

2397

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

I N S E N A T E

January 17, 2013

Introduced by Sen. HOYLMAN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, the education law and the labor law, in relation to prohibiting participation in torture and improper treatment of prisoners by health care professionals

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Legislative policy and intent. This legislation is based
2 on, and is intended to give effect to, international treaties and stand-
3 ards; federal, state and local law; and professional standards relating
4 to torture, improper treatment of prisoners, and related matters. It is
5 guided by two basic principles: (1) health care professionals shall be
6 dedicated to providing the highest standard of health care, with
7 compassion and respect for human dignity and rights; and (2) torture and
8 improper treatment of prisoners are wrong and inconsistent with the
9 practice of the health care professions. The legislature finds that the
10 conduct prohibited by this act violates the ethical and legal obli-
11 gations of licensed health care professionals. This legislation will
12 further protect the professionalism of New York state licensed health
13 care professionals by authorizing and obligating them to refuse to
14 participate in torture and improper treatment of prisoners, which in
15 turn will protect the life and health of the people of the state and
16 those with whom New York licensed health care professionals interact. A
17 health care professional who comes to the aid of a prisoner should not
18 be presumed to be in violation when she or he is fulfilling the ethical
19 principle of beneficence. In contrast, a health care professional who,
20 for example, attends to a prisoner in order to allow torture or improper
21 treatment to commence or continue is not acting beneficently. Such
22 practices are inconsistent with professional ethics and standards and
23 are violations of this legislation. The legislature is mindful that
24 ordinarily there are limits on New York state's jurisdiction relating to
25 conduct outside the state or under federal authority. However, it is
26 proper for the state to regulate health care professional licensure in
27 relation to a professional's conduct, even where the conduct occurs

EXPLANATION--Matter in *ITALICS* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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1 outside the state; certain wrongful out-of-state conduct is already
2 grounds for professional discipline. Therefore, it is the legislature's
3 intent that this legislation be applied to the fullest extent possible.

4 S 2. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 23 to
5 read as follows:

6 S 23. PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY
7 HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS. 1. DEFINITIONS. AS USED IN THIS SECTION, THE
8 TERMS "TORTURE" AND "IMPROPER TREATMENT" SHALL BE INTERPRETED IN ACCORD-
9 ANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW, INCLUDING INTERNATIONAL TREATIES TO WHICH THE
10 UNITED STATES IS A PARTY. HOWEVER, FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, IT
11 SHALL NOT BE AN ELEMENT OF EITHER "TORTURE" OR "IMPROPER TREATMENT" THAT
12 SUCH ACTS BE COMMITTED BY A GOVERNMENT OR NON-GOVERNMENT ACTOR, ENTITY,
13 OR OFFICIAL; UNDER COLOR OF LAW; OR NOT UNDER COLOR OF LAW. AS USED IN
14 THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT CLEARLY REQUIRES OTHERWISE, THE FOLLOW-
15 ING TERMS HAVE THE FOLLOWING MEANINGS:

16 (A) "HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL" MEANS ANY PERSON LICENSED, REGISTERED,
17 CERTIFIED, OR EXEMPT TO PRACTICE UNDER (I) ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES
18 OF THE EDUCATION LAW: ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE (MEDICINE), ONE HUNDRED
19 THIRTY-ONE-B (PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS), ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE-C (SPECIAL-
20 IST ASSISTANTS), ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-TWO (CHIROPRACTIC), ONE HUNDRED
21 THIRTY-THREE (DENTISTRY AND DENTAL HYGIENE), ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-SIX
22 (PHYSICAL THERAPY AND PHYSICAL THERAPIST ASSISTANTS), ONE HUNDRED THIR-
23 TY-SEVEN (PHARMACY), ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-NINE (NURSING), ONE HUNDRED
24 FORTY (PROFESSIONAL MIDWIFERY PRACTICE ACT), ONE HUNDRED FORTY-ONE
25 (PODIATRY), ONE HUNDRED FORTY-THREE (OPTOMETRY), ONE HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR
26 (OPHTHALMIC DISPENSING), ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-THREE (PSYCHOLOGY), ONE
27 HUNDRED FIFTY-FOUR (SOCIAL WORK), ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE (MASSAGE THERA-
28 PY), ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SIX (OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY), ONE HUNDRED
29 FIFTY-SEVEN (DIETETICS AND NUTRITION), ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE
30 (SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS AND AUDIOLOGISTS), ONE HUNDRED SIXTY
31 (ACUPUNCTURE), ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-THREE (MENTAL HEALTH PRACTITIONERS),
32 ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR (RESPIRATORY THERAPISTS AND RESPIRATORY THERAPY
33 TECHNICIANS), ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE (CLINICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY
34 PRACTICE ACT), OR ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SIX (MEDICAL PHYSICS PRACTICE), OR
35 (II) ARTICLE THIRTY-FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER (PRACTICE OF RADIOLOGIC TECH-
36 NOLOGY).

37 (B) "TORTURE" MEANS ANY INTENTIONAL ACT OR INTENTIONAL OMISSION BY
38 WHICH SEVERE PAIN OR SUFFERING, WHETHER PHYSICAL OR MENTAL, IS INFLICTED
39 ON A PERSON FOR SUCH PURPOSES AS OBTAINING FROM THE PERSON OR FROM A
40 THIRD PERSON INFORMATION OR A CONFESSION, PUNISHING THE PERSON FOR AN
41 ACT THE PERSON OR A THIRD PERSON HAS COMMITTED (INCLUDING THE HOLDING OF
42 A BELIEF OR MEMBERSHIP IN ANY GROUP) OR IS SUSPECTED OF HAVING COMMIT-
43 TED, OR INTIMIDATING OR COERCING THE PERSON OR A THIRD PERSON, OR FOR
44 ANY REASON BASED ON DISCRIMINATION OF ANY KIND. IT DOES NOT INCLUDE
45 PAIN OR SUFFERING ARISING ONLY FROM, INHERENT IN OR INCIDENTAL TO LAWFUL
46 SANCTION.

47 (C) "IMPROPER TREATMENT" MEANS (I) CRUEL, INHUMAN OR DEGRADING, TREAT-
48 MENT OR PUNISHMENT AS DEFINED BY APPLICABLE INTERNATIONAL TREATIES AND
49 THEIR CORRESPONDING INTERPRETING BODIES; OR CRUEL AND UNUSUAL PUNISHMENT
50 AS DEFINED IN THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION OR THE NEW YORK STATE
51 CONSTITUTION; OR (II) ANY VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION THREE OR FOUR OF THIS
52 SECTION.

53 (D) "PRISONER" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO IS SUBJECT TO PUNISHMENT,
54 DETENTION, INCARCERATION, INTERROGATION, INTIMIDATION OR COERCION,
55 REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH ACTION IS PERFORMED OR COMMITTED BY A GOVERN-

MENT OR NON-GOVERNMENT ACTOR, ENTITY, OR OFFICIAL; UNDER COLOR OF LAW; OR NOT UNDER COLOR OF LAW.

(E) TO "ADVERSELY AFFECT" A PERSON'S PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH OR CONDITION DOES NOT INCLUDE CAUSING ADVERSE EFFECTS THAT MAY ARISE FROM TREATMENT OR CARE WHEN THAT TREATMENT OR CARE IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY APPLICABLE LEGAL, HEALTH AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS AND FOR THE PURPOSES OF EVALUATING, TREATING, PROTECTING OR IMPROVING THE PERSON'S HEALTH.

(F) "INTERROGATION" MEANS THE QUESTIONING RELATED TO LAW ENFORCEMENT, THE ENFORCEMENT OF RULES OR REGULATIONS OF AN INSTITUTION IN WHICH PEOPLE ARE DETAINED THROUGH THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM OR FOR MILITARY OR NATIONAL SECURITY REASONS (SUCH AS A JAIL OR OTHER DETENTION FACILITY, POLICE FACILITY, PRISON, IMMIGRATION FACILITY, OR MILITARY FACILITY) OR TO MILITARY AND NATIONAL SECURITY INTELLIGENCE GATHERING, WHETHER BY A GOVERNMENT OR NON-GOVERNMENT ACTOR, ENTITY OR OFFICIAL. "INTERROGATION" SHALL ALSO INCLUDE QUESTIONING TO AID OR ACCOMPLISH ANY ILLEGAL ACTIVITY OR PURPOSE, WHETHER BY A GOVERNMENT OR NON-GOVERNMENT ACTOR, ENTITY OR OFFICIAL. INTERROGATIONS ARE DISTINCT FROM QUESTIONING USED BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS TO ASSESS THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION OF AN INDIVIDUAL.

2. KNOWLEDGE. IT SHALL BE AN ELEMENT OF ANY VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION THAT THE ACTOR KNEW OR REASONABLY SHOULD HAVE KNOWN THAT HIS OR HER CONDUCT IS OF THE KIND PROHIBITED UNDER THIS SECTION. A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL WHO RECEIVES INFORMATION THAT INDICATES THAT A PRISONER AS DEFINED BY THIS SECTION IS BEING, MAY IN THE FUTURE BE, OR HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT, MUST USE DUE DILIGENCE, IN ORDER TO ASSESS THE NATURE OF HIS OR HER CONDUCT AS COVERED BY THIS SECTION.

3. GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS. (A) EVERY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHALL PROVIDE EVERY PRISONER UNDER HIS OR HER PROFESSIONAL CARE WITH CARE OR TREATMENT CONSISTENT WITH GENERALLY APPLICABLE LEGAL, HEALTH AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS TO THE EXTENT THAT HE OR SHE IS REASONABLY ABLE TO DO SO UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, INCLUDING PROTECTING THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF PATIENT INFORMATION.

(B) IN ALL CLINICAL ASSESSMENTS RELATING TO A PRISONER, WHETHER FOR THERAPEUTIC OR EVALUATIVE PURPOSES, HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS SHALL EXERCISE THEIR PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT INDEPENDENT OF THE INTERESTS OF A GOVERNMENT OR OTHER THIRD PARTY.

4. CERTAIN CONDUCT OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS PROHIBITED. (A) NO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHALL APPLY HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE OR SKILLS IN RELATION TO, ENGAGE IN ANY PROFESSIONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH, OR PERFORM PROFESSIONAL SERVICES IN RELATION TO ANY PRISONER UNLESS THE PURPOSE IS SOLELY TO EVALUATE, TREAT, PROTECT, OR IMPROVE THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH OR CONDITION OF THE PRISONER (EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY PARAGRAPH (B) OR (C) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION).

(B) NO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHALL ENGAGE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN ANY ACT WHICH CONSTITUTES PARTICIPATION IN, COMPLICITY IN, INCITEMENT TO, ASSISTANCE IN, PLANNING OR DESIGN OF, OR ATTEMPT OR CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF A PRISONER. PROHIBITED FORMS OF ENGAGEMENT INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:

(I) PROVIDING MEANS, KNOWLEDGE OR SKILLS, INCLUDING CLINICAL FINDINGS OR TREATMENT, WITH THE INTENT TO FACILITATE THE PRACTICE OF TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT;

(II) PERMITTING HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS OR CLINICAL FINDINGS OR TREATMENT TO BE USED IN THE PROCESS OF OR TO FACILITATE TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT;

(III) EXAMINING, EVALUATING, OR TREATING A PRISONER TO CERTIFY WHETHER TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT CAN BEGIN, BE CONTINUED, OR BE RESUMED;

(IV) BEING PRESENT WHILE TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT IS BEING ADMINISTERED;

(V) OMITTING OR SUPPRESSING INDICATIONS OF TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT FROM RECORDS OR REPORTS; AND

(VI) ALTERING HEALTH CARE RECORDS OR REPORTS TO HIDE, MISREPRESENT OR DESTROY EVIDENCE OF TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT.

(C) NO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHALL APPLY HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE OR SKILLS OR PERFORM ANY PROFESSIONAL SERVICE IN ORDER TO ASSIST IN THE PUNISHMENT, DETENTION, INCARCERATION, INTIMIDATION, OR COERCION OF A PRISONER WHEN SUCH ASSISTANCE IS PROVIDED IN A MANNER THAT MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH OR CONDITION OF THE PRISONER (EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION).

(D) NO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHALL PARTICIPATE IN THE INTERROGATION OF A PRISONER, INCLUDING BEING PRESENT IN THE INTERROGATION ROOM, ASKING OR SUGGESTING QUESTIONS, ADVISING ON THE USE OF SPECIFIC INTERROGATION TECHNIQUES, MONITORING THE INTERROGATION, OR MEDICALLY OR PSYCHOLOGICALLY EVALUATING A PERSON FOR THE PURPOSE OF IDENTIFYING POTENTIAL INTERROGATION METHODS OR STRATEGIES. HOWEVER, THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT BAR A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL FROM ENGAGING IN CONDUCT UNDER PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION.

5. CERTAIN CONDUCT OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS PERMITTED. A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL MAY ENGAGE IN THE FOLLOWING CONDUCT SO LONG AS IT DOES NOT VIOLATE SUBDIVISION THREE OR FOUR OF THIS SECTION, IT DOES NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH OR CONDITION OF A PRISONER OR POTENTIAL SUBJECT, AND IS NOT OTHERWISE UNLAWFUL:

(A) APPROPRIATELY PARTICIPATING OR AIDING IN THE INVESTIGATION, PROSECUTION, OR DEFENSE OF A CRIMINAL, ADMINISTRATIVE OR CIVIL MATTER;

(B) PARTICIPATING IN AN ACT THAT RESTRAINS A PRISONER OR TEMPORARILY ALTERS THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL ACTIVITY OF A PRISONER, WHERE THE ACT COMPLIES WITH GENERALLY APPLICABLE LEGAL, HEALTH AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS, IS NECESSARY FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE PHYSICAL OR MENTAL HEALTH, CONDITION OR SAFETY OF THE PRISONER, OTHER PRISONERS, OR PERSONS CARING FOR, GUARDING OR CONFINING THE PRISONER;

(C) CONDUCTING BONA FIDE HUMAN SUBJECT RESEARCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED LEGAL, HEALTH AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS WHERE THE RESEARCH INCLUDES SAFEGUARDS FOR HUMAN SUBJECTS EQUIVALENT TO THOSE REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW, INCLUDING INFORMED CONSENT AND INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARD APPROVAL WHERE APPLICABLE;

(D) TRAINING RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES, SO LONG AS IT IS NOT PROVIDED IN SUPPORT OF SPECIFIC ONGOING OR ANTICIPATED INTERROGATIONS:

(I) RECOGNIZING AND RESPONDING TO PERSONS WITH PHYSICAL OR MENTAL ILLNESS OR CONDITIONS,

(II) THE POSSIBLE PHYSICAL AND MENTAL EFFECTS OF PARTICULAR TECHNIQUES AND CONDITIONS OF INTERROGATION, OR

(III) THE DEVELOPMENT OF EFFECTIVE INTERROGATION STRATEGIES NOT INVOLVING THE PRACTICE OF TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT.

6. DUTY TO REPORT. A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL WHO HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS (NOT BASED SOLELY ON PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION) TO BELIEVE THAT TORTURE, IMPROPER TREATMENT OR OTHER CONDUCT IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION HAS OCCURRED, IS OCCURRING, OR WILL OCCUR SHALL, AS SOON AS IS POSSIBLE WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING THE PHYSICAL SAFETY OF HIMSELF OR HERSELF, THE PRISONER, OR OTHER PARTIES, REPORT SUCH CONDUCT TO:

1 (A) A GOVERNMENT AGENCY THAT THE HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL REASONABLY
2 BELIEVES HAS LEGAL AUTHORITY TO PUNISH OR PREVENT THE CONTINUATION OF
3 TORTURE OR THE IMPROPER TREATMENT OF A PRISONER OR CONDUCT IN VIOLATION
4 OF THIS SECTION AND IS REASONABLY LIKELY TO ATTEMPT TO DO SO; OR

5 (B) A GOVERNMENTAL OR NON-GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY THAT THE HEALTH CARE
6 PROFESSIONAL REASONABLY BELIEVES WILL NOTIFY SUCH A GOVERNMENT AGENCY OF
7 THE TORTURE OR THE IMPROPER TREATMENT OF A PRISONER OR CONDUCT IN
8 VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION OR TAKE OTHER ACTION TO PUBLICIZE OR PREVENT
9 SUCH TORTURE, TREATMENT OR CONDUCT; AND

10 (C) IN ADDITION TO REPORTING UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF THIS SUBDI-
11 VISION: (I) IN THE CASE OF AN ALLEGED VIOLATION BY A HEALTH CARE PROFES-
12 SIONAL LICENSED UNDER ARTICLE ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE, ONE HUNDRED THIR-
13 TY-ONE-B OR ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE-C OF THE EDUCATION LAW, A REPORT
14 SHALL BE FILED WITH THE OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL CONDUCT; AND (II)
15 IN THE CASE OF AN ALLEGED VIOLATION BY ANY OTHER HEALTH CARE PROFES-
16 SIONAL LICENSED, REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED UNDER TITLE EIGHT OF THE EDUCA-
17 TION LAW, A REPORT SHALL BE FILED WITH THE OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL DISCI-
18 PLINE; PROVIDED THAT FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, WHERE A PERSON
19 HOLDS A LICENSE, REGISTRATION OR CERTIFICATION UNDER THE LAWS OF A
20 JURISDICTION OTHER THAN THE STATE OF NEW YORK THAT IS FOR A PROFESSION
21 SUBSTANTIALLY COMPARABLE TO ONE LISTED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION
22 ONE OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSON SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE A HEALTH CARE
23 PROFESSIONAL AND THE PERSON'S LICENSE, REGISTRATION OR CERTIFICATION
24 SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE UNDER THE APPROPRIATE ARTICLE OF TITLE EIGHT OF
25 THE EDUCATION LAW.

26 7. MITIGATION. THE FOLLOWING MAY BE CONSIDERED IN FULL OR PARTIAL
27 MITIGATION OF A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION BY THE HEALTH CARE PROFES-
28 SIONAL:

29 (A) COMPLIANCE WITH SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION; OR

30 (B) COOPERATION IN GOOD FAITH WITH AN INVESTIGATION OF A VIOLATION OF
31 THIS SECTION.

32 8. APPLICABILITY. THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY TO CONDUCT TAKING PLACE
33 WITHIN OR OUTSIDE NEW YORK STATE, AND WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE
34 CONDUCT IS COMMITTED BY A GOVERNMENTAL OR NON-GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY, OFFI-
35 CIAL, OR ACTOR OR UNDER ACTUAL OR ASSERTED COLOR OF LAW.

36 9. SCOPE OF PRACTICE NOT EXPANDED. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED
37 TO EXPAND THE LAWFUL SCOPE OF PRACTICE OF ANY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.

38 S 3. Section 6509 of the education law is amended by adding a new
39 subdivision 15 to read as follows:

40 (15) ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW
41 (RELATING TO PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS
42 BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS), SUBJECT TO MITIGATION UNDER THAT SECTION.

43 S 4. Section 6530 of the education law is amended by adding a new
44 subdivision 50 to read as follows:

45 50. ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW
46 (RELATING TO PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS
47 BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS), SUBJECT TO MITIGATION UNDER THAT SECTION.

48 S 5. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 2 of section 740 of the
49 labor law, as added by chapter 660 of the laws of 1984, are amended and
50 a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

51 (b) provides information to, or testifies before, any public body
52 conducting an investigation, hearing or inquiry into any such violation
53 of a law, rule or regulation by such employer; [or]

54 (c) objects to, or refuses to participate in any such activity, policy
55 or practice in violation of a law, rule or regulation[.]; OR

(D) REPORTS OR THREATENS TO REPORT ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW (RELATING TO PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS).

S 6. Subdivision 3 of section 740 of the labor law, as added by chapter 660 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:

3. Application. The protection against retaliatory personnel action provided by paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section pertaining to disclosure to a public body shall not apply to an employee who makes such disclosure to a public body unless the employee has brought the activity, policy or practice in violation of law, rule or regulation to the attention of a supervisor of the employer and has afforded such employer a reasonable opportunity to correct such activity, policy or practice. HOWEVER, THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY REPORT OF A VIOLATION UNDER SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW (PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS).

S 7. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 2 of section 741 of the labor law, as added by chapter 24 of the laws of 2002, are amended and a new paragraph (c) is added to read as follows:

(a) discloses or threatens to disclose to a supervisor, or to a public body an activity, policy or practice of the employer or agent that the employee, in good faith, reasonably believes constitutes improper quality of patient care; [or]

(b) objects to, or refuses to participate in any activity, policy or practice of the employer or agent that the employee, in good faith, reasonably believes constitutes improper quality of patient care[.]; OR

(C) REPORTS OR THREATENS TO REPORT ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW (PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS).

S 8. Subdivision 3 of section 741 of the labor law, as added by chapter 24 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

3. Application. The protection against retaliatory personnel action provided by subdivision two of this section shall not apply unless the employee has brought the improper quality of patient care to the attention of a supervisor and has afforded the employer a reasonable opportunity to correct such activity, policy or practice. This subdivision shall not apply to an action or failure to act described in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section where the improper quality of patient care described therein presents an imminent threat to public health or safety or to the health of a specific patient and the employee reasonably believes in good faith that reporting to a supervisor would not result in corrective action. HOWEVER, THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY REPORT OF A VIOLATION UNDER SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW (PARTICIPATION IN TORTURE OR IMPROPER TREATMENT OF PRISONERS BY HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS).

S 9. The introduction or enactment of this act shall not be construed to mean that: (a) conduct described by this act does not already violate state law or constitute professional misconduct; or (b) conduct other than that described by this act does not violate other state law or otherwise constitute professional misconduct.

S 10. Severability. If any provision of this act, or any application of any provision of this act, is held to be invalid, that shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of any other provision of this act or any other application of any provision of this act.

1 S 11. This act shall take effect on the first of January next
2 succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.