.

13 2. The provisions of this article shall supersede all local laws or 14 ordinances relating to the regulation of the oil, gas and solution 15 mining industries; [but shall not supersede local government jurisdic-16 tion over local roads or the rights of local governments under the real 17 property tax law] PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE SHALL 18 BE CONSTRUED TO PREVENT ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT FROM:

A. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES OF GENERAL APPLICA-BILITY, EXCEPT THAT SUCH LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES SHALL NOT REGULATE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS REGULATED BY STATE STATUTE OR REGULATION; OR

22 B. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES RELATED TO THE REGU-23 LATION AND MANAGEMENT OF LOCAL ROADS, SUCH AS INGRESS AND EGRESS TO 24 PUBLIC THOROUGHFARES CONTROLLED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT; OR

25 C. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LAWS PURSUANT TO THE RIGHTS OF LOCAL GOVERN-26 MENTS UNDER THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW; OR

27 D. ENFORCING ANY REQUIREMENT CONTAINED IN ANY OIL OR GAS PERMIT ISSUED 28 BY THE STATE; OR

E. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES OR LAWS 29 THAT DETER-MINE PERMISSIBLE USES IN ZONING DISTRICTS, INCLUDING WHETHER OIL AND GAS 30 FACILITIES ARE PERMISSIBLE WITHIN A PARTICULAR ZONING DISTRICT. WHERE AN 31 32 GAS FACILITY IS DESIGNATED A PERMISSIBLE USE IN A ZONING OIL AND 33 DISTRICT AND ALLOWED BY SPECIAL USE PERMIT, CONDITIONS PLACED ON SUCH SPECIAL USE PERMITS SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 34

35 I. REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS CONCERNING SETBACK FROM PROPERTY BOUND-36 ARIES, SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER WELLS, HOMES OR PRIVATE RESIDENCES, 37 CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, AND OTHER PUBLIC FACILITIES, AND PUBLIC THOROUGHFARE 38 RIGHTS-OF-WAY;

39 II. REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS CONCERNING NATURAL OR MAN-MADE BARRI-40 ERS TO RESTRICT ACCESS FROM OIL AND GAS FACILITIES, IF REQUIRED; AND 41 III. DUST, NOISE, VIBRATION, OR LIGHT LIMITATIONS, AND REGULATION OF

42 HOURS OF OPERATION.

3. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION TO THE CONTRARY, LOCAL LAWS AND ORDINANCES REGULATING ZONING, INCLUDING CONDITIONS IN SPECIAL USE PERMITS
THAT IMPOSE SETBACKS, THE REQUIREMENT OF NATURAL OR MANMADE BARRIERS, OR
LIMITATIONS ON DUST, NOISE, VIBRATION, LIGHT, OR HOURS OF OPERATION, DO
NOT CONSTITUTE THE REGULATION OF OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS REGULATED BY
STATE STATUTE OR REGULATION.

49 4. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE A MUNICIPALITY'S ABILITY TO EXERCISE ITS 50 AUTHORITY UNDER PARAGRAPH D OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, THE 51 DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE EVERY MUNICIPALITY WITH A COPY OF THE PERMIT OF 52 EACH WELL LOCATED OR PERMITTED TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ITS BOUNDARIES.

[3.] 5. a. The commissioner shall accept from municipalities requests for funds from the oil and gas fund to reimburse the municipality for costs incurred in repairing damages to municipal land or property. Such

requests shall include such explanatory material and documentation as 1 2 the commissioner may require. 3 The commissioner and director of the budget, may recommend payment b. 4 to the municipality to satisfy the request for reimbursement upon find-5 ing that: 6 (1)The municipality has made a bona fide effort to seek relief and 7 recover its costs from those deemed to be responsible and any other 8 appropriate avenues, but has been unsuccessful; 9 (2) The damage was a direct result of activities regulated under this 10 article and that the amount of funds requested is reasonable in view of 11 such damages; and 12 The costs were incurred after the effective date of this subdivi-(3) 13 sion. 14 S 5. Paragraph d of subdivision 8 of section 23-0305 of the environ-15 mental conservation law, as amended by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows: 16 17 d. Require the drilling, casing, operation, plugging and replugging of wells and reclamation of surrounding land in accordance with rules and 18 19 regulations of the department in such manner as to prevent or remedy [the following] ANY ACT RESULTING IN ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE, including but 20 21 not limited to: the escape of oil, gas, brine or water out of one stra-22 into another; the intrusion of water into oil or gas strata other tum 23 than during enhanced recovery operations; the pollution of fresh water 24 supplies by oil, gas, salt water, DRILLING FLUIDS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING 25 FLUIDS or other contaminants; and blowouts, cavings, seepages and fires. 26 SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL REGULATE THE TYPE, VOLUME, AND CONCEN-27 TRATION OF ADDITIVES FOR THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN HEALTH AND THE ENVIRON-28 AND SUCH REGULATIONS SHALL PROHIBIT THE USE OF DRILLING FLUIDS OR MENT; 29 HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUIDS CONTAINING ANY CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE THAT UPON 30 EXPOSURE, INGESTION, INHALATION OR ASSIMILATION INTO ANY ORGANISM, EITHER DIRECTLY FROM THE ENVIRONMENT, INCLUDING FROM DRINKING WATER, 31 OR 32 INDIRECTLY THROUGH FOOD CHAINS, WILL, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION AVAIL-33 TO THE DEPARTMENT, CAUSE DEATH, DISEASE, BEHAVIORAL ABNORMALITIES, ABLE 34 CANCER, GENETIC MUTATIONS, ENDOCRINE DISRUPTION, PHYSIOLOGICAL MALFUNC-35 TIONS, INCLUDING MALFUNCTIONS IN REPRODUCTION, OR PHYSICAL DEFORMATIONS, 36 SUCH ORGANISMS OR THEIR OFFSPRING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: IN37 BENZENE AND ANY CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE THAT HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO 38 FEDERAL TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT AS PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE THE 39 AND TOXIC. 40 S 6. Section 23-0305 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new subdivision 15 to read as follows: 41 THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS REQUIRING DISCLOSURE 42 15. 43 OF CHEMICALS USED IN OIL AND GAS WELL DRILLING AND HYDRAULIC FRACTURING, 44 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: 45 A. NO PERMIT TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK, OR CONVERT A WELL SHALL ΒE THIS ARTICLE UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT OBTAINS FROM THE PERMIT 46 ISSUED UNDER 47 APPLICANT A COMPLETE LIST OF THE CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS OF EACH ADDITIVE 48 THAT MAY ΒE USED IN DRILLING OR FRACTURING THE WELL SPECIFIED IN THE 49 APPLICATION; 50 B. WHENEVER THE DEPARTMENT OR A TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE, DETER-MINES THAT A MEDICAL EMERGENCY EXISTS AS A RESULT OF OIL OR GAS EXPLORA-51 TION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED BY A WELL DRILLING 52 PERMIT HOLDER OR ITS SUBCONTRACTORS AND THAT THE DISCLOSURE OF PROPRIE-53 TARY CHEMICAL INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE IDENTITY OF ANY CHEMICAL OR THE 54 55 FORMULA OF ANY ADDITIVE USED IN DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING OF Α 56 PERMITTED OIL OR GAS WELL, MAY BE NECESSARY FOR EMERGENCY OR FIRST-AID

TREATMENT, THE WELL DRILLING PERMIT HOLDER OR ANY SUBCONTRACTOR IN 1 2 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE PROPRIETARY INFORMATION SHALL IMMEDIATELY DISCLOSE THE PROPRIETARY INFORMATION REQUESTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OR THAT 3 4 TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE, REGARDLESS OF THE EXISTENCE OF A WRITTEN 5 STATEMENT OF NEED OR A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT. THE PERMIT HOLDER OR 6 SUBCONTRACTOR MAY REQUEST A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF NEED AND A CONFIDEN-7 TIALITY AGREEMENT AS SOON THEREAFTER AS CIRCUMSTANCES PERMIT. IN THE 8 EVENT THE PERMIT HOLDER OR SUBCONTRACTOR FAILS TO IMMEDIATELY DISCLOSE SUCH PROPRIETARY INFORMATION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE TO A 9 10 TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE ALL INFORMATION WITHIN ITS POSSESSION RELAT-INGREDIENTS OF ANY CHEMICAL OR THE FORMULA OF ANY ADDITIVE 11 ING TO THE USED IN DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING UTILIZED IN A PERMITTED OIL OR 12 GAS WELL SUSPECTED OF CAUSING SUCH EMERGENCY; 13

14 C. EACH PERMIT HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF ANY CHANGES TO 15 THE CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS USED IN DRILLING OR FRACTURING PRIOR TO THE 16 FLUID'S USE IN THE DRILLING OR FRACTURING PROCESS.

THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE ANY DISCLOSURES FILED UNDER PARAGRAPH A 17 D. OR C OF THIS SUBDIVISION AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC AND SHALL POST SUCH 18 19 INFORMATION ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.

20 S 7. Section 23-0313 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding four new subdivisions 3, 4, 5 and 6 to read as follows: 21 22

3. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS REQUIRING:

23 A. OIL AND GAS WELL OWNERS OR OPERATORS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE DEPART-MENT, LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND RESPONDING EMERGENCY AGENCIES, IN 24 25 PERSON OR BY SUCH MEANS AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SPECIFY, IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE RELEASE OF ANY FUEL, HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL OR WASTE STORED AT OR 26 27 GENERATED BY AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR USED IN WELL DRILLING OR HYDRAU-28 LIC FRACTURING OPERATIONS.

B. NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL INCLUDE 29 30 EACH OF THE FOLLOWING (TO THE EXTENT KNOWN AT THE TIME OF THE NOTICE AND SO LONG AS NO DELAY IN RESPONDING TO THE RELEASE RESULTS): 31

32 I. THE CHEMICAL NAME OR IDENTITY OF ANY SUBSTANCE INVOLVED THE IN 33 RELEASE; AND

34 II. AN ESTIMATE OF THE OUANTITY OF ANY SUCH SUBSTANCE THAT WAS 35 RELEASED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT; AND

36 III. THE TIME AND DURATION OF THE RELEASE; AND

37 IV. THE MEDIUM OR MEDIA INTO WHICH THE RELEASE OCCURRED; AND

38 V. ANY KNOWN OR ANTICIPATED ACUTE OR CHRONIC HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE RELEASE AND, WHERE APPROPRIATE, ADVICE REGARDING MEDICAL ATTEN-39 40 TION NECESSARY FOR EXPOSED INDIVIDUALS; AND

VI. PROPER PRECAUTIONS AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS TO TAKE AS A RESULT OF THE 41 42 RELEASE; AND

43 VII. THE NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE PERSON OR PERSONS TO BE 44 CONTACTED FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

C. AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER A RELEASE THAT REQUIRES NOTICE UNDER 45 PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SUCH OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL PROVIDE A 46 47 WRITTEN FOLLOW-UP EMERGENCY NOTICE (OR NOTICES, AS MORE INFORMATION SETTING FORTH AND UPDATING THE INFORMATION REQUIRED 48 BECOMES AVAILABLE) 49 UNDER PARAGRAPH B OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AND INCLUDING:

50 I. ACTIONS TAKEN TO RESPOND TO AND CONTAIN THE RELEASE;

II. ANY KNOWN OR ANTICIPATED ACUTE OR CHRONIC HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED 51 52 WITH THE RELEASE; AND

53 III. ADVICE REGARDING MEDICAL ATTENTION NECESSARY FOR EXPOSED INDIVID-54 UALS.

D.

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2 REFERENCED IN PARAGRAPHS A, B AND C OF THIS SUBDIVISION ON THE DEPART-3 MENT'S WEBSITE. 4 4. THEDEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS REQUIRING 5 THAT OWNERS OR OPERATORS OF WELLS GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS RESIDING WITHIN ONE HALF MILE OF ANY PROPOSED WELL SITE TWO WEEKS BEFORE 6 7 DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING OPERATIONS BEGIN. OWNERS OR OPERATORS 8 OF WELLS SHALL PUBLISH A NOTICE IN A LOCAL NEWSPAPER CIRCULATING IN THE AREA OF THE PROPOSED WELL SITE TWO WEEKS BEFORE DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC 9 10 FRACTURING OPERATIONS BEGIN. WITHIN TWO BUSINESS DAYS OF GIVING NOTICE 11 UNDER THIS SECTION, A LIST OF RECIPIENTS AND A COPY OF ALL NOTICES, WITH PROOF OF DELIVERY IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION, SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO 12 THE DEPARTMENT FOR INCLUSION IN THE DRILLING PERMIT FILE. COPIES OF ALL 13 14 NOTICES SHALL BE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE. 15 5. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP MAPS OF ALL KNOWN OIL AND GAS WELLS, INCLUDING ACTIVE AND ABANDONED WELLS, IN NEW YORK USING A GEOGRAPHIC 16 INFORMATION SYSTEM AND MAKE THOSE MAPS SYSTEM PUBLICLY AVAILABLE ON THE 17 18 DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE. 19 THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CREATE AND OPERATE AN EMERGENCY 1-800 TELE-6. PHONE NUMBER FOR PUBLIC USE IN IDENTIFYING AND REPORTING ANY OIL OR 20 21 NATURAL GAS-RELATED INCIDENTS TO THE DEPARTMENT. 22 S 8. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new 23 section 23-0315 to read as follows: 24 S 23-0315. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES. 25 1. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOT PERMIT ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR TO COMMENCE 26 OPERATIONS TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK OR CONVERT A WELL FOR EXPLORA-TION, PRODUCTION, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL UNLESS SUCH OPERATIONS IMPLEMENT 27 28 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES. 29 2. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE ALL APPLICABLE BEST MANAGEMENT PRAC-TICES AS CONDITIONS OF EACH PERMIT TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK OR 30 31 CONVERT A WELL. 32 EVERY THREE YEARS, AFTER HOLDING A PUBLIC HEARING WITH DUE NOTICE, 3. 33 THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PUBLISH AN INVENTORY OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES 34 THAT MAY BE INCLUDED AS SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF PERMITS FOR NATURAL GAS DRILLING, DEPENDING UPON SITE-SPECIFIC ANALYSIS OF A PROPOSED WELL SITE 35 AND AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES. ANY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT 36 37 MAY BE APPLIED TO ALL DRILLING PERMITS SHALL BE PROMULGATED AS REGU-38 LATIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE 39 PROCEDURE ACT. 40 9. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new S section 23-0317 to read as follows: 41 S 23-0317. LIABILITY. 42 43 1. LIABLE PARTIES. THE FOLLOWING PERSONS SHALL BE LIABLE UNDER SUBDI-44 VISION TWO OF THIS SECTION: 45 A. THE OWNER OF AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR PIPELINE; B. THE OPERATOR OF AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR PIPELINE; 46 47 C. ANY PERSON WHO BY CONTRACT, AGREEMENT, OR OTHERWISE ARRANGED FOR THE TRANSPORT OF OIL OR GAS, OR FOR THE TRANSPORT, DISPOSAL, OR TREAT-48 49 MENT OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS, INCLUDING 50 HAZARDOUS HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUID OR ANY HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS THERE-51 OF; AND, D. ANY PERSON WHO ACCEPTS ANY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL AND GAS 52 OPERATIONS FOR RECYCLING, DISPOSAL, OR TREATMENT. 53 54 2. LIABILITY. ANY LIABLE PARTY MENTIONED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS 55 SECTION SHALL BE LIABLE FOR ANY ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE FROM, OR THE CONSE-56 OUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS RELEASE FROM, AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY,

THE DEPARTMENT SHALL POST ALL CHEMICAL SPILL REPORT INFORMATION

WELL-BORE, PIPELINE, OR FROM ANY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREA FOR OIL, GAS,
 OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS INCLUDING:
 A. ALL COSTS OF REMOVAL OR REMEDIAL ACTION INCURRED BY THE STATE OR
 ANY SUBDIVISION THEREOF;

5 B. ANY OTHER NECESSARY COSTS OF RESPONSE OR MITIGATION INCURRED BY ANY 6 OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE TO RESPOND TO THE CONTAMINATION OR 7 MITIGATE THE EFFECTS THEREOF;

8 C. DAMAGES FOR INJURY TO, DESTRUCTION OF, OR LOSS OF NATURAL 9 RESOURCES, INCLUDING THE REASONABLE COSTS OF ASSESSING SUCH INJURY, 10 DESTRUCTION, OR LOSS RESULTING FROM SUCH A RELEASE; AND,

11 D. ALL DIRECT COSTS PROXIMATELY CAUSED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR 12 THE CONSEQUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS RELEASE TO PRIVATE PARTIES, INCLUDING 13 BUT NOT LIMITED TO DAMAGE TO PROPERTY OWNED BY SUCH PARTIES OR INJURY TO 14 PERSONAL HEALTH OR WELFARE.

15 3. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHOULD BE 16 CONSTRUED AS LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF ANY LIABLE PARTY IDENTIFIED IN 17 SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION AS AGAINST ANY PRIVATE PARTY IN A CIVIL 18 ACTION.

19 4. NATURAL RESOURCES LIABILITY. A. IN THE EVENT OF AN INJURY TO, 20 DESTRUCTION OF, OR LOSS OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDI-21 VISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, LIABILITY SHALL BE TO THE STATE OF NEW YORK; 22 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO LIABILITY TO THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL BE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, WHERE THE 23 24 PARTY SOUGHT TO BE CHARGED HAS DEMONSTRATED THAT THE DAMAGES TO NATURAL 25 RESOURCES COMPLAINED OF WERE SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED AS AN IRREVERSIBLE 26 OR IRRETRIEVABLE COMMITMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES IN AN ENVIRONMENTAL 27 IMPACT STATEMENT, OR OTHER COMPARABLE ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS, AND THE 28 DECISION TO GRANT A PERMIT OR LICENSE AUTHORIZES SUCH COMMITMENT OF 29 NATURAL RESOURCES, AND THE FACILITY OR PROJECT WAS OTHERWISE OPERATING WITHIN THE TERMS OF ITS PERMIT OR LICENSE. 30

THE COMMISSIONER, OR ANOTHER REPRESENTATIVE AUTHORIZED BY THE 31 Β. 32 GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK, SHALL ACT ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC AS TRUSTEE OF NATURAL RESOURCES TO RECOVER FOR SUCH DAMAGES. SUMS RECOVERED BY 33 SUCH THE COMMISSIONER AS TRUSTEE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE RETAINED BY 34 TRUSTEE, WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION, FOR USE ONLY TO RESTORE, 35 THE REPLACE, OR ACQUIRE THE EQUIVALENT OF SUCH NATURAL RESOURCES. THE MEAS-36 37 URE OF DAMAGES IN ANY ACTION UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF 38 THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE LIMITED BY THE SUMS WHICH CAN BE USED TO 39 RESTORE OR REPLACE SUCH RESOURCES.

5. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY. A. ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A WELL OR WELLS MUST, BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF OPERATIONS, POST A LIABILITY BOND OR HOLD LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR EACH WELL OWNED OR OPERATED.

43 в. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS THE DEPARTMENT BY REGULATION SHALL 44 45 REQUIRE AND IN SUCH AMOUNT AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEEM TO BE REASONABLY SUFFICIENT TO CORRECT, REPAIR OR REMEDY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE 46 47 DEPARTMENT ANY ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE RESULTING 48 FROM OIL OR GAS EXPLORATION OR PRODUCTION. HOWEVER, FOR WELLS LESS THAN 49 TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET IN DEPTH OR LENGTH, A MINIMUM OF FIVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER WELL WILL BE REQUIRED TO SATISFY 50 THIS SECTION AND FOR WELLS BETWEEN TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET AND SIX 51 THOUSAND FEET IN DEPTH OR LENGTH, TEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER 52 WELL WILL BE REQUIRED. WELLS GREATER THAN SIX THOUSAND FEET IN DEPTH OR 53 54 LENGTH AND FOR WHICH HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUID SHALL BE USED, WILL 55 REQUIRE THAT THE OPERATOR PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL SECURITY OF TWO 56 HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, PROVIDED HOWEVER THE DEPARTMENT MAY

REOUIRE AN ADDITIONAL BOND OR FINANCIAL SECURITY IN AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT 1 2 TO COVER POTENTIAL REMEDIATION COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH CONTAMINATION OF 3 THE ENVIRONMENT. 4 С. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH A OF THIS 5 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE HELD FOR THE DURATION OF OPERATIONS. 6 D. AFTER OPERATIONS HAVE CEASED, ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A WELL OR 7 WELLS SHALL POST A LIABILITY BOND OR HOLD LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR EACH 8 WELL OWNED OR OPERATED. 9 E. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH D OF THIS 10 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS THE DEPARTMENT BY REGULATION SHALL REQUIRE AND IN SUCH AMOUNT AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEEM SUFFICIENT 11 TO 12 CORRECT, REPAIR, OR REMEDY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DEPARTMENT ANY ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE RESULTING FROM MOVEMENT 13 OF 14 ANY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE FROM THE PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED WELL. 15 F. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH D OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE HELD FOR ONE HUNDRED YEARS AFTER THE WELL HAS BEEN 16 17 PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL AFFECT THE REOUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH 18 G. 19 E OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 23-1101 OF THIS ARTICLE. 6. DEFINITION OF NATURAL RESOURCES. "NATURAL RESOURCES" AS USED IN 20 21 THIS SECTION MEANS LAND, FISH, WILDLIFE, BIOTA, AIR, WATER, GROUND 22 WATER, DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES, AND OTHER SUCH RESOURCES BELONGING ΤO, 23 MANAGED BY, HELD IN TRUST BY, APPERTAINING TO, OR OTHERWISE CONTROLLED 24 BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK. 25 S 10. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new 26 section 23-0505 to read as follows: 27 S 23-0505. OIL AND GAS FACILITY LOCATION REQUIREMENTS. 28 MINIMUM SETBACKS. NO OIL AND GAS FACILITY, WELL-BORE, PIPELINE, OR 1. STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREA FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN 29 OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN TWO THOUSAND FEET OF ANY 30 SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER WELL, HOME OR PRIVATE RESIDENCE (INCLUDING A 31 32 NURSING HOME), SCHOOL, CHURCH, DAY CARE FACILITY, OR HEALTH CARE FACILI-33 TY. 34 2. SUBSURFACE LANDS. FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS 35 SECTION, THE SETBACKS APPLICABLE TO ANY SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER WELL, HOME OR PRIVATE RESIDENCE (INCLUDING A NURSING HOME), 36 SCHOOL, 37 CHURCH, DAY CARE FACILITY, OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY SHALL ALSO APPLY TO 38 THE LAND DIRECTLY BELOW THOSE AREAS, INCLUDING ANY SUBSURFACE STRATA. 39 3. CONTAMINATION PREVENTION. A. SPILLS, WELL LEAKS, AND CONTAMINANT 40 FLOW FROM TARGETED FORMATION. THE WELL PAD OF ANY OIL OR GAS WELL LOCATED WITHIN ONE-HALF MILE 41 (1) OF ANY SURFACE WATERS MUST BE SURROUNDED BY A PROTECTIVE BERM WITH A 42 43 WATER DETENTION CAPACITY OF AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS. THE 44 DEPARTMENT MAY REQUIRE A PROTECTIVE BERM TO HAVE A DETENTION CAPACITY 45 GREATER THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS IF THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES IT IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT SURFACE WATERS FROM CONTAMINATION. 46 47 (2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE A SITE-SPECIFIC ANALYSIS OF THE 48 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY, AND HYDROGEOLOGY OF ALL PROPOSED OIL AND GAS FACIL-49 ITIES OR PIPELINES. THIS ANALYSIS SHOULD INCLUDE IDENTIFICATION OF ALL 50 POTENTIAL PATHWAYS AND RECEIVING WATERS FOR SPILLS FROM THE SITE TΟ 51 REACH SURFACE WATERS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEVELOPMENT OF GROUNDWATER (3)

52 (3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEVELOPMENT OF GROUNDWATER 53 CONTOUR AND VERTICAL GRADIENT MAPS OF THE GEOLOGICAL FORMATION FROM THE 54 TARGET FORMATION TO THE GROUND SURFACE PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF ANY GAS 55 DRILLING PERMIT.

(4) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS IDENTIFYING TOPOGRAPH-1 ICAL AND GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMIT-2 3 ED TO STEEP SLOPES BETWEEN THE WELL PAD AND SURFACE WATERS; PROXIMITY TO 4 IMPAIRED WATERWAYS IDENTIFIED BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK PURSUANT TΟ 5 303(D) OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT; CONDITIONS THAT WOULD SECTION 6 PERMIT SUDDEN SPILLS TO REACH SURFACE WATERS BEFORE CONTAINMENT IS 7 OR ANY OTHER CONDITIONS THAT WOULD INCREASE THE RISK OF POSSIBLE; 8 SURFACE OR GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION OR FURTHER DEGRADATION THAT REQUIRE 9 SETBACKS LARGER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION 10 OR DENIAL OF A WELL DRILLING PERMIT.

11 AS A CONDITION OF ANY PERMIT GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 23-0501 (5) OF THIS TITLE FOR ANY WELL SUBJECT TO SETBACK REQUIREMENTS, THE DEPART-12 MENT SHALL ESTABLISH SETBACKS SUFFICIENT TO PROTECT HUMAN HEALTH AND THE 13 14 WATERS OF THE STATE.

15 Β. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS. (1) ALL OIL OR GAS WELLS MUST BE EQUIPPED 16 WITH A MONITORING DEVICE OR DEVICES INSTALLED TO DETECT ANY CONTAMINANT MOVEMENT FROM THE OIL OR GAS WELL IN THE DIRECTION OF ANY GROUNDWATER OR 17 18 GROUNDWATER WELL.

19 (2)THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS ESTABLISHING A MONI-20 TORING PROGRAM TO DETECT ANY CONTAMINANT MOVEMENT FROM AN OIL OR GAS 21 FACILITY. THE REGULATIONS SHALL PROVIDE, AT A MINIMUM, THAT: 22

(I) MONITORING SHALL OCCUR NO LESS OFTEN THAN QUARTERLY;

23 (II) GROUNDWATER MONITORING SHALL COMMENCE AT OR NEAR THE PROPOSED WELL SITE AT LEAST THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS BEFORE DRILLING BEGINS 24 25 PROVIDE A WATER QUALITY BASELINE THAT ACCOUNTS FOR SEASONAL CHANGES ΤO 26 IN WATER OUALITY;

27 (III) MONITORING SHALL CONTINUE FOR THE DURATION OF OPERATIONS UNTIL 28 YEARS AFTER OPERATIONS HAVE CEASED OR THE OIL AND GAS WELL HAS FIFTY 29 BEEN PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED;

(IV) THE MONITORING DEVICE OR DEVICES USED TO DETECT CONTAMINANT MOVE-30 MENT SHALL REFLECT THE BEST TECHNOLOGY AVAILABLE FOR SUCH MONITORING; 31

32 (V) MONITORING SHALL BE CONDUCTED FOR ONE OR MORE ACTUAL CONSTITUENTS 33 OF DRILLING AND FRACTURING FLUIDS USED AT EACH PROXIMATE SITE; AND

34 (VI) SCREEN LENGTHS, MONITORING WELL DENSITY AND MONITORED AOUIFERS 35 SHALL BE BASED UPON A CONCEPTUAL FLOW MODEL, DEVELOPED ON THE BASIS OF ALL AVAILABLE OR NEW DATA, AS APPROPRIATE, TO DETECT A LEAK OR MIGRATION 36 ANY CONTAMINATION SO AS TO MAXIMIZE THE POSSIBILITY OF DETECTION 37 OF 38 PRIOR TO CONTAMINATION OF ANY DRINKING WATER SOURCE.

39 S 11. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding а new 40 section 23-0507 to read as follows:

S 23-0507. EXCLUSION AREAS. 41

THE DEPARTMENT SHALL IDENTIFY SPECIFIC AREAS WITH DETERMINABLE 42 1. 43 BOUNDARIES IN WHICH ANY OIL AND GAS FACILITIES, WELL-BORES, PIPELINES, OR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREAS FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED 44 45 IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS WILL BE PROHIBITED. THESE AREAS SHALL INCLUDE: A. THE AREA AROUND AND INCLUDING THE NEW YORK CITY WATERSHED; 46

47 THE AREA AROUND AND INCLUDING ANY WATER SYSTEM THAT HAS RECEIVED, в. 48 AT ANY POINT IN TIME, A FILTRATION AVOIDANCE DETERMINATION FROM THE 49 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY;

50 C. ANY AREA OVERLYING A SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER;

ANY OTHER AREA IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE 51 D. PROTECTION OF DRINKING WATER RESOURCES; 52

E. ANY AREA IDENTIFIED AS A CRITICAL HABITAT FOR A THREATENED OR 53 54 ENDANGERED SPECIES UNDER SECTION FOUR OF THE FEDERAL ENDANGERED SPECIES 55 ACT (42 U.S.C. S 1533) OR ANY AREA IDENTIFIED AS A "NATURAL HERITAGE 56 AREA" UNDER SECTION 11-0539 OF THIS CHAPTER;

ANY AREA IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS A BIRD CONSERVATION AREA 1 F. 2 OR ANY OTHER CRITICAL BIRD HABITAT FOR THE PROTECTION OF MIGRATORY OR 3 NON-MIGRATORY BIRDS; 4 G. ALL FLOODPLAINS; AND, 5 H. ALL AREAS WITHIN ANY NEW YORK STATE PARK, FOREST PRESERVE, STATE 6 FOREST, WILDLIFE REFUGE, WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA, OR WILDERNESS AREA. 7 2. FOR ANY AREAS IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPH A OR B OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF 8 THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT SHALL IDENTIFY AN ADDITIONAL AREA AROUND THE PRIMARY DRINKING WATER RESOURCE IN WHICH OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS SHALL BE 9 10 PROHIBITED IN ORDER TO ENSURE ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF SUCH RESOURCE. 3. FOR ANY AREAS IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPHS A, B, C, OR E OF SUBDIVISION 11 THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADD AN ADDITIONAL EXCLUSION 12 ONE OF BUFFER OF NO LESS THAN ONE-HALF MILE IN WHICH ANY OIL AND GAS FACILI-13 14 TIES, WELL-BORES, PIPELINES, OR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREAS FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS WILL BE PROHIBIT-15 16 ED. 17 4. ALL AREAS IDENTIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION AND THE 18 EXCLUSION BUFFER AREAS IDENTIFIED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION 19 SHALL INCLUDE ALL THE LAND LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW THOSE AREAS, INCLUDING ALL LEVELS OF SUBSURFACE STRATA. 20 21 5. THE DEPARTMENT MAY ALSO IDENTIFY ANY OTHER EXCLUSION AREA FOR THE 22 PROTECTION OF ANY NATURAL RESOURCE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 23-0317 OF THIS ARTICLE OR FOR THE HEALTH, SAFETY, OR GENERAL 23 WELFARE OF ANY CITIZEN, RESIDENT, OR VISITOR IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK. 24 25 12. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new S 26 section 23-0509 to read as follows: 27 S 23-0509. PROHIBITION ON WASTE STORAGE PITS OR IMPOUNDMENTS. PITS AND OTHER IMPOUNDMENTS, WHETHER OR NOT LINED, SHALL NOT 28 ΒE USED FOR ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE COLLECTION OR STORAGE OF ANY OIL OR GAS EXPLORA-29 TION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO 30 DRILLING FLUIDS AND CUTTINGS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLOWBACK, 31 PRODUCED 32 WATER, AND RESIDUAL SLUDGES OR BRINES REMAINING AFTER ON-SITE TREATMENT 33 OF OIL OR GAS WASTES FOR REUSE OR RECYCLING. ALL OIL OR GAS EXPLORATION, 34 STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES SHALL BE COLLECTED AND STORED AND RETRIEVABLE AT ALL TIMES IN CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEMS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL 35 PROMULGATE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEMS FOR OIL 36 AND GAS 37 WASTE COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND RETRIEVAL. 38 13. Section 23-1903 of the environmental conservation law, as S amended by section 1 of part R1 of chapter 62 of the laws of 39 2003, is 40 amended to read as follows: S 23-1903. Imposition of oil, gas and solution mining regulation and 41 reclamation fees. 42 43 1. When a permit is granted to a person by the department pursuant to section 23-0305 of this article to drill a well or when a person 44 45 converts a well to one subject to the oil, gas and solution mining law, 46 such person shall pay to the department: 47 A one hundred dollar fee to be credited to the oil and gas account a. 48 established under chapter fifty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred 49 eighty-two; and 50 b. A fee in accordance with the depth AND LENGTH drilled or expected 51 to be drilled as set forth below: 0- 500ft. - [\$ 501- 1000ft. - [\$ 52 190] \$ 250 380] \$ 500 53 54 1001- 1500ft. - [\$ 570] \$ 750 1501- 2000ft. - [\$ 760] \$1000 55 2001-2500ft. - [\$ 950] \$1250 56

1	2501-	3000ft.	_	[\$1,140]	\$1500
2	3001-	3500ft.	-	[\$1,330]	\$1750
3	3501-	4000ft.	-	[\$1,520]	\$2000
4	4001-	4500ft.	-	[\$1,710]	\$2250
5	4501-	5000ft.	-	[\$1,900]	\$2500
6	5001-	5500ft.	-	[\$2,090]	\$2750
7	5501-	6000ft.	-	[\$2,280]	\$3000
8	6001-	6500ft.	-	[\$2,470]	\$3250
9	6501-	7000ft.	-	[\$2,660]	\$3500
10	7001-	7500ft.	-	[\$2,850]	\$3750
11	7501-	8000ft.	-	[\$3,040]	\$4000
12	8001-	8500ft.	-	[\$3,230]	\$4250
13	8501-	9000ft.	-	[\$3,420]	\$4500
14	9001-	9500ft.	-	[\$3,610]	\$4750
15	9501-1	L0,000ft	. –	[\$3,800]	\$5000
16	077070			[000 59]	9 E 0 0 0

over 10,000ft.- [\$3,800] \$5000 plus [\$190] \$250 for each incremental 16 500 feet of depth OR LENGTH over 10,000 feet. 17

18 A person who has paid the fees described shall not be required to pay 19 additional fee for a well conversion. The fee for well deepening any permits pertaining to wells for which a well drilling permit was issued 20 21 after August twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred eighty-one, shall be calcu-22 lated on the basis of the additional depth OR LENGTH drilled.

23 In the event the actual depth drilled exceeds the depth expected to be 24 drilled, an additional amount shall be paid such that the total fee paid 25 shall be in accordance with the schedule set forth in this paragraph. 26 2. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REVIEW THE FEE SCHEDULES SET FORTH IN THIS

27 SECTION SEPTEMBER FIRST EACH YEAR. THE FIGURES WILL BE PRIOR ТО OF 28 ADJUSTED UP OR DOWN ANNUALLY BY THE PREVIOUS TWELVE MONTH INFLATION 29 FACTOR. THE INFLATION FACTOR IS BASED UPON THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT 30 OF LABOR, BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS DATA PUBLISHED IN THE MONTHLY CPI 31 THE DATA WILL BE TAKEN FROM THE MOST RECENT REPORT DETAILED REPORT. 32 AVAILABLE ON JULY FIRST OF EACH YEAR AND THE ACTUAL PERCENTAGE USED WILL 33 BE THE PAST YEAR PERCENT CHANGE FOR THE U.S. CITY AVERAGE, ALL ITEMS, 34 ALL URBAN CONSUMERS.

35 Upon requesting from the department any determination under the 3. 36 Natural Gas Policy Act, such person shall pay a [fifty] ONE HUNDRED 37 dollar fee per well for each such determination.

38 S 14. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by 39 adding a new title 29 to read as follows: 40

TITLE 29

## CITIZEN SUITS

SECTION 23-2901. ACTIONS TO ENFORCE LAWS 42 ON POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR 43 DESTRUCTION OF OR TO PROTECT ENVIRON-ENVIRONMENT, 44 MENT; DISMISSAL OF FRIVOLOUS ACTIONS.

45 S 23-2901. ACTIONS ΤO ENFORCE LAWS ON POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT; 46 DESTRUCTION OF ENVIRONMENT, OR 47 DISMISSAL OF FRIVOLOUS ACTIONS.

48 1. ANY PERSON MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION INА COURT OF COMPETENT 49 JURISDICTION AGAINST ANY OTHER PERSON ALLEGED TO BE IN VIOLATION OF ANY 50 STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE WHICH IS DESIGNED TO PREVENT, MINIMIZE 51 CONTROL POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR DESTRUCTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT. THE OR 52 ACTION MAY BE FOR INJUNCTIVE OR OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF TO COMPEL COMPLI-53 ANCE WITH A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE, OR TO ASSESS CIVIL PENAL-54 TIES FOR THE VIOLATION AS PROVIDED BY LAW. THE ACTION MAY BE COMMENCED 55 UPON AN ALLEGATION THAT A PERSON IS IN VIOLATION, EITHER CONTINUOUSLY OR

INTERMITTENTLY, OF A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE, AND THAT THERE IS 1 2 A LIKELIHOOD THAT THE VIOLATION WILL RECUR IN THE FUTURE. 3 EXCEPT IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE THE CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF CONSTI-2. 4 TUTES A VIOLATION OF A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE WHICH ESTAB-5 LISHES A MORE SPECIFIC STANDARD FOR THE CONTROL OF POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT 6 THE ENVIRONMENT, ANY PERSON MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL OR DESTRUCTION OF 7 ACTION IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION FOR DECLARATORY AND EOUI-8 TABLE RELIEF AGAINST ANY OTHER PERSON FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRON-MENT, OR THE INTEREST OF THE PUBLIC THEREIN, FROM POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT 9 10 OR DESTRUCTION OCCURRING IN VIOLATION, EITHER CONTINUOUSLY OR INTERMIT-11 TENTLY, OF THIS ARTICLE. THE COURT MAY, ON THE MOTION OF ANY PARTY, OR ON ITS OWN MOTION, 12 3. DISMISS ANY ACTION BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ACT WHICH ON ITS 13 FACE 14 APPEARS TO BE PATENTLY FRIVOLOUS, HARASSING OR WHOLLY LACKING IN MERIT. 15 S 15. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by 16 adding a new title 31 to read as follows: 17 TITLE 31 18 HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT 19 SECTION 23-3101. PREPARATION OF HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. S 23-3101. PREPARATION OF HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. 20 21 1. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE 22 UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH HAS COMPLETED THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESS-MENT DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS 23 24 ADOPTED REGULATIONS AND IMPLEMENTED ANY MITIGATION MEASURES RECOMMENDED 25 THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. THE PURPOSE OF A HEALTH IMPACT ASSESS-IN 26 MENT IS TO PROVIDE DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE EFFECT OIL AND GAS 27 OPERATIONS ARE LIKELY TO HAVE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, TO IDENTIFY MEASURES 28 THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO MINIMIZE ANY ADVERSE EFFECTS OF SUCH OPER-ATIONS, AND TO SUGGEST ALTERNATIVES TO SUCH AN ACTION SO AS TO FORM THE 29 BASIS FOR A DECISION WHETHER OR NOT TO UNDERTAKE OR APPROVE SUCH ACTIV-30 31 ITIES. 32 2. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL PREPARE, OR CAUSE TO BE PREPARED BY CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE, A COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF OIL 33 34 AND GAS OPERATIONS INVOLVING ANY SHALE FORMATION, INCLUDING ALL OPER-35 ATIONS RELATED AND INCIDENT THERETO, WHICH MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON 36 PUBLIC HEALTH. 37 A. SUCH AN ASSESSMENT SHALL INCLUDE A DETAILED STATEMENT SETTING FORTH 38 THE FOLLOWING: 39 I. A DESCRIPTION OF THE OPERATIONS; 40 II. THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT OF THE OPERATIONS, INCLUDING SHORT-TERM 41 AND LONG-TERM EFFECTS; III. WHETHER AN OPERATION OCCURS IN, OR DISPROPORTIONATELY WILL IMPOSE 42 43 NEGATIVE HEALTH IMPACTS UPON A POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA, AND 44 IF SO, THE IDENTITY OF SUCH AREA; 45 IV. ANY ADVERSE PUBLIC HEALTH EFFECTS THAT CANNOT BE AVOIDED; 46 V. ALTERNATIVES TO THE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS GENERALLY OR ALTERNA-47 TIVES TO ANY ASPECT RELATED OR INCIDENT THERETO WHICH MAY HAVE AN 48 ADVERSE IMPACT ON PUBLIC HEALTH; 49 VI. MITIGATION MEASURES PROPOSED TO MINIMIZE THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT; 50 VII. ANY SUCH OTHER INFORMATION CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THIS 51 ARTICLE AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED IN GUIDELINES ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER. B. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL FIRST ISSUE A DRAFT HEALTH IMPACT 52 ASSESSMENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDI-53 54 VISION. THE DRAFT SHOULD RESEMBLE IN FORM AND CONTENT THE HEALTH IMPACT 55 ASSESSMENT TO BE PREPARED AFTER COMMENTS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED AND CONSID-56 ERED.

3. THE DRAFT ASSESSMENT SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT.

2 A. THE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL SOLICIT COMMENTS 3 FROM THE PUBLIC AND FEDERAL, STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL AGENCIES HAVING 4 AN INTEREST IN THE ASSESSMENT. THE COMMENT PERIOD SHALL LAST NO SHORTER 5 THAN NINETY DAYS.

6 B. THE DRAFT ASSESSMENT SHALL BE POSTED ON THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH'S 7 AND THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITES.

8 4. AFTER THE FILING OF A DRAFT HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT EITHER THE 9 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OR THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT TO 10 CONDUCT A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT OF THE OIL AND GAS 11 OPERATIONS. IF EITHER AGENCY DETERMINES TO HOLD SUCH HEARING, IT SHALL 12 COMMENCE THE HEARING WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF THE FILING UNLESS THE PROPOSED 13 ACTION IS WITHDRAWN FROM CONSIDERATION.

14 5. IF NO HEARING IS HELD, THE AGENCY SHALL PREPARE AND MAKE AVAILABLE 15 THE FINAL HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. THE FINAL ASSESSMENT SHALL INCLUDE 16 COPIES OR A SUMMARY OF THE SUBSTANTIVE COMMENTS RECEIVED BY THE AGENCY 17 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF THIS SECTION, AND THE AGENCY RESPONSE TO 18 SUCH COMMENTS.

19 6. THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOGETHER WITH ALL COMMENTS, SHALL BE 20 FILED WITH THE COMMISSIONER, MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC, AND POSTED ON 21 A PUBLICLY-AVAILABLE INTERNET WEBSITE UPON ISSUANCE.

7. WHEN AN AGENCY DECIDES TO CARRY OUT OR APPROVE AN ACTION WHICH HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF THIS HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT, IT SHALL MAKE AN EXPLICIT FINDING THAT THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION HAVE BEEN MET AND THAT TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE, ADVERSE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACTS REVEALED IN THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS WILL BE MINIMIZED OR AVOIDED.

28 8. WHERE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CONCLUDES OR THE HEALTH IMPACT 29 ASSESSMENT INDICATES THAT THE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS, OR OPERATIONS RELATED OR INCIDENT THERETO, OCCUR IN, OR DISPROPORTIONATELY WILL IMPOSE 30 NEGATIVE HEALTH IMPACTS UPON A POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA, THE 31 32 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL REQUIRE A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESS-MENT. THAT ASSESSMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN 33 SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL MAKE 34 35 REGULATIONS SPECIFYING ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH SHALL APPLY TO SITE SPECIFIC ASSESSMENTS. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF 36 37 THIS ARTICLE IN ANY AREA SUBJECT TO A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT UNTIL THE SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT HAS BEEN 38 COMPLETED AND THE MITIGATION MEASURES SUGGESTED THEREIN HAVE BEEN 39 40 ADOPTED. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MAY REQUIRE A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENTS IN ANY OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES IT DEEMS ADVISABLE. 41

42 S 16. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by 43 adding a new title 33 to read as follows:

44

TITLE 33 AIR OUALITY MONITORING

45 AIR QUALITY MON 46 SECTION 23-3301. AIR QUALITY MONITORING.

47 S 23-3301. AIR QUALITY MONITORING.

48 WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF THE ENACTMENT OF THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT 49 SHALL:

50 1. PREPARE A DRAFT AIR QUALITY TESTING AND MONITORING PLAN FOR ALL 51 AREAS OF CURRENT OR POTENTIAL OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS IN NEW YORK STATE. THE DRAFT PLAN SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PUBLIC REVIEW, INCLUDING BUT NOT 52 LIMITED TO NOTICE AND A COMMENT PERIOD OF AT LEAST THIRTY DAYS. 53 THE 54 DRAFT AND FINAL PLAN SHALL INCORPORATE THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM PROVISIONS: 55 MANDATORY BASELINE TESTING OF AIR QUALITY AND AIR POLLUTANT EMIS-Α. SIONS THROUGHOUT THE OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT REGION OF NEW YORK STATE, 56

3

16

B. DEPLOYMENT OF A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF AIR QUALITY MONITORING DEVICES
WITHIN THE OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT REGION TO ENSURE PROMPT DETECTION OF
ANY VIOLATIONS OF AIR QUALITY STANDARDS;

C. DELINEATION OF OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT SUBREGIONS WITHIN NEW YORK
STATE, BASED ON THE AIRSHEDS FOR EACH REGULATED POLLUTANT EMITTED BY OIL
AND GAS FACILITIES; PREPARATION OF CUMULATIVE IMPACT ANALYSES OF AIR
EMISSIONS IN EACH SUBREGION, INCLUDING EMISSIONS FROM ALL NATURAL GAS
COMPRESSOR STATIONS; AND DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARDS AND REGULATORY PROCEDURES FOR CONTROL OF COMPRESSOR STATION EMISSIONS;

13 D. DEVELOPMENT OF PROCEDURES AND A SCHEDULE FOR THE REGULAR MONITORING 14 AND REPORTING OF AIR QUALITY AND AIR POLLUTANT DENSITY WITHIN EACH OF 15 THE SUBREGIONS;

E. MANDATORY POSTING OF SUCH REPORTS ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE;

17 F. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES FOR APPROPRIATE RESPONSES, INCLUDING 18 EMERGENCY RESPONSES, TO VIOLATIONS OF AIR QUALITY STANDARDS.

19 2. IN THE FINAL AIR QUALITY TESTING AND MONITORING PLAN, THE DEPART-20 MENT SHALL RESPOND TO ALL SUBSTANTIVE COMMENTS TIMELY SUBMITTED ON THE 21 DRAFT PLAN.

22 3. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE 23 UNTIL THIRTY DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE FINAL PLAN IS PUBLISHED IN THE 24 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTICE BULLETIN.

4. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE, IF AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE PERMITTED OPERATION WOULD CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO A VIOLATION OF ANY AIR QUALITY STANDARD.

28 S 17. Section 27-0903 of the environmental conservation law is amended 29 by adding a new subdivision 4 to read as follows:

UNIFORM TREATMENT OF WASTE. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW OR REGU-30 4. LATION TO THE CONTRARY, ALL WASTE RESULTING FROM THE EXPLORATION, DEVEL-31 32 OPMENT, EXTRACTION OR PRODUCTION OF CRUDE OIL OR NATURAL GAS, INCLUDING 33 BUT NOT LIMITED TO DRILLING FLUIDS AND PRODUCED WATERS, SHALL BE CONSID-34 ERED HAZARDOUS WASTE UNDER THE LAW OF THIS STATE AND SUBJECT TO ALL PERTINENT GENERATION, TRANSPORTATION, TREATMENT, STORAGE, 35 AND DISPOSAL LAWS REGULATIONS, IF SUCH WASTE MEETS THE DEFINITION OF HAZARDOUS 36 AND 37 WASTE SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 27-0901 OF THIS CHAPTER. 38 WITHIN SIX MONTHS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE 39 DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE ALL NECESSARY CHANGES TO BRING ITS REGULATIONS 40 INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION.

41 S 18. The opening paragraph of paragraph f of subdivision 1 and 42 subdivision 6 of section 15-1503 of the environmental conservation law, 43 the opening paragraph of paragraph f of subdivision 1 as amended and 44 subdivision 6 as added by chapter 401 of the laws of 2011, are amended 45 to read as follows:

46 a description of the applicant's proposed near term and long range 47 water conservation program that [incorporates] MUST COMPLY WITH environ-48 mentally sound and economically feasible water conservation measures, 49 including implementation and enforcement procedures, effectiveness to 50 date and any planned modifications for the future. For a public water 51 supply system, the water conservation program may include but need not 52 be limited to:

53 6. A new permit for a water withdrawal system and any subsequent 54 renewal thereof shall be valid for a period of time not to exceed [ten] 55 FIVE years from the date of issuance. A new permit or permit modifica-

1	tion must be obtained from the department prior to any transfer or
2	change of ownership of a water withdrawal system.
3	S 19. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
4	section 15-1531 to read as follows:
5	S 15-1531. REPORTING.
6	THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
7	SECTION, AND THEREAFTER AS OFTEN AS THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS APPROPRIATE,
8	REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE LEGISLATURE ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS
9	TITLE. THE REPORT MAY INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO RECOMMENDATIONS
10	FOR MODIFICATIONS TO THIS TITLE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MODIFICA-
11	TIONS TO THE THRESHOLD VOLUME PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE FOR PARTICULAR
12	WATER SOURCES, WATERSHEDS, WATER BODIES OR REGIONS, WHERE THE DEPARTMENT
13	HAS DETERMINED THAT SUCH WATER SOURCES, WATERSHEDS, WATER BODIES OR
14	REGIONS ARE IN NEED OF SPECIAL PROTECTION BECAUSE OF THE NATURE OR
15	VOLUME OF DEMANDS MADE UPON THEM AND A MODIFICATION IS NECESSARY TO
16	PROTECT THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE.
17	S 20. Article 15 of the environmental conservation law is amended by
18	adding a new title 35 to read as follows:
19	TITLE 35
20	WATER USE STANDARDS
21	SECTION 15-3501. WATER USE STANDARDS.
22	S 15-3501. WATER USE STANDARDS.
23	THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADOPT RULES ESTABLISHING WATER USE STANDARDS FOR
23 24	MAINTAINING IN-STREAM FLOWS THAT ARE PROTECTIVE OF AQUATIC LIFE AND
25	OTHER USES AND THAT ESTABLISH CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATING WATERSHEDS MOST
26	AT RISK FROM CUMULATIVE WATER USE. STANDARDS ADOPTED UNDER THIS SECTION
27	MUST BE BASED ON THE NATURAL VARIATION OF FLOWS AND WATER LEVELS, ALLOW-
28	ING FOR VARIANCES IF USE WILL STILL BE PROTECTIVE OF WATER QUALITY WITH-
20 29	ING FOR VARIANCES IF USE WILL STILL BE PROTECTIVE OF WATER QUALITY WITH-
30	S 21. Article 72 of the environmental conservation law is amended by
31	adding a new title 8 to read as follows:
32	TITLE 8
33	WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES
34	SECTION 72-0801. DEFINITIONS.
35	72-0802. WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES.
36	S 72-0801. DEFINITIONS.
37	WHEN USED IN THIS TITLE:
38	1. "AGRICULTURAL PURPOSE" SHALL MEAN THE PRACTICE OF FARMING FOR
30 39	
	CROPS, PLANTS, VINES AND TREES; AND THE KEEPING, GRAZING, OR FEEDING OF LIVESTOCK FOR SALE OF LIVESTOCK OR LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS.
40 41	
41 42	2. "PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSE" SHALL MEAN WATER USE BY A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM.
43	3. "WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM" MEANS THOSE ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPART- MENT AS SPECIFIED IN TITLE FIFTEEN OF ARTICLE FIFTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER
44 45	MENT AS SPECIFIED IN TITLE FIFTEEN OF ARTICLE FIFTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER RELATED TO THE WITHDRAWAL OF WATERS OF THE STATE AND ANY RELATED
45 46	ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.
47	S 72-0802. WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES.
48	1. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE, ALL PERSONS, EXCEPT A
49 50	POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE, OR AN AGENCY, DEPARTMENT, BUREAU,
50 E 1	PUBLIC AUTHORITY OF THE STATE, OR PERSONS MAKING WITHDRAWALS FOR AN
51 52	AGRICULTURAL PURPOSE WHO ARE TO OBTAIN A PERMIT PURSUANT TO THE WATER
52 52	SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM SHALL SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO THE DEPARTMENT A FEE, FOR
53 E4	EACH WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM, IN AN AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:
54 55	A. FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF LESS
55 56	THAN ONE MILLION GALLONS PER DAY, USED PRIMARILY FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
56	PURPOSES;

ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH 1 Β. 2 A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN ONE MILLION AND NINE MILLION NINE HUNDRED NINETY-3 THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, USED PRIMARILY NINE FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

5 C. TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A 6 CAPACITY OF TEN MILLION GALLONS PER DAY OR MORE, USED PRIMARILY FOR 7 PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

8 TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A D. CAPACITY OF BETWEEN FIFTY THOUSAND AND NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED 9 10 NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARI-LY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES; 11

E. FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM 12 WITH A 13 CAPACITY OF BETWEEN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND NINE 14 HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES; 15

16 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY F. 17 BETWEEN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND GALLONS AND FOUR HUNDRED OF 18 NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY 19 AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER 20 SUPPLY PURPOSES;

21 G. TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM 22 WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND GALLONS AND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, 23 FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC 24 25 WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

26 H. FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY BETWEEN ONE MILLION AND NINE MILLION NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOU-27 OF SAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND 28 ALL USES 29 WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY 30 PURPOSES;

I. SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM 31 32 WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN TEN MILLION AND FORTY-NINE MILLION NINE 33 HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC 34 35 WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

J. TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY 36 37 OF FIFTY MILLION GALLONS PER DAY OR MORE, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE 38 NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE FEE REQUIRED BY 39 2. 40 SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, THE AMOUNT OF RECLAIMED WASTEWATER, WHICH A PERSON WITHDRAWS FOR REUSE, SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL 41 42 CAPACITY OF THE WATER WITHDRAWAL.

43 3. ALL FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE PAID INTO THE 44 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TO THE CREDIT OF THE 45 ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ACCOUNT.

S 22. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that section 46 47 twenty of this act shall take effect upon the completion of rule-making required in subdivision 2 of section 15-1501 of the environmental 48 49 conservation law and provided that the commissioner of the department of 50 environmental conservation shall notify the legislative bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of the enactment of the rules required 51 under subdivision 2 of section 15-1501 of the environmental conservation 52 law in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely 53 54 effective data base of the official text of the laws of the state of New 55 York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law. 56