S T A T E O F N E W Y O R K

5028--A

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

I N S E N A T E

May 6, 2013

Introduced by Sens. YOUNG, BOYLE, LATIMER, MARCHIONE, RANZENHOFER, SEWARD, TKACZYK -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Transportation -- recommitted to the Committee on Transportation in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the vehicle and traffic law and the education law, in relation to authorizing the installation and use of safety cameras on school buses for the purpose of monitoring overtaking and passing of school bus violations; to amend the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to owner liability for an operator illegally overtaking or passing a school bus; and to amend the penal law, in relation to assault in the third degree and criminally negligent homicide

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "school bus camera safety act".

S 2. Section 375 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new subdivision 21-j to read as follows:

21-J. SCHOOL BUSES OWNED OR CONTRACTED FOR BY A SCHOOL DISTRICT WHICH HAS ADOPTED A RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR THE INSTALLATION OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR-A OF THIS CHAPTER, MAY BE EQUIPPED WITH AND OPERATE SUCH CAMERAS. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS.

S 3. The vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new section 1174-a to read as follows:

S 1174-A. OWNER LIABILITY FOR OPERATOR ILLEGALLY OVERTAKING OR PASSING A SCHOOL BUS. (A) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:

1. "SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERA" MEANS AN AUTOMATED PHOTO MONITORING DEVICE AFFIXED TO A SCHOOL BUS AND DESIGNED TO DETECT AND STORE AN IMAGE

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

LBD10771-03-4

OF MOTOR VEHICLES WHICH OVERTAKE OR PASS SCHOOL BUSES IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE.

2. "OWNER" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING PROVIDED IN ARTICLE TWO-B OF THIS CHAPTER.

(B) 1. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OR OF TRUSTEES OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED AND EMPOWERED TO ADOPT A RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR THE INSTALLATION AND OPERATION OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS UPON SCHOOL BUSES OPERATED BY OR CONTRACTED WITH SUCH DISTRICT, AND PROVIDING FOR THE FORWARDING OF IMAGES FROM SUCH CAMERAS TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION IN THE AREA IN WHICH SUCH SCHOOL BUSES OPERATE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPOSING MONETARY LIABILITY ON THE OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE FOR ILLEGALLY OVERTAKING OR PASSING A SCHOOL BUS IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE.

2. THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OR OF TRUSTEES OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY, FURTHERMORE, ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH A PRIVATE VENDOR FOR THE INSTALLATION, OPERATION, NOTICE PROCESSING AND ADMINISTRATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS ON BUSES WITHIN SUCH DISTRICT'S FLEET, WHETHER OWNED OR LEASED.

3. SUCH SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS SHALL UTILIZE NECESSARY TECHNOLOGIES TO ENSURE, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, THAT PHOTOGRAPHS PRODUCED BY SUCH CAMERAS SHALL NOT INCLUDE IMAGES THAT IDENTIFY THE DRIVER, THE PASSENGERS OR THE CONTENTS OF THE VEHICLE; SHALL ONLY PRODUCE A PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGE OF THE FRONT OR REAR REGISTRATION NUMBER PLATE OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE; AND SHALL ONLY PRODUCE A PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGE OF A VEHICLE WHICH PASSES OR OVERTAKES THE SCHOOL BUS, IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE, WHILE THE SCHOOL BUS IS AT A FULL STOP AND THE RED VISUAL SIGNAL, AS SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY OF SECTION THREE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER, IS BEING OPERATED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE DISMISSED SOLELY BECAUSE A PHOTOGRAPH OR PHOTOGRAPHS ALLOW FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF THE CONTENTS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE.

4. SUCH A SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY ENTER INTO AN INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT WITH A LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITY TO OFFSET THE EXPENSES RELATING TO THE ONGOING OPERATION OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS AND THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

(C) IN ANY SCHOOL DISTRICT IN WHICH SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS ARE INSTALLED AND OPERATED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, UPON ISSUANCE OF A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION BY A POLICE OFFICER, SHALL BE LIABLE FOR A CIVIL PENALTY EQUAL TO THE FINES ESTABLISHED IN SUBDIVISION (C) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE IF SUCH VEHICLE WAS USED OR OPERATED WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE OWNER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SUCH SECTION, AND SUCH VIOLATION IS EVIDENCED BY INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM A SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERA; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO OWNER OF A VEHICLE SHALL BE LIABLE FOR A PENALTY IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION WHERE THE OPERATOR OF SUCH VEHICLE HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF THE UNDERLYING VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE NET PROCEEDS OF ANY PENALTY, AFTER THE EXPENSES OF ADMINISTRATION, COLLECTED BY A TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS BUREAU OR COURT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE EXPENDED FOR PROGRAMS RELATED TO IMPROVING PUBLIC SAFETY AND/OR SCHOOL DISTRICT SAFETY IN THE MUNICIPALITY IN WHICH THE VIOLATION OCCURRED.

(D) AFTER A SCHOOL DISTRICT FORWARDS THE IMAGES FROM ITS SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, A POLICE OFFICER SHALL

INSPECT SUCH IMAGES TO DETERMINE WHETHER A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE WAS COMMITTED. IF SUCH POLICE OFFICER FINDS THAT SUCH A VIOLATION OCCURRED, HE OR SHE SHALL ISSUE A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION ALLEGING THE VIOLATION, AND SUCH INFORMATION WITH A COPY OF THE PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGE OF THE VIOLATION SHALL BE MAILED TO THE OWNER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE BY FIRST CLASS MAIL WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION. THE IMAGES PRODUCED BY A SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERA SHALL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF THE FACTS CONTAINED THEREIN. ALL PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES OF MOTOR VEHICLES WHICH DO NOT DEPICT OR RESULT IN LIABILITY FOR VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE DESTROYED BY THE APPROPRIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY WITHIN TWO DAYS.

(E) AN IMPOSITION OF LIABILITY PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A CONVICTION AS AN OPERATOR AND SHALL NOT BE MADE PART OF THE OPERATING RECORD OF THE PERSON UPON WHOM SUCH LIABILITY IS IMPOSED NOR SHALL IT BE USED FOR INSURANCE PURPOSES IN THE PROVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE COVERAGE.

(F) 1. A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION AND THE PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGE OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION SHALL BE SENT BY FIRST CLASS MAIL TO EACH PERSON ALLEGED TO BE LIABLE AS AN OWNER FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. PERSONAL DELIVERY ON THE OWNER SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED. A MANUAL OR AUTOMATIC RECORD OF MAILING PREPARED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF BUSINESS SHALL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF THE FACTS CONTAINED THEREIN.

2. A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION SHALL CONTAIN THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ALLEGED TO BE LIABLE AS AN OWNER FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE REGISTRATION NUMBER OF THE VEHICLE INVOLVED IN SUCH VIOLATION, THE LOCATION WHERE SUCH VIOLATION TOOK PLACE, THE DATE AND TIME OF SUCH VIOLATION AND THE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF THE SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERA WHICH RECORDED THE VIOLATION OR OTHER DOCUMENT LOCATOR NUMBER.

3. THE SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION SHALL CONTAIN INFORMATION ADVISING THE PERSON CHARGED OF THE MANNER, THE TIME, THE PLACE AND THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE BODY IN WHICH HE OR SHE MAY CONTEST THE LIABILITY ALLEGED IN THE SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION. SUCH SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION SHALL ALSO CONTAIN A WARNING TO ADVISE THE PERSONS CHARGED THAT FAILURE TO ANSWER IN THE MANNER AND TIME PROVIDED SHALL BE DEEMED AN ADMISSION OF LIABILITY AND THAT HE OR SHE SHALL BE LIABLE FOR FAILURE TO RESPOND TO A SUMMONS.

(G) ADJUDICATION OF THE LIABILITY IMPOSED UPON OWNERS BY THIS SECTION SHALL BE BY A TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS BUREAU ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION THREE HUNDRED SEVENTY OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW OR, IF THERE BE NONE, BY THE COURT HAVING JURISDICTION OVER TRAFFIC INFRACTIONS.

(H) IF AN OWNER RECEIVES A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION FOR ANY TIME PERIOD DURING WHICH THE VEHICLE WAS REPORTED TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AS HAVING BEEN STOLEN, IT SHALL BE A VALID DEFENSE TO AN ALLEGATION OF LIABILITY FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION THAT THE VEHICLE HAD BEEN REPORTED TO THE POLICE AS STOLEN PRIOR TO THE TIME THE VIOLATION OCCURRED AND HAD NOT BEEN RECOVERED BY SUCH TIME. FOR PURPOSES OF ASSERTING THE DEFENSE PROVIDED BY THIS SUBDIVISION IT SHALL BE SUFFICIENT THAT A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE POLICE REPORT ON THE STOLEN VEHICLE BE SENT BY FIRST CLASS MAIL TO THE TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS BUREAU, COURT HAVING JURISDICTION OR PARKING VIOLATIONS BUREAU.

(I) AN OWNER WHO IS A LESSOR OF A VEHICLE TO WHICH A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION WAS ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR THE VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED THAT HE OR SHE SENDS TO THE COURT HAVING JURISDICTION A COPY OF THE RENTAL, LEASE OR OTHER SUCH CONTRACT DOCUMENT COVERING SUCH VEHICLE ON THE DATE OF THE VIOLATION, WITH THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE LESSEE CLEARLY LEGIBLE, WITHIN THIRTY-SEVEN DAYS AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE FROM THE COURT OF THE DATE AND TIME OF SUCH VIOLATION, TOGETHER WITH THE OTHER INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE ORIGINAL SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION. FAILURE TO SEND SUCH INFORMATION WITHIN SUCH THIRTY-SEVEN DAY TIME PERIOD SHALL RENDER THE OWNER LIABLE FOR THE PENALTY PRESCRIBED BY THIS SECTION. WHERE THE LESSOR COMPLIES WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE LESSEE OF SUCH VEHICLE ON THE DATE OF SUCH VIOLATION SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE OWNER OF SUCH VEHICLE FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO LIABILITY FOR THE VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SHALL BE SENT A SIMPLIFIED TRAFFIC INFORMATION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

(J) IF THE OWNER LIABLE FOR A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION WAS NOT THE OPERATOR OF THE VEHICLE AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION, THE OWNER MAY MAINTAIN AN ACTION FOR INDEMNIFICATION AGAINST THE OPERATOR.

(K) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT THE LIABILITY OF AN OPERATOR OF A VEHICLE FOR ANY VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE.

(L) THE SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS INSTALLED AND OPERATED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE USED SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSES OF CARRYING OUT PHOTO-MONITORING OF VIOLATIONS OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE.

S 4. Section 3621 of the education law is amended by adding a new subdivision 16 to read as follows:

16. "SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERA" SHALL MEAN AN AUTOMATED PHOTO MONITORING DEVICE AUTHORIZED TO BE INSTALLED AND OPERATED IN A SCHOOL BUS PURSUANT TO SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

S 5. Paragraph c of subdivision 2 of section 3623-a of the education law, as amended by chapter 453 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

c. The purchase of equipment deemed a proper school district expense, including: (i) the purchase of two-way radios to be used on old and new school buses, (ii) the purchase of stop-arms, to be used on old and new school buses, (iii) the purchase and installation of seat safety belts on school buses in accordance with the provisions of section thirty-six hundred thirty-five-a of this article, (iv) the purchase of school bus back up beepers, (v) the purchase of school bus front crossing arms, (vi) the purchase of school bus safety sensor devices, (vii) the purchase and installation of exterior reflective marking on school buses, (viii) the purchase of automatic engine fire extinguishing systems for school buses used to transport students who use wheelchairs or other assistive mobility devices, (IX) THE PURCHASE OF SCHOOL BUS SAFETY CAMERAS, and [(ix)] (X) the purchase of other equipment as prescribed in the regulations of the commissioner; and

S 6. Subdivision 3 and paragraph a of subdivision 4 of section 227 of the vehicle and traffic law, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 337 of the laws of 1970 and renumbered by chapter 288 of the laws of 1989 and

paragraph a of subdivision 4 as amended by section 7 of part J of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

3. After due consideration of the evidence and arguments offered in a contested case, the hearing officer shall determine whether the charges have been established. IN THE CASE OF AN OWNER CHARGED AS SUCH PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, IT SHALL BE A COMPLETE DEFENSE TO SUCH CHARGE THAT A VEHICLE ALLEGED TO BE IN VIOLATION WAS OPERATED WITHOUT THE PERMISSION OF SUCH OWNER OR HIS OR HER AGENT AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF LACK OF PERMISSION SHALL RESULT IN AN ORDER DISMISSING SUCH CHARGE AGAINST SUCH OWNER. Where the charges have not been established, an order dismissing the charges shall be entered. Where a determination is made that a charge has been established, either in a contested case or in an uncontested case where there is an appearance before a hearing officer, or if an answer admitting the charge otherwise has been received, an appropriate order shall be entered in the department's records.

a. An order entered upon the failure to answer or appear or after the receipt of an answer admitting the charge or where a determination is made that the charge has been established shall be civil in nature, but shall be treated as a conviction for the purposes of this chapter. The commissioner or his OR HER designee may include in such order an imposition of any penalty authorized by any provision of this chapter for a conviction of such violation, except that no penalty [therefore] THEREFOR shall include imprisonment, nor, if monetary, exceed the amount of the fine which could have been imposed had the charge been heard by a court. The driver's license or privileges, or, if the charge involves a violation of section three hundred eighty-five or section four hundred one of this chapter by a registrant who was not the operator of the vehicle, the registration of such vehicle or privilege of operation of any motor vehicle owned by such registrant may be suspended pending the payment of any penalty so imposed; HOWEVER, IN THE CASE OF AN OWNER CHARGED AS SUCH PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, HIS OR HER DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE SHALL NOT BE AFFECTED BY SUCH ORDER OR DETERMINATION OTHER THAN AS SUSPENSION THEREOF FOR FAILURE TO APPEAR OR PAY AS SET FORTH IN THIS ARTICLE, NOR SHALL A CONVICTION HEREUNDER OF SUCH OWNER AS SUCH RESULT IN DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS AFFECTING HIS OR HER DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE. Any suspension issued pursuant to this paragraph shall be subject to the provisions of paragraph (j-1) of subdivision two of section five hundred three of this chapter.

S 7. Paragraph k of subdivision 3 of section 510 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 124 of the laws of 1992, is amended and a new paragraph l is added to read as follows:

k. for a period of up to ninety days because of the conviction of the holder of the offenses of menacing as defined in section 120.15 of the penal law, where such offense was committed against a traffic enforcement agent employed by the city of New York or the city of Buffalo while such agent was enforcing or attempting to enforce the traffic regulations of such city[.];

L. FOR A PERIOD OF UP TO SIXTY DAYS FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER.

S 8. Section 120.00 of the penal law is amended to read as follows:

S 120.00 Assault in the third degree.

A person is guilty of assault in the third degree when:

1. With intent to cause physical injury to another person, he OR SHE causes such injury to such person or to a third person; or

2. He OR SHE recklessly causes physical injury to another person; or

3. With criminal negligence, he OR SHE causes physical injury to another person by means of a deadly weapon or a dangerous instrument[.]; OR

4. HE OR SHE CAUSES PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON WHILE OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

Assault in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor.

S 9. Section 125.10 of the penal law is amended to read as follows:

S 125.10 Criminally negligent homicide.

A person is guilty of criminally negligent homicide when[, with]:

1. WITH criminal negligence, he OR SHE causes the death of another person[.]; OR

2. HE OR SHE CAUSES THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON WHILE OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

Criminally negligent homicide is a class E felony.

S 10. The vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new section 223-a to read as follows:

S 223-A. SCHOOL BUS SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAM. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE GOVERNOR'S TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE, THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND TRANSPORTATION, THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE, AND THE STATE COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL BUS DRIVER SAFETY TRAINING COUNCIL, DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT A PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAM TO EDUCATE MOTORISTS UPON THE DANGERS OF PASSING OR OVERTAKING A SCHOOL BUS IN VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF SUCH INCIDENTS, AND TO PROMOTE SCHOOL BUS SAFETY.

S 11. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law; except that sections four, five and ten of this act shall take effect on the first of April next succeeding the effective date of this act.