## 3932

## 2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 28, 2015

Introduced by M. of A. FITZPATRICK, McDONOUGH -- read once and referred to the Committee on Housing

AN ACT to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to determining primary residency; and to amend the tax law, in relation to verification of residence

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Clause 10 of subparagraph (i) of paragraph 2 of subdivision 2 e of section 26-403 of the administrative code of the city of New York, 3 as amended by chapter 422 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as 4 follows:

5 (10) Housing accommodations not occupied by the tenant, not including б subtenants or occupants, as his or her primary residence, as determined 7 by a court of competent jurisdiction. For PURPOSES OF DETERMINING PRIMARY RESIDENCY, AS USED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE FAILURE TO FILE A NEW 8 YORK CITY RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE 9 TWO PRECEDING CALENDAR 10 (SETTING FORTH THE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AS HIS OR HER RESIDENCE) YEARS BY AN INDIVIDUAL REQUIRED BY LAW TO FILE SUCH A RETURN, SHALL RESULT 11 ΤN A FINDING THAT THE TENANT DOES NOT OCCUPY THE UNIT AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY 12 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO AN 13 RESIDENCE; INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAX, OR 14 15 WHO IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN, OR WHERE ANY OTHER FACTOR EXISTS WHICH WOULD EXCUSE THE TIMELY FILING OF THE RETURN; 16 17 PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT THE TIMELY FILING OF THE RETURN, ALONE, SHALL NOT RESULT IN A PRESUMPTION THAT THE INDIVIDUAL DOES OCCUPY THE UNIT AS 18 HIS HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE OR THAT THE FILING OF AN ACTION TO DETERMINE A 19 OR TENANT'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE SUCH TENANT FROM FILING AN 20 21 AMENDED TAX RETURN PROVIDED THAT SUCH AMENDED RETURN IS FILED WITHIN 22 SIXTY DAYS OF THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE ACTION. FURTHER, FOR the purposes 23 of determining primary residency, a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social 24 25 services law, who has left the unit because of such violence, and who 26 asserts an intent to return to the housing accommodation shall be deemed

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 to be occupying the unit as his or her primary residence. No action or 2 proceeding shall be commenced seeking to recover possession on the 3 ground that a housing accommodation is not occupied by the tenant as his 4 or her primary residence unless the owner or lessor shall have given 5 thirty days notice to the tenant of his or her intention to commence 6 such action or proceeding on such grounds.

7 S 2. Subparagraph (f) of paragraph 1 of subdivision a of section 8 26-504 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by 9 chapter 422 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

10 (f) not occupied by the tenant, not including subtenants or occupants, 11 as his or her primary residence, as determined by a court of competent 12 jurisdiction[, provided, however that no]. FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING PRIMARY RESIDENCY, AS USED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE FAILURE TO FILE 13 A NEW 14 YORK CITY RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE TWO PRECEDING CALENDAR YEARS (SETTING FORTH THE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AS HIS OR HER RESIDENCE) 15 AN INDIVIDUAL REQUIRED BY LAW TO FILE SUCH A RETURN, SHALL RESULT IN 16 ΒY 17 A FINDING THAT THE TENANT DOES NOT OCCUPY THE UNIT AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO AN 18 19 INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAX, OR 20 IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN, OR WHERE ANY WHO 21 OTHER FACTOR EXISTS WHICH WOULD EXCUSE THE TIMELY FILING OF A RETURN; 22 PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT THE TIMELY FILING OF THE RETURN, ALONE, SHALL NOT RESULT IN A PRESUMPTION THAT THE INDIVIDUAL DOES OCCUPY THE UNIT AS HIS 23 24 OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE OR THAT THE FILING OF AN ACTION TO DETERMINE A 25 TENANT'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE SHALL NOT PRECLUDE SUCH TENANT FROM FILING AN 26 AMENDED TAX RETURN PROVIDED THAT SUCH AMENDED RETURN IS FILED WITHIN 27 SIXTY DAYS OF THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE ACTION. FURTHER, NO action or 28 proceeding shall be commenced seeking to recover possession on the 29 ground that a housing accommodation is not occupied by the tenant as his or her primary residence unless the owner or lessor shall have given 30 thirty days notice to the tenant of his or her intention to commence 31 32 such action or proceeding on such grounds. For the purposes of determin-33 ing primary residency, a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law, 34 35 who has left the unit because of such violence, and who asserts an 36 intent to return to the housing accommodation shall be deemed to be 37 occupying the unit as his or her primary residence. For the purposes of 38 this subparagraph where a housing accommodation is rented to a not-for-39 profit hospital for residential use, affiliated subtenants authorized to 40 use such accommodations by such hospital shall be deemed to be tenants, 41 or

S 3. Paragraph 11 of subdivision a of section 5 of section 4 of chap-43 ter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant 44 protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by chapter 422 of 45 the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

46 (11) housing accommodations which are not occupied by the tenant, not 47 including subtenants or occupants, as his or her primary residence, as 48 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction. For the purposes of determining primary residency, a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social 49 50 51 services law, who has left the unit because of such violence, and who 52 asserts an intent to return to the housing accommodation shall be deemed to be occupying the unit as his or her primary residence. FURTHER, 53 FOR 54 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING PRIMARY RESIDENCY, AS USED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE 55 FAILURE TO FILE A NEW YORK STATE RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE TWO 56 PRECEDING CALENDAR YEARS (SETTING FORTH THE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AS HIS

HER RESIDENCE) BY AN INDIVIDUAL REQUIRED BY LAW TO FILE SUCH A 1 OR RETURN, SHALL RESULT IN A FINDING THAT THE TENANT DOES NOT OCCUPY 2 THE 3 OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS UNIT AS HIS 4 PROVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS REQUESTED AN EXTEN-5 SION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAX, OR WHO IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RESI-6 OR WHERE ANY OTHER FACTOR EXISTS WHICH WOULD INCOME TAX RETURN, DENT 7 EXCUSE THE TIMELY FILING OF THE RETURN; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT THE TIME-8 LY FILING OF THE RETURN, ALONE, SHALL NOT RESULT IN A PRESUMPTION THAT INDIVIDUAL DOES OCCUPY THE UNIT AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE OR 9 THE 10 THAT THE FILING OF AN ACTION TO DETERMINE A TENANT'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE 11 PRECLUDE SUCH TENANT FROM FILING AN AMENDED TAX RETURN SHALL NOT 12 PROVIDED THAT SUCH AMENDED RETURN IS FILED WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE ACTION. For the purposes of this paragraph, where a 13 14 housing accommodation is rented to a not-for-profit hospital for resi-15 dential use, affiliated subtenants authorized to use such accommodations by such hospital shall be deemed to be tenants. No action or proceeding 16 17 shall be commenced seeking to recover possession on the ground that a housing accommodation is not occupied by the tenant as his or her prima-18 19 ry residence unless the owner or lessor shall have given thirty days 20 notice to the tenant of his or her intention to commence such action or 21 proceeding on such grounds.

22 S 4. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 171-w to read as 23 follows:

24 S 171-W. VERIFICATION OF RESIDENCE FILING ADDRESS. (1) THE COMMISSION-25 ER IS AUTHORIZED TO VERIFY TO OWNERS OF MULTIPLE DWELLINGS COVERED BY 26 THE CITY RENT AND REHABILITATION LAW, THE RENT STABILIZATION LAW OF 27 NINETEEN HUNDRED SIXTY-NINE AND/OR THE EMERGENCY TENANT PROTECTION ACT 28 OF NINETEEN SEVENTY-FOUR WHETHER OR NOT, IN A GIVEN CALENDAR YEAR, A NEW YORK CITY OR NEW YORK STATE RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN WAS FILED BY AN 29 30 INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A TENANT IN THE OWNER'S MULTIPLE DWELLING AND, IF SO, RESIDENCE ADDRESS WHICH IS SET FORTH ON THE TAX RETURN. 31 SUCH THE 32 VERIFICATION SHALL BE IN WRITING AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED A CERTIFICATE AFFIDAVIT FOR THE PURPOSES OF RULE FORTY-FIVE HUNDRED TWENTY OF THE 33 OR CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES. 34

(2) THE DEPARTMENT MAY CHARGE A REASONABLE FEE, TO BE DETERMINED BY
 THE COMMISSIONER, IN PAYMENT TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE EXPENSE INCURRED
 IN VERIFYING THE FILING AND RESIDENCE ADDRESS.

38 (3) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PROMULGATE SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS AS IT
 39 DEEMS NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

40 S 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that the amendment to section 26-403 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by 41 section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect only so 42 43 long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of 44 residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 45 section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act and of provided further that the amendment to section 26-504 of chapter 4 of 46 47 of the administrative code of the city of New York made by title 26 48 section two of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law; and provided further that the amend-49 50 51 ment to section 5 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section three of this act shall expire on the same 52 date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act 53 54 as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974.