10335

IN ASSEMBLY

May 23, 2016

Introduced by M. of A. ABINANTI -- read once and referred to the Committee on Aging

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to increasing the amount of income property owners may earn for the purpose of eligibility for the property tax exemption for persons sixty-five years of age or over and for persons with disabilities and limited income

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEM-BLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 467 of the property tax law, as amended by chapter 259 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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(a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of the property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three thousand dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six, twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven, twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight, 10 [and] twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS BEGINNING JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, as may be provided by the local law, ordinance or resolution 14 adopted pursuant to this section. Income tax year shall mean the twelve month period for which the owner or owners filed a federal income tax return, or if no such return is filed, the calendar year. 17 Where title is vested in either the husband or the wife, their combined income may not exceed such sum, except where the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent from the property as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, then only the income the spouse or ex-spouse residing on the property shall be considered and may not exceed such sum. Such income shall include social 23 retirement benefits, interest, dividends, total gain from the sale 24 or exchange of a capital asset which may be offset by a loss sale or exchange of a capital asset in the same income tax year, net rental income, salary or earnings, and net income from self-employment, but shall not include a return of capital, gifts, inheritances, payments 28 individuals because of their status as victims of Nazi perse-29 cution, as defined in P.L. 103-286 or monies earned through employment

EXPLANATION -- Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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the federal foster grandparent program and any such income shall be offset by all medical and prescription drug expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed or paid for by insurance, if the governing board of a municipality, after a public hearing, adopts a local law, ordinance or 5 resolution providing therefor. Furthermore, such income shall not 6 include the proceeds of a reverse mortgage, as authorized by section 7 and sections two hundred eighty and two six-h of the banking law, 8 hundred eighty-a of the real property law; provided, however, monies used to repay a reverse mortgage may not be deducted from income, 9 10 and provided additionally that any interest or dividends realized from 11 the investment of reverse mortgage proceeds shall be considered income. 12 The provisions of this paragraph notwithstanding, such income shall not 13 include veterans disability compensation, as defined in Title 38 of 14 United States Code provided the governing board of such municipality, 15 after public hearing, adopts a local law, ordinance or resolution 16 providing therefor. In computing net rental income and net income from 17 self-employment no depreciation deduction shall be allowed for the 18 exhaustion, wear and tear of real or personal property held for the 19 production of income; 20

- S 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 459-c of the real property tax law, as separately amended by chapters 187 and 252 of the of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) if the income of the owner or the combined income of the owners of property for the income tax year immediately preceding the date of making application for exemption exceeds the sum of three dollars, or such other sum not less than three thousand dollars nor more than twenty-six thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand six, twenty-seven thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand seven, twenty-eight thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand eight, [and] twenty-nine thousand dollars beginning July first, two thousand nine AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS BEGINNING JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND as may be provided by the local law or resolution adopted pursuant to this section. Income tax year shall mean the period for which the owner or owners filed a federal personal income tax return, or if no such return is filed, the calendar year. Where title is vested in either the husband or the wife, their combined income may not 37 exceed such sum, except where the husband or wife, or ex-husband or ex-wife is absent from the property due to divorce, legal separation or abandonment, then only the income of the spouse or ex-spouse residing on the property shall be considered and may not exceed such sum. income shall include social security and retirement benefits, interest, dividends, total gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset which may be offset by a loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset the same income tax year, net rental income, salary or earnings, and net income from self-employment, but shall not include a return of capital, gifts, inheritances or monies earned through employment in the federal foster grandparent program and any such income shall be offset by all medical and prescription drug expenses actually paid which were not reimbursed or paid for by insurance, if the governing board of a municipality, after a public hearing, adopts a local law or resolution providing therefor. In computing net rental income and net income from selfemployment no depreciation deduction shall be allowed exhaustion, wear and tear of real or personal property held for the production of income;
 - S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.