## 4648

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 5, 2015

Introduced by M. of A. CLARK, SCARBOROUGH, ROBINSON, CAMARA -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ARROYO, PAULIN, PERRY -- read once and referred to the Committee on Children and Families

AN ACT to amend the social services law, in relation to the out-of-home placement of certain children with disabilities or disorders

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 358-a of the social services law 2 is amended by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

3 (G) THE COURT MAY APPROVE A PETITION BY OR AGREEMENT A SOCIAL WITH 4 SERVICES OFFICIAL FOR THE TRANSFER FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE 5 BASED ON CHILD SERVICE NEEDS FOR THE PROVISION OF NECESSARY SERVICES FOR 6 THE CHILD'S EMOTIONAL, BEHAVIORAL OR MENTAL DISORDER, OR MENTAL OR PHYS-ICAL DISABILITY, WITHOUT THE TRANSFER OF CUSTODY, WHICH PROVIDES 7 THAT 8 THE SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL SHALL MAINTAIN RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE 9 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OF THE CHILD. THE SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT ASSIGNED OVERALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND 10 SHALL BE 11 CARE OF THE CHILD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EITHER THE ACTUAL OR ACTIVE SUPERVISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIVIDUAL CASE PLAN FOR THE 12 13 CHILD, PERIODIC REVIEW OF THE CASE PLAN AND REVIEW OF THE APPROPRIATE-NESS AND SUITABILITY OF THE PLAN AND PLACEMENT, AND ENSURING THAT PROPER 14 CARE AND SERVICES ARE PROVIDED TO FACILITATE RETURN TO THE CHILD'S HOME 15 16 OR OTHER ALTERNATIVE PERMANENT PLACEMENT, ALL IN ADHERENCE WITH STATE 17 AND FEDERAL RULES, REGULATIONS AND POLICY INTERPRETATIONS.

18 S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 384-a of the social services law is 19 amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

(I) A SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL MAY ACCEPT A TRANSFER FOR TEMPORARY
PLACEMENT AND CARE OF A CHILD FOR THE PROVISION OF NECESSARY SERVICES
FOR THE CHILD'S EMOTIONAL, BEHAVIORAL OR MENTAL DISORDER, OR MENTAL OR
PHYSICAL DISABILITY, WITHOUT THE TRANSFER OF CUSTODY, PROVIDED THAT THE
SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL SHALL MAINTAIN RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TEMPORARY

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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PLACEMENT AND CARE OF THE CHILD. THE SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL SHALL BE 1 2 ASSIGNED OVERALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OF 3 CHILD, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, EITHER ACTUAL OR ACTIVE SUPER-THE 4 VISION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIVIDUAL CASE PLAN FOR THE CHILD, 5 PERIODIC REVIEW OF THE CASE PLAN AND REVIEW OF THE APPROPRIATENESS AND 6 SUITABILITY OF THE PLAN AND PLACEMENT, AND ENSURING THAT PROPER CARE AND 7 SERVICES ARE PROVIDED TO FACILITATE RETURN TO THE CHILD'S HOME OR OTHER 8 ALTERNATIVE PERMANENT PLACEMENT, ALL IN ADHERENCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL 9 RULES, REGULATIONS AND POLICY INTERPRETATIONS.

10 S 3. Section 358-a of the social services law, as amended by chapter 11 78 of the laws of 1978, subdivision 1 and paragraph (e) of subdivision 3 12 as amended, and paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision 3 as added by 13 chapter 7 of the laws of 1999, paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 as amended 14 section 16 of part C of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, subdivisions by 15 2 and 3 as amended by chapter 808 of the laws of 1985, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 671 of the laws of 2005, paragraph 16 17 (b) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 87 of the laws of 1993, 18 subdivision 2-a as amended by section 35, paragraph (a) and the closing 19 paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 as amended by section 36, paragraph (f) of subdivision 3 as amended by section 37, and subdivi-20 21 sions 7 and 8 as amended by section 39 of part A of chapter 3 of the 22 2005, paragraph (b) of subdivision 2-a and subdivision 12 as laws of amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 2006, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 823 of the laws of 1987, subdivisions 5 and 9 as amended by 23 24 25 chapter 465 of the laws of 1992, subdivision 6 and paragraphs (b) and 26 (c) of subdivision 10 as amended by chapter 41 of the laws of 2010, subdivision 10 as added by chapter 457 of the laws of 1988, and subdivi-sion 11 as added by chapter 854 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read 27 28 read 29 as follows:

30 S 358-a. Dependent children in foster care. (1) Initiation of judicial proceeding. (a) A social services official who accepts or proposes to 31 32 accept the custody and guardianship of a child by means of an instrument 33 executed pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-four of this chapter, or the TRANSFER FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE 34 OR 35 care and custody of a child as a public charge by means of an instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-36 37 four-a of this chapter, shall determine whether such child is likely to 38 remain in the care of such official for a period in excess of thirty 39 consecutive days. If such official determines that the child is likely 40 remain in care for a period in excess of thirty consecutive days, to such official shall petition the family court judge of the county or 41 city in which the social services official has his or her office, to 42 43 approve such instrument upon a determination that the placement of the 44 child is in the best interest of the child, that it would be contrary to 45 the welfare of the child to continue in his or her own home and, that where appropriate, reasonable efforts were made prior to the placement 46 47 foster care to prevent or eliminate the need for the child into of 48 removal of the child from his or her home and that prior to the initi-49 ation of the court proceeding required to be held by this subdivision, reasonable efforts were made to make it possible for the child to return 50 51 safely home. In the case of a child [whose] WHO HAS EITHER BEEN TRANS-FERRED FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR FOR care and custody [have] 52 53 AND HAS been transferred to a social services official by means of an 54 instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred 55 eighty-four-a of this chapter, approval of the instrument shall only be 1 made upon an additional determination that all of the requirements of 2 such section have been satisfied.

3 (b) The social services official shall initiate the proceeding by 4 filing the petition as soon as practicable, but in no event later than thirty days following removal of the child from the home provided, however, that the court shall receive, hear and determine petitions 5 6 7 filed later than thirty days following removal of the child from his or 8 her home, but state reimbursement shall not be available to the social 9 services district for care and maintenance provided to such child. The 10 social services official shall diligently pursue such proceeding. Where 11 the care and custody OR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE of a child as a 12 public charge has been transferred to a social services official by 13 means of an instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of section 14 three hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter for a period of thirty days 15 or less for an indeterminate period which such official deems unlikely 16 to exceed thirty days, and thereafter such official determines that such 17 child will remain in his or her care and custody for a period in excess 18 thirty days, such official shall, as soon as practicable but in no of 19 event later than thirty days following such determination, execute with 20 the child's parent, parents or guardian a new instrument pursuant to the provision of section three hundred eighty-four or three hundred eighty-21 22 four-a of this chapter and shall file a petition in family court, pursu-23 ant to this section, for approval of such instrument. In such cases 24 involving a social services official, expenditures for the care and 25 maintenance of such child from the date of the initial transfer [of his] 26 FOR EITHER TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR care and custody to the social services official shall be subject to state reimbursement. 27

28 (2) Contents of petition. (a) Any petition required or authorized 29 pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall allege whether the parent, parents or guardian executed the instrument because the parent, 30 31 parents or guardian would be unable to make adequate provision for the 32 care, maintenance and supervision of such child in his or their own 33 home, and shall include facts supporting the petition. [The] ΙF THE 34 CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED THE petition shall 35 contain a notice in conspicuous print providing that if the child remains in foster care for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, 36 the agency may be required by law to file a petition to terminate parental rights. IF THE TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OF THE CHILD HAS 37 38 39 BEEN TRANSFERRED, THE PETITION SHALL CONTAIN A NOTICE IN CONSPICUOUS 40 PRINT PROVIDING THAT IF THE PARENT FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE REOUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION 41 TWO OF SECTION THREE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR-A OF THIS ARTICLE, THE AGENCY SHALL BE 42 43 REQUIRED TO FILE A PETITION FOR THE TRANSFER OF CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE 44 CHILD TO AN AUTHORIZED AGENCY. The petition shall also set forth the 45 names and last known addresses of all persons required to be given notice of the proceeding, pursuant to this section and section three 46 47 hundred eighty-four-c of this chapter, and there shall be shown by the 48 petition or by affidavit or other proof satisfactory to the court that there are no persons other than those set forth in the petition who are 49 50 entitled to notice pursuant to the provisions of this section or of 51 section three hundred eighty-four-c of this chapter. The petition shall also set forth the efforts which were made, prior to the placement of 52 53 the child into foster care, to prevent or eliminate the need for removal 54 of the child from his or her home and the efforts which were made prior 55 to the filing of the petition to make it possible for the child to return safely home. If such efforts were not made, the petition shall 56

set forth the reasons why these efforts were not made. The petition 1 2 shall request that, pending any hearing which may be required by the 3 family court judge, a temporary order be made transferring THE TEMPORARY 4 PLACEMENT AND CARE OR the care and custody of the child to the social 5 services official in accordance with the provisions of subdivision three of this section. In the case of a child [whose] WHO 6 HAS EITHER BEEN 7 TRANSFERRED FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR FOR care and custody 8 [have been transferred] to a social services official by means of an 9 instrument executed pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four-a of 10 this chapter, the petition shall also allege and there shall be shown by 11 affidavit or other proof satisfactory to the court that all the requirements of such section have been satisfied[, including]. IF THE CARE AND 12 13 THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED SUCH REOUIREMENTS SHALL CUSTODY OF 14 INCLUDE the results of the investigation to locate relatives of the child, including any non-respondent parent and all of the child's grand-15 16 parents. Such results shall include whether any relative who has been located expressed an interest in becoming a foster parent for the child 17 or in seeking custody or care of the child. 18

19 (b) The social services official who initiated the proceeding shall 20 file supplemental information with the clerk of the court not later than 21 ten days prior to the date on which the proceeding is first heard by the 22 court. Such information shall include relevant portions, as determined 23 by the department, of the assessment of the child and his family circumstances performed and maintained, and the family's service plan if 24 25 available, pursuant to sections four hundred nine-e and four hundred nine-f of this chapter. Copies of such supplemental information need not 26 be served upon those persons entitled to notice of the proceeding and a 27 copy of the petition pursuant to subdivision four of this section. 28

29 (2-a) Continuing jurisdiction. (a) The court shall possess continuing 30 jurisdiction over the parties until the child is discharged from place-31 ment and all orders regarding supervision, protection or services have 32 expired.

33 (b) The court, upon approving an instrument under this section, shall 34 schedule a permanency hearing pursuant to article ten-A of the family 35 court act for a date certain not more than eight months after the place-36 ment of the child into foster care. Such date certain shall be included 37 in the order approving the instrument.

38 (3) Disposition of petition. (a) If the court is satisfied that the 39 parent, parents or quardian executed such instrument knowingly and 40 voluntarily and because he or she would be unable to make adequate provision for the care, maintenance and supervision of such child in his 41 or her home, and that the requirements of section three hundred eighty-42 43 four-a of this chapter, if applicable, have been satisfied and that 44 where appropriate, reasonable efforts were made prior to the placement 45 of the child into foster care to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from his or her home and that prior to the initi-46 47 ation of the court proceeding required to be held by subdivision one of this section, reasonable efforts were made to make it possible for the 48 child to return safely to his or her home, the court may find and deter-mine that the best interests and welfare of the child would be promoted 49 50 51 by removal of the child from such home, and that it would be contrary to the welfare of such child for the child to continue in such home, and 52 53 the court shall thereupon grant the petition and approve such instrument 54 and the transfer of the custody and guardianship or THE TRANSFER FOR 55 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR care and custody of such child to such social services official in accordance therewith. If the court deter-56

mines that, where appropriate, reasonable efforts were made prior to the 1 2 placement of the child into foster care to prevent or eliminate the need 3 removal of the child from his or her home, that prior to the initifor 4 ation of the court proceeding reasonable efforts were made to make it 5 possible for the child to return safely to his or her home, or that it 6 would be contrary to the best interests of the child to continue in the 7 home, or that reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need for 8 the child from the home were not made but that the lack of removal of 9 such efforts was appropriate under the circumstances, the court order 10 shall include such findings. Approval of such instrument in a proceed-11 ing pursuant to this section shall not constitute a remand or commitment 12 pursuant to this chapter and shall not preclude challenge in any other proceeding to the validity of the instrument. If the permanency plan for 13 14 child is adoption, guardianship, permanent placement with a fit and the 15 willing relative or another planned permanent living arrangement other 16 than reunification with the parent or parents of the child, the court 17 must consider and determine in its order whether reasonable efforts are being made to make and finalize such alternate permanent placement. 18

19 (b) For the purpose of this section, reasonable efforts to prevent or 20 eliminate the need for removing the child from the home of the child or 21 to make it possible for the child to return safely to the home of the 22 child shall not be required where the court determines that:

23 (1) the parent of such child has subjected the child to aggravated 24 circumstances, as defined in subdivision twelve of this section;

25 the parent of such child has been convicted of (i) murder in the (2) 26 first degree as defined in section 125.27 or murder in the second degree as defined in section 125.25 of the penal law and the victim was another 27 28 child of the parent; or (ii) manslaughter in the first degree as defined 29 in section 125.20 or manslaughter in the second degree as defined in 30 section 125.15 of the penal law and the victim was another child of the parent, provided, however, that the parent must have acted voluntarily 31 32 in committing such crime;

33 (3) such child has been convicted of an attempt to the parent of commit any of the foregoing crimes, and the victim or intended victim was the child or another child of the parent; or has been convicted of 34 35 criminal solicitation as defined in article one hundred, conspiracy 36 as 37 defined in article one hundred five or criminal facilitation as defined 38 in article one hundred fifteen of the penal law for conspiring, solicit-39 ing or facilitating any of the foregoing crimes, and the victim or 40 intended victim was the child or another child of the parent;

41 (4) the parent of such child has been convicted of assault in the 42 second degree as defined in section 120.05, assault in the first degree 43 as defined in section 120.10 or aggravated assault upon a person less 44 than eleven years old as defined in section 120.12 of the penal law, and 45 the commission of one of the foregoing crimes resulted in serious phys-46 ical injury to the child or another child of the parent;

(5) the parent of such child has been convicted in any other jurisdiction of an offense which includes all of the essential elements of any crime specified in subparagraph two, three or four of this paragraph, and the victim of such offense was the child or another child of the parent; or

52 (6) the parental rights of the parent to a sibling of such child have 53 been involuntarily terminated;

54 unless the court determines that providing reasonable efforts would be 55 in the best interests of the child, not contrary to the health and safe-56 ty of the child, and would likely result in the reunification of the 1

2 such findings in its order. 3 that reasonable efforts are not required Ιf the court determines because of one of the grounds set forth above, a permanency hearing shall be held within thirty days of the finding of the court that such 4 5 6 efforts are not required. Such hearing shall be conducted pursuant to 7 section one thousand eighty-nine of the family court act. The local 8 social services official shall thereafter make reasonable efforts to place the child in a timely manner and to complete whatever steps are 9 10 necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child as set forth 11 the permanency plan approved by the court. If reasonable efforts are in 12 determined by the court not to be required because of one of the grounds 13 set forth in this paragraph, AND THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL HAS INSTRUMENT FOR THE TRANSFER OF CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE 14 ACCEPTED AN 15 CHILD, the local social services official may file a petition for termination of parental rights of the parent in accordance with section three 16 17 hundred eighty-four-b of this chapter. IF THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES THE TRANSFER FOR TEMPORARY 18 OFFICIAL HAS ACCEPTED AN INSTRUMENT FOR 19 PLACEMENT AND CARE OF A CHILD, THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES OFFICIAL SHALL 20 A PETITION FOR THE TRANSFER OF CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD TO AN FILE 21 AUTHORIZED AGENCY.

22 (c) For the purpose of this section, in determining reasonable efforts to be made with respect to a child, and in making such reasonable 23 efforts, the child's health and safety shall be the paramount concern. 24 25 the purpose of this section, a sibling shall include a half-(d) For sibling. 26

27 (e) The order granting the petition of a social services official and 28 approving an instrument executed pursuant to section three hundred 29 eighty-four-a of this chapter may include conditions, where appropriate specified by the judge, requiring the implementation of a specific 30 and plan of action by the social services official to exercise diligent 31 32 efforts toward the discharge of the child from care, either to his own 33 family or to an adoptive home; provided, however, that such plan shall 34 not include the provision of any service or assistance to the child and his or her family which is not authorized or required to be made avail-35 36 able pursuant to the comprehensive annual services program plan then in 37 effect. An order of placement shall include, at the least:

(i) a description of the visitation plan; 38

39 (ii) a direction that the respondent or respondents shall be notified 40 the planning conference or conferences to be held pursuant to subdiof vision three of section four hundred nine-e of this chapter, of their 41 right to attend the conference, and of their right to have counsel or 42 43 other representative or companion with them;

44 A copy of the court's order and the service plan shall be given to the 45 respondent. [The] IF THE CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSorder shall also contain a notice that if the child remains 46 FERRED THE 47 in foster care for more than fifteen of the most recent twenty-two 48 months, the agency may be required by law to file a petition to terminate parental rights. IF THE TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OF 49 THE CHILD 50 TRANSFERRED THE ORDER SHALL ALSO CONTAIN A NOTICE THAT IF THE HAS BEEN 51 RESPONDENT FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE REOUIREMENTS SET FORTH INSUBPARA-OF PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION THREE HUNDRED 52 GRAPH (V) EIGHTY-FOUR-A OF THIS ARTICLE, THE AGENCY SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FILE 53 Α 54 PETITION FOR THE TRANSFER OF CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD TO AN AUTHOR-55 IZED AGENCY.

1 Nothing in such order shall preclude either party to the instrument 2 from exercising its rights under this section or under any other 3 provision of law relating to the return of the care OR CARE and custody 4 of the child by the social services official to the parent, parents or 5 guardian. Violation of such [on] AN order shall be subject to punishment 6 pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-three of the judiciary law.

7 For a child who has attained the age of fourteen, if the court (f) 8 grants the petition and approves an instrument executed pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four or three hundred eighty-four-a of this 9 10 chapter and the transfer of custody and guardianship or TRANSFER FOR 11 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR care and custody of the child to a local social services official the court shall determine in its order the services and assistance needed to assist the child in learning independ-12 13 14 ent living skills.

15 (4) Notice. (a) Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the family court judge shall direct that service of a notice of 16 17 the proceeding and a copy of the petition shall be made upon such 18 persons and in such manner as the judge may direct. If the instrument 19 executed by the parent, parents or guardian of a child consents to the 20 jurisdiction of the family court over such proceeding, and waives service of the petition and notice of proceeding, then the family court 21 22 judge may, in his discretion, dispense with service upon the consenting parent, parents or guardian, provided, however, that a waiver of service 23 24 of process and notice of the proceeding by a parent or guardian who has 25 transferred EITHER TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR the care and custody 26 of a child to an authorized agency, pursuant to section three hundred 27 eighty-four-a of this chapter, shall be null and void and shall not be given effect by the court. Notice to any parent, parents or guardian who 28 29 has not executed the instrument shall be required.

30 (b) In the event the family court judge determines that service by publication is necessary and orders service by publication, service 31 32 shall be made in accordance with the provisions of rule three hundred 33 sixteen of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, that a single publication of the summons or other process with a notice as 34 35 specified herein in only one newspaper designated in the order shall be sufficient. In no event shall the whole petition be published. The peti-36 37 tion shall be delivered to the person summoned at the first court 38 appearance pursuant to section one hundred fifty-four-a of the family 39 court act. The notice to be published with the summons or other process 40 shall state the date, time, place and purpose of the proceeding.

(i) If the petition is initiated to transfer custody and guardianship 42 of a child by an instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of 43 section three hundred eighty-four of this chapter, the notice to be 44 published shall also state that failure to appear may result, without 45 further notice, in the transfer of custody and guardianship of the child 46 to a social services official in this proceeding.

47 the petition is initiated to transfer care and custody of a (ii) Ιf 48 child by an instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter, the notice to be published 49 50 shall also state that failure to appear may result, without further 51 notice, in the transfer of care and custody of the child to a social 52 services official in this proceeding.

53 (5) Hearing and waiver. The instrument may include a consent by the 54 parent, parents or guardian to waiver of any hearing and that a determi-55 nation may be made by the family court judge based solely upon the peti-56 tion, and other papers and affidavits, if any, submitted to the family

court judge, provided, however, that a waiver of hearing by a parent 1 or guardian who has EITHER transferred TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR the 2 care and custody of a child to an authorized agency, pursuant to section 3 4 three hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter, shall be effective only if 5 such waiver was executed in an instrument separate from that trans-6 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR the [child's] care and ferring EITHER 7 custody OF THE CHILD. In any case where an effective waiver has been 8 executed, the family court judge may dispense with a hearing, approve the instrument and EITHER the transfer of [the] custody and guardianship 9 10 or THE TRANSFER FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR THE care and custody 11 of the child to the social services official and make the requisite findings and determinations provided for in subdivision three of this 12 section, if it appears to the satisfaction of the family court 13 judqe 14 the allegations in the petition are established sufficiently to that 15 warrant the family court judge to grant such petition, to make such 16 findings and determination, and to issue such order.

17 any case where a hearing is required, the family court judge, if In 18 the holding of an immediate hearing on notice is impractical, may forth-19 with, upon the basis of the instrument and the allegations of the petition, make a temporary finding that the parent, parents, or guardian of 20 the child are unable to make adequate provision for the care, mainte-21 22 nance and supervision of such child in the child's own home and that the 23 interest and welfare of the child will be promoted by the removal best 24 of such child from such home and thereupon, the family court judge shall 25 make a temporary order transferring EITHER THE TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND 26 CARE OR the care and custody of such child to the social services offi-27 cial, and shall set the matter down for hearing on the first feasible 28 date.

29 (6) Representation. In any case where a hearing is directed by the 30 family court judge, he or she shall, pursuant to section two hundred 31 forty-nine of the family court act, appoint an attorney to represent the 32 child, who shall be admitted to practice law in the state of New York.

33 (7) Return of child. If an instrument provides for the return of the care OR CARE and custody of a child by the local social services offi-34 35 cial to the parent, parents or guardian upon any terms and conditions or any time, the local social services official shall comply with such 36 at 37 terms of such instrument without further court order. Every order 38 approving an instrument providing for the transfer of the care OR CARE 39 and custody of a child to a local social services official shall be 40 served upon the parent, parents or guardian who executed such instrument such manner as the family court judge may provide in such order, 41 in together with a notice of the terms and conditions under which the care 42 43 OR CARE and custody of such child may be returned to the parent, parents 44 guardian. If an instrument provides for the return of the care OR or 45 CARE and custody of a child by the local social services official to the parent, parents or guardian without fixing a definite date for 46 such 47 return, or if the local social services official shall fail to return a 48 child to the care OR CARE and custody of the child's parent, parents or guardian in accordance with the terms of the instrument, the parent, 49 50 parents or guardian may seek such care OR CARE and custody by motion for 51 return of such child and order to show cause in such proceeding or by writ of habeas corpus in the supreme court. Nothing in this subdivision 52 53 shall limit the requirement for a permanency hearing pursuant to article 54 ten-A of the family court act.

55 (8) Appealable orders. Any order of a family court denying any peti-56 tion of a local social services official filed pursuant to this section, 1 or any order of a family court granting or denying any motion filed by a 2 parent, parents or guardian for return of a child pursuant to this 3 section, shall be deemed an order of disposition appealable pursuant to 4 article eleven of the family court act.

5 (9) Duty of social services official. In the event that a family court 6 judge denies a petition of a social services official for approval of an 7 instrument, upon a finding that the welfare of the child would not be 8 promoted by foster care, such social services official shall not accept or retain the care OR CARE and custody as a public charge or custody and 9 10 guardianship of such child, provided, however, that the denial by a 11 family court judge of a petition of a social services official filed pursuant to this section shall not limit or affect the duty of such 12 social services official to take such other action or offer 13 such 14 services as are authorized by law to promote the welfare and best inter-15 ests of the child.

16 (10) Visitation rights; non-custodial parents and grandparents. (a) 17 Where a social services official incorporates in an instrument visita-18 tion rights set forth in an order, judgment or agreement as described in 19 paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section three hundred eighty-four-a 20 of this chapter, such official shall make inquiry of the state central 21 register of child abuse and maltreatment to determine whether or not the 22 person having such visitation rights is a subject or another person named in an indicated report of child abuse or maltreatment, as such terms are defined in section four hundred twelve of this chapter, and 23 24 25 shall further ascertain, to the extent practicable, whether or not such 26 person is a respondent in a proceeding under article ten of the family 27 court act whereby the respondent has been alleged or adjudicated to have 28 abused or neglected such child.

29 (b) Where a social services official or the attorney for the child 30 opposes incorporation of an order, judgment or agreement conferring visitation rights as provided for in paragraph (e) of subdivision two of 31 32 section three hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter, the social services 33 official or attorney for the child shall apply for an order determining that the provisions of such order, judgment or agreement should not be 34 35 incorporated into the instrument executed pursuant to such section. Such order shall be granted upon a finding, based on competent, relevant 36 and 37 material evidence, that the child's life or health would be endangered by incorporation and enforcement of visitation rights as described in 38 39 such order, judgment or agreement. Otherwise, the court shall deny such 40 application.

41 (c) Where visitation rights pursuant to an order, judgment or agree-42 ment are incorporated in an instrument, the parties may agree to an 43 alternative schedule of visitation equivalent to and consistent with the 44 original or modified visitation order, judgment, or agreement where such alternative schedule reflects changed circumstances of the parties and is consistent with the best interests of the child. In the absence of 45 46 47 such an agreement between the parties, the court may, in its discretion, 48 upon application of any party or the child's attorney, order an alternative schedule of visitation, as described herein, where it determines 49 50 such schedule is necessary to facilitate visitation and to protect that 51 the best interests of the child.

52 (d) The order providing an alternative schedule of visitation shall 53 remain in effect for the length of the placement of the child as 54 provided for in such instrument unless such order is subsequently modi-55 fied by the court for good cause shown. Whenever the court makes an 56 order denying or modifying visitation rights pursuant to this subdivi1 sion, the instrument described in section three hundred eighty-four-a of 2 this chapter shall be deemed amended accordingly.

(11) Siblings, placement and visitation. (a) In reviewing any petition brought under this section, the court shall inquire if the social services official has arranged for the placement of the child who is the subject of the petition with any minor siblings or half-siblings who are placed in care or, if such children have not been placed together, whether such official has arranged for regular visitation and other forms of regular communication between such child and such siblings.

10 (b) If the court determines that the subject child has not been placed 11 with his or her minor siblings or half-siblings who are in care, or that 12 regular visitation and other forms of regular communication between the subject child and his or her minor siblings or half-siblings has not 13 14 been provided or arranged for, the court may direct such official to 15 provide or arrange for such placement or regular visitation and communi-16 cation where the court finds that such placement or visitation and 17 communication is in the child's best interests. Placement or regular 18 visitation and communication with siblings or half-siblings shall be 19 presumptively in the child's best interests unless such placement or visitation and communication would be contrary to the child's health, 20 21 safety or welfare, or the lack of geographic proximity precludes or 22 prevents visitation.

23 (12) For the purposes of this section, aggravated circumstances means 24 where a child has been either severely or repeatedly abused, as defined 25 subdivision eight of section three hundred eighty-four-b of this in 26 chapter; or where a child has subsequently been found to be an abused child, as defined in paragraph (i) or (iii) of subdivision (e) of section one thousand twelve of the family court act, within five years 27 28 29 after return home following placement in foster care as a result of 30 being found to be a neglected child, as defined in subdivision (f) of section one thousand twelve of the family court act, provided that the 31 32 respondent or respondents in each of the foregoing proceedings was the 33 same; or where the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the parent of a child in foster care has refused and has failed completely, 34 35 over a period of at least six months from the date of removal, to engage in services necessary to eliminate the risk of abuse or neglect 36 if 37 returned to the parent, and has failed to secure services on his or her own or otherwise adequately prepare for the return home and, after being 38 39 informed by the court that such an admission could eliminate the 40 that the local department of requirement social services provide reunification services to the parent, the parent has 41 stated in court under oath that he or she intends to continue to refuse such necessary 42 43 services and is unwilling to secure such services independently or otherwise prepare for the child's return home; provided, however, that 44 45 if the court finds that adequate justification exists for the failure to engage in or secure such services, including but not limited to a lack 46 47 of child care, a lack of transportation, and an inability to attend 48 services that conflict with the parent's work schedule, such failure 49 shall not constitute an aggravated circumstance; or where a court has 50 determined a child five days old or younger was abandoned by a parent 51 with an intent to wholly abandon such child and with the intent that the 52 child be safe from physical injury and cared for in an appropriate 53 manner.

54 S 4. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 358-a of the social 55 services law, as amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 1999, is amended to 56 read as follows:

The social services official shall initiate the proceeding by 1 (b) 2 filing the petition as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 3 thirty days following removal of the child from the home provided, 4 however, that the court shall receive, hear and determine petitions filed later than thirty days following removal of the child from his or 5 6 her home, but state reimbursement to the social services district for 7 care and maintenance provided to such child shall be denied [pursuant to 8 section one hundred fifty-three-d of this chapter]. The social services 9 official shall diligently pursue such proceeding. Where the care and 10 custody OR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE of a child as a public charge has been transferred to a social services official by means of 11 an instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of section three hundred 12 eighty-four-a of this chapter for a period of thirty days or less for an 13 14 indeterminate period which such official deems unlikely to exceed thirty 15 days, and thereafter such official determines that such child will 16 remain in his or her care and custody for a period in excess of thirty days, such official shall, as soon as practicable but in no event later 17 18 than thirty days following such determination, execute with the child's 19 parent, parents or guardian a new instrument pursuant to the provision section three hundred eighty-four or three hundred eighty-four-a of 20 of 21 this chapter and shall file a petition in family court, pursuant to this 22 section, for approval of such instrument. In such cases involving a social services official, expenditures for the care and maintenance of 23 such child from the date of the initial transfer [of his] FOR 24 EITHER 25 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR care and custody to the social services 26 official shall be subject to state reimbursement[, notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred fifty-three-d of this chapter]. 27

Section 384-a of the social services law, as amended by chapter 28 S 5. 29 669 of the laws of 1976, subdivision 1 as amended by section 52, subdivision 1-b as added by section 53 and paragraph (a) and subparagraph 30 (iii) of paragraph (h) of subdivision 2 as amended by section 54 of part 31 32 A of chapter 3 of the laws of 2005, subdivision 1-a as amended by chap-33 671 of the laws of 2005, subdivision 2 as separately amended by ter chapter 666 of the laws of 1976, paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 256 of the laws of 1990, subparagraph (i) of para-34 2 as 35 graph (c) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 69 of the laws of 1991, 36 37 subparagraph (ix) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 as added by chapter 7 of the laws of 1999, paragraphs (d) and (e) as added and paragraph (g) 38 subdivision 2 as relettered and subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 39 of 40 457 of the laws of 1988, paragraph (f) of subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 41 of the laws of 2010, paragraph (g) of subdivision 2 as added 41 by chapter 947 of the laws of 1981, and paragraph (h) of subdivision 2 42 43 added by chapter 477 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as as 44 follows:

45 S 384-a. Transfer of [care and custody of] children FOR TEMPORARY 46 PLACEMENT AND CARE OR CARE AND CUSTODY. 1. Method. [The care and custo-47 dy of a child may be transferred by a parent or guardian, and the care 48 of a child may be transferred by any person to whom a parent has 49 entrusted the care of the child, to an authorized agency by a written 50 instrument in accordance with the provisions of this section.] A PARENT 51 OR GUARDIAN MAY EITHER:

52 (A) TRANSFER RESPONSIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OF A 53 CHILD SO THEY MAY RECEIVE NECESSARY SERVICES FOR AN EMOTIONAL, BEHAV-54 IORAL OR MENTAL DISORDER, OR MENTAL OR PHYSICAL DISABILITY TO AN AUTHOR-55 IZED AGENCY BY A WRITTEN INSTRUMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 56 THIS SECTION; OR 1 (B) TRANSFER THE CARE AND CUSTODY OF A CHILD TO AN AUTHORIZED AGENCY 2 BY A WRITTEN INSTRUMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS 3 SECTION.

4 1-A. THE CARE OF A CHILD MAY ALSO BE TRANSFERRED TO AN AUTHORIZED 5 AGENCY BY ANY PERSON TO WHOM A PARENT HAS ENTRUSTED THE CARE OF THE CHILD. Such transfer by a person who is not the child's parent or guard-6 7 ian shall not affect the rights or obligations of the parents or guardi-8 an, and such transfer shall be deemed a transfer of the care and custody 9 the child for the purposes of section three hundred fifty-eight-a of of 10 this chapter.

[1-a.] 1-B. Prior to accepting a transfer of care and custody, a local 11 12 social services official shall commence a search to locate any non-res-13 pondent parent of the child and shall conduct an immediate investigation 14 (a) locate relatives of the child, including all of the child's to 15 grandparents, all suitable relatives identified by either and any rela-16 tive identified by a child over the age of five as a relative who plays or has played a significant positive role in his or her life, 17 and to inform them of the opportunity for becoming foster parents or for seek-18 19 ing custody or care of the child, and that the child may be adopted by 20 foster parents if attempts at reunification with the birth parent are 21 not required or are unsuccessful; and to determine whether the child may 22 appropriately be placed with a suitable person related to the child and 23 whether such relative seeks approval as a foster parent pursuant to this 24 chapter for the purposes of providing care for such child, or wishes to 25 provide care and custody for the child until the parent or other person responsible for the care of the child is able to resume custody; and (b) 26 identify minor siblings or half-siblings of the child and to determine 27 whether such siblings or half-siblings have been or are being trans-28 29 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR to the care and custody of ferred FOR 30 such official. Such official shall provide or arrange for the provision of care so as to permit the child and his or her minor siblings or half-31 32 siblings to be placed together unless, in the judgment of such official, 33 such placement would be contrary to the best interests of the children; whereupon, such official shall provide or arrange for regular visitation 34 35 and other forms of regular communication between such children unless, 36 judgment of such official, such visitation and communication in the 37 would be contrary to the best interests of such children. Placement or 38 regular visitation and communication with siblings or half-siblings 39 shall be presumptively in the child's best interests unless such place-40 ment or visitation and communication would be contrary to the child's health, safety or welfare, or the lack of geographic proximity precludes 41 42 or prevents visitation.

43 [1-b.] 1-C. Upon accepting the transfer of care and custody of a child from the parent, guardian or other person to whom care of the child has 44 45 been entrusted, a local social services official shall obtain information to the extent known from such person regarding the other parent, 46 47 any person to whom the parent transferring care and custody had been married at the time of the conception or birth of the 48 child and any 49 other person who would be entitled to notice of a proceeding to termi-50 nate parental rights pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four-c of this title. Such information shall include, but not be limited to, such 51 parent's or person's name, last-known address, social security number, 52 employer's address and any other identifying information. Any informa-53 54 tion provided pursuant to this subdivision shall be recorded in the 55 uniform case record maintained pursuant to section four hundred nine-f

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of this article; provided, however, that the failure to provide such information shall not invalidate the transfer of care and custody.

2 3 Terms. (a) The instrument shall be upon such terms, for such time 2. 4 and subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties The office of children and family services may promulgate 5 thereto. 6 suggested terms and conditions for inclusion in such instruments, but 7 shall not require that any particular terms and conditions be included. 8 If the instrument provides that the child is to be returned by the authorized agency on a date certain or upon the occurrence of an iden-9 10 tifiable event, such agency shall return such child at such time unless 11 such action would be contrary to court order entered at any time prior to such date or event or within ten days thereafter pursuant to section 12 three hundred eighty-four-b of this title or article six, ten, or ten-A 13 14 of the family court act or unless and so long as the parent or guardian 15 is unavailable or incapacitated to receive the child. The parent or 16 guardian may, upon written notice to such agency, request return of the 17 child at any time prior to the identified date or event[, whereupon]. IF 18 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BEEN TRANSFERRED FOR TEMPORARY THE CHILD HAS 19 PLACEMENT AND CARE, SUCH AGENCY SHALL RETURN THE CHILD. IF THE CARE AND 20 CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED such agency may, without court 21 order, return the child or, within ten days after such request, may 22 notify the parent or guardian that such request is denied. If such agency denies or fails to act upon such request, the parent or guardian may 23 24 seek return of the care and custody of the child by motion in family 25 court for return of such child and order to show cause, or by writ of 26 habeas corpus in the supreme court or family court. If the instrument 27 fails to specify a date or identifiable event upon which such agency 28 shall return such child, such agency shall return the child within twenty days after having received notice that the parent or guardian wishes 29 the child returned, unless such action would be contrary to court order 30 entered at any time prior to the expiration of such twenty day period 31 32 pursuant to section three hundred eighty-four-b of this title or article 33 six, ten, or ten-A of the family court act. Expenditures by a local social services district for the care and maintenance of a child who has 34 35 been continued in the care of an authorized agency in violation of the provisions of this subdivision shall not be subject to state reimburse-36 37 ment.

38 (b) [No] WHEN THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED FOR 39 TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE NO provisions set forth in any such instru-40 ment regarding the right of the parent or guardian to visit the child or have services provided to the child and to the parent or guardian to 41 to strengthen the parental relationship may be terminated or limited by the 42 43 authorized agency [having the care and custody of the child]. WHEN THE 44 CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED SUCH RIGHTS MAY NOT 45 BE TERMINATED OR LIMITED BY THE AUTHORIZED AGENCY unless: (i) the instrument shall have been amended to so limit or terminate such right, 46 47 pursuant to subdivision three of this section; or (ii) the riqht of 48 visitation or to such services would be contrary to or inconsistent with 49 a court order obtained in any proceeding in which the parent or guardian 50 was a party.

51 (c) The instrument shall state, in lay terms, in conspicuous print of 52 at least eighteen point type:

(i) that the parent or guardian has the right, prior to signing the instrument transferring EITHER THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHILD FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR TRANSFERRING the care and custody of the child to an authorized agency, to legal representation of the parent's

The agency shall provide the parent or guardian with a 1 own choosing. 2 list of attorneys or legal services organizations, if any, which provide 3 free legal services to persons unable to otherwise obtain such services; 4 (ii) that the parent or guardian MAY EITHER TRANSFER THE CARE AND 5 CUSTODY OF THE CHILD, OR TRANSFER THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHILD FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE BUT has no legal obligation to transfer the 6 7 [care and custody of the] child to such official, and will incur no 8 legal sanction for failing to do so;

9 (iii) that the law permits the instrument to specify a date certain or 10 an identifiable event upon which the child is to be returned, and if no date or event is specified, that the parent or guardian has a right to 11 12 the return of the child within twenty days of a request for return, unless otherwise ordered by the court; and to otherwise have the child 13 returned in accordance with the terms of the instrument 14 and the 15 provisions of this section;

(iv) that the parent or guardian has a right to supportive services, 16 17 which shall include preventive and other supportive services authorized be provided pursuant to the state's consolidated services plan, to 18 to 19 visit the child, and to determine jointly with the agency the terms and 20 frequency of visitation;

21 that the parent or guardian, subject to the terms of the instru-(v) 22 ment, has an obligation 23

(A) to visit the child,

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(B) to plan for the future of the child,

(C) to meet with and consult with the agency about such plan,

26 (D) to contribute to the support of the child to the extent of his or her financial ability to do so, and 27

(E) to inform the agency of any change of name and address;

[that] IF THE CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED 29 (vi) the failure of the parent or guardian to meet the obligations listed in 30 subparagraph (v) OF THIS PARAGRAPH could be the basis for a court 31 32 proceeding for the commitment of the guardianship and custody of the 33 child to an authorized agency thereby terminating parental rights;

34 (vii) ΙF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE THE FAILURE OF THE PARENT 35 OR GUARDIAN TΟ MEET THE OBLIGATIONS LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY BE 36 BASIS 37 THE FOR A PETITION TO THE COURT FOR TRANSFER OF CARE AND CUSTODY 38 OF THE CHILD TO AN AUTHORIZED AGENCY;

39 (VIII) that the parent or guardian has a right to a fair hearing 40 section twenty-two of this chapter concerning the agency's pursuant to failure to permit the parent or guardian to visit the child or to 41 provide supportive services, which shall include preventive and other 42 43 supportive services authorized to be provided pursuant to the state's 44 consolidated services plan, to the child and to the parent or guardian;

45 (IX) the amount of money which the parent will periodically [(viii)] 46 contribute to the support of the child and the schedule for such payments, if known. 47

48 [(ix) that if] (X) IF THE CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE CHILD HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED AND the child remains in foster care for fifteen of the most 49 50 recent twenty-two months, the agency may be required by law to file a 51 petition to terminate parental rights.

In any case where a parent who has transferred EITHER THE RESPON-52 (d) SIBILITY OF A CHILD FOR TEMPORARY PLACEMENT AND CARE OR TRANSFERRED care 53 54 and custody of a child to a social services official pursuant to this 55 section informs the social services official that an order or judgment conferring visitation rights relating to the child has been entered by 56

the family court or supreme court or that a written agreement as 1 described in section two hundred thirty-six of the domestic relations 2 3 between the parents confers such rights, any instrument executed law 4 pursuant to this section shall incorporate the provisions of such order, judgment or agreement to the extent that visitation rights are affected 5 6 and shall provide for visitation or other rights as required by such 7 order, judgment or agreement. Such incorporation shall not preclude a 8 social services official from exercising his authority pursuant to para-9 graph (e) or (f) of this subdivision.

10 (e) Where a social services official opposes incorporation of an 11 order, judgment or agreement described in paragraph (d) of this subdivision, such official may, upon execution of the instrument described in 12 this section and upon notice to the non-custodial parent or grandparent 13 14 named in such order, judgment or agreement, be heard thereon in a 15 proceeding pursuant to section three hundred fifty-eight-a of this chap-16 ter.

17 (f) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit a social 18 services official or an attorney for the child, if any, from making an 19 application to modify the terms of a visitation order, incorporated 20 pursuant to this section, for good cause shown, upon notice to all 21 interested parties, or to limit the right of a non-custodial parent or 22 grandparent to seek visitation pursuant to applicable provisions of law.

23 (g) In the event a child whose care and custody is transferred pursu-24 ant to this section is admitted to a hospital operated or licensed by 25 the office of mental health and cannot be returned to the physical 26 custody of his or her parent or guardian upon request because, pursuant section four hundred of this chapter, the medical director of the 27 to facility has not authorized the removal of the child, 28 the child shall 29 nonetheless be deemed to have been returned to the legal care and custo-30 of his or her parent or guardian. Expenditures by a social services dy district for the care and maintenance of such a child shall be subject 31 32 state reimbursement notwithstanding the provisions of section one to 33 hundred fifty-three-b of this chapter.

34 (h) (i) Where a local social services official determines that a child 35 is at significant risk of placement in the care and custody of the local commissioner of social services during the eighteen months immediately 36 37 following review by such official because the custodial parent or legal 38 guardian of such child is suffering from a progressively chronic or irreversibly fatal illness and it is determined that there is neither a 39 40 relative nor a close friend identified by the custodial parent or the legal guardian able to assume legal guardianship of the child, the 41 custodial parent or legal guardian shall be assisted by the local social 42 43 services district in transferring the care and custody of the child to 44 an authorized agency by a written instrument in accordance with the 45 provisions for this section which provides the transfer shall not take effect until the parent or legal guardian dies, becomes debilitated or 46 47 incapacitated as defined in subdivision one of section seventeen hundred 48 twenty-six of the surrogate's court procedure act.

49 (ii) Where a local social services official determines that a child is at significant risk of placement in the care and custody of the local 50 51 commissioner of social services during the eighteen months immediately following a review of such official because the custodial parent or 52 legal guardian is suffering from a progressively chronic or irreversibly 53 54 fatal illness and there is a relative or close friend identified by the 55 custodial parent or legal guardian who is able and willing to assume care and custody of the child, but who requires foster care services and 56

financial support thereof pursuant to section three hundred ninety-eight-a of this article, the custodial parent or legal guardian shall be 1 2 3 assisted by the local social services district in transferring the care 4 and custody of the child to an authorized agency by a written instrument 5 in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such instrument shall 6 that the transfer of custody shall not take effect until the provide 7 parent or legal guardian dies, becomes debilitated or incapacitated as 8 in subdivision one of section seventeen hundred twenty-six of defined 9 the surrogate's court procedure act. If otherwise qualified, the social 10 services official shall assist the person identified to accept care and 11 custody of the child to become certified as a foster parent.

12 (iii) A local social services official who accepts or proposes to accept the care and custody of a child by means of a written instrument 13 14 executed pursuant to this paragraph, shall, pursuant to section three 15 hundred fifty-eight-a of this chapter, petition the family court of the county or city in which the local social services official has his or 16 17 office to approve such written instrument. A written instrument her 18 executed pursuant to this paragraph and approved pursuant to section 19 three hundred fifty-eight-a of this chapter shall be in effect until the 20 court reviews the child's placement pursuant to article ten-A of the 21 family court act. The status of a child subject to such an instrument 22 shall be reviewed by the court pursuant to article ten-A of the family 23 court act.

(iv) Upon receiving a notice from the custodial parent or the legal guardian that the parent or legal guardian is no longer debilitated or incapacitated and that the parent or legal guardian requests the immediate return of the child, the social services district shall return such child to the parent or legal guardian within ten days of receiving notice, except where a contrary court order has been issued pursuant to part two, five or seven of article ten of the family court act.

31 3. Amendment. (a) The parties to the instrument or anyone acting on 32 their behalf with their consent may amend it by mutual consent but only 33 by a supplemental instrument executed in the same manner as the original 34 instrument. The supplemental instrument shall be attached to, and become 35 part of, the original instrument. The supplemental instrument shall 36 contain the recitation required in paragraph (c) of subdivision two of 37 this section.

(b) The instrument shall also be deemed amended where ordered by the family court pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (d) of subdivision ten of section three hundred fifty-eight-a of this chapter.

41 4. Execution. The instrument shall be executed in the presence of one 42 or more witnesses and shall include only the provisions, terms and 43 conditions agreed upon by the parties thereto.

5. Records. The instrument shall be kept in a file maintained for that purpose by the agency accepting the care and custody of the child. A copy of the instrument shall be given to the parent or guardian at the time of the execution of the instrument.

48 6. An instrument executed pursuant to the provisions of this section 49 shall not constitute a remand or commitment pursuant to this chapter.

50 S 6. The office of children and family services shall, within six 51 months of the effective date of this act:

52 (a) amend its internal policies, manuals and practices to comply with 53 the provisions of this act;

54 (b) make every effort to ensure that local social services districts 55 comply with the provisions of this act; and 1 (c) initiate formal proceedings to amend its rules and regulations 2 including, but not limited to, section 430.10 of title 18 of the offi-3 cial compilation of codes, rules and regulations of the state of New 4 York.

5 S 7. The commissioner of children and family services shall submit two 6 reports to the governor and the legislature, the first of which shall be 7 delivered eighteen months after the effective date of this act and the 8 second report shall be delivered thirty-six months after the first 9 report which shall include:

10 (a) an analysis of the impact of this act on local social services 11 districts to include but not be limited to obstacles to implementation, 12 changes in parental attitudes and/or participation in planning for their 13 child, impact on placement outcomes, and recommendations; and

(b) related feedback and recommendations from parents who have sought to retain custody of their children being placed by a local social services official, when the primary reason for such placement is the provision of necessary services for the child's emotional, behavioral or mental disorder.

19 S 8. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that the amend-20 ments to paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 358-a of the social 21 services law made by section three of this act shall be subject to the 22 expiration and reversion of such paragraph pursuant to section 28 of 23 part C of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, as amended when upon such date 24 the provisions of section four of this act shall take effect.