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2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

March 26, 2013

Introduced by M. of A. ENGLEBRIGHT, COLTON, V. LOPEZ, CYMBROWITZ, MILL-MAN, SCHIMMINGER, ORTIZ, SWEENEY, SCHIMEL -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. AUBRY, CLARK, COOK, DINOWITZ, GALEF, HEASTIE, JACOBS, LENTOL, McDONOUGH, PERRY, RIVERA, ROBINSON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to pollution tax credits for the purchase of certain equipment made by dry cleaning businesses

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 1115 of the tax law is amended 2 by adding a new paragraph 44 to read as follows:

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- (44) EQUIPMENT OR MACHINERY CERTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRON-MENTAL CONSERVATION, PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY SUCH DEPART-MENT, FOR POLLUTION PREVENTION OR CONTROL WHICH, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, SHALL MEAN ANY PROCESS, FACILITY, DEVICE, FIXTURE, EQUIPMENT OR MACHINERY USED PRIMARILY FOR THE CONTROL, PREVENTION OR ABATEMENT OF POLLUTION OR CONTAMINANTS FROM THE OPERATION OF A DRY CLEANING PLANT, INCLUDING ANY STRUCTURE, MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT INSTALLED IN THE RECONSTRUCTION OR REPLACEMENT OF SUCH PROCESS, FACILITY, DEVICE, FIXTURE, EQUIPMENT OR MACHINERY.
- 12 S 2. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 13 606 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008, is 14 amended to read as follows:
 - (A) A credit shall be allowed under this subsection with respect to tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (i) principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing,

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (ii) indus-3 trial waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade or business OR BUSINESS INVESTMENTS MADE BY 5 DRY CLEANING BUSINESSES TO ACHIEVE POLLUTION PREVENTION INCLUDING 6 INVESTMENTS INTO CHANGES IN FACILITY PROCESSES OR OPERATIONS METHODS, 7 (iii) research and development property, (iv) principally used in the 8 ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business as a broker or deal-9 er in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include but not 10 limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assign-11 ment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal 12 Revenue Code, or of commodities as defined in section 475(e) of the 13 Internal Revenue Code, (v) principally used in the ordinary course of 14 15 the taxpayer's trade or business of providing investment advisory 16 services for a regulated investment company as defined in section eight 17 hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, 18 arrangement or loan origination services to customers in connection with 19 the purchase or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or 20 21 transfer) of securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five 22 (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (vi) principally used as a qual-23 ified film production facility including qualified film production 24 facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated as such pursuant 25 article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, where the taxpayer 26 is providing three or more services to any qualified film production company using the facility, including such services as a studio lighting 27 28 grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone service, broadband 29 information technology access, industrial scale electrical capacity, 30 food services, security services, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph, 31 32 property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated broker, 33 dealer, or registered investment adviser is allowed a credit under this subsection if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, 34 35 or registered investment adviser in accordance with subsection. For purposes of determining if the property is principally 36 37 used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpayer described in clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph may be aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer and regis-38 39 40 tered investment adviser under either or both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the cred-41 it provided by clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph unless (I) 42 43 eighty percent or more of the employees performing the administrative 44 and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses such equipment are located in this state, or (II) the average number 45 of employees that perform the administrative and support functions 46 47 resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and 48 are located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit 49 claimed is equal to or greater than ninety-five percent of the aver-50 age number of employees that perform these functions and are located in 51 this state during the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed, or (III) the number of employees 52 53 located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit is 54 claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the number 55 employees located in this state on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer was not a calendar year taxpay-56

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er in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the last day of its first taxable ending after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in this state after the taxable beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test provided in the preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first taxable year. For the 7 purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the employment test will 8 be based on the number of employees located in this state on the last 9 day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject to tax in this 10 the uses of the property must be aggregated to determine whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses, then either 11 each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employment test 12 13 employment test must be satisfied through the aggregation of the 14 employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, 15 registered investment adviser using the property. For purposes of this subsection, the term "goods" shall not include electricity. 16 17

- S 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding three new clauses (vi), (vii) and (viii) to read as follows:
- (VI) POLLUTION PREVENTION SHALL MEAN CHANGES IN PRODUCTION METHODS MATERIALS THAT REDUCE, AVOID OR ELIMINATE THE USE OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OR THE GENERATION OF SUCH SUBSTANCES OR **POLLUTANTS** OF PRODUCT, SO AS TO REDUCE RISKS TO THE HEALTH OF WORKERS, UNIT CONSUMERS OR THE ENVIRONMENT, WITHOUT SHIFTING RISKS BETWEEN WORKERS. OR ENVIRONMENTAL MEDIA. POLLUTION PREVENTION INCLUDES THE CONSUMERS REDESIGN, MODIFICATION, UPGRADE OR REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCTION PROCESSES, OR TECHNOLOGY; REFORMULATION OR REDESIGN OF PRODUCTS, SUBSTI-EOUIPMENT TUTION OF INPUTS OR RAW MATERIALS; IMPROVEMENTS IN HOUSEKEEPING, MAINTE-NANCE, TRAINING OR INVENTORY CONTROL; AND EXTENDED USE OR REUSE OF MATE-PRODUCTION RIALS THROUGH METHODS INTEGRAL TO THE PROCESS, IN-PROCESS, CLOSED-LOOP RECYCLING. SUCH TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCINERA-TION, TRANSFER FROM ONE MEDIUM OF RELEASE OR DISCHARGE TO ANOTHER MEDIA, OR OUT-OF-PRODUCTION RECYCLING, END-OF-PIPE POLLUTION CONTROL.
- (VII) POLLUTANT SHALL MEAN ANY SUBSTANCE, CONTAMINANT, WASTE OR EMISSION WHICH CONTRIBUTES TO POLLUTION AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE ONE OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW.
- (VIII) TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SHALL MEAN ANY SUBSTANCE LISTED AS A SUBSTANCE HAZARDOUS TO PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY OR THE ENVIRONMENT IN REGULATIONS PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE THIRTY-SEVEN OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW.
- S 4. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 12 of section 210 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- (i) A credit shall be allowed under this subdivision with respect to tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (A) principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (B) industrial waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade or business, (C) research and development property

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OR BUSINESS INVESTMENTS MADE BY DRY CLEANING BUSINESSES TO ACHIEVE 2 POLLUTION PREVENTION INCLUDING INVESTMENTS INTO CHANGES IN FACILITY 3 PROCESSES OR OPERATIONS OR PRODUCTION METHODS, (D) principally the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business as a broker or 5 dealer in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include but 6 limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, 7 assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securi-8 ties as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as defined in section four 9 10 hundred seventy-five (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, (E) principally 11 used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment compa-12 ny as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue 13 14 or lending, loan arrangement or loan origination services to 15 customers in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include 16 but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, 17 assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities as defined section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 18 19 (F) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's business 20 an exchange registered as a national securities exchange within the 21 meaning of sections 3(a)(1) and 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 22 1934 or a board of trade as defined in section 1410(a)(1) of the New York Not-for-Profit Corporation Law or as an entity that is wholly owned 23 24 by one or more such national securities exchanges or boards of trade and 25 that provides automation or technical services thereto, or (G) principally used as a qualified film production facility including qualified 26 27 film production facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, 28 29 where the taxpayer is providing three or more services to any qualified 30 film production company using the facility, including such services as a 31 studio lighting grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone 32 service, broadband information technology access, industrial scale elec-33 trical capacity, food services, security services, and heating, venti-34 lation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (D), (E) and (F) of 35 this subparagraph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated broker, dealer, registered investment adviser, national 36 37 rities exchange or board of trade, is allowed a credit under this subdi-38 vision if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, deal-39 er, registered investment adviser, national securities exchange or board 40 of trade in accordance with this subdivision. For purposes of determining if the property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by 41 the taxpayer described in clauses (D) and (E) of this subparagraph may be aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated 42 43 regulated broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser under either 44 or both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (D), (E)45 46 47 this subparagraph unless (I) eighty percent or more of the and (F) of 48 employees performing the administrative and support functions resulting 49 from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in 50 this state or (II) the average number of employees that perform the 51 administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this state during 52 the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater 53 54 than ninety-five percent of the average number of employees that perform 55 these functions and are located in this state during the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed, 56

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or (III) the number of employees located in this state during the taxayear for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the number of employees located in this December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the last day of its first taxable year ending after December thirty-first, 7 nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in this state after the taxable year beginning in nineteen hundred ninetyeight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test 9 10 in the preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first taxable year. For purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph 11 employment test will be based on the number of employees located in this 12 13 state on the last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject 14 to tax in this state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated 15 determine whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses, then either each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employ-16 17 ment test or this employment test must be satisfied through the aggre-18 gation of the employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated 19 dealer, and registered investment adviser using the property. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "goods" shall not include 20 21 electricity.

- S 5. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 12 of section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding three new clauses (F), (G) and (H) to read as follows:
- POLLUTION PREVENTION SHALL MEAN CHANGES IN PRODUCTION METHODS OR RAW MATERIALS THAT REDUCE, AVOID OR ELIMINATE THE USE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES OR THE GENERATION OF SUCH SUBSTANCES OR POLLUTANTS PER UNIT OF PRODUCT, SO AS TO REDUCE RISKS TO $_{
 m THE}$ HEALTH OF WORKERS, OR THE ENVIRONMENT, WITHOUT SHIFTING RISKS BETWEEN WORKERS, CONSUMERS OR ENVIRONMENTAL MEDIA. POLLUTION PREVENTION INCLUDES MODIFICATION, UPGRADE OR REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCTION PROCESSES, REDESIGN, EQUIPMENT OR TECHNOLOGY; REFORMULATION OR REDESIGN OF PRODUCTS, TUTION OF INPUTS OR RAW MATERIALS; IMPROVEMENTS IN HOUSEKEEPING, MAINTE-NANCE, TRAINING OR INVENTORY CONTROL; AND EXTENDED USE OR REUSE OF MATE-THROUGH METHODS INTEGRAL TO THEPRODUCTION PROCESS, SUCH AS CLOSED-LOOP RECYCLING. SUCH TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INCINERA-IN-PROCESS, TION, TRANSFER FROM ONE MEDIUM OF RELEASE OR DISCHARGE TO ANOTHER MEDIA, OFF-SITE OR OUT-OF-PRODUCTION RECYCLING, END-OF-PIPE TREATMENT POLLUTION CONTROL.
- (G) POLLUTANT SHALL MEAN ANY SUBSTANCE, CONTAMINANT, WASTE OR EMISSION WHICH CONTRIBUTES TO POLLUTION AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE ONE OF THE ENVIRON-MENTAL CONSERVATION LAW.
- (H) TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE SHALL MEAN ANY SUBSTANCE LISTED AS A SUBSTANCE HAZARDOUS TO PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY OR THE ENVIRONMENT IN REGULATIONS PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE THIRTY-SEVEN OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW.
- S 6. This act shall take effect three years after it shall have become a law and shall apply to taxable years ending on or after such effective date, except that section one of this act shall take effect on the first day of the sales tax quarterly period, as designated in subdivision (b) of section 1136 of the tax law, next commencing on or after the effective date of this act and shall apply to sales made on or after the effective date of section one of this act and shall apply to all equipment or machinery purchased on or after such date although purchased under a prior contract.