3364--A

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 5, 2015

Introduced by Sens. ESPAILLAT, ADDABBO, AVELLA, BRESLIN, DIAZ, GIANARIS, HASSELL-THOMPSON, HOYLMAN, KRUEGER, MONTGOMERY, PARKER, PERALTA, PERKINS, RIVERA, SAMPSON, SAVINO, SERRANO, SQUADRON, STAVISKY, STEWART-COUSINS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Housing, Construction and Community Development -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

amend the administrative code of the city of New York, the AN ACT to emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four and the emergency housing rent control law, in relation to recovery of certain housing accommodations by a landlord (Part A); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to limiting rent increase after vacancy of a housing accommodation; and to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four and the emergency housing rent control law, in relation to adjustment of maximum allowable rent (Part B); to amend the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventyfour, in relation to limited-profit housing companies and other buildings or structures which received project-based rental assistance (Part C); to amend the local emergency housing rent control act, in relation to rent regulation laws (Part D); to amend chapter 576 of the of 1974 amending the emergency housing rent control law relating to the control of and stabilization of rent in certain cases, emergency housing rent control law, chapter 329 of the laws of 1963 amending the emergency housing rent control law relating to recontrol rents in Albany, chapter 555 of the laws of 1982 amending the general business law and the administrative code of the city of New York relating to conversion of residential property to cooperative or condominium ownership in the city of New York, chapter 402 of the laws of 1983 amending the general business law relating to conversion of rental residential property to cooperative or condominium ownership in certain municipalities in the counties of Nassau, Westchester and Rockland and the rent regulation reform act of 1997, in relation to

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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extending the effectiveness thereof (Part E); to amend the public housing law, in relation to the definition of "family member"; to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to the definition of a tenant (Part F); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to making conforming technical changes; and to repeal paragraph 13 of subdivision a of section 5 of section 4 chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, paragraph (n) of subdivision section 2 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, and section 26-504.2 and subparagraph (k) of paragraph 2 of subdivision e of section 26-403 of the administrative code of the city of New York, relating to vacancy (Part G); to amend the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four and the administrative code of the city of New in relation to the regulation of rents (Part H); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, in relation to hardship applications (Part I); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four and the emergency housing rent control law, in relation to extending the length of time over which major capital improvement expenses may be recovered and in relation to approval of major capital improvement increases (Part J); to amend the administrative code of the city of New York and the emergency housing rent control law, in relation to the establishment of rent adjustments; repealing and provisions of the administrative code of the city of New York relating thereto (Part K); and to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to surcharges for the installation or use of certain appliances in housing accommodations subject to rent control (Part L)

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation related to rent regulations in the state of New York. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through L. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section four of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

12 S 2. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Tenant 13 Protection Act of 2015".

14 PART A

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15 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subdivision b of section 26-408 of the 16 administrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as 17 follows:

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(1) The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession of a housing accommodation because of immediate and compelling necessity for his or her own personal use and occupancy AS HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE or for the use and occupancy of his or her immediate family AS THEIR PRIMA-RESIDENCE provided, however, that this subdivision shall PERMIT RECOVERY OF ONLY ONE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND SHALL not apply where a member of the household lawfully occupying the housing accommodation is sixty-two years of age or older, has been a tenant in a housing accommodation in that building for twenty years or more, or has an impairment which results from anatomical, physiological or psychological conditions, other than addiction to alcohol, gambling, or any controlled substance, which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques, and which are expected to be permanent and which prevent the tenant from engaging in any substantial gainful employment; or

- S 2. Subparagraph (b) of paragraph 9 of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as follows:
- (b) where he or she seeks to recover possession of one [or more] dwelling [units] UNIT BECAUSE OF IMMEDIATE AND COMPELLING NECESSITY for or her own personal use and occupancy as his or her primary residence [in the city of New York and/or] OR for the use and occupancy of a member of his or her immediate family as his or her primary residence [in the city of New York], provided however, that this subparagraph shall PERMIT RECOVERY OF ONLY ONE DWELLING UNIT AND SHALL not where a tenant or the spouse of a tenant lawfully occupying the dwelling unit is sixty-two years of age or older, HAS BEEN A TENANT IN A DWELLING THAT BUILDING FOR TWENTY YEARS OR MORE, or has an impairment which results from anatomical, physiological or psychological conditions, other than addiction to alcohol, gambling, or any controlled substance, which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques, and which are expected to be permanent which prevent the tenant from engaging in any substantial gainful employment, unless such owner offers to provide and if requested, provides an equivalent or superior housing accommodation at the same or lower stabilized rent in a closely proximate area. The provisions of this subparagraph shall only permit one of the individual owners of any building to recover possession of one [or more] dwelling [units] for his or her own personal use and/or for that of his or her immediate family. [Any] A dwelling unit recovered by an owner pursuant to subparagraph shall not for a period of three years be rented, leased, subleased or assigned to any person other than a person for whose benefit recovery of the dwelling unit is permitted pursuant to this subparagraph or to the tenant in occupancy at the time of recovery under the same terms as the original lease. This subparagraph shall not be deemed to establish or eliminate any claim that the former tenant of the dwelling unit may otherwise have against the owner. Any such rental, lease, sublease or assignment during such period to any other person may be subject to a penalty of a forfeiture of the right to any increases in residential rents in such building for a period of three years; or
 - S 3. Subdivision a of section 10 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by chapter 234 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
 - a. For cities having a population of less than one million and towns and villages, the state division of housing and community renewal shall

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empowered to implement this act by appropriate regulations. Such regulations may encompass such speculative or manipulative practices or renting or leasing practices as the state division of housing and community renewal determines constitute or are likely to cause circumvention 5 of this act. Such regulations shall prohibit practices which are likely 6 to prevent any person from asserting any right or remedy granted by this 7 including but not limited to retaliatory termination of periodic 8 tenancies and shall require owners to grant a new one or two year vacancy or renewal lease at the option of the tenant, except where a mortgage 9 10 or mortgage commitment existing as of the local effective date of this 11 act provides that the owner shall not grant a one-year lease; and shall 12 prescribe standards with respect to the terms and conditions of new and renewal leases, additional rent and such related matters as security 13 14 deposits, advance rental payments, the use of escalator clauses in leas-15 es and provision for increase in rentals for garages and other ancillary facilities, so as to insure that the level of rent adjustments author-16 ized under this law will not be subverted and made ineffective. Any 17 18 provision of the regulations permitting an owner to refuse to renew a 19 lease on grounds that the owner seeks to recover possession of [the] A 20 housing accommodation for his OR HER own use and occupancy or for the 21 and occupancy of his OR HER immediate family shall PERMIT RECOVERY OF ONLY ONE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION, SHALL require that an owner 22 strate immediate and compelling need AND THAT THE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION 23 24 WILL BE THE PROPOSED OCCUPANTS' PRIMARY RESIDENCE and shall not apply 25 where a member of the housing accommodation is sixty-two years of age or 26 older, has been a tenant in a housing accommodation in that building for 27 twenty years or more, or has an impairment which results from anatom-28 ical, physiological or psychological conditions, other than addiction to 29 alcohol, gambling, or any controlled substance, which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques, 30 and which are expected to be permanent and which prevent the tenant from 31 32 engaging in any substantial gainful employment. 33

- S 4. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 5 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, as amended by chapter 234 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) the landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession of A hous-[accommodations] ACCOMMODATION because of immediate and compelling necessity for his OR HER own personal use and occupancy AS HIS PRIMARY RESIDENCE or for the use and occupancy of his OR HER immediate family AS THEIR PRIMARY RESIDENCE; provided, however, this subdivision shall PERMIT RECOVERY OF ONLY ONE HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND SHALL not apply where a member of the household lawfully occupying the housing accommodation is sixty-two years of age or older, has been a tenant in a housing accommodation in that building for twenty years or more, or has an impairment which results from anatomical, physiological or psychological conditions, other than addiction to alcohol, gambling, controlled substance, which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques, and which are expected to be permanent and which prevent the tenant from engaging in any substantial gainful employment; or
- S 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to any tenant in possession at or after the time it takes effect, regardless of whether the landlord's application for an order, refusal to renew a lease or refusal to extend or renew a tenancy took place before this act shall have taken effect, provided that:

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- the amendments to section 26-408 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect only as long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act;
- b. the amendments to section 26-511 of the rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine made by section two of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law;
- the amendments to subdivision a of section 10 of section 4 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section three of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974; and
- the amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 5 of the emergency housing rent control law made by section four of this expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided in subdivision 2 of section 1 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946.

21 PART B

22 Section 1. Paragraph 5-a of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the 23 administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 7 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 24 (5-a) provides that, notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, the legal regulated rent for any vacancy lease entered into after the 25 27 effective date of this paragraph shall be as hereinafter provided in 28 this paragraph. [The previous legal regulated rent for such housing accommodation shall be increased by the following: (i) if the vacancy lease is for a term of two years, twenty percent of the previous legal regulated rent; or (ii) if the vacancy lease is for a term of one year the increase shall be twenty percent of the previous legal regulated 32 rent less an amount equal to the difference between (a) the two year 33 34 renewal lease guideline promulgated by the guidelines board of the city of New York applied to the previous legal regulated rent and (b) the one 35 year renewal lease guideline promulgated by the guidelines board of the city of New York applied to the previous legal regulated rent. In addition, if] IF the legal regulated rent was not increased with respect to such housing accommodation by a permanent vacancy allowance within eight years prior to a vacancy lease executed on or after the effective date this paragraph, the legal regulated rent may be [further] increased by an amount equal to the product resulting from multiplying such previous legal regulated rent by six-tenths of one percent and further multiplying the amount of rent increase resulting therefrom by the greater of (A) the number of years since the imposition of the last permanent vacancy allowance, or (B) if the rent was not increased by a permanent vacancy allowance since the housing accommodation became subject to this 47 chapter, the number of years that such housing accommodation has been 49 subject to this chapter. Provided that if the previous legal regulated 50 rent was less than three hundred dollars the total increase shall be as calculated above plus one hundred dollars per month. Provided, further, 51 52 that if the previous legal regulated rent was at least three hundred 53 dollars and no more than five hundred dollars in no event shall the total increase pursuant to this paragraph be less than one hundred 54

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dollars per month. Such increase shall be [in lieu of any allowance authorized for the one or two year renewal component thereof, but shall be] in addition to any other increases authorized pursuant to this chapter including an adjustment based upon a major capital improvement, or a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings provided in or to the housing accommodation pursuant to this section. The increase authorized in this paragraph may not be implemented more than one time in any calendar year, notwithstanding the number of vacancy leases entered into in such year, AND MAY NOT BE IMPLEMENTED WITHOUT THE LANDLORD PROVIDING TO THE NEW TENANT AN ITEMIZED COST ACCOUNTING OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS CLAIMED AS PART OF SUCH INCREASE AND COPIES OF THE CORRESPONDING RECEIPTS WITH THE LEASE AGREEMENT.

S 2. Subdivision (a-1) of section 10 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by section 8 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

(a-1) provides that, notwithstanding any provision of this act, the legal regulated rent for any vacancy lease entered into after the effective date of this subdivision shall be as hereinafter set forth. previous legal regulated rent for such housing accommodation shall be increased by the following: (i) if the vacancy lease is for a two years, twenty percent of the previous legal regulated rent; or (ii) if the vacancy lease is for a term of one year the increase shall be twenty percent of the previous legal regulated rent less an amount equal the difference between (a) the two year renewal lease guideline promulgated by the guidelines board of the county in which the housing accommodation is located applied to the previous legal regulated rent and (b) the one year renewal lease guideline promulgated by the guidelines board of the county in which the housing accommodation is located applied to the previous legal regulated rent. In addition, if] legal regulated rent was not increased with respect to such housing accommodation by a permanent vacancy allowance within eight years prior to a vacancy lease executed on or after the effective date of this subdivision, the legal regulated rent may be [further] increased by an amount equal to the product resulting from multiplying such previous legal regulated rent by six-tenths of one percent and further multiplying the amount of rent increase resulting therefrom by the greater of (A) the number of years since the imposition of the last permanent vacancy allowance, or (B) if the rent was not increased by a permanent vacancy allowance since the housing accommodation became subject to this act, the number of years that such housing accommodation has been subject to this act. Provided that if the previous legal regulated rent was less than three hundred dollars the total increase shall be as calculated above plus one hundred dollars per month. Provided, further, if the previous legal regulated rent was at least three hundred dollars and no more than five hundred dollars in no event shall total increase pursuant to this subdivision be less than one hundred dollars per month. Such increase shall be [in lieu of any allowance authorized for the one or two year renewal component thereof, but shall be] in addition to any other increases authorized pursuant to this act including an adjustment based upon a major capital improvement, or a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings provided in or to the housing accommodation pursuant to section six of this act. The increase authorized in this subdivision may

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not be implemented more than one time in any calendar year, notwith-standing the number of vacancy leases entered into in such year, AND MAY NOT BE IMPLEMENTED WITHOUT THE LANDLORD PROVIDING TO THE NEW TENANT AN ITEMIZED COST ACCOUNTING OF ALL IMPROVEMENTS CLAIMED AS PART OF SUCH INCREASE AND COPIES OF THE CORRESPONDING RECEIPTS WITH THE LEASE AGREE-MENT.

- S 3. Subparagraph (e) of paragraph 1 of subdivision g of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 15 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- landlord and tenant by mutual voluntary written agreement agree to a substantial increase or decrease in dwelling space or a change in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided in the housing accommodations. An adjustment under this subparagraph shall equal to one-fortieth, in the case of a building with thirty-five or fewer housing accommodations, or [one-sixtieth] ONE-EIGHTY-FOURTH, the case of a building with more than thirty-five housing accommodations where such adjustment takes effect on or after September twenty-fourth, two thousand eleven, of the total cost incurred by the landlord in providing such modification or increase in dwelling space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, including the cost of installation, but excluding finance charges, WITH AN ADJUSTMENT, IN BOTH CASES, BEING MORE THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE CURRENT RENT, provided further that an owner who is entitled to a rent increase pursuant to this subparagraph shall not be entitled to a further rent increase based upon the installation of similar equipment, or new furniture or furnishings withthe useful life of such new equipment, or new furniture or furnishings. The owner shall give written notice to the city rent agency of any such adjustment pursuant to this subparagraph; or
- S 4. Paragraph 13 of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 16 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (13) provides that an owner is entitled to a rent increase where there has been a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or an increase in the services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings provided in or to a tenant's housing accommodation, on written tenant consent to the rent increase. case of a vacant housing accommodation, tenant consent shall not be required. The permanent increase in the legal regulated rent for the affected housing accommodation shall be one-fortieth, in the case of a building with thirty-five or fewer housing accommodations, or [one-sixtieth] ONE-EIGHTY-FOURTH, in the case of a building with more than thirty-five housing accommodations where such permanent increase takes effect on or after September twenty-fourth, two thousand eleven, of the incurred by the landlord in providing such modification or increase in dwelling space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, including the cost of installation, but excluding finance charges, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN BOTH CASES, THE PERMANENT INCREASE IS NO MORE TWENTY PERCENT OF THE CURRENT LEGAL REGULATED RENT. Provided further that an owner who is entitled to a rent increase pursuant to this paragraph shall not be entitled to a further rent increase based upon the installation of similar equipment, or new furniture or furnishings within the useful life of such new equipment, or new furniture or furnishings.
- S 5. Paragraph 1 of subdivision d of section 6 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection

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act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by section 18 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

- (1) there has been a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or an increase in the services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings, provided in or to a tenant's housing accommodation, on written tenant consent to In the case of a vacant housing accommodation, tenant consent shall not be required. The permanent increase in the legal rent for the affected housing accommodation shall be one-fortieth, in the case of a building with thirty-five or fewer housing accommodations, or [one-sixtieth] ONE-EIGHTY-FOURTH, in the case of a building with more than thirty-five housing accommodations where such permanent increase takes effect on or after September twenty-fourth, two thousand eleven, of the total cost incurred by the landlord in providing such modification or increase in dwelling space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, including the cost of installation, but excluding finance charges, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN BOTH CASES, THE PERMANENT INCREASE IS NO MORE THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE CURRENT LEGAL REGULATED RENT. Provided further that an owner who is entitled to a rent increase pursuant to this paragraph shall not be entitled to a further rent increase based upon the installation of similar equipment, or new furniture or furnishings within the useful life of such new equipment, or new furniture or furnishings.
- S 6. Clause 5 of the second undesignated paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 4 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, as amended by section 25 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (5) landlord and tenant by mutual voluntary written agreement the agree to a substantial increase or decrease in dwelling space or a change in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided in the housing accommodations; provided that an owner shall be entitled to increase where there has been a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or an increase in the services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings provided in or to a tenant's housing accommodation. The permanent increase in the maximum rent for the affected housing accommodation shall be one-fortieth, in the case of a building with thirty-five or fewer housing accommodations, or [one-sixtieth] ONE-EIGHTY-FOURTH, in the case of a building with more than thirty-five housing accommodations where such permanent increase takes effect on or after September twenty-fourth, two thousand eleven, of the total cost incurred by the landlord in providing such modification or increase in dwelling space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, including the cost of installation, but excluding finance charges, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT BOTH CASES, THE PERMANENT INCREASE IS NO MORE THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE CURRENT RENT, AND provided further that an owner who is entitled to a rent increase pursuant to this clause shall not be entitled to a further rent increase based upon the installation of similar equipment, or new furniture or furnishings within the useful life of such new equipment, or new furniture or furnishings. The owner shall give written notice to the commission of any such adjustment pursuant to this clause; or
 - S 7. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that:
- a. the amendments to section 26-511 of chapter 4 of title 26 of the administrative code of the city of New York made by sections one and four of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and

shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law;

- b. the amendments to sections 10 and 6 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by sections two and five of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974;
- c. the amendments to section 26-405 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by section three of this act shall remain in full force and effect only as long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act; and
- d. the amendments to section 4 of the emergency housing rent control law made by section six of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided in subdivision 2 of section 1 of chapter 274 of the laws of 18 1946.

19 PART C

Section 1. Legislative findings and declaration of emergency. The legislature hereby finds and declares that the serious public emergency which led to the enactment of the existing laws regulating residential rents and evictions continues to exist; that such laws would better serve the public interest if certain changes were made thereto, including extending to certain cities, towns and villages the authority to provide for the regulation of rents and evictions with regard to housing accommodations that cease or have ceased to be regulated pursuant to article 2 of the private housing finance law, known as the Mitchell-Lama law, or pursuant to project-based section eight contracts entered into with the federal government.

The legislature further recognizes that severe disruption of the rental housing market has occurred and threatens to be exacerbated as a result of the abrupt termination of rent and eviction regulation when buildings completed or substantially renovated as family units on or after January first, nineteen hundred seventy-four exit the Mitchell-Lama program or when buildings cease to be subject to project-based section eight contracts. The situation had permitted speculative and profiteering practices and has brought about the loss of vital and irreplaceable affordable housing for working persons and families.

The legislature therefore declares that in order to prevent uncertainty, potential hardship and dislocation of tenants living in housing accommodations subject to government regulations as to rentals and continued occupancy as well as those not subject to such regulations, the provisions of this act are necessary to protect the public health, safety and general welfare. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions hereinafter enacted is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination.

- S 2. Section 5 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four is amended by adding a new subdivision c to read as follows:
- C. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, NOTHING SHALL PREVENT THE DECLARATION OF AN EMERGENCY PURSUANT TO SECTION THREE OF THIS ACT FOR RENTAL HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS LOCATED IN BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES WHICH WERE OWNED BY A COMPANY ESTABLISHED UNDER ARTICLE TWO

THE PRIVATE HOUSING FINANCE LAW, OTHER THAN A MUTUAL COMPANY, WHICH ARE NO LONGER OWNED BY SUCH COMPANY BY REASON OF A VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION 3 PURSUANT TO SECTION THIRTY-FIVE OF SUCH LAW OR FOR RENTAL HOUSING ACCOM-MODATIONS LOCATED IN BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES DEFINED AS COVERED PROJECTS 5 PURSUANT TO SECTION 8 OF THE UNITED STATES HOUSING ACT OF NINETEEN THIR-6 AMENDED, OR ANY SUCCESSOR STATUTE, AND ANY REGULATIONS AS 7 PROMULGATED THEREUNDER IN WHICH RENTAL HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS 8 PROJECT-BASED RENTAL ASSISTANCE FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF 9 HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT PURSUANT TO CONTRACTS WITH THE OWNERS OF 10 BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES WHICH EXPIRED OR WERE TERMINATED. THE 11 INITIAL LEGAL REGULATED RENT FOR HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS 12 BUILDINGS STRUCTURES WERE OWNED BY HOUSING COMPANIES OR THAT OR THAT 13 WERE COVERED PROJECTS PREVIOUSLY REGULATED UNDER THE PRIVATE 14 LAW OR UNDER FEDERAL LAW, SHALL BE THE RENT CHARGED TO AND PAID 15 BY THE TENANT IN OCCUPANCY ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE 16 DATE OF A CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WHICH ADDED 17 THIS SUBDIVISION OR, FOR ACCOMMODATIONS VACANT ON SUCH DATE, 18 RECENT RENT CHARGED TO AND PAID BY A TENANT PRIOR TO SUCH DATE, INCLUD-19 ING ANY INCOME-RELATED SURCHARGES, AS ADJUSTED BY ALL APPLICABLE GUIDE-LINES INCREASES AND OTHER INCREASES AUTHORIZED BY LAW. THE PROVISIONS OF 20 21 SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION NINE OF THIS ACT OR OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 22 ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK SHALL NOT OF THE23 APPLY TO ANY HOUSING ACCOMMODATION WHICH BECAME SUBJECT TO THIS ACT 24 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

- 3. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in a city having a population of one million or more, the New York city rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine may be amended by local law or ordinance to provide for the regulation of rents and evictions and the enforcement of such rent stabilization law with regard to housing accommodations made subject to such law by a declaration of emergency made pursuant to this act.
- S 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to housing accommodations located in buildings or structures owned by housing companies that dissolved on, before or after such date and to housing accommodations in buildings or structures that were covered projects and contracts for rental assistance that expired or were terminated on, before or after such date; provided that the amendments to section 5 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section two of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974.

42 PART D

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43 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 1 of chapter 21 of the laws of 1962, constituting the local emergency housing rent control act, as 44 amended by chapter 82 of the laws of 2003 and the closing paragraph 46 amended by chapter 422 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

5. Authority for local rent control legislation. Each city having a population of one million or more, acting through its local legislative body, may adopt and amend local laws or ordinances in respect of the establishment or designation of a city housing rent agency. When it deems such action to be desirable or necessitated by local conditions in order to carry out the purposes of this section, such city, except as hereinafter provided, acting through its local legislative body and not

otherwise, may adopt and amend local laws or ordinances in respect of the regulation and control of residential rents, including but not limited to provision for the establishment and adjustment of maximum rents, the classification of housing accommodations, the regulation of evictions, and the enforcement of such local laws or ordinances. The validity of any such local laws or ordinances, and the rules or regulations promulgated in accordance therewith, shall not be affected by and need not be consistent with the state emergency housing rent control law or with rules and regulations of the state division of housing and community renewal.

Notwithstanding any local law or ordinance, housing accommodations which became vacant on or after July first, nineteen hundred seventy-one which hereafter become vacant shall be subject to the provisions of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, provided, however, that this provision shall not apply or become effective with respect to housing accommodations which, by local law or ordinance, are made directly subject to regulation and control by a city housing rent agency and such agency determines or finds that the housing accommodations became vacant because the landlord or any person acting on his behalf, with intent to cause the tenant to vacate, engaged in any course of conduct (including but not limited to, interruption or discontinuance of essential services) which interfered with or disturbed or was intended to interfere with or disturb the comfort, repose, peace or quiet of the tenant in his use or occupancy of the housing accommodations. The removal of any housing accommodation from regulation and control of rents pursuant to the vacancy exemption provided for in paragraph shall not constitute or operate as a ground for the subjection to more stringent regulation and control of any housing accommodation in such property or in any other property owned by the same landlord, notwithstanding any prior agreement to the contrary by the landlord. The vacancy exemption provided for in this paragraph shall not arise with respect to any rented plot or parcel of land otherwise subject to the provisions of this act, by reason of a transfer of title and possession occurring on or after July first, nineteen hundred seventy-one of a dwelling located on such plot or parcel and owned by the tenant where transfer of title and possession is made to a member of the tenant's immediate family provided that the member of the tenant's immediate family occupies the dwelling with the tenant prior to the transfer of title and possession for a continuous period of two years.

The term "immediate family" shall include a husband, wife, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, father, mother, father-in-law or mother-in-law.

[Notwithstanding the foregoing, no local law or ordinance shall hereafter provide for the regulation and control of residential rents and eviction in respect of any housing accommodations which are (1) presently exempt from such regulation and control or (2) hereafter decontrolled either by operation of law or by a city housing rent agency, by order or otherwise. No housing accommodations presently subject to regulation and control pursuant to local laws or ordinances adopted or amended under authority of this subdivision shall hereafter be by local law or ordinance or by rule or regulation which has not been theretofore approved by the state commissioner of housing and community renewal subjected to more stringent or restrictive provisions of regulation and control than those presently in effect.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on and after the effective date of this paragraph, a city having a population of one million or

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more shall not, either through its local legislative body or otherwise, adopt or amend local laws or ordinances with respect to the regulation 3 and control of residential rents and eviction, including but not limited provision for the establishment and adjustment of rents, the classi-5 fication of housing accommodations, the regulation of evictions, and the 6 enforcement of such local laws or ordinances, or otherwise adopt laws or 7 ordinances pursuant to the provisions of this act, the emergency tenant 8 protection act of nineteen seventy-four, the New York city rent and rehabilitation law or the New York city rent stabilization law, 9 10 the extent that such city for the purpose of reviewing the continued 11 need for the existing regulation and control of residential rents or to 12 remove a classification of housing accommodation from such regulation and control adopts or amends local laws or ordinances pursuant to subdi-13 14 vision three of section one of this act, section three of the emergency 15 tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, section 26-415 of the New York city rent and rehabilitation law, and sections 26-502 and 16 17 26-520 of the New York city rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred 18 sixty-nine.]

Notwithstanding any provision of this act to the contrary, any local adopted pursuant to this act shall provide that notwithstanding any provision of such local law in the case where all tenants occupying housing accommodation on the effective date of this paragraph have vacated the housing accommodation and a family member of such vacating or tenants is entitled to and continues to occupy the housing accommodation subject to the protections of such act, if such dation continues to be subject to such act after such family member vacates, on the occurrence of such vacancy the maximum collectable rent shall be increased by a sum equal to the allowance then in effect for vacancy leases for housing accommodations covered by the rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine, including the amount allowed by paragraph (5-a) of subdivision c of section 26-511 of such law. increase shall be in addition to any other increases provided for in this act and shall be applicable in like manner to each second subsequent succession.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no local law or ordinance shall subject such regulation and control any housing accommodation which is not occupied by the tenant in possession as his or her primary residence; provided, however, that such housing accommodation not occupied by the tenant in possession as his or her primary residence shall continue to subject to regulation and control as provided for herein unless the city housing rent agency issues an order decontrolling such accommodation, which the agency shall do upon application by the landlord whenit is established by any facts and circumstances which, in the judgment of the agency, may have a bearing upon the question of residence, that the tenant maintains his or her primary residence at some place other than at such housing accommodation. For the purposes of determining primary residency, a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in section four hundred fifty-nine-a of the social services law, who has left the unit because of such violence, and who asserts an intent to return to the housing accommodation shall be deemed to be occupying the unit as his or her primary residence.

- S 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that:
- a. the amendments to subdivision 5 of section 1 of chapter 21 of the laws of 1962 made by section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect only so long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in

subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act; and

b. the amendment to the second undesignated paragraph of subdivision 5 of section 1 of chapter 21 of the laws of 1962 made by section one of this act shall not affect the expiration of such paragraph and shall be deemed to expire therewith.

7 PART E

Section 1. Section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 amending the emergency housing rent control law relating to the stabilization of rent in certain cases, as amended by section 1-a of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: S 17. Effective date. This act shall take effect immediately shall remain in full force and effect until and including the fifteenth day of June [2015] 2017; except that sections two and three shall take effect with respect to any city having a population of one million or more and section one shall take effect with respect to any other city, any town or village whenever the local legislative body of a city, town or village determines the existence of a public emergency pursuant section three of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as enacted by section four of this act, and provided that the housing accommodations subject on the effective date of this act to stabilization pursuant to the New York city rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine shall remain subject to such law upon the expiration of this act.

- S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 1 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946 constituting the emergency housing rent control law, as amended by section 2 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The provisions of this act, and all regulations, orders and requirements thereunder shall remain in full force and effect until and including June 15, [2015] 2017.
- S 3. Section 2 of chapter 329 of the laws of 1963 amending the emergency housing rent control law relating to recontrol of rents in Albany, as amended by section 3 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and the provisions of subdivision 6 of section 12 of the emergency housing rent control law, as added by this act, shall remain in full force and effect until and including June 15, [2015] 2017.
- S 4. Section 10 of chapter 555 of the laws of 1982 amending the general business law and the administrative code of the city of New York relating to conversion of residential property to cooperative or condominium ownership in the city of New York, as amended by section 4 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- S 10. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, that the provisions of sections one, two and nine of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until and including June 15, [2015] 2017; provided further that the provisions of section three of this act shall remain in full force and effect only so long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act; provided further that the provisions of sections four, five, six and seven of this act shall expire in accordance with the provisions of section 26-520 of the administrative code of

the city of New York as such section of the administrative code is, from time to time, amended; provided further that the provisions of 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by this act, which the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development must find are contained in the code of the real estate industry stabilization association of such city in order to approve it, shall be deemed contained therein as of the effective date of this act; and provided further that any plan accepted for filing by the department of law on or before the effective date of this act shall continue to be governed by the provisions of section 352-eeee of the general business law as they had existed immediately prior to the effective date of

- S 5. Section 4 of chapter 402 of the laws of 1983 amending the general business law relating to conversion of rental residential property to cooperative or condominium ownership in certain municipalities in the counties of Nassau, Westchester and Rockland, as amended by section 5 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- S 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, that the provisions of sections one and three of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until and including June 15, [2015] 2017; and provided further that any plan accepted for filing by the department of law on or before the effective date of this act shall continue to be governed by the provisions of section 352-eee of the general business law as they had existed immediately prior to the effective date of this act.
- S 6. Subdivision 6 of section 46 of chapter 116 of the laws of 1997 constituting the rent regulation reform act of 1997, as amended by section 6 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 30 6. sections twenty-eight, twenty-eight-a, twenty-eight-b and twenty-31 eight-c of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed after June 15, 32 [2015] 2017;
 - S 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

34 PART F

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 of section 14 of the public housing law, as added by chapter 116 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

- (c) that for the purposes of such regulations: (i) "family member" shall be defined as a husband, wife, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, brother, sister, UNCLE, AUNT, NEPHEW, NIECE, grandfather, grandmother, grandson, granddaughter, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, mother-in-law or father-in-law of the tenant; or any other person residing with the tenant in the housing accommodation as a primary residence who can prove emotional and financial commitment, and interdependence between such person and the tenant. Although no single factor shall be solely determinative, evidence which is to be considered in determining whether such emotional and financial commitment and interdependence existed, may include, without limitation, such factors as listed below. In no event would evidence of a sexual relationship between such persons be required or considered.
 - (A) longevity of the relationship;
- (B) sharing of or relying upon each other for payment of household or family expenses, or other common necessities of life;

(C) intermingling of finances as evidenced by, among other things, joint ownership of bank accounts, personal and real property, credit cards, loan obligations, sharing a household budget for purposes of receiving government benefits, or such other factors as may be determined by regulation;

- (D) engaging in family-type activities by jointly attending family functions, holidays and celebrations, social and recreational activities, or such other factors as may be determined by regulation;
- (E) formalizing of legal obligations, intentions, and responsibilities to each other by such means as executing wills naming each other as executor or beneficiary, conferring upon each other a power of attorney or authority to make health care decisions each for the other, entering into a personal relationship contract, making a domestic partnership declaration, or serving as a representative payee for purposes of public benefits, or such other factors as may be determined by regulation;
- (F) holding themselves out as family members to other family members, friends, members of the community or religious institutions, or society in general, through their words or actions;
- (G) regularly performing family functions, such as caring for each other or each other's extended family members, or relying upon each other for daily family services;
- (H) engaging in any other pattern of behavior, agreement, or other action which evidences the intention of creating a long-term, emotionally-committed relationship.
- (ii) a "senior citizen" is defined as a person who is sixty-two years of age or older;
- (iii) a "disabled person" is defined as a person who has an impairment which results from anatomical, physiological or psychological conditions, other than addiction to alcohol, gambling, or any controlled substance, which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques, and which are expected to be permanent and which substantially limit one or more of such person's major life activities.
- S 2. Subdivision m of section 26-403 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as follows:
- m. "Tenant." A tenant, subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or other person entitled to the possession or to the use or occupancy of any housing accommodation. THE TERM TENANT SHALL BE DEEMED TO INCLUDE A CHILD (REGARDLESS OF AGE) WHO HAS RESIDED WITH HIS OR HER PARENT FOR TWO YEARS OR MORE IN A HOUSING ACCOMMODATION SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND OF WHICH SUCH PARENT IS A TENANT.
- S 3. The administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new section 26-504.4 to read as follows:
- S 26-504.4 TENANT; DEFINITION. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, THE TERM TENANT SHALL BE DEEMED TO INCLUDE A CHILD (REGARDLESS OF AGE) WHO HAS RESIDED WITH HIS OR HER PARENT FOR TWO YEARS OR MORE IN A HOUSING ACCOMMODATION SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER AND OF WHICH SUCH PARENT IS A TENANT.
- S 4. Section 14 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, is renumbered section 15 and a new section 14 is added to read as follows:
- S 14. TENANT; DEFINITION. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, THE TERM TENANT SHALL BE DEEMED TO INCLUDE A CHILD (REGARDLESS OF AGE) WHO HAS RESIDED WITH HIS OR HER PARENT FOR TWO YEARS OR MORE IN A HOUSING ACCOM-

 MODATION SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT AND OF WHICH SUCH PARENT IS A TENANT.

5. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that the amendment to section 26-403 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by section two of this act shall remain in full force and effect only so long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act and provided further that section 26-504.4 of the rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine, as added by section three of this expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law, as amended, and provided further that section 15 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as added by section four of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, as amended.

18 PART G

Section 1. Legislative findings and declaration of emergency. The legislature hereby finds and declares that the serious public emergency which led to the enactment of the existing laws regulating residential rents and evictions continues to exist; that such laws would better serve the public interest if certain changes were made thereto, including the continued regulation of certain housing accommodations that become vacant and the reinstatement of regulation of certain housing accommodations that have been deregulated upon vacancy.

The legislature further recognizes that severe disruption of the rental housing market has occurred and threatens to be exacerbated as a result of the present state of the law in relation to the deregulation of housing accommodations upon vacancy. The situation has permitted speculative and profiteering practices and has brought about the loss of vital and irreplaceable affordable housing for working persons and families.

The legislature therefore declares that in order to prevent uncertainty, potential hardship and dislocation of tenants living in housing accommodations subject to government regulations as to rentals and continued occupancy as well as those not subject to such regulation, the provisions of this act are necessary to protect the public health, safety and general welfare. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions hereinafter enacted is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination.

- S 2. Paragraph (n) of subdivision 2 of section 2 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, is REPEALED.
- S 3. Paragraph 13 of subdivision a of section 5 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, is REPEALED.
- S 4. Subparagraph (k) of paragraph 2 of subdivision e of section 26-403 of the administrative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.
- S 5. Section 26-504.2 of the administrative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.
- S 6. Any housing accommodations that prior to the effective date of this act were excluded from coverage from the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, the emergency housing rent

control law or the administrative code of the city of New York pursuant to the provisions of law repealed by sections two, three, four and this act, and where such housing accommodations were located outside the city of New York and were rented to a tenant between January 1, 2013 the effective date of this act for less than \$3,500.00 per month regardless of any subsequent payment of a higher monthly rent, or located within the city of New York and were rented to a tenant between January 1, 2013 and the effective date of this act for less than \$5,000.00 per month, regardless of any subsequent payment of a higher monthly rent, shall be subject to the provisions of such act, law or administrative code, respectively. Notwithstanding the provisions of any lease or rental agreement, the legal regulated rent or maximum collectible rent of any housing accommodation excluded from regulation prior to the effective date of this act by reason of the provisions repealed by sections two, three, four and five of this act and made subject to regulation shall be the actual rent paid by a tenant on December 31, 2014 or, if no rent was paid for such accommodation on December 31, 2014, the most recent actual rent paid by a tenant for such accommodation prior to December 31, 2014, subject to further adjustment in accordance with applicable provisions of law.

- S 7. Paragraph 14 of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 14 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (14) provides that where the amount of rent charged to and paid by the tenant is less than the legal regulated rent for the housing accommodation, the amount of rent for such housing accommodation which may be charged upon renewal or upon vacancy thereof may, at the option of the owner, be based upon such previously established legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and any other increases authorized by law. [Where, subsequent to vacancy, such legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and any other increases authorized by law is two thousand dollars or more per month or, for any housing accommodation which is or becomes vacant on or after the effective date of the rent act of 2011, is two thousand five hundred dollars or more per month, such housing accommodation shall be excluded from the provisions of this law pursuant to section 26-504.2 of this chapter.]
- S 8. Subdivision (a-2) of section 10 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by section 13 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (a-2) Provides that where the amount of rent charged to and paid by the tenant is less than the legal regulated rent for the housing accommodation, the amount of rent for such housing accommodation which may be charged upon renewal or upon vacancy thereof may, at the option of the owner, be based upon such previously established legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and other increases authorized by law. [Where, subsequent to vacancy, such legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and any other increases authorized by law is two thousand dollars or more per month or, for any housing accommodation which is or becomes vacant on or after the effective date of the rent act of 2011, is two thousand five hundred dollars or more per month, such housing accommodation shall be excluded from the provisions of this act pursuant to paragraph thirteen of subdivision a of section five of this act.]
 - S 9. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that:

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(a) the amendments to section 26-511 of chapter 4 of title 26 of the administrative code of the city of New York made by section seven of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law; and

(b) the amendments to subdivision (a-2) of section 10 of section 4 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section eight of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974.

11 PART H

Section 1. Subdivision (a-2) of section 10 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by section 13 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

- (a-2) Provides that where the amount of rent charged to and paid by tenant is less than the legal regulated rent for the housing accommodation, the amount of rent for such housing accommodation which may be charged [upon renewal or] upon vacancy thereof may, at the option of the owner, be based upon such previously established legal regulated rent, as adjusted by [the most recent] ALL applicable guidelines increases and other increases authorized by law; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT SUCH VACANCY SHALL NOT BE CAUSED BY THE FAILURE OF THE OWNER OR AN AGENT TO MAINTAIN THEHOUSING ACCOMMODATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION HUNDRED THIRTY-FIVE-B OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW. [Where, subsequent to vacancy, such legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and any other increases authorized by law is two thousand dollars or more per month or, for any housing accommodation which is or becomes vacant on or after the effective date of rent act of 2011, is two thousand five hundred dollars or more per month, such housing accommodation shall be excluded from the provisions this act pursuant to paragraph thirteen of subdivision a of section five of this act.]
- S 2. Paragraph 14 of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 14 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (14) provides that where the amount of rent charged to and paid by the tenant is less than the legal regulated rent for the housing accommodation, the amount of rent for such housing accommodation which may be charged [upon renewal or] upon vacancy thereof may, at the option of the owner, be based upon such previously established legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases other increases authorized by law; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT SUCH VACANCY SHALL NOT BE CAUSED BY THE FAILURE OF THE OWNER OR AN AGENT OWNER, TO MAINTAIN THEHOUSING ACCOMMODATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE WARRANTY OF HABITABILITY SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED THIRTY-FIVE-B OF THE REAL PROPERTY LAW. [Where, subsequent to vacancy, such legal regulated rent, as adjusted by the most recent applicable guidelines increases and any other increases authorized by law is two thousand dollars or more per month or, for any housing accommodation which is or becomes vacant on or after the effective date of the rent act of 2011, is two thousand five hundred dollars or more per

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month, such housing accommodation shall be excluded from the provisions of this law pursuant to section 26-504.2 of this chapter.]

S 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the amendments to section 10 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section one of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974; and provided, further, that the amendments to section 26-511 of the rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine made by section two of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law.

13 PART I

Section 1. Paragraph 6-a of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as follows:

(6-a) provides criteria whereby as an alternative to the hardship application provided under paragraph six of this subdivision owners of buildings acquired by the same owner or a related entity owned by the same principals [three] SIX years prior to the date of application may apply to the division for increases in excess of the level of applicable guideline increases established under this law based on a finding by the commissioner that such quideline increases are not sufficient to enable the owner to maintain an annual gross rent income for such building which exceeds the annual operating expenses of such building by a sum equal to at least five percent of such gross rent. For the purposes of this paragraph, operating expenses shall consist of the actual, reasonable, costs of fuel, labor, utilities, taxes, other than income or corporate franchise taxes, fees, permits, necessary contracted services and non-capital repairs, insurance, parts and supplies, management fees and other administrative costs and mortgage interest. For the purposes of this paragraph, mortgage interest shall be deemed to mean interest on a bona fide mortgage including an allocable portion of charges related thereto. Criteria to be considered in determining a bona fide mortgage other than an institutional mortgage shall include; condition of the property, location of the property, the existing mortgage market at the time the mortgage is placed, the term of the mortgage, the amortization rate, the principal amount of the mortgage, security and other terms and conditions of the mortgage. The commissioner shall set a rental value for any unit occupied by the owner or a person related to the owner or unoccupied at the owner's choice for more than one month at the last regulated rent plus the minimum number of guidelines increases or, if no such regulated rent existed or is known, the commissioner shall impute a rent consistent with other rents in the building. The amount of hardship increase shall be such as may be required to maintain the annual income as provided by this paragraph. The division shall not grant a hardship application under this paragraph or paragraph six of subdivision for a period of three years subsequent to granting a hardship application under the provisions of this paragraph. The collection any increase in the rent for any housing accommodation pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed six percent in any year from the effective date of the order granting the increase over the rent set forth in the schedule of gross rents, with collectability of any dollar above said sum to be spread forward in similar increments and added to

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the rent as established or set in future years. No application shall be approved unless the owner's equity in such building exceeds five percent 3 of: (i) the arms length purchase price of the property; (ii) the cost of any capital improvements for which the owner has not collected a 5 surcharge; (iii) any repayment of principal of any mortgage or loan used 6 to finance the purchase of the property or any capital improvements 7 which the owner has not collected a surcharge and (iv) any increase in the equalized assessed value of the property which occurred subsequent 8 9 the first valuation of the property after purchase by the owner. For 10 the purposes of this paragraph, owner's equity shall mean the sum of (i) 11 the purchase price of the property less the principal of any mortgage or loan used to finance the purchase of the property, (ii) the cost of any capital improvement for which the owner has not collected a surcharge 12 13 14 less the principal of any mortgage or loan used to finance said improve-15 ment, (iii) any repayment of the principal of any mortgage or loan used to finance the purchase of the property or any capital improvement for 16 17 which the owner has not collected a surcharge, and (iv) any increase 18 equalized assessed value of the property which occurred subsequent 19 to the first valuation of the property after purchase by the owner. 20

- S 2. Paragraph 5 of subdivision d of section 6 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 enacting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by chapter 102 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:
- (5) as an alternative to the hardship application provided under paragraph four of this subdivision, owners of buildings acquired by the same owner or a related entity owned by the same principals [three] SIX years prior to the date of application may apply to the division for increases excess of the level of applicable guideline increases established under this law based on a finding by the commissioner that such guideline increases are not sufficient to enable the owner to maintain an annual gross rent income for such building which exceeds the annual operating expenses of such building by a sum equal to at least five percent of such gross rent. For the purposes of this paragraph, ing expenses shall consist of the actual, reasonable, costs of fuel, labor, utilities, taxes, other than income or corporate franchise taxes, fees, permits, necessary contracted services and non-capital insurance, parts and supplies, management fees and other administrative costs and mortgage interest. For the purposes of this paragraph, gage interest shall be deemed to mean interest on a bona fide mortgage including an allocable portion of charges related thereto. Criteria be considered in determining a bona fide mortgage other than an institutional mortgage shall include; condition of the property, location of the property, the existing mortgage market at the time the mortgage placed, the term of the mortgage, the amortization rate, the principal amount of the mortgage, security and other terms and conditions of the The commissioner shall set a rental value for any unit occumortgage. pied by the owner or a person related to the owner or unoccupied at owner's choice for more than one month at the last regulated rent plus the minimum number of guidelines increases or, if no such regulated rent existed or is known, the commissioner shall impute a rent consistent with other rents in the building. The amount of hardship increase shall be such as may be required to maintain the annual gross rent income as provided by this paragraph. The division shall not grant a hardship application under this paragraph or paragraph four of this subdivision for a period of three years subsequent to granting a hardship application under the provisions of this paragraph. The collection of any

increase in the rent for any housing accommodation pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed six percent in any year from the effective date of the order granting the increase over the rent set forth in the schedule of gross rents, with collectability of any dollar excess above said sum to be spread forward in similar increments and added to the established or set in future years. No application shall be 7 approved unless the owner's equity in such building exceeds five percent of: (i) the arms length purchase price of the property; (ii) the cost of 9 any capital improvements for which the owner has not collected a 10 surcharge; (iii) any repayment of principal of any mortgage or loan used 11 finance the purchase of the property or any capital improvements for which the owner has not collected a surcharge; and (iv) any increase in 12 the equalized assessed value of the property which occurred subsequent 13 14 to the first valuation of the property after purchase by the owner. 15 the purposes of this paragraph, owner's equity shall mean the sum of (i) 16 the purchase price of the property less the principal of any mortgage or 17 loan used to finance the purchase of the property, (ii) the cost of any 18 capital improvement for which the owner has not collected a surcharge 19 less the principal of any mortgage or loan used to finance said improve-20 ment, (iii) any repayment of the principal of any mortgage or loan used 21 to finance the purchase of the property or any capital improvement 22 which the owner has not collected a surcharge, and (iv) any increase in 23 the equalized assessed value of the property which occurred subsequent to the first valuation of the property after purchase by the owner. 24 25

- S 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that:
- a. the amendments to section 26-511 of chapter 4 of title 26 of the administrative code of the city of New York made by section one of this shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law; and
- the amendments to section 6 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by section two of this act shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974.

35 PART J

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Section 1. Subparagraph (g) of paragraph 1 of subdivision g of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 749 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

- (g) (I) COLLECTION OF SURCHARGES TO THE MAXIMUM RENT AUTHORIZED PURSU-ANT TO ITEM (II) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL CEASE WHEN THE RECOVERED THE COST OF THE MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT;
- 42 (II) There has been since July first, nineteen hundred seventy, a 43 major capital improvement [required for the operation, preservation or maintenance of the structure. An adjustment under this subparagraph (g) 44 45 shall be in an amount sufficient to amortize the cost of the 46 pursuant to this subparagraph (g) over a seven-year period]; 47 PROVIDED THAT THE COMMISSIONER FINDS THAT SUCH IMPROVEMENTS 48 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND SUCH IMPROVEMENTS ARE DEPRECIABLE UNDER $_{
 m THE}$ 49 REOUIRED FOR THE OPERATION, PRESERVATION OR MAINTENANCE OF PERMITTED FOR SUCH CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SHALL BE 50 INCREASE COLLECTED AS A MONTHLY SURCHARGE TO THE MAXIMUM RENT. IT SHALL BE 51 52 DESIGNATED AND BILLED AS SUCH AND SHALL NOT BE COMPOUNDED BY ANY 53 OTHER ADJUSTMENT TO THE MAXIMUM RENT. THE SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE 54 APARTMENT SHALL BE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT

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DIVIDED BY EIGHTY-FOUR, DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN THE BUILDING, AND THEN MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN SUCH APARTMENT; SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO ANY APARTMENT IN ANY ONE YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO SIX PERCENT OF THE MONTHLY RENT COLLECTED BY 5 THE OWNER FOR SUCH APARTMENT AS SET FORTH IN THE SCHEDULE OF 6 ANY EXCESS ABOVE SAID SIX PERCENT SHALL BE CARRIED FORWARD AND 7 COLLECTED IN FUTURE YEARS AS A FURTHER SURCHARGE NOT TO EXCEED AN 8 PERCENT IN ANY ONE YEAR PERIOD UNTIL THE TOTAL SURCHARGE TIONAL SIX 9 EQUALS THE AMOUNT IT WOULD HAVE BEEN IF THE AFOREMENTIONED SIX PERCENT 10 LIMITATION DID NOT APPLY; or

- S 2. Paragraph 1 of subdivision g of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subparagraph (p) to read as follows:
- (P) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBPARAGRAPH (G) OR (K) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THERE SHALL BE NO ADJUSTMENT FOR ANY MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT OR FOR ANY OTHER EXPENDITURES TO IMPROVE, RESTORE OR PRESERVE THE QUALITY OF A STRUCTURE IF SUCH MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT OR SUCH OTHER EXPENDITURE IS FUNDED IN ANY PART FROM MONEYS PROVIDED BY THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.
- S 3. Subparagraph (k) of paragraph 1 of subdivision g of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 749 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:
- (k) The landlord has incurred, since January first, nineteen hundred seventy, in connection with and in addition to a concurrent major capital improvement pursuant to subparagraph (g) of this paragraph, other expenditures to improve, restore or preserve the quality of the structure. An adjustment under this subparagraph shall be granted only if such improvements represent an expenditure equal to at least ten per centum of the total operating and maintenance expenses for the preceding year. An adjustment under this subparagraph shall be in addition to any adjustment granted for the concurrent major capital improvement and shall be [in an amount sufficient to amortize the cost of the improvements pursuant to this subparagraph over a seven-year period] IMPLE-MENTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS SUCH MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AS A FURTHER SURCHARGE TO THE MAXIMUM RENT.
- S 4. Section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subdivision n to read as follows:
- N. (1) NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL UNLESS THE WORK PERFORMED IS AN ENHANCEMENT OR UPGRADE TO A HOUSING ACCOMMODATION OR SERVICE THEREIN; OR IS AN ADDITION TO SUCH HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE ACCORDING TO THE PREREQUISITES FOR MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASES. ANY REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT INTENDED TO MAINTAIN AN EXISTING SERVICE SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE.
- 46 (2) NO APPLICATION FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE MAY 47 APPROVED IF THERE EXIST ANY OUTSTANDING HAZARDOUS VIOLATIONS AT THE 48 TIME OF THE CONSIDERATION OF SUCH APPLICATION, AS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO 49 REGULATIONS OF THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL OR 50 ADMINISTERING AND ENFORCING A BUILDING CODE IN THE JURISDICTION 51 IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED, UNLESS IT IS DETERMINED BY SION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL THAT SUCH WORK IS ESSENTIAL TO THE 52 ALLEVIATION OF THE VIOLATIONS AND SUCH APPROVAL IS CONSISTENT WITH THE 53 54 PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY 55 OWNER OF THE PROPERTY SHALL FILE, NOT LESS THAN THIRTY DAYS 56 BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE IMPROVEMENT, WITH THE DIVISION OF HOUSING

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AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL A STATEMENT CONTAINING INFORMATION OUTLINING THE SCOPE OF WORK, EXPECTED DATE OF COMPLETION FOR SUCH WORK AND AN AFFIDAVIT SETTING FORTH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

- (A) EVERY OWNER OF RECORD AND OWNER OF A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY OR ENTITY OWNING THE PROPERTY OR SPONSORING THE IMPROVEMENT; AND
- (B) A STATEMENT THAT NONE OF SUCH PERSONS HAD, WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO THE IMPROVEMENT, BEEN FOUND TO HAVE HARASSED OR UNLAWFULLY EVICTED TENANTS BY JUDGMENT OR DETERMINATION OF A COURT OR AGENCY UNDER THE PENAL LAW, ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW REGULATING RENTS OR ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW RELATING TO HARASSMENT OF TENANTS OR UNLAWFUL EVICTION.

UPON RECEIPT OF THE SCOPE OF WORK AND AFFIDAVIT PROVIDED FOR HEREIN, THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL PROVIDE THE TENANTS IN OCCUPANCY IN SUCH BUILDINGS WITH SUCH INFORMATION. THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL, IN ADDITION, IMPLEMENT PROCEDURES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ELICITING TENANT COMMENTS TO DETERMINE WHETHER MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED. NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE UNTIL ANY DEFECTIVE OR DEFICIENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN CURED.

- S 5. Paragraph 6 of subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 116 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (6) provides criteria whereby the commissioner may act upon applica-25 increases in excess of the level of fair rent tions by owners for 26 increase established under this law provided, however, that such crite-27 ria shall provide [(a)] as to hardship applications, for a finding that 28 the level of fair rent increase is not sufficient to enable the owner to 29 maintain approximately the same average annual net income (which shall computed without regard to debt service, financing costs or manage-30 ment fees) for the three year period ending on or within six months of 31 32 the date of an application pursuant to such criteria as compared with 33 annual net income, which prevailed on the average over the period nine-34 teen hundred sixty-eight through nineteen hundred seventy, or for the first three years of operation if the building was completed since nine-35 teen hundred sixty-eight or for the first three fiscal years after a 36 37 transfer of title to a new owner provided the new owner can establish to satisfaction of the commissioner that he or she acquired title to 38 the building as a result of a bona fide sale of the entire building and 39 40 the new owner is unable to obtain requisite records for the fiscal years nineteen hundred sixty-eight through nineteen hundred seventy despite diligent efforts to obtain same from predecessors in title and 41 42 43 further provided that the new owner can provide financial data 44 minimum of six years under his or her continuous and uninterrupted 45 operation of the building to meet the three year to three year comparative test periods herein provided[; and (b) as to completed building-46 47 wide major capital improvements, for a finding that such improvements are deemed depreciable under the Internal Revenue Code and that the cost 48 49 to be amortized over a seven-year period, based upon cash purchase 50 price exclusive of interest or service charges]. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, no hardship increase granted pursuant to this paragraph shall, when added to the annual gross rents, as determined by the commissioner, exceed the sum of, (i) the annual 53 54 operating expenses, (ii) an allowance for management services as deter-55 mined by the commissioner, (iii) actual annual mortgage debt service (interest and amortization) on its indebtedness to a lending institu-56

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tion, an insurance company, a retirement fund or welfare fund which is operated under the supervision of the banking or insurance laws of the state of New York or the United States, and (iv) eight and one-half percent of that portion of the fair market value of the property which exceeds the unpaid principal amount of the mortgage indebtedness referred to in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. Fair market value 7 for the purposes of this paragraph shall be six times the annual gross rent. The collection of any increase in the stabilized rent for any apartment pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed six percent in any 9 10 year from the effective date of the order granting the increase over the 11 rent set forth in the schedule of gross rents, with collectability of any dollar excess above said sum to be spread forward in similar incre-12 13 ments and added to the stabilized rent as established or set in future 14

- S 6. Subdivision c of section 26-511 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding three new paragraphs 6-b, 6-c, and 6-d to read as follows:
- (6-B) PROVIDES CRITERIA WHEREBY THE COMMISSIONER MAY ACT UPON APPLICATION BY OWNERS FOR INCREASES IN EXCESS OF THE LEVEL OF FAIR RENT INCREASE ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS LAW PROVIDED HOWEVER, THAT SUCH CRITERIA SHALL PROVIDE THAT:
- (1) NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL UNLESS THE WORK PERFORMED IS AN ENHANCEMENT OR UPGRADE TO A HOUSING ACCOMMODATION OR SERVICE THEREIN; OR IS AN ADDITION TO SUCH HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE ACCORDING TO THE PREREQUISITES FOR MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASES. ANY REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT INTENDED TO MAINTAIN AN EXISTING SERVICE SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE.
- (2) NO APPLICATION FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE MAY BE APPROVED IF THERE EXIST ANY OUTSTANDING HAZARDOUS VIOLATIONS TIME OF THE CONSIDERATION OF SUCH APPLICATION, AS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL OR ANY OF THEAGENCY ADMINISTERING AND ENFORCING A BUILDING CODE IN THEJURISDICTION WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED, UNLESS IT IS DETERMINED BY THE DIVI-SION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL THAT SUCH WORK IS ESSENTIAL TO THE ALLEVIATION OF THE VIOLATIONS AND SUCH APPROVAL IS CONSISTENT PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY OR GOOD CAUSE, THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY SHALL FILE, NOT LESS THAN THIRTY BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE IMPROVEMENT, WITH THE DIVISION OF HOUSING COMMUNITY RENEWAL A STATEMENT CONTAINING INFORMATION OUTLINING THE AND SCOPE OF WORK, EXPECTED DATE OF COMPLETION FOR SUCH WORK AND AN VIT SETTING FORTH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
- (A) EVERY OWNER OF RECORD AND OWNER OF A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY OR ENTITY OWNING THE PROPERTY OR SPONSORING THE IMPROVEMENT; AND
- (B) A STATEMENT THAT NONE OF SUCH PERSONS HAD, WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO THE IMPROVEMENT, BEEN FOUND TO HAVE HARASSED OR UNLAWFULLY EVICTED TENANTS BY JUDGMENT OR DETERMINATION OF A COURT OR AGENCY UNDER THE PENAL LAW, ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW REGULATING RENTS OR ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW RELATING TO HARASSMENT OF TENANTS OR UNLAWFUL EVICTION.

UPON RECEIPT OF THE SCOPE OF WORK AND AFFIDAVIT PROVIDED FOR HEREIN, THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL PROVIDE THE TENANTS IN OCCUPANCY IN SUCH BUILDINGS WITH SUCH INFORMATION. THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL, IN ADDITION, IMPLEMENT PROCEDURES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ELICITING TENANT COMMENTS TO DETERMINE

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WHETHER MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED. NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE UNTIL ANY DEFECTIVE OR DEFICIENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN CURED.

- (6-C)THE INCREASE PERMITTED FOR SUCH CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SHALL BE COLLECTED AS A MONTHLY SURCHARGE TO THE LEGAL REGULATED RENT. IT SEPARATELY DESIGNATED AND BILLED AS SUCH AND SHALL NOT BE COMPOUNDED BY ANY ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT OF THE LEVEL OF FAIR RENT PROVIDED FOR SUBDIVISION B OF SECTION 26-510 OF THIS LAW. THE SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO APARTMENT SHALL BE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT DIVIDED BY EIGHTY-FOUR, DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN THE BUILDING, THEN MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN SUCH APARTMENT; PROVIDED THAT THE SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO ANY APARTMENT, IN ANY ONE YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO SIX PERCENT OF THE MONTHLY RENT COLLECTED BY THE OWNER FOR SUCH APARTMENT AS SET FORTH IN THE SCHEDULE OF ANY EXCESS ABOVE SAID SIX PERCENT SHALL BE CARRIED FORWARD AND COLLECTED IN FUTURE YEARS AS A FURTHER SURCHARGE NOT TO EXCEED AN TIONAL SIX PERCENT IN ANY ONE YEAR PERIOD UNTIL THE TOTAL SURCHARGE EQUALS THE AMOUNT IT WOULD HAVE BEEN IF THE AFOREMENTIONED SIX PERCENT LIMITATION DID NOT APPLY.
- (6-D) COLLECTION OF SURCHARGES IN EXCESS OF THE LEVEL OF FAIR RENT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH SIX-B OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL CEASE WHEN THE OWNER HAS RECOVERED THE COST OF THE MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT.
- S 7. Paragraph 3 of subdivision d of section 6 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, as amended by chapter 749 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) (I) COLLECTION OF SURCHARGES IN ADDITION TO THE LEGAL REGULATED RENT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL CEASE WHEN THE OWNER HAS RECOVERED THE COST OF THE MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT;
- (II) there has been since January first, nineteen hundred seventy-four a major capital improvement [required for the operation, preservation or maintenance of the structure. An adjustment under this paragraph shall be in an amount sufficient to amortize the cost of the improvements pursuant to this paragraph over a seven-year period]; PROVIDED THAT COMMISSIONER FINDS THAT SUCH IMPROVEMENTS ARE DEEMED DEPRECIABLE UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND SUCH IMPROVEMENTS ARE REQUIRED FOR THE OPERATION, PRESERVATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THE STRUCTURE. THE INCREASE PERMITTED FOR SUCH CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SHALL BE COLLECTED AS A SURCHARGE TO THE LEGAL REGULATED RENT. IT SHALL BE SEPARATELY DESIGNATED SUCH AND SHALL NOT BE COMPOUNDED BY ANY ANNUAL RENT BILLED AS ADJUSTMENT AUTHORIZED BY THE RENT GUIDELINES BOARD UNDER THIS ACT. SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO EACH APARTMENT SHALL BE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT DIVIDED BY EIGHTY-FOUR, DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN THE BUILDING, AND THEN MULTIPLIED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS SUCH APARTMENT; PROVIDED THAT THE SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO ANY APARTMENT IN ANY ONE YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO SIX PERCENT MONTHLY RENT COLLECTED BY THE OWNER FOR SUCH APARTMENT AS SET FORTH IN THE SCHEDULE OF GROSS RENTS. ANY EXCESS ABOVE SAID SIX PERCENT SHALL BE CARRIED FORWARD AND COLLECTED IN FUTURE YEARS AS A FURTHER SURCHARGE NOT TO EXCEED AN ADDITIONAL SIX PERCENT IN ANY ONE YEAR PERIOD UNTIL THE TOTAL SURCHARGE EQUALS THE AMOUNT IT WOULD HAVE BEEN IF THE AFOREMEN-TIONED SIX PERCENT LIMITATION DID NOT APPLY, or

S 8. Section 6 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four, is amended by adding a new subdivision d-1 to read as follows:

- D-1. (1) NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL UNLESS THE WORK PERFORMED IS AN ENHANCEMENT OR UPGRADE TO A HOUSING ACCOMMODATION OR SERVICE THEREIN; OR IS AN ADDITION TO SUCH HOUSING ACCOMMODATION AND OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE ACCORDING TO THE PREREQUISITES FOR MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASES. ANY REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT INTENDED TO MAINTAIN AN EXISTING SERVICE SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE.
- APPLICATION FOR A MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE MAY BE APPROVED IF THERE EXIST ANY OUTSTANDING HAZARDOUS VIOLATIONS TIME OF THE CONSIDERATION OF SUCH APPLICATION, AS DETERMINED PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS OF THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL OR ANY AGENCY ADMINISTERING AND ENFORCING A BUILDING CODE IN THE JURISDICTION WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED, UNLESS IT IS DETERMINED BY THE DIVI-SION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL THAT SUCH WORK IS ESSENTIAL TO THE ALLEVIATION OF THE VIOLATIONS AND SUCH APPROVAL IS CONSISTENT WITH THIS SECTION. EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF EMERGENCY OR GOOD PROVISIONS OF CAUSE, THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY SHALL FILE, NOT LESS THAN THIRTY BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE IMPROVEMENT, WITH THE DIVISION OF HOUSING COMMUNITY RENEWAL A STATEMENT CONTAINING INFORMATION OUTLINING THE SCOPE OF WORK, EXPECTED DATE OF COMPLETION FOR SUCH WORK AND AN AFFIDA-VIT SETTING FORTH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
- (A) EVERY OWNER OF RECORD AND OWNER OF A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY OR ENTITY OWNING THE PROPERTY OR SPONSORING THE IMPROVEMENT; AND
- (B) A STATEMENT THAT NONE OF SUCH PERSONS HAD, WITHIN THE FIVE YEARS PRIOR TO THE IMPROVEMENT, BEEN FOUND TO HAVE HARASSED OR UNLAWFULLY EVICTED TENANTS BY JUDGMENT OR DETERMINATION OF A COURT OR AGENCY UNDER THE PENAL LAW, ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW REGULATING RENTS OR ANY STATE OR LOCAL LAW RELATING TO HARASSMENT OF TENANTS OR UNLAWFUL EVICTION.
- UPON RECEIPT OF THE SCOPE OF WORK AND AFFIDAVIT PROVIDED FOR HEREIN, THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL PROVIDE THE TENANTS IN OCCUPANCY IN SUCH BUILDINGS WITH SUCH INFORMATION. THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL SHALL, IN ADDITION, IMPLEMENT PROCEDURES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ELICITING TENANT COMMENTS TO DETERMINE WHETHER MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN SATISFACTORILY COMPLETED. NO MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RENT INCREASE SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE UNTIL ANY DEFECTIVE OR DEFICIENT REHABILITATION WORK HAS BEEN CURED.
- S 9. Subdivision d of section 6 of section 4 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974 constituting the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four is amended by adding a new paragraph 6 to read as follows:
- (6) NOTWITHSTANDING PARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS SUBDIVISION THERE SHALL BE NO ADJUSTMENT FOR ANY MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUNDED IN ANY PART FROM MONEYS PROVIDED BY THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.
- S 10. The second undesignated paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 4 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, as amended by section 25 of part B of chapter 97 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- No application for adjustment of maximum rent based upon a sales price valuation shall be filed by the landlord under this subparagraph prior

to six months from the date of such sale of the property. In addition, no adjustment ordered by the commission based upon such sales price 3 valuation shall be effective prior to one year from the date Where, however, the assessed valuation of the land exceeds four 5 times the assessed valuation of the buildings thereon, the commission 6 may determine a valuation of the property equal to five times the equalized assessed valuation of the buildings, for the purposes of this 7 8 subparagraph. The commission may make a determination that the valuation 9 of the property is an amount different from such equalized assessed 10 valuation where there is a request for a reduction in such assessed 11 valuation currently pending; or where there has been a reduction in the assessed valuation for the year next preceding the effective date of the 12 13 current assessed valuation in effect at the time of the filing of the 14 application. Net annual return shall be the amount by which the earned 15 income exceeds the operating expenses of the property, excluding mort-16 gage interest and amortization, and excluding allowances for obsolescence and reserves, but including an allowance for depreciation of two 17 18 per centum of the value of the buildings exclusive of the land, or 19 amount shown for depreciation of the buildings in the latest required federal income tax return, whichever is lower; provided, however, that 20 no allowance for depreciation of the buildings shall be included 21 22 where the buildings have been fully depreciated for federal income tax 23 purposes or on the books of the owner; or (2) the landlord who owns no more than four rental units within the state has not been fully compen-24 25 sated by increases in rental income sufficient to offset unavoidable 26 increases in property taxes, fuel, utilities, insurance and repairs 27 maintenance, excluding mortgage interest and amortization, and excluding 28 depreciation, obsolescence and reserves, allowances for which have 29 occurred since the federal date determining the maximum rent or the date 30 the property was acquired by the present owner, whichever is later; or (3) the landlord operates a hotel or rooming house or owns a cooperative 31 32 apartment and has not been fully compensated by increases in rental 33 income from the controlled housing accommodations sufficient to offset 34 unavoidable increases in property taxes and other costs as are allocable 35 such controlled housing accommodations, including costs of operation 36 of such hotel or rooming house, but excluding mortgage interest 37 amortization, and excluding allowances for depreciation, obsolescence 38 and reserves, which have occurred since the federal date determining the 39 maximum rent or the date the landlord commenced the operation of the 40 property, whichever is later; or (4) the landlord and tenant voluntarily enter into a valid written lease in good faith with respect to any hous-41 42 ing accommodation, which lease provides for an increase in the maximum rent not in excess of fifteen per centum and for a term of not less than 43 44 two years, except that where such lease provides for an increase in 45 excess of fifteen per centum, the increase shall be automatically reduced to fifteen per centum; or (5) the landlord and tenant by mutual 46 47 voluntary written agreement agree to a substantial increase or decrease 48 in dwelling space or a change in the services, furniture, furnishings or equipment provided in the housing accommodations; provided that an owner 49 50 shall be entitled to a rent increase where there has been a substantial modification or increase of dwelling space or an increase in the 51 52 services, or installation of new equipment or improvements or new furniture or furnishings provided in or to a tenant's housing accommodation. 53 54 permanent increase in the maximum rent for the affected housing 55 accommodation shall be one-fortieth, in the case of a building with 56 thirty-five or fewer housing accommodations, or one-sixtieth, in the

case of a building with more than thirty-five housing accommodations where such permanent increase takes effect on or after September twenty-fourth, two thousand eleven, of the total cost incurred by the landlord in providing such modification or increase in dwelling space, services, furniture, furnishings or equipment, including the cost of installation, but excluding finance charges provided further that an 7 owner who is entitled to a rent increase pursuant to this clause shall 8 not be entitled to a further rent increase based upon the installation 9 of similar equipment, or new furniture or furnishings within the useful 10 life of such new equipment, or new furniture or furnishings. The owner 11 shall give written notice to the commission of any such adjustment pursuant to this clause; or (6) there has been, since March first, nine-12 13 teen hundred fifty, an increase in the rental value of the housing 14 accommodations as a result of a substantial rehabilitation of the building or housing accommodation therein which materially adds to the value 16 the property or appreciably prolongs its life, excluding ordinary repairs, maintenance and replacements; or (7) (I) COLLECTION 17 18 TO THE MAXIMUM RENT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO ITEM (II) OF THIS SURCHARGES 19 CLAUSE SHALL CEASE WHEN THE OWNER HAS RECOVERED THE COST OF THE MAJOR 20 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT; (II) there has been since March first, nineteen 21 hundred fifty, a major capital improvement [required for the operation, preservation or maintenance of the structure]; PROVIDED THAT THE COMMIS-23 SIONER FINDS THAT SUCH IMPROVEMENTS ARE DEEMED DEPRECIABLE UNDER THE 24 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND SUCH IMPROVEMENTS ARE REQUIRED FOR THE OPERA-25 TION, PRESERVATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THE STRUCTURE. THE INCREASE PERMIT-26 SUCH CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SHALL $_{
m BE}$ COLLECTED AS A MONTHLY SURCHARGE TO THE MAXIMUM RENT. IT SHALL BE 27 SEPARATELY DESIGNATED 28 SUCH AND SHALL NOT BE COMPOUNDED BY ANY OTHER ADJUSTMENT TO 29 THE MAXIMUM RENT. THE SURCHARGE ALLOCABLE TO EACH APARTMENT SHALL BE TO THE COST OF THE IMPROVEMENT DIVIDED BY EIGHTY-FOUR, 30 AMOUNT EOUAL DIVIDED BY THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN THE BUILDING, AND THEN MULTIPLIED BY 31 THE NUMBER OF ROOMS IN SUCH APARTMENT; PROVIDED THAT THE SURCHARGE ALLO-32 33 CABLE TO ANY APARTMENT IN ANY ONE YEAR MAY NOT EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO OF THE MONTHLY RENT COLLECTED BY THE OWNER FOR SUCH APART-34 PERCENT 35 MENT AS SET FORTH IN THE SCHEDULE OF GROSS RENTS. ANY EXCESS ABOVE SAID SIX PERCENT SHALL BE CARRIED FORWARD AND COLLECTED IN FUTURE YEARS AS A 36 37 SURCHARGE NOT TO EXCEED AN ADDITIONAL SIX PERCENT IN ANY ONE 38 YEAR PERIOD UNTIL THE TOTAL SURCHARGE EQUALS THE AMOUNT IT WOULD HAVE 39 IF THE AFOREMENTIONED SIX PERCENT LIMITATION DID NOT APPLY; or (8) 40 there has been since March first, nineteen hundred fifty, in structures containing more than four housing accommodations, other improvements 41 made with the express consent of the tenants in occupancy of at least 42 43 seventy-five per centum of the housing accommodations, provided, however, that no adjustment granted hereunder shall exceed fifteen per centum 45 unless the tenants have agreed to a higher percentage of increase, herein provided; or (9) there has been, since March first, nineteen 46 47 hundred fifty, a subletting without written consent from the landlord or 48 an increase in the number of adult occupants who are not members of immediate family of the tenant, and the landlord has not been compen-49 50 sated therefor by adjustment of the maximum rent by lease or order of 51 the commission or pursuant to the federal act; or (10) the presence of 52 unique or peculiar circumstances materially affecting the maximum rent 53 has resulted in a maximum rent which is substantially lower than the 54 rents generally prevailing in the same area for substantially similar housing accommodations. 56

S 11. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that:

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the amendments to section 26-405 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by sections one, two, three and four of this act remain in full force and effect only so long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act;

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- b. the amendments to section 26-511 of the rent stabilization law of nineteen hundred sixty-nine made by sections five and six of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided under section 26-520 of such law, as from time to time amended;
- the amendment to section 6 of the emergency tenant protection act of nineteen seventy-four made by sections seven, eight and nine of this shall expire on the same date as such act expires and shall not affect the expiration of such act as provided in section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, as from time to time amended; and
- the amendment to section 4 of the emergency housing rent control law made by section ten of this act shall expire on the same 19 such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided in subdivision 2 of section 1 of chapter 274 of the 21 1946.

22 PART K

Section 1. Paragraph 5 of subdivision a of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as follows:

Where a maximum rent established pursuant to this chapter on or after January first, nineteen hundred seventy-two, is higher than the previously existing maximum rent, the landlord may not collect AN INCREASE FROM A TENANT IN OCCUPANCY IN ANY ONE YEAR PERIOD OF more than LESSER OF EITHER seven and one-half percentum [increase from a tenant in occupancy on such date in any one year period, provided however, that where] OR AN AVERAGE OF THE PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS OF ONE-YEAR INCREASES ON RENT STABILIZED APARTMENTS AS ESTABLISHED BY THE RENT GUIDELINES BOARD, PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION B OF SECTION 26-510 TITLE. IF the period for which the rent is established exceeds one year, regardless of how the collection thereof is averaged over such period, the rent the landlord shall be entitled to receive during the first twelve months shall not be increased by more than THE LESSER OF EITHER seven and one-half percentum OR AN AVERAGE OF THE PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS OF ONE-YEAR RENT INCREASES ON RENT STABILIZED APARTMENTS AS ESTABLISHED BY RENT GUIDELINES BOARD, PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION B OF SECTION 26-510 OF THIS TITLE, over the previous rent [and]. ANY additional annual rents shall not exceed THE LESSER OF EITHER seven and one-half percentum OR AN AVERAGE OF THE PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS OF ONE-YEAR RENT INCREASES THE RENT GUIDELINES BOARD, APARTMENTS AS ESTABLISHED BY STABILIZED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION B OF SECTION 26-510 OF THIS TITLE, of paid during the previous year. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing limitations in this paragraph five, maximum rent shall be increased if ordered by the agency pursuant to subparagraphs (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (k), [(1),] OR (m) [or (n)] of paragraph one of subdivision g of this section. [Commencing January first, nineteen hundred eighty, adjustments pursuant to subparagraph (n) of paragraph one of subdivision g of this section shall be excluded from the maximum rent when computing the seven and one-half percentum increase authorized by this paragraph

- five.] Where a housing accommodation is vacant on January first, nineteen hundred seventy-two, or becomes vacant thereafter by voluntary surrender of possession by the tenants, the maximum rent established for such accommodations may be collected.
- S 2. Subparagraphs (1) and (n) of paragraph 1 of subdivision g of section 26-405 of the administrative code of the city of New York are REPEALED.
- S 3. Section 4 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946, constituting the emergency housing rent control law, is amended by adding a new subdivision 9 to read as follows:
- 9. NO ANNUAL RENT INCREASE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO THIS ACT SHALL EXCEED THE AVERAGE OF THE PREVIOUS FIVE ANNUAL RENTAL INCREASES AUTHORIZED BY A RENT GUIDELINES BOARD FOR A RENT STABILIZED UNIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 OF THE EMERGENCY TENANT PROTECTION ACT OF NINETEEN SEVENTY-FOUR.
- S 4. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day after it shall have become a law; provided that the amendments to section 26-405 of the city rent and rehabilitation law made by section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect only as long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act; and provided that the amendments to section 4 of the emergency housing rent control law made by section three of this act shall expire on the same date as such law expires and shall not affect the expiration of such law as provided in subdivision 2 of section 1 of chapter 274 of the laws of 1946.

27 PART L

- 28 Section 1. The administrative code of the city of New York is amended 29 by adding a new section 26-416 to read as follows:
 - S 26-416 SURCHARGES FOR TENANT-INSTALLED APPLIANCES. THE IMPOSITION OF ANY SURCHARGE FOR THE INSTALLATION OR USE OF A TENANT-INSTALLED APPLIANCE IS PROHIBITED WHERE THE TENANT PAYS FOR ELECTRIC UTILITY SERVICE.
 - S 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that section 26-416 of the city rent and rehabilitation law as added by section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect only as long as the public emergency requiring the regulation and control of residential rents and evictions continues, as provided in subdivision 3 of section 1 of the local emergency housing rent control act.
 - S 3. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 48 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 49 the applicable effective dates of Parts A through L of this act shall be 50 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.