

3853--A

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

I N S E N A T E

February 20, 2015

Introduced by Sens. LANZA, AVELLA -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Veterans, Homeland Security and Military Affairs -- recommitted to the Committee on Veterans, Homeland Security and Military Affairs in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to real property tax exemptions for property in cities having a population of one million or more and owned by certain veterans or their family members

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Paragraphs 2 and 3 of subdivision 1 of section 458 of the
2 real property tax law, paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 425 of the laws
3 of 2014 and paragraph 3 as amended by chapter 733 of the laws of 1959,
4 are amended to read as follows:
5 (2) Except as provided in subdivision five of this section, no such
6 exemption on account of eligible funds paid on account of military or
7 naval services rendered by an individual shall be allowed in excess of
8 seven thousand five hundred dollars; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN A CITY WITH A
9 POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, AN EXEMPTION ON ACCOUNT OF ELIGIBLE
10 FUNDS PAID ON ACCOUNT OF MILITARY OR NAVAL SERVICES RENDERED BY AN INDI-
11 VIDUAL SHALL EQUAL FORTY PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE FUNDS, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL
12 SUCH EXEMPTION BE ALLOWED IN EXCESS OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. For the
13 purposes of this subdivision any established exemption, or newly claimed
14 exemption, or an aggregate thereof, as the case may be, in excess of any
15 multiple of fifty dollars shall be regarded as being the nearest multi-
16 ple of fifty dollars and allowed in such amount. If the amount of such
17 exemption has no nearest multiple of fifty dollars, it shall be regarded
18 as being the next higher multiple of fifty dollars and allowed in such
19 amount. The mingling of such eligible funds with other funds or their

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 retention by the United States for insurance premiums shall not bar the
2 granting of a claim for such exemption.

3 (3) If the assessors are satisfied that the applicant is entitled to
4 any exemption, they shall make appropriate entries upon the assessment-
5 roll opposite the description of such property and subtract the total
6 amount of such exemption from the total amount assessed pursuant to the
7 provisions of paragraph one of this subdivision. Such entries shall be
8 made and continued in each assessment of the property so long as it is
9 exempt from taxation for any purpose. Such real property, to the extent
10 of the exemption entered by the assessors, shall be exempt from state,
11 county and general municipal taxation, but shall be taxable for local
12 school purposes; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE
13 MILLION OR MORE, SUCH REAL PROPERTY, TO THE EXTENT OF THE EXEMPTION
14 ENTERED BY THE ASSESSORS, SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND GENERAL
15 MUNICIPAL TAXATION AND SHALL NOT BE TAXABLE FOR LOCAL SCHOOL PURPOSES.
16 The provisions herein, relating to the assessment and exemption of prop-
17 erty purchased with eligible funds apply and shall be enforced in each
18 municipal corporation authorized to levy taxes.

19 S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 458 of the real property tax law, as
20 amended by chapter 63 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as
21 follows:

22 2. Real property purchased with moneys collected by popular
23 subscription in partial recognition of extraordinary services rendered
24 by any honorably discharged veteran of world war one, world war two, or
25 of the hostilities which commenced June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred
26 fifty, who sustained permanent disability while on military duty, either
27 total or partial, and owned by the person who sustained such injuries,
28 or by his or her spouse or unremarried surviving spouse, or dependent
29 father or mother, is subject to taxation as herein provided. Such prop-
30 erty shall be assessed in the same manner as other real property in the
31 tax district. At the meeting of the assessors to hear complaints
32 concerning the assessments, a verified application for the exemption of
33 such real property from taxation may be presented to them by or on
34 behalf of the owner thereof, which application must show the facts on
35 which the exemption is claimed, including the amount of moneys so raised
36 and used in or toward the purchase of such property. No exemption on
37 account of any such gift shall be allowed in excess of five thousand
38 dollars; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION
39 OR MORE, NO EXEMPTION ON ACCOUNT OF ANY GIFT SHALL BE ALLOWED IN EXCESS
40 OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. The application for exemption shall be
41 presented and action thereon taken in the manner provided by subdivision
42 one of this section. If no application for exemption be granted, the
43 property shall be subject to taxation for all purposes. The provisions
44 herein, relating to the assessment and exemption of property purchased
45 with moneys raised by popular subscription, apply and shall be enforced
46 in each municipal corporation authorized to levy taxes.

47 S 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 458-a of the real
48 property tax law, as amended by chapter 179 of the laws of 2006, is
49 amended to read as follows:

50 (a) "Period of war" means the Spanish-American war; the Mexican border
51 period; World War I; World War II; the hostilities, known as the Korean
52 war, which commenced June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred fifty and
53 terminated on January thirty-first, nineteen hundred fifty-five; the
54 hostilities, known as the Vietnam war, which commenced February twenty-
55 eighth, nineteen hundred sixty-one and terminated on May seventh, nine-
56 teen hundred seventy-five; [and] the hostilities, known as the Persian

1 Gulf conflict, which commenced August second, nineteen hundred ninety;
2 IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE HOSTILITIES,
3 KNOWN AS THE IRAQ WAR, WHICH COMMENCED MARCH, TWO THOUSAND THREE; AND IN
4 ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE HOSTILITIES,
5 KNOWN AS THE AFGHANISTAN WAR, WHICH COMMENCED OCTOBER SEVENTH, TWO THOU-
6 SAND ONE.

7 S 4. Subdivision 2 of section 458-a of the real property tax law, as
8 added by chapter 525 of the laws of 1984, paragraph (a) as amended by
9 chapter 899 of the laws of 1985, paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 473
10 of the laws of 2004, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 100 of the laws
11 of 1988, subparagraph (i) of paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 430 of
12 the laws of 2014 and subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) as amended by
13 chapter 381 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

14 2. (a) Qualifying residential real property shall be exempt from taxa-
15 tion to the extent of fifteen percent of the assessed value of such
16 property; provided, however, that such exemption shall not exceed twelve
17 thousand dollars or the product of twelve thousand dollars multiplied by
18 the latest state equalization rate for the assessing unit, or in the
19 case of a special assessing unit, the latest class ratio, whichever is
20 less; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR
21 MORE, QUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
22 TO THE EXTENT OF SIX PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY;
23 PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL NOT EXCEED FOUR THOUSAND
24 EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS OR THE PRODUCT OF FOUR THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED
25 DOLLARS MULTIPLIED BY THE LATEST CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

26 (b) In addition to the exemption provided by paragraph (a) of this
27 subdivision, where the veteran served in a combat theatre or combat zone
28 of operations, as documented by the award of a United States campaign
29 ribbon or service medal, or the armed forces expeditionary medal, navy
30 expeditionary medal, marine corps expeditionary medal, or global war on
31 terrorism expeditionary medal, qualifying residential real property also
32 shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of ten percent of the
33 assessed value of such property; provided, however, that such exemption
34 shall not exceed eight thousand dollars or the product of eight thousand
35 dollars multiplied by the latest state equalization rate for the assess-
36 ing unit, or in the case of a special assessing unit, the class ratio,
37 whichever is less; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION
38 OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, WHERE THE VETERAN SERVED IN A COMBAT THEATRE OR
39 COMBAT ZONE OF OPERATIONS, AS DOCUMENTED BY THE AWARD OF A UNITED STATES
40 CAMPAIGN RIBBON OR SERVICE MEDAL, OR THE ARMED FORCES EXPEDITIONARY
41 MEDAL, NAVY EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, MARINE CORPS EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, OR
42 GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, QUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL
43 PROPERTY ALSO SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION TO THE EXTENT OF FOUR
44 PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT
45 SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL NOT EXCEED THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS OR
46 THE PRODUCT OF THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS MULTIPLIED BY THE
47 CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

48 (c) In addition to the exemptions provided by paragraphs (a) and (b)
49 of this subdivision, where the veteran received a compensation rating
50 from the United States veteran's administration or from the United
51 States department of defense because of a service connected disability,
52 qualifying residential real property shall be exempt from taxation to
53 the extent of the product of the assessed value of such property multi-
54 plied by fifty percent of the veteran's disability rating; provided,
55 however, that such exemption shall not exceed forty thousand dollars or
56 the product of forty thousand dollars multiplied by the latest state

1 equalization rate for the assessing unit, or in the case of a special
2 assessing unit, the latest class ratio, whichever is less. For purposes
3 of this paragraph, where a person who served in the active military,
4 naval or air service during a period of war died in service of a service
5 connected disability, such person shall be deemed to have been assigned
6 a compensation rating of one hundred percent; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY
7 CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, IN ADDITION TO THE
8 EXEMPTIONS PROVIDED BY PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, WHERE
9 THE VETERAN RECEIVED A COMPENSATION RATING FROM THE UNITED STATES VETER-
10 AN'S ADMINISTRATION OR FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
11 BECAUSE OF A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY, QUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL
12 PROPERTY SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION TO THE EXTENT OF THE PRODUCT OF
13 THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY MULTIPLIED BY TWENTY PERCENT OF THE
14 VETERAN'S DISABILITY RATING; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL
15 NOT EXCEED SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE PRODUCT OF SIXTEEN THOUSAND
16 DOLLARS MULTIPLIED BY THE LATEST CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

17 (d) Limitations. (i) The exemption from taxation provided by this
18 subdivision shall be applicable to county, city, town, village and
19 school district taxation if the governing body of the school district in
20 which the property is located, after public hearings, adopts a resol-
21 ution providing such exemption, the procedure for such hearing and
22 resolution shall be conducted separately from the procedure for any
23 hearing and local law or resolution conducted pursuant to subparagraph
24 (ii) of this paragraph, paragraph (b) of subdivision four, paragraph (d)
25 of subdivision six and paragraph (b) of subdivision seven of this
26 section; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE
27 MILLION OR MORE, THE EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION PROVIDED BY THIS SUBDIVI-
28 SION SHALL BE APPLICABLE TO CITY TAXES AND TAXES LEVIED FOR LOCAL SCHOOL
29 PURPOSES.

30 (ii) Each county, city, town, village or school district may adopt a
31 local law to reduce the maximum exemption allowable in paragraphs (a),
32 (b) and (c) of this subdivision to nine thousand dollars, six thousand
33 dollars and thirty thousand dollars, respectively, or six thousand
34 dollars, four thousand dollars and twenty thousand dollars, respective-
35 ly. Each county, city, town, village or school district is also author-
36 ized to adopt a local law to increase the maximum exemption allowable in
37 paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision to fifteen thousand
38 dollars, ten thousand dollars and fifty thousand dollars, respectively;
39 eighteen thousand dollars, twelve thousand dollars and sixty thousand
40 dollars, respectively; twenty-one thousand dollars, fourteen thousand
41 dollars, and seventy thousand dollars, respectively; twenty-four thou-
42 sand dollars, sixteen thousand dollars, and eighty thousand dollars,
43 respectively; twenty-seven thousand dollars, eighteen thousand dollars,
44 and ninety thousand dollars, respectively; thirty thousand dollars,
45 twenty thousand dollars, and one hundred thousand dollars, respectively;
46 thirty-three thousand dollars, twenty-two thousand dollars, and one
47 hundred ten thousand dollars, respectively; thirty-six thousand dollars,
48 twenty-four thousand dollars, and one hundred twenty thousand dollars,
49 respectively; thirty-nine thousand dollars, twenty-six thousand dollars,
50 and one hundred thirty thousand dollars, respectively; forty-two thou-
51 sand dollars, twenty-eight thousand dollars, and one hundred forty thou-
52 sand dollars, respectively; and forty-five thousand dollars, thirty
53 thousand dollars and one hundred fifty thousand dollars, respectively.
54 In addition, a county, city, town, village or school district which is a
55 "high-appreciation municipality" as defined in this subparagraph is
56 authorized to adopt a local law to increase the maximum exemption allow-

1 able in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this subdivision to thirty-nine
2 thousand dollars, twenty-six thousand dollars, and one hundred thirty
3 thousand dollars, respectively; forty-two thousand dollars, twenty-eight
4 thousand dollars, and one hundred forty thousand dollars, respectively;
5 forty-five thousand dollars, thirty thousand dollars and one hundred
6 fifty thousand dollars, respectively; forty-eight thousand dollars,
7 thirty-two thousand dollars and one hundred sixty thousand dollars,
8 respectively; fifty-one thousand dollars, thirty-four thousand dollars
9 and one hundred seventy thousand dollars, respectively; fifty-four thou-
10 sand dollars, thirty-six thousand dollars and one hundred eighty thou-
11 sand dollars, respectively; fifty-seven thousand dollars, thirty-eight
12 thousand dollars and one hundred ninety thousand dollars, respectively;
13 sixty thousand dollars, forty thousand dollars and two hundred thousand
14 dollars, respectively; sixty-three thousand dollars, forty-two thousand
15 dollars and two hundred ten thousand dollars, respectively; sixty-six
16 thousand dollars, forty-four thousand dollars and two hundred twenty
17 thousand dollars, respectively; sixty-nine thousand dollars, forty-six
18 thousand dollars and two hundred thirty thousand dollars, respectively;
19 seventy-two thousand dollars, forty-eight thousand dollars and two
20 hundred forty thousand dollars, respectively; seventy-five thousand
21 dollars, fifty thousand dollars and two hundred fifty thousand dollars,
22 respectively; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, A HIGH-APPRECIATION MUNICIPALITY THAT
23 IS A SPECIAL ASSESSING UNIT THAT IS A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE
24 MILLION OR MORE, IS AUTHORIZED TO ADOPT A LOCAL LAW TO INCREASE THE
25 MAXIMUM EXEMPTION ALLOWABLE IN PARAGRAPHS (A), (B) AND (C) OF THIS
26 SUBDIVISION TO FIFTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, TEN THOUSAND FOUR
27 HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND FIFTY-TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; SIXTEEN
28 THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS, ELEVEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND
29 FIFTY-SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; EIGHTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS,
30 TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, AND SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; NINE-
31 TEEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, TWELVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED
32 DOLLARS, AND SIXTY-FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; TWENTY THOUSAND
33 FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, THIRTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND SIXTY-
34 EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED
35 DOLLARS, FOURTEEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND SEVENTY-TWO THOU-
36 SAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY. For purposes of this subparagraph, a "high-
37 appreciation municipality" means: (A) a special assessing unit that is a
38 city, (B) a county for which the commissioner has established a sales
39 price differential factor for purposes of the STAR exemption authorized
40 by section four hundred twenty-five of this title in three consecutive
41 years, and (C) a city, town, village or school district which is wholly
42 or partly located within such a county.

43 S 5. An exemption granted pursuant to section 458 or 458-a of the real
44 property tax law that precedes the effective date of this act shall be
45 calculated on subsequent assessment rolls as if the original exemption
46 had been granted pursuant to the provisions of such section, as amended
47 by this act.

48 S 6. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to assessment
49 rolls based upon the taxable status date occurring on or after the fifth
50 day of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a
51 law.