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IN SENATE

March 14, 2016

Introduced by Sen. AMEDORE -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Higher Education

AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to making technical changes to the scope of the practice of podiatry

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 7001 of the education law, 2 subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 23 of the laws of 2013 and subdivi-3 sion 2 as amended by chapter 438 of the laws of 2012, are amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The practice of the profession of podiatry is defined as diagnos-1. 6 ing, treating, operating and prescribing for any disease, injury, 7 deformity or other condition of the foot, THE NON-SURGICAL TREATMENT OF THE ANKLE AND THE ANATOMICAL STRUCTURES OF THE ANKLE, 8 CUTANEOUS CONDI-TIONS AND WOUNDS OF THE ANKLE, and may include performing physical eval-9 10 in conjunction with the provision of podiatric treatment. [For uations 11 the purposes of wound care however, the practice of podiatry shall include the treatment of such wounds if they are contiguous with wounds 12 relating, originating or in the course of treatment of a wound on the 13 14 within the podiatric scope of practice.] THE PRACTICE OF PODIATRY foot 15 SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING TREATMENTS OR PROCEDURES PERFORMED ABOVE 16 THE LEVEL OF THE MALLEOLI, UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED: THE TREATMENT OF MOHS SURGERY; MUSCLE FLAPS OR MICROVASCULAR 17 MELANOMA; PERFORMANCE OF 18 ANASTAMOSES. Wound care shall not, however, extend beyond the level 19 ending at the [distal] tibial tuberosity. The practice of podiatry may 20 also include [diagnosing, treating, operating and prescribing for any 21 disease, injury, deformity or other condition of] the SURGICAL TREATMENT 22 THE ankle and soft tissue of the leg below the tibial tuberosity if OF 23 the podiatrist has obtained an issuance of a privilege to perform podiatric standard ankle surgery or advanced ankle surgery in accordance with 24 25 section seven thousand nine of this article. Podiatrists may treat trau-26 matic open wound fractures only in hospitals, as defined in article 27 twenty-eight of the public health law. For the purposes of this article, the term "ankle" shall be defined as the distal metaphysis and epiphysis 28

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 of the tibia and fibula, the articular cartilage of the distal tibia and 2 distal fibula, the ligaments that connect the distal metaphysis and 3 epiphysis of the tibia and fibula and talus, and the portions of skin, 4 subcutaneous tissue, facia, muscles, tendons, ligaments and nerves at or 5 below the level of the myotendinous junction of the triceps surae.

6 2. The practice of podiatry shall not include treating any part of the 7 human body other than the foot AND ANKLE AS HEREIN PROVIDED, nor treat-8 ing fractures of the malleoli or cutting operations upon the malleoli unless the podiatrist obtains an issuance of a privilege to perform 9 10 podiatric standard ankle surgery or podiatric advanced ankle surgery 11 who have obtained an issuance of a privilege to perform Podiatrists 12 podiatric standard ankle surgery may perform surgery on the ankle which 13 include soft tissue and osseous procedures except those procedures mav 14 specifically authorized for podiatrists who have obtained an issuance of 15 a privilege for advanced ankle surgery. Podiatrists who have obtained an issuance of a privilege to perform podiatric advanced ankle surgery may 16 17 perform surgery on the ankle which may include ankle fracture fixation, ankle fusion, ankle arthroscopy, insertion or removal of external fixa-18 19 tion pins into or from the tibial diaphysis at or below the level of the myotendinous junction of the triceps surae, and insertion and removal of 20 21 retrograde tibiotalocalcanneal intramedullary rods and locking screws up 22 to the level of the myotendinous junction of the triceps surae, but does 23 include the surgical treatment of complications within the tibial not 24 diaphysis related to the use of such external fixation pins. Podiatrists 25 licensed to practice, but not authorized to prescribe or administer 26 narcotics prior to the effective date of this subdivision, may do so only after certification by the department in accordance with the quali-27 28 fications established by the commissioner. The practice of podiatry 29 shall include administering only local anesthetics for therapeutic purposes as well as for anesthesia and treatment under general anes-30 thesia administered by authorized persons. The practice of podiatry by 31 32 any licensee shall not include partial or total ankle replacements nor 33 the treatment of pilon fractures.

34 S 2. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph c of subdivision 1 of section 7009 35 of the education law, as added by chapter 438 of the laws of 2012, is 36 amended to read as follows:

37 (ii) have graduated on or after June first, two thousand six from a three-year residency program in podiatric medicine and surgery that was 38 39 accredited by an accrediting agency acceptable to the department, be 40 board qualified but not yet certified in reconstructive rearfoot and ankle surgery by a national certifying board having certification stand-41 ards acceptable to the department, and provide documentation that he or 42 43 she has acceptable training and experience in standard or [advance] 44 ADVANCED midfoot, rearfoot and ankle procedures that has been approved 45 by the department; or

46 S 3. Section 7010 of the education law, as added by chapter 438 of the 47 laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

48 S 7010. Ankle surgery limited permits. 1. A limited permit to perform podiatric standard ankle surgery, as described in subdivision two of section seven thousand one of this article, may be issued by the depart-49 50 51 to a podiatrist who is licensed pursuant to this article and who ment has met the residency and board qualification/certification requirements 52 set forth in subdivision one of section seven thousand nine 53 of this 54 article in order to authorize such podiatrist to obtain the training and 55 experience required for the issuance of a podiatric standard ankle surgery privilege pursuant to subdivision one of section seven thousand 56

nine of this article. Such permits shall authorize the performance of 1 2 podiatric standard ankle surgery only under the [direct personal] super-3 vision of a licensed podiatrist holding a podiatric standard ankle 4 surgery privilege or a podiatric advanced ankle surgery privilege issued 5 pursuant to section seven thousand nine of this article or of a physi-6 cian licensed pursuant to article one hundred thirty-one of this title 7 certified in orthopedic surgery by a national certifying board and 8 having certification standards acceptable to the department.

2. A limited permit to perform podiatric advanced ankle surgery, 9 as 10 described in subdivision two of section seven thousand one of this article, may be issued by the department to a podiatrist who is licensed 11 pursuant to this article and who has met the residency and board certif-12 13 ication requirements set forth in subdivision two of section seven thou-14 sand nine of this article in order to authorize such podiatrist to 15 obtain the training and experience required for the issuance of a podiatric advanced ankle surgery privilege pursuant to subdivision two of 16 section seven thousand nine of this article; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, 17 THAT 18 BOARD OUALIFICATION SHALL BE DEEMED TO SATISFY THE CERTIFICATION 19 REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUCH SECTION FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION. 20 Such permits shall authorize the performance of podiatric advanced ankle 21 surgery only under the [direct personal] supervision of a licensed 22 podiatrist holding a podiatric advanced ankle surgery privilege issued pursuant to subdivision two of section seven thousand nine of this arti-23 24 cle or of a physician licensed pursuant to article one hundred thirty-25 one of this title and certified in orthopedic surgery by a national 26 certifying board having certification standards acceptable to the 27 department.

For the purposes of this section, [direct personal] supervision 28 3. 29 means supervision of procedures based on instructions given directly by supervising] A LICENSED podiatrist HOLDING A PODIATRIC STANDARD OR 30 [the ADVANCED ANKLE SURGERY PRIVILEGE or physician who [remains in the imme-31 32 where the procedures are being performed] IS IMMEDIATELY diate area 33 AVAILABLE TO FURNISH ASSISTANCE AND DIRECTION THROUGHOUT THE PERFORMANCE 34 OF THE PROCEDURE, authorizes the procedures and evaluates the procedures 35 performed by the holder of the limited permit OR WITH THE APPROVAL OF CHAIR OF THE ORTHOPEDIC OR SURGERY DEPARTMENT OF THE HOSPITAL AT 36 THE 37 WHICH THE PROCEDURE WILL BE PERFORMED.

4. The holder of a limited permit issued pursuant to this section shall perform podiatric ankle surgery only in a hospital or health facility licensed pursuant to article twenty-eight of the public health law and appropriately authorized to provide such surgery.

5. Limited permits shall be issued for a period of one year, and may be renewed for additional one year periods when necessary to permit the completion of the training and experience required to obtain a podiatric standard ankle surgery privilege or podiatric advanced ankle surgery privilege, as applicable, provided that no permit may be renewed more than four times for each such privilege.

48 6. The fee for a limited permit shall be one hundred five dollars and 49 the fee for a renewal shall be fifty dollars.

50 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately.