4967--A

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

April 27, 2015

- Introduced by Sen. CROCI -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Children and Families -recommitted to the Committee on Children and Families in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law, in relation to child custody when a parent is deployed on military active duty

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Section 70 of the domestic relations law is amended by 2 adding a new subdivision (c) to read as follows:

3 (C) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, THE 4 COURT SHALL NOT CONSIDER THE PAST OR CURRENT DEPLOYMENT, OR POSSIBLE FUTURE DEPLOYMENT OF A PARENT IN ACTIVE SERVICE OF THE ARMED FORCES OF 5 THE UNITED STATES OR OF THE ORGANIZED MILITIA OF THE STATE AS б A DETRI-7 MENTAL FACTOR TO THE AWARDING OF CUSTODY OF A CHILD WHERE A SUITABLE 8 CHILD CARE PLAN HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE COURT BY THE PETITIONING 9 PARENT.

10 S 2. Subdivision 3 of section 75-1 of the domestic relations law, as 11 amended by chapter 473 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as 12 follows:

13 3. Unless the parties have otherwise stipulated or agreed, if an order 14 is issued under this section, the return of the parent from active military service, deployment or temporary assignment shall be considered a 15 16 substantial change in circumstances, AND WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF SUCH IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO ANY 17 THE CHILD CUSTODY ORDER IN EFFECT RETURN MODIFICATIONS THEREOF PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISIONS ONE 18 AND TWO OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE REINSTATED AND BE IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT. 19 [Upon the request of either parent, the court shall determine on the basis of the 20 21 child's best interests whether the custody judgment or order previously 22 in effect should be modified.]

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 S 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 240 of the domestic 2 relations law, as amended by chapter 476 of the laws of 2009, is amended 3 and a new subdivision 1-d is added to read as follows:

4 (a) In any action or proceeding brought (1) to annul a marriage or to declare the nullity of a void marriage, or (2) for a separation, or (3) 5 for a divorce, or (4) to obtain, by a writ of habeas corpus or by peti-6 7 tion and order to show cause, the custody of or right to visitation with 8 any child of a marriage, the court shall require verification of the status of any child of the marriage with respect to such child's custody 9 10 support, including any prior orders, and shall enter orders for and 11 custody and support as, in the court's discretion, justice requires, having regard to the circumstances of the case and of the respective 12 parties and to the best interests of the child and subject to the 13 14 provisions of [subdivision] SUBDIVISIONS one-c AND ONE-D of this 15 section. Where either party to an action concerning custody of or а right to visitation with a child alleges in a sworn petition or 16 17 complaint or sworn answer, cross-petition, counterclaim or other sworn 18 responsive pleading that the other party has committed an act of domestic violence against the party making the allegation or a family or household member of either party, as such family or household member is defined in article eight of the family court act, and such allegations 19 20 21 22 are proven by a preponderance of the evidence, the court must consider 23 the effect of such domestic violence upon the best interests of the child, together with such other facts and circumstances as the court 24 25 deems relevant in making a direction pursuant to this section and state the record how such findings, facts and circumstances factored into 26 on the direction. If a parent makes a good faith allegation based on a reasonable belief supported by facts that the child is the victim of 27 28 child abuse, child neglect, or the effects of domestic violence, and if 29 30 that parent acts lawfully and in good faith in response to that reasonable belief to protect the child or seek treatment for the child, then 31 32 that parent shall not be deprived of custody, visitation or contact with 33 the child, or restricted in custody, visitation or contact, based solely on that belief or the reasonable actions taken based on that belief. If 34 35 an allegation that a child is abused is supported by a preponderance of 36 evidence, then the court shall consider such evidence of abuse in the 37 determining the visitation arrangement that is in the best interest of 38 the child, and the court shall not place a child in the custody of a parent who presents a substantial risk of harm to that child, and shall 39 40 state on the record how such findings were factored into the determination. An order directing the payment of child support shall contain 41 the social security numbers of the named parties. In all cases there 42 43 shall be no prima facie right to the custody of the child in either 44 parent. Such direction shall make provision for child support out of the property of either or both parents. The court shall make its award for child support pursuant to subdivision one-b of this section. Such direc-45 46 47 tion may provide for reasonable visitation rights to the maternal and/or 48 paternal grandparents of any child of the parties. Such direction as it 49 applies to rights of visitation with a child remanded or placed in the care of a person, official, agency or institution pursuant to article 50 51 ten of the family court act, or pursuant to an instrument approved under 52 section three hundred fifty-eight-a of the social services law, shall be enforceable pursuant to part eight of article ten of the family court 53 54 act and sections three hundred fifty-eight-a and three hundred eighty-55 four-a of the social services law and other applicable provisions of law 56 against any person having care and custody, or temporary care and custo-

of the child. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any writ-1 dy, ten application or motion to the court for the establishment, 2 modifica-3 tion or enforcement of a child support obligation for persons not in 4 receipt of public assistance and care must contain either a request for 5 child support enforcement services which would authorize the collection 6 the support obligation by the immediate issuance of an income of 7 execution for support enforcement as provided for by this chapter, 8 completed in the manner specified in section one hundred eleven-g of the 9 social services law; or a statement that the applicant has applied for 10 or is in receipt of such services; or a statement that the applicant 11 knows of the availability of such services, has declined them at this time and where support enforcement services pursuant to section one 12 hundred eleven-g of the social services law have been declined that the 13 14 applicant understands that an income deduction order may be issued 15 pursuant to subdivision (c) of section fifty-two hundred forty-two of the civil practice law and rules without other child support enforcement 16 services and that payment of an administrative fee may be required. 17 The 18 shall provide a copy of any such request for child support court 19 enforcement services to the support collection unit of the appropriate 20 social services district any time it directs payments to be made to such 21 support collection unit. Additionally, the copy of any such request 22 shall be accompanied by the name, address and social security number of the parties; the date and place of the parties' marriage; the name and 23 date of birth of the child or children; and the name and address of the 24 25 employers and income payors of the party from whom child support is 26 sought or from the party ordered to pay child support to the other 27 party. Such direction may require the payment of a sum or sums of money either directly to the custodial parent or to third persons for goods or 28 29 services furnished for such child, or for both payments to the custodial parent and to such third persons; provided, however, that unless the 30 party seeking or receiving child support has applied for or is receiving 31 32 such services, the court shall not direct such payments to be made to the support collection unit, as established in section one hundred 33 eleven-h of the social services law. Every order directing the payment 34 35 of support shall require that if either parent currently, or at any time in the future, has health insurance benefits available that 36 may be 37 extended or obtained to cover the child, such parent is required to 38 exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such child and 39 execute and deliver to such person any forms, notices, documents or 40 instruments necessary to assure timely payment of any health insurance 41 claims for such child.

1-D. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, THE 42 43 COURT SHALL NOT CONSIDER THE PAST OR CURRENT DEPLOYMENT, OR POSSIBLE 44 FUTURE DEPLOYMENT OF A PARENT IN ACTIVE SERVICE OF THE ARMED FORCES OF 45 THE UNITED STATES OR OF THE ORGANIZED MILITIA OF THE STATE AS A DETRI-MENTAL FACTOR TO THE AWARDING OF CUSTODY OF A CHILD TO A PETITIONING 46 47 PARENT WHERE A SUITABLE CHILD CARE PLAN HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE COURT 48 BY SUCH PARENT.

49 S 3-a. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 240 of the domestic 50 relations law, as amended by chapter 567 of the laws of 2015, is amended 51 to read as follows:

52 (a) In any action or proceeding brought (1) to annul a marriage or to 53 declare the nullity of a void marriage, or (2) for a separation, or (3) 54 for a divorce, or (4) to obtain, by a writ of habeas corpus or by peti-55 tion and order to show cause, the custody of or right to visitation with 56 any child of a marriage, the court shall require verification of the

status of any child of the marriage with respect to such child's custody 1 2 and support, including any prior orders, and shall enter orders for 3 custody and support as, in the court's discretion, justice requires, 4 having regard to the circumstances of the case and of the respective 5 parties and to the best interests of the child and subject to the 6 provisions of [subdivision] SUBDIVISIONS one-c AND ONE-D of this 7 section. Where either party to an action concerning custody of or a 8 right to visitation with a child alleges in a sworn petition or 9 complaint or sworn answer, cross-petition, counterclaim or other sworn 10 responsive pleading that the other party has committed an act of domes-11 tic violence against the party making the allegation or a family or household member of either party, as such family or household member is defined in article eight of the family court act, and such allegations 12 13 14 are proven by a preponderance of the evidence, the court must consider 15 the effect of such domestic violence upon the best interests of the 16 child, together with such other facts and circumstances as the court 17 deems relevant in making a direction pursuant to this section and state 18 the record how such findings, facts and circumstances factored into on the direction. If a parent makes a good faith allegation based on a reasonable belief supported by facts that the child is the victim of 19 20 21 child abuse, child neglect, or the effects of domestic violence, and if 22 that parent acts lawfully and in good faith in response to that reasonable belief to protect the child or seek treatment for the child, then 23 24 that parent shall not be deprived of custody, visitation or contact with 25 the child, or restricted in custody, visitation or contact, based solely that belief or the reasonable actions taken based on that belief. If 26 on an allegation that a child is abused is supported by a preponderance of 27 the evidence, then the court shall consider such evidence of abuse in 28 29 determining the visitation arrangement that is in the best interest of 30 the child, and the court shall not place a child in the custody of a parent who presents a substantial risk of harm to that child, and shall 31 32 state on the record how such findings were factored into the determi-33 nation. Where a proceeding filed pursuant to article ten or ten-A of the 34 family court act is pending at the same time as a proceeding brought in 35 the supreme court involving the custody of, or right to visitation with, 36 child of a marriage, the court presiding over the proceeding under any 37 article ten or ten-A of the family court act may jointly hear the dispo-38 sitional hearing on the petition under article ten or the permanency hearing under article ten-A of the family court act and, upon referral 39 40 from the supreme court, the hearing to resolve the matter of custody or visitation in the proceeding pending in the supreme court; provided 41 42 however, the court must determine custody or visitation in accordance 43 with the terms of this section.

An order directing the payment of child support shall contain the 44 social security numbers of the named parties. In all cases there shall 45 no prima facie right to the custody of the child in either parent. 46 be 47 Such direction shall make provision for child support out of the proper-48 ty of either or both parents. The court shall make its award for child support pursuant to subdivision one-b of this section. Such direction 49 50 may provide for reasonable visitation rights to the maternal and/or 51 paternal grandparents of any child of the parties. Such direction as it applies to rights of visitation with a child remanded or placed in the 52 care of a person, official, agency or institution pursuant to article 53 54 ten of the family court act, or pursuant to an instrument approved under 55 section three hundred fifty-eight-a of the social services law, shall be enforceable pursuant to part eight of article ten of the family court 56

act and sections three hundred fifty-eight-a and three hundred eighty-1 2 four-a of the social services law and other applicable provisions of law 3 against any person having care and custody, or temporary care and custody, of the child. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any writ-4 ten application or motion to the court for the establishment, modifica-5 6 tion or enforcement of a child support obligation for persons not in 7 receipt of public assistance and care must contain either a request for 8 child support enforcement services which would authorize the collection of the support obligation by the immediate issuance of an income 9 10 execution for support enforcement as provided for by this chapter, 11 completed in the manner specified in section one hundred eleven-g of the social services law; or a statement that the applicant has applied 12 for is in receipt of such services; or a statement that the applicant 13 or 14 knows of the availability of such services, has declined them at this 15 time and where support enforcement services pursuant to section one hundred eleven-g of the social services law have been declined that the 16 17 applicant understands that an income deduction order may be issued 18 pursuant to subdivision (c) of section fifty-two hundred forty-two of 19 the civil practice law and rules without other child support enforcement 20 services and that payment of an administrative fee may be required. The 21 court shall provide a copy of any such request for child support 22 enforcement services to the support collection unit of the appropriate 23 social services district any time it directs payments to be made to such support collection unit. Additionally, the copy of any such request 24 25 shall be accompanied by the name, address and social security number of the parties; the date and place of the parties' marriage; the name and 26 date of birth of the child or children; and the name and address of the 27 employers and income payors of the party from whom child support 28 is 29 sought or from the party ordered to pay child support to the other party. Such direction may require the payment of a sum or sums of money 30 either directly to the custodial parent or to third persons for goods or 31 32 services furnished for such child, or for both payments to the custodial 33 parent and to such third persons; provided, however, that unless the party seeking or receiving child support has applied for or is receiving 34 35 such services, the court shall not direct such payments to be made to support collection unit, as established in section one hundred 36 the eleven-h of the social services law. Every order directing the payment 37 38 of support shall require that if either parent currently, or at any time 39 in the future, has health insurance benefits available that may be 40 extended or obtained to cover the child, such parent is required to exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such child and 41 execute and deliver to such person any forms, notices, documents or 42 43 instruments necessary to assure timely payment of any health insurance 44 claims for such child.

45 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 46 section three-a of this act shall take effect on the same date as 47 section 12 of chapter 567 of the laws of 2015, takes effect.