2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

May 27, 2015

- Introduced by Sen. BONACIC -- (at request of the Office of Court Administration) -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Judiciary
- AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law and the family court act, in relation to the duration and amount of maintenance and of spousal support

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Paragraph a of subdivision 1 of part B of section 236 of 2 the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 371 of the laws of 3 2010, is amended to read as follows:

4 a. The term "maintenance" shall mean payments provided for in a valid agreement between the parties or awarded by the court in accordance with 5 the provisions of subdivisions five-a and six of this part, to be paid 6 7 at fixed intervals for a definite or indefinite period of time, but an 8 award of maintenance shall terminate upon the death of either party or upon the [recipient's] PAYEE'S valid or invalid marriage, 9 or upon 10 modification pursuant to paragraph [(b)] B of subdivision nine of [section two hundred thirty-six of] this part or section two hundred 11 12 forty-eight of this chapter.

13 S 2. Subparagraph 7 of paragraph d of subdivision 5 of part B of 14 section 236 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 281 of 15 the laws of 1980 and as renumbered by chapter 229 of the laws of 2009, 16 is amended to read as follows:

17 (7) any equitable claim to, interest in, or direct or indirect contribution made to the acquisition of such marital property by the 18 party not having title, including joint efforts or expenditures and 19 20 contributions and services as a spouse, parent, wage earner and homemak-21 and to the career or career potential of the other party. THE COURT er, 22 SHALL NOT CONSIDER AS MARITAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO DISTRIBUTION THE VALUE 23 OF A SPOUSE'S ENHANCED EARNING CAPACITY ARISING FROM A LICENSE, DEGREE,

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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CELEBRITY GOODWILL, OR CAREER ENHANCEMENT. HOWEVER, IN ARRIVING AT AN 1 EQUITABLE DIVISION OF MARITAL PROPERTY, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER THE 2 3 DIRECT OR INDIRECT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DEVELOPMENT DURING THE MARRIAGE 4 OF THE ENHANCED EARNING CAPACITY OF THE OTHER SPOUSE; Subdivision 5-a of part B of section 236 of the domestic 5 S 3. relations law, as added by chapter 371 of the laws of 2010, is amended 6 7 to read as follows: 8 5-a. Temporary maintenance awards. a. Except where the parties have 9 entered into an agreement [pursuant to subdivision three of this part] 10 providing for maintenance PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS PART, in any matrimonial action the court, UPON APPLICATION BY A PARTY, shall 11 12 make its award for temporary maintenance pursuant to the provisions of 13 this subdivision. 14 For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions shall b. 15 be used: 16 (1) "Payor" shall mean the spouse with the higher income. 17 (2) "Payee" shall mean the spouse with the lower income. 18 (3) "Length of marriage" shall mean the period from the date of 19 marriage until the date of commencement of action. 20 (4) "Income" shall mean[: (a)] income as defined in the child support standards act and codified 21 section two hundred forty of this article and section four hundred 22 in 23 thirteen of the family court act[; and (b) income from income producing property to be distributed pursuant 24 25 to subdivision five of this part] WITHOUT SUBTRACTING ALIMONY OR MAINTE-26 NANCE ACTUALLY PAID OR TO BE PAID TO A SPOUSE THAT IS A PARTY TO THE 27 INSTANT ACTION PURSUANT TO SUBCLAUSE (C) OF CLAUSE (VII) OF SUBPARAGRAPH FIVE OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE-B OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED 28 FORTY THIS ARTICLE AND SUBCLAUSE (C) OF CLAUSE (VII) OF SUBPARAGRAPH FIVE 29 OF OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF 30 THE FAMILY COURT ACT AND WITHOUT SUBTRACTING SPOUSAL SUPPORT PAID PURSU-31 32 ANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWELVE OF SUCH ACT. 33 shall mean up to and including [five hundred] ONE (5) "Income cap" 34 HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE thousand dollars of the payor's annual income; provided, however, beginning January thirty-first, two thousand [twelve] 35 SIXTEEN and every two years thereafter, the [payor's annual] income CAP 36 37 amount shall increase by the [product] SUM of the average annual 38 percentage changes in the consumer price index for all urban consumers 39 (CPI-U) as published by the United States department of labor bureau of 40 labor statistics for the PRIOR two [year period] YEARS MULTIPLIED BY THE THEN INCOME CAP AND THEN rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars. 41 The office of court administration shall determine and publish the 42 43 income cap. 44 (6) "Guideline amount of temporary maintenance" shall mean the [sum] 45 DOLLAR AMOUNT derived by the application of paragraph c OR D of this 46 subdivision. 47 ["Guideline duration" shall mean the durational period determined (7)48 by the application of paragraph d of this subdivision] "SELF-SUPPORT 49 RESERVE " SHALL MEAN THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE AS DEFINED IN THE CHILD 50 SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT AND CODIFIED IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THIS ARTICLE AND SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT. 51 (8) ["Presumptive award" shall mean the guideline amount of the tempo-52 rary maintenance award for the guideline duration prior to the court's 53 54 application of any adjustment factors as provided in subparagraph one of 55 paragraph e of this subdivision.

(9) "Self-support reserve" shall mean the self-support reserve as 1 defined in the child support standards act and codified in section two 2 hundred forty of this article and section four hundred thirteen of 3 the 4 family court act] "AGREEMENT" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS PROVIDED IN 5 SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS PART. c. [The] WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS LOWER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE INCOME 6 CAP, THE court shall determine the guideline amount of temporary mainte-7 nance [in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph after deter-8 mining the income of the parties] AS FOLLOWS: 9 10 (1) Where [the payor's income is up to and including the income cap] WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE AND WHERE THE 11 CHILD SUPPORT 12 PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS ALSO THE NON-CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: 13 14 court shall subtract [twenty] TWENTY-FIVE percent of the (a) the 15 PAYEE'S income [of the payee] from [thirty] TWENTY percent of the PAYOR'S income [up to the income cap of the payor]. 16 17 (b) the court shall then multiply the sum of the payor's income [up to including the income cap] and [all of] the payee's income by forty 18 and 19 percent. 20 (c) the court shall subtract the PAYEE'S income [of the payee] from 21 the amount derived from clause (b) of this subparagraph. the COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF THE TWO AMOUNTS DERIVED BY 22 (d) 23 CLAUSES (A) AND (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. (E) THE guideline amount of temporary maintenance shall be the [lower 24 25 the amounts] AMOUNT determined by [clauses (a) and (c) of this of 26 subparagraph;] CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, if the 27 amount determined by clause [(c) of this subparagraph] (D) OF THIS 28 SUBPARAGRAPH is less than or equal to zero, the guideline amount OF 29 TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE shall be zero dollars. TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE CALCULATED PRIOR TO CHILD SUPPORT 30 (F) BECAUSE THE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE SUBTRACTED FROM THE 31 32 PAYOR'S INCOME AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME AS PART OF THE CALCU-33 LATION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. 34 (2) Where [the income of the payor exceeds the income cap: 35 the court shall determine the guideline amount of temporary main-(a) tenance for that portion of the payor's income that is up to and includ-36 37 ing the income cap according to subparagraph one of this paragraph, and, 38 for the payor's income in excess of the income cap, the court shall 39 determine any additional guideline amount of temporary maintenance 40 through consideration of the following factors: 41 (i) the length of the marriage; (ii) the substantial differences in the incomes of the parties; 42 43 (iii) the standard of living of the parties established during the 44 marriage; 45 (iv) the age and health of the parties; (v) the present and future earning capacity of the parties; 46 47 (vi) the need of one party to incur education or training expenses; 48 (vii) the wasteful dissipation of marital property; 49 (viii) the transfer or encumbrance made in contemplation of a matrimo-50 nial action without fair consideration; (ix) the existence and duration of a pre-marital joint household or a 51 52 pre-divorce separate household; (x) acts by one party against another that have inhibited or continue 53 54 inhibit a party's earning capacity or ability to obtain meaningful to employment. Such acts include but are not limited to acts of 55 domestic

violence as provided in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social 1 2 services law; 3 (xi) the availability and cost of medical insurance for the parties; 4 (xii) the care of the children or stepchildren, disabled adult chil-5 dren or stepchildren, elderly parents or in-laws that has inhibited or 6 continues to inhibit a party's earning capacity or ability to obtain 7 meaningful employment; (xiii) the inability of one party to obtain meaningful employment due 8 9 to age or absence from the workforce; 10 (xiv) the need to pay for exceptional additional expenses for the child or children, including, but not limited to, schooling, 11 day care 12 and medical treatment; 13 (xv) the tax consequences to each party; 14 (xvi) marital property subject to distribution pursuant to subdivision five of this part; 15 (xvii) the reduced or lost earning capacity of the party seeking 16 17 temporary maintenance as a result of having foregone or delayed educa-18 tion, training, employment or career opportunities during the marriage; the contributions and services of the party seeking temporary 19 (xviii) maintenance as a spouse, parent, wage earner and homemaker and to the 20 21 career or career potential of the other party; and 22 (xix) any other factor which the court shall expressly find to be just 23 and proper. 24 (b) In any decision made pursuant to this subparagraph, the court 25 shall set forth the factors it considered and the reasons for its deci-26 sion. Such written order may not be waived by either party or counsel.] SUPPORT WILL NOT BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE, OR WHERE 27 CHILD CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE PAYOR AS 28 29 DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT THE ΤO 30 CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: 31 (A) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM 32 THIRTY PERCENT OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME. 33 (B) THE COURT SHALL THEN MULTIPLY THE SUM OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND THE PAYEE'S INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. 34 THE PAYEE ' S 35 (C) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT INCOME FROM THE AMOUNT 36 DERIVED FROM CLAUSE (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. 37 (D) THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF THE TWO AMOUNTS DERIVED BY 38 CLAUSES (A) AND (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. 39 (E) THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE AMOUNT 40 DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, IF THE AMOUNT 41 DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 42 ZERO, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE ZERO 43 DOLLARS. 44 (F) IF CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE 45 PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT, TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE CALCU-46 THE LATED PRIOR TO CHILD SUPPORT BECAUSE THE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE 47 48 SHALL BE SUBTRACTED FROM THE PAYOR'S INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION 49 AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION AS PART OF 50 THE CALCULATION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. 51 [(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, where the 52 guideline amount of temporary maintenance would reduce the payor's income below the self-support reserve for a single person, the presump-53 54 tive amount of the guideline amount of temporary maintenance shall be 55 the difference between the payor's income and the self-support reserve.

If the payor's income is below the self-support reserve, there is a

rebuttable presumption that no temporary maintenance is awarded.]

WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME EXCEEDS THE INCOME CAP, THE court 3 d. [The] 4 shall determine the guideline [duration] AMOUNT of temporary maintenance [by considering the length of the marriage. Temporary maintenance 5 shall 6 terminate upon the issuance of the final award of maintenance or the 7 death of either party, whichever occurs first] AS FOLLOWS: 8 (1) THE COURT SHALL PERFORM THE CALCULATIONS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH C 9 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE INCOME OF THE PAYOR UP TO AND INCLUDING THE OF 10 INCOME CAP; AND (2) FOR INCOME EXCEEDING THE CAP, THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL MAINTENANCE 11 AWARDED, IF ANY, SHALL BE WITHIN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT WHICH SHALL 12 TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE 13 FACTORS SET FORTH IN 14 SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH H OF THIS SUBDIVISION; AND 15 (3) THE COURT SHALL SET FORTH THEFACTORS IT CONSIDERED AND THE REASONS FOR ITS DECISION IN WRITING OR ON 16 THE RECORD. SUCH DECISION, 17 WRITING OR ON THE RECORD, MAY NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY WHETHER IN 18 OR COUNSEL. 19 e. [(1) The court shall order the presumptive award of temporary main-20 tenance in accordance with paragraphs c and d of this subdivision, 21 unless the court finds that the presumptive award is unjust or inappropriate and adjusts the presumptive award of temporary maintenance 22 accordingly based upon consideration of the following factors: 23 24 the standard of living of the parties established during the (a) 25 marriage; 26 (b) the age and health of the parties; (c) the earning capacity of the parties; 27 28 (d) the need of one party to incur education or training expenses; 29 (e) the wasteful dissipation of marital property; (f) the transfer or encumbrance made in contemplation of a matrimonial 30 action without fair consideration; 31 32 (g) the existence and duration of a pre-marital joint household or а 33 pre-divorce separate household; 34 acts by one party against another that have inhibited or continue (h) to inhibit a party's earning capacity or ability to obtain meaningful 35 employment. Such acts include but are not limited to acts of domestic 36 37 violence as provided in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social 38 services law; 39 (i) the availability and cost of medical insurance for the parties; 40 the care of the children or stepchildren, disabled adult children (j) or stepchildren, elderly parents or in-laws that has inhibited or 41 continues to inhibit a party's earning capacity or ability to obtain 42 43 meaningful employment; 44 (k) the inability of one party to obtain meaningful employment due to 45 age or absence from the workforce; (1) the need to pay for exceptional additional expenses for the child 46 47 or children, including, but not limited to, schooling, day care and 48 medical treatment; 49 (m) the tax consequences to each party; 50 marital property subject to distribution pursuant to subdivision (n) 51 five of this part; (o) the reduced or lost earning capacity of the party seeking tempo-52 rary maintenance as a result of having foregone or delayed education, 53

54 training, employment or career opportunities during the marriage;

1 (p) the contributions and services of the party seeking temporary 2 maintenance as a spouse, parent, wage earner and homemaker and to the 3 career or career potential of the other party; and

4 (q) any other factor which the court shall expressly find to be just 5 and proper.

6 (2) Where the court finds that the presumptive award of temporary 7 maintenance is unjust or inappropriate and the court adjusts the 8 presumptive award of temporary maintenance pursuant to this paragraph, the court shall set forth, in a written order, the amount of the unad-9 10 justed presumptive award of temporary maintenance, the factors it 11 considered, and the reasons that the court adjusted the presumptive award of temporary maintenance. Such written order shall not be waived 12 13 by either party or counsel.

14 (3) Where either or both parties are unrepresented, the court shall 15 not enter a temporary maintenance order unless the unrepresented party parties have been informed of the presumptive award of temporary 16 or maintenance] NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION, 17 WHERE 18 GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE WOULD REDUCE THE PAYOR'S THE 19 INCOME BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE FOR A SINGLE PERSON, THE GUIDELINE 20 AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE 21 PAYOR 'S INCOME AND THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE. IF THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE, THERE SHALL BE A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION 22 23 THAT NO TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE IS AWARDED.

24 f. [A validly executed agreement or stipulation voluntarily entered 25 into between the parties in an action commenced after the effective date 26 of this subdivision presented to the court for incorporation in an order shall include a provision stating that the parties have been advised of 27 28 the provisions of this subdivision, and that the presumptive award 29 provided for therein results in the correct amount of temporary maintenance. In the event that such agreement or stipulation deviates from the 30 presumptive award of temporary maintenance, the agreement or stipulation 31 32 must specify the amount that such presumptive award of temporary maintenance would have been and the reason or reasons that such agreement or 33 34 stipulation does not provide for payment of that amount. Such provision 35 may not be waived by either party or counsel. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall be construed to alter the rights of the parties to 36 37 voluntarily enter into validly executed agreements or stipulations which deviate from the presumptive award of temporary maintenance provided such agreements or stipulations comply with the provisions of this 38 39 40 subdivision.] The court shall[, however, retain discretion with respect temporary, and post-divorce maintenance awards pursuant to this 41 to section. Any court order incorporating a validly executed agreement or 42 stipulation which deviates from the presumptive award of temporary main-43 44 tenance shall set forth the court's reasons for such deviation] DETER-45 MINE THE DURATION OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE BY CONSIDERING THE LENGTH OF 46 THE MARRIAGE.

47 g. [When a party has defaulted and/or the court is otherwise presented 48 with insufficient evidence to determine gross income, the court shall order the temporary maintenance award based upon the needs of the payee 49 50 the standard of living of the parties prior to commencement of the or 51 divorce action, whichever is greater. Such order may be retroactively modified upward without a showing of change in circumstances upon a 52 53 showing of newly discovered or obtained evidence.] TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE 54 SHALL TERMINATE NO LATER THAN THE ISSUANCE OF THE JUDGMENT OF DIVORCE OR 55 THE DEATH OF EITHER PARTY, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

h. [In any action or proceeding for modification of an order of main-1 2 tenance or alimony existing prior to the effective date of this subdivi-3 sion, brought pursuant to this article, the temporary maintenance guide-4 lines set forth in this subdivision shall not constitute a change of 5 circumstances warranting modification of such support order] (1) THE б COURT SHALL ORDER THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE UP TΟ 7 INCOME CAP IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH C OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE UNLESS THE COURT FINDS THAT THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF 8 TEMPORARY MAINTE-NANCE IS UNJUST OR INAPPROPRIATE, WHICH FINDING SHALL BE BASED UPON 9 10 CONSIDERATION OF ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING FACTORS, AND ADJUSTS 11 AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE ACCORDINGLY BASED UPON THE GUIDELINE 12 SUCH CONSIDERATION: 13

(A) THE AGE AND HEALTH OF THE PARTIES;

(B) THE PRESENT OR FUTURE EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PARTIES, INCLUDING A 14 15 HISTORY OF LIMITED PARTICIPATION IN THE WORKFORCE;

(C) THE NEED OF ONE PARTY TO INCUR EDUCATION OR TRAINING EXPENSES;

17 (D) THE TERMINATION OF A CHILD SUPPORT AWARD DURING THE PENDENCY OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE AWARD WHEN THE CALCULATION OF TEMPORARY MAIN-18 THE 19 TENANCE WAS BASED UPON CHILD SUPPORT BEING AWARDED AND WHICH RESULTED IN A MAINTENANCE AWARD LOWER THAN IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HAD CHILD SUPPORT NOT 20 21 BEEN AWARDED;

22 THE WASTEFUL DISSIPATION OF MARITAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING TRANSFERS (E) 23 OR ENCUMBRANCES MADE IN CONTEMPLATION OF A MATRIMONIAL ACTION WITHOUT 24 FAIR CONSIDERATION;

25 (F) EXISTENCE AND DURATION OF A PRE-MARITAL JOINT HOUSEHOLD OR A THE 26 PRE-DIVORCE SEPARATE HOUSEHOLD;

(G) ACTS BY ONE PARTY AGAINST ANOTHER THAT HAVE INHIBITED OR CONTINUE 27 28 INHIBIT A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY OR ABILITY TO OBTAIN MEANINGFUL ТΟ 29 EMPLOYMENT. SUCH ACTS INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO ACTS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE-A OF THE SOCIAL 30 31 SERVICES LAW; 32

(H) THE AVAILABILITY AND COST OF MEDICAL INSURANCE FOR THE PARTIES;

33 (I) THE CARE OF CHILDREN OR STEPCHILDREN, DISABLED ADULT CHILDREN OR 34 STEPCHILDREN, ELDERLY PARENTS OR IN-LAWS PROVIDED DURING THE MARRIAGE 35 THAT INHIBITS A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY;

36 (J) THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO EACH PARTY;

37 (K) THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE PARTIES ESTABLISHED DURING THE 38 MARRIAGE;

39 (L) THE REDUCED OR LOST EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PAYEE AS A RESULT OF 40 HAVING FORGONE OR DELAYED EDUCATION, TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT OR CAREER 41 OPPORTUNITIES DURING THE MARRIAGE; AND

42 ANY OTHER FACTOR WHICH THE COURT SHALL EXPRESSLY FIND TO BE JUST (M) 43 AND PROPER.

44 (2) WHERE THE COURT FINDS THAT THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAIN-45 TENANCE IS UNJUST OR INAPPROPRIATE AND THE COURT ADJUSTS THE GUIDELINE TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH, THE COURT 46 AMOUNT OF 47 SHALL SET FORTH, IN A WRITTEN DECISION OR ON THE RECORD, THE GUIDELINE 48 AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE, THE FACTORS IT CONSIDERED, AND THE 49 REASONS THAT THE COURT ADJUSTED THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY MAIN-50 SUCH DECISION, WHETHER IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD, SHALL NOT TENANCE. 51 BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY OR COUNSEL.

52 (3) WHERE EITHER OR BOTH PARTIES ARE UNREPRESENTED, THE COURT SHALL 53 NOT ENTER A TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE ORDER UNLESS THE COURT INFORMS THE 54 UNREPRESENTED PARTY OR PARTIES OF THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY 55 MAINTENANCE.

i. [In any decision made pursuant to] NOTHING CONTAINED IN this subdi-1 2 vision [the court] shall[, where appropriate, consider the effect of a 3 barrier to remarriage, as defined in subdivision six of section two 4 hundred fifty-three of this article, on the factors enumerated in this 5 subdivision] BE CONSTRUED TO ALTER THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES TO VOLUN-TARILY ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS OR STIPULATIONS AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION 6 7 THREE OF THIS PART WHICH DEVIATE FROM THE PRESUMPTIVE AWARD OF TEMPORARY 8 MAINTENANCE.

WHEN A PAYOR HAS DEFAULTED AND/OR THE COURT IS OTHERWISE PRESENTED 9 J. 10 WITH INSUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO DETERMINE INCOME, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE AWARD BASED UPON THE NEEDS OF THE PAYEE OR THE 11 LIVING OF THE PARTIES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF THE DIVORCE 12 STANDARD OF ACTION, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. SUCH ORDER MAY BE RETROACTIVELY MODIFIED 13 14 UPWARD WITHOUT A SHOWING OF CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCES UPON A SHOWING OF 15 NEWLY DISCOVERED EVIDENCE.

16 K. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION OF AN ORDER OF MAINTE-17 NANCE OR ALIMONY EXISTING PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBDIVI-18 SION, BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE GUIDE-19 LINES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CHANGE OF 20 CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION OF SUCH SUPPORT ORDER.

L. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION WHERE THE PARTIES HAVE ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PROVIDING FOR MAINTENANCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVI-SION THREE OF THIS PART ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION OF SUCH SUPPORT ORDER.

IN DETERMINING TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER AND 27 Μ. 28 ALLOCATE, WHERE APPROPRIATE, THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE RESPECTIVE SPOUSES FOR THE FAMILY'S EXPENSES DURING THE PENDENCY OF THE PROCEEDING. 29 TEMPORARY MAINTENANCE ORDER SHALL NOT PREJUDICE THE RIGHTS OF 30 THE Ν. EITHER PARTY REGARDING A POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE AWARD. 31

32 S 4. Subdivision 6 of part B of section 236 of the domestic relations 33 law, as amended by chapter 371 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read 34 as follows:

35 6. Post-divorce maintenance awards. a. Except where the parties have entered into an agreement pursuant to subdivision three of this part 36 37 providing for maintenance, in any matrimonial action, the court [may 38 order], UPON APPLICATION BY A PARTY, SHALL MAKE ITS AWARD FOR POST-DI-39 VORCE maintenance [in such amount as justice requires, having regard for 40 the standard of living of the parties established during the marriage, whether the party in whose favor maintenance is granted lacks sufficient 41 property and income to provide for his or her reasonable needs and 42 43 whether the other party has sufficient property or income to provide for 44 the reasonable needs of the other and the circumstances of the case and 45 the respective parties. Such order shall be effective as of the date of of the application therefor, and any retroactive amount of maintenance 46 47 shall be paid in one sum or periodic sums, as the court shall due 48 direct, taking into account any amount of temporary maintenance which 49 has been paid. In determining the amount and duration of maintenance the 50 court shall consider:

51 (1) the income and property of the respective parties including mari-52 tal property distributed pursuant to subdivision five of this part;

53 (2) the length of the marriage;

54 (3) the age and health of both parties;

55 (4) the present and future earning capacity of both parties;

56 (5) the need of one party to incur education or training expenses;

(6) the existence and duration of a pre-marital joint household or 1 2 pre-divorce separate household; 3 (7) acts by one party against another that have inhibited or continue 4 to inhibit a party's earning capacity or ability to obtain meaningful 5 employment. Such acts include but are not limited to acts of domestic 6 violence as provided in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social 7 services law; 8 (8) ability of the party seeking maintenance to become self-supthe 9 porting and, if applicable, the period of time and training necessary 10 therefor; (9) reduced or lost lifetime earning capacity of the party seeking 11 12 maintenance as a result of having foregone or delayed education, training, employment, or career opportunities during the marriage; 13 14 (10) the presence of children of the marriage in the respective homes 15 of the parties; 16 (11) the care of the children or stepchildren, disabled adult children 17 or stepchildren, elderly parents or in-laws that has inhibited or 18 continues to inhibit a party's earning capacity; 19 (12) the inability of one party to obtain meaningful employment due to 20 age or absence from the workforce; 21 the need to pay for exceptional additional expenses for the (13)22 child/children, including but not limited to, schooling, day care and 23 medical treatment; 24 (14) the tax consequences to each party; 25 (15) the equitable distribution of marital property; 26 (16) contributions and services of the party seeking maintenance as a spouse, parent, wage earner and homemaker, and to the career or 27 career 28 potential of the other party; 29 (17) the wasteful dissipation of marital property by either spouse; (18) the transfer or encumbrance made in contemplation of a matrimoni-30 al action without fair consideration; 31 32 (19) the loss of health insurance benefits upon dissolution of the 33 marriage, and the availability and cost of medical insurance for the 34 parties; and 35 (20) any other factor which the court shall expressly find to be just and proper] PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION. 36 37 b. [In any decision made pursuant to this subdivision, the court shall set forth the factors it considered and the reasons for its decision and 38 39 such may not be waived by either party or counsel] FOR PURPOSES OF THIS 40 SUBDIVISION, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL BE USED: (1) "PAYOR" SHALL MEAN THE SPOUSE WITH THE HIGHER INCOME. 41 "PAYEE" SHALL MEAN THE SPOUSE WITH THE LOWER INCOME. 42 (2) 43 (3) "INCOME" SHALL MEAN: 44 INCOME AS DEFINED IN THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT AND CODIFIED (A) 45 IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THIS ARTICLE AND SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT, WITHOUT SUBTRACTING ALIMONY OR MAINTE-46 TO BE PAID TO A SPOUSE THAT IS A PARTY TO THE 47 ACTUALLY PAID OR NANCE 48 INSTANT ACTION PURSUANT TO SUBCLAUSE (C) OF CLAUSE (VII) OF SUBPARAGRAPH 49 FIVE OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE-B OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY 50 ARTICLE AND SUBCLAUSE (C) OF CLAUSE (VII) OF SUBPARAGRAPH FIVE OF THIS OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN 51 OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT AND WITHOUT SUBTRACTING SPOUSAL SUPPORT PAID PURSU-52 53 ANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWELVE OF SUCH ACT; AND 54 (B) INCOME FROM INCOME-PRODUCING PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED OR ТΟ ΒE DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS PART. 55

"INCOME CAP" SHALL MEAN UP TO AND INCLUDING ONE 1 (4) HUNDRED 2 SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THE PAYOR'S ANNUAL INCOME; PROVIDED, 3 HOWEVER, BEGINNING JANUARY THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND EVERY 4 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER, THE INCOME CAP AMOUNT SHALL INCREASE BY THE SUM OF 5 ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR THE AVERAGE 6 ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U) AS PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT 7 OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS FOR THE PRIOR TWO YEARS MULTIPLIED INCOME CAP AND THEN ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST ONE THOUSAND 8 ΒY THE THEN DOLLARS. THE OFFICE OF COURT ADMINISTRATION SHALL DETERMINE AND 9 PUBLISH 10 THE INCOME CAP. 11 (5) "GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE" SHALL MEAN THE 12 DOLLAR AMOUNT DERIVED BY THE APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH C OR D OF THIS 13 SUBDIVISION. 14 "GUIDELINE DURATION OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE" SHALL MEAN THE (6) 15 DURATIONAL PERIOD DETERMINED BY THE APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH F OF THIS 16 SUBDIVISION. 17 "POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE OBLIGATION" SHALL MEAN THE (7)GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE AND THE GUIDELINE DURATION 18 19 OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE. 20 "LENGTH OF (8) MARRIAGE" SHALL MEAN THE PERIOD FROM THE DATE OF 21 MARRIAGE UNTIL THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE ACTION. 22 (9) "SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE" SHALL MEAN THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE AS 23 DEFINED IN THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT AND CODIFIED IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THIS ARTICLE AND SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF 24 THE 25 FAMILY COURT ACT. 26 (10)"AGREEMENT" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVI-27 SION THREE OF THIS PART. 28 c. [The court may award permanent maintenance, but an award of mainte-29 nance shall terminate upon the death of either party or upon the recipi-30 ent's valid or invalid marriage, or upon modification pursuant to paragraph b of subdivision nine of this part or section two hundred 31 32 forty-eight of this chapter] WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS LOWER THAN OR 33 EQUAL TO THE INCOME CAP, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE AS FOLLOWS: 34 35 (1) WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE AND WHERE THE PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS ALSO THE NON-CUSTODIAL 36 37 PARENT PURSUANT TO THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: 38 (A) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE PAYEE'S INCOME 39 FROM TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME. 40 THE COURT SHALL THEN MULTIPLY THE SUM OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND (B) THE PAYEE'S INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. 41 42 (C) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM THEAMOUNT 43 DERIVED FROM CLAUSE (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. 44 (D) THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF THE TWO AMOUNTS DERIVED BY 45 CLAUSES (A) AND (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. (E) THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE 46 SHALL BE THE AMOUNT DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, IF THE 47 48 AMOUNT DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH IS LESS THAN OR 49 EQUAL TO ZERO, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE 50 ZERO DOLLARS. 51 (F) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION, WHERE THE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE WOULD REDUCE THE PAYOR'S 52 GUIDELINE 53 INCOME BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE FOR A SINGLE PERSON, THE GUIDELINE 54 AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE 55 INCOME AND THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE. IF THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS PAYOR 'S

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THAT NO POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE IS AWARDED. (G) MAINTENANCE SHALL BE CALCULATED PRIOR TO CHILD SUPPORT BECAUSE THE AMOUNT OF MAINTENANCE SHALL BE SUBTRACTED FROM THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME AS PART OF THE CALCULATION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. (2) WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL NOT BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE, OR WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: (A) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM THIRTY PERCENT OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME. (B) THE COURT SHALL THEN MULTIPLY THE SUM OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND THE PAYEE'S INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. (C) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT THEPAYEE ' S INCOME FROM THE AMOUNT DERIVED FROM CLAUSE (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF THE TWO AMOUNTS DERIVED BY (D) CLAUSES (A) AND (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. (E) THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE AMOUNT DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, IF THE AMOUNT DETERMINED BY CLAUSE (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO ZERO, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE ZERO DOLLARS. (F) IF CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT, POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL ΒE CALCULATED PRIOR TO CHILD SUPPORT BECAUSE THE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE SUBTRACTED FROM THE PAYOR'S INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION AS PART OF THE CALCULATION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. (G) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE WHERE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE WOULD REDUCE THE PAYOR'S GUIDELINE INCOME BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE FOR A SINGLE PERSON, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE INCOME AND THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE. IF THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS PAYOR 'S BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE, THERE SHALL BE A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION THAT NO POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE IS AWARDED. d. [In any decision made pursuant to this subdivision the court shall, where appropriate, consider the effect of a barrier to remarriage, as defined in subdivision six of section two hundred fifty-three of this article, on the factors enumerated in paragraph a of this subdivision] WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME EXCEEDS THE INCOME CAP, THE COURT SHALL DETER-MINE THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE AS FOLLOWS: (1)THE COURT SHALL PERFORM THE CALCULATIONS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH C OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE INCOME OF PAYOR UP TO AND INCLUDING THE INCOME CAP; AND (2) FOR INCOME EXCEEDING THE CAP, THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL MAINTENANCE AWARDED, IF ANY, SHALL BE WITHIN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT WHICH SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FACTORS SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH E OF THIS SUBDIVISION; AND (3) THE COURT SHALL SET FORTH THE FACTORS IT CONSIDERED AND THE REASONS FOR ITS DECISION IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD. SUCH DECISION,

52 REASONS FOR ITS DECISION IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD. SUCH DECISION, 53 WHETHER IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD, MAY NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY 54 OR COUNSEL. 55 E. (1) THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE

55 E. (1) THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE 56 OBLIGATION UP TO THE INCOME CAP IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH C OF THIS

BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE, THERE SHALL BE A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION

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(A) THE AGE AND HEALTH OF THE PARTIES;

7 (B) THE PRESENT OR FUTURE EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PARTIES, INCLUDING A 8 HISTORY OF LIMITED PARTICIPATION IN THE WORKFORCE;

(C) THE NEED OF ONE PARTY TO INCUR EDUCATION OR TRAINING EXPENSES;

10 (D) THE TERMINATION OF A CHILD SUPPORT AWARD BEFORE THE TERMINATION OF THE MAINTENANCE AWARD WHEN THE CALCULATION OF MAINTENANCE WAS BASED UPON 11 12 CHILD SUPPORT BEING AWARDED WHICH RESULTED IN A MAINTENANCE AWARD LOWER THAN IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HAD CHILD SUPPORT NOT BEEN AWARDED; 13

14 (E) THE WASTEFUL DISSIPATION OF MARITAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING TRANSFERS 15 OR ENCUMBRANCES MADE IN CONTEMPLATION OF A MATRIMONIAL ACTION WITHOUT 16 FAIR CONSIDERATION;

17 (F) THE EXISTENCE AND DURATION OF A PRE-MARITAL JOINT HOUSEHOLD OR A PRE-DIVORCE SEPARATE HOUSEHOLD; 18

(G) ACTS BY ONE PARTY AGAINST ANOTHER THAT HAVE INHIBITED OR CONTINUE 19 TO INHIBIT A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY OR ABILITY TO OBTAIN MEANINGFUL 20 EMPLOYMENT. SUCH ACTS INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO ACTS OF DOMESTIC 21 VIOLENCE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE-A OF THE 22 SOCIAL SERVICES LAW; 23

(H) THE AVAILABILITY AND COST OF MEDICAL INSURANCE FOR THE PARTIES;

25 (I) THE CARE OF CHILDREN OR STEPCHILDREN, DISABLED ADULT CHILDREN OR 26 STEPCHILDREN, ELDERLY PARENTS OR IN-LAWS PROVIDED DURING THE MARRIAGE THAT INHIBITS A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY; 27 28

(J) THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO EACH PARTY;

29 (K) THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE PARTIES ESTABLISHED DURING THE 30 MARRIAGE;

(L) THE REDUCED OR LOST EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PAYEE AS A RESULT OF 31 32 HAVING FORGONE OR DELAYED EDUCATION, TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT OR CAREER 33 OPPORTUNITIES DURING THE MARRIAGE;

34 (M) THE EOUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF MARITAL PROPERTY AND THE INCOME OR IMPUTED INCOME ON THE ASSETS SO DISTRIBUTED; 35

THE CONTRIBUTIONS AND SERVICES OF THE PAYEE AS A SPOUSE, PARENT, 36 (N) 37 WAGE EARNER AND HOMEMAKER AND TO THE CAREER OR CAREER POTENTIAL OF THE 38 OTHER PARTY; AND

39 (0) ANY OTHER FACTOR WHICH THE COURT SHALL EXPRESSLY FIND TO BE JUST 40 AND PROPER.

(2) WHERE THE COURT FINDS THAT THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE 41 OBLIGATION IS UNJUST OR INAPPROPRIATE AND THE COURT ADJUSTS THE POST-DI-42 43 VORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE OBLIGATION PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH, THE 44 COURT SHALL SET FORTH, IN A WRITTEN DECISION OR ON THE RECORD, THE UNAD-45 JUSTED POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE OBLIGATION, THE FACTORS IT CONSIDERED, AND THE REASONS THAT THE COURT ADJUSTED THE POST-DIVORCE 46 47 MAINTENANCE OBLIGATION. SUCH DECISION SHALL NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER 48 PARTY OR COUNSEL.

49 F. THE DURATION OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE MAY BE DETERMINED AS 50 FOLLOWS:

(1) THE COURT MAY DETERMINE THE DURATION OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE 51 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING ADVISORY SCHEDULE: 52

53	LENGTH OF THE MARRIAGE	PERCENT OF THE LENGTH OF THE
54		MARRIAGE FOR WHICH
55		MAINTENANCE WILL BE PAYABLE
56	0 UP TO AND INCLUDING 15 YEARS	15% - 30%

1MORE THAN 15 UP TO AND INCLUDING30% - 40%220 YEARS30% - 50%3MORE THAN 20 YEARS35% - 50%

4 (2) IN DETERMINING THE DURATION OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE, WHETHER 5 OR NOT THE COURT UTILIZES THE ADVISORY SCHEDULE, IT SHALL CONSIDER THE 6 FACTORS LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH E OF THIS SUBDIVISION 7 AND SHALL SET FORTH, IN A WRITTEN DECISION OR ON THE RECORD, THE FACTORS 8 IT CONSIDERED. SUCH DECISION SHALL NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY OR 9 COUNSEL. NOTHING HEREIN SHALL PREVENT THE COURT FROM AWARDING NON-DURA-10 TIONAL MAINTENANCE IN AN APPROPRIATE CASE.

(3) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE SHALL TERMINATE UPON THE DEATH OF EITHER
PARTY OR UPON THE PAYEE'S VALID OR INVALID MARRIAGE, OR UPON MODIFICATION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH B OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF THIS PART OR SECTION
TWO HUNDRED FORTY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE.

16 (4) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF THIS PARA-17 WHEN DETERMINING DURATION OF POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE, THE COURT GRAPH, 18 SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION ANTICIPATED RETIREMENT ASSETS, BENEFITS, 19 AND RETIREMENT ELIGIBILITY AGE OF BOTH PARTIES IF ASCERTAINABLE AT THE TIME OF DECISION. IF NOT ASCERTAINABLE AT THE TIME OF DECISION, 20 THE 21 ACTUAL FULL OR PARTIAL RETIREMENT OF THE PAYOR WITH SUBSTANTIAL DIMINU-22 TION OF INCOME SHALL BE A BASIS FOR A MODIFICATION OF THE AWARD.

G. WHERE EITHER OR BOTH PARTIES ARE UNREPRESENTED, THE COURT SHALL NOT
ENTER A MAINTENANCE ORDER OR JUDGMENT UNLESS THE COURT INFORMS THE
UNREPRESENTED PARTY OR PARTIES OF THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE
OBLIGATION.

H. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO ALTER
THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES TO VOLUNTARILY ENTER INTO VALIDLY EXECUTED
AGREEMENTS OR STIPULATIONS WHICH DEVIATE FROM THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE GUIDELINE OBLIGATION.

I. WHEN A PAYOR HAS DEFAULTED AND/OR THE COURT MAKES A FINDING AT 31 THE 32 TIME OF TRIAL THAT IT WAS PRESENTED WITH INSUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO DETER-33 INCOME, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE BASED MINE UPON THE NEEDS OF THE PAYEE OR THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF 34 THE PARTIES 35 PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF THE DIVORCE ACTION, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. SUCH ORDER MAY BE RETROACTIVELY MODIFIED UPWARD WITHOUT A SHOWING OF CHANGE 36 37 IN CIRCUMSTANCES UPON A SHOWING OF SUBSTANTIAL NEWLY DISCOVERED 38 EVIDENCE.

J. POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE MAY BE MODIFIED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH B OF 40 SUBDIVISION NINE OF THIS PART.

K. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION OF AN ORDER OF MAINTENANCE OR ALIMONY EXISTING PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF
THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION, BROUGHT
PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE GUIDELINES FOR POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE
SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION OF SUCH SUPPORT ORDER.

L. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION WHERE THE PARTIES HAVE
ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PROVIDING FOR MAINTENANCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS PART ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE
CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION, BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE GUIDELINES FOR POST-DIVORCE
MAINTENANCE SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CHANGE
OF CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION OF SUCH AGREEMENT.

54 M. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION OF AN ORDER OF MAINTE-55 NANCE OR ALIMONY EXISTING PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF 56 THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION, BROUGHT

ARTICLE, THE GUIDELINES FOR POST-DIVORCE MAINTENANCE PURSUANT TO THIS 1 SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPHS C, D AND E OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY. 2 3 N. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION WHERE THE PARTIES HAVE 4 ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PROVIDING FOR MAINTENANCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVI-5 THREE OF THIS PART ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE SION 6 CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVI-7 BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE GUIDELINES FOR POST-DIVORCE SION, 8 MAINTENANCE SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPHS C, D AND E OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL 9 NOT APPLY.

0. IN ANY DECISION MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION THE COURT SHALL,
WHERE APPROPRIATE, CONSIDER THE EFFECT OF A BARRIER TO REMARRIAGE, AS
DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FIFTY-THREE OF THIS
ARTICLE, ON THE FACTORS ENUMERATED IN PARAGRAPH E OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

14 S 5. Subparagraph 1 of paragraph b of subdivision 9 of part B of 15 section 236 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 182 of 16 the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

17 Upon application by either party, the court may annul or modify (1)any prior order or judgment MADE AFTER TRIAL as to maintenance, upon a 18 19 showing of the [recipient's] PAYEE'S inability to be self-supporting or 20 UPON A SHOWING OF a substantial change in circumstance [or termination 21 child support awarded pursuant to section two hundred forty of this of 22 article], including financial hardship OR UPON ACTUAL FULL OR PARTIAL 23 RETIREMENT OF THE PAYOR IF THE RETIREMENT RESULTS IN A SUBSTANTIAL 24 CHANGE IN FINANCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES. Where, after the effective date of 25 this part, [a separation] AN agreement remains in force, no modification of [a prior] AN order or judgment incorporating the terms of said agree-26 27 shall be made as to maintenance without a showing of extreme hardment ship on either party, in which event the judgment or order as modified 28 29 supersede the terms of the prior agreement and judgment for such shall period of time and under such circumstances as the court determines. The 30 court shall not reduce or annul any arrears of maintenance which have 31 32 been reduced to final judgment pursuant to section two hundred fortyfour of this article. No other arrears of maintenance which have accrued 33 34 prior to the making of such application shall be subject to modification or annulment unless the defaulting party shows good cause for failure to 35 make application for relief from the judgment or order directing such 36 37 payment prior to the accrual of such arrears and the facts and circum-38 stances constituting good cause are set forth in a written memorandum of decision. Such modification may increase maintenance nunc pro tunc as of 39 40 the date of application based on newly discovered evidence. Any retroactive amount of maintenance due shall, except as provided for herein, be 41 paid in one sum or periodic sums, as the court directs, taking into 42 43 account any temporary or partial payments which have been made. The 44 provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to a separation agreement 45 made prior to the effective date of this part.

46 S 6. Section 248 of the domestic relations law, as amended by chapter 47 604 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as follows:

S 248. Modification of judgment or order in action for divorce or 48 49 annulment. Where an action for divorce or for annulment or for a decla-50 ration of the nullity of a void marriage is brought by a [husband or 51 wife] SPOUSE, and a final judgment of divorce or a final judgment annulling the marriage or declaring its nullity has been rendered, the 52 court, by order upon the application of the [husband] PAYOR on notice, 53 54 and on proof of the marriage of the [wife] PAYEE after such final judgment, must modify such final judgment and any orders made with respect 55 56 thereto by annulling the provisions of such final judgment or orders, or

of both, directing payments of money for the support of the [wife] 1 2 The court in its discretion upon application of the [husband] PAYEE. 3 PAYOR on notice, upon proof that the [wife] PAYEE is habitually living 4 with another [man] PERSON and holding HIMSELF OR herself out as [his wife] THE SPOUSE OF SUCH OTHER PERSON, although not married to such [man] OTHER PERSON, may modify such final judgment and any orders made 5 6 7 with respect thereto by annulling the provisions of such final judqment or orders or of both, directing payment of money for the support of such 8 9 [wife] PAYEE.

10 S 7. Section 412 of the family court act, as amended by chapter 281 of 11 the laws of 1980, is amended to read as follows:

12 S 412. Married person's duty to support spouse. 1. A married person is chargeable with the support of his or her spouse and, [if possessed of 13 14 sufficient means or able to earn such means, may be required to pay for 15 his or her support a fair and reasonable sum, as] EXCEPT WHERE THE PARTIES HAVE ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED 16 TWENTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE PROVIDING FOR SUPPORT, the court [may deter-17 mine, having due regard to the circumstances of the respective parties], 18 19 UPON APPLICATION BY A PARTY, SHALL MAKE ITS AWARD FOR SPOUSAL SUPPORT 20 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PART.

21 2. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL BE 22 USED:

23 24 (A) "PAYOR" SHALL MEAN THE SPOUSE WITH THE HIGHER INCOME.

(B) "PAYEE" SHALL MEAN THE SPOUSE WITH THE LOWER INCOME.

25 "INCOME" SHALL MEAN INCOME AS DEFINED IN THE CHILD SUPPORT STAND-(C) 26 ARDS ACT AND CODIFIED IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE DOMESTIC 27 RELATIONS LAW AND SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF THIS ARTICLE WITHOUT SUBTRACTING SPOUSAL SUPPORT ACTUALLY PAID OR TO BE PAID TO A SPOUSE THAT 28 29 IS A PARTY TO THE INSTANT ACTION PURSUANT TO SUBCLAUSE (C) OF CLAUSE SUBPARAGRAPH FIVE OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE-B OF 30 (VII) OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW AND SUBCLAUSE 31 32 (C) OF CLAUSE (VII) OF SUBPARAGRAPH FIVE OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION 33 ONE OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED THIRTEEN OF THIS ARTICLE.

34 (D) "INCOME CAP" SHALL MEAN UP TO AND INCLUDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THE PAYOR'S ANNUAL INCOME; 35 PROVIDED, BEGINNING JANUARY THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND EVERY 36 HOWEVER, 37 TWO YEARS THEREAFTER, THE INCOME CAP AMOUNT SHALL INCREASE BY THE SUM OF 38 THE AVERAGE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR 39 ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U) AS PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT 40 LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS FOR THE PRIOR TWO YEARS MULTIPLIED OF BY THE THEN INCOME CAP AND THEN ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 41 ONE THOUSAND THE OFFICE OF COURT ADMINISTRATION SHALL DETERMINE AND PUBLISH 42 DOLLARS. 43 THE INCOME CAP.

44 (E) "GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT" SHALL MEAN THE SUM DERIVED 45 BY THE APPLICATION OF SUBDIVISION THREE OR FOUR OF THIS SECTION.

46 (F) "SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE" SHALL MEAN THE SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE AS
47 DEFINED IN THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT AND CODIFIED IN SECTION TWO
48 HUNDRED FORTY OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW AND SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
49 THIRTEEN OF THIS ARTICLE.

50 (G) "AGREEMENT" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION 51 THREE OF PART B OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED THIRTY-SIX OF THE DOMESTIC 52 RELATIONS LAW.

53 3. WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS LOWER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE INCOME CAP, 54 THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT AS 55 FOLLOWS: S. 5678

WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE AND 1 (A) 2 WHERE THE PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION IS ALSO THE NON-CUSTODIAL 3 PARENT PURSUANT TO THE CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: 4 (1) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE PAYEE'S INCOME 5 FROM TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME. 6 THE COURT SHALL THEN MULTIPLY THE SUM OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND (2) 7 THE PAYEE'S INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. 8 (3) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM THE AMOUNT DERIVED FROM SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS PARAGRAPH. 9 10 THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF THE TWO AMOUNTS DERIVED BY (4) SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE AND THREE OF THIS PARAGRAPH. 11 12 (5) THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE THE AMOUNT DETER-MINED BY SUBPARAGRAPH FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, IF THE AMOUNT 13 14 DETERMINED BY SUBPARAGRAPH FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL 15 TO ZERO, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE ZERO DOLLARS. 16 (6) SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE CALCULATED PRIOR TO CHILD SUPPORT BECAUSE 17 THE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE SUBTRACTED FROM THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME AS PART OF THE CALCULATION OF THE 18 19 CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. (B) WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL NOT BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE, 20 21 OR WHERE CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE 22 PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO THE 23 CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT: 24 (1) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM 25 THIRTY PERCENT OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME. 26 (2) THE COURT SHALL THEN MULTIPLY THE SUM OF THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND 27 THE PAYEE'S INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. 28 (3) THE COURT SHALL SUBTRACT THE PAYEE'S INCOME FROM THE AMOUNT DERIVED FROM SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS PARAGRAPH. 29 (4) THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE LOWER OF AMOUNTS DERIVED BY SUBPARA-30 GRAPHS ONE AND THREE OF THIS PARAGRAPH. 31 32 (5) THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE THE AMOUNT DETER-33 MINED BY SUBPARAGRAPH FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH EXCEPT THAT, IF THE AMOUNT DETERMINED BY SUBPARAGRAPH FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH IS LESS THAN OR EOUAL 34 TO ZERO, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE ZERO DOLLARS. 35 (6) IF CHILD SUPPORT WILL BE PAID FOR CHILDREN OF THE MARRIAGE BUT THE 36 37 PAYOR AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION IS THE CUSTODIAL PARENT PURSUANT TO THE 38 CHILD SUPPORT STANDARDS ACT, SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE CALCULATED PRIOR 39 TO CHILD SUPPORT BECAUSE THE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT SHALL BE 40 SUBTRACTED FROM THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND ADDED TO THE PAYEE'S INCOME AS PART OF THE CALCULATION OF THE CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATION. 41 4. WHERE THE PAYOR'S INCOME EXCEEDS THE INCOME CAP, THE COURT 42 SHALL 43 DETERMINE THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT AS FOLLOWS: 44 (A) THE COURT SHALL PERFORM THE CALCULATIONS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION 45 THREE OF THIS SECTION FOR THE INCOME OF THE PAYOR UP TO AND INCLUDING 46 THE INCOME CAP; AND INCOME EXCEEDING THE CAP, THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL SPOUSAL 47 (B) FOR 48 SUPPORT AWARDED, IF ANY, SHALL BE WITHIN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT 49 WHICH SHALL TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FACTORS SET 50 FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION; AND 51 (C) THE COURT SHALL SET FORTH THE FACTORS IT CONSIDERED AND THE REASONS FOR ITS DECISION IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD. SUCH DECISION, 52 WHETHER IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD, MAY NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY 53 54 OR COUNSEL. 55 5. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, WHERE THE GUIDELINE 56 AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT WOULD REDUCE THE PAYOR'S INCOME BELOW THE

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SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE FOR A SINGLE PERSON, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUS-1 2 AL SUPPORT SHALL BE THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PAYOR'S INCOME AND THE 3 SELF-SUPPORT RESERVE. IF THE PAYOR'S INCOME IS BELOW THE SELF-SUPPORT 4 RESERVE, THERE SHALL BE A REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION THAT NO SPOUSAL SUPPORT 5 IS AWARDED. 6 THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT 6. (A) 7 UP TO THE CAP IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE COURT FINDS THAT THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT IS 8

UNJUST OR INAPPROPRIATE, WHICH FINDING SHALL BE BASED UPON CONSIDERATION 9 10 OF ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING FACTORS, AND ADJUSTS THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT ACCORDINGLY BASED UPON CONSIDERATION OF THE 11 12 FOLLOWING FACTORS:

(1) THE AGE AND HEALTH OF THE PARTIES;

14 (2) THE PRESENT OR FUTURE EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PARTIES, INCLUDING A 15 HISTORY OF LIMITED PARTICIPATION IN THE WORKFORCE;

(3) THE NEED OF ONE PARTY TO INCUR EDUCATION OR TRAINING EXPENSES;

17 (4) THE TERMINATION OF A CHILD SUPPORT AWARD DURING THE PENDENCY OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT AWARD WHEN THE CALCULATION OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT WAS 18 THE BASED UPON CHILD SUPPORT BEING AWARDED WHICH RESULTED IN A SPOUSAL 19 SUPPORT AWARD LOWER THAN IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HAD CHILD SUPPORT NOT BEEN 20 21 AWARDED;

22 (5) THE WASTEFUL DISSIPATION OF MARITAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING TRANSFERS 23 OR ENCUMBRANCES MADE IN CONTEMPLATION OF A SUPPORT PROCEEDING WITHOUT 24 FAIR CONSIDERATION;

25 (6) THE EXISTENCE AND DURATION OF A PRE-MARITAL JOINT HOUSEHOLD OR A 26 PRE-SUPPORT PROCEEDINGS SEPARATE HOUSEHOLD;

27 (7) ACTS BY ONE PARTY AGAINST ANOTHER THAT HAVE INHIBITED OR CONTINUE 28 TO INHIBIT A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY OR ABILITY TO OBTAIN MEANINGFUL 29 EMPLOYMENT. SUCH ACTS INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO ACTS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE-A OF THE SOCIAL 30 31 SERVICES LAW; 32

(8) THE AVAILABILITY AND COST OF MEDICAL INSURANCE FOR THE PARTIES;

33 THE CARE OF CHILDREN OR STEPCHILDREN, DISABLED ADULT CHILDREN OR (9) 34 STEPCHILDREN, ELDERLY PARENTS OR IN-LAWS PROVIDED DURING THE MARRIAGE THAT INHIBITS A PARTY'S EARNING CAPACITY; 35 36

(10) THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO EACH PARTY;

37 (11) THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE PARTIES ESTABLISHED DURING THE 38 MARRIAGE;

39 (12) THE REDUCED OR LOST EARNING CAPACITY OF THE PAYEE AS A RESULT OF 40 HAVING FORGONE OR DELAYED EDUCATION, TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT OR CAREER OPPORTUNITIES DURING THE MARRIAGE; 41

(13) THE CONTRIBUTIONS AND SERVICES OF THE PAYEE AS A SPOUSE, PARENT, 42 43 WAGE EARNER AND HOMEMAKER AND TO THE CAREER OR CAREER POTENTIAL OF THE 44 OTHER PARTY;

45 (14) ANY OTHER FACTOR WHICH THE COURT SHALL EXPRESSLY FIND TO BE JUST 46 AND PROPER.

47 (B) WHERE THE COURT FINDS THAT THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT 48 IS UNJUST OR INAPPROPRIATE AND THE COURT ADJUSTS THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF 49 SPOUSAL SUPPORT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION, THE COURT SHALL SET FORTH, IN A WRITTEN DECISION OR ON THE RECORD, THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL 50 SUPPORT, THE FACTORS IT CONSIDERED, AND THE REASONS THAT THE COURT 51 ADJUSTED THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT. SUCH DECISION, WHETHER 52 IN WRITING OR ON THE RECORD, SHALL NOT BE WAIVED BY EITHER PARTY OR 53 54 COUNSEL.

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1 (C) WHERE EITHER OR BOTH PARTIES ARE UNREPRESENTED, THE COURT SHALL 2 NOT ENTER A SPOUSAL SUPPORT ORDER UNLESS THE COURT INFORMS THE UNREPRE-3 SENTED PARTY OR PARTIES OF THE GUIDELINE AMOUNT OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT.

4 7. WHEN A PARTY HAS DEFAULTED AND/OR THE COURT MAKES A FINDING AT THE 5 TIME OF TRIAL THAT IT WAS PRESENTED WITH INSUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO DETER-6 MINE INCOME, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE SPOUSAL SUPPORT AWARD BASED UPON 7 THE NEEDS OF THE PAYEE OR THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE PARTIES PRIOR TO 8 COMMENCEMENT OF THE SPOUSAL SUPPORT PROCEEDING, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. 9 SUCH ORDER MAY BE RETROACTIVELY MODIFIED UPWARD WITHOUT A SHOWING OF 10 CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCES UPON A SHOWING OF SUBSTANTIAL NEWLY DISCOVERED 11 EVIDENCE.

8. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION OF AN ORDER OF SPOUSAL
SUPPORT EXISTING PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS
OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SECTION, BROUGHT PURSUANT TO
THIS ARTICLE, THE SPOUSAL SUPPORT GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION
SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION
OF SUCH SPOUSAL SUPPORT ORDER.

18 9. IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING FOR MODIFICATION WHERE SPOUSAL SUPPORT ESTABLISHED IN A WRITTEN AGREEMENT PROVIDING FOR 19 MAINTENANCE WAS OR SPOUSAL SUPPORT MADE PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE OF 20 21 THIS ARTICLE OR MADE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF PART B OF SECTION 22 TWO HUNDRED THIRTY-SIX OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN 23 WHICH AMENDED THIS SECTION, BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE SPOUS-24 25 SUPPORT GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A AL CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANTING MODIFICATION OF SUCH SPOUSAL 26 SUPPORT 27 ORDER.

10. THE COURT MAY MODIFY AN ORDER OF SPOUSAL SUPPORT UPON A SHOWING OF
A SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCES. UNLESS SO MODIFIED, ANY ORDER FOR
SPOUSAL SUPPORT ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL CONTINUE UNTIL THE
EARLIEST TO OCCUR OF THE FOLLOWING:

(A) A WRITTEN STIPULATION OR AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES;

33 (B) AN ORAL STIPULATION OR AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES ENTERED INTO 34 ON THE RECORD IN OPEN COURT;

35 (C) ISSUANCE OF A JUDGMENT OF DIVORCE OR OTHER ORDER IN A MATRIMONIAL 36 PROCEEDING;

37 (D) THE DEATH OF EITHER PARTY.

38 S 8. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after it shall have become a law and shall apply to matrimonial actions and 39 40 family court actions for spousal support commenced on or after such effective date; provided however that section three of this act shall 41 take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall have become a law and 42 43 shall apply to matrimonial actions commenced on or after such effective 44 date. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to affect the validity of any 45 agreement made pursuant to subdivision 3 of part B of section 236 of the domestic relations law or section 425 of the family court act prior to 46 the effective date of this act. 47