7825

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

June 5, 2013

- Introduced by M. of A. HEASTIE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Labor
- AN ACT to amend the labor law, in relation to the calculation of weekly unemployment insurance benefits for workers who are partially unemployed; to amend the executive law, in relation to unlawful hiring discrimination by employers, employment agencies and licensing agencies based upon an individual's unemployment status; to amend the labor law, in relation to increasing unemployment insurance benefits; to amend chapter 831 of the laws of 1981 amending the labor law relating to fees and expenses in unemployment insurance proceedings, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend the labor law, in relation to non-recoverable benefits; and to amend chapter 413 of the 2003 amending the labor law relating to the self-employment laws of assistance program and other matters, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend the labor law, in relation to concurrent payments prohibited; and to repeal certain provisions of the labor law relating thereto

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Section 522 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 720 of 2 the laws of 1953, is amended to read as follows:

3 522. Total unemployment AND PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT. "Total unemploy-S 4 ment" means the total lack of any employment [on any day] DURING ANY 5 WEEK. "PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT" MEANS ANY EMPLOYMENT DURING ANY WEEK THAT б IS LESS THAN FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT SO LONG AS THE COMPENSATION PAID IS 7 LESS THAN THE CLAIMANT'S WEEKLY BENEFIT RATE PLUS THE CLAIMANT'S PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT. The term "employment" as used in this section means any 8 employment including that not defined in this title. 9

10 S 2. Section 523 of the labor law is REPEALED and a new section 523 is 11 added to read as follows:

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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523. EFFECTIVE WEEK. "EFFECTIVE WEEK" MEANS (A) A WEEK DURING WHICH 1 S 2 A CLAIMANT PERFORMS NO SERVICES FOR WHICH THE CLAIMANT IS PAID COMPEN-3 WEEK DURING WHICH A CLAIMANT PERFORMS SERVICES ON A SATION, OR (B) Α 4 PART-TIME BASIS FOR WHICH THE CLAIMANT IS PAID COMPENSATION THAT IS LESS 5 THE CLAIMANT'S WEEKLY BENEFIT RATE PLUS HIS OR HER PARTIAL BENEFIT THAN 6 CREDIT.

7 S 3. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 514-a to read as 8 follows:

S 514-A. PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT. "PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT" MEANS THAT $_{\rm RT}$ OF THE COMPENSATION, IF ANY, PAID TO A CLAIMANT WITH RESPECT TO A 9 10 PART WEEK FOR WHICH BENEFITS ARE CLAIMED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER 11 12 WHICH IS NOT IN EXCESS OF FORTY PER CENTUM OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S WEEKLY BENEFIT RATE, OR SEVENTY-ONE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS, WHICHEVER IS THE 13 14 GREATER. SUCH PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT, IF NOT A MULTIPLE OF ONE DOLLAR, 15 SHALL BE COMPUTED TO THE NEXT HIGHER MULTIPLE OF ONE DOLLAR.

16 S 4. Subdivision 4 of section 527 of the labor law, as amended by 17 chapter 832 of the laws of 1968 and as renumbered by chapter 381 of the 18 laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:

4. General condition. A valid original claim may be filed only in a week [in which the claimant has at least one effective day of unemployment] THAT QUALIFIES AS AN EFFECTIVE WEEK OF UNEMPLOYMENT FOR THE CLAIM-ANT.

23 S 5. Subparagraph 2 of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 581 24 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 282 of the laws of 2002, clause 25 (v) as added by chapter 106 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as 26 follows:

27 (2) Benefits payable to any claimant with respect to the claimant's 28 then current benefit year shall be charged, when paid, to the account of 29 last employer prior to the filing of a valid original claim in an the amount equal to seven times the claimant's benefit rate. Thereafter, 30 such charges shall be made to the account of each employer in the base 31 32 period used to establish the valid original claim in the same proportion 33 that the remuneration paid by each employer to the claimant during that base period bears to the remuneration paid by all employers to the 34 35 claimant during that base period except as provided below:

(i) In those instances where the claimant may not utilize wages paid 36 37 establish entitlement based upon subdivision ten of section five to hundred ninety of this article and an educational institution is the 38 39 claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits, 40 or the claimant performed services in such educational institution in such capacity while employed by an educational service agency which is the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for bene-41 42 43 fits, such employer shall not be liable for benefit charges for the 44 first [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFECTIVE WEEKS of benefits 45 paid as otherwise provided by this section. Under such circumstances, benefits paid shall be charged to the general account. In addition, 46 47 wages paid during the base period by such educational institutions, or 48 for services in such educational institutions for claimants employed by an educational service agency shall not be considered base period wages 49 during periods that such wages may not be used to gain entitlement to 50 51 benefits pursuant to subdivision ten of section five hundred ninety of 52 this article.

53 (ii) In those instances where the claimant may not utilize wages paid 54 to establish entitlement based upon subdivision eleven of section five 55 hundred ninety of this article and an educational institution is the 56 claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits,

1 or the claimant performed services in such educational institution in 2 such capacity while employed by an educational service agency which is 3 the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits, such employer shall not be liable for benefit charges for the 4 5 first [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFECTIVE WEEKS of benefits 6 paid as otherwise provided by this section. Under such circumstances, benefits paid will be charged to the general account. In addition, wages 7 8 paid during the base period by such educational institutions, or for services in such educational institutions for claimants employed by an 9 10 educational service agency shall not be considered base period wages 11 during periods that such wages may not be used to gain entitlement to benefits pursuant to subdivision eleven of section five hundred ninety 12 this article. However, in those instances where a claimant was not 13 of 14 afforded an opportunity to perform services for the educational institu-15 tion for the next academic year or term after reasonable assurance was 16 provided, such employer shall be liable for benefit charges as provided 17 for in this paragraph for any retroactive payments made to the claimant. (iii) In those instances where the federal government is the claim-18 ant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and such employer is not a base-period employer, payments equaling the first 19 ant's 20 21 [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFECTIVE WEEKS of benefits as 22 otherwise prescribed by this section shall be charged to the general 23 account. In those instances where the federal government is the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and a 24 25 base-period employer, such employer shall be liable for charges for all 26 benefits paid on such claim in the same proportion that the remuneration 27 paid by such employer during the base period bears to the remuneration 28 paid by all employers during the base period. In addition, benefit 29 payment charges for the first [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFEC-30 WEEKS of benefits other than those chargeable to the federal TIVE government as prescribed above shall be made to the general account. 31 32 (iv) In those instances where a combined wage claim is filed pursuant

33 interstate reciprocal agreements and the claimant's last employer to prior to the filing of the claim is an out-of-state employer and such 34 employer is not a base-period employer, benefit payments equaling the 35 36 first [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFECTIVE WEEKS of benefits as 37 otherwise prescribed by this section shall be charged to the general 38 account. In those instances where the out-of-state employer is the last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and a base-period 39 40 employer such employer shall be liable for charges for all benefits paid on such claim in the same proportion that the remuneration paid by such 41 employer during the base period bears to the remuneration paid by all 42 43 employers during the base period. In addition, benefit payment charges 44 for the [twenty-eight effective days] SEVEN EFFECTIVE WEEKS of benefits 45 other than those chargeable to the out-of-state employer as prescribed above shall be made to the general account. 46

47 In those instances where the last employer prior to the filing of (v) 48 a valid original claim has paid total remuneration to the claimant during the period from the start of the base period used to establish 49 50 the benefit claim until the date of the claimant's filing of the valid original claim in an amount less than or equal to six times the claim-51 52 ant's benefit rate and the last employer has substantiated such amount 53 the satisfaction of the commissioner within ten days of the commisto 54 sioner's original notice of potential charges to such last employer's 55 account, benefits shall be charged as follows: benefits payable to the 56 claimant with respect to the claimant's then current benefit year shall

be charged, when paid, to the account of such last employer prior to the 1 2 filing of a valid original claim in an amount equal to the lowest whole 3 number (one, two, three, four, five, or six) times the claimant's bene-4 fit rate where the product of such lowest whole number times the claim-5 ant's benefit rate is equal to or greater than such total remuneration 6 paid by such last employer to the claimant. Thereafter, such charges 7 shall be made to the account of each employer in the base period used to 8 establish the valid original claim in the same proportion that the remuneration paid by each employer to the claimant during that base 9 10 period bears to the remuneration paid by all employers to the claimant during that base period. Notice of such recalculation of potential 11 charges shall be given to the last employer and each employer of the 12 claimant in the base period used to establish the valid original claim. 13

14 S 6. Subdivision 1 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by 15 chapter 645 of the laws of 1951, is amended to read as follows:

1. Entitlement to benefits. A claimant shall be entitled to accumulate 17 effective [days] WEEKS for the purpose of benefit rights only if he OR 18 SHE has complied with the provisions of this article regarding the 19 filing of his OR HER claim, including the filing of a valid original 20 claim, registered as totally OR PARTIALLY unemployed, reported his OR 21 HER subsequent employment and unemployment, and reported for work or 22 otherwise given notice of the continuance of his OR HER unemployment.

23 S 7. Subdivision 3 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by 24 chapter 645 of the laws of 1951, is amended to read as follows:

3. Compensable periods. Benefits shall be paid for each [accumulation of] effective [days within a] week.

27 S 8. Subdivision 4 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by 28 chapter 457 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

4. Duration. Benefits shall not be paid for more than [one hundred and four effective days] TWENTY-SIX EFFECTIVE WEEKS in any benefit year, except as provided in section six hundred one and subdivision two of section five hundred ninety-nine of this chapter.

33 S 9. Subdivision 5 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by 34 chapter 413 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

A claimant's weekly benefit amount shall be one twenty-sixth of the 35 remuneration paid during the highest calendar quarter of the base period 36 37 by employers, liable for contributions or payments in lieu of contributions under this article. However, for claimants whose high calendar 38 39 quarter remuneration during the base period is three thousand five 40 hundred seventy-five dollars or less, the benefit amount shall be one twenty-fifth of the remuneration paid during the highest calendar quar-41 ter of the base period by employers liable for contributions or payments 42 43 in lieu of contributions under this article. ANY CLAIMANT WHO IS 44 PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED WITH RESPECT TO ANY EFFECTIVE WEEK SHALL BE PAID, 45 RESPECT TO SUCH EFFECTIVE WEEK, A BENEFIT AMOUNT EQUAL TO HIS OR WITH HER WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT LESS THE TOTAL OF THE REMUNERATION, 46 IF ANY. 47 TO HIM OR HER WITH RESPECT TO SUCH WEEK FOR SERVICES PAID PAYABLE OR 48 PERFORMED WHICH IS IN EXCESS OF HIS OR HER PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT. Any claimant whose high calendar quarter remuneration during the base period 49 more than three thousand five hundred seventy-five dollars shall not 50 is 51 have a weekly benefit amount less than one hundred forty-three dollars. weekly benefit amount, so computed, that is not a multiple of one 52 The dollar shall be lowered to the next multiple of one dollar. On the first 53 54 Monday of September, nineteen hundred ninety-eight the weekly benefit 55 amount shall not exceed three hundred sixty-five dollars nor be less than forty dollars, until the first Monday of September, two thousand, 56

1 at which time the maximum benefit payable pursuant to this subdivision 2 shall equal one-half of the state average weekly wage for covered 3 employment as calculated by the department no sooner than July first, 4 two thousand and no later than August first, two thousand, rounded down 5 to the lowest dollar.

6 S 9-a. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 590 of the labor law, 7 as amended by section 8 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is 8 amended to read as follows:

9 A claimant's weekly benefit amount shall be one twenty-sixth of (a) 10 the remuneration paid during the highest calendar quarter of the base 11 period by employers, liable for contributions or payments in lieu of 12 contributions under this article, provided the claimant has remuneration paid in all four calendar quarters during his or her base period or 13 alternate base period. However, for any claimant who has remuneration 14 15 paid in all four calendar quarters during his or her base period or 16 alternate base period and whose high calendar quarter remuneration during the base period is three thousand five hundred seventy-five 17 18 dollars or less, the benefit amount shall be one twenty-fifth of the 19 remuneration paid during the highest calendar quarter of the base period by employers liable for contributions or payments in lieu of contrib-20 21 utions under this article. A claimant's weekly benefit shall be one 22 twenty-sixth of the average remuneration paid in the two highest quarters paid during the base period or alternate base period by employers 23 liable for contributions or payments in lieu of contributions under this 24 25 article when the claimant has remuneration paid in two or three calendar 26 quarters provided however, that a claimant whose high calendar quarter four thousand dollars or less but greater than three thousand five 27 is hundred seventy-five dollars shall have a weekly benefit amount of 28 one 29 twenty-sixth of such high calendar quarter. However, for any claimant 30 who has remuneration paid in two or three calendar quarters during his her base period or alternate base period and whose high calendar 31 or 32 quarter remuneration during the base period is three thousand five 33 hundred seventy-five dollars or less, the benefit amount shall be one 34 twenty-fifth of the remuneration paid during the highest calendar quar-35 ter of the base period by employers liable for contributions or payments 36 lieu of contributions under this article. in ANY CLAIMANT WHO IS 37 PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED WITH RESPECT TO ANY EFFECTIVE WEEK SHALL BE PAID, 38 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH EFFECTIVE WEEK, A BENEFIT AMOUNT EQUAL TO HIS OR HER WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT LESS THE TOTAL OF THE REMUNERATION, 39 IF ANY, 40 OR PAYABLE TO HIM OR HER WITH RESPECT TO SUCH WEEK FOR SERVICES PAID PERFORMED WHICH IS IN EXCESS OF HIS OR HER PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT. 41 Any claimant whose high calendar quarter remuneration during the base period 42 more than three thousand five hundred seventy-five dollars shall not 43 is 44 have a weekly benefit amount less than one hundred forty-three dollars. 45 The weekly benefit amount, so computed, that is not a multiple of one dollar shall be lowered to the next multiple of one dollar. On the first 46 47 Monday of September, nineteen hundred ninety-eight the weekly benefit 48 amount shall not exceed three hundred sixty-five dollars nor be less than forty dollars, until the first Monday of September, two thousand, 49 50 which time the maximum benefit payable pursuant to this subdivision at 51 shall equal one-half of the state average weekly wage for covered 52 employment as calculated by the department no sooner than July first, two thousand and no later than August first, two thousand, rounded down 53 54 to the lowest dollar. On and after the first Monday of October, two 55 thousand fourteen, the weekly benefit shall not be less than one hundred dollars, nor shall it exceed four hundred twenty dollars until the first 56

Monday of October, two thousand fifteen when the maximum benefit amount 1 2 shall be four hundred twenty-five dollars, until the first Monday of 3 October, two thousand sixteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be 4 four hundred thirty dollars, until the first Monday of October, two thousand seventeen when the maximum benefit amount shall be four hundred 5 6 thirty-five dollars, until the first Monday of October, two thousand 7 eighteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be four hundred fifty 8 dollars, until the first Monday of October, two thousand nineteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be thirty-six percent of the average 9 10 weekly wage until the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty when 11 the maximum benefit amount shall be thirty-eight percent of the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October two thousand twenty-one 12 13 when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty percent of the average 14 weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty-two 15 when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-two percent of the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand twen-16 ty-three when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-four percent of 17 the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand 18 19 twenty-four when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-six percent of the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thou-20 21 sand twenty-five when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-eight 22 percent of the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, thousand twenty-six and each year thereafter on the first Monday of 23 two October when the maximum benefit amount shall be fifty percent of the 24 25 average weekly wage provided, however, that in no event shall the maxi-26 mum benefit amount be reduced from the previous year. 27 S 10. Subdivision 6 of section 590 of the labor law, as added by chap-

27 S 10. Subdivision 6 of section 590 of the labor law, as added by chap-28 ter 720 of the laws of 1953 and as renumbered by chapter 675 of the laws 29 of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

6. Notification requirement. No effective [day] WEEK shall be counted for any purposes except effective [days] WEEKS as to which notification has been given in a manner prescribed by the commissioner.

33 S 11. Subdivision 7 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by 34 chapter 415 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:

7. Waiting period. A claimant shall not be entitled to accumulate effective [days] WEEKS for the purpose of benefit payments until he OR SHE has accumulated a waiting period of [four effective days either wholly within the week in which he established his valid original claim or partly within such week and partly within his benefit year initiated by such claim] ONE EFFECTIVE WEEK.

41 S 12. Subdivision 1 of section 591 of the labor law, as amended by 42 chapter 413 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

43 1. Unemployment. Benefits, except as provided in section five hundred 44 ninety-one-a of this title, shall be paid only to a claimant who is 45 totally unemployed OR PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED and who is unable to engage in his OR HER usual employment or in any other for which he OR SHE 46 is 47 reasonably fitted by training and experience. A claimant who is receiv-48 ing benefits under this article shall not be denied such benefits pursuant to this subdivision or to subdivision two of this section because of 49 50 such claimant's service on a grand or petit jury of any state or of the 51 United States.

52 S 13. Subdivision 1 of section 591 of the labor law, as amended by 53 chapter 446 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:

1. Unemployment. Benefits shall be paid only to a claimant who is totally unemployed OR PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED and who is unable to engage in his OR HER usual employment or in any other for which he OR SHE is 1 reasonably fitted by training and experience. A claimant who is receiv-2 ing benefits under this article shall not be denied such benefits pursu-3 ant to this subdivision or to subdivision two of this section because of 4 such claimant's service on a grand or petit jury of any state or of the 5 United States.

6 S 14. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 7 591-a of the labor law, as amended by section 14 of part 0 of chapter 57 8 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

9 (i) requirements relating to total unemployment AND PARTIAL UNEMPLOY-10 MENT, as defined in section five hundred twenty-two of this article, 11 availability for work and search for work, as set forth in subdivision 12 two of section five hundred ninety-one of this title and refusal to 13 accept work, as set forth in subdivision two of section five hundred 14 ninety-three of this title, are not applicable to such individuals;

15 S 15. Subdivision 2 of section 592 of the labor law, as amended by 16 chapter 415 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:

17 Concurrent payments prohibited. No [days] WEEKS of total unemploy-2. 18 ment OR PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT shall be deemed to occur in any week with respect to which [or a part of which] a claimant has received or is 19 seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of 20 21 any other state or of the United States, provided that this provision 22 shall not apply if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he OR SHE is not entitled to such 23 24 unemployment benefits.

25 S 16. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 593 of the labor law, 26 as amended by section 15 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is 27 amended to read as follows:

28 [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT (a) No 29 shall be deemed to occur after a claimant's voluntary separation without good cause from employment until he or she has subsequently worked in 30 employment and earned remuneration at least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate. In addition to other circumstances that may be 31 32 33 found to constitute good cause, including a compelling family reason as set forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, voluntary separation 34 35 from employment shall not in itself disqualify a claimant if circumstances have developed in the course of such employment that would have 36 37 justified the claimant in refusing such employment in the first instance 38 under the terms of subdivision two of this section or if the claimant, 39 pursuant to an option provided under a collective bargaining agreement 40 written employer plan which permits waiver of his or her right to or retain the employment when there is a temporary layoff because of lack 41 42 work, has elected to be separated for a temporary period and the of 43 employer has consented thereto.

44 S 17. Subdivision 2 of section 593 of the labor law, as amended by 45 chapter 415 of the laws of 1983, the opening paragraph as amended by 46 section 15 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, paragraph (a) as 47 added by chapter 589 of the laws of 1998, and paragraphs (d) and (e) as 48 amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as 49 follows:

50 2. Refusal of employment. No [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR 51 PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT shall be deemed to occur beginning with the [day on] WEEK IN which a claimant, without good cause, refuses to accept an 52 offer of employment for which he or she is reasonably fitted by training 53 54 and experience, including employment not subject to this article, until 55 he or she has subsequently worked in employment and earned remuneration 56 least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate. Except that at

claimants who are not subject to a recall date or who do not obtain 1 employment through a union hiring hall and who are still unemployed 2 3 after receiving ten weeks of benefits shall be required to accept any employment proffered that such claimants are capable of performing, 4 provided that such employment would result in a wage not 5 less than 6 eighty percent of such claimant's high calendar quarter wages received 7 in the base period and not substantially less than the prevailing waqe 8 similar work in the locality as provided for in paragraph (d) of for this subdivision. No refusal to accept employment shall be deemed with-9 10 good cause nor shall it disqualify any claimant otherwise eligible out 11 to receive benefits if:

(a) a refusal to accept employment which would interfere with a claimant's right to join or retain membership in any labor organization or otherwise interfere with or violate the terms of a collective bargaining agreement shall be with good cause;

16 (b) there is a strike, lockout, or other industrial controversy in the 17 establishment in which the employment is offered; or

18 (c) the employment is at an unreasonable distance from his OR HER 19 residence, or travel to and from the place of employment involves 20 expense substantially greater than that required in his OR HER former 21 employment unless the expense be provided for; or

22 (d) the wages or compensation or hours or conditions offered are 23 substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for 24 similar work in the locality, or are such as tend to depress wages or 25 working conditions; or

(e) the claimant is seeking part-time work as provided in subdivision five of section five hundred ninety-six of this title and the offer of employment is not comparable to his or her part-time work as defined in such subdivision.

30 S 18. Subdivision 3 of section 593 of the labor law, as amended by 31 section 15 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 32 read as follows:

33 3. Misconduct. No [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR PARTIAL UNEM-34 PLOYMENT shall be deemed to occur after a claimant lost employment 35 through misconduct in connection with his or her employment until he or 36 she has subsequently worked in employment and earned remuneration at 37 least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate.

38 S 19. Subdivision 4 of section 593 of the labor law, as amended by 39 chapter 589 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:

40 Criminal acts. No [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR PARTIAL 4. UNEMPLOYMENT shall be deemed to occur during a period of twelve months after a claimant loses employment as a result of an act constituting a 41 42 43 felony in connection with such employment, provided the claimant is duly 44 convicted thereof or has signed a statement admitting that he or she has committed such an act. Determinations regarding a benefit claim may be reviewed at any time. Any benefits paid to a claimant prior to a deter-45 46 47 mination that the claimant has lost employment as a result of such act 48 shall not be considered to have been accepted by the claimant in qood 49 faith. In addition, remuneration paid to the claimant by the affected employer prior to the claimant's loss of employment due to such criminal 50 51 act may not be utilized for the purpose of establishing entitlement to a subsequent, valid original claim. The provisions of this subdivision 52 shall apply even if the employment lost as a result of such act is not 53 54 the claimant's last employment prior to the filing of his or her claim. 55 S 20. Section 594 of the labor law, as amended by section 16 of part O

56 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

S 594. Reduction and recovery of benefits and penalties for wilful 1 2 false statement. (1) A claimant who has wilfully made a false statement 3 or representation to obtain any benefit under the provisions of this 4 article shall forfeit benefits for at least the first [four] ONE but not 5 more than the first [eighty] TWENTY effective [days] WEEKS following 6 discovery of such offense for which he or she otherwise would have been 7 entitled to receive benefits. Such penalty shall apply only once with 8 respect to each such offense.

9 (2) For the purpose of subdivision four of section five hundred ninety 10 of this [article] TITLE, the claimant shall be deemed to have received 11 benefits for such forfeited effective [days] WEEKS.

12 (3) The penalty provided in this section shall not be confined to a 13 single benefit year but shall no longer apply in whole or in part after 14 the expiration of two years from the date of the final determination. 15 Such two-year period shall be tolled during the time period a claimant 16 has an appeal pending.

17 A claimant shall refund all moneys received because of such false (4) 18 statement or representation and pay a civil penalty in an amount equal to the greater of one hundred dollars or fifteen percent of the total overpaid benefits determined pursuant to this section. The penalties 19 20 collected hereunder shall be deposited in the fund. The penalties 21 22 assessed under this subdivision shall apply and be assessed for any benefits paid under federal unemployment and extended unemployment 23 24 programs administered by the department in the same manner as provided 25 this article. The penalties in this section shall be in addition to in 26 any penalties imposed under this chapter or any state or federal crimi-27 statute. No penalties or interest assessed pursuant to this section nal 28 may be deducted or withheld from benefits.

29 (5) (a) Upon a determination based upon a willful false statement or 30 representation becoming final through exhaustion of appeal rights or failure to exhaust hearing rights, the commissioner may recover the 31 32 amount found to be due by commencing a civil action, or by filing with 33 the county clerk of the county where the claimant resides the final determination of the commissioner or the final decision by an adminis-34 trative law judge, the appeal board, or a court containing the amount 35 found to be due including interest and civil penalty. The commissioner 36 37 may only make such a filing with the county clerk when:

38 (i) The claimant has responded to requests for information prior to a 39 determination and such requests for information notified the claimant of 40 his or her rights to a fair hearing as well as the potential consequences of an investigation and final determination under this 41 section 42 including the notice required by subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of 43 this subdivision. Additionally if the claimant requested a fair hearing 44 appeal subsequent to a determination, that the claimant was present or 45 either in person or through electronic means at such hearing, or subsequent appeal from which a final determination was rendered; 46

47 (ii) The commissioner has made efforts to collect on such final deter-48 mination; and

(iii) The commissioner has sent a notice, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subdivision, of intent to docket such final determination by first class or certified mail, return receipt requested, ten days prior to the docketing of such determination.

53 (b) The notice required in subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of this 54 subdivision shall include the following:

55 (i) That the commissioner intends to docket a final determination 56 against such claimant as a judgment; 1

(ii) The total amount to be docketed; and

2 (iii) Conspicuous language that reads as follows: "Once entered, a 3 judgment is good and can be used against you for twenty years, and your 4 money, including a portion of your paycheck and/or bank account, may be 5 taken. Also, a judgment will hurt your credit score and can affect your 6 ability to rent a home, find a job, or take out a loan."

7 S 21. Subdivision 1 of section 596 of the labor law, as amended by 8 chapter 204 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:

9 1. Claim filing and certification to unemployment. A claimant shall 10 file a claim for benefits at the local state employment office serving the area in which he OR SHE was last employed or in which he OR 11 SHE 12 resides within such time and in such manner as the commissioner shall prescribe. He OR SHE shall disclose whether he OR SHE owes child support 13 14 obligations, as hereafter defined. If a claimant making such disclosure 15 is eligible for benefits, the commissioner shall notify the state or 16 local child support enforcement agency, as hereafter defined, that the 17 claimant is eligible.

A claimant shall correctly report any [days] WEEKS of employment and any compensation he OR SHE received for such employment, including employments not subject to this article, and the [days on] WEEKS DURING which he OR SHE was totally unemployed OR PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED and shall make such reports in accordance with such regulations as the commissioner shall prescribe.

24 S 22. Subdivision 4 of section 596 of the labor law, as added by chap-25 ter 705 of the laws of 1944 and as renumbered by section 148-a of part B 26 of chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

27 4. Registration and reporting for work. A claimant shall register as 28 totally unemployed OR PARTIALLY UNEMPLOYED at a local state employment 29 office serving the area in which he OR SHE was last employed or in which he OR SHE resides in accordance with such regulations as the commission-30 er shall prescribe. After so registering, such claimant shall report for 31 32 work at the same local state employment office or otherwise give notice 33 of the continuance of his OR HER unemployment as often and in such 34 manner as the commissioner shall prescribe.

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S 23. intentionally omitted. S 24. Intentionally omitted.

37 S 25. The opening paragraph and paragraph (e) of subdivision 2 of 38 section 601 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 39 2009, is amended to read as follows:

Eligibility conditions. Extended benefits shall be payable to a claimant for effective [days] WEEKS occurring [in any week] within an eligibility period, provided the claimant

(e) is not claiming benefits pursuant to an interstate claim filed under the interstate benefit payment plan in a state where an extended benefit period is not in effect, except that this condition shall not apply with respect to the first [eight] TWO effective [days] WEEKS for which extended benefits shall otherwise be payable pursuant to an interstate claim filed under the interstate benefit payment plan; and

49 S 26. Subdivision 3 of section 601 of the labor law, as amended by 50 chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

51 3. Extended benefit amounts; rate and duration. Extended benefits 52 shall be paid to a claimant

(a) at a rate equal to his or her rate for regular benefits during hisor her applicable benefit year but

55 (b) for not more than [fifty-two] THIRTEEN effective [days] WEEKS with 56 respect to his or her applicable benefit year, with a total maximum 1 amount equal to fifty percentum of the total maximum amount of regular 2 benefits payable in such benefit year, and

3 (c) if a claimant's benefit year ends within an extended benefit peri-4 od, the remaining balance of extended benefits to which he or she would 5 be entitled, if any, shall be reduced by the number of effective [days] 6 WEEKS for which he or she was entitled to receive trade readjustment 7 allowances under the federal trade act of nineteen hundred seventy-four 8 during such benefit year, and

9 (d) for periods of high unemployment for not more than eighty effec-10 tive days with respect to the applicable benefit year with a total maxi-11 mum amount equal to eighty percent of the total maximum amount of regu-12 lar benefits payable in such benefit year.

13 S 27. Subdivision 4 of section 601 of the labor law, as amended by 14 chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

4. Charging of extended benefits. The provisions of paragraph 15 (e) of 16 subdivision one of section five hundred eighty-one of this article shall 17 apply to benefits paid pursuant to the provisions of this section, and if they were paid for effective [days occurring in] weeks following the 18 19 end of a benefit year, they shall be deemed paid with respect to that benefit year. However, except for governmental entities as defined in 20 21 section five hundred sixty-five and Indian tribes as defined in section 22 five hundred sixty-six of this article, only one-half of the amount of such benefits shall be debited to the employers' account; the remainder thereof shall be debited to the general account, and such account shall 23 24 25 be credited with the amount of payments received in the fund pursuant to 26 the provisions of the federal-state extended unemployment compensation act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the state has entered an 27 extended benefit period triggered pursuant to subparagraph one of para-28 29 graph (a) of subdivision one of this section for which federal law provides for one hundred percent federal sharing of the costs of bene-30 fits, all charges shall be debited to the general account 31 and such 32 shall be credited with the amount of payments received in the account 33 fund pursuant to the provisions of the federal-state extended unemployment compensation act or other federal law providing for one hundred 34 percent federal sharing for the cost of such benefits. 35

S 28. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 5 of section 601 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

39 (b) No [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT 40 shall be deemed to occur [in any week] within an eligibility period during which a claimant fails to accept any offer of suitable work or 41 fails to apply for suitable work to which he or she was referred by the 42 43 commissioner, who shall make such referral if such work is available, or 44 during which he or she fails to engage actively in seeking work by 45 making a systematic and sustained effort to obtain work and providing tangible evidence of such effort, and until he or she has worked in 46 47 employment during at least four subsequent weeks and earned remuneration 48 of at least four times his or her benefit rate.

49 S 29. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 5 of section 601 of the labor law, 50 as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as 51 follows:

52 (e) No [days] WEEKS of total unemployment OR PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT 53 shall be deemed to occur [in any week] within an eligibility period 54 under section five hundred ninety-three of this [article] TITLE, until 55 he or she has subsequently worked in employment in accordance with the

requirements set forth in section five hundred ninety-three of this 1 2 [article] TITLE. 3 S 30. Section 603 of the labor law, as amended by section 21 of part O of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 4 5 S 603. Definitions. For purposes of this title: "Total unemployment" 6 shall mean the total lack of any employment [on any day] DURING ANY WEEK 7 AND "PARTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT" SHALL MEAN ANY EMPLOYMENT DURING ANY WEEK 8 THAT IS LESS THAN FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT SO LONG AS THE COMPENSATION PAID IS LESS THAN THE CLAIMANT'S WEEKLY BENEFIT RATE PLUS THE CLAIMANT'S 9 10 PARTIAL BENEFIT CREDIT, other than with an employer applying for a shared work program. "Work force" shall mean the total work force, a 11 12 clearly identifiable unit or units thereof, or a particular shift or shifts. The work force subject to reduction shall consist of no less 13 14 than two employees. 31. The executive law is amended by adding a new section 296-c to 15 S 16 read as follows: 17 S 296-C. UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES IN RELATION TO LICENSING OR EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES; UNEMPLOYMENT STATUS. 1. FOR THE PURPOSES 18 OF THIS 19 SECTION, THE TERM "UNEMPLOYMENT STATUS" SHALL MEAN BEING UNEMPLOYED, 20 HAVING ACTIVELY LOOKED FOR EMPLOYMENT DURING THE THEN MOST RECENT FOUR 21 WEEK PERIOD, AND CURRENTLY BEING AVAILABLE FOR EMPLOYMENT. 22 IT SHALL BE AN UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICE FOR AN EMPLOYER OR 2. 23 LICENSING AGENCY, BECAUSE OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S UNEMPLOYMENT STATUS, ΤO REFUSE TO HIRE OR TO EMPLOY OR TO BAR SUCH INDIVIDUAL OR TO DISCRIMINATE 24 25 AGAINST SUCH INDIVIDUAL IN COMPENSATION OR IN TERMS, CONDITIONS OR PRIV-26 ILEGES OF EMPLOYMENT. 27 IT SHALL BE AN UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICE FOR AN EMPLOYER OR 3. 28 AN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST ANY INDIVIDUAL BECAUSE OF 29 UNEMPLOYMENT STATUS IN RECEIVING, CLASSIFYING, DISPOSING OR OTHERWISE ACTING UPON APPLICATIONS FOR ITS SERVICES OR IN REFERRING AN APPLICANT 30 OR APPLICANTS TO AN EMPLOYER OR EMPLOYERS. 31 32 IT SHALL BE AN UNLAWFUL DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICE FOR AN EMPLOYER OR 4. AN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY TO PRINT OR CIRCULATE OR CAUSE TO BE 33 PRINTED OR STATEMENT, ADVERTISEMENT OR PUBLICATION, OR TO USE ANY 34 CIRCULATED ANY FORM OF APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT OR TO MAKE ANY INQUIRY IN CONNECTION 35 WITH PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYMENT, WHICH EXPRESSES DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY 36 37 LIMITATION, SPECIFICATION OR DISCRIMINATION AS TO UNEMPLOYMENT STATUS, 38 OR ANY INTENT TO MAKE ANY SUCH LIMITATION, SPECIFICATION OR DISCRIMI-NATION, UNLESS BASED UPON A BONA FIDE OCCUPATIONAL QUALIFICATION; 39 40 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NEITHER THIS SECTION NOR ANY PROVISION OF THIS CHAPTER OR OTHER LAW SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PROHIBIT THE DEPARTMENT OF 41 CIVIL SERVICE OR THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL OF ANY CITY CONTAINING MORE 42 43 THAN ONE COUNTY FROM REQUESTING INFORMATION FROM APPLICANTS FOR CIVIL 44 SERVICE EXAMINATIONS CONCERNING THE AFOREMENTIONED CHARACTERISTIC, OTHER 45 SEXUAL ORIENTATION, FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING STUDIES TO IDEN-THAN TIFY AND RESOLVE POSSIBLE PROBLEMS IN RECRUITMENT AND TESTING OF MEMBERS 46 47 OF MINORITY GROUPS TO ENSURE THE FAIREST POSSIBLE AND EQUAL OPPORTU-48 NITIES FOR EMPLOYMENT IN THE CIVIL SERVICE FOR ALL PERSONS. 49 5. ANY EMPLOYER, EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, OR LICENSING AGENCY WHO VIOLATES 50 THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A CIVIL PENALTY IN AN AMOUNT NOT TO 51 EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR THE FIRST VIOLATION AND TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT VIOLATION. 52

53 S 32. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 593 of the labor law, 54 as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as 55 follows: 1 [(c) A disqualification as provided in this subdivision shall also 2 apply after a claimant's voluntary separation from employment if such 3 voluntary separation was due to claimant's marriage.]

4 S 33. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 11 of section 590 of the labor law 5 is relettered paragraph (e) and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as 6 follows:

7 CASE OF A CLAIMANT WHO WAS EMPLOYED IN OTHER THAN AN (D) THE IN8 PRINCIPAL ADMINISTRATIVE CAPACITY INSTRUCTIONAL, RESEARCH OR ΒY AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, OR PERFORMED SERVICES IN SUCH AN INSTITUTION IN 9 10 CAPACITY WHILE EMPLOYED BY AN EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY, SUCH SUCH CLAIMANT IS PRESUMED NOT TO HAVE REASONABLE ASSURANCE 11 UNDER AN OFFER CONDITIONED ON ENROLLMENT, FUNDING OR PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES. IT 12 THAT IS IS THE COLLEGE'S BURDEN TO PROVIDE SUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION TO OVERCOME 13 14 THIS PRESUMPTION. REASONABLE ASSURANCE MUST BE DETERMINED ON A CASE-BY-15 CASE BASIS BY THE TOTAL WEIGHT OF EVIDENCE RATHER THAN THE EXISTENCE OF ANY ONE FACTOR. PRIMARY WEIGHT MUST BE GIVEN TO THE CONTINGENT NATURE OF 16 AN OFFER OF EMPLOYMENT BASED ON ENROLLMENT, FUNDING AND PROGRAM CHANGES. 17 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN ANY UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROCEEDING A WRIT-18 19 TEN LETTER FROM AN EMPLOYER TO AN EMPLOYEE WHICH MAKES EMPLOYMENT CONDI-TIONAL SHALL NOT BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF REASONABLE ASSURANCE TO BE 20 21 USED TO DENY A CLAIM FOR UNEMPLOYMENT.

22 S 34. Subdivision 10 of section 590 of the labor law is amended by 23 adding a new paragraph (d) to read as follows:

24 (D) IN THE CASE OF COLLEGES OR UNIVERSITIES ASSIGNED THE NORTH AMERI-25 CAN INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION CODE 611310 OR 611210 FOR SERVICES PERFORMED 26 IN A PRINCIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, RESEARCH OR INSTRUCTIONAL CAPACITY A IS PRESUMED NOT TO HAVE REASONABLE ASSURANCE UNDER AN OFFER THAT 27 PERSON 28 IS CONDITIONED ON ENROLLMENT, FUNDING OR PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES. IT IS THE EMPLOYER'S BURDEN TO PROVIDE SUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION TO OVERCOME 29 THIS PRESUMPTION. REASONABLE ASSURANCE MUST BE DETERMINED ON A CASE-BY-CASE 30 BASIS BY THE TOTAL WEIGHT OF EVIDENCE RATHER THAN THE EXISTENCE 31 OF ANY FACTOR. PRIMARY WEIGHT MUST BE GIVEN TO THE CONTINGENT NATURE OF AN 32 ONE OFFER OF EMPLOYMENT BASED ON ENROLLMENT, FUNDING AND 33 PROGRAM CHANGES. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN ANY UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROCEEDING A WRIT-34 35 TEN LETTER FROM AN EMPLOYER TO AN EMPLOYEE WHICH MAKES EMPLOYMENT CONDI-SHALL NOT BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF REASONABLE ASSURANCE TO BE 36 TIONAL 37 USED TO DENY A CLAIM FOR UNEMPLOYMENT.

38 S 35. Section 599 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 593 of the 39 laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

40 Career and related training; preservation of eligibility. 1. S 599. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a claimant shall 41 become ineligible for benefits because of the claimant's regular 42 not 43 attendance in a program of training which the commissioner has approved. 44 The commissioner shall give due consideration to existing and prospec-45 tive conditions of the labor market in the state, taking into account present and anticipated supply and demand regarding the occupation or 46 47 skill to which the training relates, and to any other relevant factor. A 48 DETERMINATION OF POTENTIAL ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS ARTICLE 49 SHALL BE ISSUED TO AN UNEMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL IF THE COMMISSIONER FINDS 50 THAT THE TRAINING IS AUTHORIZED BY THE FEDERAL WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT, DIVISION OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS, THE DEPARTMENT, THE NEW YORK 51 THE STATE STATE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION, CORRECTIONAL SERVICES, HEALTH, 52 OR THE OFFICE OF MENTAL HEALTH, THE EMPIRE STATE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, OR 53 54 THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY CENTER. Howev-55 event shall the commissioner approve [such] training for a in no er,

claimant NOT AUTHORIZED BY SUCH LEGISLATIVE ACT OR STATE OR QUASI-STATE 1 2 ENTITY LISTED ABOVE unless: 3 (a) (1) the training will upgrade the claimant's existing skill or 4 train the claimant for an occupation likely to lead to more regular long 5 term employment; ENABLE THE CLAIMANT TO OBTAIN EMPLOYMENT THAT ACHIEVES 6 WAGE PRESERVATION OR MAKES PROGRESS TOWARD A FAMILY-SUSTAINING WAGE; or 7 employment opportunities for the claimant are or may be substan-(2) 8 tially impaired because of: 9 (i) existing or prospective conditions of the labor market in the 10 locality or in the state or reduced opportunities for employment in the claimant's occupation or skill; or 11 12 (ii) technological change, plant closing or plant removal, discontinuance of specific plant operations, or similar reasons; or 13 14 (iii) limited opportunities for employment throughout the year due to 15 the seasonal nature of the industry in which the claimant is customarily 16 employed; or 17 (iv) the claimant's personal traits such as physical or mental hand-18 icap; and 19 (b) the training, INCLUDING REMEDIAL EDUCATION WHICH IS INTEGRAL TO CAREER ADVANCEMENT OR REQUIRED FOR COMPLETING CAREER-RELATED TRAINING, 20 21 relates to an occupation or skill for which there are, or are expected 22 to be in the immediate future, reasonable employment opportunities in 23 the state; and 24 (C) the training is offered by a competent and reliable agency and 25 does not require more than twenty-four months to complete; and 26 (d) the claimant has the required qualifications and aptitudes to 27 complete the training successfully. 28 2. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a claimant 29 attending an approved training course or program under this section may 30 receive additional benefits of up to [one hundred four] TWENTY-SIX effective [days] WEEKS following exhaustion of regular and, if in 31 32 effect, any other extended benefits, provided that entitlement to a new 33 benefit claim cannot be established. Certification of continued satis-34 factory participation and progress in such training course or program 35 must be submitted to the commissioner prior to the payment of any such benefits. [The duration of such additional benefits shall 36 in no case 37 exceed twice the number of effective days of regular benefits to which the claimant is entitled at the time the claimant is 38 accepted in, or demonstrates application for appropriate training.] ANY UNEMPLOYED INDI-39 VIDUAL RECEIVING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS PAYABLE UNDER THIS 40 SUBDIVISION, WHO NOTIFIES THE DEPARTMENT WITH THE INTENT TO SEEK 41 TRAIN-ING OPPORTUNITIES UNDER THIS ARTICLE NO LATER THAN THE SIXTEENTH WEEK OF 42 43 OR HER RECEIVING BENEFITS, AND IS DETERMINED ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS HIS 44 UNDER THIS ARTICLE, IS ENTITLED TO A TRAINING EXTENSION OF THEFULL 45 TWENTY-SIX EFFECTIVE WEEKS ON HIS OR HER UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION CLAIM, IF NECESSARY, TO COMPLETE APPROVED TRAINING. 46 47 (b) No more than [twenty] FIFTY million dollars of benefits per vear 48 shall be made available for payment to claimants participating in such 49 courses or programs. 50 (c) Participation in such training course or program shall not be limited to any selected areas or localities of the state but subject to 51 the availability of funds, shall be available to any claimant otherwise 52 53 eligible to participate in training courses or programs pursuant to this 54 section. 55 (d) The additional benefits paid to a claimant shall be charged to the

56 general account.

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3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a claimant who 1 2 in training approved under the federal trade act of nineteen hundred is seventy-four shall not be disqualified or become ineligible for benefits 3 4 because he OR SHE is in such training or because he OR SHE left employ-5 which is not suitable employment to enter such training. For ment purposes hereof, "suitable employment" means work of a substantially 6 7 equal or higher skill level than the claimant's past adversely affected 8 employment and for which the remuneration is not less than eighty percent of the claimant's average weekly wage. 9

10 36. Section 3 of chapter 831 of the laws of 1981, amending the S labor law relating to fees and expenses in unemployment insurance 11 proceedings, as amended by chapter 331 of the laws of 2012, is amended 12 to read as follows: 13

S 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 1982, provided, 14 however, that paragraphs (a) and (c) of subdivision 3 of section 538 of the labor 15 law as added by section one of this act shall remain in full force and effect until December 31, [2014] 2016. 16 17

S 37. Article 18 of the labor law is amended by adding a new title 7-B 18 19 to read as follows:

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TITLE 7-B

21 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE SURVIVORS

22 SECTION 615. DEFINITIONS.

23 616. ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FOR DOMESTIC 24 VIOLENCE SURVIVORS.

617. TRAINING PROGRAM.

S 615. DEFINITIONS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS TITLE:

27 1. "DOMESTIC VIOLENCE" MEANS ABUSE COMMITTED AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE OR AN 28 EMPLOYEE'S DEPENDENT CHILD BY:

29 (A) A CURRENT OR FORMER SPOUSE OF THE EMPLOYEE; OR

30 (B) A PERSON WITH WHOM THE EMPLOYEE SHARES PARENTAGE OF A CHILD IN 31 COMMON; OR

32 (C) A PERSON WHO IS COHABITATING WITH, OR HAS COHABITATED WITH, THE 33 EMPLOYEE; OR

(D) A PERSON WHO IS RELATED BY BLOOD OR MARRIAGE; OR

35 (E) A PERSON WITH WHOM THE EMPLOYEE HAS OR HAD A DATING OR ENGAGEMENT 36 RELATIONSHIP. 37

2. "ABUSE" MEANS:

38 (A) CAUSING, OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE, PHYSICAL HARM; OR

39 (B) PLACING ANOTHER PERSON IN FEAR OF IMMINENT SERIOUS PHYSICAL HARM; 40 OR

(C) CAUSING ANOTHER PERSON TO ENGAGE INVOLUNTARILY IN SEXUAL RELATIONS 41 42 BY FORCE, THREAT OR DURESS, OR THREATENING TO DO SO; OR

43 (D) ENGAGING IN MENTAL ABUSE, WHICH INCLUDES THREATS, INTIMIDATION, 44 STALKING AND ACTS DESIGNED TO INDUCE TERROR; OR

(E) DEPRIVING ANOTHER PERSON OF MEDICAL CARE, HOUSING, FOOD OR 45 OTHER NECESSITIES OF LIFE; OR 46

47 (F) RESTRAINING THE LIBERTY OF ANOTHER.

48 S 616. ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FOR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE 49 SURVIVORS. 1. A CLAIMANT SHALL NOT BE DISQUALIFIED FROM RECEIVING UNEM-50 PLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS IF THE CLAIMANT ESTABLISHES TO THE SATISFAC-OF THE COMMISSIONER THAT THE REASON THE CLAIMANT LEFT WORK WAS DUE 51 TION 52 TO DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, INCLUDING:

53 (A) THE CLAIMANT'S REASONABLE FEAR OF FUTURE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AΤ OR EN ROUTE TO OR FROM THE CLAIMANT'S PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT. 54

THE CLAIMANT'S NEED TO RELOCATE TO ANOTHER GEOGRAPHIC AREA IN 1 (B) 2 ORDER TO AVOID FUTURE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. 3 CLAIMANT'S NEED TO ADDRESS THE PHYSICAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL AND (C) THE 4 LEGAL IMPACTS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. 5 (D) THE CLAIMANT'S NEED TO LEAVE EMPLOYMENT AS A CONDITION OF RECEIV-6 ING SERVICES OR SHELTER FROM AN AGENCY WHICH PROVIDES SUPPORT SERVICES 7 OR SHELTER TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. (E) ANY OTHER SITUATION IN WHICH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CAUSES THE CLAIMANT 8 TO REASONABLY BELIEVE THAT TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT IS NECESSARY FOR 9 10 THE FUTURE SAFETY OF THE CLAIMANT OR THE CLAIMANT'S FAMILY. 2. A CLAIMANT MAY DEMONSTRATE THE EXISTENCE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE BY 11 12 PROVIDING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: 13 (A) A RESTRAINING ORDER OR OTHER DOCUMENTATION OF EOUITABLE RELIEF 14 ISSUED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION; 15 (B) A POLICE RECORD DOCUMENTING THE ABUSE; 16 (C) DOCUMENTATION THAT THE ABUSER HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF ONE OR MORE 17 CRIMINAL OFFENSES ENUMERATED IN THE PENAL LAW AGAINST THE CLAIMANT; (D) MEDICAL DOCUMENTATION OF THE ABUSE; 18 19 (E) A STATEMENT PROVIDED BY A COUNSELOR, SOCIAL WORKER, HEALTH WORKER, 20 MEMBER OF THE CLERGY, SHELTER WORKER, LEGAL ADVOCATE, OR OTHER PROFES-21 WHO HAS ASSISTED THE CLAIMANT IN ADDRESSING THE EFFECTS OF THE SIONAL ABUSE ON THE CLAIMANT OR THE CLAIMANT'S FAMILY; OR 22 (F) A SWORN STATEMENT FROM THE CLAIMANT ATTESTING TO THE ABUSE. 23 3. NO EVIDENCE OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE EXPERIENCED BY A CLAIMANT, INCLUD-24 25 ING THE CLAIMANT'S STATEMENT AND CORROBORATING EVIDENCE, SHALL BE 26 DISCLOSED BY THE DEPARTMENT UNLESS CONSENT FOR DISCLOSURE IS GIVEN BY 27 THE CLAIMANT. 28 4. FOR A CLAIMANT WHO LEFT WORK DUE TO DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, REQUIREMENTS TO PURSUE SUITABLE WORK MUST REASONABLY ACCOMMODATE THE CLAIMANT'S NEED 29 TO ADDRESS THE PHYSICAL, PSYCHOLOGICAL, LEGAL AND OTHER EFFECTS OF THE 30 31 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE. 32 S 617. TRAINING PROGRAM. 1. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL IMPLEMENT A TRAIN-ING CURRICULUM FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT WHO INTERACT WITH CLAIM-33 ANTS APPLYING FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DUE TO THEIR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE 34 35 STATUS. 2. ALL SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL OF THE DEPARTMENT THAT SUPERVISE 36 37 THE TRAINING OF EMPLOYEES INVOLVED IN HANDLING UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS SHALL 38 BE TRAINED IN THIS CURRICULUM NOT LATER THAN SIXTY DAYS FROM THE EFFEC-39 TIVE DATE OF THIS TITLE. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL DEVELOP AN ONGOING PLAN 40 FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT WHO INTERACT WITH CLAIMANTS TO BE TRAINED IN THE NATURE AND DYNAMICS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, SO THAT EMPLOY-41 MENT SEPARATIONS STEMMING FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ARE RELIABLY SCREENED 42 43 AND ADJUDICATED, AND SO THAT VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ARE ABLE TO 44 TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE FULL RANGE OF JOB SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE DEPART-45 MENT. 38. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 560 of the 46 S 47 labor law, as amended by chapter 103 of the laws of 1965, is amended to 48 read as follows: 49 Any employer shall become liable for contributions under this article 50 if he has paid remuneration of [three hundred] ONE THOUSAND dollars or 51 more in any calendar quarter, except that liability with respect to persons employed in personal or domestic service in private homes shall 52 be considered separately and an employer shall become liable for 53 54 contributions with respect to such persons only if he has paid to them 55 remuneration in cash of five hundred dollars or more in any calendar

1 quarter. Such liability for contributions shall commence on the first 2 day of such calendar quarter.

3 S 39. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 538 of the labor law, 4 as amended by chapter 831 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as 5 follows:

6 Claims of representatives for services rendered to a claimant in (C) 7 connection with any claim arising under this article shall not be 8 enforceable unless approved by the appeal board and shall in no event exceed the benefit allowed, INCLUDING BENEFITS THAT ARE NON-RECOVERABLE 9 10 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED NINETY-SEVEN OF THIS ARTICLE, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this subdivision. 11 In approving any fee requested by a representative pursuant to this section, the appeal board shall consider the following factors: (i) the 12 13 total benefit allowed; (ii) the time spent in providing representation; 14 15 (iii) the legal and factual complexities involved; and (iv) such other 16 factors as the appeal board may deem relevant.

17 S 40. Subdivision 4 of section 597 of the labor law, as amended by 18 chapter 61 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:

19 Effect of review. Whenever a new determination in accordance with 4. 20 [the preceding] subdivision THREE OF THIS SECTION or a decision by a 21 referee, the appeal board, or a court results in a decrease or denial of 22 benefits previously allowed, such new determination or decision, unless 23 it shall be based upon a retroactive payment of remuneration, shall not 24 affect the rights to any benefits already paid under the authority of 25 the prior determination or decision provided they were accepted by the 26 claimant in good faith and the claimant did not make any false statement 27 representation and did not wilfully conceal any pertinent fact in or connection with his or her claim for benefits. NON-RECOVERABLE BENEFITS 28 29 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE BEEN ALLOWED BENE-FITS FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE. 30

S 41. Section 10 of chapter 413 of the laws of 2003 amending the labor law relating to the self-employment assistance program and other matters, as amended by section 2 of part Z of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

S 10. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that sections eight and nine of this act shall expire December 7, [2015] 2017 when upon such date the provisions of such sections shall be deemed repealed.

39 S 42. The opening paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 6 of 40 section 511 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 675 of the laws of 41 1977, is amended to read as follows:

42 The term "employment" [does not include] INCLUDES agricultural labor 43 [unless it is covered pursuant to section five hundred sixty-four]. The 44 term "agricultural labor" includes all service performed:

45 S 43. Section 564 of the labor law, as added by chapter 675 of the 46 laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

47 S 564. Agricultural labor CREW LEADERS. [1. Coverage. (a) Notwith-48 standing the provisions of section five hundred sixty of this article, 49 an employer of persons engaged in agricultural labor shall become liable 50 for contributions under this article if the employer:

51 (1) has paid cash remuneration of twenty thousand dollars or more in 52 any calendar quarter to persons employed in agricultural labor, and such 53 liability shall commence on the first day of such quarter, or

54 (2) has employed in agricultural labor ten or more persons on each of 55 twenty days during a calendar year or the preceding calendar year, each

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1 day being in a different calendar week, and the liability shall in such 2 event commence on the first day of the calendar year, or

3 (3) is liable for the tax imposed under the federal unemployment tax 4 act as an employer of agricultural labor and the liability shall in such 5 event commence on the first day of the calendar quarter in such calendar 6 year when he first paid remuneration for agricultural labor in this 7 state.

8 (b) An employer who becomes liable for contributions under paragraph 9 (a) of this subdivision shall cease to be liable as of the first day of 10 a calendar quarter next following the filing of a written application 11 provided the commissioner finds that the employer:

(1) has not paid to persons employed in agricultural labor cash remuneration of twenty thousand dollars or more in any of the eight calendar quarters preceding such day, and

15 (2) has not employed in agricultural labor ten or more persons on each 16 of twenty days during the current or the preceding calendar year, each 17 day being in a different week, and

18 (3) is not liable for the tax imposed under the federal unemployment 19 tax act as an employer of agricultural labor.

20 2. Crew leader.] Whenever a person renders services as a member of a 21 crew which is paid and furnished by the crew leader to perform services 22 in agricultural labor for another employer, such other employer shall, 23 for the purpose of this article, be deemed to be the employer of such 24 person, unless:

[(a)] 1. the crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration under the federal farm labor contractor registration act of nineteen hundred sixty-three or substantially all the members of the crew operate or maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or cropdusting machinery or any other mechanized equipment which is provided by the crew leader, and

30 [(b)] 2. the crew leader is not an employee of such other employer and 31 has not entered into a written agreement with such employer under which 32 he is designated as an employee.

33 S 44. Section 592 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 415 of the 34 laws of 1983, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 177 of the laws of 35 2010, is amended to read as follows:

[Suspension of accumulation of benefit rights. 1. Industrial 36 592. S 37 controversy. (a) The accumulation of benefit rights by a claimant shall suspended during a period of seven consecutive weeks beginning with 38 be the day after such claimant lost his or her employment because 39 of а 40 strike or other industrial controversy except for lockouts, including concerted activity not authorized or sanctioned by the recognized or 41 certified bargaining agent of the claimant, and other concerted activity 42 43 conducted in violation of any existing collective bargaining agreement, 44 in the establishment in which he or she was employed, except that bene-45 rights may be accumulated before the expiration of such seven weeks fit beginning with the day after such strike or other industrial controversy 46 47 was terminated.

(b) Benefits shall not be suspended under this section if:

49 (i) The employer hires a permanent replacement worker for the employ-50 position. A replacement worker shall be presumed to be permanent ee's 51 unless the employer certifies in writing that the employee will be able to return to his or her prior position upon conclusion of the strike, in 52 event the strike terminates prior to the conclusion of the employ-53 the 54 ee's eligibility for benefit rights under this chapter. In the event the 55 employer does not permit such return after such certification, the employee shall be entitled to recover any benefits lost as a result of 56

the seven week suspension of benefits, and the department may impose a 1 2 penalty upon the employer of up to seven hundred fifty dollars per 3 employee per week of benefits lost. The penalty collected shall be paid into the unemployment insurance control fund established pursuant to section five hundred fifty-two-b of this article; or 4 5 6

(ii) The commissioner determines that the claimant:

7 (A) is not employed by an employer that is involved in the industrial 8 controversy that caused his or her unemployment and is not participating 9 in the industrial controversy; or

10 (B) is not in a bargaining unit involved in the industrial controversy caused his or her unemployment and is not participating in the 11 that 12 industrial controversy.

2.] Concurrent payments prohibited. No days of total unemployment 13 14 shall be deemed to occur in any week with respect to which or a part of 15 which a claimant has received or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the United States, provided that this provision shall not apply if the appropriate 16 17 agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines 18 19 that he is not entitled to such unemployment benefits.

20 [3. Terms of suspension. No waiting period may be served during а 21 suspension period.

22 The suspension of accumulation of benefit rights shall not be termi-23 nated by subsequent employment of the claimant irrespective of when the claim is filed except as provided in subdivision one and shall not be 24 25 confined to a single benefit year.

26 A "week" as used in subdivision one of this section means any seven 27 consecutive calendar days.]

28 45. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that S 29 the amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 590 of the labor law, as amended by section nine-a of this act shall take effect at 30 the same time and in the same manner as section 8 of part 0 of chapter 31 32 57 of the laws of 2013, takes effect; provided, further, that the amend-33 ments to subdivision 1 of section 591 of the labor law made by section 34 twelve of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision pursuant to section 10 of chapter 413 of the laws of 35 2003, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section thirteen 36 37 of this act shall take effect; provided, further, however, that the amendment to section 591-a of the labor law made by section fourteen of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed 38 39 40 repealed therewith.