

3630

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

I N A S S E M B L Y

January 27, 2015

Introduced by M. of A. BROOK-KRASNY, MILLER, RAIA, BARCLAY, GRAF,
GARBARINO, BORELLI, HOOPER -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABBATE,
COOK, CROUCH, LUPINACCI, MAGEE, McDONOUGH, SCHIMMINGER -- read once
and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in
relation to sentencing for the commission of certain provisions of
murder in the first degree

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEM-
BLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Section 60.06 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 482
2 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
3 S 60.06 Authorized disposition; murder in the first degree offenders;
4 aggravated murder offenders; certain murder in the second
5 degree offenders; certain terrorism offenders; criminal
6 possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon offen-
7 ders; criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon
8 offenders.
9 When a defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree as defined
10 in section 125.27 of this chapter, the court shall, in accordance with
11 the provisions of section 400.27 of the criminal procedure law, sentence
12 the defendant to death, to life imprisonment without parole in accord-
13 ance with subdivision five of section 70.00 of this title, or to a term
14 of imprisonment for a class A-I felony other than a sentence of life
15 imprisonment without parole, in accordance with subdivisions one through
16 three of section 70.00 of this title. When a person is convicted of
17 murder in the second degree as defined in subdivision five of section
18 125.25 of this chapter or of the crime of aggravated murder as defined
19 in subdivision one of section 125.26 of this chapter, OR OF THE CRIME OF
20 MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (II-A)
21 OR (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 125.27 OF THIS
22 CHAPTER AND THE SENTENCE OF DEATH IS NOT IMPOSED the court shall

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 sentence the defendant to life imprisonment without parole in accordance
2 with subdivision five of section 70.00 of this title. When a defendant
3 is convicted of the crime of terrorism as defined in section 490.25 of
4 this chapter, and the specified offense the defendant committed is a
5 class A-I felony offense, or when a defendant is convicted of the crime
6 of criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the
7 first degree as defined in section 490.45 of this chapter, or when a
8 defendant is convicted of the crime of criminal use of a chemical weapon
9 or biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.55 of
10 this chapter, the court shall sentence the defendant to life imprison-
11 ment without parole in accordance with subdivision five of section 70.00
12 of this title; provided, however, that nothing in this section shall
13 preclude or prevent a sentence of death when the defendant is also
14 convicted of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of
15 this chapter. When a defendant is convicted of aggravated murder as
16 defined in subdivision two of section 125.26 of this chapter, the court
17 shall sentence the defendant to life imprisonment without parole or to a
18 term of imprisonment for a class A-I felony other than a sentence of
19 life imprisonment without parole, in accordance with subdivisions one
20 through three of section 70.00 of this title.

21 S 2. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section
22 70.00 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 107 of the laws of 2006,
23 is amended to read as follows:

24 (i) For a class A-I felony, such minimum period shall not be less than
25 fifteen years nor more than twenty-five years; provided, however, that
26 (A) where a sentence, other than a sentence of death or life imprison-
27 ment without parole, is imposed upon a defendant convicted of murder in
28 the first degree as defined in SUBPARAGRAPH (IV), (V), (VI), (VII),
29 (VIII), (IX), (X), (XI), (XII) OR (XIII) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION
30 ONE OF section 125.27 of this chapter such minimum period shall be not
31 less than twenty years nor more than twenty-five years, and, (B) where a
32 sentence is imposed upon a defendant convicted of murder in the second
33 degree as defined in subdivision five of section 125.25 of this chapter
34 or convicted of aggravated murder as defined in section 125.26 of this
35 chapter, OR WHERE A SENTENCE, OTHER THAN A SENTENCE OF DEATH, IS IMPOSED
36 UPON A DEFENDANT CONVICTED OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE AS DEFINED IN
37 SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (II-A) OR (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION
38 ONE OF SECTION 125.27 OF THIS CHAPTER, the sentence shall be life impri-
39 sonment without parole, and, (C) where a sentence is imposed upon a
40 defendant convicted of attempted murder in the first degree as defined
41 in article one hundred ten of this chapter and subparagraph (i), (ii),
42 (II-A) or (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one and paragraph (b) of
43 subdivision one of section 125.27 of this chapter or attempted aggra-
44 vated murder as defined in article one hundred ten of this chapter and
45 section 125.26 of this chapter such minimum period shall be not less
46 than twenty years nor more than forty years.

47 S 3. Subdivision 5 of section 70.00 of the penal law, as amended by
48 chapter 482 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

49 5. Life imprisonment without parole. Notwithstanding any other
50 provision of law, a defendant sentenced to life imprisonment without
51 parole shall not be or become eligible for parole or conditional
52 release. For purposes of commitment and custody, other than parole and
53 conditional release, such sentence shall be deemed to be an indetermi-
54 nate sentence. A defendant may be sentenced to life imprisonment with-
55 out parole upon conviction for the crime of murder in the first degree
56 as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter and in accordance with the

1 procedures provided by law for imposing a sentence for such crime. A
2 defendant must be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon
3 conviction for the crime of terrorism as defined in section 490.25 of
4 this chapter, where the specified offense the defendant committed is a
5 class A-I felony; the crime of criminal possession of a chemical weapon
6 or biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.45 of
7 this chapter; or the crime of criminal use of a chemical weapon or
8 biological weapon in the first degree as defined in section 490.55 of
9 this chapter; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall
10 preclude or prevent a sentence of death when the defendant is also
11 convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree as defined in
12 section 125.27 of this chapter. A defendant must be sentenced to life
13 imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of murder in
14 the second degree as defined in subdivision five of section 125.25 of
15 this chapter or for the crime of aggravated murder as defined in subdi-
16 vision one of section 125.26 of this chapter. A defendant may be
17 sentenced to life imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the
18 crime of aggravated murder as defined in subdivision two of section
19 125.26 of this chapter OR FOR THE CRIME OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE AS
20 DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (II-A) OR (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF
21 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 125.27 OF THIS CHAPTER AND THE SENTENCE OF
22 DEATH IS NOT IMPOSED.

23 S 4. Subdivisions 1 and 10 of section 400.27 of the criminal procedure
24 law, as added by chapter 1 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as
25 follows:

26 1. Upon [the] conviction of a defendant for the offense of murder in
27 the first degree as defined by SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (II-A) OR (III)
28 OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF section 125.27 of the penal law,
29 the court shall promptly conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to
30 determine whether the defendant shall be sentenced to death or to life
31 imprisonment without parole pursuant to subdivision five of section
32 70.00 of the penal law. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to
33 preclude the people at any time from determining that the death penalty
34 shall not be sought in a particular case, in which case the separate
35 sentencing proceeding shall not be conducted and the court may sentence
36 such defendant to life imprisonment without parole [or to a sentence of
37 imprisonment for the class A-I felony of murder in the first degree
38 other than a sentence of life imprisonment without parole].

39 10. (A) At the conclusion of all the evidence, the people and the
40 defendant may present argument in summation for or against the sentence
41 sought by the people. The people may deliver the first summation and the
42 defendant may then deliver the last summation. Thereafter, the court
43 shall deliver a charge to the jury on any matters appropriate in the
44 circumstances. In its charge, the court must instruct the jury that with
45 respect to each count of murder in the first degree, AS DEFINED IN
46 SUBPARAGRAPH (I), (II), (II-A) OR (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION
47 ONE OF SECTION 125.27 OF THE PENAL LAW, the jury should consider whether
48 or not a sentence of death should be imposed and whether or not a
49 sentence of life imprisonment without parole should be imposed[, and
50 that the jury must be unanimous with respect to either sentence. The
51 court must also instruct the jury that in the event the jury fails to
52 reach unanimous agreement with respect to the sentence, the court will
53 sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment with a minimum term of
54 between twenty and twenty-five years and a maximum term of life. Follow-
55 ing the court's charge, the jury shall retire to consider the sentence
56 to be imposed. Unless inconsistent with the provisions of this section,

1 the provisions of sections 310.10, 310.20 and 310.30 shall govern the
2 deliberations of the jury].

3 (B) THE COURT MUST INSTRUCT THE JURY THAT THE JURY MUST BE UNANIMOUS
4 WITH RESPECT TO THE SENTENCE TO BE IMPOSED. THE COURT MUST ALSO INSTRUCT
5 THE JURY THAT IN THE EVENT THE JURY FAILS TO REACH UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT
6 WITH RESPECT TO THE SENTENCE, THE COURT WILL SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT TO A
7 TERM OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT PAROLE.

8 (C) FOLLOWING THE COURT'S CHARGE, THE JURY SHALL RETIRE TO CONSIDER
9 THE SENTENCE TO BE IMPOSED. UNLESS INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
10 THIS SECTION, THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 310.10, 310.20 AND 310.30 OF
11 THIS PART SHALL GOVERN THE DELIBERATIONS OF THE JURY.

12 S 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to
13 offenses committed on or after such effective date.