3096

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2015

Introduced by M. of A. ENGLEBRIGHT, RUSSELL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Energy

AN ACT to amend the public service law and the public authorities law, in relation to credit for electricity generated by a customer-generator subject to net energy metering

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 66-j of the public service law, as amended by chapter 355 of the laws of 2009, paragraphs (b) and (c) as amended by chapter 494 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

5 4. Rates. An electric corporation shall use net energy metering to 6 measure and charge for the net electricity supplied by the corporation 7 and provided to the corporation by a customer-generator, according to 8 these requirements:

9 (a) In the event that the amount of electricity supplied by the corporation during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity 10 provided by a customer-generator, the corporation shall, AFTER DEDUCT-11 FROM THE AGGREGATE OF UNUSED CREDIT FOR EXCESS ELECTRICITY GENER-12 ING, 13 ATED BY SUCH CUSTOMER-GENERATOR PRIOR TO SUCH BILLING PERIOD, AN AMOUNT CREDIT EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF ELECTRICITY SUPPLIED BY THE ELECTRIC 14 OF CORPORATION, TO THE EXTENT SUCH CREDIT EXISTS, AND MAY THEREAFTER charge 15 16 the customer-generator for the net electricity supplied, AFTER DEDUCTION 17 OF SUCH CREDITS, at the same rate per kilowatt hour applicable to 18 service provided to other customers in the same service class which do 19 not generate electricity onsite.

(b) In the event that the amount of electricity produced by a customer-generator during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity used by the customer-generator, the corporation shall (I) apply a credit to the next bill for service to the customer-generator for the net electricity provided at the same rate per kilowatt hour applicable to

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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service provided to other customers in the same service class which do 1 2 generate electricity onsite, OR (II) AT THE OPTION OF THE CUSTOMERnot 3 GENERATOR, CREDIT SUCH CUSTOMER-GENERATOR WITH THE AMOUNT OF EXCESS 4 KILOWATT HOURS GENERATED IN EXCESS OF ITS USE, AND SUCH CREDIT SHALL BE 5 AGGREGATED INDEFINITELY TO BE USED AS CREDIT AGAINST CHARGES INCURRED 6 PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION; except for micro-combined 7 heat and power or fuel cell customer-generators or farm waste generating 8 equipment customer-generators as described in subparagraph (ix) of para-9 graph (a) of subdivision one of this section, who will be credited at 10 the corporation's avoided costs. The avoided cost credit provided to micro-combined heat and power or fuel cell customer-generators or farm 11 12 waste generating equipment customer-generators as described in subpara-13 graph (ix) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section shall be 14 treated for ratemaking purposes as a purchase of electricity the in 15 market that is includable in commodity costs.

(c) At the end of the year or annualized over the period that service 16 17 is supplied by means of net energy metering, the corporation shall (I) promptly issue payment at its avoided cost to the customer-generator, as 18 defined in subparagraph (i), (ii), (IV), (V) or (ix) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section, for the value of any remaining credit 19 20 21 for the excess electricity produced during the year or over the annual-22 period by the customer-generator, OR (II) AT THE OPTION OF THE ized 23 CUSTOMER-GENERATOR, SHALL CONTINUE TO AGGREGATE SUCH CREDITS, AT THE 24 RATE PER KILOWATT HOUR APPLICABLE TO THE SERVICE PROVIDED TO OTHER SAME 25 CUSTOMERS IN THE SAME SERVICE CLASS WHICH DO NOT GENERATE ELECTRICITY ON SITE, FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME AND CONTINUE TO ALLOW USE OF SUCH 26 CREDIT TO OFFSET ANY LIABILITY OF THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR TO THE ELECTRIC 27 CORPORATION DURING BILLING PERIODS IN WHICH THE ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY 28 29 THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR IS LESS THAN THAT USED BY SUCH CUSTOMER.

(d) In the event that the corporation imposes charges based on kilo-30 watt demand on customers who are in the same service class as the 31 32 customer-generator but which do not generate electricity on site, the corporation may impose the same charges at the same rates to the custom-33 er-generator, provided, however, that the kilowatt demand for such demand charges is determined by the maximum measured kilowatt demand 34 35 36 actually supplied by the corporation to the customer-generator during 37 the billing period.

38 (E) IN THE EVENT THAT A CUSTOMER-GENERATOR ELECTS TO ALLOW THE AGGRE-39 GATION OF ANY CREDITS FOR EXCESS ELECTRICITY GENERATED, THE 40 CUSTOMER-GENERATOR SHALL BE ENTITLED TO AN ACCOUNTING OF SUCH CREDITS ONCE EVERY FIVE YEARS AND UPON SUCH ACCOUNTING, THE ELECTRIC CORPORATION 41 SHALL PROMPTLY ISSUE PAYMENT AT ITS AVOIDED COST TO SUCH CUSTOMER-GENER-42 ATOR, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (IV) OR (V) OF PARAGRAPH (A) 43 OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, FOR THE VALUE OF ANY REMAINING CRED-44 45 IT FOR THE EXCESS ELECTRICITY PRODUCED BY THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR.

46 S 2. Subdivision 4 of section 66-1 of the public service law, as 47 amended by chapter 721 of the laws of 2006, paragraphs (b) and (c) as 48 amended and paragraph (d) as added by chapter 483 of the laws of 2008, 49 is amended to read as follows:

4. Rates. An electric corporation shall use net energy metering to measure and charge for the net electricity supplied by the corporation and provided to the corporation by a customer-generator, according to the following requirements:

(a) In the event that the amount of electricity supplied by the corpo-55 ration during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity 56 provided by a customer-generator, the corporation shall, AFTER DEDUCT-

ING, FROM THE AGGREGATE OF UNUSED CREDIT FOR EXCESS ELECTRICITY GENER-1 2 ATED BY SUCH CUSTOMER-GENERATOR PRIOR TO SUCH BILLING PERIOD, AN AMOUNT 3 EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF ELECTRICITY SUPPLIED BY THE ELECTRIC OF CREDIT 4 CORPORATION, TO THE EXTENT SUCH CREDIT EXISTS, AND MAY THEREAFTER charge 5 the customer-generator for the net electricity supplied, AFTER DEDUCTION 6 SUCH CREDITS, at the same rate per kilowatt hour applicable to OF 7 service provided to other customers in the same service class which do 8 not generate electricity on site.

In the event that the amount of electricity produced by a custom-9 (b) 10 er-generator during the billing period exceeds the amount of electricity used by the customer-generator, the corporation shall (I) apply a credit 11 to the next bill for service to the customer-generator for the net elec-12 tricity provided at the same rate per kilowatt hour applicable to 13 14 service provided to other customers in the same service class which do 15 not generate electricity on site, OR (II) AT THE OPTION OF THE CUSTOM-16 ER-GENERATOR, CREDIT SUCH CUSTOMER-GENERATOR WITH THE AMOUNT OF EXCESS 17 KILOWATT HOURS GENERATED IN EXCESS OF ITS USE, AND SUCH CREDIT SHALL BE INDEFINITELY TO BE USED AS CREDIT AGAINST CHARGES INCURRED 18 AGGREGATED 19 PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

20 (c) At the end of the year or annualized over the period that service 21 supplied by means of net energy metering, the corporation shall (I) is 22 promptly issue payment at its avoided cost to a residential or farm service customer-generator for the value of any remaining credit for the 23 24 excess electricity produced during the year or over the annualized peri-25 customer-generator, OR (II) AT THE OPTION OF od by such THE 26 CUSTOMER-GENERATOR, SHALL CONTINUE TO AGGREGATE SUCH CREDITS, AT THE RATE PER KILOWATT HOUR APPLICABLE TO THE SERVICE PROVIDED TO OTHER 27 SAME 28 CUSTOMERS IN THE SAME SERVICE CLASS WHICH DO NOT GENERATE ELECTRICITY ON 29 SITE, FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME, AND CONTINUE TO ALLOW USE OF SUCH CREDIT TO OFFSET ANY LIABILITY OF THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR TO THE 30 31 ELECTRIC CORPORATION DURING BILLING PERIODS IN WHICH THEELECTRICITY 32 GENERATED BY THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR IS LESS THAN THAT USED BY SUCH 33 CUSTOMER.

34 (d) In the event that the corporation imposes charges based on kilo-35 watt demand on customers who are in the same service class as the customer-generator but which do not generate electricity on site, 36 the 37 corporation may impose the same charges at the same rates to the customer-generator, provided, however, that the kilowatt demand for such 38 demand charges is determined by the maximum measured kilowatt demand 39 40 actually supplied by the corporation to the customer-generator during 41 the billing period.

(E) IN THE EVENT THAT A CUSTOMER-GENERATOR ELECTS TO ALLOW THE 42 AGGRE-43 GATION OF ANY CREDITS FOR EXCESS ELECTRICITY GENERATED, THE 44 CUSTOMER-GENERATOR SHALL BE ENTITLED TO AN ACCOUNTING OF SUCH CREDITS 45 ONCE EVERY FIVE YEARS AND UPON SUCH ACCOUNTING, THE ELECTRIC CORPORATION SHALL PROMPTLY ISSUE PAYMENT AT ITS AVOIDED COST TO SUCH CUSTOMER-GENER-46 47 ATOR THE VALUE OF ANY REMAINING CREDIT FOR THE EXCESS ELECTRICITY FOR 48 PRODUCED BY THE CUSTOMER-GENERATOR.

49 S 3. Subdivision (h) of section 1020-g of the public authorities law, 50 as amended by chapter 546 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as 51 follows:

(h) To implement programs and policies designed to provide for the interconnection of: (i) (A) solar electric generating equipment owned or operated by residential customers, (B) farm waste electric generating equipment owned or operated by customer-generators, (C) solar electric generating equipment owned or operated by non-residential customers, (D)

micro-combined heat and power generating equipment owned, leased or 1 operated by residential customers, (E) fuel cell electric generating 2 3 equipment owned, leased or operated by residential customers, and (F) 4 micro-hydroelectric generating equipment owned, leased or operated by customer-generators and for net energy metering consistent with section sixty-six-j of the public service law, to increase the efficiency of 5 6 energy end use, to shift demand from periods of high demand to periods 7 8 of low demand and to facilitate the development of cogeneration; and (ii) wind electric generating equipment owned or operated by customer-9 10 generators and for net energy metering consistent with section sixtysix-l of the public service law. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS 11 OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND TWENTY-S OF THIS TITLE, AS AMENDED BY CHAPTER THREE 12 13 HUNDRED EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND ELEVEN, THE AUTHORITY, IN ITS IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH PROGRAMS AND POLICIES, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO 14 THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION SIXTY-SIX-J AND 15 SUBDIVI-SION FOUR OF SECTION SIXTY-SIX-L OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE LAW; 16

17 S 4. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-18 ing the date on which it shall have become a law.