

4959

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

I N A S S E M B L Y

February 9, 2015

Introduced by M. of A. SIMOTAS, COLTON, AUBRY, SCARBOROUGH, MARKEY, ENGLEBRIGHT, BRAUNSTEIN, DenDEKKER, BRINDISI, MORELLE, JAFFEE, PERRY, CLARK, COOK, ROBERTS, HOOPER, WEPRIN, SANTABARBARA, SKOUFIS, ROZIC, HEVESI, QUART, LIFTON, GJONAJ, OTIS, SEPULVEDA, McDONALD, MOSLEY -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ARROYO, BRENNAN, BUCHWALD, CORWIN, DUPREY, FINCH, FITZPATRICK, GALEF, GLICK, GOODELL, HIKIND, LUPARDO, MALLIOTAKIS, McDONOUGH, MONTESANO, PEOPLES-STOKES, RA, ROBINSON, SCHIMMEL, WALTER -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law, the criminal procedure law, the correction law, the social services law, the vehicle and traffic law, the family court act, the civil rights law, the civil practice law and rules, the agriculture and markets law and the judiciary law, in relation to sex offenses; and to repeal certain provisions of the penal law relating thereto

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section 1. Sections 130.40, 130.45 and 130.50 of the penal law are  
2 REPEALED.
- 3 S 2. Subdivision 1 of section 130.00 of the penal law is amended to  
4 read as follows:
- 5 1. "Sexual intercourse" [has its ordinary meaning and occurs upon any  
6 penetration, however slight] MEANS CONDUCT BETWEEN PERSONS CONSISTING OF  
7 CONTACT BETWEEN THE PENIS AND THE VAGINA OR VULVA.
- 8 S 3. Section 130.25 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the  
9 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 S 130.25 Rape in the third degree.
- 11 A person is guilty of rape in the third degree when:
- 12 1. He or she engages in sexual intercourse with another person who is  
13 incapable of consent by reason of some factor other than being less than  
14 seventeen years old;

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

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1 2. HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL SEXUAL CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT  
2 WITH ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS INCAPABLE OF CONSENT BY REASON OF SOME FACTOR  
3 OTHER THAN BEING LESS THAN SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD;

4 3. Being twenty-one years old or more, he or she engages in sexual  
5 intercourse with another person less than seventeen years old; [or

6 3.] 4. BEING TWENTY-ONE YEARS OLD OR MORE, HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL  
7 SEXUAL CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT WITH ANOTHER PERSON LESS THAN  
8 SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD;

9 5. He or she engages in sexual intercourse with another person without  
10 such person's consent where such lack of consent is by reason of some  
11 factor other than incapacity to consent[.]; OR

12 6. HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL SEXUAL CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT  
13 WITH ANOTHER PERSON WITHOUT SUCH PERSON'S CONSENT WHERE SUCH LACK OF  
14 CONSENT IS BY REASON OF SOME FACTOR OTHER THAN INCAPACITY TO CONSENT.

15 Rape in the third degree is a class E felony.

16 S 4. Section 130.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the  
17 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

18 S 130.30 Rape in the second degree.

19 A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when:

20 1. being eighteen years old or more, he or she engages in sexual  
21 intercourse with another person less than fifteen years old; [or]

22 2. BEING EIGHTEEN YEARS OLD OR MORE, HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL SEXUAL  
23 CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT WITH ANOTHER PERSON LESS THAN FIFTEEN  
24 YEARS OLD;

25 3. he or she engages in sexual intercourse with another person who is  
26 incapable of consent by reason of being mentally disabled or mentally  
27 incapacitated[.] ; OR

28 4. HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL SEXUAL CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT  
29 WITH ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS INCAPABLE OF CONSENT BY REASON OF BEING  
30 MENTALLY DISABLED OR MENTALLY INCAPACITATED.

31 It shall be an affirmative defense to the crime of rape in the second  
32 degree as defined in [subdivision] SUBDIVISIONS one AND TWO of this  
33 section that the defendant was less than four years older than the  
34 victim at the time of the act.

35 Rape in the second degree is a class D felony.

36 S 5. Section 130.35 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 1 of the  
37 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

38 S 130.35 Rape in the first degree.

39 A person is guilty of rape in the first degree when:

40 1. he or she engages in sexual intercourse with another person:

41 [1.] (A) By forcible compulsion; or

42 [2.] (B) Who is incapable of consent by reason of being physically  
43 helpless; or

44 [3.] (C) Who is less than eleven years old; or

45 [4.] (D) Who is less than thirteen years old and the actor is eighteen  
46 years old or more[.]; OR

47 2. HE OR SHE ENGAGES IN ORAL SEXUAL CONDUCT OR ANAL SEXUAL CONDUCT  
48 WITH ANOTHER PERSON:

49 (A) BY FORCIBLE COMPULSION; OR

50 (B) WHO IS INCAPABLE OF CONSENT BY REASON OF BEING PHYSICALLY HELP-  
51 LESS; OR

52 (C) WHO IS LESS THAN ELEVEN YEARS OLD; OR

53 (D) WHO IS LESS THAN THIRTEEN YEARS OLD AND THE ACTOR IS EIGHTEEN  
54 YEARS OLD OR MORE.

55 Rape in the first degree is a class B felony.

1 S 6. Paragraph 2 of subdivision 18 of section 10.00 of the penal law,  
2 as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as  
3 follows:

4 (2) a person fourteen or fifteen years old who is criminally responsi-  
5 ble for acts constituting the crimes defined in subdivisions one and two  
6 of section 125.25 (murder in the second degree) and in subdivision three  
7 of such section provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge  
8 is one for which such person is criminally responsible; section 135.25  
9 (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree);  
10 subdivisions one and two of section 120.10 (assault in the first  
11 degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); [subdivisions one  
12 and] PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE AND PARAGRAPHS (A) AND  
13 (B) OF SUBDIVISION two of section 130.35 (rape in the first degree);  
14 [subdivisions one and two of section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the  
15 first degree);] 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree);  
16 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25  
17 (burglary in the second degree); 150.15 (arson in the second degree);  
18 160.15 (robbery in the first degree); subdivision two of section 160.10  
19 (robbery in the second degree) of this chapter; or section 265.03 of  
20 this chapter, where such machine gun or such firearm is possessed on  
21 school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of  
22 section 220.00 of this chapter; or defined in this chapter as an attempt  
23 to commit murder in the second degree or kidnapping in the first degree,  
24 or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursu-  
25 ant to section 130.91 of [the penal law] THIS CHAPTER.

26 S 7. Subdivision 2 of section 30.00 of the penal law, as amended by  
27 chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

28 2. A person thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age is criminally  
29 responsible for acts constituting murder in the second degree as defined  
30 in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 and in subdivision three  
31 of such section provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge  
32 is one for which such person is criminally responsible or for such  
33 conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to  
34 section 130.91 [of the penal law]; and a person fourteen or fifteen  
35 years of age is criminally responsible for acts constituting the crimes  
36 defined in section 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); 150.20  
37 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and two of section 120.10  
38 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in the first  
39 degree); [subdivisions one and] PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBDIVISION  
40 ONE AND PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBDIVISION two of section 130.35  
41 (rape in the first degree); [subdivisions one and two of section 130.50  
42 (criminal sexual act in the first degree);] 130.70 (aggravated sexual  
43 abuse in the first degree);] 140.30 (burglary in the first degree);  
44 subdivision one of section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree);  
45 150.15 (arson in the second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the first  
46 degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 (robbery in the second  
47 degree) of this chapter; or section 265.03 of this chapter, where such  
48 machine gun or such firearm is possessed on school grounds, as that  
49 phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of this  
50 chapter; or defined in this chapter as an attempt to commit murder in  
51 the second degree or kidnapping in the first degree, or for such conduct  
52 as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section  
53 130.91 of [the penal law] THIS CHAPTER.

54 S 8. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 35.15 of the penal law,  
55 as amended by chapter 511 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as  
56 follows:

1 (b) He or she reasonably believes that such other person is committing  
2 or attempting to commit a kidnapping, forcible rape, [forcible criminal  
3 sexual act] FORCIBLE AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ABUSE, or robbery; or

4 S 9. The opening paragraph of subdivision 3 of section 125.25 of the  
5 penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to  
6 read as follows:

7 Acting either alone or with one or more other persons, he commits or  
8 attempts to commit robbery, burglary, kidnapping, arson, rape in the  
9 first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] sexual abuse in  
10 the first degree, aggravated sexual abuse, escape in the first degree,  
11 or escape in the second degree, and, in the course of and in furtherance  
12 of such crime or of immediate flight therefrom, he, or another partic-  
13 ipant, if there be any, causes the death of a person other than one of  
14 the participants; except that in any prosecution under this subdivision,  
15 in which the defendant was not the only participant in the underlying  
16 crime, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant:

17 S 10. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subdivision 1 of section 70.02 of the  
18 penal law, paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006  
19 and paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 1 of the laws of 2013, are  
20 amended to read as follows:

21 (a) Class B violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit the class  
22 A-I felonies of murder in the second degree as defined in section  
23 125.25, kidnapping in the first degree as defined in section 135.25, and  
24 arson in the first degree as defined in section 150.20; manslaughter in  
25 the first degree as defined in section 125.20, aggravated manslaughter  
26 in the first degree as defined in section 125.22, rape in the first  
27 degree as defined in section 130.35, [criminal sexual act in the first  
28 degree as defined in section 130.50,] aggravated sexual abuse in the  
29 first degree as defined in section 130.70, course of sexual conduct  
30 against a child in the first degree as defined in section 130.75;  
31 assault in the first degree as defined in section 120.10, kidnapping in  
32 the second degree as defined in section 135.20, burglary in the first  
33 degree as defined in section 140.30, arson in the second degree as  
34 defined in section 150.15, robbery in the first degree as defined in  
35 section 160.15, incest in the first degree as defined in section 255.27,  
36 criminal possession of a weapon in the first degree as defined in  
37 section 265.04, criminal use of a firearm in the first degree as defined  
38 in section 265.09, criminal sale of a firearm in the first degree as  
39 defined in section 265.13, aggravated assault upon a police officer or a  
40 peace officer as defined in section 120.11, gang assault in the first  
41 degree as defined in section 120.07, intimidating a victim or witness in  
42 the first degree as defined in section 215.17, hindering prosecution of  
43 terrorism in the first degree as defined in section 490.35, criminal  
44 possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the second  
45 degree as defined in section 490.40, and criminal use of a chemical  
46 weapon or biological weapon in the third degree as defined in section  
47 490.47.

48 (c) Class D violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the  
49 class C felonies set forth in paragraph (b); reckless assault of a child  
50 as defined in section 120.02, assault in the second degree as defined in  
51 section 120.05, menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in  
52 section 120.18, stalking in the first degree, as defined in subdivision  
53 one of section 120.60, strangulation in the second degree as defined in  
54 section 121.12, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30,  
55 [criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in section 130.45,]  
56 sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65, course of

1 sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as defined in  
2 section 130.80, aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined  
3 in section 130.66, facilitating a sex offense with a controlled  
4 substance as defined in section 130.90, criminal possession of a weapon  
5 in the third degree as defined in subdivision five, six, seven, eight,  
6 nine or ten of section 265.02, criminal sale of a firearm in the third  
7 degree as defined in section 265.11, intimidating a victim or witness in  
8 the second degree as defined in section 215.16, soliciting or providing  
9 support for an act of terrorism in the second degree as defined in  
10 section 490.10, and making a terroristic threat as defined in section  
11 490.20, falsely reporting an incident in the first degree as defined in  
12 section 240.60, placing a false bomb or hazardous substance in the first  
13 degree as defined in section 240.62, placing a false bomb or hazardous  
14 substance in a sports stadium or arena, mass transportation facility or  
15 enclosed shopping mall as defined in section 240.63, [and] OR aggravated  
16 unpermitted use of indoor pyrotechnics in the first degree as defined in  
17 section 405.18.

18 S 11. Paragraph b of subdivision 5 of section 120.40 of the penal law,  
19 as amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as  
20 follows:

21 b. a crime defined in section 130.20, 130.25, 130.30, [130.40,  
22 130.45,] 130.55, 130.60, 130.70, 255.25, 255.26 or 255.27;

23 S 12. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 and paragraph (h) of subdivision  
24 3 of section 130.05 of the penal law, paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 as  
25 amended by chapter 40 of the laws of 2004 and paragraph (h) of subdivi-  
26 sion 3 as amended by section 2 of part G of chapter 501 of the laws of  
27 2012, are amended to read as follows:

28 (d) Where the offense charged is rape in the third degree as defined  
29 in [subdivision three] SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX of section 130.25, [or  
30 criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in subdivision three  
31 of section 130.40,] in addition to forcible compulsion, circumstances  
32 under which, at the time of the act of intercourse, oral sexual conduct  
33 or anal sexual conduct, the victim clearly expressed that he or she did  
34 not consent to engage in such act, and a reasonable person in the  
35 actor's situation would have understood such person's words and acts as  
36 an expression of lack of consent to such act under all the circum-  
37 stances.

38 (h) a client or patient and the actor is a health care provider or  
39 mental health care provider charged with rape in the third degree as  
40 defined in section 130.25, [criminal sexual act in the third degree as  
41 defined in section 130.40,] aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree  
42 as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the third degree as  
43 defined in section 130.55, and the act of sexual conduct occurs during a  
44 treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination; or

45 S 13. The opening paragraph of subdivision 3 of section 125.25 of the  
46 penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to  
47 read as follows:

48 Acting either alone or with one or more other persons, he commits or  
49 attempts to commit robbery, burglary, kidnapping, arson, rape in the  
50 first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree], sexual abuse in  
51 the first degree, aggravated sexual abuse, escape in the first degree,  
52 or escape in the second degree, and, in the course of and in furtherance  
53 of such crime or of immediate flight therefrom, he, or another partic-  
54 ipant, if there be any, causes the death of a person other than one of  
55 the participants; except that in any prosecution under this subdivision,

1 in which the defendant was not the only participant in the underlying  
2 crime, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant:

3 S 14. Subdivision 5 of section 125.25 of the penal law, as amended by  
4 chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

5 5. Being eighteen years old or more, while in the course of committing  
6 rape in the first, second or third degree, [criminal sexual act in the  
7 first, second or third degree,] sexual abuse in the first degree, aggra-  
8 vated sexual abuse in the first, second, third or fourth degree, or  
9 incest in the first, second or third degree, against a person less than  
10 fourteen years old, he or she intentionally causes the death of such  
11 person.

12 S 15. Subparagraph (vii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section  
13 125.27 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003,  
14 is amended to read as follows:

15 (vii) the victim was killed while the defendant was in the course of  
16 committing or attempting to commit and in furtherance of robbery,  
17 burglary in the first degree or second degree, kidnapping in the first  
18 degree, arson in the first degree or second degree, rape in the first  
19 degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] sexual abuse in the  
20 first degree, aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree or escape in  
21 the first degree, or in the course of and furtherance of immediate  
22 flight after committing or attempting to commit any such crime or in the  
23 course of and furtherance of immediate flight after attempting to commit  
24 the crime of murder in the second degree; provided however, the victim  
25 is not a participant in one of the aforementioned crimes and, provided  
26 further that, unless the defendant's criminal liability under this  
27 subparagraph is based upon the defendant having commanded another person  
28 to cause the death of the victim or intended victim pursuant to section  
29 20.00 of this chapter, this subparagraph shall not apply where the  
30 defendant's criminal liability is based upon the conduct of another  
31 pursuant to section 20.00 of this chapter; or

32 S 16. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 of section 130.05 of the penal  
33 law, as amended by chapter 40 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as  
34 follows:

35 (d) Where the offense charged is rape in the third degree as defined  
36 in [subdivision three] SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX of section 130.25, [or  
37 criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in subdivision three  
38 of section 130.40,] in addition to forcible compulsion, circumstances  
39 under which, at the time of the act of intercourse, oral sexual conduct  
40 or anal sexual conduct, the victim clearly expressed that he or she did  
41 not consent to engage in such act, and a reasonable person in the  
42 actor's situation would have understood such person's words and acts as  
43 an expression of lack of consent to such act under all the circum-  
44 stances.

45 S 17. Paragraph (h) of subdivision 3 of section 130.05 of the penal  
46 law, as amended by section 2 of part G of chapter 501 of the laws of  
47 2012, is amended to read as follows:

48 (h) a client or patient and the actor is a health care provider or  
49 mental health care provider charged with rape in the third degree as  
50 defined in section 130.25, [criminal sexual act in the third degree as  
51 defined in section 130.40,] aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree  
52 as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the third degree as  
53 defined in section 130.55, and the act of sexual conduct occurs during a  
54 treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination; or

55 S 18. Subdivision 3 of section 130.10 of the penal law, as amended by  
56 chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

1 3. In any prosecution for the crime of rape in the third degree as  
2 defined in section 130.25, [criminal sexual act in the third degree as  
3 defined in section 130.40,] aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree  
4 as defined in section 130.65-a, or sexual abuse in the third degree as  
5 defined in section 130.55 in which incapacity to consent is based on the  
6 circumstances set forth in paragraph (h) of subdivision three of section  
7 130.05 of this article it shall be an affirmative defense that the  
8 client or patient consented to such conduct charged after having been  
9 expressly advised by the health care or mental health care provider that  
10 such conduct was not performed for a valid medical purpose.

11 S 19. The opening paragraph and subdivision 2 of section 130.95 of the  
12 penal law, as added by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006, are amended to  
13 read as follows:

14 A person is guilty of predatory sexual assault when he or she commits  
15 the crime of rape in the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first  
16 degree,] aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexu-  
17 al conduct against a child in the first degree, as defined in this arti-  
18 cle, and when:

19 2. He or she has engaged in conduct constituting the crime of rape in  
20 the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] aggravated  
21 sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexual conduct against a  
22 child in the first degree, as defined in this article, against one or  
23 more additional persons; or

24 S 20. The opening paragraph of section 130.96 of the penal law, as  
25 added by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

26 A person is guilty of predatory sexual assault against a child when,  
27 being eighteen years old or more, he or she commits the crime of rape in  
28 the first degree, [criminal sexual act in the first degree,] aggravated  
29 sexual abuse in the first degree, or course of sexual conduct against a  
30 child in the first degree, as defined in this article, and the victim is  
31 less than thirteen years old.

32 S 21. Subdivision 2 of section 240.75 of the penal law, as added by  
33 section 2 of part D of chapter 491 of the laws of 2012, is amended to  
34 read as follows:

35 2. A "specified offense" is an offense defined in section 120.00  
36 (assault in the third degree); section 120.05 (assault in the second  
37 degree); section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); section 120.13  
38 (menacing in the first degree); section 120.14 (menacing in the second  
39 degree); section 120.15 (menacing in the third degree); section 120.20  
40 (reckless endangerment in the second degree); section 120.25 (reckless  
41 endangerment in the first degree); section 120.45 (stalking in the  
42 fourth degree); section 120.50 (stalking in the third degree); section  
43 120.55 (stalking in the second degree); section 120.60 (stalking in the  
44 first degree); section 121.11 (criminal obstruction of breathing or  
45 blood circulation); section 121.12 (strangulation in the second degree);  
46 section 121.13 (strangulation in the first degree); subdivision one of  
47 section 125.15 (manslaughter in the second degree); subdivision one, two  
48 or four of section 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); section  
49 125.25 (murder in the second degree); section 130.20 (sexual miscon-  
50 duct); SECTION 130.25 (RAPE IN THE THIRD DEGREE); section 130.30 (rape  
51 in the second degree); section 130.35 (rape in the first degree);  
52 [section 130.40 (criminal sexual act in the third degree); section  
53 130.45 (criminal sexual act in the second degree); section 130.50 (crim-  
54 inal sexual act in the first degree);] section 130.52 (forcible touch-  
55 ing); section 130.53 (persistent sexual abuse); section 130.55 (sexual  
56 abuse in the third degree); section 130.60 (sexual abuse in the second

1 degree); section 130.65 (sexual abuse in the first degree); section  
2 130.66 (aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree); section 130.67  
3 (aggravated sexual abuse in the second degree); section 130.70 (aggra-  
4 vated sexual abuse in the first degree); section 130.91 (sexually moti-  
5 vated felony); section 130.95 (predatory sexual assault); section 130.96  
6 (predatory sexual assault against a child); section 135.05 (unlawful  
7 imprisonment in the second degree); section 135.10 (unlawful imprison-  
8 ment in the first degree); section 135.60 (coercion in the second  
9 degree); section 135.65 (coercion in the first degree); section 140.20  
10 (burglary in the third degree); section 140.25 (burglary in the second  
11 degree); section 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); section 145.00  
12 (criminal mischief in the fourth degree); section 145.05 (criminal  
13 mischief in the third degree); section 145.10 (criminal mischief in the  
14 second degree); section 145.12 (criminal mischief in the first degree);  
15 section 145.14 (criminal tampering in the third degree); section 215.50  
16 (criminal contempt in the second degree); section 215.51 (criminal  
17 contempt in the first degree); section 215.52 (aggravated criminal  
18 contempt); section 240.25 (harassment in the first degree); subdivision  
19 one, two or four of section 240.30 (aggravated harassment in the second  
20 degree); aggravated family offense as defined in this section or any  
21 attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses where the  
22 defendant and the person against whom the offense was committed were  
23 members of the same family or household as defined in subdivision one of  
24 section 530.11 of the criminal procedure law.

25 S 22. Section 255.26 of the penal law, as added by chapter 320 of the  
26 laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

27 S 255.26 Incest in the second degree.

28 A person is guilty of incest in the second degree when he or she  
29 commits the crime of rape in the second degree, as defined in section  
30 130.30 of this part, [or criminal sexual act in the second degree, as  
31 defined in section 130.45 of this part,] against a person whom he or she  
32 knows to be related to him or her, whether through marriage or not, as  
33 an ancestor, descendant, brother or sister of either the whole or the  
34 half blood, uncle, aunt, nephew or niece.

35 Incest in the second degree is a class D felony.

36 S 23. Section 255.27 of the penal law, as added by chapter 320 of the  
37 laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

38 S 255.27 Incest in the first degree.

39 A person is guilty of incest in the first degree when he or she  
40 commits the crime of rape in the first degree, as defined in PARAGRAPH  
41 (C) OR (D) OF subdivision [three or four] ONE AND PARAGRAPH (C) OR (D)  
42 OF SUBDIVISION TWO of section 130.35 of this part[, or criminal sexual  
43 act in the first degree, as defined in subdivision three or four of  
44 section 130.50 of this part,] against a person whom he or she knows to  
45 be related to him or her, whether through marriage or not, as an ances-  
46 tor, descendant, brother or sister of either the whole or half blood,  
47 uncle, aunt, nephew or niece.

48 Incest in the first degree is a class B felony.

49 S 24. Subdivision 3 of section 485.05 of the penal law, as amended by  
50 chapter 405 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

51 3. A "specified offense" is an offense defined by any of the following  
52 provisions of this chapter: section 120.00 (assault in the third  
53 degree); section 120.05 (assault in the second degree); section 120.10  
54 (assault in the first degree); section 120.12 (aggravated assault upon a  
55 person less than eleven years old); section 120.13 (menacing in the  
56 first degree); section 120.14 (menacing in the second degree); section



1 120.15 (menacing in the third degree); section 120.20 (reckless endan-  
2 germent in the second degree); section 120.25 (reckless endangerment in  
3 the first degree); section 121.12 (strangulation in the second degree);  
4 section 121.13 (strangulation in the first degree); subdivision one of  
5 section 125.15 (manslaughter in the second degree); subdivision one, two  
6 or four of section 125.20 (manslaughter in the first degree); section  
7 125.25 (murder in the second degree); section 120.45 (stalking in the  
8 fourth degree); section 120.50 (stalking in the third degree); section  
9 120.55 (stalking in the second degree); section 120.60 (stalking in the  
10 first degree); PARAGRAPH (A) OF subdivision one AND PARAGRAPH (A) OF  
11 SUBDIVISION TWO of section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [subdivi-  
12 sion one of section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree);]  
13 subdivision one of section 130.65 (sexual abuse in the first degree);  
14 paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 130.67 (aggravated sexual  
15 abuse in the second degree); paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section  
16 130.70 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree); section 135.05  
17 (unlawful imprisonment in the second degree); section 135.10 (unlawful  
18 imprisonment in the first degree); section 135.20 (kidnapping in the  
19 second degree); section 135.25 (kidnapping in the first degree); section  
20 135.60 (coercion in the second degree); section 135.65 (coercion in the  
21 first degree); section 140.10 (criminal trespass in the third degree);  
22 section 140.15 (criminal trespass in the second degree); section 140.17  
23 (criminal trespass in the first degree); section 140.20 (burglary in the  
24 third degree); section 140.25 (burglary in the second degree); section  
25 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); section 145.00 (criminal mischief  
26 in the fourth degree); section 145.05 (criminal mischief in the third  
27 degree); section 145.10 (criminal mischief in the second degree);  
28 section 145.12 (criminal mischief in the first degree); section 150.05  
29 (arson in the fourth degree); section 150.10 (arson in the third  
30 degree); section 150.15 (arson in the second degree); section 150.20  
31 (arson in the first degree); section 155.25 (petit larceny); section  
32 155.30 (grand larceny in the fourth degree); section 155.35 (grand  
33 larceny in the third degree); section 155.40 (grand larceny in the  
34 second degree); section 155.42 (grand larceny in the first degree);  
35 section 160.05 (robbery in the third degree); section 160.10 (robbery in  
36 the second degree); section 160.15 (robbery in the first degree);  
37 section 240.25 (harassment in the first degree); subdivision one, two or  
38 four of section 240.30 (aggravated harassment in the second degree); or  
39 any attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses.

40 S 25. Subdivision 42 of section 1.20 of the criminal procedure law, as  
41 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

42 42. "Juvenile offender" means (1) a person, thirteen years old who is  
43 criminally responsible for acts constituting murder in the second degree  
44 as defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 of the penal  
45 law, or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized  
46 pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; and (2) a person fourteen  
47 or fifteen years old who is criminally responsible for acts constituting  
48 the crimes defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 (murder  
49 in the second degree) and in subdivision three of such section provided  
50 that the underlying crime for the murder charge is one for which such  
51 person is criminally responsible; section 135.25 (kidnapping in the  
52 first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and  
53 two of section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaught-  
54 er in the first degree); [subdivisions one and] PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B)  
55 OF SUBDIVISION ONE AND PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBDIVISION two of  
56 section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [subdivisions one and two of

1 section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree);] 130.70  
2 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree); 140.30 (burglary in the  
3 first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25 (burglary in the second  
4 degree); 150.15 (arson in the second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the  
5 first degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 (robbery in the second  
6 degree) of the penal law; or section 265.03 of the penal law, where such  
7 machine gun or such firearm is possessed on school grounds, as that  
8 phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of the penal  
9 law; or defined in the penal law as an attempt to commit murder in the  
10 second degree or kidnapping in the first degree, or such conduct as a  
11 sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91  
12 of the penal law.

13 S 26. Intentionally omitted.

14 S 27. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1, the opening paragraph  
15 of subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 140.20 of  
16 the criminal procedure law, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1 as  
17 amended by chapter 324 of the laws of 1988, the opening paragraph of  
18 subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter  
19 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as follows:

20 (a) If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D  
21 felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17,  
22 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law committed in a town, but not in a  
23 village thereof having a village court, and the town court of such town  
24 is not available at the time, the arrested person may be brought before  
25 the local criminal court of any village within such town or, any adjoin-  
26 ing town, village embraced in whole or in part by such adjoining town,  
27 or city of the same county; and

28 (b) If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D  
29 felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17,  
30 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law committed in a village having a  
31 village court and such court is not available at the time, the arrested  
32 person may be brought before the town court of the town embracing such  
33 village or any other village court within such town, or, if such town or  
34 village court is not available either, before the local criminal court  
35 of any adjoining town, village embraced in whole or in part by such  
36 adjoining town, or city of the same county; and

37 If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony  
38 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
39 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before  
40 a local criminal court as provided in subdivision one, and the procedure  
41 may instead be as follows:

42 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-  
43 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
44 215.56 of the penal law, and

45 S 28. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 and the opening paragraph of  
46 subdivision 4 of section 140.27 of the criminal procedure law, as  
47 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as  
48 follows:

49 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-  
50 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
51 215.56 of the penal law and

52 If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony  
53 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
54 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before  
55 a local criminal court as provided in subdivision two, and the procedure  
56 may instead be as follows:

1 S 29. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and the opening paragraph of  
2 subdivision 3 of section 140.40 of the criminal procedure law, as  
3 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, are amended to read as  
4 follows:

5 (a) the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felo-  
6 ny or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
7 215.56 of the penal law and

8 If the arrest is for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony  
9 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
10 215.56 of the penal law, the arrested person need not be brought before  
11 a local criminal court, as provided in subdivision one, and the proce-  
12 dure may instead be as follows:

13 S 30. Section 150.20 of the criminal procedure law, subdivisions 1, 2  
14 and 3 as amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read  
15 as follows:

16 S 150.20 Appearance ticket; when and by whom issuable.

17 1. Whenever a police officer is authorized pursuant to section 140.10  
18 to arrest a person without a warrant for an offense other than a class  
19 A, B, C or D felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10,  
20 205.17, 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law, he may, subject to the  
21 provisions of subdivisions three and four of section 150.40, instead  
22 issue to and serve upon such person an appearance ticket.

23 2. (a) Whenever a police officer has arrested a person without a  
24 warrant for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony or a  
25 violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or 215.56  
26 of the penal law pursuant to section 140.10, or (b) whenever a peace  
27 officer, who is not authorized by law to issue an appearance ticket, has  
28 arrested a person for an offense other than a class A, B, C or D felony  
29 or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19 or  
30 215.56 of the penal law pursuant to section 140.25, and has requested a  
31 police officer to issue and serve upon such arrested person an appear-  
32 ance ticket pursuant to subdivision four of section 140.27, or (c) when-  
33 ever a person has been arrested for an offense other than a class A, B,  
34 C or D felony or a violation of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10,  
35 205.17, 205.19 or 215.56 of the penal law and has been delivered to the  
36 custody of an appropriate police officer pursuant to section 140.40,  
37 such police officer may, instead of bringing such person before a local  
38 criminal court and promptly filing or causing the arresting peace offi-  
39 cer or arresting person to file a local criminal court accusatory  
40 instrument therewith, issue to and serve upon such person an appearance  
41 ticket. The issuance and service of an appearance ticket under such  
42 circumstances may be conditioned upon a deposit of pre-arraignment bail,  
43 as provided in section 150.30.

44 3. A public servant other than a police officer, who is specially  
45 authorized by state law or local law enacted pursuant to the provisions  
46 of the municipal home rule law to issue and serve appearance tickets  
47 with respect to designated offenses other than class A, B, C or D felo-  
48 nies or violations of section 130.25, [130.40,] 205.10, 205.17, 205.19  
49 or 215.56 of the penal law, may in such cases issue and serve upon a  
50 person an appearance ticket when he has reasonable cause to believe that  
51 such person has committed a crime, or has committed a petty offense in  
52 his presence.

53 S 31. Subdivision 4 of section 180.75 of the criminal procedure law,  
54 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as  
55 follows:

1 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions two and three of  
2 this section, a local criminal court shall, at the request of the  
3 district attorney, order removal of an action against a juvenile offen-  
4 der to the family court pursuant to the provisions of article seven  
5 hundred twenty-five of this chapter if, upon consideration of the crite-  
6 ria specified in subdivision two of section 210.43 of this chapter, it  
7 is determined that to do so would be in the interests of justice.  
8 Where, however, the felony complaint charges the juvenile offender with  
9 murder in the second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal  
10 law, rape in the first degree as defined in PARAGRAPH (A) OF subdivision  
11 one OR PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO of section 130.35 of the penal  
12 law, [criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in subdivision  
13 one of section 130.50 of the penal law,] or an armed felony as defined  
14 in paragraph (a) of subdivision forty-one of section 1.20 of this chap-  
15 ter, a determination that such action be removed to the family court  
16 shall, in addition, be based upon a finding of one or more of the  
17 following factors: (i) mitigating circumstances that bear directly upon  
18 the manner in which the crime was committed; or (ii) where the defendant  
19 was not the sole participant in the crime, the defendant's participation  
20 was relatively minor although not so minor as to constitute a defense to  
21 the prosecution; or (iii) possible deficiencies in proof of the crime.

22 S 32. Subdivision (a) of section 190.71 of the criminal procedure law,  
23 as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as  
24 follows:

25 (a) Except as provided in subdivision six of section 200.20 of this  
26 chapter, a grand jury may not indict (i) a person thirteen years of age  
27 for any conduct or crime other than conduct constituting a crime defined  
28 in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25 (murder in the second  
29 degree) or such conduct as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized  
30 pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (ii) a person fourteen or  
31 fifteen years of age for any conduct or crime other than conduct consti-  
32 tuting a crime defined in subdivisions one and two of section 125.25  
33 (murder in the second degree) and in subdivision three of such section  
34 provided that the underlying crime for the murder charge is one for  
35 which such person is criminally responsible; 135.25 (kidnapping in the  
36 first degree); 150.20 (arson in the first degree); subdivisions one and  
37 two of section 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaught-  
38 er in the first degree); [subdivisions one and] PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B)  
39 OF SUBDIVISION ONE AND PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBDIVISION two of  
40 section 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [subdivisions one and two of  
41 section 130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree);] 130.70  
42 (aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree); 140.30 (burglary in the  
43 first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25 (burglary in the second  
44 degree); 150.15 (arson in the second degree); 160.15 (robbery in the  
45 first degree); subdivision two of section 160.10 (robbery in the second  
46 degree) of the penal law; [subdivision four of section 265.02 of the  
47 penal law, where such firearm is possessed on school grounds, as that  
48 phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of the penal  
49 law;] or section 265.03 of the penal law, where such machine gun or such  
50 firearm is possessed on school grounds, as that phrase is defined in  
51 subdivision fourteen of section 220.00 of the penal law; or defined in  
52 the penal law as an attempt to commit murder in the second degree or  
53 kidnapping in the first degree, or such conduct as a sexually motivated  
54 felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law.

1 S 33. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 210.43 of the criminal  
2 procedure law, as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended  
3 to read as follows:

4 (b) with the consent of the district attorney, order removal of an  
5 action involving an indictment charging a juvenile offender with murder  
6 in the second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law; rape  
7 in the first degree, as defined in PARAGRAPH (A) OF subdivision one AND  
8 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO of section 130.35 of the penal law;  
9 [criminal sexual act in the first degree, as defined in subdivision one  
10 of section 130.50 of the penal law;] or an armed felony as defined in  
11 paragraph (a) of subdivision forty-one of section 1.20, to the family  
12 court pursuant to the provisions of article seven hundred twenty-five of  
13 this chapter if the court finds one or more of the following factors:  
14 (i) mitigating circumstances that bear directly upon the manner in which  
15 the crime was committed; (ii) where the defendant was not the sole  
16 participant in the crime, the defendant's participation was relatively  
17 minor although not so minor as to constitute a defense to the prose-  
18 cution; or (iii) possible deficiencies in the proof of the crime, and,  
19 after consideration of the factors set forth in subdivision two of this  
20 section, the court determined that removal of the action to the family  
21 court would be in the interests of justice.

22 S 34. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (g) of subdivision 5 of section  
23 220.10 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 264 of the  
24 laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

25 (iii) Where the indictment does not charge a crime specified in  
26 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the district attorney may recommend  
27 removal of the action to the family court. Upon making such recommenda-  
28 tion the district attorney shall submit a subscribed memorandum setting  
29 forth: (1) a recommendation that the interests of justice would best be  
30 served by removal of the action to the family court; and (2) if the  
31 indictment charges a thirteen year old with the crime of murder in the  
32 second degree, or a fourteen or fifteen year old with the crimes of rape  
33 in the first degree as defined in PARAGRAPH (A) OF subdivision one AND  
34 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO of section 130.35 of the penal law, [or  
35 criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in subdivision one of  
36 section 130.50 of the penal law,] or an armed felony as defined in para-  
37 graph (a) of subdivision forty-one of section 1.20 of this chapter  
38 specific factors, one or more of which reasonably supports the recommen-  
39 dation, showing, (i) mitigating circumstances that bear directly upon  
40 the manner in which the crime was committed, or (ii) where the defendant  
41 was not the sole participant in the crime, that the defendant's partic-  
42 ipation was relatively minor although not so minor as to constitute a  
43 defense to the prosecution, or (iii) possible deficiencies in proof of  
44 the crime, or (iv) where the juvenile offender has no previous adjudi-  
45 cations of having committed a designated felony act, as defined in  
46 subdivision eight of section 301.2 of the family court act, regardless  
47 of the age of the offender at the time of commission of the act, that  
48 the criminal act was not part of a pattern of criminal behavior and, in  
49 view of the history of the offender, is not likely to be repeated.

50 S 35. Subdivision 6 of section 300.50 of the criminal procedure law,  
51 as amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as  
52 follows:

53 6. For purposes of this section, the offenses of rape in the third  
54 degree as defined in [subdivision three] SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX of  
55 section 130.25 of the penal law [and criminal sexual act in the third  
56 degree as defined in subdivision three of section 130.40 of the penal

1 law], are not lesser included offenses of rape in the first degree[,  
2 criminal sexual act in the first degree] or any other offense. Notwith-  
3 standing the foregoing, either such offense may be submitted as a lesser  
4 included offense of the applicable first degree offense when (i) there  
5 is a reasonable view of the evidence which would support a finding that  
6 the defendant committed such lesser offense but did not commit the  
7 greater offense, and (ii) both parties consent to its submission.

8 S 36. Subdivision 6 of section 380.50 of the criminal procedure law,  
9 as amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as  
10 follows:

11 6. Regardless of whether the victim requests to make a statement with  
12 regard to the defendant's sentence, where the defendant is sentenced for  
13 a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or  
14 a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such law or any  
15 of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25, 130.30,  
16 [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred sixty-  
17 three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, subdivision two of section 230.30  
18 or 230.32, the prosecutor shall, within sixty days of the imposition of  
19 sentence, provide the victim with a form on which the victim may indi-  
20 cate a demand to be informed of any petition to change the name of such  
21 defendant. Such forms shall be maintained by such prosecutor. Upon  
22 receipt of a notice of a petition to change the name of any such defend-  
23 ant, pursuant to subdivision two of section sixty-two of the civil  
24 rights law, the prosecutor shall promptly notify the victim at the most  
25 current address or telephone number provided by such victim in the most  
26 reasonable and expedient possible manner of the time and place such  
27 petition will be presented to the court.

28 S 37. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 8 of section 700.05 of the criminal  
29 procedure law, as amended by chapter 405 of the laws of 2010, is amended  
30 to read as follows:

31 (b) Any of the following felonies: assault in the second degree as  
32 defined in section 120.05 of the penal law, assault in the first degree  
33 as defined in section 120.10 of the penal law, reckless endangerment in  
34 the first degree as defined in section 120.25 of the penal law, promot-  
35 ing a suicide attempt as defined in section 120.30 of the penal law,  
36 strangulation in the second degree as defined in section 121.12 of the  
37 penal law, strangulation in the first degree as defined in section  
38 121.13 of the penal law, criminally negligent homicide as defined in  
39 section 125.10 of the penal law, manslaughter in the second degree as  
40 defined in section 125.15 of the penal law, manslaughter in the first  
41 degree as defined in section 125.20 of the penal law, murder in the  
42 second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law, murder in  
43 the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of the penal law, abortion  
44 in the second degree as defined in section 125.40 of the penal law,  
45 abortion in the first degree as defined in section 125.45 of the penal  
46 law, rape in the third degree as defined in section 130.25 of the penal  
47 law, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30 of the penal  
48 law, rape in the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of the penal  
49 law, [criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in section  
50 130.40 of the penal law, criminal sexual act in the second degree as  
51 defined in section 130.45 of the penal law, criminal sexual act in the  
52 first degree as defined in section 130.50 of the penal law,] sexual  
53 abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65 of the penal law,  
54 unlawful imprisonment in the first degree as defined in section 135.10  
55 of the penal law, kidnapping in the second degree as defined in section  
56 135.20 of the penal law, kidnapping in the first degree as defined in

1 section 135.25 of the penal law, labor trafficking as defined in section  
2 135.35 of the penal law, custodial interference in the first degree as  
3 defined in section 135.50 of the penal law, coercion in the first degree  
4 as defined in section 135.65 of the penal law, criminal trespass in the  
5 first degree as defined in section 140.17 of the penal law, burglary in  
6 the third degree as defined in section 140.20 of the penal law, burglary  
7 in the second degree as defined in section 140.25 of the penal law,  
8 burglary in the first degree as defined in section 140.30 of the penal  
9 law, criminal mischief in the third degree as defined in section 145.05  
10 of the penal law, criminal mischief in the second degree as defined in  
11 section 145.10 of the penal law, criminal mischief in the first degree  
12 as defined in section 145.12 of the penal law, criminal tampering in the  
13 first degree as defined in section 145.20 of the penal law, arson in the  
14 fourth degree as defined in section 150.05 of the penal law, arson in  
15 the third degree as defined in section 150.10 of the penal law, arson in  
16 the second degree as defined in section 150.15 of the penal law, arson  
17 in the first degree as defined in section 150.20 of the penal law, grand  
18 larceny in the fourth degree as defined in section 155.30 of the penal  
19 law, grand larceny in the third degree as defined in section 155.35 of  
20 the penal law, grand larceny in the second degree as defined in section  
21 155.40 of the penal law, grand larceny in the first degree as defined in  
22 section 155.42 of the penal law, health care fraud in the fourth degree  
23 as defined in section 177.10 of the penal law, health care fraud in the  
24 third degree as defined in section 177.15 of the penal law, health care  
25 fraud in the second degree as defined in section 177.20 of the penal  
26 law, health care fraud in the first degree as defined in section 177.25  
27 of the penal law, robbery in the third degree as defined in section  
28 160.05 of the penal law, robbery in the second degree as defined in  
29 section 160.10 of the penal law, robbery in the first degree as defined  
30 in section 160.15 of the penal law, unlawful use of secret scientific  
31 material as defined in section 165.07 of the penal law, criminal  
32 possession of stolen property in the fourth degree as defined in section  
33 165.45 of the penal law, criminal possession of stolen property in the  
34 third degree as defined in section 165.50 of the penal law, criminal  
35 possession of stolen property in the second degree as defined by section  
36 165.52 of the penal law, criminal possession of stolen property in the  
37 first degree as defined by section 165.54 of the penal law, trademark  
38 counterfeiting in the second degree as defined in section 165.72 of the  
39 penal law, trademark counterfeiting in the first degree as defined in  
40 section 165.73 of the penal law, forgery in the second degree as defined  
41 in section 170.10 of the penal law, forgery in the first degree as  
42 defined in section 170.15 of the penal law, criminal possession of a  
43 forged instrument in the second degree as defined in section 170.25 of  
44 the penal law, criminal possession of a forged instrument in the first  
45 degree as defined in section 170.30 of the penal law, criminal  
46 possession of forgery devices as defined in section 170.40 of the penal  
47 law, falsifying business records in the first degree as defined in  
48 section 175.10 of the penal law, tampering with public records in the  
49 first degree as defined in section 175.25 of the penal law, offering a  
50 false instrument for filing in the first degree as defined in section  
51 175.35 of the penal law, issuing a false certificate as defined in  
52 section 175.40 of the penal law, criminal diversion of prescription  
53 medications and prescriptions in the second degree as defined in section  
54 178.20 of the penal law, criminal diversion of prescription medications  
55 and prescriptions in the first degree as defined in section 178.25 of  
56 the penal law, residential mortgage fraud in the fourth degree as

1 defined in section 187.10 of the penal law, residential mortgage fraud  
2 in the third degree as defined in section 187.15 of the penal law, resi-  
3 dential mortgage fraud in the second degree as defined in section 187.20  
4 of the penal law, residential mortgage fraud in the first degree as  
5 defined in section 187.25 of the penal law, escape in the second degree  
6 as defined in section 205.10 of the penal law, escape in the first  
7 degree as defined in section 205.15 of the penal law, absconding from  
8 temporary release in the first degree as defined in section 205.17 of  
9 the penal law, promoting prison contraband in the first degree as  
10 defined in section 205.25 of the penal law, hindering prosecution in the  
11 second degree as defined in section 205.60 of the penal law, hindering  
12 prosecution in the first degree as defined in section 205.65 of the  
13 penal law, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal  
14 law, criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in  
15 subdivisions two, three and five of section 265.02 of the penal law,  
16 criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree as defined in  
17 section 265.03 of the penal law, criminal possession of a weapon in the  
18 first degree as defined in section 265.04 of the penal law, manufacture,  
19 transport, disposition and defacement of weapons and dangerous instru-  
20 ments and appliances defined as felonies in subdivisions one, two, and  
21 three of section 265.10 of the penal law, sections 265.11, 265.12 and  
22 265.13 of the penal law, or prohibited use of weapons as defined in  
23 subdivision two of section 265.35 of the penal law, relating to firearms  
24 and other dangerous weapons, or failure to disclose the origin of a  
25 recording in the first degree as defined in section 275.40 of the penal  
26 law;

27 S 38. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 720.10 of the criminal  
28 procedure law, as amended by chapter 316 of the laws of 2006, is amended  
29 to read as follows:

30 (a) the conviction to be replaced by a youthful offender finding is  
31 for (i) a class A-I or class A-II felony, or (ii) an armed felony as  
32 defined in subdivision forty-one of section 1.20, except as provided in  
33 subdivision three, or (iii) rape in the first degree[, criminal sexual  
34 act in the first degree,] or aggravated sexual abuse, except as provided  
35 in subdivision three, or

36 S 39. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and paragraph (a) of subdivision  
37 3 of section 168-a of the correction law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2  
38 as amended by chapter 405 of the laws of 2008 and paragraph (a) of  
39 subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006, are amended  
40 to read as follows:

41 (a) (i) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any  
42 of the provisions of sections 120.70, 130.20, 130.25, 130.30, [130.40,  
43 130.45,] 130.60, 230.34, 250.50, 255.25, 255.26 and 255.27 or article  
44 two hundred sixty-three of the penal law, or section 135.05, 135.10,  
45 135.20 or 135.25 of such law relating to kidnapping offenses, provided  
46 the victim of such kidnapping or related offense is less than seventeen  
47 years old and the offender is not the parent of the victim, or section  
48 230.04, where the person patronized is in fact less than seventeen years  
49 of age, 230.05 or 230.06, or subdivision two of section 230.30, or  
50 section 230.32 or 230.33 of the penal law, or (ii) a conviction of or a  
51 conviction for an attempt to commit any of the provisions of section  
52 235.22 of the penal law, or (iii) a conviction of or a conviction for an  
53 attempt to commit any provisions of the foregoing sections committed or  
54 attempted as a hate crime defined in section 485.05 of the penal law or  
55 as a crime of terrorism defined in section 490.25 of such law or as a  
56 sexually motivated felony defined in section 130.91 of such law; or



1 (a) (i) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any  
2 of the provisions of sections 130.35, [130.50,] 130.65, 130.66, 130.67,  
3 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.95 and 130.96 of the penal law, or (ii) a  
4 conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any of the  
5 provisions of sections 130.53, 130.65-a and 130.90 of the penal law, or  
6 (iii) a conviction of or a conviction for an attempt to commit any  
7 provisions of the foregoing sections committed or attempted as a hate  
8 crime defined in section 485.05 of the penal law or as a crime of  
9 terrorism defined in section 490.25 of such law; or

10 S 40. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a), subparagraphs (i) and (ii)  
11 of paragraph (b) and paragraph (e) of subdivision 8 of section 384-b of  
12 the social services law, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) and subpara-  
13 graph (i) of paragraph (b), as amended by chapter 430 of the laws of  
14 2013, paragraph (e) as added and subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) as  
15 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 1999, are amended to read as  
16 follows:

17 (ii) the child has been found to be an abused child, as defined in  
18 paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the  
19 family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided, however,  
20 the respondent must have committed or knowingly allowed to be committed  
21 a felony sex offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30, 130.35,  
22 [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.95  
23 and 130.96 of the penal law and, for the purposes of this section the  
24 corroboration requirements contained in the penal law shall not apply to  
25 proceedings under this section; or

26 (i) the child has been found to be an abused child, (A) as defined in  
27 paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the  
28 family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; or (B) as defined  
29 in paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of  
30 the family court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided,  
31 however, the respondent must have committed or knowingly allowed to be  
32 committed a felony sex offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30,  
33 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75,  
34 130.80, 130.95 and 130.96 of the penal law; and

35 (ii) (A) the child or another child for whose care such parent is or  
36 has been legally responsible has been previously found, within the five  
37 years immediately preceding the initiation of the proceeding in which  
38 such abuse is found, to be an abused child, as defined in paragraph (i)  
39 or (iii) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the family  
40 court act, as a result of such parent's acts; provided, however, in the  
41 case of a finding of abuse as defined in paragraph (iii) of subdivision  
42 (e) of section ten hundred twelve of the family court act the respondent  
43 must have committed or knowingly allowed to be committed a felony sex  
44 offense as defined in sections 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45,  
45 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75 and 130.80 of the penal law, or  
46 (B) the parent has been convicted of a crime under section 130.25,  
47 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75  
48 or 130.80 of the penal law against the child, a sibling of the child or  
49 another child for whose care such parent is or has been legally respon-  
50 sible, within the five year period immediately preceding the initiation  
51 of the proceeding in which abuse is found; and

52 (e) A determination by the court in accordance with article ten of the  
53 family court act based upon clear and convincing evidence that a child  
54 was abused (A) as defined in paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section  
55 ten hundred twelve of the family court act, as a result of such parent's  
56 acts; or (B) as defined in paragraph (iii) of subdivision (e) of section

1 ten hundred twelve of the family court act, as a result of such parent's  
2 acts; provided, however, the respondent must have committed or knowingly  
3 allowed to be committed a felony sex offense as defined in sections  
4 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65, 130.67,  
5 130.70, 130.75 and 130.80 of the penal law shall establish that the  
6 child was an abused child for the purpose of a determination as required  
7 by subparagraph (i) or (ii) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Such a  
8 determination by the court in accordance with article ten of the family  
9 court act based upon a fair preponderance of evidence shall be admissi-  
10 ble in any proceeding commenced in accordance with this section.

11 S 41. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 4 of section 509-cc of the  
12 vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 400 of the laws of 2011,  
13 are amended to read as follows:

14 (a) The offenses referred to in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of  
15 subdivision one and paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section  
16 that result in permanent disqualification shall include a conviction  
17 under sections 125.12, 125.13, 125.14, 125.15, 125.20, 125.21, 125.22,  
18 125.25, 125.26, 125.27, 130.30, 130.35, [130.45, 130.50,] 130.65,  
19 130.66, 130.67, 130.70, 130.75, 130.80, 130.90, 130.95, 130.96, 135.25,  
20 150.20, 230.30, 230.32, 230.34, 235.22, 263.05, 263.10, 263.11, 263.15,  
21 263.16 of the penal law or an attempt to commit any of the aforesaid  
22 offenses under section 110.00 of the penal law, or any offenses commit-  
23 ted under a former section of the penal law which would constitute  
24 violations of the aforesaid sections of the penal law, or any offenses  
25 committed outside this state which would constitute violations of the  
26 aforesaid sections of the penal law.

27 (b) The offenses referred to in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of  
28 subdivision one and paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this section  
29 that result in permanent disqualification shall include a conviction  
30 under sections 100.13, 105.15, 105.17, 115.08, 120.12, 120.70, 125.10,  
31 125.11, [130.40,] 130.53, 130.60, 130.65-a, 135.20, 160.15, 220.18,  
32 220.21, 220.39, 220.41, 220.43, 220.44, 230.25, 260.00, 265.04 of the  
33 penal law or an attempt to commit any of the aforesaid offenses under  
34 section 110.00 of the penal law, or any offenses committed under a  
35 former section of the penal law which would constitute violations of the  
36 aforesaid sections of the penal law, or any offenses committed outside  
37 this state which would constitute violations of the aforesaid sections  
38 of the penal law.

39 S 42. Subdivision (b) of section 117 of the family court act, as  
40 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

41 (b) For every juvenile delinquency proceeding under article three  
42 involving an allegation of an act committed by a person which, if done  
43 by an adult, would be a crime (i) defined in sections 125.27 (murder in  
44 the first degree); 125.25 (murder in the second degree); 135.25 (kidnap-  
45 ping in the first degree); or 150.20 (arson in the first degree) of the  
46 penal law committed by a person thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of  
47 age; or such conduct committed as a sexually motivated felony, where  
48 authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (ii) defined in  
49 sections 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20 (manslaughter in  
50 the first degree); 130.35 (rape in the first degree); [130.50 (criminal  
51 sexual act in the first degree);] 135.20 (kidnapping in the second  
52 degree), but only where the abduction involved the use or threat of use  
53 of deadly physical force; 150.15 (arson in the second degree); or 160.15  
54 (robbery in the first degree) of the penal law committed by a person  
55 thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age; or such conduct committed as  
56 a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91

1 of the penal law; (iii) defined in the penal law as an attempt to commit  
2 murder in the first or second degree or kidnapping in the first degree  
3 committed by a person thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age; or  
4 such conduct committed as a sexually motivated felony, where authorized  
5 pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law; (iv) defined in section  
6 140.30 (burglary in the first degree); subdivision one of section 140.25  
7 (burglary in the second degree); subdivision two of section 160.10  
8 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law; or section 265.03 of  
9 the penal law, where such machine gun or such firearm is possessed on  
10 school grounds, as that phrase is defined in subdivision fourteen of  
11 section 220.00 of the penal law committed by a person fourteen or  
12 fifteen years of age; or such conduct committed as a sexually motivated  
13 felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91 of the penal law;  
14 (v) defined in section 120.05 (assault in the second degree) or 160.10  
15 (robbery in the second degree) of the penal law committed by a person  
16 fourteen or fifteen years of age but only where there has been a prior  
17 finding by a court that such person has previously committed an act  
18 which, if committed by an adult, would be the crime of assault in the  
19 second degree, robbery in the second degree or any designated felony act  
20 specified in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of this subdivision regardless of  
21 the age of such person at the time of the commission of the prior act;  
22 or (vi) other than a misdemeanor, committed by a person at least seven  
23 but less than sixteen years of age, but only where there has been two  
24 prior findings by the court that such person has committed a prior act  
25 which, if committed by an adult would be a felony:

26 (i) There is hereby established in the family court in the city of New  
27 York at least one "designated felony act part." Such part or parts shall  
28 be held separate from all other proceedings of the court, and shall have  
29 jurisdiction over all proceedings involving such an allegation. All such  
30 proceedings shall be originated in or be transferred to this part from  
31 other parts as they are made known to the court.

32 (ii) Outside the city of New York, all proceedings involving such an  
33 allegation shall have a hearing preference over every other proceeding  
34 in the court, except proceedings under article ten.

35 S 43. Paragraph (ii) of subdivision 8 of section 301.2 of the family  
36 court act, as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2007, is amended to  
37 read as follows:

38 (ii) defined in sections 120.10 (assault in the first degree); 125.20  
39 (manslaughter in the first degree); 130.35 (rape in the first degree);  
40 [130.50 (criminal sexual act in the first degree);] 130.70 (aggravated  
41 sexual abuse in the first degree); 135.20 (kidnapping in the second  
42 degree) but only where the abduction involved the use or threat of use  
43 of deadly physical force; 150.15 (arson in the second degree) or 160.15  
44 (robbery in the first degree) of the penal law committed by a person  
45 thirteen, fourteen or fifteen years of age; or such conduct committed as  
46 a sexually motivated felony, where authorized pursuant to section 130.91  
47 of the penal law;

48 S 44. Subdivision 4 of section 308.1 of the family court act, as  
49 amended by chapter 264 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as  
50 follows:

51 4. The probation service shall not adjust a case in which the child  
52 has allegedly committed a delinquent act which would be a crime defined  
53 in section 120.25, (reckless endangerment in the first degree), [subdi-  
54 vision one of section 125.15, (manslaughter in the second degree),  
55 subdivision] SUBDIVISIONS one AND TWO of section 130.25, (rape in the  
56 third degree), [subdivision one of section 130.40, (criminal sexual act

1 in the third degree),] subdivision one or two of section 130.65, (sexual  
2 abuse in the first degree), section 135.65, (coercion in the first  
3 degree), section 140.20, (burglary in the third degree), section 150.10,  
4 (arson in the third degree), section 160.05, (robbery in the third  
5 degree), subdivision two, three or four of section 265.02, (criminal  
6 possession of a weapon in the third degree), section 265.03, (criminal  
7 possession of a weapon in the second degree), or section 265.04, (crimi-  
8 nal possession of a dangerous weapon in the first degree) of the penal  
9 law where the child has previously had one or more adjustments of a case  
10 in which such child allegedly committed an act which would be a crime  
11 specified in this subdivision unless it has received written approval  
12 from the court and the appropriate presentment agency.

13 S 45. Subdivision (c) of section 1052 of the family court act, as  
14 added by chapter 739 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:

15 (c) Prior to granting an order of disposition pursuant to subdivision  
16 (a) of this section following an adjudication of child abuse, as defined  
17 in paragraph (i) of subdivision (e) of section ten hundred twelve of  
18 this act or a finding of a felony sex offense as defined in sections  
19 130.25, 130.30, 130.35, [130.40, 130.45, 130.50,] 130.65 and 130.70 of  
20 the penal law, the court shall advise the respondent that any subsequent  
21 adjudication of child abuse, as defined in paragraph (i) of subdivision  
22 (e) of section one thousand twelve of this act or any subsequent finding  
23 of a felony sex offense as defined in those sections of the penal law  
24 herein enumerated, arising out of acts of the respondent may result in  
25 the commitment of the guardianship and custody of the child or another  
26 child pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four-b of the social  
27 services law. The order in such cases shall contain a statement that any  
28 subsequent adjudication of child abuse or finding of a felony sex  
29 offense as described herein may result in the commitment of the guardi-  
30 anship and custody of the child, or another child pursuant to section  
31 three hundred eighty-four-b of the social services law.

32 S 46. Subdivision 2 of section 61 of the civil rights law, as amended  
33 by section 54 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011,  
34 is amended to read as follows:

35 2. If the petitioner stands convicted of a violent felony offense as  
36 defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or a felony defined in article  
37 one hundred twenty-five of such law or any of the following provisions  
38 of such law sections 130.25, 130.30, [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26,  
39 255.27, article two hundred sixty-three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06,  
40 subdivision two of section 230.30 or 230.32, and is currently confined  
41 as an inmate in any correctional facility or currently under the super-  
42 vision of the department of corrections and community supervision or a  
43 county probation department as a result of such conviction, the petition  
44 shall for each such conviction specify such felony conviction, the date  
45 of such conviction or convictions, and the court in which such  
46 conviction or convictions were entered.

47 S 47. Subdivision 2 of section 62 of the civil rights law, as amended  
48 by section 55 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011,  
49 is amended to read as follows:

50 2. If the petition be to change the name of a person currently  
51 confined as an inmate in any correctional facility or currently under  
52 the supervision of the department of corrections and community super-  
53 vision or a county probation department as a result of a conviction for  
54 a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or  
55 a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such law or any  
56 of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25, 130.30,

1 [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred sixty-  
2 three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, subdivision two of section 230.30  
3 or 230.32, notice of the time and place when and where the petition will  
4 be presented shall be served, in like manner as a notice of a motion  
5 upon an attorney in an action, upon the district attorney of every coun-  
6 ty in which such person has been convicted of such felony and upon the  
7 court or courts in which the sentence for such felony was entered.  
8 Unless a shorter period of time is ordered by the court, said notice  
9 shall be served upon each such district attorney and court or courts not  
10 less than sixty days prior to the date on which such petition is noticed  
11 to be heard.

12 S 48. The closing paragraph of section 64 of the civil rights law, as  
13 separately amended by chapters 258, 320 and 481 of the laws of 2006, is  
14 amended to read as follows:

15 Upon compliance with the order and the filing of the affidavit of the  
16 publication, as provided in this section, the clerk of the court in  
17 which the order has been entered shall certify that the order has been  
18 complied with; and, if the petition states that the petitioner stands  
19 convicted of a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the  
20 penal law or a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such  
21 law or any of the following provisions of such law sections 130.25,  
22 130.30, [130.40, 130.45,] 255.25, 255.26, 255.27, article two hundred  
23 sixty-three, 135.10, 135.25, 230.05, 230.06, subdivision two of section  
24 230.30 or 230.32, such clerk (1) shall deliver, by first class mail, a  
25 copy of such certified order to the division of criminal justice  
26 services at its office in the county of Albany and (2) upon the clerk of  
27 the court reviewing the petitioner's application for name change and  
28 subsequent in-court inquiry, may, in the clerk's discretion, deliver, by  
29 first class mail, the petitioner's new name with such certified order to  
30 the court of competent jurisdiction which imposed the orders of support.  
31 Such certification shall appear on the original order and on any certi-  
32 fied copy thereof and shall be entered in the clerk's minutes of the  
33 proceeding.

34 S 49. Section 213-c of the civil practice law and rules, as added by  
35 chapter 3 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

36 S 213-c. Action by victim of conduct constituting certain sexual  
37 offenses. Notwithstanding any other limitation set forth in this arti-  
38 cle, a civil claim or cause of action to recover from a defendant as  
39 hereinafter defined, for physical, psychological or other injury or  
40 condition suffered by a person as a result of acts by such defendant of  
41 rape in the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of the penal law,  
42 [or criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in section 130.50  
43 of the penal law,] or aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree as  
44 defined in section 130.70 of the penal law, or course of sexual conduct  
45 against a child in the first degree as defined in section 130.75 of the  
46 penal law may be brought within five years. As used in this section, the  
47 term "defendant" shall mean only a person who commits the acts described  
48 in this section or who, in a criminal proceeding, could be charged with  
49 criminal liability for the commission of such acts pursuant to section  
50 20.00 of the penal law and shall not apply to any related civil claim or  
51 cause of action arising from such acts. Nothing in this section shall be  
52 construed to require that a criminal charge be brought or a criminal  
53 conviction be obtained as a condition of bringing a civil cause of  
54 action or receiving a civil judgment pursuant to this section or be  
55 construed to require that any of the rules governing a criminal proceed-  
56 ing be applicable to any such civil action.

1 S 50. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 8 of section 215 of the civil prac-  
2 tice law and rules, as added by chapter 3 of the laws of 2006, is  
3 amended to read as follows:

4 (b) Whenever it is shown that a criminal action against the same  
5 defendant has been commenced with respect to the event or occurrence  
6 from which a claim governed by this section arises, and such criminal  
7 action is for rape in the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of  
8 the penal law, [or criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in  
9 section 130.50 of the penal law,] or aggravated sexual abuse in the  
10 first degree as defined in section 130.70 of the penal law, or course of  
11 sexual conduct against a child in the first degree as defined in section  
12 130.75 of the penal law, the plaintiff shall have at least five years  
13 from the termination of the criminal action as defined in section 1.20  
14 of the criminal procedure law in which to commence the civil action,  
15 notwithstanding that the time in which to commence such action has  
16 already expired or has less than a year remaining.

17 S 51. Subdivision 11 of section 123 of the agriculture and markets  
18 law, as amended by chapter 392 of the laws of 2004, and such section as  
19 renumbered by section 18 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of 2010, is  
20 amended to read as follows:

21 11. The owner shall not be liable pursuant to subdivision six, seven,  
22 eight, nine or ten of this section if the dog was coming to the aid or  
23 defense of a person during the commission or attempted commission of a  
24 murder, robbery, burglary, arson, rape in the first degree as defined in  
25 PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF subdivision one or PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF  
26 SUBDIVISION two of section 130.35 of the penal law[, criminal sexual act  
27 in the first degree as defined in subdivision one or two of section  
28 130.50 of the penal law] or kidnapping within the dwelling or upon the  
29 real property of the owner of the dog and the dog injured or killed the  
30 person committing such criminal activity.

31 S 52. Section 4 of the judiciary law, as amended by chapter 264 of the  
32 laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

33 S 4. Sittings of courts to be public. The sittings of every court  
34 within this state shall be public, and every citizen may freely attend  
35 the same, except that in all proceedings and trials in cases for  
36 divorce, seduction, abortion, rape, assault with intent to commit rape,  
37 [criminal sexual act,] bastardy or filiation, the court may, in its  
38 discretion, exclude therefrom all persons who are not directly inter-  
39 ested therein, excepting jurors, witnesses, and officers of the court.

40 S 53. Subdivision 2 of section 120.60 of the penal law, as amended by  
41 chapter 434 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

42 2. commits a class A misdemeanor defined in article one hundred thirty  
43 of this chapter, or a class E felony defined in section 130.25, [130.40]  
44 or 130.85 of this chapter, or a class D felony defined in section 130.30  
45 [or 130.45] of this chapter.

46 S 54. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall  
47 have become a law and shall apply to any offense on or after such effec-  
48 tive date. As it pertains to the repealed sections of law, nothing in  
49 this act shall affect a requirement to register pursuant to article 6-C  
50 of the correction law; a lawfully required disclosure of a conviction;  
51 any restriction or prohibition for certain types of employment, housing,  
52 or government benefit; or any other ongoing matter related to a  
53 conviction of the sections repealed in this act.