10742

# IN ASSEMBLY

June 17, 2016

Introduced by COMMITTEE ON RULES -- (at request of M. of A. Heastie) -- (at request of the Governor) -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

ACT to amend the election law, in relation to independent expenditures during election campaigns (Part A); to amend the election law, in relation to monies received and expenditures made by a party committee or constituted committee (Part B); to amend the election law, in relation to disposition of campaign funds (Part C); to amend the legislative law, in relation to reports by lobbyists (Part D); amend the legislative law, in relation to contingent fees (Part E); to the executive law, in relation to the disclosure of certain donations by charitable non-profit entities (Part F); to amend the executive law, in relation to disclosure of certain activities by non-charitable non-profit entities (Part G); to amend the executive law, in relation to the registration of certain service providers (Part H); to amend the legislative law, in relation to communications with professional journalists and newscasters; and in relation to reporting of certain funding by lobbyists (Part I); to amend the executive law, in relation to investigations by the joint commission on public ethics and to violations of the lobbying act (Part J); and to amend the public officers law, in relation to financial disclosure forms (Part K)

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

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Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation relating to campaign funds. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through K. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

LBD12084-11-6

1 PART A

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 14-107 of the election law, as amended by section 8 of part CC of chapter 56 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

- 1. For purposes of this article:
- "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure made by [a person] AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE conveyed to five hundred or more a general public audience in the form of (i) an audio or video communication via broadcast, cable or satellite, (ii) advertisements, via pamphlets, circulars, brochures, letterheads or (iii) other published statements which: (i) irrespective of when such communication is made, contains words such as "vote," "oppose," "support," "elect," "defeat," or "reject," which call the election or defeat of the clearly identified candidate, (ii) refers to and advocates for or against a clearly identified candidate or ballot proposal on or after January first of the year of the election in which such candidate is seeking office or such proposal shall appear on the ballot, or (iii) within sixty days before a general or special election for the office sought by the candidate or thirty days before a primary election, includes or references a clearly identified candidate. independent expenditure shall not include communications where such candidate, the candidate's political committee or its agents, a party committee or its agents, or a constituted committee or its agents or a political committee formed to promote the success or defeat of a ballot proposal or its agents, did authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in such communication.
- (b) Independent expenditures do not include expenditures in connection with:
- (i) a written news story, commentary, or editorial or a news story, commentary, or editorial distributed through the facilities of any broadcasting station, cable or satellite unless such publication or facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee or candidate; or
- (ii) a communication that constitutes a candidate debate or forum; or (iii) internal communication by members to other members of a membership organization of not more than five hundred members, for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate or candidates for elective office, provided such expenditures are not used for the costs of campaign material or communications used in connection with broadcasting, telecasting, newspapers, magazines, or other periodical publication, billboards, or similar types of general public communications; or
- (iv) internal communications by members to other members of a membership organization of not more than five hundred members or communications by a corporation organized for charitable purposes pursuant to S501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, within sixty days before a general or special election for the office sought by the candidate or thirty days before a primary election, that includes or references a clearly identified candidate but does not otherwise qualify as an independent expenditure under this section.
- (v) a communication published on the Internet, unless the communication is a paid advertisement.
- (c) [For purposes of this section, the term "person" shall mean person, group of persons, corporation, unincorporated business entity, labor organization or business, trade or professional association or organization, or political committee; provided, however, that such defi-

nition shall not include any party or constituted committee,] AN INDE-PENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE SHALL NOT INCLUDE PAYMENTS OR EXPENDITURES MADE BY A PARTY OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE that is required to file disclosure reports under this chapter.

(D) INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES SHALL NOT INCLUDE PAYMENTS OR EXPENDITURES WHERE COORDINATION OCCURS IN THE CREATION, FORMATION, OR OPERATION OF THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE.

## COORDINATION SHALL INCLUDE:

- (I) THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, PARTICIPATED IN THE CREATION OR FORMATION OF THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDIDATE IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION AND THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE MADE IS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THAT CANDIDATE.
- (II) THE CANDIDATE OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE APPEARS AT ANY FUNDRALSING EVENT HOSTED BY AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING A PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE THAT BENEFITS THAT CANDIDATE WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDIDATE IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION.
- (III) THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE, OR ITS AGENT, EMPLOYED OR RETAINED AN INDIVIDUAL, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (VIII) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, WHO WAS EMPLOYED BY THE CANDIDATE, THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR HAS HELD A POLICYMAKING, NON-ADMINISTRATIVE POSITION IN THE OFFICE OF THE CANDIDATE'S ELECTED OFFICE WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDIDATE IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION, AND THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE IS MADE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THAT CANDIDATE.
- (IV) THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE, OR ITS AGENT, IS A MEMBER OF THE CANDIDATE'S IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR IS ESTABLISHED, DIRECTED, OR MANAGED BY A MEMBER OF THE IMMEDIATE FAMILY OF THE CANDIDATE, AND THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE IS MADE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THAT CANDIDATE.
- (V) THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITING THE CANDIDATE, REPUBLISHES, DISSEMINATES, OR DISTRIBUTES, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, ANY VIDEO, AUDIO, WRITTEN, OR OTHER CAMPAIGN-RELATED MATERIAL PREPARED BY THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE OR BY AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE OBTAINS THE COMMUNICATION OR MATERIALS FROM A PUBLICLY AVAILABLE SOURCE.
- (VI) THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, SHARES OR RENTS SPACE FOR A CAMPAIGN-RELATED PURPOSE WITH OR FROM THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE.
- THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE HAS PARTICIPATED IN STRATEGIC DISCUSSIONS WITH THE CANDIDATE, THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDIDATE IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION. DISCUSSIONS SHALL BE DEEMED STRATEGIC IF INFORMATION ABOUT THE CANDIDATE'S OR OPPONENT'S ELECTORAL CAMPAIGN PLANS, PROJECTS, ACTIVITIES THAT IS NOT OBTAINED FROM A PUBLICLY AVAILABLE SOURCE IS

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CONVEYED TO THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL ONLY APPLY TO DISCUSSIONS OCCURRING AFTER THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE IS FORMED OR, ONE WEEK AFTER THE CANDIDATE HAS BEEN CERTIFIED FOR THAT ELECTION, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

6 (VIII) THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING THE 7 PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE, AND THE CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE KNOWINGLY RETAIN THE SAME INDIVID-9 UAL OR ENTITY TO PROVIDE PROFESSIONAL CAMPAIGN SERVICES WITHIN TWO YEARS 10 OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDI-DATE IS A CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION, AND THE 11 12 CAMPAIGN SERVICES PROVIDER DISCLOSES STRATEGIC INFORMATION REGARDING ONE PARTY WITH THE OTHER PARTY. INFORMATION SHALL BE DEEMED STRATEGIC IF IT 13 14 RELATES TO EITHER PARTY'S RESPECTIVE CAMPAIGN OR INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE PLANS, PROJECTS, OR ACTIVITIES THAT ARE NOT OBTAINED FROM A PUBLICLY 16 AVAILABLE SOURCE. THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL NOT PROHIBIT A CANDIDATE, A 17 CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE FROM RETAINING THE SAME PROFESSIONAL 18 19 CAMPAIGN SERVICES PROVIDER AS THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE 20 21 UPON THE PROFESSIONAL CAMPAIGN SERVICES PROVIDER ENTERING INTO A CONFI-DENTIALITY AGREEMENT WITH BOTH PARTIES EXPRESSLY STATING THAT IT WILL NOT DISCLOSE STRATEGIC INFORMATION REGARDING EACH PARTY WITH THE OTHER 23 24 PARTY.

- INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR ITS AGENT, MAKING THE PAYMENT OR EXPENDITURE BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE, UTILIZES STRATEGIC INFORMATION OR DATA RELATED TO THE CANDIDATE, THAT IS NOT FROM A PUBLIC-LY AVAILABLE SOURCE AND IS NOT OTHERWISE AVAILABLE BY SUBSCRIPTION, FROM INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY COMPENSATED, REIMBURSED OR RETAINED BY THE CANDIDATE AS A CONSULTANT, POLITICAL, MEDIA OR FUNDRAIS-ING ADVISOR, VENDOR OR CONTRACTOR WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE GENERAL ELECTION, PRIMARY OR SPECIAL ELECTION IN WHICH THE CANDIDATE IS A CANDI-DATE FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION.
  - (E) THE FOLLOWING SHALL NOT BE COORDINATION:
- (I) A CANDIDATE'S OR A PARTY OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE'S RESPONSE TO AN INQUIRY ABOUT THAT CANDIDATE'S OR PARTY OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE'S POSI-TIONS ON LEGISLATIVE OR POLICY ISSUES.
- (II) A PUBLIC COMMUNICATION IN WHICH A CANDIDATE IS CLEARLY IDENTIFIED IN HIS OR HER CAPACITY AS THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A BUSINESS THAT EXISTED PRIOR TO THE CANDIDACY IS NOT A COORDINATED COMMUNICATION WITH RESPECT TO THE CLEARLY IDENTIFIED CANDIDATE IF: (A) THE MEDIUM, TIMING, CONTENT, AND GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION OF THE PUBLIC COMMUNICATION ARE CONSISTENT WITH PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS MADE PRIOR TO THE CANDIDACY; AND (B) THE PUBLIC COMMUNICATION DOES NOT PROMOTE, SUPPORT, ATTACK, OPPOSE THAT CANDIDATE OR ANOTHER CANDIDATE IN THEIR CAPACITY AS CANDI-DATES WHO SEEKS THE SAME OFFICE AS THAT CANDIDATE.
- (F) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "IMMEDIATE FAMILY" MEANS SPOUSE, CHILD, PARENT, GRANDPARENT, BROTHER, HALF-BROTHER, SISTER, OR HALF-SISTER OF THE CANDIDATE, AND THE SPOUSES OF SUCH PERSONS.
- (G) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "AGENT" MEANS A PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, WHO ACTS ON BEHALF OF OR AT THE DIRECTION OF A CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE'S AUTHOR-IZED COMMITTEE; OR A PARTY COMMITTEE OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE ACTING ON 53 BEHALF OF A CANDIDATE; OR A PERSON AUTHORIZED BY AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDI-TURE COMMITTEE WHO ACTS ON BEHALF OF OR AT THE DIRECTION OF SUCH COMMIT-56 TEE.

S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 14-107 of the election law, as added by section 4 of subpart C of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 2. Whenever any person makes an independent expenditure that costs [more than] one thousand dollars OR MORE in the aggregate, such communication shall clearly state the name of the person who paid for, or otherwise published or distributed the communication and state, with respect to communications regarding candidates, that the communication was not expressly authorized or requested by any candidate, or by any candidate's political committee or any of its agents.
- S 3. Subdivision 3 of section 14-107 of the election law, as added by section 4 of subpart C of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. [(a)] Any person prior to making any independent expenditure shall first register with the state board of elections as a political committee AND AS AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE in conformance with this article. Such person shall comply with all disclosure obligations required for political committees by law[.
- (b) Any person who has registered with the state board of elections pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall disclose to the state board of elections electronically, once a week on Friday any contribution to such person over one thousand dollars or expenditures by such person over five thousand dollars made prior to thirty days before any primary, general, or special election.
- (c) Any person who has registered with the state board of elections pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall disclose to the state board of elections electronically, within twenty-four hours of receipt, any contribution to such person over one thousand dollars or expenditure by such person over five thousand dollars made within thirty days before any primary, general, or special election.
- (d) A knowing and willful violation of the provisions of this subdivision shall subject the person to a civil penalty equal to five thousand dollars or the cost of the communication, whichever is greater, in a special proceeding or civil action brought by the board or imposed directly by the board of elections.] AND SHALL PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION UPON REGISTRATION:
- (A) WHERE THE PERSON MAKING THE STATEMENT IS AN INDIVIDUAL, THE NAME, ADDRESS, OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER OF THE PERSON.
- (B) WHERE THE PERSON MAKING THE STATEMENT IS AN ENTITY, THE NAME AND EMPLOYER OF ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO EXERTS OPERATIONAL OR MANAGERIAL INFLUENCE OR CONTROL OVER THE ENTITY, AS WELL AS ANY SALARIED EMPLOYEE OF THE ENTITY. THE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL INCLUDE THE NAME OF AT LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON.
- (C) IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS NAMED IN PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION WHO HAVE, DURING THE TWO-YEAR PERIOD BEFORE THE STATE-MENT IS FILED, BEEN EMPLOYED OR RETAINED AS A POLITICAL, MEDIA, OR FUNDRAISING ADVISER OR CONSULTANT FOR A CANDIDATE, ANY ENTITY DIRECTLY CONTROLLED BY A CANDIDATE, OR ANY PARTY COMMITTEE OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE, OR HAVE HELD A FORMAL POSITION IN THE OFFICE OF A CANDIDATE'S ELECTED OFFICE, OR ANY PARTY COMMITTEE OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE, AND THE NAME OF THE RELEVANT EMPLOYER.
- (D) IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS NAMED IN PARAGRAPHS (A), (B) AND (C) OF THIS PARAGRAPH WHO ARE MEMBERS OF A CANDIDATE'S IMMEDIATE FAMILY.
- (E) THE INFORMATION PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE UPDATED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF ANY CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF ANY REGISTERED ENTITY.

S 4. Subdivision 4 of section 14-107 of the election law, as added by section 4 of subpart C of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 4. (A) REQUIRED DISCLOSURES. (I) ANY INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE WHO HAS REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS ELECTRONICALLY, ONCE A WEEK ON MONDAY ANY CONTRIBUTION TO SUCH COMMITTEE OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE OR EXPENDITURES BY SUCH PERSON OVER FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS MADE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD.
- (II) ANY INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE WHO HAS REGISTERED WITH THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS ELECTRONICALLY, WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS OF RECEIPT, ANY CONTRIBUTION TO SUCH INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE MADE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS BEFORE ANY PRIMARY, GENERAL, OR SPECIAL ELECTION.
- (B) The disclosures required by [subdivision three] PARAGRAPH (A) of this [section] SUBDIVISION shall include, in addition to any other information required by law:
- [(a)] (I) the name, address, occupation and employer of the person
  making the statement;
- [(b) the name, address, occupation and employer of the person making the independent expenditure;
- (c) the name, address, occupation and employer of any person providing a contribution, gift, loan, advance or deposit of one thousand dollars or more for the independent expenditure, or the provision of services for the same, and the date it was given;
- (d)] (II) FOR EACH EXPENDITURE OR PAYMENT MADE: (1) the dollar amount paid for each independent expenditure, the name and address of the person or entity receiving the payment, the date the payment was made and a description of the independent expenditure; [and
- (e)] (2) the election to which the independent expenditure pertains and the name of the clearly identified candidate or the ballot proposal referenced AND WHETHER THE CANDIDATE OR BALLOT PROPOSAL IS SUPPORTED OR OPPOSED; AND
- (3) A LIST OF ALL EXPENDITURES MADE BY AND LIABILITIES INCURRED FOR SERVICES RENDERED DURING THE RELEVANT REPORTING PERIOD.
- (III) FOR EACH CONTRIBUTION RECEIVED THE NAME, ADDRESS, OCCUPATION AND EMPLOYER OF ANY PERSON PROVIDING A CONTRIBUTION, GIFT, LOAN, ADVANCE OR DEPOSIT OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE FOR THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE, OR THE PROVISION OF SERVICES FOR THE SAME AND THE DATE IT WAS GIVEN.
- S 5. Section 14-107 of the election law is amended by adding a new subdivision 8 to read as follows:
- 8. (A) ALL CRIMINAL LIABILITY RELATED TO THIS SECTION SHALL REQUIRE KNOWING AND WILLFUL VIOLATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 14-126 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- (B) A KNOWING AND WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISIONS THREE AND FOUR OF THIS SECTION SHALL SUBJECT THE PERSON TO A CIVIL PENALTY EQUAL TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE COST OF THE COMMUNICATION, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, IN A SPECIAL PROCEEDING OR CIVIL ACTION BROUGHT BY THE BOARD.
- S 6. The opening paragraph of paragraph 3 of subdivision 9 of section 14-100 of the election law, as amended by chapter 70 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:
- any payment, by any person other than a candidate or a political committee authorized by the candidate, made in connection with the nomination for election or election of any candidate, INCLUDING ANY PAYMENT

OR EXPENDITURE WHERE COORDINATION HAS OCCURRED AS DEFINED IN SECTION 14-107 OF THIS ARTICLE, or any payment made to promote the success or defeat of a political party or principle, or of any ballot proposal including but not limited to compensation for the personal services of any individual which are rendered in connection with a candidate's election or nomination without charge; provided however, that none of the foregoing shall be deemed a contribution if it is made, taken or performed by a candidate or his spouse or by a person or a political committee independent of the candidate or his agents or authorized poli-tical committees. For purposes of this article, the term "independent of the candidate or his agents or authorized political committees" shall mean that the candidate or his agents or authorized political committees did not authorize, request, suggest, foster or cooperate in any such activity; and provided further, that the term contribution shall not include:

- S 7. Section 14-100 of the election law is amended by adding two new subdivisions 15 and 16 to read as follows:
- 15. "INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE" MEANS A POLITICAL COMMITTEE, THAT MAKES ONLY INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES AS DEFINED IN THIS ARTICLE, AND DOES NOT COORDINATE WITH A CANDIDATE, CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEES OR AN AGENT OF THE CANDIDATE AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (G) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 14-107 OF THIS ARTICLE.

FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE MAY BE CREATED BY A PERSON, GROUP OF PERSONS, CORPORATION, UNINCORPORATED BUSINESS ENTITY, LABOR ORGANIZATION OR BUSINESS, TRADE OR PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, OR ORGANIZATION, OR POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

16. "POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE" MEANS A POLITICAL COMMITTEE WHICH MAKES NO EXPENDITURES TO AID OR TAKE PART IN THE ELECTION OR DEFEAT OF A CANDIDATE, OR TO PROMOTE THE SUCCESS OR DEFEAT OF A BALLOT PROPOSAL, OTHER THAN IN THE FORM OF CONTRIBUTIONS, INCLUDING IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS, TO CANDIDATES, CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEES, PARTY COMMITTEES, CONSTITUTED COMMITTEES, OR INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEES PROVIDED THERE IS NO COMMON OPERATIONAL CONTROL BETWEEN THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE; OR IN THE FORM OF COMMUNICATIONS THAT ARE NOT DISTRIBUTED TO A GENERAL PUBLIC AUDIENCE AS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION THIRTEEN OF THIS SECTION.

FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "COMMON OPERATIONAL CONTROL" MEANS THAT (I) THE SAME INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUALS EXERCISE ACTUAL AND STRATEGIC CONTROL OVER THE DAY-TO-DAY AFFAIRS OF BOTH THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR (II) EMPLOYEES OF THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE ENGAGE IN COMMUNICATIONS RELATED TO THE STRATEGIC OPERATIONS OF EITHER COMMITTEE.

- S 8. Section 14-112 of the election law, as amended by chapter 930 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:
- S 14-112. Political committee authorization statement. Any political committee aiding or taking part in the election or nomination of any candidate, other than [by making contributions] A POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE, shall file, in the office in which the statements of such committee are to be filed pursuant to this article, either a sworn verified statement by the treasurer of such committee that the candidate has authorized the political committee to aid or take part in his election or that the candidate has not authorized the committee to aid or take part in his election.
- S 9. Subdivision 1 of section 14-118 of the election law, as amended by chapter 156 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

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Every political committee shall have a treasurer and a depository, and shall cause the treasurer to keep detailed, bound accounts of all 2 3 receipts, transfers, loans, liabilities, contributions and expenditures, made by the committee or any of its officers, members or agents acting under its authority or in its behalf. All such accounts shall be retained by a treasurer for a period of five years from the date of the 7 filing of the final statement with respect to the election, primary 8 election or convention to which they pertain. No officer, member or agent of any political committee shall receive any receipt, transfer or 9 10 contribution, or make any expenditure or incur any liability until the 11 committee shall have chosen a treasurer and depository and filed their names in accordance with this subdivision. There shall be filed in the 12 office in which the committee is required to file its statements under 13 14 section 14-110 of this article, within five days after the choice of a 15 treasurer and depository, a statement giving the name and address of the 16 treasurer chosen, the name and address of any person authorized to sign 17 checks by such treasurer, the name and address of the depository chosen 18 the candidate or candidates or ballot proposal or proposals the 19 success or defeat of which the committee is to aid or take part; provided, however, that such statement 20 shall not be required of a 21 constituted committee and provided further that a political ACTION committee which makes no expenditures, to aid or take part in the 23 election or defeat of a candidate, other than in the form of contributions, shall not be required to list the candidates being supported or 24 25 opposed by such committee AND SHALL ALSO DISCLOSE THE NAME AND 26 ANY INDIVIDUAL WHO EXERTS OPERATIONAL CONTROL OVER THE POLITICAL 27 ACTION COMMITTEE AS WELL AS ANY SALARIED EMPLOYEE OF THE POLITICAL 28 ACTION COMMITTEE. Such statement shall be signed by the treasurer and 29 all other persons authorized to sign checks. Any change in the tion required in any statement shall be reported, in an amended state-30 ment filed in the same manner and in the same office as an original 31 32 statement filed under this section, within two days after it occurs, 33 except that any change to the mailing address on any such statement filed at the state board may also be made in any manner deemed accepta-34 35 ble by the state board. Only a banking organization authorized to do business in this state may be designated a depository hereunder. 36 37

- S 10. The election law is amended by adding a new section 14-107-a to read as follows:
- S 14-107-A. PROHIBITED SPENDING BY INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEES AND POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES. 1. AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE SHALL NOT CONTRIBUTE TO ANY CANDIDATE, CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE, POLITICAL COMMITTEE, OR PARTY COMMITTEE.
- 2. (A) A POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE SHALL NOT MAKE ANY INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES AND MAY ONLY MAKE CONTRIBUTIONS TO ANY INDEPENDENT EXPENDI-COMMITTEE ΙF SUCH COMMITTEE DOES NOT HAVE COMMON OPERATIONAL "COMMON OPERATIONAL CONTROL. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, CONTROL" THE SAME INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUALS EXERCISE ACTUAL AND THAT (I) STRATEGIC CONTROL OVER THE DAY-TO-DAY AFFAIRS OF BOTH  $_{
  m THE}$ POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE, OR (II) EMPLOYEES OF THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPENDI-TURE COMMITTEE ENGAGE IN COMMUNICATIONS RELATED TO THE STRATEGIC OPER-ATIONS OF EITHER COMMITTEE.
- (B) NO CANDIDATE, CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE, PARTY COMMITTEE, OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE SHALL CONTRIBUTE TO AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE THAT IS MAKING EXPENDITURES BENEFITTING THE CANDIDATE OR THE CANDIDATE SUPPORTED BY SUCH PARTY OR CONSTITUTED COMMITTEE.

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S 11. Section 14-126 of the election law is amended by adding a new subdivision 3-a to read as follows:

- 3-A. ANY PERSON WHO, ACTING AS OR ON BEHALF OF AN INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE COMMITTEE OR A POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE, KNOWINGLY AND WILLFULLY VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 14-107-A OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY, UP TO ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR UP TO THE COST OF THE COMMUNICATION, WHICHEVER IS GREATER, TO BE RECOVERABLE IN A SPECIAL PROCEEDING OR CIVIL ACTION TO BE BROUGHT BY THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS.
- 10 S 12. Severability. If any clause, sentence, subdivision, paragraph, 11 section or part of this act be adjudged by any court of competent juris12 diction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invali13 date the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to 14 the clause, sentence, subdivision, paragraph, section or part thereof 15 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have 16 been rendered.
- 17 S 13. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall 18 have become a law.

## 19 PART B

- 20 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 14-124 of the election law, as 21 amended by chapter 71 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as 22 follows:
  - 3. The contribution and receipt limits of this article shall not apply to monies received and expenditures made by a party committee or constituted committee to maintain a permanent headquarters and staff and carry on ordinary activities which are not for the express purpose of promoting the candidacy of specific candidates; PROVIDED THAT SUCH MONIES DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE DEPOSITED IN A SEGREGATED ACCOUNT.
  - S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

## 31 PART C

32 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 14-104 of the election law, as 33 amended by chapter 430 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as 34 follows:

35 Any candidate for election to public office, or for nomination for public office at a contested primary election or convention, or 36 election to a party position at a primary election, shall file state-37 ments sworn, or subscribed and bearing a form notice that false state-38 39 ments made therein are punishable as a class A misdemeanor pursuant to 40 section 210.45 of the penal law, at the times prescribed by this article 41 setting forth the particulars specified by section 14-102 of this article, as to all moneys or other valuable things, paid, given, expended or 42 43 promised by him OR HER to aid his OR HER own nomination or election, or 44 to promote the success or defeat of a political party, or to aid or influence the nomination or election or the defeat of any other candi-45 date to be voted for at the election or primary election or at a conven-46 47 tion, including contributions to political committees, officers, members or agents thereof, and transfers, receipts and contributions to him OR 48 HER to be used for any of the purposes above specified, or in lieu ther-49 50 any such candidate may file such a sworn statement at the first 51 filing period, on a form prescribed by the state board of elections that such candidate has made no such expenditures and does not intend to make 52

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any such expenditures, except through a political committee authorized by such candidate pursuant to this article. SUCH CANDIDATE MAY DESIG-3 NATE A COMMITTEE OF NO LESS THAN THREE PERSONS WHO SHALL BE APPOINT AND REMOVE THE TREASURER OF ANY AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE OF THE 5 THE DESIGNATION OR REVOCATION OF THE COMMITTEE CANDIDATE. 6 EVIDENCED IN A WRITING FILED WITH THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS BY THE 7 CANDIDATE AUTHORIZING THE COMMITTEE. THE CANDIDATE MAY REVOKE DESIGNATION AT ANY TIME. A committee authorized by such a candidate may 8 9 fulfill all of the filing requirements of this act on behalf 10 candidate.

- S 2. The election law is amended by adding a new section 14-132 to read as follows:
- S 14-132. DISPOSITION OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS. 1. UPON THE DEATH OF A CANDIDATE, FORMER CANDIDATE OR HOLDER OF ELECTIVE OFFICE, WHERE SUCH CANDIDATE OR CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED COMMITTEE RECEIVED CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS, ALL SUCH FUNDS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF BY ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MEANS, OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE DEATH OF SUCH PERSON:
- (A) RETURNING, PRO RATA, TO EACH CONTRIBUTOR THE FUNDS THAT HAVE NOT BEEN SPENT OR OBLIGATED;
- (B) DONATING THE FUNDS TO A CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION OR ORGANIZATIONS THAT MEET THE QUALIFICATIONS OF SECTION 501(C)(3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;
- (C) DONATING THE FUNDS TO THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK OR THE CITY UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK;
  - (D) DONATING THE FUNDS TO THE STATE'S GENERAL FUND; OR
- (E) CONTRIBUTING OR TRANSFERRING THE FUNDS TO A CANDIDATE, PARTY, CONSTITUTED OR POLITICAL COMMITTEE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE LIMITS, IF ANY, SET FORTH IN THIS ARTICLE.
- 2. NO SUCH CANDIDATE'S AUTHORIZED POLITICAL COMMITTEE SHALL DISPOSE OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS BY MAKING EXPENDITURES FOR PERSONAL USE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 14-130 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 3. IF FUNDS ARE NOT DISPOSED OF WITHIN THE TIME REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION, SUCH FUNDS SHALL BE RECOVERABLE BY THE CHIEF ENFORCEMENT COUNSEL OF THE STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS IN A SPECIAL PROCEEDING IN STATE SUPREME COURT IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-116 OF THIS CHAPTER AND DEPOSITED INTO THE STATE'S GENERAL FUND.
- 38 S 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017, provided, however, that 39 where the applicable time frame for disposing of funds established by 40 section 14-132 of the election law, as added by section two of this act, 41 has elapsed on such effective date, all funds shall be disposed of with-42 in 12 months of such effective date. INSERT

## 43 PART D

- Section 1. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (c) of section 1-h of the legislative law, as added by section 1 of part B of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 47 (4) Any lobbyist registered pursuant to section one-e of this article 48 whose lobbying activity is performed on its own behalf and not pursuant 49 to retention by a client:
- (i) that has spent over [fifty] FIFTEEN thousand dollars IN THE AGGRE-51 GATE for reportable compensation and expenses for lobbying, either 52 during the calendar year, or during the twelve-month period, prior to 53 the date of this bi-monthly report, and

(ii) at least three percent of whose total expenditures during the same period were devoted to lobbying in New York shall report to the commission the names of each source of funding THAT HAS CONTRIBUTED over [five] TWO thousand FIVE HUNDRED dollars from a single source that were used to fund the lobbying activities reported and the [amounts] AMOUNT OF EACH CONTRIBUTION received from each identified source of funding; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM EACH IDENTIFIED SOURCE OF FUNDING SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED IF SUCH AMOUNTS CONSTITUTE MEMBERSHIP DUES, FEES, OR ASSESSMENTS CHARGED BY THE REPORTING ENTITY TO ENABLE AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY TO BE A MEMBER OF THE REPORTING ENTITY.

This disclosure shall not require disclosure of the sources of funding whose disclosure, in the determination of the commission based upon a review of the relevant facts presented by the reporting lobbyist, may cause harm, threats, harassment, or reprisals to the source or to individuals or property affiliated with the source. The reporting lobbyist may appeal the commission's determination and such appeal shall be heard by a judicial hearing officer who is independent and not affiliated with or employed by the commission, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commission. The reporting lobbyist shall not be required to disclose the sources of funding that are the subject of such appeal pending final judgment on appeal.

The disclosure shall not apply to:

- any corporation registered pursuant to article seven-A of the executive law that is qualified as an exempt organization by the United States Department of the Treasury under I.R.C. S 501(c)(3); PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THIS DISCLOSURE SHALL APPLY TO ANY IN-KIND DONATIONS STAFF, STAFF TIME, PERSONNEL, OFFICES, OFFICE SUPPLIES, FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF ANY KIND OR ANY OTHER RESOURCES TO ANY CORPORATION OR THAT IS OUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION BY THE UNITED STATES DEPART-MENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(4) WHEN SUCH IN-KIND DONATIONS ARE OVER TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS AND FROM ANY CORPORATION OR THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(3). IN SUCH ENTITY RECEIVING SUCH IN-KIND DONATIONS SHALL DISCLOSE THE FAIR MARKET VALUE AND IDENTIFY THE I.R.C. 501(C)(3) ENTITY PROVIDING SUCH AND GIVE NOTICE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME TO THE 501(C)(3) DONATIONS ENTITY THAT IT SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FILE A REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-TWO-E OF THE EXECUTIVE LAW;
- (ii) any corporation registered pursuant to article seven-A of the executive law that is qualified as an exempt organization by the United States Department of the Treasury under I.R.C. S 501(c)(4) and whose primary activities concern any area of public concern determined by the commission to create a substantial likelihood that application of this disclosure requirement would lead to harm, threats, harassment, or reprisals to a source of funding or to individuals or property affiliated with such source, including but not limited to the area of civil rights and civil liberties and any other area of public concern determined pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commission to form a proper basis for exemption on this basis from this disclosure requirement; or

(iii) any governmental entity.

The joint commission on public ethics shall promulgate regulations to implement these requirements.

S 2. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (c) of section 1-j of the legislative law, as added by section 2 of part B of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

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(4) Any client of a lobbyist that is required to file a semi-annual

- (i) that has spent over [fifty] FIFTEEN thousand dollars IN THE AGGRE-GATE for reportable compensation and expenses for lobbying, either during the calendar year, or during the twelve-month period, prior to the date of this semi-annual report, and
- (ii) at least three percent of whose total expenditures during the same period were devoted to lobbying in New York shall report to the commission the names of each source of funding THAT HAS CONTRIBUTED over TWO thousand FIVE HUNDRED dollars from a single source that were used to fund the lobbying activities reported and the [amounts] EACH CONTRIBUTION received from each identified source of funding; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM EACH IDENTIFIED SOURCE FUNDING SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO BE DISCLOSED IF SUCH AMOUNTS CONSTITUTE MEMBERSHIP DUES, FEES, OR ASSESSMENTS CHARGED BY THE REPORTING ENTITY TO ENABLE AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY TO BE A MEMBER OF THE REPORTING ENTITY.

This disclosure shall not require disclosure of the sources of funding whose disclosure, in the determination of the commission based upon a review of the relevant facts presented by the reporting client or lobbyist, may cause harm, threats, harassment, or reprisals to the source or to individuals or property affiliated with the source. The reporting lobbyist may appeal the commission's determination and such appeal shall be heard by a judicial hearing officer who is independent and not affiliated with or employed by the commission, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commission. The reporting lobbyist shall not be required to disclose the sources of funding that are the subject of such appeal pending final judgment on appeal.

The disclosure shall not apply to:

- (i) any corporation registered pursuant to article seven-A of executive law that is qualified as an exempt organization by the United States Department of the Treasury under I.R.C. S 501(c)(3); HOWEVER, THAT THIS DISCLOSURE SHALL APPLY TO ANY IN-KIND DONATIONS OF STAFF TIME, PERSONNEL, OFFICES, OFFICE SUPPLIES, SUPPORT OF ANY KIND OR ANY OTHER RESOURCES TO ANY CORPORATION OR ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION BY THE UNITED STATES DEPART-MENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(4) WHEN SUCH IN-KIND DONATIONS TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS AND FROM ANY CORPORATION OR ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION BY THE UNITED DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(3). IN SUCH CASE THE ENTITY RECEIVING SUCH IN-KIND DONATIONS SHALL DISCLOSE THE FAIR THE I.R.C. 501(C)(3) ENTITY PROVIDING SUCH IN-KIND VALUE AND IDENTIFY DONATIONS AND GIVE NOTICE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME TO THE 501(C)(3) ENTITY THAT IT SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FILE A REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-TWO-E OF THE EXECUTIVE LAW;
- (ii) any corporation registered pursuant to article seven-A of the executive law that is qualified as an exempt organization by the United States Department of the Treasury under I.R.C. S 501(c)(4) and whose primary activities concern any area of public concern determined by the commission to create a substantial likelihood that application of this disclosure requirement would lead to harm, threats, harassment, or reprisals to a source of funding or to individuals or property affiliated with such source, including but not limited to the area of civil rights and civil liberties and any other area of public concern determined pursuant to regulations promulgated by the commission to form a proper basis for exemption on this basis from this disclosure requirement; or

1 (iii) any governmental entity.

The joint commission on public ethics shall promulgate regulations to implement these requirements.

4 S 3. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall bave become a law.

6 PART E

Section 1. Subdivision (b) of section 1-k of the legislative law, as amended by chapter 1 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) No person shall accept such a retainer or employment. [A violation of] ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES this section shall be SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED THE GREATER OF TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE VALUE OF THE CONTINGENT FEE, AND SUCH VIOLATION SHALL BE a class A misdemeanor.
- 14 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

15 PART F

16 Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 172-e 17 to read as follows:

- S 172-E. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN DONATIONS BY CHARITABLE NON-PROFIT ENTITIES. 1. DEFINITIONS. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:
- (A) "COVERED ENTITY" SHALL MEAN ANY CORPORATION OR ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION OR ENTITY BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(3) THAT IS REQUIRED TO REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
- (B) "IN-KIND DONATION" SHALL MEAN DONATIONS OF STAFF, STAFF TIME, PERSONNEL, OFFICES, OFFICE SUPPLIES, FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF ANY KIND OR ANY OTHER RESOURCES.
- (C) "DONATION" SHALL MEAN ANY CONTRIBUTION, INCLUDING A GIFT, LOAN, IN-KIND DONATION, ADVANCE OR DEPOSIT OF MONEY OR ANYTHING OF VALUE.
- (D) "RECIPIENT ENTITY" SHALL MEAN ANY CORPORATION OR ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION OR ENTITY BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(4) THAT IS REQUIRED TO FILE A SOURCE OF FUNDING REPORT WITH THE JOINT COMMISSION ON PUBLIC ETHICS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS ONE-H AND ONE-J OF THE LEGISLATIVE LAW.
- (E) "REPORTING PERIOD" SHALL MEAN THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JANUARY FIRST AND ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH OR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JULY FIRST AND ENDING DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST.
- 2. FUNDING DISCLOSURE REPORTS TO BE FILED BY COVERED ENTITIES. (A) ANY COVERED ENTITY THAT MAKES AN IN-KIND DONATION IN EXCESS OF TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS TO A RECIPIENT ENTITY DURING A RELEVANT REPORTING PERIOD SHALL FILE A FUNDING DISCLOSURE REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW. THE FUNDING DISCLOSURE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE:
- (I) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COVERED ENTITY THAT MADE THE IN-KIND DONATION;
- (II) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE RECIPIENT ENTITY THAT RECEIVED OR BENEFITTED FROM THE IN-KIND DONATION;
- 47 (III) THE NAMES OF ANY PERSONS WHO EXERT OPERATIONAL OR MANAGERIAL 48 CONTROL OVER THE COVERED ENTITY. THE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THIS PARA-49 GRAPH SHALL INCLUDE THE NAME OF AT LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON;
- 50 (IV) THE DATE THE IN-KIND DONATION WAS MADE BY THE COVERED ENTITY;

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(V) ANY DONATION IN EXCESS OF TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS TO THE COVERED ENTITY DURING THE RELEVANT REPORTING PERIOD INCLUDING THE IDENTITY OF THE DONOR OF ANY SUCH DONATION; AND

(VI) THE DATE OF ANY SUCH DONATION TO A COVERED ENTITY.

- (B) THE COVERED ENTITY SHALL FILE A FUNDING DISCLOSURE REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE CLOSE OF A REPORTING PERIOD.
- 7 PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF FUNDING DISCLOSURE REPORTS. THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW SHALL PROMULGATE ANY REGULATIONS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT REQUIREMENTS AND SHALL FORWARD THE DISCLOSURE REPORTS TO THE JOINT 9 10 COMMISSION ON PUBLIC ETHICS FOR THE PURPOSE OF PUBLISHING SUCH REPORTS 11 THE COMMISSION'S WEBSITE, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE CLOSE OF EACH REPORTING PERIOD; PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, OR HIS OR 12 HER DESIGNEE, MAY DETERMINE THAT DISCLOSURE OF DONATIONS TO THE COVERED 13 ENTITY SHALL NOT BE MADE PUBLIC IF, BASED UPON A REVIEW OF THE RELEVANT 14 FACTS PRESENTED BY THE COVERED ENTITY, SUCH DISCLOSURE MAY CAUSE HARM, THREATS, HARASSMENT, OR REPRISALS TO THE SOURCE OF THE DONATION OR TO 16 INDIVIDUALS OR PROPERTY AFFILIATED WITH THE SOURCE OF THE DONATION. THE 17 COVERED ENTITY MAY APPEAL THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DETERMINATION AND SUCH 18 19 APPEAL SHALL BE HEARD BY A JUDICIAL HEARING OFFICER WHO IS INDEPENDENT 20 AND NOT AFFILIATED WITH OR EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW, PURSUANT 21 REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW. THE COVERED ENTI-TY'S SOURCES OF DONATIONS THAT ARE THE SUBJECT OF SUCH APPEAL SHALL NOT BE MADE PUBLIC PENDING FINAL JUDGMENT ON APPEAL. 23
- 24 S 2. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 25 have become a law.

26 PART G

27 Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 172-f 28 to read as follows:

S 172-F. DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES BY NON-CHARITABLE NON-PROFIT ENTITIES. 1. DEFINITIONS. (A) "COVERED ENTITY" MEANS ANY CORPORATION OR ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED AS AN EXEMPT ORGANIZATION OR ENTITY BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNDER I.R.C. 501(C)(4).

(B) "COVERED COMMUNICATION" MEANS A COMMUNICATION, THAT DOES NOT REQUIRE A REPORT PURSUANT TO ARTICLE ONE-A OF THE LEGISLATIVE LAW OR ARTICLE FOURTEEN OF THE ELECTION LAW, BY A COVERED ENTITY CONVEYED TO FIVE HUNDRED OR MORE MEMBERS OF A GENERAL PUBLIC AUDIENCE IN THE FORM OF: (I) AN AUDIO OR VIDEO COMMUNICATION VIA BROADCAST, CABLE OR SATELLITE; (II) A WRITTEN COMMUNICATION VIA ADVERTISEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, FLYERS, BROCHURES, LETTERHEADS; OR (III) OTHER PUBLISHED STATEMENT WHICH: REFERS TO AND ADVOCATES FOR OR AGAINST A CLEARLY IDENTIFIED ELECTED OFFICIAL OR THE POSITION OF ANY ELECTED OFFICIAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE OR LEGISLATIVE BODY RELATING TO THE OUTCOME OF ANY VOTE OR SUBSTANCE OF ANY LEGISLATION, POTENTIAL LEGISLATION, PENDING LEGISLATION, RULE, REGULATION, HEARING, OR DECISION BY ANY LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE OR ADMINISTRATIVE BODY.

COVERED COMMUNICATION SHALL NOT INCLUDE: (I) COMMUNICATIONS WITH A PROFESSIONAL JOURNALIST OR NEWSCASTER, INCLUDING AN EDITORIAL BOARD OR EDITORIAL WRITER OF A NEWSPAPER, MAGAZINE, NEWS AGENCY, PRESS ASSOCIATION OR WIRE SERVICE, RELATING TO NEWS, AS THESE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION SEVENTY-NINE-H OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW, AND COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO CONFIDENTIAL AND NON-CONFIDENTIAL NEWS AS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISIONS (B) AND (C) OF SECTION SEVENTY-NINE-H OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW RESPECTIVELY AND COMMUNICATIONS MADE PURSUANT TO COMMUNITY OUTREACH EFFORTS FOR BROADCAST STATIONS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW; OR

(II) A COMMUNICATION THAT IS: (A) DIRECTED, SENT OR DISTRIBUTED BY THE COVERED ENTITY ONLY TO INDIVIDUALS WHO AFFIRMATIVELY CONSENT TO BE MEMBERS OF THE COVERED ENTITY, CONTRIBUTE FUNDS TO THE COVERED ENTITY, OR, PURSUANT TO THE COVERED ENTITY'S ARTICLES OR BYLAWS, HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOTE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FOR THE ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS, OR ON CHANGES TO BYLAWS, DISPOSITION OF ALL OR SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE COVERED ENTITY'S ASSETS OR THE MERGER OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COVERED ENTITY; OR (B) FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROMOTING OR STAGING ANY CANDIDATE DEBATE, TOWN HALL OR SIMILAR FORUM TO WHICH AT LEAST TWO CANDIDATES SEEKING THE SAME OFFICE, OR TWO PROPONENTS OF DIFFERING POSITIONS ON A REFERENDUM OR QUESTION SUBMITTED TO VOTERS, ARE INVITED AS PARTICIPANTS, AND WHICH DOES NOT PROMOTE OR ADVANCE ONE CANDIDATE OR POSITION OVER ANOTHER.

- (C) "EXPENDITURES FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS" SHALL MEAN: (I) ANY EXPENDITURE MADE, LIABILITY INCURRED, OR CONTRIBUTION PROVIDED FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS; OR (II) ANY OTHER TRANSFER OF FUNDS, ASSETS, SERVICES OR ANY OTHER THING OF VALUE TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, GROUP, ASSOCIATION, CORPORATION WHETHER ORGANIZED FOR PROFIT OR NOT-FOR-PROFIT, LABOR UNION, POLITICAL COMMITTEE, POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE, OR ANY OTHER ENTITY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUPPORTING OR ENGAGING IN COVERED COMMUNICATIONS BY THE RECIPIENT OR A THIRD PARTY.
- (D) "DONATION" SHALL MEAN ANY CONTRIBUTION, INCLUDING IN-KIND, GIFT, LOAN, ADVANCE OR DEPOSIT OF MONEY OR ANYTHING OF VALUE MADE TO A COVERED ENTITY UNLESS SUCH DONATION IS DEPOSITED INTO AN ACCOUNT THE FUNDS OF WHICH ARE NOT USED FOR MAKING EXPENDITURES FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS.
- (E) "REPORTING PERIOD" SHALL MEAN THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JANUARY FIRST AND ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH OR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JULY FIRST AND ENDING DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST.
- 2. DISCLOSURE OF EXPENDITURES FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS. (A) ANY COVERED ENTITY THAT MAKES EXPENDITURES FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS IN AN AGGREGATE AMOUNT OR FAIR MARKET VALUE EXCEEDING TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS IN A CALENDAR YEAR SHALL FILE A FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW. THE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORT SHALL INCLUDE:
- (I) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COVERED ENTITY THAT MADE THE EXPENDITURE FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS;
- (II) THE NAME OR NAMES OF ANY INDIVIDUALS WHO EXERT OPERATIONAL OR MANAGERIAL CONTROL OVER THE COVERED ENTITY. THE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL INCLUDE THE NAME OF AT LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON;
  - (III) A DESCRIPTION OF THE COVERED COMMUNICATION;
- (IV) THE DOLLAR AMOUNT PAID FOR EACH COVERED COMMUNICATION, THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OR ENTITY RECEIVING THE PAYMENT, AND THE DATE THE PAYMENT WAS MADE; AND
- (IV) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF ANY INDIVIDUAL, CORPORATION, ASSOCIATION, OR GROUP THAT MADE A DONATION OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE TO THE COVERED ENTITY AND THE DATE OF SUCH DONATION.
- 47 (B) THE COVERED ENTITY SHALL FILE A FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORT WITH 48 THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE CLOSE OF A REPORTING 49 PERIOD.
- 50 (C) IF A COVERED ENTITY KEEPS ONE OR MORE SEGREGATED BANK ACCOUNTS 51 CONTAINING FUNDS USED SOLELY FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS AND MAKES ALL OF 52 ITS EXPENDITURES FOR COVERED COMMUNICATIONS FROM SUCH ACCOUNTS, THEN 53 WITH RESPECT TO DONATIONS INCLUDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF PARAGRAPH (A) 54 OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE FINANCIAL REPORT NEED ONLY INCLUDE DONATIONS 55 DEPOSITED INTO SUCH ACCOUNTS.

THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW SHALL MAKE THE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORTS AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC ON THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW WEBSITE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE CLOSE OF EACH REPORTING PERIOD, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE, MAY DETERMINE THAT DISCLOSURE DONATIONS SHALL NOT BE MADE PUBLIC IF, BASED UPON A REVIEW OF THE RELEVANT FACTS PRESENTED BY THE COVERED ENTITY, SUCH DISCLOSURE 7 CAUSE HARM, THREATS, HARASSMENT, OR REPRISALS TO THE SOURCE OF THE DONATION OR TO INDIVIDUALS OR PROPERTY AFFILIATED WITH THE SOURCE OF THE DONATION. THE COVERED ENTITY MAY APPEAL THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DETERMI-9 10 NATION AND SUCH APPEAL SHALL BE HEARD BY A JUDICIAL HEARING OFFICER WHO IS INDEPENDENT AND NOT AFFILIATED WITH OR EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF 11 LAW, PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW. THE 12 COVERED ENTITY SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE THE 13 SOURCES 14 DONATIONS THAT ARE THE SUBJECT OF SUCH APPEAL PENDING FINAL JUDGMENT ON 15 APPEAL.

16 S 2. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall 17 have become a law.

18 PART H

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19 Section 1. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 109 to 20 read as follows:

21 S 109. REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN SERVICE PROVIDERS. 1. FOR PURPOSES OF 22 THIS SECTION:

- (A) "CLIENT" SHALL MEAN A PERSON OR ENTITY WHO IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR RETAINED OR HIRED THE POLITICAL CONSULTANT RELATING TO MATTERS BEFORE ANY STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, AUTHORITY OR OFFICIAL, INCLUDING SERVICES, ADVICE OR CONSULTATION RELATING TO ANY STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT CONTRACT FOR REAL PROPERTY, GOODS OR SERVICES, AN APPEARANCE IN A RATEMAKING PROCEEDING, AN APPEARANCE IN A REGULATORY MATTER, OR AN APPEARANCE IN A LEGISLATIVE MATTER OTHER THAN MATTERS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (E) OF THE SECOND UNDESIGNATED PARAGRAPH OF SUBDIVISION (C) OF SECTION ONE-C OF THE LEGISLATIVE LAW.
- "POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES" SHALL MEAN SERVICES PROVIDED BY A POLITICAL CONSULTANT TO OR ON BEHALF OF AN ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICIAL IN NEW YORK STATE OR TO OR ON BEHALF OF A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTED OFFICE IN NEW YORK STATE, OR TO OR ON BEHALF OF A PERSON NOMINATED FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE WHICH SERVICES: (1) ASSIST OR ARE INTENDED TO ASSIST IN A CAMPAIGN FOR NOMINATION FOR ELECTION OR ELECTION TO OFFICE IN NEW YORK STATE, INCLUDING FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES, VOTER OUTREACH, COMPOSITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF PROMOTIONAL LITERATURE, ADVERTISEMENTS, OR OTHER SIMILAR COMMUNICATIONS, AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 14-106 OF THE ELECTION LAW, OR (2) CONSIST OF POLITICAL ADVICE TO AN ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICIAL OR CANDI-DATE FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE IN NEW YORK STATE OR PERSON NOMINATED FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES SHALL NOT INCLUDE BONA FIDE LEGAL WORK DIRECTLY RELATED TO LITIGATION OR LEGAL ADVICE WITH REGARD TO SECURING A PLACE ON THE BALLOT, THE PETITIONING PROCESS, THE CONDUCT OF AN ELECTION, OR WHICH INVOLVES THE ELECTION LAW.
- (C) "POLITICAL CONSULTANT" SHALL MEAN A PERSON WHO HOLDS HIMSELF OR HERSELF OUT TO PERSONS IN THIS STATE AS A PERSON WHO PERFORMS POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES IN A PROFESSIONAL CAPACITY AND WHO IS USUALLY COMPENSATED, EXCLUDING REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES, FOR SUCH SERVICES.
- 2. THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBING A REGISTRATION FORM TO BE USED BY ANY POLITICAL CONSULTANT WHO PROVIDES POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES TO A SITTING ELECTED PUBLIC

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OFFICIAL, CANDIDATE FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE OR PERSON NOMINATED FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE AND WHO HAS ALSO BEEN RETAINED BY A CLIENT FOR SUCH SERVICES.

- 3. SUCH REGISTRATION FORM SHALL IDENTIFY:
- 5 (A) THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE POLITICAL CONSULT-6 ANT;
  - (B) THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF EACH SITTING ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICIAL, CANDIDATE FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE, AND PERSON NOMINATED FOR ELECTED PUBLIC OFFICE WHO THE POLITICAL CONSULTANT PROVIDED POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES TO;
  - (C) THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF EACH CLIENT WHO RETAINS OR HIRES A POLITICAL CONSULTANT IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR PROVIDED, THAT IN THE EVENT THE CLIENT IS AN ENTITY, AT LEAST ONE NATURAL PERSON WHO HAS A CONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUCH ENTITY SHALL BE IDENTIFIED; AND
  - (D) A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE NATURE OF THE POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES PROVIDED TO EACH IDENTIFIED CLIENT.
  - 4. SUCH REGISTRATION SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND SHALL COVER A SIX MONTH REPORTING PERIOD. THE REPORTING PERIOD SHALL MEAN THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JANUARY FIRST AND ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH OR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD WITHIN A CALENDAR YEAR STARTING JULY FIRST AND ENDING DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST.
  - 5. THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL POST THE COMPLETED FORMS ON THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE'S WEBSITE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE CLOSE OF EACH REPORTING PERIOD.
  - 6. THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE MAY IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY OF UP TO SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS UPON ANY POLITICAL CONSULTANT WHO FAILS TO FILE A REGISTRATION REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE SECRETARY SHALL PROVIDE SUCH POLITICAL CONSULTANT A REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO CURE SUCH A FAILURE.
- 7. THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE SHALL ADOPT, AMEND AND RESCIND RULES AND REGULATIONS DEFINING THE DEGREE AND EXTENT OF POLITICAL CONSULTING SERVICES NECESSARY TO REQUIRE THE REPORTING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
- 33 S 2. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall 34 have become a law.

35 PART I

- Section 1. Subparagraph (B) of the second undesignated paragraph of subdivision (c) of section 1-c of the legislative law, as added by chapter 1 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- (B) (I) Newspapers and other periodicals and radio and television ations, and owners and employees thereof, provided that their activ-39 40 41 ities in connection with proposed legislation, rules, regulations or rates, municipal ordinances and resolutions, executive orders, tribal-43 state compacts, memoranda of understanding or other tribal-state agreements related to Class III gaming as provided in 25 U.S.C. S 2701, or 44 45 procurement contracts by a state agency, municipal agency, local legis-46 lative body, the state legislature, or the unified court system, are 47 limited to the publication or broadcast of news items, editorials or 48 other comments, or paid advertisements;
- (II) COMMUNICATIONS WITH A PROFESSIONAL JOURNALIST, OR NEWSCASTER, INCLUDING AN EDITORIAL BOARD OR EDITORIAL WRITER OF A NEWSPAPER, MAGAZINE, NEWS AGENCY, PRESS ASSOCIATION OR WIRE SERVICE, RELATING TO NEWS, AS THESE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION SEVENTY-NINE-H OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW, AND COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO CONFIDENTIAL AND NON-CONFIDENTIAL NEWS AS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISIONS (B) AND (C) OF SECTION SEVENTY-NINE-H

1 OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW RESPECTIVELY AND COMMUNICATIONS MADE PURSUANT TO 2 COMMUNITY OUTREACH EFFORTS FOR BROADCAST STATIONS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL 3 LAW.

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

5 PART J

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 13 of section 94 of the executive law, as amended by section 6 of part A of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

9 (a) Investigations. If the commission receives a sworn complaint alleging a violation of section seventy-three, seventy-three-a, or 10 seventy-four of the public officers law, section one hundred seven of 11 12 civil service law or article one-A of the legislative law by a 13 person or entity subject to the jurisdiction of the commission including members of the legislature and legislative employees and candidates for 14 the legislature, or if a reporting individual has filed a 15 statement which reveals a possible violation of these provisions, or 16 17 commission determines on its own initiative to investigate a possible violation, the commission shall notify the individual in writing, 18 19 the possible or alleged violation of such laws, PROVIDE A 20 DESCRIPTION OF THE ALLEGATIONS AGAINST HIM OR HER AND THE SUPPORTING SUCH ALLEGATIONS, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT 21 THE JOINT COMMISSION SHALL REDACT ANY INFORMATION THAT MIGHT, IN THE JUDGMENT 22 23 THE COMMISSION, BE PREJUDICIAL TO EITHER THE COMPLAINANT OR THE INVESTI-LETTER ALSO SHALL SET FORTH THE SECTIONS OF LAW ALLEGED TO 24 HAVE BEEN VIOLATED and provide the person with a fifteen day period in which to submit a written response, INCLUDING ANY EVIDENCE, STATEMENTS, 25 26 27 AND PROPOSED WITNESSES, setting forth information relating to the activities cited as a possible or alleged violation of law. The commission 28 shall, within [forty-five] SIXTY calendar days after a complaint or a 29 30 referral is received or an investigation is initiated on the commis-31 sion's own initiative, vote on whether to commence a full investigation 32 of the matter under consideration to determine whether a substantial 33 basis exists to conclude that a violation of law has occurred. The staff 34 the joint commission shall provide to the members prior to such vote 35 information regarding the likely scope and content of the investigation, and a subpoena plan, to the extent such information is available. Such investigation shall be conducted if at least eight members of the 36 37 38 commission vote to authorize it. Where the subject of such investigation 39 is a member of the legislature or a legislative employee or a candidate for member of the legislature, at least two of the eight or more members 40 41 so vote to authorize such an investigation must have been appointed by a legislative leader or leaders from the major political party in 43 which the subject of the proposed investigation is enrolled if such person is enrolled in a major political party. Where the subject of such 45 investigation is a state officer or state employee, at least two of 46 eight or more members who so vote to authorize such an investigation 47 must have been appointed by the governor and lieutenant governor. Where 48 subject of such investigation is a statewide elected official or a 49 direct appointee of such an official, at least two of the eight or more members who so vote to authorize such an investigation must have been 50 appointed by the governor and lieutenant governor and be enrolled in the 51 52 major political party in which the subject of the proposed investigation is enrolled, if such person is enrolled in a major political party.

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S 2. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 13 of section 94 of the executive law, as amended by section 6 of part A of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) Substantial basis investigation. Upon the affirmative vote of not less than eight commission members to commence a substantial basis investigation, written notice of the commission's decision shall be 5 7 provided to the individual who is the subject of such substantial basis 8 investigation. Such written notice shall include a copy of the commission's rules and procedures and shall also include notification of such 9 10 individual's right to be heard within thirty calendar days of the date of the commission's written notice. IF THE COMMISSION VOTES TO COMMENCE 11 A SUBSTANTIAL BASIS INVESTIGATION, THE COMMISSION SHALL PROVIDE 12 INDIVIDUAL A NOTICE SETTING FORTH THE ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF LAW AND THE 13 FACTUAL BASIS FOR THOSE ALLEGATIONS. 14 THE COMMISSION SHALL PROVIDE 15 INDIVIDUAL ANY ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE ALLEGATIONS NOT 16 SET FORTH IN THE LETTER SENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS IN SUFFICIENT DETAIL TO ENABLE THE INDIVIDUAL TO RESPOND, AT LEAST 17 18 SEVEN DAYS BEFORE THE HEARING. SUCH HEARING SHALL AFFORD THE INDIVIDUAL 19 WITH A REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR IN PERSON, AND BY ATTORNEY, GIVE SWORN TESTIMONY AND PRESENT EVIDENCE. SUCH HEARING SHALL OCCUR BEFORE 20 21 COMMISSION VOTES ON WHETHER OR NOT TO ISSUE A SUBSTANTIAL BASIS 22 REPORT. The commission shall also inform the individual of 23 regarding the conduct of adjudicatory proceedings and appeals and the 24 other due process procedural mechanisms available to such individual. If 25 the commission determines at any stage that there is no violation that any potential [conflict of interest] violation has been rectified, 26 OR IF THE INVESTIGATION IS CLOSED FOR ANY OTHER REASON, it shall 27 advise the individual and the complainant, if any IN WRITING WITHIN 28 FIFTEEN DAYS OF SUCH DECISION. All of the foregoing proceedings 29 be confidential. 30
- 31 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

32 PART K

33 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 73 of the public officers law, as 34 amended by chapter 242 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as 35 follows:

- 3. (a) No statewide elected official, member of the legislature, legislative employee, full-time salaried state officer or employee shall receive, directly or indirectly, or enter into any agreement express or implied for, any compensation, in whatever form, for the appearance or rendition of services by himself, HERSELF or another against the interest of the state in relation to any case, proceeding, application or other matter before, or the transaction of business by himself, HERSELF or another with, the court of claims.
- No state officer or employee who is required to file an annual 44 45 statement of financial disclosure pursuant to the provisions of section 46 seventy-three-a of this article, and is not otherwise subject to the provisions of this section, shall receive, directly or indirectly, 47 enter into any agreement express or implied, for any compensation, in 48 49 whatever form, for the appearance or rendition of services by himself, HERSELF or another against the interest of the state agency by which he 50 OR SHE is employed or affiliated in relation to any case, proceeding, 51 52 application or other matter before, or the transaction of business by himself, HERSELF or another with, the court of claims. 53

S 2. Subdivision 5 of section 73 of the public officers law, as amended by chapter 14 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

- 5. No statewide elected official, state officer or employee, individual whose name has been submitted by the governor to the senate for confirmation to become a state officer or employee, member of the legislature or legislative employee shall, directly or indirectly:
- (a) solicit, accept or receive any gift having more than a nominal value, whether in the form of money, service, loan, travel, lodging, meals, refreshments, entertainment, discount, forbearance or promise, or in any other form, under circumstances in which it could reasonably be inferred that the gift was intended to influence him OR HER, or could reasonably be expected to influence him OR HER, in the performance of his OR HER official duties or was intended as a reward for any official action on his OR HER part. No person shall, directly or indirectly, offer or make any such gift to a statewide elected official, or any state officer or employee, member of the legislature or legislative employee under such circumstances.
- (b) solicit, accept or receive any gift, as defined in section one-c of the legislative law, from any person who is prohibited from delivering such gift pursuant to section one-m of the legislative law unless under the circumstances it is not reasonable to infer that the gift was intended to influence him OR HER; or
- (c) permit the solicitation, acceptance, or receipt of any gift, as defined in section one-c of the legislative law, from any person who is prohibited from delivering such gift pursuant to section one-m of the legislative law to a third party including a charitable organization, on such official's designation or recommendation or on his or her behalf, under circumstances where it is reasonable to infer that the gift was intended to influence him OR HER.
- S 3. Subdivisions 6 and 7 of section 73 of the public officers law, as amended by chapter 813 of the laws of 1987, paragraph (a) of subdivision 6 as amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, paragraph (b) of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 14 of the laws of 2007, and paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 as amended and paragraph (h) of subdivision 7 as added by chapter 530 of the laws of 2004, are amended to read as follows:
- 6. (a) Every legislative employee not subject to the provisions of section seventy-three-a of this chapter shall, on and after December fifteenth and before the following January fifteenth, in each year, file with the joint commission on public ethics and the legislative ethics commission a financial disclosure statement of
- (1) each financial interest, direct or indirect of himself OR HERSELF, his OR HER spouse and his OR HER unemancipated children under the age of eighteen years in any activity which is subject to the jurisdiction of a regulatory agency or name of the entity in which the interest is had and whether such interest is over or under five thousand dollars in value.
- (2) every office and directorship held by him OR HER in any corporation, firm or enterprise which is subject to the jurisdiction of a regulatory agency, including the name of such corporation, firm or enterprise.
- 52 (3) any other interest or relationship which he OR SHE determines in 53 his OR HER discretion might reasonably be expected to be particularly 54 affected by legislative action or in the public interest should be 55 disclosed.

(b) Copies of such statements shall be open for public inspection and copying.

- (c) Any such legislative employee who knowingly and wilfully with intent to deceive makes a false statement or gives information which he OR SHE knows to be false in any written statement required to be filed pursuant to this subdivision, shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars. Assessment of a civil penalty shall be made by the legislative ethics [committee] COMMISSION in accordance with the provisions of subdivision [twelve] TEN of section eighty of the legislative law. For a violation of this subdivision, the [committee] COMMISSION may, in lieu of a civil penalty, refer a violation to the appropriate prosecutor and upon conviction, but only after such referral, such violation shall be punishable as a class A misdemeanor.
- 7. (a) No statewide elected official, or state officer or employee, other than in the proper discharge of official state or local governmental duties, or member of the legislature or legislative employee, or political party chairman shall receive, directly or indirectly, or enter into any agreement express or implied for, any compensation, in whatever form, for the appearance or rendition of services by himself, HERSELF or another in relation to any case, proceeding, application or other matter before a state agency where such appearance or rendition of services is in connection with:
- (i) the purchase, sale, rental or lease of real property, goods or services, or a contract therefor, from, to or with any such agency;
  - (ii) any proceeding relating to rate making;
- (iii) the adoption or repeal of any rule or regulation having the force and effect of law;
  - (iv) the obtaining of grants of money or loans;
  - (v) licensing; or
- (vi) any proceeding relating to a franchise provided for in the public service law.
- (b) No political party chairman in a county wholly included in a city having a population of one million or more shall receive, directly or indirectly, or enter into any agreement express or implied for, any compensation, in whatever form, for the appearance or rendition of services by himself, HERSELF or another in relation to any case, proceeding, application or other matter before any city agency where such appearance or rendition of services is in connection with:
- (i) the purchase, sale, rental or lease of real property, goods or services, or a contract therefor, from, to or with any such agency;
  - (ii) any proceeding relating to ratemaking;
- (iii) the adoption or repeal of any rule or regulation having the force and effect of law;
  - (iv) the obtaining of grants of money or loans;
- (v) licensing. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "licensing" shall mean any city agency activity respecting the grant, denial, renewal, revocation, enforcement, suspension, annulment, withdrawal, recall, cancellation or amendment of a license, permit or other form of permission conferring the right or privilege to engage in (i) a profession, trade, or occupation or (ii) any business or activity regulated by a regulatory agency of a city agency which in the absence of such license, permit or other form of permission would be prohibited; and
  - (vi) any proceeding relating to a franchise.
- (c) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit a statewide elected official, or a state officer or employee, unless otherwise

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prohibited, or a member of the legislature or legislative employee, or political party chairman, from appearing before a state agency in a representative capacity if such appearance in a representative capacity is in connection with a ministerial matter.

- (d) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit a member of the legislature, or a legislative employee on behalf of such member, from participating in or advocating any position in any matter in an official or legislative capacity, including, but not limited to, acting as a public advocate whether or not on behalf of a constituent. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the application of the provisions of section seventy-seven of this chapter.
- (e) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit a state officer or employee from appearing before a state agency in a representative capacity on behalf of an employee organization in any matter where such appearance is duly authorized by an employee organization.
- (f) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit a political party chairman from participating in or advocating any matter in an official capacity.
- (g) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit internal research or discussion of a matter, provided, however, that the time is not charged to the client and the person does not share in the net revenues generated or produced by the matter.
- (h) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit a state officer or employee, unless otherwise prohibited, from appearing or rendering services in relation to a case, proceeding, application or transaction before a state agency, other than the agency in which the officer or employee is employed, when such appearance or rendition of services is made while carrying out official duties as an elected or appointed official, or employee of a local government or one of its agencies.
- S 4. Subdivision 8-b of section 73 of the public officers law, as added by chapter 540 of the laws of 2004, is renumbered subdivision 8-c.
- S 5. Subdivision 10 of section 73 of the public officers law, as amended by section 13 of part A of chapter 399 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 10. Nothing contained in this section, the judiciary law, the educalaw or any other law or disciplinary rule shall be construed or applied to prohibit any firm, association or corporation, in which any present or former statewide elected official, state officer or employee, political party chairman, member of the legislature or legislative employee is a member, associate, retired member, of counsel holder, from appearing, practicing, communicating or otherwise rendering services in relation to any matter before, or transacting business with a state agency, or a city agency with respect to a political chairman in a county wholly included in a city with a population of more than one million, otherwise proscribed by this section, the judiciary law, the education law or any other law or disciplinary rule with legislature or officer or such official, member of the to employee, or political party chairman, where such statewide elected official, state officer or employee, member of the legislature or legisor political party chairman does not share in the net lative employee, revenues, as defined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles by the joint commission on public ethics or by the legislative ethics [committee] COMMISSION in relation to persons subject to their respective jurisdictions, resulting therefrom, or, acting in good faith, reasonably believed that he or she would not share in the net revenues as so defined; nor shall anything contained in this section,

the judiciary law, the education law or any other law or disciplinary rule be construed to prohibit any firm, association or corporation in which any present or former statewide elected official, member of legislature, legislative employee, full-time salaried state officer or employee or state officer or employee who is subject to the provisions section seventy-three-a of this article is a member, associate, retired member, of counsel or shareholder, from appearing, practicing, communicating or otherwise rendering services in relation to any matter before, or transacting business with, the court of claims, where such statewide elected official, member of the legislature, legislative employee, full-time salaried state officer or employee or state officer employee who is subject to the provisions of section seventy-three-a of this article does not share in the net revenues, as defined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles by the joint commission on public ethics or by the legislative ethics [committee] COMMISSION in relation to persons subject to their respective jurisdic-tions, resulting therefrom, or, acting in good faith, reasonably believed that he or she would not share in the net revenues as so defined. 

- S 6. Paragraph 8 of subdivision 3 of section 73-a of the public officers law, as amended by section 37 of subpart A of part H of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, subparagraphs (a), (b) and (c) as amended by section 1 and subparagraphs (b-1) and (b-2) as added by section 2 of part CC of chapter 56 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. (a) If the reporting individual practices law, is licensed by the department of state as a real estate broker or agent or practices a profession licensed by the department of education, or works as a member or employee of a firm required to register pursuant to section one-e of the legislative law as a lobbyist, describe the services rendered for which compensation was paid including a general description of the principal subject areas of matters undertaken by such individual and principal duties performed. Specifically state whether the reporting individual provides services directly to clients. Additionally, if such an individual practices with a firm or corporation and is a partner or shareholder of the firm or corporation, give a general description of principal subject areas of matters undertaken by such firm or corporation.

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(b) APPLICABLE ONLY TO NEW CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS FOR WHOM SERVICES ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TWELVE AND BEFORE DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR FOR NEW MATTERS FOR EXISTING CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS WITH RESPECT TO THOSE SERVICES THAT ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TWELVE AND BEFORE DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN:

If the reporting individual personally provides services to any person or entity, or works as a member or employee of a partnership or corporation that provides such services (referred to hereinafter as a "firm"), then identify each client or customer to whom the reporting individual personally provided services, or who was referred to the firm

by the reporting individual, and from whom the reporting individual or his or her firm earned fees in excess of \$10,000 during the reporting period for such services rendered in direct connection with:

- (i) A contract in an amount totaling \$50,000 or more from the state or any state agency for services, materials, or property;
- (ii) A grant of \$25,000 or more from the state or any state agency during the reporting period;
- (iii) A grant obtained through a legislative initiative during the reporting period; or
- (iv) A case, proceeding, application or other matter that is not a ministerial matter before a state agency during the reporting period.

For purposes of this question, "referred to the firm" shall mean: having intentionally and knowingly taken a specific act or series of acts to intentionally procure for the reporting individual's firm or knowingly solicit or direct to the reporting individual's firm in whole or substantial part, a person or entity that becomes a client of that firm for the purposes of representation for a matter as defined in subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of this paragraph, as the result of such procurement, solicitation or direction of the reporting individual. A reporting individual need not disclose activities performed while lawfully acting pursuant to paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision seven of section seventy-three of this article.

The disclosure requirement in this question shall not require disclosure of clients or customers receiving medical or dental services, mental health services, residential real estate brokering services, or insurance brokering services from the reporting individual or his or her firm. The reporting individual need not identify any client to whom he she or his or her firm provided legal representation with respect to investigation or prosecution by law enforcement authorities, bankruptcy, or domestic relations matters. With respect to clients represented in other matters, where disclosure of a client's identity is likely to cause harm, the reporting individual shall request an exemption from the joint commission pursuant to paragraph [(i)] (I-1) of subdivision nine section ninety-four of the executive law, provided, however, that a reporting individual who first enters public office after July first, two thousand twelve, need not report clients or customers with respect to matters for which the reporting individual or his or her firm was retained prior to entering public office. Cliant Nature of Services Provided

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(b-1) APPLICABLE ONLY TO NEW CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS FOR WHOM SERVICES ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR FOR NEW MATTERS FOR EXISTING CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS WITH RESPECT TO THOSE SERVICES THAT ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN (FOR PURPOSES OF THIS QUESTION, "SERVICES" SHALL MEAN CONSULTATION, REPRESENTATION, ADVICE OR OTHER SERVICES):

If the reporting individual receives income from employment reportable in question 8(a) and personally provides services to any person or entity, or works as a member or employee of a partnership or corporation that provides such services (referred to hereinafter as a "firm"), the reporting individual shall identify each client or customer to whom the

 Client

Matter

reporting individual personally provided services, or who was referred to the firm by the reporting individual, and from whom the reporting individual or his or her firm earned fees in excess of \$10,000 during the reporting period in direct connection with:

- (i) A contract in an amount totaling \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency for services, materials, or property;
- (ii) A grant of \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency during the reporting period;
- (iii) A grant obtained through a legislative initiative during the reporting period; or
- (iv) A case, proceeding, application or other matter that is not a ministerial matter before a state agency during the reporting period.

For such services rendered by the reporting individual directly to each such client, describe each matter that was the subject of such representation, the services actually provided and the payment received. For payments received from clients referred to the firm by the reporting individual, if the reporting individual directly received a referral fee or fees for such referral, identify the client and the payment so received.

For purposes of this question, "referred to the firm" shall mean: having intentionally and knowingly taken a specific act or series of acts to intentionally procure for the reporting individual's firm or having knowingly solicited or directed to the reporting individual's firm in whole or substantial part, a person or entity that becomes a client of that firm for the purposes of representation for a matter as defined in clauses (i) through (iv) of this subparagraph, as the result of such procurement, solicitation or direction of the reporting individual. A reporting individual need not disclose activities performed while lawfully acting in his or her capacity as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision seven of section seventy-three of this article.

			Amount Table I)	

Nature of Services Provided

Category

- (b-2) APPLICABLE ONLY TO NEW CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS FOR WHOM SERVICES ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR FOR NEW MATTERS FOR EXISTING CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS WITH RESPECT TO THOSE SERVICES THAT ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOU-SAND FIFTEEN (FOR PURPOSES OF THIS QUESTION, "SERVICES" SHALL MEAN CONSULTATION, REPRESENTATION, ADVICE OR OTHER SERVICES):
- (i) With respect to reporting individuals who receive ten thousand dollars or more from employment or activity reportable under question 8(a), for each client or customer NOT otherwise disclosed or exempted in question 8 or 13, disclose the name of each client or customer known to the reporting individual to whom the reporting individual provided services: (A) who paid the reporting individual in excess of five thousand dollars for such services; or (B) who had been billed with the knowledge of the reporting individual in excess of five thousand dollars

by the firm or other entity named in question 8(a) for the reporting individual's services.

Actually Provided

Category of Autor

(in Table I) Client Category of Amount

FOLLOWING IS AN ILLUSTRATIVE, NON-EXCLUSIVE LIST OF EXAMPLES OF DESCRIPTIONS OF "SERVICES ACTUALLY PROVIDED":

- \* REVIEWED DOCUMENTS AND CORRESPONDENCE;
- 8 \* REPRESENTED CLIENT (IDENTIFY CLIENT BY NAME) IN LEGAL PROCEEDING;
  - \* PROVIDED LEGAL ADVICE ON CLIENT MATTER (IDENTIFY CLIENT BY NAME);
- 10 \* CONSULTED WITH CLIENT OR CONSULTED WITH LAW PARTNERS/ASSOCIATES/MEMBERS OF FIRM ON CLIENT MATTER (IDENTIFY CLIENT BY NAME); 11
  - \* PREPARED CERTIFIED FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CLIENT (IDENTIFY CLIENT BY
  - \* REFERRED INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY (IDENTIFY CLIENT BY NAME) FOR REPRESENTATION OR CONSULTATION;
    - \* COMMERCIAL BROKERING SERVICES (IDENTIFY CUSTOMER BY NAME);
- 17 \* PREPARED CERTIFIED ARCHITECTURAL OR ENGINEERING RENDERINGS FOR CLIENT (IDENTIFY CUSTOMER BY NAME);
- 19 \* COURT APPOINTED GUARDIAN OR EVALUATOR (IDENTIFY COURT NOT CLIENT).
  - (ii) With respect to reporting individuals who disclosed in question 8(a) that the reporting individual did not provide services to a client but provided services to a firm or business, identify the category of amount received for providing such services and describe the services rendered.
- SERVICES ACTUALLY PROVIDED 25

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CATEGORY OF AMOUNT (TABLE I)

A reporting individual need not disclose activities performed while 26 27 lawfully acting in his or her capacity as provided in paragraphs (c), 28 (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision seven of section seventy-three of this 29 article.

30 The disclosure requirement in questions (b-1) and (b-2) shall not 31 require disclosing clients or customers receiving medical, pharmaceutical or dental services, mental health services, or residential real 32 estate brokering services from the reporting individual or his or her firm or if federal law prohibits or limits disclosure. The reporting 33 34 individual need not identify any client to whom he or she or his or her 36 firm provided legal representation with respect to investigation or prosecution by law enforcement authorities, bankruptcy, family court, 37 estate planning, or domestic relations matters, nor shall the reporting 38 39 individual identify individuals represented pursuant to an insurance policy but the reporting individual shall in such circumstances only report the entity that provides compensation to the reporting individ-40 41 42 ual; with respect to matters in which the client's name is required by law to be kept confidential (such as matters governed by the family 43 court act) or in matters in which the reporting individual represents or provides services to minors, the client's name may be replaced with initials. To the extent that the reporting individual, or his or her firm, provided legal representation with respect to an initial public 47

offering, and professional disciplinary rules, federal law or regulations restrict the disclosure of information relating to such work, the reporting individual shall (i) disclose the identity of the client and the services provided relating to the initial public offering to the office of court administration, who will maintain such information confidentially in a locked box; and (ii) include in his or her response questions (b-1) and (b-2) that pursuant to this paragraph, a disclo-sure to the office of court administration has been made. Upon such time that the disclosure of information maintained in the locked box is no longer restricted by professional disciplinary rules, federal law or regulation, the reporting individual shall disclose such information in amended disclosure statement in response to the disclosure require-ments in questions (b-1) and (b-2). The office of court administration shall develop and maintain a secure portal through which information submitted to it pursuant to this paragraph can be safely and confiden-tially stored. With respect to clients represented in other matters not otherwise exempt, the reporting individual may request an exemption to publicly disclosing the name of that client from the joint commission pursuant to paragraph [(i)] (I-1) of subdivision nine of section ninethe executive law, or from the office of court adminis-ty-four of tration. In such application, the reporting individual shall "My client is not currently receiving my services or seeking my services in connection with: 

- (i) A proposed bill or resolution in the senate or assembly during the reporting period;
- (ii) A contract in an amount totaling \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency for services, materials, or property;
- (iii) A grant of \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency during the reporting period;
- (iv) A grant obtained through a legislative initiative during the reporting period; or
- (v) A case, proceeding, application or other matter that is not a ministerial matter before a state agency during the reporting period."

In reviewing the request for an exemption, the joint commission or the office of court administration may consult with bar or other professional associations and the legislative ethics commission for individuals subject to its jurisdiction and may consider the rules of professional conduct. In making its determination, the joint commission or the office of court administration shall conduct its own inquiry and shall consider factors including, but not limited to: (i) the nature and the size of the client; (ii) whether the client has any business before the state; and if so, how significant the business is; and whether the client has any particularized interest in pending legislation and if so how significant the interest is; (iii) whether disclosure may reveal trade secrets; (iv) whether disclosure could reasonably result in retaliation against the client; (v) whether disclosure may cause undue harm to the client; (vi) whether disclosure may result in undue harm to the attorney-client relationship; and (vii) whether disclosure may result in an unnecessary invasion of privacy to the client.

The joint commission or, as the case may be, the office of court administration shall promptly make a final determination in response to such request, which shall include an explanation for its determination. The office of court administration shall issue its final determination within three days of receiving the request. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any professional disciplinary rule to the contrary, the disclosure of the identity of any client or customer in response to

this question shall not constitute professional misconduct or a ground for disciplinary action of any kind, or form the basis for any civil or criminal cause of action or proceeding. A reporting individual who first enters public office after January first, two thousand sixteen, need not report clients or customers with respect to matters for which the reporting individual or his or her firm was retained prior to entering public office.

[Client Services Category of Amount Actually Provided (in Table I)

(c) APPLICABLE ONLY TO NEW CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS FOR WHOM SERVICES ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR FOR NEW MATTERS FOR EXISTING CLIENTS OR CUSTOMERS WITH RESPECT TO THOSE SERVICES THAT ARE PROVIDED ON OR AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOU-

SAND FIFTEEN:

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If the reporting individual receives income of ten thousand dollars or greater from any employment or activity reportable under question 8(a), identify each registered lobbyist who has directly referred to such individual a client who was successfully referred to the reporting individual's business and from whom the reporting individual or firm received a fee for services in excess of five thousand dollars. Report only those referrals that were made to a reporting individual by direct communication from a person known to such reporting individual to be a registered lobbyist at the time the referral is made. With respect to each such referral, the reporting individual shall identify the client, the registered lobbyist who has made the referral, the category of value of the compensation received and a general description of the type of matter so referred. A reporting individual need not disclose activities performed while lawfully acting pursuant to paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) of subdivision seven of section seventy-three of this article. The disclosure requirements in this question shall not require disclosing clients or customers receiving medical, pharmaceutical or dental services, mental health services, or residential real estate brokering services from the reporting individual or his or her firm or if federal law prohibits or limits disclosure. The reporting individual need not identify any client to whom he or she or his or her firm provided legal representation with respect to investigation or prosecution by law enforcement authorities, bankruptcy, family court, estate planning, or domestic relations matters, nor shall the reporting individual identify individuals represented pursuant to an insurance policy but the reporting individual shall in such circumstances only report the entity that provides compensation to the reporting individual; with respect to matters in which the client's name is required by law to be kept confidential (such as matters governed by the family court act) or in matters in which the reporting individual represents or provides services to minors, the client's name may be replaced with initials. To the extent that the reporting individual, or his or her firm, provided legal representation with respect to an initial public offering, and federal law or regulations restricts the disclosure of information relating to such work, the reporting individual shall (i) disclose the identity of the client and the services provided relating to the initial public offering to the office of court administration, who will maintain such informa-

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tion confidentially in a locked box; and (ii) include in his or her response a statement that pursuant to this paragraph, a disclosure to 3 office of court administration has been made. Upon such time that disclosure of information maintained in the locked box is no longer 5 restricted by federal law or regulation, the reporting individual 6 disclose such information in an amended disclosure statement in response 7 the disclosure requirements of this paragraph. The office of court 8 administration shall develop and maintain a secure portal through which 9 information submitted to it pursuant to this paragraph can be safely and 10 confidentially stored. With respect to clients represented in other 11 matters not otherwise exempt, the reporting individual may request an 12 exemption to publicly disclosing the name of that client from the joint 13 commission pursuant to paragraph [(i)] (I-1) of subdivision nine of 14 section ninety-four of the executive law, or from the office of court 15 administration. In such application, the reporting individual state the following: "My client is not currently receiving my services 16 17 or seeking my services in connection with: 18

- (i) A proposed bill or resolution in the senate or assembly during the reporting period;
- (ii) A contract in an amount totaling \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency for services, materials, or property;
- (iii) A grant of \$10,000 or more from the state or any state agency during the reporting period;
- (iv) A grant obtained through a legislative initiative during the reporting period; or
- (v) A case, proceeding, application or other matter that is not a ministerial matter before a state agency during the reporting period."

In reviewing the request for an exemption, the joint commission or the office of court administration may consult with bar or other professional associations and the legislative ethics commission for individuals subject to its jurisdiction and may consider the rules of professional conduct. In making its determination, the joint commission or the court administration shall conduct its own inquiry and shall consider factors including, but not limited to: (i) the nature and the size of the client; (ii) whether the client has any business before the state; and if so, how significant the business is; and whether client has any particularized interest in pending legislation and if so how significant the interest is; (iii) whether disclosure may reveal trade secrets; (iv) whether disclosure could reasonably result in retaliation against the client; (v) whether disclosure may cause undue harm to the client; (vi) whether disclosure may result in undue harm to the attorney-client relationship; and (vii) whether disclosure may result in an unnecessary invasion of privacy to the client.

The joint commission or, as the case may be, the office of court administration shall promptly make a final determination in response to such request, which shall include an explanation for its determination. The office of court administration shall issue its final determination within three days of receiving the request. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any professional disciplinary rule to the contrary, the disclosure of the identity of any client or customer in response to this question shall not constitute professional misconduct or a ground for disciplinary action of any kind, or form the basis for any civil or criminal cause of action or proceeding. A reporting individual who first enters public office after December thirty-first, two thousand fifteen, need not report clients or customers with respect to matters for which

	ing public of	-	or his or	ner lirm was	retained prior to ent	.er-
	Client	Name of Lob	byist	DESCRIPTION OF MATTER	Category of Amount (in Table 1)	
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- (d) List the name, principal address and general description or the nature of the business activity of any entity in which the reporting individual or such individual's spouse had an investment in excess of \$1,000 excluding investments in securities and interests in real property.
- S 7. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 74 of the public officers law, as amended by chapter 1012 of the laws of 1965, paragraph d of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 1 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. Rule with respect to conflicts of interest. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should have any interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in any business or transaction or professional activity or incur any obligation of any nature, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his OR HER duties in the public interest.
  - 3. Standards.

- a. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should accept other employment which will impair his OR HER independence of judgment in the exercise of his OR HER official duties.
- b. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity which will require him OR HER to disclose confidential information which he OR SHE has gained by reason of his OR HER official position or authority.
- c. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should disclose confidential information acquired by him OR HER in the course of his OR HER official duties nor use such information to further his OR HER personal interests.
- d. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should use or attempt to use his or her official position to secure unwarranted privileges or exemptions for himself or herself or others, including but not limited to, the misappropriation to himself, herself or to others of the property, services or other resources of the state for private business or other compensated non-governmental purposes.
- e. No officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should engage in any transaction as representative or agent of the state with any business entity in which he OR SHE has a direct or indirect financial interest that might reasonably tend to conflict with the proper discharge of his OR HER official duties.
- f. An officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should not by his OR HER conduct give reasonable basis for the impression that any person can improperly influence him OR HER or unduly enjoy his OR HER favor in the performance of his OR HER

official duties, or that he OR SHE is affected by the kinship, rank, position or influence of any party or person.

- g. An officer or employee of a state agency should abstain from making personnel investments in enterprises which he OR SHE has reason to believe may be directly involved in decisions to be made by him OR HER or which will otherwise create substantial conflict between his OR HER duty in the public interest and his OR HER private interest.
- h. An officer or employee of a state agency, member of the legislature or legislative employee should endeavor to pursue a course of conduct which will not raise suspicion among the public that he OR SHE is likely to be engaged in acts that are in violation of his OR HER trust.
- i. No officer or employee of a state agency employed on a full-time basis nor any firm or association of which such an officer or employee is a member nor corporation a substantial portion of the stock of which is owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officer or employee, should sell goods or services to any person, firm, corporation or association which is licensed or whose rates are fixed by the state agency in which such officer or employee serves or is employed.
- 19 S 8. This act shall take effect immediately; and shall apply to annual 20 statements of financial disclosure filed for calendar years commencing 21 on or after January 1, 2017.
  - S 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 31 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 32 the applicable effective date of Parts A through K of this act shall be 33 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.