

S. 6359

A. 8559

S E N A T E - A S S E M B L Y

January 21, 2014

IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance

IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

AN ACT to amend the tax law, the general municipal law, the urban development corporation act, the business corporation law, the general associations law, and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to reforming taxation of business corporations; and to repeal various provisions of the tax law relating thereto (Part A); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to the STAR registration program (Part B); to amend chapter 540 of the laws of 1992, amending the real property tax law relating to oil and gas charges, in relation to the effective date of such chapter (Part C); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to increasing racing regulatory fees (Part D); to amend the tax law, in relation to modifying the signature requirement on e-filed returns prepared by tax professionals (Part E); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to cost of living adjustments for Enhanced STAR (Part F); to amend part I of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, relating to providing an enhanced earned income tax credit, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part G); to amend the general obligations law and the tax law, in relation to authorizing electronic tax clearances for professional and business licenses (Part H); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to taxing residents who are grantors of exempt resident trusts that qualify as non-grantor incomplete gift trusts on the income from such trusts and taxing residents who are beneficiaries of all other exempt resident trusts or nonresident trusts on the distributions of accumulated income that they receive from such trusts (Part I); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to eliminating the personal income tax add-on minimum tax; and to repeal certain provisions of such laws relating thereto (Part J); to amend the tax law, in relation to adding an enhanced real property tax circuit breaker; and to repeal paragraph 14 of subsection (e) of

EXPLANATION--Matter in *ITALICS* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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section 606 of the tax law, relating to certain reports (Part K); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing a credit for renters against the personal income tax (Part L); to amend the tax law, in relation to the prepayment element of the family tax relief credit (Part M); to amend the tax law, in relation to eliminating the personal income tax filing requirement for residents having no liability because income does not exceed the New York standard deduction if they do not file a federal income tax return (Part N); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the empire state commercial production tax credit (Part O); to amend the public housing law, in relation to extending the credit against income tax for persons or entities investing in low-income housing (Part P); to amend the environmental conservation law, the tax law and the general municipal law, in relation to eligibility for participation in the brownfield cleanup program, and assignment of the brownfield redevelopment tax credits; to amend part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, amending the tax law relating to brownfield redevelopment tax credits, remediated brownfield credit for real property taxes for qualified sites and environmental remediation insurance credits, in relation to tax credits for certain sites; to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to hazardous waste generator fees and taxes; to amend the environmental conservation law, the public authorities law and the state finance law, in relation to the environmental restoration program; and to repeal certain provisions of the environmental conservation law and the tax law relating thereto (Part Q); to amend the tax law, in relation to reforming the investment tax credit, reducing the tax rate for upstate manufacturers and providing a tax credit for real property taxes to New York manufacturers; to amend the economic development law, in relation to the excelsior investment tax credit; and to repeal certain provisions of the tax law relating to the financial services investment tax credit (Part R); to amend the economic development law, the tax law, the transportation law, the administrative code of the city of New York and the New York state urban development corporation act, in relation to repealing the franchise tax on farmers', fruit growers', and other like agricultural corporations organized and operated on a co-operative basis; and to repeal section 185 of the tax law relating to franchise tax on farmers', fruit growers', and other like agricultural corporations organized and operated on a co-operative basis; to repeal sections 187-j, 187-k, 187-l, 187-m, 187-q, 187-r and 187-s of the tax law relating to certain tax credits; to repeal paragraph 1 of subdivision (h) of section 15, paragraph 1 of subdivision (g) of section 31, and certain other provisions of the tax law, in relation to making conforming changes (Part S); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing a credit for excise tax on telecommunication services for businesses located in tax-free NY areas (Part T); to amend the tax law, in relation to reducing the number of hours of part-time work needed by employees for employer qualification for the New York youth works tax credit; and to amend the labor law, in relation to the New York youth works tax credit (Part U); to amend chapter 109 of the laws of 2006 amending the tax law and other laws relating to providing exemptions, reimbursements and credits from various taxes for certain alternative fuels, in relation to extending the alternative fuels tax exemptions for two years (Part V); to amend chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, amending the tax law and other laws relating to modifying the distribution of funds from the motor vehicle fuel excise tax and the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to

simplifying the methodology for distribution of motor vehicle receipts (Part W); to amend the tax law, in relation to the estate tax; to repeal section 2 of chapter 1013 of the laws of 1962, amending the tax law relating to imposing a tax on the transfer of estates of decedents dying on or after April first, nineteen hundred sixty-three, relating to an appendix of applicable internal revenue code provisions, and to repeal article 26-B of the tax law, relating to the generation skipping transfer tax (Part X); to amend the tax law and chapter 912 of the laws of 1920 relating to the regulation of boxing, sparring and wrestling matches, in relation to making technical corrections thereto; to repeal article 19 of the tax law relating to boxing and wrestling exhibitions tax; and to repeal section 1820 of the tax law relating to establishing misdemeanors for certain violations of article 19 of such law (Part Y); to amend the tax law, in relation to vendor fees paid to vendor tracks (Part Z); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to licenses for simulcast facilities, sums relating to track simulcast, simulcast of out-of-state thoroughbred races, simulcasting of races run by out-of-state harness tracks and distributions of wagers; to amend chapter 281 of the laws of 1994 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and chapter 346 of the laws of 1990 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof; and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof (Part AA); to amend the tax law, in relation to capital awards to vendor tracks (Part BB); to amend the tax law, the banking law, the public authorities law, and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the stock transfer tax, and to repeal certain provisions of the tax law, the state finance law and the administrative code of the city of New York relating thereto (Part CC); to amend the tax law, in relation to conforming the due dates for the metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax for taxpayers with income from self-employment with the due dates for the personal income tax (Part DD); to amend the state finance law, the upstate New York gaming economic development act of 2013 and the tax law, in relation to moneys appropriated or transferred from the commercial gaming revenue fund (Part EE); and to amend the tax law, the education law, the general municipal law, and the real property tax law, in relation to a real property tax freeze (Part FF)

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation
2 which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2014-2015
3 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part
4 identified as Parts A through FF. The effective date for each particular
5 provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of
6 such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, includ-
7 ing the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section
8 "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component,
9 shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the

1 Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the
2 general effective date of this act.

3 PART A

4 Section 1. Article 32 of the tax law is REPEALED.

5 S 2. Section 180 of the tax law is REPEALED.

6 S 3. Section 181 of the tax law is REPEALED.

7 S 4. Section 208 of the tax law, as added by chapter 415 of the laws
8 of 1944, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 576 of the laws of 1994,
9 subdivision 1-A as amended by chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, subdivi-
10 sion 1-B as added by section 45 of part A and paragraph (k) of subdivi-
11 sion 9 as added by section 46 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of
12 1997, subdivision 3, the opening paragraph, subparagraphs 6 and 11 of
13 paragraph (b), and the opening paragraph of paragraph (g) of subdivision
14 9 as amended and subdivision 8-B and subparagraph 3-a of paragraph (b)
15 of subdivision 9 as added by chapter 817 of the laws of 1987, subdivi-
16 sion 4 as amended by section 1, subdivision 6 as amended by section 2
17 and subparagraph 2 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as amended by
18 section 7 of part M of chapter 407 of the laws of 1999, subdivisions 5
19 and 7, paragraph (a) of subdivision 8-B, subparagraph 10 of paragraph
20 (b) and paragraph (j) of subdivision 9 as amended, paragraph (d) of
21 subdivision 8-B and paragraph (c-1) of subdivision 9 as added and para-
22 graphs (e) and (f) of subdivision 8-B as relettered by chapter 170 of
23 the laws of 1994, subdivisions 8 and 10 as amended by chapter 133 of the
24 laws of 1945, subdivision 8-A as added and subparagraph 1 of paragraph
25 (a) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 778 of the laws of 1972,
26 paragraph (b) of subdivision 8-A and paragraph (i) of subdivision 9 as
27 amended by chapter 779 of the laws of 1972, subdivision 9 as amended by
28 chapter 713 of the laws of 1961, paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as
29 amended by chapter 203 of the laws of 1962, subparagraphs 5, 9 and 10 of
30 paragraph (a) and subparagraphs 8 and 9 of paragraph (b) of subdivision
31 9 as amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989 and paragraph (f) of
32 subdivision 9 as separately amended by sections 278 and 347 of chapter
33 61 of the laws of 1989, clause (i) of subparagraph 5 of paragraph (a) of
34 subdivision 9 as amended by section 2 and subparagraph 20 of paragraph
35 (b) of subdivision 9 as added by section 3 of part C of chapter 25 of
36 the laws of 2009, subparagraph 6 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as
37 added by chapter 895 of the laws of 1975 and as renumbered by chapter
38 613 of the laws of 1976, subparagraph 7 of paragraph (a) of subdivision
39 9 as added by chapter 33 of the laws of 1978, subparagraph 8 of para-
40 graph (a) and subparagraph 7 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as
41 amended by chapter 639 of the laws of 1986, subparagraph 11 of paragraph
42 (a) of subdivision 9 as added by chapter 15 of the laws of 1983, subpar-
43 agraph 12 of paragraph (a), subparagraph 4-a of paragraph (b) and
44 subparagraph 2 of paragraph (h) of subdivision 9 as amended and subpara-
45 graph 13 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as added by chapter 760 of
46 the laws of 1992, subparagraph 14 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as
47 added by section 101 and paragraphs (l) and (m) of subdivision 9 as
48 added by section 102 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 1998,
49 subparagraph 15 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as amended by section
50 1 of part ZZ of chapter 63 of the laws of 2003, subparagraph 16 of para-
51 graph (a) of subdivision 9 as added by section 1 of part K3, subpara-
52 graph 16 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as added by section 2 of part
53 K3, subparagraph 17 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as added by
54 section 2 of part 03, and paragraphs (o), (p) and (q) of subdivision 9

1 as added by section 3 of part 03 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003,
2 subparagraph 18 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as added by section 3
3 of part C and paragraph (o) of subdivision 9 as amended by section 2 of
4 part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, subparagraph 3 of paragraph
5 (b) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 895 of the laws of 1975,
6 subparagraph 4 of paragraph (b) and subparagraph 4 of paragraph (f) of
7 subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, subpara-
8 graph 15 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as added by chapter 309 of
9 the laws of 1996, subparagraph 18 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as
10 added by section 21 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, subpara-
11 graph 19 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 as added by section 1 of part
12 HH1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, paragraphs (c-2) and (c-3) of
13 subdivision 9 as added by section 10 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws
14 of 2000, paragraph (g) of subdivision 9 as added by chapter 178 of the
15 laws of 1965, subparagraph 1 and clauses (B) and (C) of subparagraph 3
16 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 613 of the laws
17 of 1976, clause (A) of subparagraph 1 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9
18 as separately amended by chapters 675 and 836 of the laws of 1977,
19 clause (B) of subparagraph 1, clause (A) of subparagraph 2 and clause
20 (A) of subparagraph 3 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9 as amended by
21 chapter 675 of the laws of 1977, item 1 of clause (B) of subparagraph 1
22 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 972 of the laws
23 of 1984, clause (B) of subparagraph 2 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9
24 as amended by chapter 365 of the laws of 1979, clause (C) of subpara-
25 graph 2 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 1005 of
26 the laws of 1970, paragraph (h) of subdivision 9 as amended by chapter
27 606 of the laws of 1984, paragraph (n) of subdivision 9 as added by
28 section 1 of part 0 of chapter 85 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 12 as
29 added by chapter 828 of the laws of 1977, subdivisions 13, 14, and 15 as
30 added by section 1 of LBD number 74021-03-4 and subdivision 19 as added
31 by chapter 681 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

32 S 208. Definitions. As used in this article:

33 1. The term "corporation" includes (a) an association within the mean-
34 ing of paragraph three of subsection (a) of section seventy-seven
35 hundred one of the internal revenue code (including a limited liability
36 company), (b) a joint-stock company or association, (c) a publicly trad-
37 ed partnership treated as a corporation for purposes of the internal
38 revenue code pursuant to section seventy-seven hundred four thereof and
39 (d) any business conducted by a trustee or trustees wherein interest or
40 ownership is evidenced by certificate or other written instrument.
41 "DISC" and "former DISC" mean any corporation which meets the require-
42 ments of subsection (a) of section nine hundred ninety-two of the inter-
43 nal revenue code[;].

44 1-A. The term "New York S corporation" means, with respect to any
45 taxable year, a corporation subject to tax under this article for which
46 an election is in effect pursuant to subsection (a) of section six
47 hundred sixty of this chapter for such year, any such year shall be
48 denominated a "New York S year", and such election shall be denominated
49 a "New York S election". The term "New York C corporation" means, with
50 respect to any taxable year, a corporation subject to tax under this
51 article which is not a New York S corporation, and any such year shall
52 be denominated a "New York C year". The term "termination year" means
53 any taxable year of a corporation during which the New York S election
54 terminates on a day other than the first day of such year. The portion
55 of the taxable year ending before the first day for which such termi-
56 nation is effective shall be denominated the "S short year", and the

1 portion of such year beginning on such first day shall be denominated
2 the "C short year". The term "New York S termination year" means any
3 termination year which is not also an S termination year for federal
4 purposes.

5 1-B. The term "QSSS" means a corporation which is a qualified subchap-
6 ter S subsidiary as defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of
7 subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred sixty-one of the internal
8 revenue code. The term "exempt QSSS" means a QSSS exempt from tax under
9 this article as provided in paragraph (k) of subdivision nine of this
10 section, or a QSSS described in subclause (i) of clause (B) of subpara-
11 graph two of paragraph (k) of subdivision nine of this section, wherein
12 the parent corporation of the QSSS is subject to tax under this article,
13 and the assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the QSSS are
14 treated as the assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the parent
15 corporation. Where a QSSS is an exempt QSSS, then for all purposes under
16 this article:

17 (a) the assets, liabilities, income, deductions, property, payroll,
18 receipts, capital, credits, and all other tax attributes and elements of
19 economic activity of the QSSS shall be deemed to be those of the parent
20 corporation,

21 (b) the stocks, bonds and other securities issued by, and any indebt-
22 edness from, the QSSS shall not be [subsidiary,] investment or business
23 capital of the parent corporation,

24 (c) transactions between the parent corporation and the QSSS, includ-
25 ing the payment of interest and dividends, shall not be taken into
26 account, and

27 (d) general executive officers of the QSSS shall be deemed to be
28 general executive officers of the parent corporation.

29 2. The term "taxpayer" means any corporation subject to tax under this
30 article[;].

31 3. The term "subsidiary" means a corporation of which over fifty
32 percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the holders thereof
33 to vote for the election of directors or trustees is owned by the
34 taxpayer[;].

35 4. The term ["subsidiary capital" means investments in the stock of
36 subsidiaries and any indebtedness from subsidiaries, exclusive of
37 accounts receivable acquired in the ordinary course of trade or business
38 for services rendered or for sales of property held primarily for sale
39 to customers, whether or not evidenced by written instrument, on which
40 interest is not claimed and deducted by the subsidiary for purposes of
41 taxation under article nine-A, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chap-
42 ter, provided, however, that, in the discretion of the commissioner,
43 there shall be deducted from subsidiary capital any liabilities which
44 are directly or indirectly attributable to subsidiary capital] "STOCK"
45 MEANS A DIRECT INTEREST IN A CORPORATION THAT IS TREATED AS EQUITY FOR
46 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES.

47 5. (A) The term "investment capital" means investments in stocks[,
48 bonds and other securities, corporate and governmental,] THAT ARE HELD
49 BY THE TAXPAYER FOR MORE THAN SIX CONSECUTIVE MONTHS BUT ARE not held
50 for sale to customers in the regular course of business, [exclusive of
51 subsidiary capital] OR, IF THE TAXPAYER MAKES THE ELECTION PROVIDED FOR
52 IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO
53 HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE, ARE NOT QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
54 AS DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS
55 ARTICLE. STOCK IN A CORPORATION THAT IS CONDUCTING A UNITARY BUSINESS
56 WITH THE TAXPAYER, STOCK IN A CORPORATION THAT IS INCLUDED IN A COMBINED

1 REPORT WITH THE TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO THE COMMONLY OWNED GROUP ELECTION
2 IN SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-C OF THIS ARTICLE, and
3 stock issued by the taxpayer[, provided, however, that, in the
4 discretion of the commissioner, there] SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE INVESTMENT
5 CAPITAL. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, IF THE TAXPAYER OWNS OR
6 CONTROLS, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, LESS THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE STOCK
7 OF A CORPORATION THAT ENTITLES THE HOLDERS THEREOF TO VOTE FOR THE
8 ELECTION OF TRUSTEES OR DIRECTORS, THAT CORPORATION WILL BE PRESUMED TO
9 BE CONDUCTING A BUSINESS THAT IS NOT UNITARY WITH THE BUSINESS OF THE
10 TAXPAYER.

11 (B) THERE shall be deducted from investment capital any liabilities
12 which are directly or indirectly attributable to investment capital[;
13 and provided, further, that investment]. IF THE AMOUNT OF THOSE LIABIL-
14 ITIES EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT CAPITAL, THE AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT
15 CAPITAL WILL BE ZERO.

16 (C) INVESTMENT capital shall not include any such investments the
17 income from which is excluded from entire net income pursuant to the
18 provisions of paragraph (c-1) of subdivision nine of this section, and
19 that investment capital shall be computed without regard to liabilities
20 directly or indirectly attributable to such investments, but only if air
21 carriers organized in the United States and operating in the foreign
22 country or countries in which the taxpayer has its major base of oper-
23 ations and in which it is organized, resident or headquartered (if not
24 in the same country as its major base of operations) are not subject to
25 any tax based on or measured by capital imposed by such foreign country
26 or countries or any political subdivision thereof, or if taxed, are
27 provided an exemption, equivalent to that provided for herein, from any
28 tax based on or measured by capital imposed by such foreign country or
29 countries and from any such tax imposed by any political subdivision
30 thereof[;].

31 (D) IF A TAXPAYER ACQUIRES STOCK DURING THE SECOND HALF OF ITS TAXABLE
32 YEAR AND OWNS THAT STOCK ON THE LAST DAY OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, IT WILL BE
33 PRESUMED THAT THE TAXPAYER HELD THAT STOCK FOR MORE THAN SIX CONSECUTIVE
34 MONTHS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. HOWEVER, IF THE TAXPAYER DOES NOT IN
35 FACT HOLD THAT STOCK FOR MORE THAN SIX CONSECUTIVE MONTHS, THE TAXPAYER
36 MUST INCREASE ITS TOTAL BUSINESS CAPITAL IN THE IMMEDIATELY SUCCEEDING
37 TAXABLE YEAR BY THE AMOUNT INCLUDED IN INVESTMENT CAPITAL FOR THAT
38 STOCK, NET OF ANY LIABILITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THAT STOCK COMPUTED AS
39 PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

40 (E) WHEN INCOME OR GAIN FROM A DEBT OBLIGATION OR OTHER SECURITY
41 CANNOT BE APPORTIONED TO THE STATE USING THE BUSINESS ALLOCATION
42 PERCENTAGE AS A RESULT OF UNITED STATES CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPLES, THE
43 DEBT OBLIGATION OR OTHER SECURITY WILL BE INCLUDED IN INVESTMENT CAPI-
44 TAL.

45 6. (A) The term "investment income" means income, including capital
46 gains in excess of capital losses, from investment capital, to the
47 extent included in computing entire net income, less, [(a)] in the
48 discretion of the commissioner, any INTEREST deductions allowable in
49 computing entire net income which are directly or indirectly attribut-
50 able to investment capital or investment income[, and (b) such portion
51 of any net operating loss deduction allowable in computing entire net
52 income, as the investment income, before such deduction, bears to entire
53 net income, before such deduction,] provided, however, that in no case
54 shall investment income exceed entire net income[;]. IF THE TAXPAYER
55 ATTRIBUTES INTEREST DEDUCTIONS TO INVESTMENT INCOME AND THE AMOUNT
56 SUBTRACTED EXCEEDS INVESTMENT INCOME, THE EXCESS OF THE INTEREST

1 DEDUCTIONS OVER INVESTMENT INCOME MUST BE ADDED BACK TO ENTIRE NET
2 INCOME.

3 (B) IN LIEU OF SUBTRACTING FROM INVESTMENT INCOME THE AMOUNT OF THOSE
4 INTEREST DEDUCTIONS, THE TAXPAYER MAY ELECT TO REDUCE ITS TOTAL INVEST-
5 MENT INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. IF THE TAXPAYER MAKES THIS ELECTION, THE
6 TAXPAYER MUST ALSO MAKE THE ELECTIONS PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPHS (B) AND
7 (C) OF SUBDIVISION SIX-A OF THIS SECTION. A TAXPAYER WHICH DOES NOT MAKE
8 THIS ELECTION BECAUSE IT HAS NO INVESTMENT CAPITAL WILL NOT BE PRECLUDED
9 FROM MAKING THOSE OTHER ELECTIONS.

10 6-A. (A) THE TERM "OTHER EXEMPT INCOME" MEANS THE SUM OF EXEMPT
11 SUBPART F INCOME AND EXEMPT UNITARY CORPORATION DIVIDENDS.

12 (B) "EXEMPT SUBPART F INCOME" MEANS THE INCOME, AS DEFINED IN SECTION
13 952 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, RECEIVED FROM A CORPORATION THAT IS
14 CONDUCTING A UNITARY BUSINESS WITH THE TAXPAYER BUT IS NOT INCLUDED IN A
15 COMBINED REPORT WITH THE TAXPAYER, LESS, IN THE DISCRETION OF THE
16 COMMISSIONER, ANY INTEREST DEDUCTIONS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ATTRIBUT-
17 ABLE TO THAT INCOME. IN LIEU OF SUBTRACTING FROM ITS EXEMPT SUBPART F
18 INCOME THE AMOUNT OF THOSE INTEREST DEDUCTIONS, THE TAXPAYER MAY ELECT
19 TO REDUCE ITS TOTAL EXEMPT SUBPART F INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. IF THE
20 TAXPAYER MAKES THIS ELECTION, THE TAXPAYER MUST ALSO MAKE THE ELECTIONS
21 PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION AND
22 PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. A TAXPAYER WHICH DOES NOT MAKE THIS
23 ELECTION BECAUSE IT HAS NO EXEMPT SUBPART F INCOME WILL NOT BE PRECLUDED
24 FROM MAKING THOSE OTHER ELECTIONS.

25 (C) "EXEMPT UNITARY CORPORATION DIVIDENDS" MEANS THOSE DIVIDENDS FROM
26 A CORPORATION THAT IS CONDUCTING A UNITARY BUSINESS WITH THE TAXPAYER
27 BUT IS NOT INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT WITH THE TAXPAYER, LESS, IN THE
28 DISCRETION OF THE COMMISSIONER, ANY INTEREST DEDUCTIONS DIRECTLY OR
29 INDIRECTLY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH INCOME. IN LIEU OF SUBTRACTING FROM
30 THIS DIVIDEND INCOME THOSE INTEREST DEDUCTIONS, THE TAXPAYER MAY ELECT
31 TO REDUCE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THIS DIVIDEND INCOME BY FORTY PERCENT. IF
32 THE TAXPAYER MAKES THIS ELECTION, THE TAXPAYER MUST ALSO MAKE THE
33 ELECTIONS PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS
34 SECTION AND PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. A TAXPAYER WHICH DOES NOT
35 MAKE THIS ELECTION BECAUSE IT HAS NOT RECEIVED ANY EXEMPT UNITARY CORPO-
36 RATION DIVIDENDS WILL NOT BE PRECLUDED FROM MAKING THOSE OTHER
37 ELECTIONS.

38 (D) IF THE TAXPAYER ATTRIBUTES INTEREST DEDUCTIONS TO OTHER EXEMPT
39 INCOME AND THE AMOUNT SUBTRACTED EXCEEDS OTHER EXEMPT INCOME, THE EXCESS
40 OF THE INTEREST DEDUCTIONS OVER OTHER EXEMPT INCOME MUST BE ADDED BACK
41 TO ENTIRE NET INCOME. IN NO CASE SHALL OTHER EXEMPT INCOME EXCEED ENTIRE
42 NET INCOME.

43 7. (a) The term "business capital" means all assets, other than
44 [subsidiary capital,] investment capital and stock issued by the taxpay-
45 er, less liabilities not deducted from [subsidiary or] investment capi-
46 tal [except that cash on hand and on deposit shall be treated as invest-
47 ment capital or as business capital as the taxpayer may elect].
48 BUSINESS CAPITAL SHALL INCLUDE ONLY THOSE ASSETS THE INCOME OR EXPENSE
49 OF WHICH ARE PROPERLY REFLECTED (OR WOULD HAVE BEEN PROPERLY REFLECTED
50 IF NOT FULLY DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED OR DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED TO A
51 NOMINAL AMOUNT) IN THE COMPUTATION OF ENTIRE NET INCOME FOR THE TAXABLE
52 YEAR.

53 (b) Provided, however, "business capital" shall not include assets to
54 the extent employed for the purpose of generating income which is
55 excluded from entire net income pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
56 (c-1) of subdivision nine of this section and shall be computed without

1 regard to liabilities directly or indirectly attributable to such
2 assets, but only if air carriers organized in the United States and
3 operating in the foreign country or countries in which the taxpayer has
4 its major base of operations and in which it is organized, resident or
5 headquartered (if not in the same country as its major base of oper-
6 ations) are not subject to any tax based on or measured by capital
7 imposed by such foreign country or countries or any political subdivi-
8 sion thereof, or if taxed, are provided an exemption, equivalent to that
9 provided for herein, from any tax based on or measured by capital
10 imposed by such foreign country or countries and from any such tax
11 imposed by any political subdivision thereof[;].

12 8. The term "business income" means entire net income minus investment
13 income[;] AND OTHER EXEMPT INCOME. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE SUM OF INVEST-
14 MENT INCOME AND OTHER EXEMPT INCOME EXCEED ENTIRE NET INCOME. IF THE
15 TAXPAYER MAKES THE ELECTION PROVIDED FOR IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARA-
16 GRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTI-
17 CLE, THEN ALL INCOME FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS SHALL CONSTI-
18 TUTE BUSINESS INCOME.

19 8-A. Provided, however, that with respect to a DISC or a former DISC,
20 the following provisions shall apply:

21 (a) investments in the stocks, bonds or other securities of a DISC or
22 any indebtedness from a DISC shall not be treated as [either subsidiary
23 capital or] investment capital under [subdivisions four or] SUBDIVISION
24 five of this section,

25 (b) any amounts deemed distributed from a DISC or a former DISC which
26 are taxable as dividends pursuant to subsection (b) of section nine
27 hundred ninety-five of the internal revenue code of nineteen hundred
28 fifty-four shall be treated as business income, except any such amounts
29 from a former DISC attributable to amounts includible in a taxpayer's
30 entire net income for a prior taxable year under subparagraph (B) of
31 paragraph (i) of subdivision nine of this section shall be excluded from
32 entire net income,

33 (c) any gain recognized for federal income tax purposes on the dispo-
34 sition of stock in a DISC, and any gain recognized on the disposition of
35 stock in a former DISC, includible in gross income as a dividend pursu-
36 ant to subsection (c) of section nine hundred ninety-five of the inter-
37 nal revenue code of nineteen hundred fifty-four, shall be treated as
38 business income, and

39 (d) except as provided in paragraph (i) of subdivision nine of this
40 section, any actual distribution from a DISC or a former DISC shall be
41 treated as business income except an actual distribution which for
42 federal income tax purposes is treated as made out of "other earnings
43 and profits" under section nine hundred ninety-six of the internal
44 revenue code of nineteen hundred fifty-four, in which case such actual
45 distribution shall be treated as [either subsidiary income or] invest-
46 ment income under this article.

47 [8-B. (a) The term "minimum taxable income" shall mean the entire net
48 income of the taxpayer for the taxable year:

49 (1) increased by the amount of the federal items of tax preference set
50 forth in section fifty-seven of the internal revenue code (with the
51 modifications set forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision), which
52 items of tax preference shall have the same meaning and be computed in
53 the same manner as under section fifty-seven of the internal revenue
54 code,

55 (2) determined with the federal adjustments described in paragraph (c)
56 of this subdivision, which adjustments shall have the same meaning and

1 be computed in the same manner as under sections fifty-six and fifty-
2 eight of the internal revenue code,

3 (3) increased by the net operating loss deduction otherwise allowed
4 under paragraph (f) of subdivision nine of this section, and

5 (4) reduced, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred nine-
6 ty-three, by the alternative net operating loss deduction, as defined in
7 paragraph (d) of this subdivision.

8 (b) The federal items of tax preference referred to hereinabove shall
9 be modified by deducting "tax-exempt interest" and "accelerated depreci-
10 ation or amortization on certain property placed in service before Janu-
11 ary 1, 1987", as determined under paragraphs five and seven of
12 subsection (a) of section fifty-seven of the internal revenue code.

13 (c) The adjustments referred to hereinabove shall be:

14 (1) "Depreciation" as determined under paragraph one of subsection (a)
15 of section fifty-six of the internal revenue code. For purposes of this
16 subparagraph, the depreciation item of adjustment provided for here
17 shall not include any amount attributable to property for which the tax
18 benefits of the accelerated cost recovery system are not available under
19 this article by reason of subparagraph ten of paragraph (b) of subdivi-
20 sion nine of this section;

21 (2) "Mining exploration and development costs" as determined under
22 paragraph two of subsection (a) of section fifty-six of the internal
23 revenue code;

24 (3) "Treatment of certain long-term contracts" as determined under
25 paragraph three of subsection (a) of section fifty-six of the internal
26 revenue code;

27 (4) "Installment sales of certain property" as determined under para-
28 graph six of subsection (a) of section fifty-six of the internal revenue
29 code;

30 (5) "Circulation expenditures of personal holding companies" as deter-
31 mined under subparagraph (C) of paragraph two of subsection (b) of
32 section fifty-six of the internal revenue code;

33 (6) "Merchant marine capital construction funds" as determined under
34 paragraph two of subsection (c) of section fifty-six of the internal
35 revenue code;

36 (7) "Disallowance of passive activity loss" as determined under
37 subsection (b) of section fifty-eight of the internal revenue code; and

38 (8) "Adjusted basis", as it appears in paragraph seven of subsection
39 (a) of section fifty-six of the internal revenue code, but without
40 taking into account the references therein to paragraph five of
41 subsection (a) of section fifty-six of the internal revenue code.

42 (d) The term "alternative net operating loss deduction" means the net
43 operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable year under paragraph
44 (f) of subdivision nine of this section, except as provided herein.

45 (1)(A) The net operating loss for any year beginning after nineteen
46 hundred eighty-nine which is included in determining such deduction
47 shall be determined with the adjustments provided in subparagraph two of
48 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, and shall be reduced by the items of
49 tax preference determined under subparagraph one of paragraph (a) of
50 this subdivision, attributable to such year. An item of tax preference
51 shall be taken into account only to the extent such item increased the
52 amount of the net operating loss for the taxable year under paragraph
53 (f) of subdivision nine of this section.

54 (B) In the case of loss years beginning before nineteen hundred nine-
55 ty, the amount of the net operating loss which may be carried over to
56 taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-nine shall be

1 equal to an amount which may be carried from the loss year to the first
2 taxable year of the taxpayer beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-
3 nine.

4 (2) In determining the amount of such deduction, loss carryforwards
5 and carrybacks shall, subject to the provisions of subparagraph five of
6 paragraph (f) of subdivision nine of this section, be computed in the
7 manner set forth in paragraph two of subsection (b) of section one
8 hundred seventy-two of the internal revenue code, except that, for the
9 reference therein to taxable income, there shall be substituted the
10 phrase "ninety percent of minimum taxable income determined without
11 regard to the alternative net operating loss deduction".

12 (3) The amount of such deduction shall not exceed ninety percent of
13 minimum taxable income determined without regard to such deduction,
14 provided, however, the term "ninety percent" shall be read as "forty-
15 five percent" with respect to taxable years beginning in nineteen
16 hundred ninety-four.

17 (e) The tax commission may, whenever necessary in order to properly
18 reflect the minimum taxable income of any taxpayer, determine the year
19 or period in which any item of income or deduction shall be included,
20 without regard to the method of accounting employed by the taxpayer.

21 (f) If the period covered by a report under this article is other than
22 the period covered by the report to the United States treasury depart-
23 ment, the minimum taxable income shall be appropriately modified pursu-
24 ant to regulations promulgated by the tax commission.]

25 9. The term "entire net income" means total net income from all sourc-
26 es, which shall be presumably the same as the entire taxable income
27 [(but not alternative minimum taxable income)], WHICH, EXCEPT AS HEREIN-
28 AFTER PROVIDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION,

29 (i) [which] the taxpayer is required to report to the United States
30 treasury department, or

31 (ii) [which] the taxpayer would have been required to report to the
32 United States treasury department if it had not made an election under
33 subchapter s of chapter one of the internal revenue code, or

34 (iii) [which] the taxpayer, in the case of a corporation which is
35 exempt from federal income tax (other than the tax on unrelated business
36 taxable income imposed under section 511 of the internal revenue code)
37 but which is subject to tax under this article, would have been required
38 to report to the United States treasury department but for such
39 exemption, [except as hereinafter provided, and subject to any modifica-
40 tion required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision three of section
41 two hundred ten of this article] OR

42 (IV) IN THE CASE OF A CORPORATION ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUN-
43 TRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES, IS EFFECTIVELY CONNECTED WITH THE
44 CONDUCT OF A TRADE OR BUSINESS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES AS DETERMINED
45 UNDER SECTION 882 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,

46 (a) Entire net income shall not include:

47 [(1) income, gains and losses from subsidiary capital which do not
48 include the amount of a recovery in respect of any war loss except for
49 such amounts from a former DISC which are treated as business income
50 under subdivision eight-A of this section,

51 (2) fifty percent of dividends (A) other than from subsidiaries, and
52 (B) other than amounts treated as business income under subdivision
53 eight-A of this section, on shares of stock which conform to the
54 requirements of subsection (c) of section two hundred forty-six of the
55 internal revenue code.]

56 (3) bona fide gifts,

1 (4) income and deductions with respect to amounts received from school
2 districts and from corporations and associations, organized and operated
3 exclusively for religious, charitable or educational purposes, no part
4 of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private share-
5 holder or individual, for the operation of school buses,
6 (5) (i) any refund or credit of a tax imposed under this article,
7 article twenty-three, or FORMER article thirty-two of this chapter, for
8 which tax no exclusion or deduction was allowed in determining the
9 taxpayer's entire net income under this article, article twenty-three,
10 or FORMER article thirty-two of this chapter for any prior year, (ii) a
11 refund or credit of general corporation tax allowed by subdivision elev-
12 en of section 11-604 of the administrative code of the city of New York,
13 or (iii) any refund or credit of a tax imposed under sections one
14 hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-three-a, one hundred eighty-
15 four or one hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter, and
16 (6) any amount treated as dividends pursuant to section seventy-eight
17 of the internal revenue code and not [otherwise deductible under subpar-
18 agraphs one and two of this paragraph] TREATED AS OTHER EXEMPT INCOME
19 UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX-A OF THIS SECTION;
20 (7) that portion of wages and salaries paid or incurred for the taxa-
21 ble year for which a deduction is not allowed pursuant to the provisions
22 of section two hundred eighty-C of the internal revenue code.
23 [(8) in the case of a taxpayer who is separately or as a partner of a
24 partnership doing an insurance business as a member of the New York
25 insurance exchange described in section six thousand two hundred one of
26 the insurance law, any item of income, gain, loss or deduction of such
27 business which is the taxpayer's distributive or pro rata share for
28 federal income tax purposes or which the taxpayer is required to take
29 into account separately for federal income tax purposes.]
30 (9) for taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, nineteen
31 hundred eighty-one, except with respect to property which is a qualified
32 mass commuting vehicle described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph eight
33 of subsection (f) of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal
34 revenue code (relating to qualified mass commuting vehicles) and proper-
35 ty of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other
36 than air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air
37 carriers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in
38 nineteen hundred eighty-nine, any amount which is included in the
39 taxpayer's federal taxable income solely as a result of an election made
40 pursuant to the provisions of such paragraph eight as it was in effect
41 for agreements entered into prior to January first, nineteen hundred
42 eighty-four;
43 (10) for taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, nineteen
44 hundred eighty-one, except with respect to property which is a qualified
45 mass commuting vehicle described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph eight
46 of subsection (f) of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal
47 revenue code (relating to qualified mass commuting vehicles) and proper-
48 ty of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other
49 than air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air
50 carriers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in
51 nineteen hundred eighty-nine, any amount which the taxpayer could have
52 excluded from federal taxable income had it not made the election
53 provided for in such paragraph eight as it was in effect for agreements
54 entered into prior to January first, nineteen hundred eighty-four;
55 (11) the amount deductible pursuant to paragraph (j) of this subdivi-
56 sion; and

1 (12) upon the disposition of property to which paragraph (j) of this
2 subdivision applies, the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the
3 amounts described in subparagraph ten of paragraph (b) of this subdivi-
4 sion attributable to such property exceeds the aggregate of the amounts
5 described in paragraph (j) of this subdivision attributable to such
6 property; and

7 [(13) if the added tax provided for in either (i) former subdivision
8 two of section one hundred eighty-two of this chapter (relating to real
9 estate corporations) or (ii) former subdivision one-a of section two
10 hundred nine of this chapter (relating to real estate corporations) has
11 been imposed upon the taxpayer, any income which has been used in
12 computing such tax.]

13 (14) The amount deductible pursuant to paragraph [(l)] (I) of this
14 subsection.

15 [(15) In the case of an attorney-in-fact, with respect to which a
16 mutual insurance company, which is an interinsurer or a reciprocal
17 insurer and is subject to tax under subdivision (a) of section fifteen
18 hundred ten of this chapter, has made the election provided for under
19 section eight hundred thirty-five of the Internal Revenue Code, an
20 amount equal to the excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by
21 such interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
22 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to such interinsurer or
23 reciprocal insurer with respect to amounts paid or incurred in the taxa-
24 ble year to the attorney-in-fact under subsection (b) of such section
25 eight hundred thirty-five of the Internal Revenue Code.]

26 (16) In the case of a taxpayer subject to the modification provided by
27 subparagraph sixteen of paragraph (b) of this subdivision, the amount
28 required to be recaptured pursuant to subsection (d) of section 179 of
29 the internal revenue code with respect to property upon which such
30 modification was based.

31 (17) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO
32 THOUSAND TWO, THE AMOUNT DEDUCTIBLE PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (N-1) OF THIS
33 SUBDIVISION.

34 (18) the amount of income or gain included in federal taxable income
35 of a taxpayer that is a partner in a qualified entity or is a qualified
36 entity that is located both within and without a New York state inno-
37 vation hot spot, to the extent that the income or gain is attributable
38 to the operations of a qualified entity at or as part of the New York
39 state innovation hot spot as provided in section thirty-eight of this
40 chapter.

41 (19) THE AMOUNT COMPUTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (R) OR (S) OF THIS
42 SUBDIVISION, BUT NOT BOTH SUCH AMOUNTS.

43 (b) Entire net income shall be determined without the exclusion,
44 deduction or credit of:

45 (1) [the amount of any specific exemption or credit allowed in any law
46 of the United States imposing any tax on or measured by the income of
47 corporations,] IN THE CASE OF A CORPORATION ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAW OF A
48 COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES, EXCEPT AS TREATED AS OTHER EXEMPT
49 INCOME UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX-A OF THIS SECTION, (I) ANY PART OF ANY
50 INCOME FROM DIVIDENDS OR INTEREST ON ANY KIND OF STOCK, SECURITIES OR
51 INDEBTEDNESS, BUT ONLY IF SUCH INCOME IS TREATED AS EFFECTIVELY
52 CONNECTED WITH THE CONDUCT OF A TRADE OR BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES
53 PURSUANT TO SECTION 864 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, (II) ANY INCOME
54 EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME UNDER ANY TREATY OBLIGATION OF THE
55 UNITED STATES, BUT ONLY IF SUCH INCOME WOULD BE TREATED AS EFFECTIVELY
56 CONNECTED IN ABSENCE OF SUCH EXEMPTION PROVIDED THAT SUCH TREATY OBLI-

1 GATION DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE TAXATION OF SUCH INCOME BY A STATE, OR
2 (III) ANY INCOME WHICH WOULD BE TREATED AS EFFECTIVELY CONNECTED IF SUCH
3 INCOME WERE NOT EXCLUDED FROM GROSS INCOME PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (A) OF
4 SECTION 103 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;
5 (2) any part of any income from dividends or interest on any kind of
6 stock, securities or indebtedness, [except as provided in clauses (1)
7 and (2) of paragraph (a) hereof] TREATED AS OTHER EXEMPT INCOME UNDER
8 SUBDIVISION SIX-A OF THIS SECTION,
9 (3) taxes on or measured by profits or income paid or accrued to the
10 United States, any of its possessions or to any foreign country, includ-
11 ing taxes in lieu of any of the foregoing taxes otherwise generally
12 imposed by any foreign country or by any possession of the United
13 States,
14 (3-a) taxes on or measured by profits or income, or which include
15 profits or income as a measure, paid or accrued to any other state of
16 the United States, or any political subdivision thereof, or to the
17 District of Columbia, including taxes expressly in lieu of any of the
18 foregoing taxes otherwise generally imposed by any other state of the
19 United States, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of
20 Columbia;
21 (4) taxes imposed under this article and article thirty-two AS IN
22 EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN and sections one
23 hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-three-a, one hundred eighty-
24 four and one hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter,
25 (4-a)(A) [the entire amount allowable as an exclusion or deduction for
26 stock transfer taxes imposed by article twelve of this chapter in deter-
27 mining the entire taxable income which the taxpayer is required to
28 report to the United States treasury department but only to the extent
29 that such taxes are incurred and paid in market making transactions,
30 (B)] in those instances where a credit for the special additional mort-
31 gage recording tax credit is allowed under [paragraph (a) of] subdivi-
32 sion [seventeen] NINE of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this arti-
33 cle, the amount allowed as an exclusion or deduction for the special
34 additional mortgage recording tax imposed by subdivision one-a of
35 section two hundred fifty-three of this chapter in determining the
36 entire taxable income which the taxpayer is required to report to the
37 United States treasury department, and [(C)] (B) unless the credit
38 allowed pursuant to subdivision [seventeen] NINE of section two hundred
39 [ten] TEN-B of this article is reflected in the computation of the gain
40 or loss so as to result in an increase in such gain or decrease of such
41 loss, for federal income tax purposes, from the sale or other disposi-
42 tion of the property with respect to which the special additional mort-
43 gage recording tax imposed pursuant to subdivision one-a of section two
44 hundred fifty-three of this chapter was paid, the amount of the special
45 additional mortgage recording tax imposed by subdivision one-a of
46 section two hundred fifty-three of this chapter which was paid and which
47 is reflected in the computation of the basis of the property so as to
48 result in a decrease in such gain or increase in such loss for federal
49 income tax purposes from the sale or other disposition of the property
50 with respect to which such tax was paid.
51 (6) [in the discretion of the tax commission, any amount of interest
52 directly or indirectly and any other amount directly or indirectly
53 attributable as a carrying charge or otherwise to subsidiary capital or
54 to income, gains or losses from subsidiary capital] ANY AMOUNT ALLOWED
55 AS A DEDUCTION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR UNDER SECTION 172 OF THE INTERNAL

1 REVENUE CODE, INCLUDING CARRYOVERS OF DEDUCTIONS FROM PRIOR TAXABLE
2 YEARS.

3 [(7) in the case of a taxpayer who is separately or as a partner of a
4 partnership doing an insurance business as a member of the New York
5 insurance exchange described in section six thousand two hundred one of
6 the insurance law, such taxpayer's distributive or pro rata share of the
7 allocated entire net income of such business as determined under
8 sections fifteen hundred three and fifteen hundred four of this chapter,
9 provided however, in the event such allocated entire net income is a
10 loss, such taxpayer's distributive or pro rata share of such loss shall
11 not be subtracted from federal taxable income in computing entire net
12 income under this subdivision.]

13 (8) for taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, nineteen
14 hundred eighty-one, except with respect to property which is a qualified
15 mass commuting vehicle described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph eight
16 of subsection (f) of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal
17 revenue code (relating to qualified mass commuting vehicles) and proper-
18 ty of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other
19 than air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air
20 carriers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in
21 nineteen hundred eighty-nine, any amount which the taxpayer claimed as a
22 deduction in computing its federal taxable income solely as a result of
23 an election made pursuant to the provisions of such paragraph eight as
24 it was in effect for agreements entered into prior to January first,
25 nineteen hundred eighty-four;

26 (9) for taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, nineteen
27 hundred eighty-one, except with respect to property which is a qualified
28 mass commuting vehicle described in subparagraph (D) of paragraph eight
29 of subsection (f) of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal
30 revenue code (relating to qualified mass commuting vehicles) and proper-
31 ty of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other
32 than air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air
33 carriers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in
34 nineteen hundred eighty-nine, any amount which the taxpayer would have
35 been required to include in the computation of its federal taxable
36 income had it not made the election permitted pursuant to such paragraph
37 eight as it was in effect for agreements entered into prior to January
38 first, nineteen hundred eighty-four;

39 (10) in the case of property placed in service in taxable years begin-
40 ning before nineteen hundred ninety-four, for taxable years beginning
41 after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-one, except with
42 respect to property subject to the provisions of section two hundred
43 eighty-F of the internal revenue code, property subject to the
44 provisions of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal revenue
45 code which is placed in service in this state in taxable years beginning
46 after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-four and property
47 of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other than
48 air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air carri-
49 ers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in nine-
50 teen hundred [eight-nine] EIGHTY-NINE, the amount allowable as a
51 deduction determined under section one hundred sixty-eight of the inter-
52 nal revenue code;

53 (11) upon the disposition of property to which paragraph (j) of this
54 subdivision applies, the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the
55 amounts described in such paragraph (j) attributable to such property

1 exceeds the aggregate of the amounts described in subparagraph ten of
2 this paragraph attributable to such property.

3 (15) Real property taxes paid on qualified agricultural property and
4 deducted in determining federal taxable income, to the extent of the
5 amount of the agricultural property tax credit allowed under subdivision
6 [twenty-two] ELEVEN of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this article.

7 (16) In the case of a taxpayer which is not an eligible farmer as
8 defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision [twenty-two] ELEVEN of section
9 two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this article, the amount of any deduction
10 claimed pursuant to section 179 of the internal revenue code with
11 respect to a sport utility vehicle which is not a passenger automobile
12 as defined in paragraph 5 of subsection (d) of section 280F of the
13 internal revenue code.

14 (17) for taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two
15 thousand two, in the case of qualified property described in paragraph
16 two of subsection k of section 168 of the internal revenue code, other
17 than qualified resurgence zone property described in paragraph (q) of
18 this subdivision, and other than qualified New York Liberty Zone proper-
19 ty described in paragraph two of subsection b of section 1400L of the
20 internal revenue code (without regard to clause (i) of subparagraph (C)
21 of such paragraph), which was placed in service on or after June first,
22 two thousand three, the amount allowable as a deduction under section
23 167 of the internal revenue code.

24 (18) Premiums paid for environmental remediation insurance, as defined
25 in section twenty-three of this chapter, and deducted in determining
26 federal taxable income, to the extent of the amount of the environmental
27 remediation insurance credit allowed under such section twenty-three and
28 subdivision [thirty-five] NINETEEN of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of
29 this article.

30 (19) The amount of any deduction allowed pursuant to section one
31 hundred ninety-nine of the internal revenue code.

32 (20) The amount of any federal deduction for taxes imposed under arti-
33 cle twenty-three of this chapter.

34 [(c) Entire net income shall include income within and without the
35 United States;]

36 (c-1)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, in the
37 case of a taxpayer which is a foreign air carrier holding a foreign air
38 carrier permit issued by the United States department of transportation
39 pursuant to section four hundred two of the federal aviation act of
40 nineteen hundred fifty-eight, as amended, and which is qualified under
41 subparagraph two of this paragraph, entire net income shall not include,
42 and shall be computed without the deduction of, amounts directly or
43 indirectly attributable to, (i) any income derived from the interna-
44 tional operation of aircraft as described in and subject to the
45 provisions of section eight hundred eighty-three of the internal revenue
46 code, (ii) income without the United States which is derived from the
47 operation of aircraft, and (iii) income without the United States which
48 is of a type described in subdivision (a) of section eight hundred
49 eighty-one of the internal revenue code except that it is derived from
50 sources without the United States. Entire net income shall include
51 income described in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of this subparagraph in
52 the case of taxpayers not described in the previous sentence.

53 (2) A taxpayer is qualified under this subparagraph if air carriers
54 organized in the United States and operating in the foreign country or
55 countries in which the taxpayer has its major base of operations and in
56 which it is organized, resident or headquartered (if not in the same

country as its major base of operations) are not subject to any income tax or other tax based on or measured by income or receipts imposed by such foreign country or countries or any political subdivision thereof, or if so subject to such tax, are provided an exemption from such tax equivalent to that provided for herein.

(c-2) Adjustments by qualified public utilities. (1) In the case of a taxpayer which is a qualified public utility, entire net income shall be computed with the adjustments set forth in this paragraph.

(2) Definitions. (A) Qualified public utility. The term "qualified public utility" means a taxpayer which: (i) on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, was subject to the ratemaking supervision of the state department of public service, and (ii) for the year ending on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, was subject to tax under former section one hundred eighty-six of this chapter.

(B) Transition property. The term "transition property" means property placed in service by the taxpayer before January first, two thousand, for which a depreciation deduction is allowed under section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code.

(3) Federal depreciation disallowed. With respect to transition property, the deduction for federal income tax purposes for depreciation shall not be allowed.

(4) New York depreciation. With respect to transition property, a deduction shall be allowed for the depreciation expense shown on the books and records of the taxpayer for the taxable year and determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(5) Regulatory assets. A deduction shall be allowed for amounts recognized as expense on the books and records of the taxpayer for the taxable year, which amounts were recognized as expense for federal income tax purposes in a taxable year ending on or before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, where: (A) such amounts represent expenditures which, when made, were charged to a deferred debit account or similar asset account on the books and records of the taxpayer, and where (B) the recognition of expense on the books and records of the taxpayer is matched by revenue stemming from a procedure or adjustment allowing the recovery of such expenditures, and where (C) such revenue is recognized for federal income tax purposes in the taxable year.

(6) Basis for gain or loss. (A) Recognition transactions. (i) General rule - book basis. Except as provided in subclause (ii) of this clause, where transition property is sold or otherwise disposed of in the taxable year in a transaction of the type requiring recognition of gain or loss for federal income tax purposes, the basis for determining the amount of such gain or loss under this article shall be the cost of the property less the accumulated depreciation on the property determined on the books and records of the taxpayer in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(ii) Qualified gain - New York basis. Where a sale or disposition described in subclause (i) of this clause results in recognition of gain for federal income tax purposes, and where either (I) such recognition occurs in a taxable year ending after nineteen hundred ninety-nine and before two thousand ten, or (II) such recognition is with respect to a nuclear electric generating facility, the basis for determining the amount of such gain under this article shall be the cost of the property less the aggregate of the New York depreciation deductions on the property determined under subparagraph four of this paragraph.

(iii) No conversion of gain to loss. In the event that the basis determined under subclause (ii) of this clause results in determination

1 of a loss on the sale or disposition of the property, no gain or loss
2 shall be recognized under this article with respect to such sale or
3 disposition.

4 (B) Nonrecognition transactions. (i) Carryover basis. (I) where tran-
5 sition property is disposed of ("original disposition") in a transaction
6 of a type requiring deferral of recognition of gain or loss for federal
7 income tax purposes, and where (II) there is a subsequent recognition of
8 gain or loss for federal income tax purposes ("clause B gain or loss"),
9 the amount of which is determined by reference, in whole or in part, to
10 the basis of such transition property ("underlying transition proper-
11 ty"), then (III) the amount of such clause B gain or loss under this
12 article shall be adjusted as provided in subclause (ii) or (iii) of this
13 clause.

14 (ii) General rule - book basis adjustment. Except as provided in
15 subclause (iii) of this clause, the amount of clause B gain shall be
16 reduced, or the amount of clause B loss increased, by the amount by
17 which the book basis of the underlying transition property on the date
18 of original disposition (determined using the provisions of subclause
19 (i) of clause (A) of this subparagraph) exceeds the federal income tax
20 basis of such property on such date.

21 (iii) Qualified gain - New York basis adjustment. Where clause B gain
22 either (I) occurs in a taxable year ending after nineteen hundred nine-
23 ty-nine and before two thousand ten, or (II) is with respect to a nucle-
24 ar electric generating facility, the amount of such gain under this
25 article shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount by which the
26 New York basis of the underlying transition property on the date of
27 original disposition (determined using the provisions of subclause (ii)
28 of clause (A) of this subparagraph) exceeds the federal income tax basis
29 of such property on such date.

30 (iv) Application to replacement property and transferee taxpayers.
31 This clause shall apply whether the clause B gain or loss: (I) is with
32 respect to either transition property or depreciable property the basis
33 of which is determined by reference to transition property, or (II) is
34 recognized by either a qualified public utility or by a taxpayer which
35 is a transferee of transition property (whether or not such transferee
36 is a qualified public utility, notwithstanding subparagraph one of this
37 paragraph).

38 (c-3) Depreciation adjustments by qualified power producers and pipe-
39 line companies. (1) In the case of a qualified taxpayer, entire net
40 income shall be computed with the depreciation adjustments set forth in
41 this paragraph.

42 (2) Definitions. (A) Qualified taxpayer. The term "qualified taxpayer"
43 means a qualified power producer or a qualified pipeline.

44 (B) Qualified power producer. The term "qualified power producer"
45 means a taxpayer which: (i) on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
46 ninety-nine, was not subject to the ratemaking supervision of the state
47 department of public service, and (ii) for the year ending on December
48 thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, was subject to tax under
49 former section one hundred eighty-six of this chapter on account of its
50 being principally engaged in the business of supplying electricity.

51 (C) Qualified pipeline. The term "qualified pipeline" means a taxpayer
52 which: (i) on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, was
53 subject to the ratemaking supervision of either the federal energy regu-
54 latory commission or the state department of public service, and (ii)
55 for the year ending on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-
56 nine, was subject to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three and one

1 hundred eighty-four of this chapter on account of its being principally
2 engaged in the business of pipeline transmission.

3 (D) Transition property. The term "transition property" means property
4 placed in service by a qualified taxpayer before January first, two
5 thousand, for which a depreciation deduction is allowed under section
6 one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code.

7 (3) Federal depreciation disallowed. With respect to transition prop-
8 erty, the deduction for federal income tax purposes for depreciation
9 shall not be allowed.

10 (4) New York depreciation. With respect to transition property, a
11 deduction shall be allowed for the depreciation expense computed as
12 provided in this subparagraph. (A) All transition property shown on the
13 books and records of the taxpayer on January first, two thousand shall
14 be treated as a single asset placed in service on such date. The New
15 York basis for purposes of computing the depreciation deduction on such
16 single asset shall be the net book value of such transition property
17 determined on the first day of the federal taxable year ending in two
18 thousand (or on the date any such property is placed in service, if
19 later) adjusted as provided in clause (B) of this subparagraph.

20 (B) If transition property is sold or otherwise disposed of, the New
21 York basis of the single asset shall be reduced on the date of such sale
22 or disposition by the amount of the adjusted federal tax basis of such
23 property on such date.

24 (C) The New York depreciation deduction allowed for any taxable year
25 with respect to such single asset shall be computed using the straight-
26 line method, a twenty-year life, and a salvage value of zero.

27 (D) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "net book value" means
28 cost reduced by accumulated depreciation shown on the books and records
29 of the taxpayer and determined, in the case of a qualified power produc-
30 er, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and in
31 the case of a qualified pipeline, in accordance with the taxpayer's
32 regulatory reports filed with the federal energy regulatory commission
33 or state department of public service.

34 (d) The [tax commission] COMMISSIONER may, whenever necessary in order
35 properly to reflect the entire net income of any taxpayer, determine the
36 year or period in which any item of income or deduction shall be
37 included, without regard to the method of accounting employed by the
38 taxpayer[;].

39 (e) The entire net income of any bridge commission created by act of
40 congress to construct a bridge across an international boundary means
41 its gross income less the expense of maintaining and operating its prop-
42 erties, the annual interest upon its bonds and other obligations, and
43 the annual charge for the retirement of such bonds or obligations at
44 maturity[;].

45 [(f) A net operating loss deduction shall be allowed which shall be
46 presumably the same as the net operating loss deduction allowed under
47 section one hundred seventy-two of the internal revenue code, or which
48 would have been allowed if the taxpayer had not made an election under
49 subchapter s of chapter one of the internal revenue code, except that in
50 every instance where such deduction is allowed under this article:

51 (1) any net operating loss included in determining such deduction
52 shall be adjusted to reflect the inclusions and exclusions from entire
53 net income required by paragraphs (a), (b) and (g) hereof,

54 (2) such deduction shall not include any net operating loss sustained
55 during any taxable year beginning prior to January first, nineteen

1 hundred sixty-one, or during any taxable year in which the taxpayer was
2 not subject to the tax imposed by this article,

3 (3) such deduction shall not exceed the deduction for the taxable year
4 allowed under section one hundred seventy-two of the internal revenue
5 code, or the deduction for the taxable year which would have been
6 allowed if the taxpayer had not made an election under subchapter s of
7 chapter one of the internal revenue code,

8 (4) in the case of a New York S corporation, such deduction shall not
9 include any net operating loss sustained during a New York C year or
10 during a New York S year beginning prior to nineteen hundred ninety, and
11 in the case of a New York C corporation, such deduction shall not
12 include any net operating loss sustained during a New York S year,
13 provided, however, a New York S year shall be treated as a taxable year
14 for purposes of determining the number of taxable years to which a net
15 operating loss may be carried back or carried forward, and

16 (5) the net operating loss deduction allowed under section one hundred
17 seventy-two of the internal revenue code shall for purposes of this
18 paragraph be determined as if the taxpayer had elected under such
19 section to relinquish the entire carryback period with respect to net
20 operating losses, except with respect to the first ten thousand dollars
21 of each of such losses, sustained during taxable years ending after June
22 thirtieth, nineteen hundred eighty-nine.

23 (g) For taxable years commencing prior to January first, nineteen
24 hundred eighty-seven, at the election of the taxpayer, a deduction shall
25 be allowed for expenditures paid or incurred during the taxable year for
26 the construction, reconstruction, erection or improvement of either
27 industrial waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facili-
28 ties, or, with respect to taxable years beginning on or after January
29 first, nineteen hundred seventy-seven and before January first, nineteen
30 hundred eighty-one, industrial waste treatment controlled process facil-
31 ities or air pollution controlled process facilities.

32 (1) (A) (1) The term "industrial waste treatment facilities" shall
33 mean facilities for the treatment, neutralization or stabilization of
34 industrial waste and other wastes (as the terms "industrial waste" and
35 "other wastes" are defined in section 17-0105 of the environmental
36 conservation law) from a point immediately preceding the point of such
37 treatment, neutralization or stabilization to the point of disposal,
38 including the necessary pumping and transmitting facilities.

39 (2) The term "industrial waste treatment controlled process facility"
40 shall mean such portion of the cost of an industrial production facility
41 designed for the purpose of obviating the need for industrial waste
42 treatment facilities as defined in item one of this clause as shall
43 exceed the cost of an industrial production facility of equal production
44 capacity which if constructed would require industrial waste treatment
45 facilities to meet emission standards in compliance with the provisions
46 of the environmental conservation law and the codes, rules, regulations,
47 permits or orders issued pursuant thereto but only to the extent of the
48 cost of such industrial waste treatment facilities.

49 (B) (1) The term "air pollution control facilities" shall mean facili-
50 ties which remove, reduce, or render less noxious air contaminants emit-
51 ted from an air contamination source (as the terms "air contaminant" and
52 "air contamination source" are defined in section 19-0107 of the envi-
53 ronmental conservation law) from a point immediately preceding the point
54 of such removal, reduction or rendering to the point of discharge of
55 air, meeting emission standards as established by the department of
56 environmental conservation, but excluding such facilities installed for

1 the primary purpose of salvaging materials which are usable in the manu-
2 facturing process or are marketable and excluding those facilities which
3 rely for their efficacy on dilution, dispersion or assimilation of air
4 contaminants in the ambient air after emission. Such term shall further
5 include flue gas desulfurization equipment and attendant sludge disposal
6 facilities, fluidized bed boilers, precombustion coal cleaning facili-
7 ties or other facilities that conform with this subdivision and which
8 comply with the provisions of the state acid deposition control act set
9 forth in title nine of article nineteen of the environmental conserva-
10 tion law.

11 (2) The term "air pollution controlled process facility" shall mean
12 such portion of the cost of an industrial production facility designed
13 for the purpose of obviating the need for air pollution control facili-
14 ties as defined in item one of this clause as shall exceed the cost of
15 an industrial production facility of equal productive capacity which if
16 constructed would require air pollution control facilities to inert
17 emission standards as established pursuant to title three of article
18 nineteen of the environmental conservation law but only to the extent of
19 the cost of such air pollution control facilities.

20 (2) However, such deduction shall be allowed only

21 (A) with respect to tangible property which is depreciable, pursuant
22 to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code, having
23 a situs in this state and used in the taxpayer's trade or business, the
24 construction, reconstruction, erection or improvement of which, in the
25 case of industrial waste treatment facilities, is initiated on or after
26 January first, nineteen hundred sixty-five or which, in the case of air
27 pollution control facilities, is initiated on or after January first,
28 nineteen hundred sixty-six, or which in the case of industrial waste
29 treatment controlled process facilities or air pollution controlled
30 process facilities is initiated on and after January first, nineteen
31 hundred seventy-seven, and

32 (B) on condition that such facilities have been certified by the state
33 commissioner of environmental conservation or his designated represen-
34 tative, pursuant to section 19-0309 of the environmental conservation
35 law, as complying with applicable provisions of the environmental
36 conservation law, the public health law, the state sanitary code and
37 codes, rules, regulations, permits or orders issued pursuant thereto,
38 and

39 (C) on condition that entire net income for the taxable year and all
40 succeeding taxable years be computed without any deductions for such
41 expenditures or for depreciation or amortization of the same property
42 other than the deductions allowed by this paragraph (g), except to the
43 extent that the basis of the property may be attributable to factors
44 other than such expenditures, or in case a deduction is allowable pursu-
45 ant to this paragraph for only a part of such expenditures, on condition
46 that any deduction allowed for federal income tax purposes for such
47 expenditures or for depreciation or amortization of the same property be
48 proportionately reduced in computing entire net income for the taxable
49 year and all succeeding taxable years, and

50 (D) where the election provided for in paragraph (d) of subdivision
51 three of section two hundred ten of this chapter has not been exercised
52 in respect to the same property.

53 (3) (A) If expenditures in respect to an industrial waste treatment
54 facility, an air pollution control facility, an industrial waste treat-
55 ment controlled process facility or an air pollution controlled process
56 facility have been deducted as provided herein and if within ten years

1 from the end of the taxable year in which such deduction was allowed
2 such property or any part thereof is used for the primary purpose of
3 salvaging materials which are usable in the manufacturing process or are
4 marketable, the taxpayer shall report such change of use in its report
5 for the first taxable year during which it occurs, and the tax commis-
6 sion may recompute the tax for the year or years for which such
7 deduction was allowed and any carryback or carryover year, and may
8 assess any additional tax resulting from such recomputation within the
9 time fixed by paragraph nine of subsection (c) of section ten hundred
10 eighty-three of this chapter.

11 (B) If a deduction is allowed as herein provided for expenditures paid
12 or incurred during any taxable year on the basis of a temporary certif-
13 icate of compliance issued pursuant to the environmental conservation
14 law and if the taxpayer fails to obtain a permanent certificate of
15 compliance upon completion of the facilities with respect to which such
16 temporary certificate was issued, the taxpayer shall report such failure
17 in its report for the taxable year during which such facilities are
18 completed, and the tax commission may recompute the tax for the year or
19 years for which such deduction was allowed and any carryback or carry-
20 over year, and may assess any additional tax resulting from in such
21 recomputation within the time fixed by paragraph nine of subsection (c)
22 of section ten hundred eighty-three.

23 (C) If a deduction is allowed as herein provided for expenditures paid
24 or incurred during any taxable year in respect to an air pollution
25 control facility on the basis of a certificate of compliance issued
26 pursuant to the environmental conservation law and the certificate is
27 revoked pursuant to subdivision three of section 19-0309 of the environ-
28 mental conservation law, the tax commission may recompute the tax for
29 the year or years for which the facility is not or was not in compliance
30 with the applicable provisions of the environmental conservation law,
31 the state sanitary code or codes, rules, regulations, permits or orders
32 promulgated pursuant thereto, and for which a deduction was allowed, as
33 well as for any carryback or carryover year to which such deduction was
34 carried, and may assess any additional tax resulting from such recompu-
35 tation within the time fixed by paragraph nine of subsection (c) of
36 section ten hundred eighty-three.

37 (4) In any taxable year when property is sold or otherwise disposed
38 of, with respect to which a deduction has been allowed pursuant to this
39 paragraph, such deduction shall be disregarded in computing gain or
40 loss, and the gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of such
41 property shall be the gain or loss entering into the computation of
42 entire taxable income which the taxpayer is required to report to the
43 United States treasury department for such taxable year.]

44 (h) If the period covered by a report under this article is other than
45 the period covered by the report to the United States treasury depart-
46 ment,

47 (1) except as provided in subparagraph two hereof, entire net income
48 shall be determined by multiplying the taxable income reported to such
49 department (as adjusted pursuant to the provisions of this article) by
50 the number of calendar months or major parts thereof covered by the
51 report under this article and dividing by the number of calendar months
52 or major parts thereof covered by the report to such department. If it
53 shall appear that such method of determining entire net income does not
54 properly reflect the taxpayer's income during the period covered by the
55 report under this article, the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER shall be
56 authorized in its discretion to determine such entire net income solely

1 on the basis of the taxpayer's income during the period covered by its
2 report under this article[;].

3 (2) [in] IN the case of a New York S termination year, an equal
4 portion of entire net income shall be assigned to each day of such year.
5 The portion of such entire net income thereby assigned to the S short
6 year and the C short year shall be included in the respective reports
7 for the S short year and the C short year under this article. However,
8 where paragraph three of subsection (s) of section six hundred twelve of
9 this chapter applies, the portion of such entire net income assigned to
10 the S short year and the C short year shall be determined under normal
11 tax accounting rules.

12 (i) With respect to a DISC which during any taxable year or reporting
13 year (1) received more than five percent of its gross sales from the
14 sale of inventory or other property which it purchased from its stock-
15 holders, (2) received more than five percent of its gross rentals from
16 the rental of property which it purchased or rented from its stockhold-
17 ers or (3) received more than five percent of its total receipts other
18 than sales and rentals from its stockholders, the following provisions
19 shall apply.

20 (A) For any taxable year in which sub-paragraph (B) of this paragraph
21 is in effect and not rendered invalid, a DISC meeting the above test
22 shall be exempt from all taxes imposed by this article.

23 (B) Supplemental to the provisions of subdivision five of section two
24 hundred eleven of this article, any taxpayer required to compute a tax
25 under this article, which during the taxable year being reported was a
26 stockholder in any DISC meeting the test prescribed in this paragraph,
27 shall for any taxable year ending after December thirty-first, nineteen
28 hundred seventy-one adjust each item of its receipts, expenses, assets
29 and liabilities, as otherwise computed under this article, by adding
30 thereto its attributable share of each such DISC's receipts, expenses,
31 assets and liabilities as reportable by each such DISC to the United
32 States Treasury Department for its annual reporting period ending during
33 the current taxable year of such taxpayer; provided, however, (1) that
34 all transactions between the taxpayer and each such DISC shall be elimi-
35 nated from the taxpayer's adjusted receipts, expenses, assets and
36 liabilities; (2) that the taxpayer's entire net income as otherwise
37 computed under this section, shall be reduced by subtracting the amount
38 of the deemed distribution of current income, if any, from each such
39 DISC already included in the entire net income of such taxpayer by
40 virtue of having been included in its entire taxable income for that
41 taxable year as reported to the United States Treasury Department; and
42 (3) that in the event this paragraph should be rendered invalid, all
43 DISC's and their stockholders taxable hereunder shall be taxed instead
44 under the remaining portions of this article.

45 (j) in the case of property placed in service in taxable years begin-
46 ning before nineteen hundred ninety-four, for taxable years beginning
47 after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-one, except with
48 respect to property subject to the provisions of section two hundred
49 eighty-F of the internal revenue code and property subject to the
50 provisions of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal revenue
51 code which is placed in service in this state in taxable years beginning
52 after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-four, and provided
53 a deduction has not been excluded from entire net income pursuant to
54 subparagraph eight of paragraph (b) of this subdivision, a taxpayer
55 shall be allowed with respect to property which is subject to the
56 provisions of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal revenue

code the depreciation deduction allowable under section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code as such section would have applied to property placed in service on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty. This paragraph shall not apply to property of a taxpayer principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (other than air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air carriers) which is placed in service before taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred eighty-nine.

(k) QSSS. (1) New York S corporation. In the case of a New York S corporation which is the parent of a qualified subchapter S subsidiary (QSSS) with respect to a taxable year:

(A) where the QSSS is not an excluded corporation,

(i) in determining the entire net income of such parent corporation, all assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the QSSS shall be treated as assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the parent corporation, and

(ii) the QSSS shall be exempt from all taxes imposed by this article, and

(B) where the QSSS is an excluded corporation, the entire net income of the parent corporation shall be determined as if the federal QSSS election had not been made.

(2) New York C corporation. In the case of a New York C corporation which is the parent of a QSSS with respect to a taxable year:

(A) where the QSSS is a taxpayer,

(i) in determining the entire net income of such parent corporation, all assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the QSSS shall be treated as assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the parent corporation, and

(ii) the QSSS shall be exempt from all taxes imposed by this article, and

(B) where the QSSS is not a taxpayer,

(i) if the QSSS is not an excluded corporation, the parent corporation may make a QSSS inclusion election to include all assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the QSSS as assets, liabilities, income and deductions of the parent corporation, and

(ii) in the absence of such election, or where the QSSS is an excluded corporation, the entire net income of the parent corporation shall be determined as if the federal QSSS election had not been made.

(3) Non-New York S corporation not excluded. In the case of an S corporation which is not a taxpayer and not an excluded corporation, and which is the parent of a QSSS which is a taxpayer, the shareholders of the parent corporation shall be entitled to make the New York S election under subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this chapter.

(A) For any taxable year for which such election is in effect, the parent corporation shall be subject to tax under this article as a New York S corporation, and the provisions of clause (A) of subparagraph one of this paragraph shall apply.

(B) For any taxable year for which such election is not in effect, the QSSS shall be a New York C corporation, and the entire net income of the QSSS shall be determined as if the federal QSSS election had not been made. For purposes of such determination, the taxable year of the parent corporation shall constitute the taxable year of the QSSS, excluding, however, any portion of such year during which the QSSS is not a taxpayer.

(4) S corporation excluded. In the case of an S corporation which is an excluded corporation and which is the parent of a QSSS which is a

1 taxpayer, the QSSS shall be a New York C corporation and the provisions
2 of clause (B) of subparagraph three of this paragraph shall apply.

3 (5) Excluded corporation. The term "excluded corporation" means a
4 corporation subject to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three
5 through one hundred eighty-six, inclusive, or article [thirty-two or]
6 thirty-three of this chapter, or a foreign corporation not taxable by
7 this state which, if it were taxable, would be subject to tax under any
8 of such sections or [articles] ARTICLE.

9 (6) Taxpayer. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "taxpayer"
10 means a parent corporation or QSSS subject to tax under this article,
11 determined without regard to the provisions of this paragraph.

12 (7) QSSS inclusion election. The election under subclause (i) of
13 clause (B) of subparagraph two of this paragraph shall be effective for
14 the taxable year for which made and for all succeeding taxable years of
15 the corporation until such election is terminated. An election or termi-
16 nation shall be made on such form and in such manner as the commissioner
17 may prescribe by regulation or instruction.

18 (l) Emerging technology investment deferral. In the case of any sale
19 of a qualified emerging technologies investment held for more than thir-
20 ty-six months and with respect to which the taxpayer elects the applica-
21 tion of this paragraph, gain from such sale shall be recognized only to
22 the extent that the amount realized on such sale exceeds the cost of any
23 qualified emerging technologies investment purchased by the taxpayer
24 during the three hundred sixty-five-day period beginning on the date of
25 such sale, reduced by any portion of such cost previously taken into
26 account under this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph the follow-
27 ing shall apply:

28 (1) A qualified investment is stock of a corporation or an interest,
29 other than as a creditor, in a partnership or limited liability company
30 that was acquired by the taxpayer as provided in Internal Revenue Code S
31 1202(c)(1)(B), except that the reference to the term "stock" in such
32 section shall be read as "investment," or by the taxpayer from a person
33 who had acquired such stock or interest in such a manner.

34 (2) A qualified emerging technology investment is a qualified invest-
35 ment, that was held by the taxpayer for at least thirty-six months, in a
36 company defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section thirty-
37 one hundred two-e of the public authorities law or an investment in a
38 partnership or limited liability company that is taxed as a partnership
39 to the extent that such partnership or limited liability company invests
40 in qualified emerging technology companies.

41 (3) For purposes of determining whether the nonrecognition of gain
42 under this subsection applies to a qualified emerging technologies
43 investment that is sold, the taxpayer's holding period for such invest-
44 ment and the qualified emerging technologies investment that is
45 purchased shall be determined without regard to Internal Revenue Code S
46 1223.

47 (m) Amounts deferred. The amount deferred under paragraph (l) of this
48 subdivision shall be added to entire net income when the reinvestment in
49 the New York qualified emerging technology company which qualified a
50 taxpayer for such deferral is sold.

51 [(n) Qualified gas transportation contracts.

52 (1) Any tax paid under this article allocable to receipts attributable
53 to a "qualified gas transportation contract" shall be deemed to have
54 been paid under article nine of this chapter for all purposes of law for
55 taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand,

1 computed as hereinafter provided, if all of the following conditions are
2 met:

3 (i) For periods ending prior to January first, two thousand, the
4 taxpayer paid the franchise tax due under section one hundred eighty-
5 four of this chapter.

6 (ii) For the taxable year, all of the receipts from the pipeline
7 transportation of natural gas attributable to the taxpayer and included
8 in the taxpayer's entire net income (without regard to this paragraph)
9 are solely from the transportation of natural gas for wholesale custom-
10 ers and commercial retail customers.

11 (iii) The taxpayer's franchise tax liability under this article for
12 the taxable year (computed without regard to this paragraph) is deter-
13 mined under paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten
14 of this article, and such tax liability (without regard to this para-
15 graph) is greater than the liability the taxpayer would have incurred
16 under sections one hundred eighty-three and one hundred eighty-four of
17 this chapter (as such sections existed on December thirty-first, nine-
18 teen hundred ninety-nine) based on the same taxable period.

19 (iv) The taxpayer is a party to a "qualified gas transportation
20 contract," as defined herein.

21 (2) The provisions of this paragraph shall apply only for the taxable
22 years during which such qualified gas transportation contract is in full
23 force and effect, and shall apply only to the receipts of the taxpayer
24 less any expenses of the taxpayer (but not less than zero), during the
25 taxable year, to the extent included in entire net income, which are
26 attributable to any such qualified gas transportation contracts.
27 Provided, further, in any event, the characterization hereunder shall
28 expire and be of no further force and effect for taxable years commenc-
29 ing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen.

30 (3) The term "qualified gas transportation contract" shall mean a
31 service agreement for the transportation of natural gas for an end-user
32 which is a qualified cogeneration facility with a rated capacity of one
33 thousand megawatts or more, which (i) was entered into before January
34 first, two thousand, and was in full force and effect and binding on the
35 parties thereto as of such date, (ii) as originally executed, was for a
36 term of at least twenty years, and (iii) the terms of which prohibit the
37 pass-through to such customer of the franchise tax imposed under this
38 article, while allowing the recovery of the gross earnings tax imposed
39 under section one hundred eighty-four of this chapter. A contract shall
40 not qualify as a qualified gas transportation contract if there is: (i)
41 any renewal or extension of an otherwise qualified gas transportation
42 contract occurring on or after January first, two thousand, or (ii) any
43 material amendment to, or supplementation of, an otherwise qualified gas
44 transportation contract on or after such date. Such renewal, extension,
45 or material amendment or supplementation shall have the same force and
46 effect of terminating the characterization hereunder as if the qualify-
47 ing contract had expired by its own terms.

48 (o)] (N-1) For taxable years beginning after December thirty-first,
49 two thousand two, in the case of qualified property described in para-
50 graph two of subsection k of section 168 of the internal revenue code,
51 other than qualified resurgence zone property described in paragraph (q)
52 of this subdivision, and other than qualified New York Liberty Zone
53 property described in paragraph two of subsection b of section 1400L of
54 the internal revenue code (without regard to clause (i) of subparagraph
55 (C) of such paragraph), which was placed in service on or after June
56 first, two thousand three, a taxpayer shall be allowed with respect to

1 such property the depreciation deduction allowable under section 167 of
2 the internal revenue code as such section would have applied to such
3 property had it been acquired by the taxpayer on September tenth, two
4 thousand one.

5 (o) Related members expense add back. (1) Definitions. (A) Related
6 member. "Related member" means a related person as defined in subpara-
7 graph (c) of paragraph three of subsection (b) of section four hundred
8 sixty-five of the internal revenue code, except that "fifty percent"
9 shall be substituted for "ten percent".

10 (B) Effective rate of tax. "Effective rate of tax" means, as to any
11 state or U.S. possession, the maximum statutory rate of tax imposed by
12 the state or possession on or measured by a related member's net income
13 multiplied by the apportionment percentage, if any, applicable to the
14 related member under the laws of said jurisdiction. For purposes of this
15 definition, the effective rate of tax as to any state or U.S. possession
16 is zero where the related member's net income tax liability in said
17 jurisdiction is reported on a combined or consolidated return including
18 both the taxpayer and the related member where the reported transactions
19 between the taxpayer and the related member are eliminated or offset.
20 Also, for purposes of this definition, when computing the effective rate
21 of tax for a jurisdiction in which a related member's net income is
22 eliminated or offset by a credit or similar adjustment that is dependent
23 upon the related member either maintaining or managing intangible prop-
24 erty or collecting interest income in that jurisdiction, the maximum
25 statutory rate of tax imposed by said jurisdiction shall be decreased to
26 reflect the statutory rate of tax that applies to the related member as
27 effectively reduced by such credit or similar adjustment.

28 (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected
29 to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale,
30 exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights,
31 trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets,
32 patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined
33 by the commissioner, and include amounts allowable as interest
34 deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue
35 code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related
36 to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or manage-
37 ment, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible
38 assets.

39 (D) Valid Business Purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more
40 business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation,
41 which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some
42 business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes
43 in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of
44 the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase
45 in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into
46 new business markets.

47 (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) Except where a taxpayer is included
48 in a combined report with a related member pursuant to subdivision four
49 of section two hundred eleven of this article, for the purpose of
50 computing entire net income or other applicable taxable basis, a taxpay-
51 er must add back royalty payments directly or indirectly paid, accrued,
52 or incurred in connection with one or more direct or indirect trans-
53 actions with one or more related members during the taxable year to the
54 extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.

55 (B) Exceptions. (i) The adjustment required in this paragraph shall
56 not apply to the portion of the royalty payment that the taxpayer estab-

lishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type and in the form specified by the commissioner, meets all of the following requirements: (I) the related member was subject to tax in this state or another state or possession of the United States or a foreign nation or some combination thereof on a tax base that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the taxpayer; (II) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid, accrued or incurred such portion to a person that is not a related member; and (III) the transaction giving rise to the royalty payment between the taxpayer and the related member was undertaken for a valid business purpose.

(ii) The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type and in the form specified by the commissioner, that: (I) the related member was subject to tax on or measured by its net income in this state or another state or possession of the United States or some combination thereof; (II) the tax base for said tax included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the taxpayer; and (III) the aggregate effective rate of tax applied to the related member in those jurisdictions is no less than eighty percent of the statutory rate of tax that applied to the taxpayer under section two hundred ten of this article for the taxable year.

(iii) [The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type and in the form specified by the commissioner, that: (I) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III) the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was taxed in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that imposed by this state; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid business purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

(iv)] The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the taxpayer and the commissioner agree in writing to the application or use of alternative adjustments or computations. The commissioner may, in his or her discretion, agree to the application or use of alternative adjustments or computations when he or she concludes that in the absence of such agreement the income of the taxpayer would not be properly reflected.

(p) For taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand two, upon the disposition of property to which paragraph [(o)] (N-1) of this subdivision applies, the amount of any gain or loss includible in entire net income shall be adjusted to reflect the inclusions and exclusions from entire net income pursuant to subparagraph seventeen of paragraph (a) and subparagraph seventeen of paragraph (b) of this subdivision attributable to such property.

(q) For purposes of paragraphs [(o)] (N-1) and (p) of this subdivision, qualified resurgence zone property shall mean qualified property described in paragraph two of subsection k of section 168 of the internal revenue code substantially all of the use of which is in the resurgence zone, as defined below, and is in the active conduct of a trade or business by the taxpayer in such zone, and the original use of which in the resurgence zone commences with the taxpayer after December thirty-

1 first, two thousand two. The resurgence zone shall mean the area of New
2 York county bounded on the south by a line running from the intersection
3 of the Hudson River with the Holland Tunnel, and running thence east to
4 Canal Street, then running along the centerline of Canal Street to the
5 intersection of the Bowery and Canal Street, running thence in a south-
6 easterly direction diagonally across Manhattan Bridge Plaza, to the
7 Manhattan Bridge and thence along the centerline of the Manhattan Bridge
8 to the point where the centerline of the Manhattan Bridge would inter-
9 sect with the easterly bank of the East River, and bounded on the north
10 by a line running from the intersection of the Hudson River with the
11 Holland Tunnel and running thence north along West Avenue to the inter-
12 section of Clarkson Street then running east along the centerline of
13 Clarkson Street to the intersection of Washington Avenue, then running
14 south along the centerline of Washington Avenue to the intersection of
15 West Houston Street, then east along the centerline of West Houston
16 Street, then at the intersection of the Avenue of the Americas continu-
17 ing east along the centerline of East Houston Street to the easterly
18 bank of the East River.

19 (R) SUBTRACTION MODIFICATION FOR QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL LOAN PORTFO-
20 LIOS. (1)(A) A TAXPAYER THAT IS EITHER A THRIFT INSTITUTION AS DEFINED
21 IN SUBPARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR A QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANK AS
22 DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF PARAGRAPH (S) OF THIS SUBDIVISION AND
23 MAINTAINS A QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL LOAN PORTFOLIO AS DEFINED IN SUBPARA-
24 GRAPH TWO OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE ALLOWED AS A DEDUCTION IN COMPUTING
25 ENTIRE NET INCOME THE AMOUNT, IF ANY, BY WHICH (I) THIRTY-TWO PERCENT OF
26 ITS ENTIRE NET INCOME DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS PARAGRAPH
27 EXCEEDS (II) THE AMOUNTS DEDUCTED BY THE TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO SECTIONS
28 166 AND 585 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE LESS ANY AMOUNTS INCLUDED IN
29 FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME AS A RESULT OF A RECOVERY OF A LOAN.

30 (B)(I) IF THE TAXPAYER IS IN A COMBINED REPORT, THIS DEDUCTION WILL BE
31 COMPUTED ON A COMBINED BASIS. IN THAT INSTANCE, THE ENTIRE NET INCOME OF
32 THE COMBINED GROUP FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE MULTIPLIED BY
33 A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AVERAGE TOTAL ASSETS OF ALL
34 THE THRIFT INSTITUTIONS OR QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANKS INCLUDED IN THE
35 COMBINED REPORT AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE AVERAGE TOTAL ASSETS
36 OF ALL THE CORPORATIONS INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED REPORT.

37 (II) MEASUREMENT OF ASSETS FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CLAUSE. (I) TOTAL
38 ASSETS ARE THOSE ASSETS THAT ARE PROPERLY REFLECTED ON A BALANCE SHEET,
39 COMPUTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS IS REQUIRED BY THE BANKING REGULATOR OF
40 THE TAXPAYERS INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED RETURN.

41 (II) ASSETS WILL ONLY BE INCLUDED IF THE INCOME OR EXPENSES OF WHICH
42 ARE PROPERLY REFLECTED (OR WOULD HAVE BEEN PROPERLY REFLECTED IF NOT
43 FULLY DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED, OR DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED TO A NOMINAL
44 AMOUNT) IN THE COMPUTATION OF THE COMBINED GROUP'S ENTIRE NET INCOME FOR
45 THE TAXABLE YEAR. ASSETS WILL NOT INCLUDE DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND INTAN-
46 GIBLE ASSETS IDENTIFIED AS "GOODWILL".

47 (III) TANGIBLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, SUCH AS BUILDINGS, LAND,
48 MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE VALUED AT COST. INTANGIBLE PROPERTY,
49 SUCH AS LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, SHALL BE VALUED AT BOOK VALUE.

50 (IV) INTERCORPORATE STOCKHOLDINGS AND BILLS, NOTES AND ACCOUNTS
51 RECEIVABLE, AND OTHER INTERCORPORATE INDEBTEDNESS BETWEEN THE CORPO-
52 RATIONS INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED REPORT SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

53 (V) AVERAGE ASSETS ARE COMPUTED USING THE ASSETS MEASURED ON THE FIRST
54 DAY OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, AND ON THE LAST DAY OF EACH SUBSEQUENT QUARTER
55 OF THE TAXABLE YEAR.

1 (2) QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL LOAN PORTFOLIO. (A) A TAXPAYER MAINTAINS A
2 QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL LOAN PORTFOLIO IF AT LEAST SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
3 AMOUNT OF THE TOTAL ASSETS AT THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR OF THE
4 THRIFT INSTITUTION OR QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANK CONSISTS OF THE ASSETS
5 DESCRIBED IN ITEMS (I) THROUGH (XII) OF THIS CLAUSE, WITH THE APPLICA-
6 TION OF THE RULE IN ITEM (XIII). IF THE TAXPAYER IS A MEMBER OF A
7 COMBINED GROUP, THE DETERMINATION OF WHETHER THERE IS A QUALIFIED RESI-
8 DENTIAL LOAN PORTFOLIO WILL BE MADE BY AGGREGATING THE ASSETS OF THE
9 THRIFT INSTITUTIONS OR QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANKS THAT ARE MEMBERS OF THE
10 COMBINED GROUP.

11 ASSETS:

12 (I) CASH;

13 (II) OBLIGATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES OR OF A STATE OR POLITICAL
14 SUBDIVISION THEREOF, AND STOCK OR OBLIGATIONS OF A CORPORATION WHICH IS
15 AN INSTRUMENTALITY OR A GOVERNMENT SPONSORED ENTERPRISE OF THE UNITED
16 STATES OR OF A STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF;

17 (III) LOANS SECURED BY A DEPOSIT OR SHARE OF A MEMBER;

18 (IV) LOANS SECURED BY AN INTEREST IN REAL PROPERTY WHICH IS (OR FROM
19 THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN, WILL BECOME) RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OR REAL
20 PROPERTY USED PRIMARILY FOR CHURCH PURPOSES, LOANS MADE FOR THE IMPROVE-
21 MENT OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY OR REAL PROPERTY USED PRIMARILY FOR
22 CHURCH PURPOSES, PROVIDED THAT FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ITEM, RESIDENTIAL
23 REAL PROPERTY SHALL INCLUDE SINGLE OR MULTI-FAMILY DWELLINGS, FACILITIES
24 IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS DEDICATED TO PUBLIC USE OR PROPERTY USED ON
25 A NONPROFIT BASIS FOR RESIDENTS, AND MOBILE HOMES NOT USED ON A TRAN-
26 SIENT BASIS;

27 (V) PROPERTY ACQUIRED THROUGH THE LIQUIDATION OF DEFAULTED LOANS
28 DESCRIBED IN ITEM (IV) OF THIS CLAUSE;

29 (VI) ANY REGULAR OR RESIDUAL INTEREST IN A REMIC, AS SUCH TERM IS
30 DEFINED IN SECTION 860D OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, BUT ONLY IN THE
31 PROPORTION WHICH THE ASSETS OF SUCH REMIC CONSIST OF PROPERTY DESCRIBED
32 IN ANY OF THE PRECEDING ITEMS OF THIS CLAUSE, EXCEPT THAT IF NINETY-FIVE
33 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE ASSETS OF SUCH REMIC ARE ASSETS DESCRIBED IN
34 ITEMS (I) THROUGH (V) OF THIS CLAUSE, THE ENTIRE INTEREST IN THE REMIC
35 SHALL QUALIFY;

36 (VII) ANY MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITY WHICH REPRESENTS OWNERSHIP OF A
37 FRACTIONAL UNDIVIDED INTEREST IN A TRUST, THE ASSETS OF WHICH CONSIST
38 PRIMARILY OF MORTGAGE LOANS, PROVIDED THAT THE REAL PROPERTY WHICH
39 SERVES AS SECURITY FOR THE LOANS IS (OR FROM THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN,
40 WILL BECOME) THE TYPE OF PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN ITEM (IV) OF THIS CLAUSE
41 AND ANY COLLATERALIZED MORTGAGE OBLIGATION, THE SECURITY FOR WHICH
42 CONSISTS PRIMARILY OF MORTGAGE LOANS THAT MAINTAIN AS SECURITY THE TYPE
43 OF PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN ITEM (IV) OF THIS CLAUSE;

44 (VIII) CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT IN, OR OBLIGATIONS OF, A CORPORATION
45 ORGANIZED UNDER A STATE LAW WHICH SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZES SUCH CORPO-
46 RATION TO INSURE THE DEPOSITS OR SHARE ACCOUNTS OF MEMBER ASSOCIATIONS;

47 (IX) LOANS SECURED BY AN INTEREST IN EDUCATIONAL, HEALTH, OR WELFARE
48 INSTITUTIONS OR FACILITIES, INCLUDING STRUCTURES DESIGNED OR USED PRIMA-
49 RILY FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES FOR STUDENTS, RESIDENTS, AND PERSONS UNDER
50 CARE, EMPLOYEES, OR MEMBERS OF THE STAFF OF SUCH INSTITUTIONS OR FACILI-
51 TIES;

52 (X) LOANS MADE FOR THE PAYMENT OF EXPENSES OF COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY
53 EDUCATION OR VOCATIONAL TRAINING;

54 (XI) PROPERTY USED BY THE TAXPAYER IN SUPPORT OF BUSINESS WHICH
55 CONSISTS PRINCIPALLY OF ACQUIRING THE SAVINGS OF THE PUBLIC AND INVEST-
56 ING IN LOANS; AND

(XII) LOANS FOR WHICH THE TAXPAYER IS THE CREDITOR AND WHICH ARE WHOLLY SECURED BY LOANS DESCRIBED IN ITEM (IV) OF THIS CLAUSE.

(XIII) THE VALUE OF ACCRUED INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND ANY LOSS-SHARING COMMITMENT OR OTHER LOAN GUARANTY BY A GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY WILL BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE BASIS IN THE LOANS TO WHICH THE ACCRUED INTEREST OR LOSS PROTECTION APPLIES.

(B) AT THE ELECTION OF THE TAXPAYER, THE PERCENTAGE SPECIFIED IN CLAUSE (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL BE APPLIED ON THE BASIS OF THE AVERAGE ASSETS OUTSTANDING DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, IN LIEU OF THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR. THE TAXPAYER CAN ELECT TO COMPUTE AN AVERAGE USING THE ASSETS MEASURED ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE TAXABLE YEAR AND ON THE LAST DAY OF EACH SUBSEQUENT QUARTER, OR MONTH OR DAY DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. THIS ELECTION MAY BE MADE ANNUALLY.

(C) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS COMPUTATION, THE DEFINITION OF ASSETS IN CLAUSE (B) OF SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES.

(D) FOR PURPOSES OF ITEM (IV) OF CLAUSE (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, IF A MULTIFAMILY STRUCTURE SECURING A LOAN IS USED IN PART FOR NONRESIDENTIAL USE PURPOSES, THE ENTIRE LOAN IS DEEMED A RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY LOAN IF THE PLANNED RESIDENTIAL USE EXCEEDS EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE PROPERTY'S PLANNED USE (MEASURED, AT THE TAXPAYER'S ELECTION, BY USING SQUARE FOOTAGE OR GROSS RENTAL REVENUE, AND DETERMINED AS OF THE TIME THE LOAN IS MADE).

(E) FOR PURPOSES OF ITEM (IV) OF CLAUSE (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, LOANS MADE TO FINANCE THE ACQUISITION OR DEVELOPMENT OF LAND SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE LOANS SECURED BY AN INTEREST IN RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY IF THERE IS A REASONABLE ASSURANCE THAT THE PROPERTY WILL BECOME RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY WITHIN A PERIOD OF THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ACQUISITION OF SUCH LAND; BUT THIS SENTENCE SHALL NOT APPLY FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR UNLESS, WITHIN SUCH THREE YEAR PERIOD, SUCH LAND BECOMES RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY. FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER ANY INTEREST IN A REMIC QUALIFIES UNDER ITEM (VI) OF CLAUSE (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, ANY REGULAR INTEREST IN ANOTHER REMIC HELD BY SUCH REMIC SHALL BE TREATED AS A LOAN DESCRIBED IN A PRECEDING ITEM UNDER PRINCIPLES SIMILAR TO THE PRINCIPLE OF SUCH ITEM (VI), EXCEPT THAT IF SUCH REMICS ARE PART OF A TIERED STRUCTURE, THEY SHALL BE TREATED AS ONE REMIC FOR PURPOSES OF SUCH ITEM (VI).

(3) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, A "THRIFT INSTITUTION" IS A SAVINGS BANK, A SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, OR OTHER SAVINGS INSTITUTION CHARTERED AND SUPERVISED AS SUCH UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE LAW.

(S) SUBTRACTION MODIFICATION FOR COMMUNITY BANKS. (1) A TAXPAYER THAT IS A QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANK AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS PARAGRAPH OR A THRIFT INSTITUTION AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH THREE OF PARAGRAPH (R) OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE ALLOWED A DEDUCTION IN COMPUTING ENTIRE NET INCOME EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT COMPUTED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

(2) TO BE A QUALIFIED COMMUNITY BANK, A TAXPAYER MUST SATISFY THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.

(A) IT IS A BANK OR TRUST COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER OR SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE THREE OF THE BANKING LAW OR A COMPARABLE PROVISION OF THE LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE, OR A NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION.

(B) THE AVERAGE VALUE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR OF THE ASSETS OF THE TAXPAYER, OR THE ASSETS OF THE AFFILIATED GROUP OF THE TAXPAYER, MUST NOT EXCEED EIGHT BILLION DOLLARS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CLAUSE, THE AFFILIATED GROUP OF THE TAXPAYER INCLUDES ANY CORPORATION THAT MEETS THE OWNERSHIP REQUIREMENTS TO BE INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT SPECIFIED IN

1 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-C OF THIS
2 ARTICLE.

3 (3)(A) THE SUBTRACTION MODIFICATION SHALL BE COMPUTED AS FOLLOWS:

4 (I) MULTIPLY THE TAXPAYER'S NET INTEREST INCOME FROM LOANS DURING THE
5 TAXABLE YEAR BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE GROSS INTEREST
6 INCOME DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FROM QUALIFYING LOANS AND THE DENOMINATOR
7 OF WHICH IS THE GROSS INTEREST INCOME DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FROM ALL
8 LOANS.

9 (II) MULTIPLY THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN CLAUSE (I) BY FORTY PERCENT.
10 THIS PRODUCT IS THE AMOUNT OF THE DEDUCTION ALLOWED UNDER THIS PARA-
11 GRAPH.

12 (B)(I) NET INTEREST INCOME FROM LOANS SHALL MEAN GROSS INTEREST INCOME
13 FROM LOANS LESS GROSS INTEREST EXPENSE FROM LOANS. GROSS INTEREST
14 EXPENSE FROM LOANS IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING GROSS INTEREST EXPENSE
15 BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AVERAGE TOTAL VALUE OF
16 LOANS OWNED BY THE THRIFT INSTITUTION OR COMMUNITY BANK DURING THE TAXA-
17 BLE YEAR AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE AVERAGE TOTAL ASSETS OF THE
18 THRIFT INSTITUTION OR COMMUNITY BANK DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR.

19 (II) MEASUREMENT OF ASSETS FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CLAUSE. (I) TOTAL
20 ASSETS ARE THOSE ASSETS THAT ARE PROPERLY REFLECTED ON A BALANCE SHEET,
21 COMPUTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS IS REQUIRED BY THE BANKING REGULATOR OF
22 THE TAXPAYERS INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED RETURN.

23 (II) ASSETS WILL ONLY BE INCLUDED IF THE INCOME OR EXPENSES OF WHICH
24 ARE PROPERLY REFLECTED (OR WOULD HAVE BEEN PROPERLY REFLECTED IF NOT
25 FULLY DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED, OR DEPRECIATED OR EXPENSED TO A NOMINAL
26 AMOUNT) IN THE COMPUTATION OF THE TAXPAYER'S ENTIRE NET INCOME FOR THE
27 TAXABLE YEAR. ASSETS WILL NOT INCLUDE DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND INTANGIBLE
28 ASSETS IDENTIFIED AS "GOODWILL".

29 (III) TANGIBLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, SUCH AS BUILDINGS, LAND,
30 MACHINERY, AND EQUIPMENT SHALL BE VALUED AT COST. INTANGIBLE PROPERTY,
31 SUCH AS LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, SHALL BE VALUED AT BOOK VALUE.

32 (IV) AVERAGE ASSETS ARE COMPUTED USING THE ASSETS MEASURED ON THE
33 FIRST DAY OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, AND ON THE LAST DAY OF EACH SUBSEQUENT
34 QUARTER OF THE TAXABLE YEAR.

35 (C) A QUALIFYING LOAN IS A LOAN THAT MEETS THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN
36 SUBCLAUSE (I) OF THIS CLAUSE AND SUBCLAUSE (II) OF THIS CLAUSE.

37 (I) THE LOAN IS ORIGINATED OR PURCHASED BY THE QUALIFIED COMMUNITY
38 BANK OR THRIFT INSTITUTION IMMEDIATELY AFTER ITS ORIGINATION IN
39 CONNECTION WITH A COMMITMENT TO PURCHASE MADE BY THE BANK PRIOR TO THE
40 LOAN'S ORIGINATION.

41 (II) THE LOAN IS A SMALL BUSINESS LOAN, THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF THE
42 LOAN IS ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR LESS, WHERE EITHER THE BORROWER IS
43 LOCATED IN THIS STATE AS DETERMINED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF
44 THIS ARTICLE AND THE LOAN IS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN NEW
45 YORK, OR THE LOAN IS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN NEW YORK.

46 10. The term "calendar year" means a period of twelve calendar months
47 (or any shorter period beginning on the date the taxpayer becomes
48 subject to the tax imposed by this article) ending on the thirty-first
49 day of December, provided the taxpayer keeps its books on the basis of
50 such period or on the basis of any period ending on any day other than
51 the last day of a calendar month, or provided the taxpayer does not keep
52 books, and includes, in case the taxpayer changes the period on the
53 basis of which it keeps its books from a fiscal year to a calendar year,
54 the period from the close of its last old fiscal year up to and includ-
55 ing the following December thirty-first. The term "fiscal year" means a
56 period of twelve calendar months (or any shorter period beginning on the

1 date the taxpayer becomes subject to the tax imposed by this article)
2 ending on the last day of any month other than December, provided the
3 taxpayer keeps its books on the basis of such period, and includes, in
4 case the taxpayer changes the period on the basis of which it keeps its
5 books from a calendar year to a fiscal year or from one fiscal year to
6 another fiscal year, the period from the close of its last old calendar
7 or fiscal year up to the date designated as the close of its new fiscal
8 year.

9 11. The term "tangible personal property" means corporeal personal
10 property, such as machinery, tools, implements, goods, wares and
11 merchandise, and does not mean money, deposits in banks, shares of
12 stock, bonds, notes, credits or evidences of an interest in property and
13 evidences of debt.

14 12. The term elected or appointed officer shall include the chairman,
15 president, vice-president, secretary, assistant secretary, treasurer,
16 assistant treasurer, comptroller, and also any other officer, irrespec-
17 tive of his title, who is charged with and performs any of the regular
18 functions of any such officer, unless the total compensation of such
19 officer is derived exclusively from the receipt of commissions. A direc-
20 tor shall be considered an elected or appointed officer only if he
21 performs duties ordinarily performed by an officer.

22 13. The term "manufacturer" means a taxpayer or, in the case of a
23 combined report, a combined group, that, during the taxable year, is
24 principally engaged in manufacturing. A taxpayer or a combined group is
25 principally engaged in manufacturing if more than fifty percent of the
26 gross receipts of the taxpayer or the combined group, respectively,
27 during the taxable year are derived from the sale of goods produced by
28 manufacturing. In computing a combined group's gross receipts, intercor-
29 porate receipts shall be eliminated. In computing gross receipts for a
30 taxpayer that is a partner in partnership, inter-entity receipts between
31 the taxpayer and such partnership shall be eliminated.

32 14. (a) The term "manufacturing" means the process of working raw
33 materials into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, new
34 quality or new combinations to matter which already has gone through
35 some artificial process by the use of machinery, tools, appliances and
36 other similar equipment.

37 (b) Notwithstanding the definition of manufacturing in paragraph (a)
38 of this subdivision:

39 (i) The generation and distribution of electricity, the extraction and
40 distribution of natural gas, and the production of steam associated with
41 the generation of electricity does not constitute manufacturing.

42 (ii) The creation, production or reproduction of a film, television
43 show or commercial does not constitute manufacturing.

44 (iii) The blending of two or more fuels does not constitute manufac-
45 turing.

46 (iv) The mass production of food products for wholesale commercial
47 distribution and sale constitutes manufacturing.

48 15. The term "qualified New York manufacturer" means a manufacturer
49 that has property in the state that is used in manufacturing and either
50 the fair market value of that property at the close of the taxable year
51 is at least ten million dollars or all of its real and personal property
52 is located in New York. A taxpayer or, in the case of a combined report,
53 a combined group, that does not satisfy the criteria in subdivision
54 thirteen of this section may be a qualified New York manufacturer if the
55 taxpayer or the combined group employs during the taxable year at least
56 two thousand five hundred employees in manufacturing in New York and the

1 taxpayer or the combined group has property in the state used in manu-
2 facturing, the adjusted basis of which for federal income tax purposes
3 at the close of the taxable year is at least one hundred million
4 dollars.

5 [19. The term "fulfillment services" shall mean any of the following
6 services performed by an entity on its premises on behalf of a purchas-
7 er:

8 (a) the acceptance of orders electronically or by mail, telephone,
9 telefax or internet;

10 (b) responses to consumer correspondence or inquiries electronically
11 or by mail, telephone, telefax or internet;

12 (c) billing and collection activities; or

13 (d) the shipment of orders from an inventory of products offered for
14 sale by the purchaser.]

15 S 5. Subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of section 209 of the tax
16 law, subdivisions 1 and 6 as amended by chapter 817 of the laws of 1987,
17 subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 75 of the laws of 1998, subdivision
18 4 as amended by section 27 of LBD number 74024-03-4, subdivisions 5 and
19 7 as amended by section 2 of part FF-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of
20 2008, and subdivision 8 as added by section 1 of part 0 of chapter 61 of
21 the laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

22 1. (A) For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of
23 doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing proper-
24 ty in this state in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining
25 an office in this state, OR OF DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THIS
26 STATE, for all or any part of each of its fiscal or calendar years,
27 every domestic or foreign corporation, except corporations specified in
28 subdivision four of this section, shall annually pay a franchise tax,
29 upon the basis of its [entire net] BUSINESS income base, or upon such
30 other basis as may be applicable as hereinafter provided, for such
31 fiscal or calendar year or part thereof, on a report which shall be
32 filed, except as hereinafter provided, on or before the fifteenth day of
33 March next succeeding the close of each such year, or, in the case of a
34 corporation which reports on the basis of a fiscal year, within two and
35 one-half months after the close of such fiscal year, and shall be paid
36 as hereinafter provided.

37 (B) A CORPORATION IS DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THIS STATE IF
38 IT HAS RECEIPTS WITHIN THIS STATE OF ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE IN THE
39 TAXABLE YEAR. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "RECEIPTS" MEANS
40 THE RECEIPTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THE APPORTIONMENT RULES SET FORTH IN
41 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE, AND THE TERM "RECEIPTS WITHIN
42 THIS STATE" MEANS THE RECEIPTS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPOR-
43 TIONMENT FACTOR DETERMINED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTI-
44 CLE.

45 (C) A CORPORATION IS DOING BUSINESS IN THIS STATE IF (I) IT HAS ISSUED
46 CREDIT CARDS TO ONE THOUSAND OR MORE CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE A MAILING
47 ADDRESS WITHIN THIS STATE AS OF THE LAST DAY OF ITS TAXABLE YEAR, (II)
48 IT HAS MERCHANT CUSTOMER CONTRACTS WITH MERCHANTS AND THE TOTAL NUMBER
49 OF LOCATIONS COVERED BY THOSE CONTRACTS EQUALS ONE THOUSAND OR MORE
50 LOCATIONS IN THIS STATE TO WHOM THE CORPORATION REMITTED PAYMENTS FOR
51 CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, OR (III) THE SUM OF
52 THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH
53 PLUS THE NUMBER OF LOCATIONS COVERED BY ITS CONTRACTS DESCRIBED IN
54 SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH EQUALS ONE THOUSAND OR MORE. FOR
55 PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, RECEIPTS FROM PROCESSING CREDIT CARD TRANS-
56 ACTIONS FOR MERCHANTS INCLUDE MERCHANT DISCOUNT FEES RECEIVED BY THE

1 CORPORATION. AS USED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "CREDIT CARD" INCLUDES
2 BANK, CREDIT, TRAVEL AND ENTERTAINMENT CARDS.

3 (D)(I) A CORPORATION WITH LESS THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS BUT AT LEAST
4 TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OF RECEIPTS WITHIN THIS STATE IN A TAXABLE YEAR
5 THAT IS PART OF A COMBINED REPORTING GROUP IS DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM
6 ACTIVITY IN THIS STATE IF THE RECEIPTS WITHIN THIS STATE OF THE MEMBERS
7 OF THE COMBINED REPORTING GROUP THAT HAVE AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
8 OF RECEIPTS WITHIN THIS STATE IN THE AGGREGATE MEET THE THRESHOLD SET
9 FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

10 (II) A CORPORATION THAT DOES NOT MEET ANY OF THE THRESHOLDS SET FORTH
11 IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION BUT HAS AT LEAST TEN CUSTOMERS, OR
12 LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOMERS AND LOCATIONS, AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF
13 THIS SUBDIVISION, AND IS PART OF A COMBINED REPORTING GROUP IS DOING
14 BUSINESS IN THIS STATE IF THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS, LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOM-
15 ERS AND LOCATIONS, WITHIN THIS STATE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED
16 REPORTING GROUP THAT HAVE AT LEAST TEN CUSTOMERS, LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOM-
17 ERS AND LOCATIONS, WITHIN THIS STATE IN THE AGGREGATE MEETS ANY OF THE
18 THRESHOLDS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

19 (E) AT THE END OF EACH YEAR, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REVIEW THE CUMULA-
20 TIVE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX. THE COMMISSIONER
21 SHALL ADJUST THE RECEIPT THRESHOLDS SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION IF THE
22 CONSUMER PRICE INDEX HAS CHANGED BY TEN PERCENT OR MORE SINCE JANUARY
23 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR SINCE THE DATE THAT THE THRESHOLDS WERE
24 LAST ADJUSTED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION. THE THRESHOLDS SHALL BE ADJUSTED
25 TO REFLECT THAT CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE CONSUMER PRICE
26 INDEX. THE ADJUSTED THRESHOLDS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST ONE THOU-
27 SAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONSUMER PRICE INDEX" MEANS
28 THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U) AVAILABLE FORM
29 THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.
30 ANY ADJUSTMENT SHALL APPLY TO TAX PERIODS THAT BEGIN AFTER THE ADJUST-
31 MENT IS MADE.

32 2. A foreign corporation shall not be deemed to be doing business,
33 employing capital, owning or leasing property, or maintaining an office
34 in this state, OR DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THIS STATE, for the
35 purposes of this article, by reason of (a) the maintenance of cash
36 balances with banks or trust companies in this state, or (b) the owner-
37 ship of shares of stock or securities kept in this state, if kept in a
38 safe deposit box, safe, vault or other receptacle rented for the
39 purpose, or if pledged as collateral security, or if deposited with one
40 or more banks or trust companies, or brokers who are members of a recog-
41 nized security exchange, in safekeeping or custody accounts, or (c) the
42 taking of any action by any such bank or trust company or broker, which
43 is incidental to the rendering of safekeeping or custodian service to
44 such corporation, or (d) the maintenance of an office in this state by
45 one or more officers or directors of the corporation who are not employ-
46 ees of the corporation if the corporation otherwise is not doing busi-
47 ness in this state, and does not employ capital or own or lease property
48 in this state, or (e) the keeping of books or records of a corporation
49 in this state if such books or records are not kept by employees of such
50 corporation and such corporation does not otherwise do business, employ
51 capital, own or lease property or maintain an office in this state, or
52 (f) [the use of fulfillment services of a person other than an affil-
53 iated person and the ownership of property stored on the premises of
54 such person in conjunction with such services, or (g)] any combination
55 of the foregoing activities. [For purposes of this subdivision, persons
56 are affiliated persons with respect to each other where one of such

1 persons has an ownership interest of more than five percent, whether
2 direct or indirect, in the other, or where an ownership interest of more
3 than five percent, whether direct or indirect, is held in each of such
4 persons by another person or by a group of other persons which are
5 affiliated persons with respect to each other. The term "person" in the
6 preceding sentence and in paragraph (f) of this subdivision shall have
7 the meaning ascribed thereto by subdivision (a) of section eleven
8 hundred one of this chapter.]

9 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three
10 to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under
11 [articles thirty-two and] ARTICLE thirty-three of this chapter, any
12 trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of
13 which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a
14 law of this state, [bank holding companies filing a combined return in
15 accordance with subsection (f) of section fourteen hundred sixty-two of
16 this chapter,] a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return
17 under [either subsection (f) of section fourteen hundred sixty-two or]
18 subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and
19 housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of
20 article two or article five of the private housing finance law and hous-
21 ing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of
22 article eleven of the private housing finance law shall not be subject
23 to tax under this article.

24 5. For any taxable year of a real estate investment trust as defined
25 in section eight hundred fifty-six of the internal revenue code in which
26 such trust is subject to federal income taxation under section eight
27 hundred fifty-seven of such code, such trust shall be subject to a tax
28 computed under either paragraph (a) [, (c)] or (d) of subdivision one of
29 section two hundred ten of this chapter, whichever is [greatest]
30 GREATER, and shall not be subject to any tax under article [thirty-two
31 or article] thirty-three of this chapter except for a captive REIT
32 required to file a combined return under [subdivision (f) of section
33 fourteen hundred sixty-two or] subdivision (f) of section fifteen
34 hundred fifteen of this chapter. In the case of such a real estate
35 investment trust, including a captive REIT as defined in section two of
36 this chapter, the term "entire net income" means "real estate investment
37 trust taxable income" as defined in paragraph two of subdivision (b) of
38 section eight hundred fifty-seven (as modified by section eight hundred
39 fifty-eight) of the internal revenue code plus the amount taxable under
40 paragraph three of subdivision (b) of section eight hundred fifty-seven
41 of such code, subject to the [modification] MODIFICATIONS required by
42 subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this article [(other
43 than the modification required by subparagraph two of paragraph (a)
44 thereof) including the modifications required by paragraphs (d) and (e)
45 of subdivision three of section two hundred ten of this article].

46 6. For any taxable year of a DISC, not exempt from tax under paragraph
47 (i) of subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this article,
48 the taxes imposed by subdivision one of this section shall be computed
49 only under either paragraph (b) or (d) of subdivision one of section two
50 hundred ten of this chapter, whichever is greater[, and paragraph (e) of
51 such subdivision].

52 7. For any taxable year, beginning on or after January first, nineteen
53 hundred eighty of a regulated investment company, as defined in section
54 eight hundred fifty-one of the internal revenue code, in which such
55 company is subject to federal income taxation under section eight
56 hundred fifty-two of such code, such company shall be subject to a tax

1 computed under either paragraph (a)[, (c)] or (d) of subdivision one of
2 section two hundred ten of this chapter, whichever is [greatest]
3 GREATER, and shall not be subject to any tax under article [thirty-two
4 or article] thirty-three of this chapter except for a captive RIC
5 required to file a combined return under [subdivision (f) of section
6 fourteen hundred sixty-two or] subdivision (f) of section fifteen
7 hundred fifteen of this chapter. In the case of such a regulated invest-
8 ment company, including a captive RIC as defined in section two of this
9 chapter, the term "entire net income" means "investment company taxable
10 income" as defined in paragraph two of subdivision (b) of section eight
11 hundred fifty-two, as modified by section eight hundred fifty-five, of
12 the internal revenue code plus the amount taxable under paragraph three
13 of subdivision (b) of section eight hundred fifty-two of such code
14 subject to the [modification] MODIFICATIONS required by subdivision nine
15 of section two hundred eight of this chapter[, other than the modifica-
16 tion required by subparagraph two of paragraph (a) and by paragraph (f)
17 thereof, including the modification required by paragraphs (d) and (e)
18 of subdivision three of section two hundred ten of this chapter].

19 8. For any taxable year beginning on or after January first, two thou-
20 sand six, a corporation that is no longer doing business, employing
21 capital, or owning or leasing property, OR DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIV-
22 ITY in this state in a corporate or organized capacity that has filed a
23 final tax return with the department for the last tax year it was doing
24 business and has no outstanding tax liability for such final tax return
25 or any tax return for prior tax years shall be exempt from all taxes
26 imposed by paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten
27 of this article for tax years following the last year such corporation
28 was doing business.

29 S 6. Section 209-A of the tax law is REPEALED.

30 S 7. The section heading and subdivision 1 of section 209-B of the tax
31 law, the section heading as amended by chapter 11 of the laws of 1983
32 and subdivision 1 as amended by section 4 of part A of chapter 59 of the
33 laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

34 [Temporary metropolitan] METROPOLITAN transportation business tax
35 surcharge. 1. (A) For the privilege of exercising its corporate fran-
36 chise, or of doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or
37 leasing property in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining
38 an office, OR OF DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY in the metropolitan
39 commuter transportation district, for all or any part of its taxable
40 year, there is hereby imposed on every corporation, other than a New
41 York S corporation, subject to tax under section two hundred nine of
42 this article, or any receiver, referee, trustee, assignee or other fidu-
43 ciary, or any officer or agent appointed by any court, who conducts the
44 business of any such corporation, [for the taxable years commencing on
45 or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before
46 December thirty-first, two thousand eighteen,] a tax surcharge, in addi-
47 tion to the tax imposed under section two hundred nine of this article[,
48 to be computed at the rate of eighteen]. SUCH SURCHARGE SHALL BE THE
49 PRODUCT OF TWENTY-FOUR AND ONE-HALF percent of the tax imposed under
50 such section two hundred nine for such taxable years or any part of such
51 taxable years [ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
52 eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable
53 under this article, and at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax
54 imposed under such section for such taxable years or any part of such
55 taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
56 eighty-three after] BEFORE the deduction of any credits otherwise allow-

1 able under this article; provided, however, that such [rates] RATE of
2 tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed
3 under section two hundred nine of this article [after] BEFORE the
4 deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article which is
5 attributable to the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the
6 metropolitan commuter transportation district; and provided, further,
7 [that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed
8 upon any taxpayer for more than four hundred thirty-two months. Provided
9 however, that for taxable years commencing on or after July first, nine-
10 teen hundred ninety-eight, such surcharge shall be calculated as if the
11 tax imposed under section two hundred ten of this article were imposed
12 under the law in effect for taxable years commencing on or after July
13 first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and before July first, nineteen
14 hundred ninety-eight. Provided however, that for taxable years commencing
15 on or after January first, two thousand seven, such surcharge shall
16 be calculated using the highest of the tax bases imposed pursuant to
17 paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision one of section two
18 hundred ten of this article and the amount imposed under paragraph (e)
19 of subdivision one of such section two hundred ten, for the taxable
20 year; and, provided further that, if such highest amount is the tax base
21 imposed under paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of such subdivision, then the
22 surcharge shall be computed as if the tax rates and limitations under
23 such paragraph were the tax rates and limitations under such paragraph
24 in effect for taxable years commencing on or after July first, nineteen
25 hundred ninety-seven and before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-
26 eight] THE SURCHARGE COMPUTED ON A COMBINED REPORT SHALL INCLUDE A
27 SURCHARGE ON THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX FOR EACH MEMBER OF THE
28 COMBINED GROUP SUBJECT TO THE SURCHARGE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION.

29 (B) A CORPORATION IS DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THE METROPOL-
30 ITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IF IT HAS RECEIPTS WITHIN THE
31 METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT OF ONE MILLION DOLLARS OR
32 MORE IN A TAXABLE YEAR. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM
33 "RECEIPTS" MEANS THE RECEIPTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THE APPORTIONMENT
34 RULES SET FORTH IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE, AND THE
35 TERM "RECEIPTS WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT"
36 MEANS THE RECEIPTS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR
37 DETERMINED UNDER SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION.

38 (C) A CORPORATION IS DOING BUSINESS IN THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER
39 TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IF (I) IT HAS ISSUED CREDIT CARDS TO ONE THOU-
40 SAND OR MORE CUSTOMERS WHO HAVE A MAILING ADDRESS WITHIN THE METROPOL-
41 ITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT AS OF THE LAST DAY OF ITS TAXABLE
42 YEAR, (II) IT HAS MERCHANT CUSTOMER CONTRACTS WITH MERCHANTS AND THE
43 TOTAL NUMBER OF LOCATIONS COVERED BY THOSE CONTRACTS EQUALS ONE THOUSAND
44 OR MORE LOCATIONS IN THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT
45 TO WHOM THE CORPORATION REMITTED PAYMENTS FOR CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS
46 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, OR (III) THE SUM OF THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS
47 DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH PLUS THE NUMBER OF
48 LOCATIONS COVERED BY ITS CONTRACTS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF
49 THIS PARAGRAPH EQUALS ONE THOUSAND OR MORE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARA-
50 GRAPH, RECEIPTS FROM PROCESSING CREDIT CARD TRANSACTIONS FOR MERCHANTS
51 INCLUDE MERCHANT DISCOUNT FEES RECEIVED BY THE CORPORATION. AS USED IN
52 THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "CREDIT CARD" INCLUDES BANK, CREDIT, TRAVEL AND
53 ENTERTAINMENT CARDS.

54 (D)(I) A CORPORATION WITH LESS THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS BUT AT LEAST
55 TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OF RECEIPTS WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANS-
56 PORTATION DISTRICT IN A TAXABLE YEAR THAT IS PART OF A COMBINED REPORT-

1 ING GROUP IS DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THE METROPOLITAN COMMU-
2 TER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IF THE RECEIPTS WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN
3 COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT OF THE MEMBERS OF THE UNITARY BUSINESS
4 GROUP THAT HAVE AT LEAST TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OF RECEIPTS WITHIN THE
5 METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IN THE AGGREGATE MEET THE
6 THRESHOLD SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

7 (II) A CORPORATION THAT DOES NOT MEET ANY OF THE THRESHOLDS SET FORTH
8 IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION BUT HAS AT LEAST TEN CUSTOMERS, OR
9 LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOMERS AND LOCATIONS, AS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (C),
10 AND IS PART OF A COMBINED REPORTING GROUP IS DOING BUSINESS IN THE
11 METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IF THE NUMBER OF CUSTOM-
12 ERS, LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOMERS AND LOCATIONS, WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN
13 COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT OF THE MEMBERS OF THE UNITARY BUSINESS
14 GROUP THAT HAVE AT LEAST TEN CUSTOMERS, LOCATIONS, OR CUSTOMERS AND
15 LOCATIONS, WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT IN
16 THE AGGREGATE MEETS ANY OF THE THRESHOLDS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF
17 THIS SUBDIVISION.

18 (E) AT THE END OF EACH YEAR, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REVIEW THE CUMULA-
19 TIVE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX. THE COMMISSIONER
20 SHALL ADJUST THE RECEIPT THRESHOLDS SET FORTH IN THIS SUBDIVISION IF THE
21 CONSUMER PRICE INDEX HAS CHANGED BY TEN PERCENT OR MORE SINCE JANUARY
22 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR SINCE THE DATE THAT THE THRESHOLDS WERE
23 LAST ADJUSTED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION. THE THRESHOLDS SHALL BE ADJUSTED
24 TO REFLECT THAT CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE CONSUMER PRICE
25 INDEX. THE ADJUSTED THRESHOLDS SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST ONE THOU-
26 SAND DOLLARS. AS USED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONSUMER PRICE INDEX" MEANS
27 THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U) AVAILABLE FROM
28 THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.
29 ANY ADJUSTMENT SHALL APPLY TO TAX PERIODS THAT BEGIN AFTER THE ADJUST-
30 MENT IS MADE.

31 S 8. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2 of section 209-B of the
32 tax law, as amended by chapter 11 of the laws of 1983, is amended to
33 read as follows:

34 The portion of the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the
35 metropolitan commuter transportation district shall be determined [by
36 multiplying the tax imposed under section two hundred nine of this arti-
37 cle by a percentage to be determined as follows:] PURSUANT TO THE METHOD
38 PRESCRIBED IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE EXCEPT THAT THE
39 REFERENCES TO "WITHIN THE STATE" SHALL REFER TO WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN
40 COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION DISTRICT AND REFERENCES TO "WITHIN AND WITHOUT
41 THE STATE" SHALL REFER TO WITHIN THE STATE.

42 S 9. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision 2 of section
43 209-B of the tax law are REPEALED.

44 S 10. Subdivisions 2-a and 2-b of section 209-B of the tax law are
45 REPEALED.

46 S 11. Subdivisions 3 and 5 of section 209-B of the tax law, subdivi-
47 sion 3 as amended by chapter 11 of the laws of 1983 and subdivision 5 as
48 amended by chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, are amended to read as
49 follows:

50 3. A corporation shall not be deemed to be doing business, employing
51 capital, owning or leasing property, or maintaining an office, OR DERIV-
52 ING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY in the metropolitan commuter transportation
53 district, for the purposes of this section, by reason of (a) the mainte-
54 nance of cash balances with banks or trust companies in the metropolitan
55 commuter transportation district, or (b) the ownership of shares of
56 stock or securities kept in the metropolitan commuter transportation

1 district, if kept in a safe deposit box, safe, vault or other receptacle
2 rented for the purpose, or if pledged as collateral security, or if
3 deposited with one or more banks or trust companies, or brokers who are
4 members of a recognized security exchange, in safekeeping or custody
5 accounts, or (c) the taking of any action by any such bank or trust
6 company or broker, which is incidental to the rendering of safekeeping
7 or custodian service to such corporation, or (d) the maintenance of an
8 office in the metropolitan commuter transportation district by one or
9 more officers or directors of the corporation who are not employees of
10 the corporation if the corporation otherwise is not doing business in
11 the metropolitan commuter transportation district, and does not employ
12 capital or own or lease property in the metropolitan commuter transpor-
13 tation district, or (e) the keeping of books or records of a corporation
14 in the metropolitan commuter transportation district if such books or
15 records are not kept by employees of such corporation and such corpo-
16 ration does not otherwise do business, employ capital, own or lease
17 property or maintain an office in the metropolitan commuter transporta-
18 tion district, or (f) any combination of the foregoing activities.

19 5. The provisions concerning reports under [section] SECTIONS TWO
20 HUNDRED TEN-C AND two hundred eleven shall be applicable to this
21 section, except that for purposes of an automatic extension for six
22 months for filing a report covering the tax surcharge imposed by this
23 section, such automatic extension shall be allowed only if a taxpayer
24 files with the commissioner an application for extension in such form as
25 said commissioner may prescribe by regulation and pays on or before the
26 date of such filing in addition to any other amounts required under this
27 article, either ninety percent of the entire tax surcharge required to
28 be paid under this section for the applicable period, or not less than
29 the tax surcharge shown on the taxpayer's return for the preceding taxa-
30 ble year, if such preceding taxable year was a taxable year of twelve
31 months; provided, however, that in no event shall such amount be less
32 than the product of the following three amounts: (1) the tax surcharge
33 rate in effect for the taxable year pursuant to subdivision one of this
34 section, (2) the fixed dollar minimum applicable to such taxpayer as
35 determined under paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred
36 ten of this chapter for the taxable year, and (3) the percentage deter-
37 mined under subdivision two of this section for the preceding taxable
38 year, unless the taxpayer was not subject to the tax surcharge imposed
39 pursuant to this section with respect to such year, in which case such
40 percentage shall be deemed to be one hundred percent. The tax surcharge
41 imposed by this section shall be payable to the commissioner in full at
42 the time the report is required to be filed, and such tax surcharge or
43 the balance thereof, imposed on any taxpayer which ceases to exercise
44 its franchise or be subject to the tax surcharge imposed by this section
45 shall be payable to the commissioner at the time the report is required
46 to be filed, provided such tax surcharge of a domestic corporation which
47 continues to possess its franchise shall be subject to adjustment as the
48 circumstances may require; all other tax surcharges of any such taxpay-
49 er, which pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section would
50 otherwise be payable subsequent to the time such report is required to
51 be filed, shall nevertheless be payable at such time. All of the
52 provisions of this article presently applicable are applicable to the
53 tax surcharge imposed by this section.

54 S 12. Subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law, as added by chapter
55 817 of the laws of 1987, the opening paragraph as amended by section 1
56 of part D and paragraph (g) as amended by section 2 of part A of chapter

63 of the laws of 2000, paragraph (a) as amended by section 2 of part N of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, subparagraphs 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) as amended by section 17 of LBD number 74021-03-4, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) as amended by section 2 of part C and subparagraph 5 of paragraph (d) as added by section 3 of part C of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, subparagraphs (vi) and (vii) of paragraph (a) as amended by section 16 of LBD number 74021-03-4, subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (c) as added by section 3 of part Z, and subparagraph 6 of paragraph (d) as added by section 4 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, paragraph (b) as amended by section 1 of part GG1, subparagraph 3 of paragraph (d) as amended by section 3 of part AA1, subparagraph 4 of paragraph (d) as added by section 2 of part AA1 and subparagraph 1 of paragraph (g) as amended by section 4 of part AA1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, paragraph (c) as amended by section 10 of part A and subparagraph 1 of paragraph (d) as amended by section 12 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 1998, paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, paragraph (e) as amended by section 1 of part P of chapter 407 of the laws of 1999, paragraph (f) as amended by section 2 of part E of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005 and paragraph (h) as added by section 20 of LBD number 74021-03-4, is amended to read as follows:

1. The tax imposed by subdivision one of section two hundred nine of this chapter shall be: (A) in the case of each taxpayer other than a New York S corporation or a qualified homeowners association, the [sum of (1) the] highest of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (a), (b), [(c)] and (d) of this subdivision [and (2) the amount prescribed in paragraph (e) of this subdivision], (B) in the case of each New York S corporation, the amount prescribed in paragraph [(g)] (D) of this subdivision, and (C) in the case of a qualified homeowners association, the [sum of (1) the] highest of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (a)[,] AND (b) [and (c)] of this subdivision [and (2) the amount prescribed in paragraph (e) of this subdivision]. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "qualified homeowners association" means a homeowners association, as such term is defined in subsection (c) of section five hundred twenty-eight of the internal revenue code without regard to subparagraph (E) of paragraph one of such subsection (relating to elections to be taxed pursuant to such section), which has no homeowners association taxable income, as such term is defined in subsection (d) of such section. Provided, however, that in the case of a small business taxpayer (other than a New York S corporation) as defined in paragraph (f) of this subdivision, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, if the amount prescribed in such paragraph (b) is higher than the amount prescribed in such paragraph (a) solely by reason of the application of the rate applicable to small business taxpayers, then with respect to such taxpayer the tax referred to in the previous sentence shall be [the sum of (1) the highest] HIGHER of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (a)[, (c)] and (d) of this subdivision [and (2) the amount prescribed in paragraph (e) of this subdivision].

(a) [Entire net] BUSINESS income base. [For taxable years beginning before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of nine percent of the taxpayer's entire net income base. For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and before July first, two thousand, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of eight and one-half percent of the taxpayer's entire net income base. For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand and before July first, two thousand one, the amount prescribed by

1 this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of eight percent of the
2 taxpayer's entire net income base. For taxable years beginning after
3 June thirtieth, two thousand one and before January first, two thousand
4 seven, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the
5 rate of seven and one-half percent of the taxpayer's entire net income
6 base.] For taxable years beginning [on or after] BEFORE January first,
7 two thousand [seven] SIXTEEN, the amount prescribed by this paragraph
8 shall be computed at the rate of seven and one-tenth percent of the
9 taxpayer's [entire net] BUSINESS income base. FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGIN-
10 NING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, THE AMOUNT
11 PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE SIX AND ONE-HALF PERCENT OF THE
12 TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS INCOME BASE. The taxpayer's [entire net] BUSINESS
13 income base shall mean the portion of the taxpayer's [entire net] BUSI-
14 NESS income allocated within the state as hereinafter provided[, subject
15 to any modification required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision
16 three of this section]. However, in the case of a small business taxpay-
17 er, as defined in paragraph (f) of this subdivision, the amount
18 prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed pursuant to subparagraph
19 (iv) of this paragraph and in the case of a manufacturer, as defined in
20 subparagraph (vi) of this paragraph, the amount prescribed by this para-
21 graph shall be computed pursuant to subparagraph (vi) of this paragraph.
22 [(i) if the entire net income base is not more than two hundred thou-
23 sand dollars, (1) for taxable years beginning before July first, nine-
24 teen hundred ninety-nine, the amount shall be eight percent of the
25 entire net income base; (2) for taxable years beginning after June thir-
26 tieth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and before July first, two thousand
27 three, the amount shall be seven and one-half percent of the entire net
28 income base; and (3) for taxable years beginning after June thirtieth,
29 two thousand three and before January first, two thousand five, the
30 amount shall be 6.85 percent of the entire net income base;
31 (ii) if the entire net income base is more than two hundred thousand
32 dollars but not over two hundred ninety thousand dollars, (1) for taxa-
33 ble years beginning before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, the
34 amount shall be the sum of (a) sixteen thousand dollars, (b) nine
35 percent of the excess of the entire net income base over two hundred
36 thousand dollars and (c) five percent of the excess of the entire net
37 income base over two hundred fifty thousand dollars; (2) for taxable
38 years beginning after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and
39 before July first, two thousand, the amount shall be the sum of (a)
40 fifteen thousand dollars, (b) eight and one-half percent of the excess
41 of the entire net income base over two hundred thousand dollars and (c)
42 five percent of the excess of the entire net income base over two
43 hundred fifty thousand dollars; (3) for taxable years beginning after
44 June thirtieth, two thousand and before July first, two thousand one,
45 the amount shall be the sum of (a) fifteen thousand dollars, (b) eight
46 percent of the excess of the entire net income base over two hundred
47 thousand dollars and (c) two and one-half percent of the excess of the
48 entire net income base over two hundred fifty thousand dollars; (4) for
49 taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand one and
50 before July first, two thousand three, the amount shall be seven and
51 one-half percent of the entire net income base; and (5) for taxable
52 years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand three and before
53 January first, two thousand five, the amount shall be the sum of (a)
54 thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars, (b) 7.5 percent of the excess
55 of the entire net income base over two hundred thousand dollars and (c)

1 3.25 percent of the excess of the entire net income base over two
2 hundred fifty thousand dollars;

3 (iii) for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-
4 sand five and ending before January first, two thousand seven, if the
5 entire net income base is not more than two hundred ninety thousand
6 dollars the amount shall be six and one-half percent of the entire net
7 income base; if the entire net income base is more than two hundred
8 ninety thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety thousand
9 dollars the amount shall be the sum of (1) eighteen thousand eight
10 hundred fifty dollars, (2) seven and one-half percent of the excess of
11 the entire net income base over two hundred ninety thousand dollars but
12 not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars and (3) seven and one-
13 quarter percent of the excess of the entire net income base over three
14 hundred fifty thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety thou-
15 sand dollars;]

16 (iv) for taxable years beginning [on or after] BEFORE January first,
17 two thousand [seven] SIXTEEN, if the [entire net] BUSINESS income base
18 is not more than two hundred ninety thousand dollars the amount shall be
19 six and one-half percent of the [entire net] BUSINESS income base; if
20 the [entire net] BUSINESS income base is more than two hundred ninety
21 thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars the
22 amount shall be the sum of (1) eighteen thousand eight hundred fifty
23 dollars, (2) seven and one-tenth percent of the excess of the [entire
24 net] BUSINESS income base over two hundred ninety thousand dollars but
25 not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars and (3) four and thirty-
26 five hundredths percent of the excess of the [entire net] BUSINESS
27 income base over three hundred fifty thousand dollars but not over three
28 hundred ninety thousand dollars;

29 (v) if the taxable period to which [subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii),
30 and] SUBPARAGRAPH (iv) of this paragraph [apply] APPLIES is less than
31 twelve months, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed
32 as follows:

33 (A) Multiply the [entire net] BUSINESS income base for such taxpayer
34 by twelve;

35 (B) Divide the result obtained in (A) by the number of months in the
36 taxable year;

37 (C) Compute an amount pursuant to [subparagraphs (i) and (ii)] SUBPAR-
38 AGRAPH (IV) as if the result obtained in (B) were the taxpayer's [entire
39 net] BUSINESS income base;

40 (D) Multiply the result obtained in (C) by the number of months in the
41 taxpayer's taxable year;

42 (E) Divide the result obtained in (D) by twelve.

43 (vi) except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph or subparagraph
44 (vii) of this paragraph, for taxable years beginning on or after January
45 thirty-first, two thousand seven, the amount prescribed by this para-
46 graph for a taxpayer which is a qualified New York manufacturer, as
47 defined in subdivision fifteen of section two hundred eight of this
48 article, shall be computed at the rate of six and one-half (6.5) percent
49 of the taxpayer's [entire net] BUSINESS income base. [For taxable years
50 beginning on or after January first, two thousand twelve and before
51 January first, two thousand fifteen, the amount prescribed by this para-
52 graph for a taxpayer which is an eligible qualified New York manufactur-
53 er shall be computed at the rate of three and one-quarter (3.25) percent
54 of the taxpayer's entire net income base. The commissioner shall estab-
55 lish guidelines and criteria that specify requirements by which a
56 manufacturer may be classified as an eligible qualified New York

1 manufacturer. Criteria may include but not be limited to factors such as
2 regional unemployment, the economic impact that manufacturing has on the
3 surrounding community, population decline within the region and median
4 income within the region in which the manufacturer is located. In estab-
5 lishing these guidelines and criteria, the commissioner shall endeavor
6 that the total annual cost of the lower rates shall not exceed twenty-
7 five million dollars.]

8 For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in subdivision
9 fifteen of section two hundred eight of this article, the rate at which
10 the tax is computed in effect for taxable years beginning on or after
11 January first, two thousand thirteen and before January first, two thou-
12 sand fourteen for qualified New York manufacturers shall be reduced by
13 nine and two-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after
14 January first, two thousand fourteen and before January first, two thou-
15 sand fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for taxable years commenc-
16 ing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January
17 first, two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for taxable
18 years commencing on or after January first, two thousand sixteen and
19 before January first, two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent for
20 taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eigh-
21 teen.

22 (vii) For a qualified New York manufacturer that has an apportionment
23 factor for purposes of the metropolitan transportation business tax
24 surcharge computed pursuant to subdivision two of section two hundred
25 nine-B of this article equal to zero for the taxable year, the amount
26 prescribed by this paragraph for taxable years beginning on or after
27 January first, two thousand fourteen shall be computed at the rate of
28 zero percent of the taxpayer's entire net income base.

29 (VIII) IN COMPUTING THE BUSINESS INCOME BASE, A NET OPERATING LOSS
30 DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED. A NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION IS THE AMOUNT
31 OF NET OPERATING LOSS OR LOSSES FROM ONE OR MORE TAXABLE YEARS THAT ARE
32 CARRIED FORWARD TO A PARTICULAR INCOME YEAR. A NET OPERATING LOSS IS THE
33 AMOUNT OF A BUSINESS LOSS INCURRED IN A PARTICULAR TAX YEAR MULTIPLIED
34 BY THE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR FOR THAT YEAR AS DETERMINED UNDER SECTION
35 TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE. THE MAXIMUM NET OPERATING DEDUCTION
36 THAT IS ALLOWED IN A TAXABLE YEAR IS THE AMOUNT THAT REDUCES THE TAXPAY-
37 ER'S TAX ON ALLOCATED BUSINESS INCOME TO THE HIGHER OF THE TAX ON THE
38 CAPITAL BASE OR THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM. SUCH DEDUCTION AND LOSS ARE
39 DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING:

40 (1) SUCH NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION IS NOT LIMITED TO THE AMOUNT
41 ALLOWED UNDER SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-TWO OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
42 CODE OR THE AMOUNT THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN ALLOWED IF THE TAXPAYER HAD NOT
43 MADE AN ELECTION UNDER SUBCHAPTER S OF CHAPTER ONE OF THE INTERNAL
44 REVENUE CODE.

45 (2) SUCH NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY NET OPER-
46 ATING LOSS INCURRED DURING ANY TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING PRIOR TO JANUARY
47 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OR DURING ANY TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
48 TAXPAYER WAS NOT SUBJECT TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

49 (3) A TAXPAYER THAT FILES AS PART OF A FEDERAL CONSOLIDATED RETURN BUT
50 ON A SEPARATE BASIS FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE MUST COMPUTE ITS
51 DEDUCTION AND LOSS AS IF IT WERE FILING ON A SEPARATE BASIS FOR FEDERAL
52 INCOME TAX PURPOSES.

53 (4) A NET OPERATING LOSS MUST BE CARRIED FORWARD TO EACH OF THE TWENTY
54 TAXABLE YEARS FOLLOWING THE TAXABLE YEAR OF THE LOSS. NO CARRYBACK OF
55 THE NET OPERATING LOSS IS ALLOWED. A TAXPAYER MUST APPLY BOTH OF THESE
56 LIMITATIONS IN COMPUTING SUCH NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION.

(5) SUCH NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY NET OPERATING LOSS INCURRED DURING A NEW YORK YEAR; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, A NEW YORK YEAR MUST BE TREATED AS A TAXABLE YEAR FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE NUMBER OF TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH A NET OPERATING LOSS MAY BE CARRIED FORWARD.

(6) WHERE THERE ARE TWO OR MORE ALLOCATED NET OPERATING LOSSES, OR PORTIONS THEREOF, CARRIED FORWARD TO BE DEDUCTED IN ONE PARTICULAR TAX YEAR FROM ALLOCATED BUSINESS INCOME, THE EARLIEST ALLOCATED LOSS INCURRED MUST BE APPLIED FIRST.

(b) Capital base. (1) The [amount prescribed by this paragraph for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand eight shall be computed at .178 percent for each dollar of the taxpayer's total business and investment capital, or the portion thereof allocated within the state as hereinafter provided. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eight, the] amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at .15 percent for each dollar of the taxpayer's total business [and investment] capital, or the portion thereof allocated within the state as hereinafter provided. However, in the case of a cooperative housing corporation as defined in the internal revenue code, the applicable rate shall be .04 percent. In no event shall the amount prescribed by this paragraph exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars for qualified New York manufacturers and for all other taxpayers [ten] FIVE million dollars [for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eight but before January first, two thousand eleven and one million dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eleven].

(2) For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in subdivision fifteen of section two hundred eight of this article, the rate at which the tax is computed in effect for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand thirteen and before January first, two thousand fourteen shall be reduced by nine and two-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand fourteen and before January first, two thousand fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before January first, two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eighteen.

[(c) Minimum taxable income bases. (i) For taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six and before nineteen hundred eighty-nine, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of three and one-half percent of the taxpayer's pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable income base. For taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred eighty-nine, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of five percent of the taxpayer's pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable income base. A "taxpayer's pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable income base" shall mean the portion of the taxpayer's entire net income allocated within the state as hereinafter provided, subject to any modification required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision three of this section;

(ii) (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand seven, the amount prescribed by this paragraph shall be computed at the rate of one and one-half percent of the taxpayer's minimum taxable income base. The "taxpayer's minimum taxable income base" shall mean the portion of the taxpayer's minimum taxable income allo-

1 cated within the state as hereinafter provided, subject to any modifica-
2 tions required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision three of this
3 section.

4 (B) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-
5 sand twelve and before January first, two thousand fifteen, the amount
6 prescribed by this paragraph for an eligible qualified New York manufac-
7 turer shall be computed at the rate of seventy-five hundredths (.75)
8 percent of the taxpayer's minimum taxable income base. For purposes of
9 this clause, the term "eligible qualified New York manufacturer" shall
10 have the same meaning as in subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (a) of this
11 subdivision.

12 (iii) For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in subpara-
13 graph (vi) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the rate at which the
14 tax is computed in effect for taxable years beginning on or after Janu-
15 ary first, two thousand thirteen and before January first, two thousand
16 fourteen for qualified New York manufacturers shall be reduced by nine
17 and two-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after January
18 first, two thousand fourteen and before January first, two thousand
19 fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on
20 or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first,
21 two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for taxable years
22 commencing on or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before
23 January first, two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent for taxa-
24 ble years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eighteen.]

25 (d) Fixed dollar minimum. (1) The [amount prescribed by this paragraph
26 shall be for a taxpayer which during the taxable year has:

27 (A) a gross payroll of six million two hundred fifty thousand dollars
28 or more, one thousand five hundred dollars;

29 (B) a gross payroll of less than six million two hundred fifty thou-
30 sand dollars but more than one million dollars, four hundred twenty-five
31 dollars;

32 (C) a gross payroll of no more than one million dollars but more than
33 five hundred thousand dollars, three hundred twenty-five dollars;

34 (D) a gross payroll of no more than five hundred thousand dollars but
35 more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars, two hundred twenty-five
36 dollars;

37 (E) a gross payroll of two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less
38 (except as prescribed in clause (F) of this subparagraph), one hundred
39 dollars;

40 (F) a gross payroll of one thousand dollars or less, with total
41 receipts within and without this state of one thousand dollars or less,
42 and the average value of the assets of which are one thousand dollars or
43 less, eight hundred dollars.

44 (2) For purposes of this paragraph:

45 (A) gross payroll shall be the same as the total wages, salaries and
46 other personal service compensation of all the taxpayer's employees,
47 within and without this state, as defined in subparagraph three of para-
48 graph (a) of subdivision three of this section, except that general
49 executive officers shall not be excluded.

50 (B) total receipts shall be the same as receipts within and without
51 this state as defined in subparagraph two of paragraph (a) of subdivi-
52 sion three of this section.

53 (C) average value of the assets shall be the same as prescribed by
54 subdivision two of this section without reduction for liabilities.

55 (3) If the taxable year is less than twelve months, the amount
56 prescribed by this paragraph shall be reduced by twenty-five percent if

1 the period for which the taxpayer is subject to tax is more than six
2 months but not more than nine months and by fifty percent if the period
3 for which the taxpayer is subject to tax is not more than six months.
4 Provided, however, that in determining the amount of gross payroll and
5 total receipts for purposes of subparagraph one of this paragraph, where
6 the taxable year is less than twelve months, the amount of each shall be
7 determined by dividing the amount of each with respect to the taxable
8 year by the number of months in such taxable year and multiplying the
9 result by twelve. If the taxable year is less than twelve months, the
10 amount of New York receipts for purposes of subparagraph four of this
11 paragraph is determined by dividing the amount of the receipts for the
12 taxable year by the number of months in the taxable year and multiplying
13 the result by twelve.

14 (4) Notwithstanding subparagraphs one and two of this paragraph, for
15 taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eight,
16 the] amount prescribed by this paragraph for New York S corporations
17 will be determined in accordance with the following table:

18 If New York receipts are:	The fixed dollar minimum tax is:
19 not more than \$100,000	\$ 25
20 more than \$100,000 but not over \$250,000	\$ 50
21 more than \$250,000 but not over \$500,000	\$ 175
22 more than \$500,000 but not over \$1,000,000	\$ 300
23 more than \$1,000,000 but not over \$5,000,000	\$1,000
24 more than \$5,000,000 but not over \$25,000,000	\$3,000
25 Over \$25,000,000	\$4,500

26 Otherwise the amount prescribed by this paragraph will be determined in
27 accordance with the following table:

28 PROVIDED FURTHER, THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH FOR A QUALI-
29 FIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION
30 TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, WILL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
31 THE FOLLOWING TABLES:

32 FOR TAX YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2014 AND BEFORE JANUARY
33 1, 2015:

34 IF NEW YORK RECEIPTS ARE:	THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX IS:
35 NOT MORE THAN \$100,000	\$ 23
36 MORE THAN \$100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$250,000	\$ 68
37 MORE THAN \$250,000 BUT NOT OVER \$500,000	\$ 159
38 MORE THAN \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$ 454
39 MORE THAN \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,000,000	\$1,362
40 MORE THAN \$5,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$25,000,000	\$3,178
41 OVER \$25,000,000	\$4,500

42 FOR TAX YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2015 AND BEFORE JANUARY
43 1, 2016:

44 IF NEW YORK RECEIPTS ARE:	THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX IS:
45 NOT MORE THAN \$100,000	\$ 22
46 MORE THAN \$100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$250,000	\$ 66
47 MORE THAN \$250,000 BUT NOT OVER \$500,000	\$ 153
48 MORE THAN \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$ 439
49 MORE THAN \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,000,000	\$1,316
50 MORE THAN \$5,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$25,000,000	\$3,070
51 OVER \$25,000,000	\$4,385

1 FOR TAX YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2016 AND BEFORE JANUARY
2 1, 2018:

3 IF NEW YORK RECEIPTS ARE:	THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX IS:
4 NOT MORE THAN \$100,000	\$ 21
5 MORE THAN \$100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$250,000	\$ 63
6 MORE THAN \$250,000 BUT NOT OVER \$500,000	\$ 148
7 MORE THAN \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$ 423
8 MORE THAN \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,000,000	\$1,269
9 MORE THAN \$5,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$25,000,000	\$2,961
10 OVER \$25,000,000	\$4,230

11 FOR TAX YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2018:

12 IF NEW YORK RECEIPTS ARE:	THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX IS:
13 NOT MORE THAN \$100,000	\$ 19
14 MORE THAN \$100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$250,000	\$ 56
15 MORE THAN \$250,000 BUT NOT OVER \$500,000	\$ 131
16 MORE THAN \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$ 375
17 MORE THAN \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,000,000	\$1,125
18 MORE THAN \$5,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$25,000,000	\$2,625
19 OVER \$25,000,000	\$3,750

20 OTHERWISE THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH WILL BE DETERMINED IN
21 ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

22 If New York receipts are:	The fixed dollar minimum tax is:
23 not more than \$100,000	\$ 25
24 more than \$100,000 but not over \$250,000	\$ 75
25 more than \$250,000 but not over \$500,000	\$ 175
26 more than \$500,000 but not over \$1,000,000	\$ 500
27 more than \$1,000,000 but not over \$5,000,000	\$1,500
28 more than \$5,000,000 but not over \$25,000,000	\$3,500
29 [Over] \$25,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$50,000,000	\$5,000
30 MORE THAN \$50,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$100,000,000	\$10,000
31 MORE THAN \$100,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$250,000,000	\$20,000
32 MORE THAN \$250,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$500,000,000	50,000
33 MORE THAN \$500,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000,000	\$100,000
34 OVER \$1,000,000,000	\$200,000

35 For purposes of this paragraph, New York receipts are the receipts
36 [computed in accordance with subparagraph two of paragraph (a) of subdi-
37 vision three of this] INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT
38 FACTOR DETERMINED UNDER section TWO HUNDRED TEN-A for the taxable year.

39 (2) IF THE TAXABLE YEAR IS LESS THAN TWELVE MONTHS, THE AMOUNT OF NEW
40 YORK RECEIPTS IS DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE AMOUNT OF THE RECEIPTS FOR
41 THE TAXABLE YEAR BY THE NUMBER OF MONTHS IN THE TAXABLE YEAR AND MULTI-
42 PLYING THE RESULT BY TWELVE. IN THE CASE OF A TERMINATION YEAR OF A NEW
43 YORK S CORPORATION, THE SUM OF THE TAX COMPUTED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH FOR
44 THE S SHORT YEAR AND FOR THE C SHORT YEAR SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN THE
45 AMOUNT COMPUTED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH AS IF THE CORPORATION WERE A NEW
46 YORK C CORPORATION FOR THE ENTIRE TAXABLE YEAR.

47 [(5) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-
48 sand twelve and before January first, two thousand fifteen, the amounts
49 prescribed in subparagraphs one and four of this paragraph as the fixed
50 dollar minimum tax for an eligible qualified New York manufacturer shall

1 be one-half of the amounts stated in those subparagraphs. For purposes
2 of this subparagraph, the term "eligible qualified New York manufactur-
3 er" shall have the same meaning as in subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (a)
4 of this subdivision.

5 (6) For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in subparagraph
6 (vi) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the amounts prescribed in
7 subparagraphs one and four of this paragraph in effect for taxable years
8 beginning on or after January first, two thousand thirteen and before
9 January first, two thousand fourteen for qualified New York manufactur-
10 ers shall be reduced by nine and two-tenths percent for taxable years
11 commencing on or after January first, two thousand fourteen and before
12 January first, two thousand fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for
13 taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen
14 and before January first, two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths
15 percent for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two
16 thousand sixteen and before January first, two thousand eighteen, and
17 twenty-five percent for taxable years beginning on or after January
18 first, two thousand eighteen.

19 (e) Subsidiary capital base. (1) The amount prescribed by this para-
20 graph shall be computed at the rate of nine-tenths of a mill for each
21 dollar of the portion of the taxpayer's subsidiary capital allocated
22 within the state as hereinafter provided.

23 (2) For purposes of this paragraph, the amount of such subsidiary
24 capital, prior to allocation, shall be reduced by the applicable
25 percentage of the taxpayer's (i) investments in the stock of, and any
26 indebtedness from, subsidiaries subject to tax under section one hundred
27 eighty-six of this chapter (but only to the extent such indebtedness is
28 included in subsidiary capital), and (ii) investments in the stock of,
29 and any indebtedness from, subsidiaries subject to tax under article
30 thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter (but only to the extent such
31 indebtedness is included in subsidiary capital). For purposes of clause
32 (i) of this subparagraph, the applicable percentage shall be thirty
33 percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand, and one hundred
34 percent for taxable years beginning after two thousand. For purposes of
35 clause (ii) of this subparagraph, the applicable percentage shall be one
36 hundred percent for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred nine-
37 ty-nine.]

38 (f) For purposes of this section, the term "small business taxpayer"
39 shall mean a taxpayer (i) which has an entire net income of not more
40 than three hundred ninety thousand dollars for the taxable year; (ii)
41 [which constitutes a small business as defined in section 1244(c)(3) of
42 internal revenue code (without regard to the second sentence of subpara-
43 graph (A) thereof) as of the last day of the taxable year] THE AGGREGATE
44 AMOUNT OF MONEY AND OTHER PROPERTY RECEIVED BY THE CORPORATION FOR
45 STOCK, AS A CONTRIBUTION TO CAPITAL, AND AS PAID-IN SURPLUS, DOES NOT
46 EXCEED ONE MILLION DOLLARS; [and] (iii) which is not part of an affil-
47 iated group, as defined in section 1504 of the internal revenue code,
48 unless such group, if it had filed a report under this article on a
49 combined basis, would have itself qualified as a "small business taxpay-
50 er" pursuant to this subdivision; AND (IV) WHICH HAS AN AVERAGE NUMBER
51 OF INDIVIDUALS, EXCLUDING GENERAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, EMPLOYED FULL-TIME
52 IN THE STATE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR OF ONE HUNDRED OR FEWER. If the
53 taxable period to which subparagraph (i) of this paragraph applies is
54 less than twelve months, entire net income under such subparagraph shall
55 be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the entire net income by
56 twelve and dividing the result by the number of months in the period.

1 FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE AMOUNT TAKEN
2 INTO ACCOUNT WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY OTHER THAN MONEY SHALL BE THE
3 AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE ADJUSTED BASIS TO THE CORPORATION OF SUCH PROPERTY
4 FOR DETERMINING GAIN, REDUCED BY ANY LIABILITY TO WHICH THE PROPERTY WAS
5 SUBJECT OR WHICH WAS ASSUMED BY THE CORPORATION. THE DETERMINATION UNDER
6 THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL BE MADE AS OF THE TIME THE PROPERTY WAS
7 RECEIVED BY THE CORPORATION. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF THIS
8 SECTION, "AVERAGE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS, EXCLUDING GENERAL EXECUTIVE
9 OFFICERS, EMPLOYED FULL-TIME" SHALL BE COMPUTED BY ASCERTAINING THE
10 NUMBER OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED BY THE TAXPAYER ON THE THIRTY-FIRST
11 DAY OF MARCH, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JUNE, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF SEPTEMBER
12 AND THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER DURING EACH TAXABLE YEAR OR OTHER
13 APPLICABLE PERIOD, BY ADDING TOGETHER THE NUMBER OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS
14 ASCERTAINED ON EACH OF SUCH DATES AND DIVIDING THE SUM SO OBTAINED BY
15 THE NUMBER OF SUCH DATES OCCURRING WITHIN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR OR OTHER
16 APPLICABLE PERIOD. AN INDIVIDUAL EMPLOYED FULL-TIME MEANS AN EMPLOYEE IN
17 A JOB CONSISTING OF AT LEAST THIRTY-FIVE HOURS PER WEEK, OR TWO OR MORE
18 EMPLOYEES WHO ARE IN JOBS THAT TOGETHER CONSTITUTE THE EQUIVALENT OF A
19 JOB AT LEAST THIRTY-FIVE HOURS PER WEEK (FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT).
20 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES IN THE STATE INCLUDES ALL EMPLOYEES REGU-
21 LARLY CONNECTED WITH OR WORKING OUT OF AN OFFICE OR PLACE OF BUSINESS OF
22 THE TAXPAYER WITHIN THE STATE.

23 (g) New York S corporations. (1) General. The amount prescribed by
24 this paragraph shall be, in the case of each New York S corporation,
25 [(i) the higher of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (a) and (d) of
26 this subdivision (other than the amount prescribed in the final clause
27 of subparagraph one of that paragraph (d)) (ii) reduced by the article
28 twenty-two tax equivalent; provided, however, that the amount thus
29 determined shall not be less than the lowest of the amounts prescribed
30 in subparagraph one of that paragraph (d) (applying the provisions of
31 subparagraph three of that paragraph as necessary). Provided, however,
32 notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph, in taxable years begin-
33 ning in two thousand three and before two thousand eight, the amount
34 prescribed by this paragraph shall be the amount prescribed in subpara-
35 graph one of that paragraph (d) (applying the provisions of subparagraph
36 three of that paragraph as necessary) and applying the calculation of
37 that amount in the case of a termination year as set forth in subpara-
38 graph four of this paragraph as necessary. In taxable years beginning in
39 two thousand eight and thereafter, the amount prescribed by this para-
40 graph is] the amount prescribed in subparagraph four of that paragraph
41 (d) [(applying the provisions of subparagraph three of that paragraph as
42 necessary)] and applying the calculation of that amount in the case of a
43 termination year as set forth in subparagraph four of this paragraph as
44 necessary.

45 (2) [Article twenty-two tax equivalent. For taxable years beginning
46 before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, the article twenty-two
47 tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivi-
48 sion by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.875 percent.
49 For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred nine-
50 ty-nine and before July first, two thousand, the article twenty-two tax
51 equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivi-
52 sion by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.525 percent. For
53 taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand and before
54 July first, two thousand one, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is
55 the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substi-
56 tuting for the rate therein the rate of 7.175 percent. For taxable years

beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand one and before July first, two thousand three, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 6.85 percent. For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand three, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.1425 percent.

(3) Small business taxpayers. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs one and two of this paragraph, in the case of a New York S corporation which is a small business taxpayer, as defined in paragraph (f) of this subdivision, the following provisions shall apply:

(A) For taxable years beginning before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.875 percent.

(B) For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine and before July first, two thousand three, the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision, as referred to in subparagraph one of this paragraph, shall be computed by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.5 percent, and the article twenty-two tax equivalent under paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be computed as follows:

(i) if the entire net income base is not more than two hundred thousand dollars, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.45 percent;

(ii) if the entire net income base is more than two hundred thousand dollars but not over two hundred ninety thousand dollars, the article twenty-two tax equivalent shall be computed as the sum of (I) fourteen thousand nine hundred dollars, (II) six and eighty-five hundredths percent of the first fifty thousand dollars in excess of the entire net income base over two hundred thousand dollars, and (III) three and eighty-five hundredths percent of the excess, if any, of the entire net income base over two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

(C) For taxable years beginning after June thirtieth, two thousand three, the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision, as referred to in subparagraph one of this paragraph, shall be computed by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.5 percent, and the article twenty-two tax equivalent under paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be computed as follows:

(i) if the entire net income base is not more than two hundred thousand dollars, the article twenty-two tax equivalent is the amount computed under paragraph (a) of this subdivision by substituting for the rate therein the rate of 7.4725 percent;

(ii) if the entire net income base is more than two hundred thousand dollars but not over two hundred ninety thousand dollars, the article twenty-two tax equivalent shall be computed as the sum of (I) fourteen thousand nine hundred forty-five dollars, (II) 7.1425 percent of the first fifty thousand dollars in excess of the entire net income base over two hundred thousand dollars, and (III) 5.4925 percent of the excess, if any, of the entire net income base over two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

(4)] Termination year. In the case of a termination year, [the tax for the S short year shall be computed under this paragraph without regard to the fixed dollar minimum tax prescribed in paragraph (d) of this subdivision, and the tax for the C short year shall be computed under

1 the opening paragraph of this subdivision without regard to the fixed
2 dollar minimum tax prescribed under such paragraph (d), but in no event
3 shall] the sum of the tax for the S short year and the tax for the C
4 short year SHALL NOT be less than the fixed dollar minimum tax under
5 paragraph (d) of this subdivision computed as if the corporation were a
6 New York C corporation for the entire taxable year.

7 [(h) For purposes of determining whether a taxpayer is an eligible
8 qualified New York manufacturer for purposes of the tax benefits
9 provided in subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision,
10 subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of this subdivision, and subparagraph
11 five of paragraph (d) of this subdivision, a taxpayer shall utilize the
12 law, guidelines and criteria in effect on December thirty-first, two
13 thousand thirteen.]

14 S 13. Subdivision 1-c of section 210 of the tax law, as amended by
15 chapter 1043 of the laws of 1981, the opening paragraph and paragraph
16 (a) as amended by chapter 817 of the laws of 1987, and paragraph (b) as
17 amended by section 12 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is
18 amended to read as follows:

19 1-c. The computations specified in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of
20 this section shall not apply to the first two taxable years of a taxpay-
21 er which, for one or both such years, is a small business [concern. A
22 small business concern:

23 (a) is a taxpayer which is a small business corporation as defined in
24 paragraph three of subsection (c) of section twelve hundred forty-four
25 of the internal revenue code (without regard to the second sentence of
26 subparagraph (A) thereof) as of the last day of the taxable year,

27 (b) is not a corporation over fifty percent of the number of shares of
28 stock of which entitling the holders thereof to vote for the election of
29 directors or trustees is owned by a taxpayer which (1) is subject to tax
30 under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eight-
31 y-four or one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article thirty-two or
32 thirty-three of this chapter, and (2) does not qualify as a small busi-
33 ness corporation as defined in paragraph three of subsection (c) of
34 section twelve hundred forty-four of the internal revenue code (without
35 regard to the second sentence of subparagraph (A) thereof) as of the
36 last day of its taxable year ending within or with the taxable year of
37 the taxpayer,

38 (c) is not a corporation which is substantially similar in operation
39 and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previ-
40 ously taxable, under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one
41 hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-five or one hundred eighty-six
42 of article nine; article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter;
43 article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to
44 tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on
45 January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of
46 which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of this chapter,
47 and

48 (d) at least ninety percent of the assets of such corporation (valued
49 at original cost) were located and employed in this state during the
50 taxable year and eighty percent of the employees of such corporation (as
51 ascertained within the meaning and intent of subparagraph three of para-
52 graph (a) of subdivision three of this section) were principally
53 employed in this state during the taxable year] TAXPAYER AS DEFINED IN
54 PARAGRAPH (F) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION.

55 S 14. Subdivision 2 of section 210 of the tax law, as amended by chap-
56 ter 760 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

1 2. The amount of [subsidiary capital,] investment capital and business
2 capital shall each be determined by taking the average value of the
3 assets included therein (less liabilities deductible therefrom pursuant
4 to the provisions of subdivisions [four,] five and seven of section two
5 hundred eight), and, if the period covered by the report is other than a
6 period of twelve calendar months, by multiplying such value by the
7 number of calendar months or major parts thereof included in such peri-
8 od, and dividing the product thus obtained by twelve. For purposes of
9 this subdivision, real property and marketable securities shall be
10 valued at fair market value and the value of personal property other
11 than marketable securities shall be the value thereof shown on the books
12 and records of the taxpayer in accordance with generally accepted
13 accounting principles.

14 S 15. Subdivisions 3, 3-a, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 12-A, 12-B,
15 12-C, 12-D, 12-E, 12-F, 12-G, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 21-a,
16 22, 23, 23-a, 24, 25, 25-a, 26, 26-a, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35,
17 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, subdivision 48 as added
18 by section 3 of LBD number 74039-02-4 and subdivision 48 as added by
19 section 2 of LBD number 74021-03-4 of section 210 of the tax law are
20 REPEALED.

21 S 16. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 210-A to read as
22 follows:

23 S 210-A. APPORTIONMENT. 1. GENERAL. BUSINESS INCOME AND CAPITAL SHALL
24 BE APPORTIONED TO THE STATE BY THE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR DETERMINED
25 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. THE APPORTIONMENT FACTOR IS A FRACTION, DETER-
26 MINED BY INCLUDING ONLY THOSE RECEIPTS, NET INCOME, NET GAINS, AND OTHER
27 ITEMS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION THAT ARE INCLUDED IN THE COMPUTATION OF
28 THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS INCOME FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. THE NUMERATOR OF
29 THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE SUM OF ALL THE AMOUNTS
30 REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
31 THIS SECTION AND THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION SHALL BE
32 EQUAL TO THE SUM OF ALL THE AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN THE
33 DENOMINATOR PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

34 2. SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ELECTRICITY. (A) RECEIPTS
35 FROM SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WHERE SHIPMENTS ARE MADE TO
36 POINTS WITHIN THE STATE OR THE DESTINATION OF THE PROPERTY IS A POINT IN
37 THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.
38 RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WHERE SHIPMENTS
39 ARE MADE TO POINTS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE OR THE DESTINATION IS
40 WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE
41 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

42 (B) RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ELECTRICITY DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN THE
43 STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.
44 RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ELECTRICITY DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN AND WITH-
45 OUT THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT
46 FRACTION.

47 (C) RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ELECTRICITY
48 THAT ARE TRADED AS COMMODITIES AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 475 OF THE INTER-
49 NAL REVENUE CODE ARE INCLUDED IN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IN ACCORD-
50 ANCE WITH CLAUSE (I) OF SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION
51 FIVE OF THIS SECTION.

52 3. RENTALS AND ROYALTIES. (A) RECEIPTS FROM RENTALS OF REAL AND TANGI-
53 BLE PERSONAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN THE
54 NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS FROM RENTALS OF REAL
55 AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE
56 SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

1 (B) RECEIPTS OF ROYALTIES FROM THE USE OF PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, AND
2 SIMILAR INTANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN
3 THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS OF ROYALTIES FROM
4 THE USE OF PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, TRADEMARKS AND SIMILAR INTANGIBLES WITH-
5 IN AND WITHOUT THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPOR-
6 TIONMENT FRACTION.

7 (C) RECEIPTS FROM THE SALES OF RIGHTS FOR CLOSED-CIRCUIT AND CABLE
8 TELEVISION TRANSMISSIONS OF AN EVENT (OTHER THAN EVENTS OCCURRING ON A
9 REGULARLY SCHEDULED BASIS) TAKING PLACE WITHIN THE STATE AS A RESULT OF
10 THE RENDITION OF SERVICES BY EMPLOYEES OF THE CORPORATION, AS ATHLETES,
11 ENTERTAINERS OR PERFORMING ARTISTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE
12 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH RECEIPTS ARE ATTRIBUTABLE
13 TO SUCH TRANSMISSIONS RECEIVED OR EXHIBITED WITHIN THE STATE. RECEIPTS
14 FROM ALL SALES OF RIGHTS FOR CLOSED-CIRCUIT AND CABLE TELEVISION TRANS-
15 MISSIONS OF AN EVENT ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTION-
16 MENT FRACTION.

17 4. DIGITAL PRODUCTS. (A) FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE APPORTIONMENT
18 FRACTION UNDER THIS SECTION, THE TERM "DIGITAL PRODUCT" MEANS ANY PROP-
19 erty OR SERVICE, OR COMBINATION THEREOF, OF WHATEVER NATURE DELIVERED TO
20 THE PURCHASER THROUGH THE USE OF WIRE, CABLE, FIBER-OPTIC, LASER, MICRO-
21 WAVE, RADIO WAVE, SATELLITE OR SIMILAR SUCCESSOR MEDIA, OR ANY COMBINA-
22 TION THEREOF. DIGITAL PRODUCT INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, AN AUDIO
23 WORK, AUDIOVISUAL WORK, VISUAL WORK, BOOK OR LITERARY WORK, GRAPHIC
24 WORK, GAME, INFORMATION OR ENTERTAINMENT SERVICE, STORAGE OF DIGITAL
25 PRODUCTS AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE BY WHATEVER MEANS DELIVERED. THE TERM
26 "DELIVERED TO" INCLUDES FURNISHED OR PROVIDED TO OR ACCESSED BY. A
27 DIGITAL PRODUCT DOES NOT INCLUDE LEGAL, MEDICAL, ACCOUNTING, ARCHITEC-
28 TURAL, RESEARCH, ANALYTICAL, ENGINEERING OR CONSULTING SERVICES PROVIDED
29 BY THE TAXPAYER.

30 (B) RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF, LICENCE TO USE, OR GRANTING OF REMOTE
31 ACCESS TO DIGITAL PRODUCTS WITHIN THE STATE, DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE
32 HIERARCHY OF METHODS SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH FOUR OF
33 PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF
34 THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF, LICENSE TO USE,
35 OR GRANTING OF REMOTE ACCESS TO DIGITAL PRODUCTS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE
36 STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRAC-
37 TION. THE TAXPAYER MUST EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE UNDER EACH METHOD
38 DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION BEFORE REJECTING IT AND
39 PROCEEDING TO THE NEXT METHOD IN THE HIERARCHY. IF THE RECEIPT FOR A
40 DIGITAL PRODUCT IS COMPRISED OF A COMBINATION OF PROPERTY AND SERVICES,
41 IT CANNOT BE DIVIDED INTO SEPARATE COMPONENTS AND IS CONSIDERED TO BE
42 ONE RECEIPT REGARDLESS OF WHETHER IT IS SEPARATELY STATED FOR BILLING
43 PURPOSES. THE ENTIRE RECEIPT MUST BE ALLOCATED BY THIS HIERARCHY.

44 (C) HIERARCHY OF SOURCING METHODS. (1) DELIVERY DESTINATION OF THE
45 DIGITAL PRODUCT. A DIGITAL PRODUCT IS DEEMED DELIVERED WITHIN THE STATE
46 IF THE LOCATION FROM WHICH THE PURCHASER OR ITS AUTHORIZED USER ACCESSES
47 OR USES THE DIGITAL PRODUCT IS IN THE STATE. DESTINATION MAY BE DEMON-
48 STRATED BY INTERNET PROTOCOL ADDRESS OR OTHER SIMILAR OR SUCCESSOR INDI-
49 CATOR, THE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF THE EQUIPMENT TO WHICH THE DIGITAL
50 PRODUCT IS DELIVERED OR FROM WHICH THE DIGITAL PRODUCT IS ACCESSED, OR
51 THE DELIVERY DESTINATION INDICATED ON A BILL OF LADING OR PURCHASE
52 INVOICE. A DIGITAL PRODUCT ACCESSED OR USED BY THE PURCHASER OR ITS
53 AUTHORIZED USER DURING THE TAXPAYER'S TAXABLE YEAR IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS
54 IS DELIVERED WITHIN THE STATE TO THE EXTENT THAT THE DIGITAL PRODUCT IS
55 ACCESSED OR USED IN THE STATE;

56 (2) BILLING ADDRESS OF THE PURCHASER;

(3) ZIP CODE OR OTHER GEOGRAPHIC INDICATOR OF THE PURCHASER'S LOCATION; OR

(4) THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION DETERMINED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PRECEDING TAXABLE YEAR, OR, IF THE TAXPAYER WAS NOT SUBJECT TO TAX IN THE PRECEDING TAXABLE YEAR, THEN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IN THE CURRENT TAXABLE YEAR FOR THOSE DIGITAL PRODUCTS THAT CAN BE SOURCED USING THE HIERARCHY OF SOURCING METHODS IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH THREE OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

5. FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS. (A) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. A FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT IS A "QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT" IF IT IS MARKED TO MARKET UNDER SECTION 475 OR SECTION 1256 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, PROVIDED THAT LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY SHALL NOT BE QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. A FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT IS A "NONQUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT" IF IT IS NOT A QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT.

(1) FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD FOR QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. IN DETERMINING THE INCLUSION OF RECEIPTS AND NET GAINS FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION, TAXPAYERS MAY ELECT TO USE THE FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH FOR QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. THE ELECTION IS IRREVOCABLE, APPLIES TO ALL QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, AND MUST BE MADE ON AN ANNUAL BASIS ON THE TAXPAYER'S ORIGINAL, TIMELY FILED RETURN. IF THE TAXPAYER ELECTS THE FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD, THEN ALL INCOME, GAIN OR LOSS, FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONSTITUTES BUSINESS INCOME, GAIN OR LOSS. IF THE TAXPAYER DOES NOT ELECT TO USE THE FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD, THEN RECEIPTS AND NET GAINS ARE INCLUDED IN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CUSTOMER SOURCING METHOD DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS PARAGRAPH. UNDER THE FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD, EIGHT PERCENT OF ALL NET INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. ALL NET INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(2) CUSTOMER SOURCING METHOD. RECEIPTS AND NET GAINS FROM QUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, IN CASES WHERE THE TAXPAYER DID NOT ELECT TO USE THE FIXED PERCENTAGE METHOD DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AND FROM NONQUALIFIED FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AN INDIVIDUAL IS DEEMED TO BE LOCATED IN THE STATE IF HIS OR HER BILLING ADDRESS IS IN THE STATE. A BUSINESS ENTITY IS DEEMED TO BE LOCATED IN THE STATE IF ITS COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS LOCATED IN THE STATE.

(A) LOANS. (I) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(II) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IF THE BORROWER IS LOCATED IN THE STATE. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY, WHETHER THE BORROWER IS LOCATED WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE STATE, SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(III) NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBCLAUSE. THE AMOUNT OF NET GAINS FROM THE SALE OF LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE NET GAINS BY A

FRACTION THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SALES OF LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SALES OF LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. GROSS PROCEEDS SHALL BE DETERMINED AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF ANY COST INCURRED TO ACQUIRE THE LOANS BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ZERO. NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF LOANS SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(IV) NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBCLAUSE. THE AMOUNT OF NET GAINS FROM THE SALE OF LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE NET GAINS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SALES OF LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY TO PURCHASERS LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY TO PURCHASERS LOCATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. GROSS PROCEEDS SHALL BE DETERMINED AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF ANY COST INCURRED TO ACQUIRE THE LOANS BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ZERO. NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF LOANS NOT SECURED BY REAL PROPERTY ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(B) FEDERAL, STATE, AND MUNICIPAL DEBT. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST AND NET GAINS FROM SALES OF DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES, ANY STATE, OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF A STATE SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE STATE OF NEW YORK OR ITS POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. FIFTY PERCENT OF THE RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED BY OTHER STATES OR THEIR POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(C) ASSET BACKED SECURITIES. EIGHT PERCENT OF THE INTEREST INCOME FROM ASSET BACKED SECURITIES, INCLUDING SECURITIES ISSUED BY THE GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA), THE FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA), OR THE FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION (FHLMC), THE SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION OR OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. EIGHT PERCENT OF THE NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF ASSET BACKED SECURITIES ISSUED BY GNMA, FNMA, OR FHLMC, THE SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION OR OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY AND SALES OF OTHER ASSET BACKED SECURITIES THAT ARE SOLD THROUGH A REGISTERED SECURITIES BROKER OR DEALER OR THROUGH A LICENSED EXCHANGE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. THE AMOUNT OF NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF OTHER ASSET BACKED SECURITIES INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING SUCH NET GAINS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SUCH SALES TO PURCHASERS LOCATED IN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SUCH SALES TO PURCHASERS LOCATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM ASSET BACKED SECURITIES AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF ASSET BACKED SECURITIES ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. GROSS PROCEEDS SHALL BE DETERMINED AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF ANY COST TO ACQUIRE THE SECURITIES BUT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ZERO.

1 (D) CORPORATE BONDS. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM CORPORATE
2 BONDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IF THE
3 COMMERCIAL DOMICILE OF THE ISSUING CORPORATION IS IN THE STATE. EIGHT
4 PERCENT OF THE NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF CORPORATE
5 BONDS SOLD THROUGH A REGISTERED SECURITIES BROKER OR DEALER OR THROUGH A
6 LICENSED EXCHANGE IS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT
7 FRACTION. THE AMOUNT OF NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM OTHER SALES
8 OF CORPORATE BONDS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING SUCH NET GAINS BY A FRACTION, THE
9 NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SUCH SALES TO
10 PURCHASERS LOCATED IN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE
11 AMOUNT OF GROSS PROCEEDS FROM SALES TO PURCHASERS LOCATED WITHIN AND
12 WITHOUT THE STATE. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM CORPORATE BONDS,
13 WHETHER THE ISSUING CORPORATION'S COMMERCIAL DOMICILE IS WITHIN OR WITH-
14 OUT THE STATE, AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF CORPO-
15 RATE BONDS TO PURCHASERS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN
16 THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. GROSS PROCEEDS SHALL BE
17 DETERMINED AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF ANY COST TO ACQUIRE THE BONDS BUT
18 SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ZERO.

19 (E) REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES BORROWING AGREEMENTS.
20 EIGHT PERCENT OF NET INTEREST INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM REVERSE
21 REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES BORROWING AGREEMENTS SHALL BE
22 INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. NET INTEREST
23 INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES BORROWING AGREEMENTS IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. NET INTEREST INCOME FROM REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES BORROWING AGREEMENTS IS DETERMINED FOR PURPOSES OF
24 THIS SUBDIVISION AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF THE INTEREST EXPENSE FROM THE
25 TAXPAYER'S REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING AGREEMENTS BUT
26 CANNOT BE LESS THAN ZERO. FOR THIS CALCULATION, THE AMOUNT OF SUCH
27 INTEREST EXPENSE IS THE INTEREST EXPENSE ASSOCIATED WITH THE SUM OF THE
28 VALUE OF THE TAXPAYER'S REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS WHERE IT IS THE
29 SELLER/BORROWER PLUS THE VALUE OF THE TAXPAYER'S AND SECURITIES LENDING
30 AGREEMENTS WHERE IT IS THE SECURITIES LENDER, PROVIDED SUCH SUM IS
31 LIMITED TO THE SUM OF THE VALUE OF THE TAXPAYER'S REVERSE REPURCHASE
32 AGREEMENTS WHERE IT IS THE SELLER/BORROWER AND THE VALUE OF THE TAXPAYER'S SECURITIES BORROWING AGREEMENTS.

33 (F) FEDERAL FUNDS. EIGHT PERCENT OF THE NET INTEREST (NOT LESS THAN
34 ZERO) FROM FEDERAL FUNDS IS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. THE NET INTEREST (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM FEDERAL FUNDS IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. NET INTEREST FROM FEDERAL FUNDS IS DETERMINED AFTER DEDUCTION OF INTEREST EXPENSE FROM FEDERAL FUNDS.

35 (G) DIVIDENDS AND NET GAINS FROM SALES OF STOCK OR PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS. DIVIDENDS FROM STOCK, NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF STOCK AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM THE SALE OF PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN EITHER THE NUMERATOR OR DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION UNLESS THE COMMISSIONER DETERMINES PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ELEVEN OF THIS SECTION THAT INCLUSION OF SUCH DIVIDENDS AND NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) IS NECESSARY TO PROPERLY REFLECT THE BUSINESS INCOME OR CAPITAL OF THE TAXPAYER.

36 (H) OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. (I) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IF THE PAYOR IS LOCATED IN THE STATE. RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST FROM OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, WHETHER

1 THE PAYOR IS WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE STATE, ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINA-
2 TOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

3 (II) NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF OTHER FINANCIAL
4 INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM OTHER FINANCIAL
5 INSTRUMENTS WHERE THE PURCHASER OR PAYOR IS LOCATED IN THE STATE ARE
6 INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION, PROVIDED THAT,
7 IF THE PURCHASER OR PAYOR IS A REGISTERED SECURITIES BROKER OR DEALER OR
8 THE TRANSACTION IS MADE THROUGH A LICENSED EXCHANGE, THEN EIGHT PERCENT
9 OF THE NET GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) OR OTHER INCOME (NOT LESS THAN
10 ZERO) IS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. NET
11 GAINS (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND
12 OTHER INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS ARE
13 INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

14 (I) PHYSICAL COMMODITIES. NET INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES
15 OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTION-
16 MENT FRACTION AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE AMOUNT OF NET INCOME
17 FROM SALES OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE
18 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE NET INCOME FROM
19 SALES OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS
20 THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES ACTUALLY
21 DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN THE STATE OR, IF THERE IS NO ACTUAL DELIVERY
22 OF THE PHYSICAL COMMODITY, SOLD TO CUSTOMERS LOCATED IN THE STATE, AND
23 THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF PHYS-
24 ICAL COMMODITIES ACTUALLY DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE
25 STATE OR SOLD TO CUSTOMERS LOCATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. NET
26 INCOME (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES IS
27 INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. NET INCOME
28 (NOT LESS THAN ZERO) FROM SALES OF PHYSICAL COMMODITIES IS DETERMINED
29 AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF THE COST TO ACQUIRE OR PRODUCE THE PHYSICAL
30 COMMODITIES.

31 (B) OTHER RECEIPTS FROM BROKER OR DEALER ACTIVITIES. RECEIPTS FROM
32 SECURITIES OR COMMODITIES BROKER OR DEALER ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN THIS
33 PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE AS DESCRIBED
34 IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH EIGHT OF THIS PARAGRAPH. RECEIPTS FROM SUCH
35 ACTIVITIES GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR
36 OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS FROM SUCH ACTIVITIES GENERATED
37 WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE
38 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM
39 "SECURITIES" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS IN SECTION 475(C)(2) OF THE
40 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND THE TERM "COMMODITIES" SHALL HAVE THE SAME
41 MEANING AS IN SECTION 475(E)(2) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.

42 (1) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS DERIVED FROM THE
43 EXECUTION OF SECURITIES OR COMMODITIES PURCHASE OR SALES ORDERS FOR THE
44 ACCOUNTS OF CUSTOMERS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE
45 IF THE MAILING ADDRESS IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER OF THE CUSTOMER
46 WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING SUCH COMMISSIONS IS WITHIN THE STATE.

47 (2) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING MARGIN INTEREST EARNED ON BEHALF OF BROKER-
48 AGE ACCOUNTS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE IF THE
49 MAILING ADDRESS IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER OF THE CUSTOMER WHO IS
50 RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING SUCH MARGIN INTEREST IS WITHIN THE STATE.

51 (3)(A) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING FEES EARNED BY THE TAXPAYER FOR ADVISORY
52 SERVICES TO A CUSTOMER IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNDERWRITING OF SECURITIES
53 FOR SUCH CUSTOMER (SUCH CUSTOMER BEING THE ENTITY THAT IS CONTEMPLATING
54 ISSUING OR IS ISSUING SECURITIES) OR FEES EARNED BY THE TAXPAYER FOR
55 MANAGING AN UNDERWRITING SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE

1 STATE IF THE MAILING ADDRESS IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER OF SUCH
2 CUSTOMER WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING SUCH FEES IS WITHIN THE STATE.

3 (B) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING THE PRIMARY SPREAD OF SELLING CONCESSION
4 FROM UNDERWRITTEN SECURITIES SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE
5 STATE TO THE EXTENT THE CUSTOMER IS LOCATED IN THE STATE.

6 (C) THE TERM "PRIMARY SPREAD" MEANS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRICE
7 PAID BY THE TAXPAYER TO THE ISSUER OF THE SECURITIES BEING MARKETING AND
8 THE PRICE RECEIVED FROM THE SUBSEQUENT SALE OF THE UNDERWRITTEN SECURI-
9 TIES AT THE INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE, LESS ANY SELLING CONCESSION
10 AND ANY FEES PAID TO THE TAXPAYER FOR ADVISORY SERVICES OR ANY MANAGER'S
11 FEES, IF SUCH FEES ARE NOT PAID BY THE CUSTOMER TO THE TAXPAYER SEPA-
12 Rately. THE TERM "PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE" MEANS THE PRICE AGREED UPON BY
13 THE TAXPAYER AND THE ISSUER AT WHICH THE SECURITIES ARE TO BE OFFERED TO
14 THE PUBLIC. THE TERM "SELLING CONCESSION" MEANS THE AMOUNT PAID TO THE
15 TAXPAYER FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE UNDERWRITING OF A SECURITY WHERE THE
16 TAXPAYER IS NOT THE LEAD UNDERWRITER.

17 (4) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING ACCOUNT MAINTENANCE FEES SHALL BE DEEMED TO
18 BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE IF THE MAILING ADDRESS IN THE RECORD OF
19 THE TAXPAYER OF THE CUSTOMER WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING SUCH ACCOUNT
20 MAINTENANCE FEES IS WITHIN THE STATE.

21 (5) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING FEES FOR MANAGEMENT OR ADVISORY SERVICES,
22 INCLUDING FEES FOR ADVISORY SERVICES IN RELATION TO MERGER OR ACQUISSI-
23 TION ACTIVITIES, BUT EXCLUDING FEES PAID FOR SERVICES DESCRIBED IN PARA-
24 GRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN
25 THE STATE IF THE MAILING ADDRESS IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER OF THE
26 CUSTOMER WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING SUCH FEES IS WITHIN THE STATE.

27 (6) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST EARNED BY THE TAXPAYER ON LOANS AND
28 ADVANCES MADE BY THE TAXPAYER TO A CORPORATION AFFILIATED WITH THE
29 TAXPAYER BUT WITH WHICH THE TAXPAYER IS NOT PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO
30 FILE A COMBINED REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-C OF THIS
31 ARTICLE SHALL BE DEEMED TO ARISE FROM SERVICES PERFORMED AT THE PRINCIPAL
32 PLACE OF BUSINESS OF SUCH AFFILIATED CORPORATION.

33 (7) IF THE TAXPAYER RECEIVES ANY OF THE RECEIPTS ENUMERATED IN SUBPARA-
34 GRAPHS ONE THROUGH FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH AS A RESULT OF A SECURITIES
35 CORRESPONDENT RELATIONSHIP SUCH TAXPAYER HAS WITH ANOTHER BROKER OR
36 DEALER WITH THE TAXPAYER ACTING IN THIS RELATIONSHIP AS THE CLEARING
37 FIRM, SUCH RECEIPTS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE TO
38 EXTENT SET FORTH IN EACH OF SUCH SUBPARAGRAPHS. THE AMOUNT OF SUCH
39 RECEIPTS SHALL EXCLUDE THE AMOUNT THE TAXPAYER IS REQUIRED TO PAY TO THE
40 CORRESPONDENT FIRM FOR SUCH CORRESPONDENT RELATIONSHIP. IF THE TAXPAYER
41 RECEIVES ANY OF THE RECEIPTS ENUMERATED IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH
42 FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH AS AS RESULT OF A SECURITIES CORRESPONDENT
43 RELATIONSHIP SUCH TAXPAYER HAS WITH ANOTHER BROKER OR DEALER WITH THE
44 TAXPAYER ACTING IN THIS RELATIONSHIP AS THE INTRODUCING FIRM, SUCH
45 RECEIPTS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE TO THE EXTENT
46 SET FORTH IN EACH OF SUCH SUBPARAGRAPHS.

47 (8) IF, FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE, TWO, CLAUSE (A) OF SUBPARA-
48 GRAPH THREE, FOUR, OR FIVE OF THIS PARAGRAPH THE TAXPAYER IS UNABLE FROM
49 ITS RECORDS TO DETERMINE THE MAILING ADDRESS OF THE CUSTOMER, EIGHT
50 PERCENT OF THE RECEIPTS IS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTION-
51 MENT FRACTION.

52 (C) RECEIPTS FROM CREDIT CARD AND SIMILAR ACTIVITIES. RECEIPTS RELAT-
53 ING TO THE BANK, CREDIT, TRAVEL AND ENTERTAINMENT CARD ACTIVITIES
54 DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE
55 STATE AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH THREE OF THIS PARAGRAPH.
56 RECEIPTS FROM SUCH ACTIVITIES GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE SHALL BE

1 INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. RECEIPTS FROM
2 SUCH ACTIVITIES GENERATED WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE SHALL BE INCLUDED
3 IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

4 (1) RECEIPTS CONSTITUTING INTEREST, AND FEES AND PENALTIES IN THE
5 NATURE OF INTEREST, FROM BANK, CREDIT, TRAVEL AND ENTERTAINMENT CARD
6 RECEIVABLES SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE IF THE
7 MAILING ADDRESS OF THE CARD HOLDER IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER IS IN
8 THE STATE;

9 (2) RECEIPTS FROM SERVICE CHARGES AND FEES FROM SUCH CARDS SHALL BE
10 DEEMED TO BE GENERATED WITHIN THE STATE IF THE MAILING ADDRESS OF THE
11 CARD HOLDER IN THE RECORDS OF THE TAXPAYER IS IN THE STATE; AND

12 (3) RECEIPTS FROM MERCHANT DISCOUNTS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE GENERATED
13 WITHIN THE STATE IF THE MERCHANT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE. IN THE
14 CASE OF A MERCHANT WITH LOCATIONS BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT NEW YORK
15 STATE, ONLY RECEIPTS FROM MERCHANT DISCOUNTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SALES MADE
16 FROM LOCATIONS WITHIN NEW YORK STATE ARE ALLOCATED TO NEW YORK STATE. IT
17 SHALL BE PRESUMED THAT THE LOCATION OF THE MERCHANT IS THE ADDRESS OF
18 THE MERCHANT SHOWN ON THE INVOICE SUBMITTED BY THE MERCHANT TO THE
19 TAXPAYER.

20 (D) RECEIPTS FROM CERTAIN SERVICES TO INVESTMENT COMPANIES. RECEIPTS
21 RECEIVED FROM AN INVESTMENT COMPANY ARISING FROM THE SALE OF MANAGEMENT,
22 ADMINISTRATION OR DISTRIBUTION SERVICES TO SUCH INVESTMENT COMPANY ARE
23 INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. THE PORTION
24 OF SUCH RECEIPTS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION
25 (SUCH PORTION REFERRED TO HEREIN AS THE NEW YORK PORTION) SHALL BE
26 DETERMINED AS PROVIDED IN THIS PARAGRAPH.

27 (1) THE NEW YORK PORTION SHALL BE THE PRODUCT OF THE TOTAL OF SUCH
28 RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF SUCH SERVICES AND A FRACTION. THE NUMERATOR OF
29 THAT FRACTION IS THE SUM OF THE MONTHLY PERCENTAGES (AS DEFINED HEREIN-
30 AFTER) DETERMINED FOR EACH MONTH OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY'S TAXABLE
31 YEAR FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES WHICH TAXABLE YEAR ENDS WITHIN THE
32 TAXABLE YEAR OF THE TAXPAYER (BUT EXCLUDING ANY MONTH DURING WHICH THE
33 INVESTMENT COMPANY HAD NO OUTSTANDING SHARES). THE MONTHLY PERCENTAGE
34 FOR EACH SUCH MONTH IS DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE NUMBER OF SHARES IN
35 THE INVESTMENT COMPANY THAT ARE OWNED ON THE LAST DAY OF THE MONTH BY
36 SHAREHOLDERS THAT ARE DOMICILED IN THE STATE BY THE TOTAL NUMBER OF
37 SHARES IN THE INVESTMENT COMPANY OUTSTANDING ON THAT DATE. THE DENOMI-
38 NATOR OF THE FRACTION IS THE NUMBER OF SUCH MONTHLY PERCENTAGES.

39 (2)(A) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AN INDIVIDUAL, ESTATE OR TRUST
40 IS DEEMED TO BE LOCATED IN THE STATE IF HIS, HER OR ITS MAILING ADDRESS
41 ON THE RECORDS OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY IS IN THE STATE. A BUSINESS
42 ENTITY IS DEEMED TO BE LOCATED IN THE STATE IF ITS COMMERCIAL DOMICILE
43 IS LOCATED IN THE STATE.

44 (B) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "INVESTMENT COMPANY"
45 MEANS A REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 851 OF THE
46 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND A PARTNERSHIP TO WHICH SECTION 7704(A) OF THE
47 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE APPLIES (BY VIRTUE OF SECTION 7704(C)(3) OF SUCH
48 CODE) AND THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 851(B) OF SUCH CODE.
49 THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR FEDERAL
50 INCOME TAX PURPOSES OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY THAT IS ASSERTED TO CONSTI-
51 TUTE AN INVESTMENT COMPANY THAT ENDS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR OF THE
52 TAXPAYER.

53 (C) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH THE TERM "RECEIPTS FROM AN INVEST-
54 MENT COMPANY" INCLUDES AMOUNTS RECEIVED DIRECTLY FROM AN INVESTMENT
55 COMPANY AS WELL AS AMOUNTS RECEIVED FROM THE SHAREHOLDERS IN SUCH
56 INVESTMENT COMPANY, IN THEIR CAPACITY AS SUCH.

(D) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "MANAGEMENT SERVICES" MEANS THE RENDERING OF INVESTMENT ADVICE TO AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, MAKING DETERMINATIONS AS TO WHEN SALES AND PURCHASES OF SECURITIES ARE TO BE MADE ON BEHALF OF AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, OR THE SELLING OR PURCHASING OF SECURITIES CONSTITUTING ASSETS OF AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, AND RELATED ACTIVITIES, BUT ONLY WHERE SUCH ACTIVITY OR ACTIVITIES ARE PERFORMED PURSUANT TO A CONTRACT WITH THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(A) OF THE FEDERAL INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF NINETEEN HUNDRED FORTY, AS AMENDED.

(E) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "DISTRIBUTION SERVICES" MEANS THE SERVICES OF ADVERTISING, SERVICING INVESTOR ACCOUNTS (INCLUDING REDEMPTIONS), MARKETING SHARES OR SELLING SHARES OF AN INVESTMENT COMPANY, BUT, IN THE CASE OF ADVERTISING, SERVICING INVESTOR ACCOUNTS (INCLUDING REDEMPTIONS) OR MARKETING SHARES, ONLY WHERE SUCH SERVICE IS PERFORMED BY A PERSON WHO IS (OR WAS, IN THE CASE OF A CLOSED END COMPANY) ALSO ENGAGED IN THE SERVICE OF SELLING SUCH SHARES. IN THE CASE OF AN OPEN END COMPANY, SUCH SERVICE OF SELLING SHARES MUST BE PERFORMED PURSUANT TO A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(B) OF THE FEDERAL INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF NINETEEN HUNDRED FORTY, AS AMENDED.

(F) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "ADMINISTRATION SERVICES" INCLUDES CLERICAL, ACCOUNTING, BOOKKEEPING, DATA PROCESSING, INTERNAL AUDITING, LEGAL AND TAX SERVICES PERFORMED FOR AN INVESTMENT COMPANY BUT ONLY IF THE PROVIDER OF SUCH SERVICE OR SERVICES DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH SERVICE OR SERVICES ARE SOLD ALSO SELLS MANAGEMENT OR DISTRIBUTION SERVICES, AS DEFINED HEREINABOVE, TO SUCH INVESTMENT COMPANY.

(E) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TAXPAYER SHALL USE THE FOLLOWING HIERARCHY TO DETERMINE THE COMMERCIAL DOMICILE OF A BUSINESS ENTITY, BASED ON THE INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE TAXPAYER: (I) THE LOCATION OF THE TREASURY FUNCTION OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY; (II) THE SEAT OF MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY; AND (III) THE BILLING ADDRESS OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY IN THE TAXPAYER'S RECORDS. THE TAXPAYER MUST EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE BEFORE REJECTING A METHOD IN THIS HIERARCHY AND PROCEEDING TO THE NEXT METHOD.

(F) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "REGISTERED SECURITIES BROKER OR DEALER" MEANS A BROKER OR DEALER REGISTERED AS SUCH BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR THE COMMODITIES FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION, AND SHALL INCLUDE AN OTC DERIVATIVES DEALER AS DEFINED UNDER REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AT TITLE 17, PART 240, SECTION 3B-12 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (17 CFR 240.3B-12).

6. RECEIPTS FROM RAILROAD AND TRUCKING BUSINESS. RECEIPTS FROM THE CONDUCT OF A RAILROAD BUSINESS (INCLUDING SURFACE RAILROAD, WHETHER OR NOT OPERATED BY STEAM, SUBWAY RAILROAD, ELEVATED RAILROAD, PALACE CAR OR SLEEPING CAR BUSINESS) OR A TRUCKING BUSINESS ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION AS FOLLOWS. THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM THE CONDUCT OF A RAILROAD BUSINESS OR A TRUCKING BUSINESS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SUCH BUSINESS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE MILES IN SUCH BUSINESS WITHIN THE STATE DURING THE PERIOD COVERED BY THE TAXPAYER'S REPORT AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE MILES IN SUCH BUSINESS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE DURING SUCH PERIOD. RECEIPTS FROM THE CONDUCT OF THE RAILROAD BUSINESS OR A TRUCKING BUSINESS ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

1 7. RECEIPTS FROM AVIATION SERVICES. (A) AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING.
2 RECEIPTS OF A TAXPAYER FROM THE ACTIVITY OF AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING
3 ACTING AS PRINCIPAL AND LIKE INDIRECT AIR CARRIER RECEIPTS ARISING FROM
4 SUCH ACTIVITY SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT
5 FRACTION AS FOLLOWS: ONE HUNDRED PERCENT OF SUCH RECEIPTS IF BOTH THE
6 PICKUP AND DELIVERY ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH RECEIPTS ARE MADE IN THE STATE
7 AND FIFTY PERCENT OF SUCH RECEIPTS IF EITHER THE PICKUP OR DELIVERY
8 ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH RECEIPTS IS MADE IN THIS STATE. SUCH RECEIPTS,
9 WHETHER THE PICKUP OR DELIVERY ASSOCIATED WITH THE RECEIPTS IS WITHIN OR
10 WITHOUT THE STATE, SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPOR-
11 TIONMENT FRACTION.

12 (B) OTHER AVIATION SERVICES. (1)(A) THE PORTION OF RECEIPTS OF A
13 TAXPAYER FROM AVIATION SERVICES (OTHER THAN SERVICES DESCRIBED IN PARA-
14 GRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION) TO BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE
15 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING ITS RECEIPTS
16 FROM SUCH AVIATION SERVICES BY A PERCENTAGE WHICH IS EQUAL TO THE ARITH-
17 METIC AVERAGE OF THE FOLLOWING THREE PERCENTAGES:

18 (I) THE PERCENTAGE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
19 AIRCRAFT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES WITHIN THIS STATE BY THE TAXPAYER
20 DURING THE PERIOD COVERED BY ITS REPORT BY THE TOTAL AIRCRAFT ARRIVALS
21 AND DEPARTURES WITHIN AND WITHOUT THIS STATE DURING SUCH PERIOD;
22 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES SOLELY FOR MAINTENANCE OR
23 REPAIR, REFUELING (WHERE NO DEBARKATION OR EMBARKATION OF TRAFFIC
24 OCCURS), ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF FERRY AND PERSONNEL TRAINING FLIGHTS
25 OR ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES IN THE EVENT OF EMERGENCY SITUATIONS SHALL
26 NOT BE INCLUDED IN COMPUTING SUCH ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE PERCENTAGE;
27 PROVIDED, FURTHER, THE COMMISSIONER MAY ALSO EXEMPT FROM SUCH PERCENTAGE
28 AIRCRAFT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF ALL NON-REVENUE FLIGHTS INCLUDING
29 FLIGHTS INVOLVING THE TRANSPORTATION OF OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES RECEIVING
30 AIR TRANSPORTATION TO PERFORM MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR SERVICES OR WHERE
31 SUCH OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES ARE TRANSPORTED IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN EMER-
32 GENCY SITUATION OR THE INVESTIGATION OF AN AIR DISASTER (OTHER THAN ON A
33 SCHEDULED FLIGHT); PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF
34 FLIGHTS TRANSPORTING OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES RECEIVING AIR TRANSPORTATION
35 FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN SPECIFIED ABOVE (WITHOUT REGARD TO REMUNERATION)
36 SHALL BE INCLUDED IN COMPUTING SUCH ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE PERCENTAGE;

37 (II) THE PERCENTAGE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING SIXTY PERCENT OF THE REVEN-
38 UE TONS HANDLED BY THE TAXPAYER AT AIRPORTS WITHIN THIS STATE DURING
39 SUCH PERIOD BY THE TOTAL REVENUE TONS HANDLED BY IT AT AIRPORTS WITHIN
40 AND WITHOUT THIS STATE DURING SUCH PERIOD; AND

41 (III) THE PERCENTAGE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING SIXTY PERCENT OF THE
42 TAXPAYER'S ORIGINATING REVENUE WITHIN THIS STATE FOR SUCH PERIOD BY ITS
43 TOTAL ORIGINATING REVENUE WITHIN AND WITHOUT THIS STATE FOR SUCH PERIOD.

44 (B) AS USED HEREIN THE TERM "AIRCRAFT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES" MEANS
45 THE NUMBER OF LANDINGS AND TAKEOFFS OF THE AIRCRAFT OF THE TAXPAYER AND
46 THE NUMBER OF AIR PICKUPS AND DELIVERIES BY THE AIRCRAFT OF SUCH TAXPAY-
47 ER; THE TERM "ORIGINATING REVENUE" MEANS REVENUE TO THE TAXPAYER FROM
48 THE TRANSPORTATION OR REVENUE PASSENGERS AND REVENUE PROPERTY FIRST
49 RECEIVED BY THE TAXPAYER EITHER AS ORIGINATING OR CONNECTING TRAFFIC AT
50 AIRPORTS; AND THE TERM "REVENUE TONS HANDLED" BY THE TAXPAYER AT
51 AIRPORTS MEANS THE WEIGHT IN TONS OF REVENUE PASSENGERS (AT TWO HUNDRED
52 POUNDS PER PASSENGER) AND REVENUE CARGO FIRST RECEIVED EITHER AS ORIGI-
53 NATING OR CONNECTING TRAFFIC OR FINALLY DISCHARGED BY THE TAXPAYER AT
54 AIRPORTS;

(2) ALL SUCH RECEIPTS OF A TAXPAYER FROM AVIATION SERVICES DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

8. RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING. (A) THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING IN NEWSPAPERS OR PERIODICALS INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS DELIVERED TO POINTS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING IN NEWSPAPERS OR PERIODICALS IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(B) THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING ON TELEVISION OR RADIO INCLUDED IN THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF VIEWERS OR LISTENERS WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF VIEWERS OR LISTENERS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING ON TELEVISION AND RADIO IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

(C) THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING NOT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION THAT IS FURNISHED, PROVIDED OR DELIVERED TO, OR ACCESSED BY THE VIEWER OR LISTENER THROUGH THE USE OF WIRE, CABLE, FIBER-OPTIC, LASER, MICROWAVE, RADIO WAVE, SATELLITE OR SIMILAR SUCCESSOR MEDIA OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF VIEWERS OR LISTENERS WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE NUMBER OF VIEWERS OR LISTENERS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. THE TOTAL OF SUCH RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF ADVERTISING DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

9. RECEIPTS FROM TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION OF GAS THROUGH PIPES. RECEIPTS FROM THE TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION OF GAS THROUGH PIPES ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION AS FOLLOWS. THE AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM THE TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION OF GAS THROUGH PIPES INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF SUCH RECEIPTS BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE TAXPAYER'S TRANSPORTATION UNITS WITHIN THE STATE AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE TAXPAYER'S TRANSPORTATION UNITS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE. A TRANSPORTATION UNIT IS THE TRANSPORTATION OF ONE CUBIC FOOT OF GAS OVER A DISTANCE OF ONE MILE. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS FROM THE TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION OF GAS THROUGH PIPES IS INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION.

10. (A) RECEIPTS FROM OTHER SERVICES AND OTHER BUSINESS RECEIPTS. RECEIPTS FROM SERVICES NOT ADDRESSED IN SUBDIVISIONS ONE THROUGH NINE OF THIS SECTION AND OTHER BUSINESS RECEIPTS NOT ADDRESSED IN SUCH SUBDIVISIONS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IF THE LOCATION OF THE CUSTOMER IS WITHIN THE STATE. SUCH RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMERS WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE STATE ARE INCLUDED IN THE DENOMINATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION. WHETHER THE RECEIPTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE NUMERATOR OF THE APPORTIONMENT FRACTION IS DETERMINED ACCORDING TO THE HIERARCHY OF METHOD SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. THE TAXPAYER MUST EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE UNDER EACH METHOD DESCRIBED IN

1 PARAGRAPH (B) BEFORE REJECTING IT AND PROCEEDING TO THE NEXT METHOD IN
2 THE HIERARCHY.

3 (B) HIERARCHY OF METHODS. (1) DELIVERY DESTINATION. RECEIPTS FOR
4 SERVICES PERFORMED FOR A CUSTOMER'S PARTICULAR LOCATION, SUCH AS WHERE A
5 DELIVERY IS MADE TO THAT LOCATION, AS MAY BE INDICATED ON A BILL OF
6 LADING OR PURCHASE INVOICE, ARE SOURCED TO THAT LOCATION.

7 (2) BILLING ADDRESS OF THE CUSTOMER.

8 (3) ZIP CODE OR OTHER GEOGRAPHIC INDICATOR OF THE CUSTOMER'S LOCATION.

9 (4) PERCENTAGE OF THE TAXPAYER'S RECEIPTS WITHIN THE STATE DETERMINED
10 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PRECEDING TAXABLE YEAR OR, IF THE
11 TAXPAYER WAS NOT SUBJECT TO TAX IN THE PRECEDING TAXABLE YEAR, THEN THE
12 PERCENTAGE OF THE TAXPAYER'S RECEIPTS WITHIN THE STATE IN THE CURRENT
13 TAXABLE YEAR DETERMINED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION.

14 11. IF IT SHALL APPEAR TO THE COMMISSIONER THAT THE APPORTIONMENT
15 FRACTION DETERMINED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION DOES NOT RESULT IN A PROPER
16 REFLECTION OF THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS INCOME OR CAPITAL WITHIN THE
17 STATE, THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION TO ADJUST
18 IT BY (A) EXCLUDING ONE OR MORE ITEMS IN SUCH DETERMINATION, (B) INCLUD-
19 ING ONE OR MORE OTHER ITEMS IN SUCH DETERMINATION, OR (C) ANY OTHER
20 SIMILAR OR DIFFERENT METHOD CALCULATED TO EFFECT A FAIR AND PROPER
21 APPORTIONMENT OF THE BUSINESS INCOME AND CAPITAL REASONABLY ATTRIBUTED
22 TO THE STATE.

23 S 17. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 210-B to read as
24 follows:

25 S 210-B. CREDITS. 1. INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT (ITC). (A) A TAXPAYER SHALL
26 BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, AGAINST THE
27 TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THE
28 PERCENT PROVIDED FOR HEREINBELOW OF THE INVESTMENT CREDIT BASE. THE
29 INVESTMENT CREDIT BASE IS THE COST OR OTHER BASIS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX
30 PURPOSES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY,
31 INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF BUILDINGS, DESCRIBED IN
32 PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, LESS THE AMOUNT OF THE NONQUALIFIED
33 NONRECOURSE FINANCING WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT SUCH
34 FINANCING WOULD BE EXCLUDIBLE FROM THE CREDIT BASE PURSUANT TO SECTION
35 46(C)(8) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE (TREATING SUCH PROPERTY AS SECTION
36 THIRTY-EIGHT PROPERTY IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER OR NOT IT IN FACT CONSTI-
37 TUTES SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT PROPERTY). IF, AT THE CLOSE OF A TAXABLE YEAR
38 FOLLOWING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH PROPERTY WAS PLACED IN SERVICE,
39 THERE IS A NET DECREASE IN THE AMOUNT OF NONQUALIFIED NONRECOURSE
40 FINANCING WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY, SUCH NET DECREASE SHALL BE
41 TREATED AS IF IT WERE THE COST OR OTHER BASIS OF PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN
42 PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION ACQUIRED, CONSTRUCTED, RECONSTRUCTED
43 OR ERECTED DURING THE YEAR OF THE DECREASE IN THE AMOUNT OF NONQUALIFIED
44 NONRECOURSE FINANCING. IN THE CASE OF A COMBINED REPORT THE TERM INVEST-
45 MENT CREDIT BASE SHALL MEAN THE SUM OF THE INVESTMENT CREDIT BASE OF
46 EACH CORPORATION INCLUDED ON SUCH REPORT. THE PERCENTAGE TO BE USED TO
47 COMPUTE THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE FIVE
48 PERCENT WITH RESPECT TO THE FIRST THREE HUNDRED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS OF
49 THE INVESTMENT CREDIT BASE, AND FOUR PERCENT WITH RESPECT TO THE INVEST-
50 MENT CREDIT BASE IN EXCESS OF THREE HUNDRED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS,
51 EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY AT THE OPTION OF
52 THE TAXPAYER THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE SHALL BE NINE.

53 (B) QUALIFYING PROPERTY. (I) A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS
54 SUBDIVISION TO A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, A QUALIFIED NEW YORK
55 AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS OR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS WITH
56 RESPECT TO TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY

1 INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF BUILDINGS, WHICH (A)
2 ARE DEPRECIABLE PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE
3 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, (B) HAVE A USEFUL LIFE OF FOUR YEARS OR MORE, (C)
4 ARE ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE AS DEFINED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-NINE
5 (D) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, (D) HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY THE
6 SUBJECT OF AN INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT OR EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT CREDIT
7 ALLOWED TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER, (E) HAVE A SITUS IN THIS STATE AND (F) ARE
8 PRINCIPALLY USED BY THE TAXPAYER IN THE PRODUCTION OF GOODS FOR SALE OR
9 ARE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY.

10 (II) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL
11 APPLY:

12 (A) PROPERTY USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF GOODS FOR SALE SHALL INCLUDE
13 MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY WHICH IS PRINCIPALLY
14 USED IN THE REPAIR AND SERVICE OF OTHER MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER
15 TANGIBLE PROPERTY USED PRINCIPALLY IN THE PRODUCTION OF GOODS FOR SALE
16 AND SHALL INCLUDE ALL FACILITIES USED IN THE PRODUCTION OPERATION
17 INCLUDING STORAGE OF MATERIAL TO BE USED IN PRODUCTION AND OF THE
18 PRODUCTS THAT ARE PRODUCED.

19 (B) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY SHALL MEAN PROPERTY WHICH IS
20 USED FOR PURPOSES OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE EXPERIMENTAL OR
21 LABORATORY SENSE. SUCH PURPOSES SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO INCLUDE THE ORDI-
22 NARY TESTING OR INSPECTION OF MATERIALS OR PRODUCTS FOR QUALITY CONTROL,
23 EFFICIENCY SURVEYS, MANAGEMENT STUDIES, CONSUMER SURVEYS, ADVERTISING,
24 PROMOTIONS, OR RESEARCH IN CONNECTION WITH LITERARY, HISTORICAL OR SIMI-
25 LAR PROJECTS.

26 (C) A QUALIFIED NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER
27 OR COMBINED GROUP PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICUL-
28 TURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE OR COMMERCIAL FISHING IN THE STATE. A
29 TAXPAYER OR A COMBINED GROUP IS PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN FARMING, AGRICUL-
30 TURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE OR COMMERCIAL FISHING IN
31 THE STATE IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE
32 TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED GROUP, RESPECTIVELY, DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR
33 ARE DERIVED FROM THE SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY ANY OF THE ACTIVITIES
34 SPECIFIED IN THIS SENTENCE THAT ARE CONDUCTED IN NEW YORK. IN COMPUTING
35 A COMBINED GROUP'S GROSS RECEIPTS, INTERCORPORATE RECEIPTS SHALL BE
36 ELIMINATED. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER
37 IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH
38 PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

39 (D) A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER OR
40 COMBINED GROUP PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE. A TAXPAYER OR
41 COMBINED GROUP IS PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE IF MORE
42 THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED
43 GROUP, RESPECTIVELY, DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE SALE
44 OF GOODS PRODUCED BY MINING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE CONDUCTED IN THE STATE.
45 IN COMPUTING A COMBINED GROUP'S GROSS RECEIPTS, INTERCORPORATE RECEIPTS
46 SHALL BE ELIMINATED. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A TAXPAYER THAT IS
47 A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND
48 SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

49 (III) IN ORDER TO PROPERLY ADMINISTER THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS
50 SUBDIVISION, THE DEPARTMENT MAY DISCLOSE INFORMATION ABOUT THE ALLOWANCE
51 TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER OF AN INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT OR AN EMPIRE ZONE
52 INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT UNDER THIS CHAPTER WITH RESPECT TO THE SAME PROP-
53 erty.

54 (C) NONQUALIFYING PROPERTY. A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED A CREDIT
55 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT TO TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND
56 OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY, INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS

1 OF BUILDINGS, WHICH IT LEASES TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR CORPORATION. FOR
2 PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT TO LEASE
3 OR RENT OR FOR A LICENSE TO USE SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE CONSIDERED A
4 LEASE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN DETERMINING WHETHER A TAXPAYER SHALL BE
5 ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY,
6 ANY ELECTION MADE WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY PURSUANT TO THE
7 PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH EIGHT OF SUBSECTION (F) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED
8 SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AS SUCH PARAGRAPH WAS IN
9 EFFECT FOR AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO PRIOR TO JANUARY FIRST, NINETEEN
10 HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR, SHALL BE DISREGARDED.

11 (D) CARRYOVER. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, THE
12 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT
13 REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM
14 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
15 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE
16 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH
17 AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR A TAXABLE YEAR AND NOT DEDUCT-
18 ILE IN SUCH YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEARS NEXT
19 FOLLOWING SUCH TAXABLE YEAR AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX
20 FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS. IN LIEU OF SUCH CARRYOVER, ANY SUCH TAXPAYER
21 WHICH QUALIFIES AS A NEW BUSINESS UNDER PARAGRAPH (F) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
22 SION MAY ELECT TO TREAT THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CARRYOVER AS AN OVERPAYMENT
23 OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
24 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE
25 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
26 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

27 (E) RECAPTURE. (I) WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY WHICH IS DEPRECIABLE
28 PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
29 BUT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT
30 OF SUCH CODE AND WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
31 PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS TO BE TAKEN,
32 THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE CREDIT PROVIDED
33 FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS OF
34 QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE MONTHS OF USEFUL LIFE. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH
35 CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
36 PRIOR TO THE END OF ITS USEFUL LIFE, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT
37 TAKEN AND THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE
38 YEAR OF DISPOSITION. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF SUCH PROPERTY IS DISPOSED OF
39 OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN QUALIFIED USE FOR
40 MORE THAN TWELVE CONSECUTIVE YEARS, IT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY TO ADD
41 BACK THE CREDIT AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT
42 ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL
43 CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE MONTHS
44 OF USEFUL LIFE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, USEFUL LIFE OF PROPERTY
45 SHALL BE THE SAME AS THE TAXPAYER USES FOR DEPRECIATION PURPOSES WHEN
46 COMPUTING HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY.

47 (II) EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO THAT PROPERTY TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (IV) OF
48 THIS SUBDIVISION APPLIES, WITH RESPECT TO THREE-YEAR PROPERTY, AS
49 DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE
50 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED
51 USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS TO BE
52 TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE
53 CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO WHICH
54 THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THIRTY-SIX. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH
55 CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
56 PRIOR TO THE END OF THIRTY-SIX MONTHS, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT

1 TAKEN AND THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE
2 YEAR OF DISPOSITION. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL
3 BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE
4 MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THIRTY-SIX.

5 (III) EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO THAT PROPERTY TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (IV) OF
6 THIS SUBDIVISION APPLIES, WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
7 PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
8 CODE, OTHER THAN THREE-YEAR PROPERTY AS DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF
9 SUCH SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO
10 BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
11 CREDIT IS TO BE TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF
12 THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO
13 WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO SIXTY. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH
14 CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
15 PRIOR TO THE END OF SIXTY MONTHS, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT
16 TAKEN AND THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE
17 YEAR OF DISPOSITION. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL
18 BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE
19 MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO SIXTY.

20 (IV) WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY TO WHICH SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-
21 EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE APPLIES, WHICH IS A BUILDING OR A
22 STRUCTURAL COMPONENT OF A BUILDING AND WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO
23 BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
24 CREDIT IS TO BE TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF
25 THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO
26 WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MONTHS
27 OVER WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTER-
28 NAL REVENUE CODE. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED
29 OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE PERIOD OVER
30 WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTERNAL
31 REVENUE CODE, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT TAKEN AND THE CREDIT
32 ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE YEAR OF DISPOSITION.
33 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF SUCH PROPERTY IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN
34 QUALIFIED USE AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN QUALIFIED USE FOR MORE THAN TWELVE
35 CONSECUTIVE YEARS, IT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY TO ADD BACK THE CREDIT AS
36 PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL
37 USE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO
38 WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MONTHS
39 OVER WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTER-
40 NAL REVENUE CODE.

41 (V) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, PROPERTY (I) WHICH IS DESCRIBED IN
42 SUBPARAGRAPH (II), (III) OR (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AND (II) WHICH IS
43 SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH ELEVEN OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION NINE AND
44 SUBPARAGRAPH TEN OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO
45 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, SHALL BE TREATED AS PROPERTY WHICH IS
46 DEPRECIABLE PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE INTERNAL
47 REVENUE CODE BUT IS NOT SUBJECT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF
48 SUCH CODE.

49 (VI) FOR EACH TAXABLE YEAR, THE AMOUNT REQUIRED TO BE ADDED BACK
50 PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE AUGMENTED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE
51 PRODUCT OF SUCH AMOUNT AND THE UNDERPAYMENT RATE OF INTEREST (WITHOUT
52 REGARD TO COMPOUNDING), SET BY THE COMMISSIONER PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION
53 (E) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND NINETY-SIX, IN EFFECT ON THE LAST DAY OF THE
54 TAXABLE YEAR.

55 (VII) IF, AS OF THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, THERE IS A NET INCREASE
56 WITH RESPECT TO THE TAXPAYER IN THE AMOUNT OF NONQUALIFIED NONRECOURSE

1 FINANCING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 46(C)(8) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
2 CODE) WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT
3 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WAS LIMITED BASED ON ATTRIBUTABLE NONQUALIFIED
4 NONRECOURSE FINANCING, THEN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE DECREASE IN SUCH
5 CREDIT WHICH WOULD HAVE RESULTED FROM REDUCING, BY THE AMOUNT OF SUCH
6 NET INCREASE, THE COST OR OTHER BASIS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT WITH RESPECT TO
7 SUCH PROPERTY MUST BE ADDED BACK IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR. THE AMOUNT OF
8 NONQUALIFIED NONRECOURSE FINANCING SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS INCREASED BY
9 REASON OF A TRANSFER OF (OR AGREEMENT TO TRANSFER) ANY EVIDENCE OF AN
10 INDEBTEDNESS IF SUCH TRANSFER OCCURS (OR SUCH AGREEMENT IS ENTERED INTO)
11 MORE THAN ONE YEAR AFTER THE DATE SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WAS INCURRED.

12 (VIII)(A) WHERE PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH CREDIT HAS BEEN ALLOWED
13 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION IS DISPOSED OF BY TRANSFER TO THE TAXPAYER IN A
14 QUALIFIED TRANSACTION, AND SUCH DISPOSITION REQUIRES, PURSUANT TO THIS
15 PARAGRAPH (WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH) THAT SUCH CREDIT BE
16 DECREASED (WHERE THE DISPOSITION OCCURS IN THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
17 PROPERTY IS PLACED IN SERVICE BY THE TRANSFEROR) OR THAT A PORTION OF
18 SUCH CREDIT BE ADDED BACK BY THE TRANSFEROR, THEN CLAUSE (B) OR CLAUSE
19 (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY.

20 (B) IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE TRANSFEROR JOINTLY ELECT, AT SUCH TIME AND
21 IN SUCH MANNER AS THE COMMISSIONER MAY PRESCRIBE, THE FOLLOWING SHALL
22 APPLY:

23 (I) SUCH PORTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO BE ADDED BACK BY THE
24 TRANSFEROR,

25 (II) THE AMOUNT OF UNUSED CREDIT SHALL NOT BE DEDUCTED FROM TAX OTHER-
26 WISE DUE BY THE TRANSFEROR ON ANY RETURN (INCLUDING AN AMENDED RETURN),
27 AND SHALL NOT BE SO DEDUCTED AS PART OF ANY AUDIT ADJUSTMENT OR ANY
28 OTHER DETERMINATION, AND

29 (III) THE AMOUNT OF UNUSED CREDIT SHALL BE TREATED AS AN AMOUNT OF
30 CREDIT OF THE TAXPAYER UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION CARRIED FORWARD BY THE
31 TAXPAYER TO ITS TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH TRANSFER OCCURRED, AS IF THE
32 CREDIT ALLOWED TO THE TRANSFEROR WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY HAD
33 ORIGINALLY BEEN ALLOWED TO THE TAXPAYER BOTH AS TO AMOUNT AND FIRST DATE
34 OF QUALIFIED USE, AND AS IF THE PERIOD OF QUALIFIED USE BY THE TRANSFEROR
35 PRIOR TO THE TRANSFER HAD BEEN A PERIOD OF SUCH USE BY THE TAXPAYER.
36 ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT TREATED AS CARRIED FORWARD TO THE TAXABLE YEAR
37 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL BE APPLIED AS PROVIDED IN CLAUSE (H)
38 OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

39 (C) IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE TRANSFEROR DO NOT MAKE THE ELECTION
40 DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THEN THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT
41 REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH TO BE ADDED BACK BY THE TRANSFEROR
42 SHALL BE TREATED AS AN AMOUNT OF CREDIT OF THE TAXPAYER UNDER THIS
43 SUBDIVISION TO BE CARRIED FORWARD BY THE TAXPAYER TO ITS TAXABLE YEAR IN
44 WHICH SUCH TRANSFER OCCURRED, AS IF THE CREDIT ALLOWED TO THE TRANSFEROR
45 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY HAD ORIGINALLY BEEN ALLOWED TO THE TAXPAYER
46 BOTH AS TO AMOUNT AND FIRST DATE OF QUALIFIED USE, AND AS IF THE
47 PERIOD OF QUALIFIED USE BY THE TRANSFEROR PRIOR TO THE TRANSFER HAD BEEN
48 A PERIOD OF SUCH USE BY THE TAXPAYER. ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT TREATED AS
49 CARRIED FORWARD TO THE TAXABLE YEAR PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL
50 BE APPLIED AS PROVIDED IN CLAUSE (H) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

51 (D) THE TERM "QUALIFIED TRANSACTION" SHALL MEAN A TRANSACTION WHICH IS
52 A REORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 368(A)(1)(D) OF THE INTERNAL
53 REVENUE CODE, WHEREIN (I) SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE ASSETS OF THE
54 TRANSFEROR NECESSARY TO CONTINUE THE OPERATION OF A DIVISION OR DIVI-
55 SIONS OF THE TRANSFEROR ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE TAXPAYER IN A TRANSACTION
56 TO WHICH SECTION 351 OF SUCH CODE APPLIES, AND (II) STOCK OR SECURITIES

1 OF THE TAXPAYER HELD BY THE TRANSFEROR ARE DISTRIBUTED PURSUANT TO
2 SECTION 355 OF SUCH CODE.

3 (E) THE TERM "UNUSED CREDIT" SHALL MEAN THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT SHOWN AS
4 CARRIED FORWARD TO THE TRANSACTION YEAR ON THE TRANSFEROR'S TAX RETURN
5 FOR ITS TAXABLE YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE TRANSACTION YEAR WITH
6 RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

7 (F) THE TERM "TRANSACTION YEAR" MEANS THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
8 QUALIFIED TRANSACTION OCCURS.

9 (G) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, IN THE
10 CASE OF ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH TO A TAXPAYER
11 THE COMMISSIONER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO REVEAL TO THE TAXPAYER ANY
12 INFORMATION, WITH RESPECT TO THE CREDIT OF THE TRANSFEROR, WHICH IS THE
13 BASIS FOR THE DENIAL IN WHOLE OR IN PART OF THE CREDIT CLAIMED BY SUCH
14 TAXPAYER.

15 (H) WHERE A CREDIT IS ALLOWED TO A TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBPARA-
16 GRAPH, THE TAXPAYER MAY TREAT THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CREDIT AS AN OVERPAY-
17 MENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
18 OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER, PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
19 THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
20 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON. SUCH
21 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE WITH
22 RESPECT TO THE SECOND SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR NEXT FOLLOWING THE TRANS-
23 ACTION YEAR, PROVIDED THAT NOT MORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF THE AMOUNT OF
24 SUCH CREDIT MAY BE APPLIED BY THE TAXPAYER, WHETHER TO REDUCE TAX OTHER-
25 WISE DUE OR TO BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED,
26 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SECOND SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR AND EACH OF THE NEXT
27 THREE TAXABLE YEARS FOLLOWING SUCH SECOND SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR.

28 (F) NEW BUSINESS. FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A
29 NEW BUSINESS SHALL INCLUDE ANY CORPORATION, EXCEPT A CORPORATION WHICH:

30 (I) OVER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK ENTITLING THE
31 HOLDERS THEREOF TO VOTE FOR THE ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OR TRUSTEES IS
32 OWNED OR CONTROLLED, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY A TAXPAYER
33 SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE; SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE OR
34 ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR OF ARTICLE NINE; OR ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE OF THIS
35 CHAPTER; OR

36 (II) IS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR IN OPERATION AND IN OWNERSHIP TO A BUSI-
37 NESS ENTITY (OR ENTITIES) TAXABLE, OR PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE, UNDER THIS
38 ARTICLE; SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR,
39 FORMER SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OR FORMER SECTION ONE HUNDRED
40 EIGHTY-SIX OF ARTICLE NINE; ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER (AS SUCH
41 ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN);
42 ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER; ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE OF THIS CHAP-
43 TER OR WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE
44 TWENTY-THREE (AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON JANUARY FIRST, NINETEEN
45 HUNDRED EIGHTY) OR THE INCOME (OR LOSSES) OF WHICH IS (OR WAS) INCLUDA-
46 BLE UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER WHEREBY THE INTENT AND
47 PURPOSE OF THIS PARAGRAPH AND PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION WITH
48 RESPECT TO REFUNDING OF CREDIT TO NEW BUSINESS WOULD BE EVADED; OR

49 (III) HAS BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE OR UNDER FORMER ARTI-
50 CLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER FOR MORE THAN FIVE TAXABLE YEARS (EXCLUD-
51 ING SHORT TAXABLE YEARS).

52 2. EMPLOYMENT INCENTIVE CREDIT (EIC). (A)(I) APPLICATION OF CREDIT.
53 WHERE A TAXPAYER IS ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS
54 SECTION, OTHER THAN AT THE OPTIONAL RATE APPLICABLE TO RESEARCH AND
55 DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY, THE TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT FOR EACH OF
56 THE TWO YEARS NEXT SUCCEEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT

1 UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION ONE IS ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY,
2 WHETHER OR NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR OR IN SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE
3 YEARS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUCH SUBDIVISION ONE. PROVIDED,
4 HOWEVER, THAT THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-
5 BLE YEAR SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY IF THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES DURING
6 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED ONE PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE
7 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES DURING THE EMPLOYMENT BASE YEAR. THE EMPLOYMENT BASE
8 YEAR SHALL BE THE TAXABLE YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR
9 FOR WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION ONE IS ALLOWED EXCEPT THAT
10 IF THE TAXPAYER WAS NOT SUBJECT TO TAX AND DID NOT HAVE A TAXABLE YEAR
11 IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER SUCH
12 SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION IS ALLOWED, THE EMPLOYMENT BASE YEAR
13 SHALL BE THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION ONE
14 IS ALLOWED.

15 (II) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS
16 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE AS SET FORTH IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
17 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES DURING THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS
18 TAXABLE YEAR EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE SUBDIVISION EXPRESSED AS A
19 OF AVERAGE EMPLOYEES IN EMPLOYMENT PERCENTAGE OF THE APPLICABLE
20 BASE YEARS INVESTMENT CREDIT BASIS
21 LESS THAN 102% 1.5%
22 AT LEAST 102% AND LESS THAN 103% 2%
23 AT LEAST 103% 2.5%

24 (B) AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES. THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN A
25 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE COMPUTED BY ASCERTAINING THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES
26 WITHIN THE STATE, EXCEPT GENERAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, EMPLOYED BY THE
27 TAXPAYER ON THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MARCH, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JUNE,
28 THE THIRTIETH DAY OF SEPTEMBER AND THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER IN
29 THE TAXABLE YEAR, BY ADDING TOGETHER THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ASCERTAINED
30 ON EACH OF SUCH DATES AND DIVIDING THE SUM SO OBTAINED BY THE NUMBER OF
31 SUCH ABOVE MENTIONED DATES OCCURRING WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR. HOWEVER,
32 WITH RESPECT TO THE EMPLOYMENT BASE YEAR, THERE SHALL BE EXCLUDED THERE-
33 FROM ANY EMPLOYEE WITH RESPECT TO WHOM A CREDIT PROVIDED FOR UNDER
34 SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION IS CLAIMED, FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, BASED
35 ON EMPLOYMENT WITHIN A ZONE EQUIVALENT AREA DESIGNATED AS SUCH PURSUANT
36 TO ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW.

37 (C) CARRYOVER. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT HEREIN PROVIDED FOR BE
38 ALLOWED IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX PAYABLE TO LESS THAN THE
39 FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
40 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT
41 OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES
42 THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
43 TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEARS IMMEDIATE-
44 LY FOLLOWING SUCH TAXABLE YEAR AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S
45 TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

46 3. EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT (EZ-ITC). (A) A TAXPAYER SHALL BE
47 ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS HEREIN PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX
48 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE IF THE TAXPAYER HAS BEEN CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO
49 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW. THE AMOUNT OF THE CRED-
50 IT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF THE COST OR OTHER BASIS FOR FEDERAL INCOME
51 TAX PURPOSES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY,
52 INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF BUILDINGS, DESCRIBED IN
53 PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, WHICH IS LOCATED WITHIN AN EMPIRE
54 ZONE DESIGNATED AS SUCH PURSUANT TO ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF SUCH LAW, BUT
55 ONLY IF THE ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION OR ERECTION OF
56 SUCH PROPERTY OCCURRED OR WAS COMMENCED ON OR AFTER THE DATE OF SUCH

1 DESIGNATION AND PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION THEREOF. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT
2 IN THE CASE OF AN ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION OR ERECTION
3 WHICH WAS COMMENCED DURING SUCH PERIOD AND CONTINUED OR COMPLETED SUBSE-
4 QUENTLY, SUCH CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF THE PORTION OF THE COST OR
5 OTHER BASIS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH PERIOD,
6 WHICH PORTION SHALL BE ASCERTAINED BY MULTIPLYING SUCH COST OR BASIS BY
7 A FRACTION THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH SHALL BE THE EXPENDITURES PAID OR
8 INCURRED DURING SUCH PERIOD FOR SUCH PURPOSES AND THE DENOMINATOR OF
9 WHICH SHALL BE THE TOTAL OF ALL EXPENDITURES PAID OR INCURRED FOR SUCH
10 ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION OR ERECTION.

11 (B) QUALIFIED PROPERTY. A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
12 SION WITH RESPECT TO TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND OTHER TANGIBLE PROP-
13 ERTY, INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF BUILDINGS, WHICH

14 (I) ARE DEPRECIABLE PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE
15 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,

16 (II) HAVE A USEFUL LIFE OF FOUR YEARS OR MORE,

17 (III) ARE ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE AS DEFINED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED
18 SEVENTY-NINE (D) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE,

19 (IV) HAVE A SITUS IN AN EMPIRE ZONE DESIGNATED AS SUCH PURSUANT TO
20 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, AND

21 (V) ARE (A) PRINCIPALLY USED BY THE TAXPAYER IN THE PRODUCTION OF
22 GOODS BY MANUFACTURING, PROCESSING, ASSEMBLING, REFINING, MINING,
23 EXTRACTING, FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICUL-
24 TURE OR COMMERCIAL FISHING,

25 (B) INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT FACILITIES OR AIR POLLUTION CONTROL
26 FACILITIES USED IN THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR BUSINESS,

27 (C) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY,

28 (D) PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR
29 BUSINESS AS A BROKER OR DEALER IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE
30 (WHICH SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO THE ISSUANCE, ENTERING INTO,
31 ASSUMPTION, OFFSET, ASSIGNMENT, TERMINATION, OR TRANSFER) OF STOCKS,
32 BONDS OR OTHER SECURITIES AS DEFINED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
33 SEVENTY-FIVE (C)(2) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, OR OF COMMODITIES AS
34 DEFINED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE (E) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
35 CODE,

36 (E) PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR
37 BUSINESS OF PROVIDING INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES FOR A REGULATED
38 INVESTMENT COMPANY AS DEFINED IN SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THE
39 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, OR LENDING, LOAN ARRANGEMENT, OR LOAN ORIGINATION
40 SERVICES TO CUSTOMERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE (WHICH
41 SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO THE ISSUANCE, ENTERING INTO, ASSUMP-
42 TION, OFFSET, ASSIGNMENT, TERMINATION OR TRANSFER) OF SECURITIES AS
43 DEFINED IN SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE (C)(2) OF THE INTERNAL
44 REVENUE CODE,

45 (E-1) PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE
46 OR BUSINESS OF PROVIDING INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES OR THE SERVICE OF
47 MANAGING INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS TO ACHIEVE SPECIFIC INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES
48 FOR ACCOUNTS OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS OF ACCREDITED INVESTORS (AS THAT
49 TERM IS DEFINED IN RULE 501 OF REGULATION D OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF
50 1933), IF THE TAXPAYER SATISFIES THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

51 (I) THE TAXPAYER IS A REGULATED BROKER OR DEALER OR AN AFFILIATE OF A
52 REGULATED BROKER OR DEALER,

53 (II) THE TAXPAYER IS REGISTERED AS AN INVESTMENT ADVISER UNDER SECTION
54 TWO HUNDRED THREE OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940, AS AMENDED,
55 AND

1 (III) AT LEAST ONE CLIENT OF THE TAXPAYER IS A REGULATED INVESTMENT
2 COMPANY AS DEFINED IN SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THE INTERNAL
3 REVENUE CODE THAT HAS ASSETS OF ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS, OR

4 (F) PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS
5 AS AN EXCHANGE REGISTERED AS A NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE WITHIN THE
6 MEANING OF SECTIONS 3(A)(1) AND 6(A) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
7 1934 OR A BOARD OF TRADE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A)
8 OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED TEN OF THE NOT-FOR-PROFIT CORPORATION LAW OR
9 AS AN ENTITY THAT IS WHOLLY OWNED BY ONE OR MORE SUCH NATIONAL SECURI-
10 TIES EXCHANGES OR BOARDS OR TRADE AND THAT PROVIDES AUTOMATION OR TECH-
11 NICAL SERVICES THERETO.

12 (VI) FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSES (D), (E), (E-1) AND (F) OF SUBPARAGRAPH
13 (V) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, PROPERTY PURCHASED BY A TAXPAYER AFFILIATED WITH
14 A REGULATED BROKER, DEALER, REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER, NATIONAL
15 SECURITIES EXCHANGE OR BOARD OF TRADE IS ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS
16 SUBDIVISION IF THE PROPERTY IS USED BY ITS AFFILIATED REGULATED BROKER,
17 DEALER, REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER OR NATIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGE OR
18 BOARD OF TRADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBDIVISION. FOR PURPOSES OF
19 DETERMINING IF THE PROPERTY IS PRINCIPALLY USED IN QUALIFYING USES, THE
20 USES BY THE TAXPAYER DESCRIBED IN CLAUSES (D), (E) AND (E-1) OF SUBPARA-
21 GRAPH (V) OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY BE AGGREGATED. IN ADDITION, THE USES BY
22 THE TAXPAYER, ITS AFFILIATED REGULATED BROKER, DEALER AND REGISTERED
23 INVESTMENT ADVISER UNDER ANY OF THOSE CLAUSES MAY BE AGGREGATED.
24 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED THE CREDIT PROVIDED
25 BY CLAUSES (D), (E), (E-1) AND (F) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF THIS PARAGRAPH
26 UNLESS

27 (I) EIGHTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE EMPLOYEES PERFORMING THE ADMINISTRA-
28 TIVE AND SUPPORT FUNCTIONS RESULTING FROM OR RELATED TO THE QUALIFYING
29 USES OF SUCH EQUIPMENT ARE LOCATED IN THIS STATE, OR

30 (II) THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES THAT PERFORM THE ADMINISTRATIVE
31 AND SUPPORT FUNCTIONS RESULTING FROM OR RELATED TO THE QUALIFYING USES
32 OF SUCH EQUIPMENT AND ARE LOCATED IN THIS STATE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR
33 FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN NINETY-FIVE
34 PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES THAT PERFORM THESE FUNCTIONS
35 AND ARE LOCATED IN THIS STATE DURING THE THIRTY-SIX MONTHS IMMEDIATELY
36 PRECEDING THE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED, OR

37 (III) THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES LOCATED IN THIS STATE DURING THE TAXABLE
38 YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED IS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN NINETY
39 PERCENT OF THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES LOCATED IN THIS STATE ON DECEMBER
40 THIRTY-FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OR, IF THE TAXPAYER WAS NOT
41 A CALENDAR YEAR TAXPAYER IN NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT, THE LAST DAY
42 OF ITS FIRST TAXABLE YEAR ENDING AFTER DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, NINETEEN
43 HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT. IF THE TAXPAYER BECOMES SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS
44 STATE AFTER THE TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING IN NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT,
45 THEN THE TAXPAYER IS NOT REQUIRED TO SATISFY THE EMPLOYMENT TEST
46 PROVIDED IN THE PRECEDING SENTENCE OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH FOR ITS FIRST
47 TAXABLE YEAR.

48 (VII) FOR THE PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (III) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF THIS
49 PARAGRAPH THE EMPLOYMENT TEST WILL BE BASED ON THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES
50 LOCATED IN THIS STATE ON THE LAST DAY OF THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR THE
51 TAXPAYER IS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS STATE. IF THE USES OF THE PROPERTY
52 MUST BE AGGREGATED TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPERTY IS PRINCIPALLY USED
53 IN QUALIFYING USES, THEN EITHER EACH AFFILIATE USING THE PROPERTY MUST
54 SATISFY THIS EMPLOYMENT TEST OR THIS EMPLOYMENT TEST MUST BE SATISFIED
55 THROUGH THE AGGREGATION OF THE EMPLOYEES OF THE TAXPAYER, ITS AFFILIATED

1 REGULATED BROKER, DEALER, AND REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER USING THE
2 PROPERTY.

3 (VIII) FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "GOODS" SHALL NOT
4 INCLUDE ELECTRICITY.

5 (IX) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "MANUFACTURING" SHALL MEAN THE
6 PROCESS OF WORKING RAW MATERIALS INTO WARES SUITABLE FOR USE OR WHICH
7 GIVES NEW SHAPES, NEW QUALITY OR NEW COMBINATIONS TO MATTER WHICH
8 ALREADY HAS GONE THROUGH SOME ARTIFICIAL PROCESS BY THE USE OF MACHIN-
9 ERY, TOOLS, APPLIANCES AND OTHER SIMILAR EQUIPMENT. PROPERTY USED IN THE
10 PRODUCTION OF GOODS SHALL INCLUDE MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE
11 PROPERTY WHICH IS PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE REPAIR AND SERVICE OF OTHER
12 MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY USED PRINCIPALLY IN THE
13 PRODUCTION OF GOODS AND SHALL INCLUDE ALL FACILITIES USED IN THE
14 PRODUCTION OPERATION, INCLUDING STORAGE OF MATERIAL TO BE USED IN
15 PRODUCTION AND OF THE PRODUCTS THAT ARE PRODUCED. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
16 SUBDIVISION, THE TERMS "RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROPERTY", "INDUSTRIAL
17 WASTE TREATMENT FACILITIES", AND "AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITIES"
18 SHALL HAVE THE MEANINGS ASCRIBED THERETO BY CLAUSES (B), (C) AND (D),
19 RESPECTIVELY, OF SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
20 OF THIS SECTION, AND THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF SUCH PARA-
21 GRAPH (B) SHALL APPLY.

22 (C) NONQUALIFIED PROPERTY. A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED A CREDIT
23 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT TO ANY TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY
24 AND OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY, INCLUDING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURAL COMPO-
25 NENTS OF BUILDINGS, WHICH IT LEASES TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR CORPORATION
26 EXCEPT WHERE A TAXPAYER LEASES PROPERTY TO AN AFFILIATED REGULATED
27 BROKER, DEALER, REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER, NATIONAL SECURITIES
28 EXCHANGE OR BOARD OF TRADE OR OTHER ENTITY DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (F) OF
29 SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION THAT USES SUCH
30 PROPERTY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE (D), (E), (E-1) OR (F) OF SUBPARA-
31 GRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. FOR PURPOSES OF THE
32 PRECEDING SENTENCE, ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT TO LEASE OR RENT OR FOR A
33 LICENSE TO USE SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE CONSIDERED A LEASE. PROVIDED,
34 HOWEVER, IN DETERMINING WHETHER A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT
35 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY, ANY ELECTION MADE
36 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH
37 EIGHT OF SUBSECTION (F) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE INTER-
38 NAL REVENUE CODE, AS SUCH PARAGRAPH WAS IN EFFECT FOR AGREEMENTS ENTERED
39 INTO PRIOR TO JANUARY FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR, SHALL BE
40 DISREGARDED.

41 (D) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-
42 BLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE
43 FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
44 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT
45 IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE
46 YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE
47 IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS
48 AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS. IN
49 LIEU OF SUCH CARRYOVER, ANY SUCH TAXPAYER WHICH QUALIFIES AS A NEW BUSI-
50 NESS UNDER PARAGRAPH (F) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION MAY ELECT,
51 ON ITS REPORT FOR ITS TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH SUCH CREDIT IS
52 ALLOWED, TO TREAT FIFTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CARRYOVER AS AN
53 OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
54 PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. IN ADDI-
55 TION, ANY TAXPAYER WHICH IS APPROVED AS THE OWNER OF A QUALIFIED INVEST-
56 MENT PROJECT OR A SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT PROJECT PURSUANT TO

1 SUBDIVISION (W) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL MUNIC-
2 IPAL LAW, ON ITS REPORT FOR ITS TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH SUCH
3 CREDIT IS ALLOWED, IN LIEU OF SUCH CARRYOVER, MAY ELECT TO TREAT FIFTY
4 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CARRYOVER WHICH IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE
5 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR PROPERTY WHICH IS PART OF SUCH
6 PROJECT AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORD-
7 ANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS
8 CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, SUCH OWNER SHALL BE ALLOWED SUCH REFUND FOR
9 A MAXIMUM OF TEN TAXABLE YEARS WITH RESPECT TO SUCH QUALIFIED INVESTMENT
10 PROJECT AND EACH SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT PROJECT, STARTING WITH
11 THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH PROPERTY COMPRISING SUCH PROJECT IS
12 PLACED IN SERVICE. PROVIDED, FURTHER, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
13 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
14 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

15 (D-1) ANY CARRYOVER OF A CREDIT FROM PRIOR TAXABLE YEARS WILL NOT BE
16 ALLOWED IF AN EMPIRE ZONE RETENTION CERTIFICATE IS NOT ISSUED PURSUANT
17 TO SUBDIVISION (W) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL
18 MUNICIPAL LAW TO THE EMPIRE ZONE ENTERPRISE WHICH IS THE BASIS OF THE
19 CREDIT.

20 (E) AT THE OPTION OF THE TAXPAYER, THE TAXPAYER MAY CHOOSE TO CLAIM
21 THE CREDIT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR PROPERTY
22 WHICH ALSO QUALIFIES FOR THE CREDIT PROVIDED UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF
23 THIS SECTION. A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDI-
24 VISION WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS
25 SUBDIVISION IF A CREDIT IS TAKEN PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS
26 SECTION.

27 (F) RECAPTURE. (I) WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY WHICH IS DEPRECIABLE
28 PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
29 BUT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT
30 OF SUCH CODE AND WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
31 PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS TO BE TAKEN,
32 THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE CREDIT PROVIDED
33 FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS OF
34 QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE MONTHS OF USEFUL LIFE. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH
35 CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
36 PRIOR TO THE END OF ITS USEFUL LIFE, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT
37 TAKEN AND THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE
38 YEAR OF DISPOSITION. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF SUCH PROPERTY IS DISPOSED OF
39 OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN QUALIFIED USE FOR
40 MORE THAN TWELVE CONSECUTIVE YEARS, IT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY TO ADD
41 BACK THE CREDIT AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT
42 ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL
43 CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE MONTHS
44 OF USEFUL LIFE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, USEFUL LIFE OF PROP-
45 erty SHALL BE THE SAME AS THE TAXPAYER USES FOR DEPRECIATION PURPOSES
46 WHEN COMPUTING HIS FEDERAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY.

47 (II) EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO THAT PROPERTY TO WHICH SUBPARAGRAPH (IV)
48 OF THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES, WITH RESPECT TO THREE-YEAR PROPERTY, AS
49 DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE
50 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED
51 USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS TO BE
52 TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE CREDIT
53 PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO WHICH THE
54 MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THIRTY-SIX. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH CREDIT
55 HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO
56 THE END OF THIRTY-SIX MONTHS, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT TAKEN

1 AND THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE YEAR OF
2 DISPOSITION. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL BE DETER-
3 MINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS
4 OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THIRTY-SIX.

5 (III) EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO THAT PROPERTY TO WHICH SUBPARAGRAPH (IV)
6 OF THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES, WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
7 PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
8 CODE OTHER THAN THREE-YEAR PROPERTY AS DEFINED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF SUCH
9 SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN
10 QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT
11 IS TO BE TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE
12 CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO WHICH
13 THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO SIXTY. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH CREDIT
14 HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO
15 THE END OF SIXTY MONTHS, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT TAKEN AND THE
16 CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE YEAR OF DISPOSI-
17 TION. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY
18 MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALI-
19 FIED USE BEAR TO SIXTY.

20 (IV) WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY TO WHICH SECTION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-
21 EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE APPLIES, WHICH IS A BUILDING OR A
22 STRUCTURAL COMPONENT OF A BUILDING AND WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO
23 BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
24 CREDIT IS TO BE TAKEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF
25 THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION WHICH REPRESENTS THE RATIO
26 WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MONTHS
27 OVER WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTER-
28 NAL REVENUE CODE. IF PROPERTY ON WHICH CREDIT HAS BEEN TAKEN IS DISPOSED
29 OF OR CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE PERIOD OVER
30 WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTERNAL
31 REVENUE CODE, THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CREDIT TAKEN AND THE CREDIT
32 ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE YEAR OF DISPOSITION.
33 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF SUCH PROPERTY IS DISPOSED OF OR CEASES TO BE IN
34 QUALIFIED USE AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN QUALIFIED USE FOR MORE THAN TWELVE
35 CONSECUTIVE YEARS, IT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY TO ADD BACK THE CREDIT AS
36 PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH. THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL
37 USE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ORIGINAL CREDIT BY THE RATIO
38 WHICH THE MONTHS OF QUALIFIED USE BEAR TO THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MONTHS
39 OVER WHICH THE TAXPAYER CHOOSES TO DEDUCT THE PROPERTY UNDER THE INTER-
40 NAL REVENUE CODE.

41 (V) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, DISPOSAL OR CESSATION OF QUALIFIED
42 USE SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO HAVE OCCURRED SOLELY BY REASON OF THE TERMI-
43 NATION OR EXPIRATION OF AN EMPIRE ZONE'S DESIGNATION AS SUCH.

44 (VI)(A) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE DECERTIFICATION OF A BUSI-
45 NESS ENTERPRISE WITH RESPECT TO AN EMPIRE ZONE SHALL CONSTITUTE A
46 DISPOSAL OR CESSATION OF QUALIFIED USE OF THE PROPERTY ON WHICH THE
47 CREDIT WAS TAKEN WHICH IS LOCATED IN THE ZONE TO WHICH THE DECERTIFI-
48 CATION APPLIES, ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF SUCH DECERTIFICATION.

49 (B) WHERE A BUSINESS ENTERPRISE HAS BEEN DECERTIFIED BASED ON A FIND-
50 ING PURSUANT TO CLAUSE ONE, TWO, OR FIVE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION
51 NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, THE AMOUNT
52 REQUIRED TO BE ADDED BACK BY REASON OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE (I) THE
53 AMOUNT OF CREDIT, WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY WHICH IS DISPOSED OF OR
54 CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE, WHICH WAS DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S
55 TAX OTHERWISE DUE UNDER THIS ARTICLE FOR ALL PRIOR TAXABLE YEARS,
56 REDUCED (BUT NOT BELOW ZERO) BY (II) THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR ACTUAL USE.

1 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE ATTRIBUTION TO SPECIFIC PROPERTY
2 OF CREDIT AMOUNTS DEDUCTED FROM TAX SHALL BE ESTABLISHED IN ACCORDANCE
3 WITH THE DATE OF PLACEMENT IN SERVICE OF SUCH PROPERTY IN THE EMPIRE
4 ZONE.

5 (C) IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO
6 THIS SUBDIVISION BE RENDERED, SOLELY BY REASON OF CLAUSE (A) OF THIS
7 SUBPARAGRAPH, LESS THAN THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT TO WHICH THE TAXPAYER
8 WOULD OTHERWISE BE ENTITLED UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION.

9 (D) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SUBDIVISION, IN THE
10 CASE OF A BUSINESS ENTERPRISE WHICH HAS BEEN DECERTIFIED, ANY AMOUNT OF
11 CREDIT ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY OF SUCH BUSINESS ENTERPRISE
12 LOCATED IN THE ZONE TO WHICH THE DECERTIFICATION APPLIES WHICH IS
13 CARRIED OVER PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE
14 CARRIED OVER BEYOND THE SEVENTH TAXABLE YEAR NEXT FOLLOWING THE TAXABLE
15 YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SUBDIVISION
16 WAS ALLOWED.

17 (VII) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, WHERE A CREDIT IS ALLOWED WITH
18 RESPECT TO AN AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITY ON THE BASIS OF A CERTIF-
19 ICATE OF COMPLIANCE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
20 LAW AND THE CERTIFICATE IS REVOKED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF
21 SECTION 19-0309 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW, SUCH REVOCATION
22 SHALL CONSTITUTE A DISPOSAL OR CESSATION OF QUALIFIED USE, EXCEPT WITH
23 RESPECT TO PROPERTY CONTAINED IN OR COMPRISING SUCH FACILITY WHICH IS
24 DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (A), (B), OR (C) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH
25 (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION OTHER THAN AS PART OF OR COMPRISING AN AIR
26 POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITY. ALSO FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE USE
27 OF AN AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITY OR AN INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT
28 FACILITY FOR THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF SALVAGING MATERIALS WHICH ARE USABLE
29 IN THE MANUFACTURING PROCESS OR ARE MARKETABLE SHALL CONSTITUTE A CESSA-
30 TION OF QUALIFIED USE, EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY CONTAINED IN OR
31 COMPRISING SUCH FACILITY WHICH IS DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (A) OR (C) OF
32 SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

33 (VIII) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL
34 NOT APPLY TO A CREDIT ALLOWED BY THIS SUBDIVISION TO A TAXPAYER THAT IS
35 A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP IN THE CASE OF MANUFACTURING PROPERTY;
36 PROVIDED, AT THE TIME SUCH PROPERTY WAS PLACED IN SERVICE BY SUCH PART-
37 NERSHIP IN AN EMPIRE ZONE THE BASIS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES FOR
38 SUCH PROPERTY (OR A PROJECT THAT INCLUDES SUCH PROPERTY) EQUALED OR
39 EXCEEDED THREE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS AND SUCH PARTNER OWNED ITS PART-
40 NERSHIP INTEREST FOR AT LEAST THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE SUCH PROPERTY
41 WAS PLACED IN SERVICE. IF SUCH PROPERTY CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFIED USE
42 AFTER IT IS PLACED IN SERVICE, THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY TO SUCH PART-
43 NER IN THE YEAR SUCH PROPERTY CEASES TO BE IN QUALIFYING USE.

44 (IX) IF A TAXPAYER, WHICH IS APPROVED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC
45 DEVELOPMENT AS THE OWNER OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT OR A SIGNIF-
46 ICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT PROJECT PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (W) OF SECTION
47 NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, FAILS TO (A)
48 CREATE AT LEAST THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF JOBS AT SUCH PROJECT AS REQUIRED
49 BY THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION (S) OR (T) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED
50 FIFTY-SEVEN AND SUBDIVISION (W) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF
51 THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW OR (B) PLACE IN SERVICE PROPERTY COMPRISING
52 SUCH QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT OR SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT
53 PROJECT WITH A BASIS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES EQUALING OR EXCEED-
54 ING THE APPLICABLE MINIMUM REQUIRED BASIS AS PROVIDED IN SUCH SUBDIVI-
55 SION (S) OR (T), WHICHEVER IS RELEVANT, BY THE LAST DAY OF THE FIFTH
56 TAXABLE YEAR FOLLOWING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH A CREDIT IS FIRST

1 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PROPERTY WHICH COMPRISES SUCH
2 QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT OR SUCH SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT
3 PROJECT, THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
4 FOR ALL TAXABLE YEARS WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY WHICH COMPRISES SUCH
5 PROJECT WHICH HAS BEEN REFUNDED TO SUCH TAXPAYER SHALL BE ADDED BACK IN
6 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR.

7 (G) NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXPIRATION OF THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM UNDER
8 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, A TAXPAYER THAT IS
9 CERTIFIED AS A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT PURSUANT TO SUCH ARTICLE
10 EIGHT-B ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES
11 PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED CERTIFIED UNDER SUCH ARTICLE
12 EIGHTEEN-B FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE
13 TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE EXPIRATION OCCURRED AND FOR THE NEXT SUCCEED-
14 ING NINE TAXABLE YEARS. IN ADDITION, THE AREAS DESIGNATED AS EMPIRE
15 ZONES IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER IS CERTIFIED AS A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT
16 PROJECT ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES
17 PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED EMPIRE ZONES FOR PURPOSES OF
18 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE
19 EXPIRATION OCCURRED AND FOR THE NEXT SUCCEEDING NINE TAXABLE YEARS.

20 (H) NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXPIRATION OF THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM UNDER
21 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW AND EXCEPT AS PROVIDED
22 IN PARAGRAPH (G) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TAXPAYER THAT IS CERTIFIED AS AN
23 EMPIRE ZONE BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B ON THE DAY
24 IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONE PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL
25 CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED CERTIFIED UNDER SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B FOR
26 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION UNTIL APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.
27 IN ADDITION, THE AREAS DESIGNATED AS EMPIRE ZONES IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER
28 IS CERTIFIED AS AN EMPIRE ZONE BUSINESS ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING
29 THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED
30 EMPIRE ZONES FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISIONS UNTIL APRIL FIRST, TWO
31 THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

32 4. EMPIRE ZONE EMPLOYMENT INCENTIVE CREDIT (EZ-EIC). (A) APPLICATION
33 OF CREDIT. WHERE A TAXPAYER IS ALLOWED A CREDIT UNDER SUBDIVISION THREE
34 OF THIS SECTION, THE TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT FOR EACH OF THE
35 THREE YEARS NEXT SUCCEEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER
36 SUCH SUBDIVISION THREE IS ALLOWED, WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY, WHETH-
37 ER OR NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR OR IN SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE YEARS
38 PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUCH SUBDIVISION THREE, OF THIRTY PERCENT
39 OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION THREE; PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
40 THAT THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
41 SHALL ONLY BE ALLOWED IF THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED BY THE
42 TAXPAYER IN THE EMPIRE ZONE, DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B
43 OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, IN WHICH SUCH PROPERTY IS LOCATED DURING
44 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED ONE PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE
45 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED BY THE TAXPAYER IN SUCH EMPIRE ZONE, DURING
46 THE TAXABLE YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE
47 CREDIT UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION THREE IS ALLOWED AND PROVIDED, FURTHER,
48 THAT IF THE TAXPAYER WAS NOT SUBJECT TO TAX AND DID NOT HAVE A TAXABLE
49 YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER
50 SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION IS ALLOWED, THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER
51 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE ALLOWED IF THE AVERAGE
52 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN SUCH EMPIRE ZONE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR IS
53 AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED ONE PERCENT OF THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF SUCH EMPLOYEES
54 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER SUCH SUBDIVISION THREE
55 IS ALLOWED.

(B) AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES. THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES EMPLOYED IN AN EMPIRE ZONE IN A TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE COMPUTED BY ASCERTAINING THE NUMBER OF SUCH EMPLOYEES WITHIN SUCH ZONE EXCEPT GENERAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, EMPLOYED BY THE TAXPAYER ON THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MARCH, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JUNE, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF SEPTEMBER AND THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER IN THE TAXABLE YEAR, BY ADDING TOGETHER THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ASCERTAINED ON EACH OF SUCH DATES AND DIVIDING THE SUM SO OBTAINED BY THE NUMBER OF SUCH ABOVE-MENTIONED DATES OCCURRING WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR.

(C) CARRYOVER. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT HEREIN PROVIDED FOR BE ALLOWED IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX PAYABLE TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS. IN LIEU OF SUCH CARRYOVER, ANY SUCH TAXPAYER, WHICH IS APPROVED AS THE OWNER OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT OR A SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT PROJECT PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (V) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, MAY ELECT, ON ITS REPORT FOR ITS TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH SUCH CREDIT IS ALLOWED, TO TREAT FIFTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CARRYOVER AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN THE CASE OF SUCH OWNER OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT OR A SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT PROJECT, ONLY FIFTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH CARRYOVER WHICH IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY WHICH IS PART OF SUCH PROJECT SHALL BE ALLOWED TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED AND SUCH OWNER SHALL BE ALLOWED SUCH CREDIT OR REFUND ONLY FOR THOSE TAXABLE YEARS IN WHICH SUCH OWNER WOULD BE ALLOWED A CREDIT OR REFUND OF THE EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION. PROVIDED, FURTHER, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

(C-1) ANY CARRYOVER OF A CREDIT FROM PRIOR TAXABLE YEARS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED IF AN EMPIRE ZONE RETENTION CERTIFICATE IS NOT ISSUED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (W) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW TO THE EMPIRE ZONE ENTERPRISE WHICH IS THE BASIS OF THE CREDIT.

(D) NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXPIRATION OF THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM UNDER ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, A TAXPAYER THAT IS CERTIFIED AS A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT PURSUANT TO SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED CERTIFIED UNDER SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE EXPIRATION OCCURRED AND FOR THE NEXT SUCCEEDING NINE TAXABLE YEARS. IN ADDITION, THE AREAS DESIGNATED AS EMPIRE ZONES IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER IS CERTIFIED AS A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROJECT ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED EMPIRE ZONES FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE EXPIRATION OCCURRED AND FOR THE NEXT SUCCEEDING NINE TAXABLE YEARS.

(E) NOTWITHSTANDING THE EXPIRATION OF THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM UNDER ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW AND EXCEPT AS PROVIDED

1 IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TAXPAYER THAT IS CERTIFIED AS AN
2 EMPIRE ZONE BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN-B ON THE DAY
3 IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM EXPIRED SHALL
4 CONTINUE TO BE DEEMED IN THE EMPIRE ZONE IN WHICH THE TAXPAYER WAS
5 CERTIFIED AS AN EMPIRE ZONE BUSINESS ON THE DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING
6 THE DAY THE EMPIRE ZONES PROGRAM EXPIRED FOR EACH OF THE THREE YEARS
7 NEXT SUCCEEDING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT UNDER SUBDIVISION
8 THREE OF THIS SECTION IS ALLOWED.

9 5. QEZE CREDIT FOR REAL PROPERTY TAXES. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A
10 TAXPAYER WHICH IS A QUALIFIED EMPIRE ZONE ENTERPRISE SHALL BE ALLOWED A
11 CREDIT FOR ELIGIBLE REAL PROPERTY TAXES, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN
12 SECTION FIFTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTI-
13 CLE.

14 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
15 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
16 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
17 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
18 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
19 REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE
20 IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE
21 CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE
22 THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS
23 OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
24 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

25 6. QEZE TAX REDUCTION CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER
26 WHICH IS A QUALIFIED EMPIRE ZONE ENTERPRISE SHALL BE ALLOWED A QEZE TAX
27 REDUCTION CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION SIXTEEN OF THIS
28 CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

29 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
30 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
31 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
32 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED,
33 HOWEVER, THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO A TAXPAYER WITH A ZONE ALLO-
34 CATION FACTOR OF ONE HUNDRED PERCENT.

35 7. QUALIFIED EMERGING TECHNOLOGY COMPANY EMPLOYMENT CREDIT. (A) APPLI-
36 CATION OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED
37 AS HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE,
38 PROVIDED:

39 (I) THE TAXPAYER IS A QUALIFIED EMERGING TECHNOLOGY COMPANY PURSUANT
40 TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION THIRTY-ONE HUNDRED TWO-E OF THE PUBLIC
41 AUTHORITIES LAW; AND

42 (II) THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED FULL TIME BY THE
43 TAXPAYER IN NEW YORK STATE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST ONE
44 HUNDRED ONE PERCENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S BASE YEAR EMPLOYMENT. FOR THE
45 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "BASE YEAR EMPLOYMENT" MEANS THE AVERAGE
46 NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED FULL-TIME BY THE TAXPAYER IN THE STATE
47 DURING THE THREE TAXABLE YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE FIRST TAXABLE
48 YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED. WHERE THE TAXPAYER PROVIDED
49 FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT WITHIN THE STATE DURING ONLY A PORTION OF SUCH
50 THREE-YEAR PERIOD, THEN THE FIRST EFFECTIVE DATE FOR THE COMPANY TO TAKE
51 ADVANTAGE OF THIS CREDIT SHALL BE THE NEXT YEAR FOLLOWING THE FIRST FULL
52 TAXABLE YEAR THAT THE COMPANY HAD FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT IN NEW YORK
53 STATE. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH THE TERM "THREE YEARS" SHALL
54 BE DEEMED TO REFER INSTEAD TO THE PRIOR YEAR'S FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT
55 AFTER THE FIRST YEAR AND THE AVERAGE OF THE FIRST EIGHT QUARTERS OF
56 EMPLOYMENT AFTER THE FIRST TWO TAXABLE YEARS IN NEW YORK STATE.

1 (B) CREDIT LIMITATION. THE CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY IN THE FIRST
2 TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED AND IN EACH OF THE NEXT TWO
3 TAXABLE YEARS, PROVIDED THAT THE CONDITIONS OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS
4 SUBDIVISION ARE SATISFIED IN EACH TAXABLE YEAR.

5 (C) AVERAGE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED FULL-TIME. FOR THE PURPOSES
6 OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AVERAGE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED FULL-TIME
7 SHALL BE COMPUTED BY ADDING THE NUMBER OF SUCH INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED BY
8 THE TAXPAYER AT THE END OF EACH QUARTER DURING EACH TAXABLE YEAR OR
9 OTHER APPLICABLE PERIOD AND DIVIDING THE SUM SO OBTAINED BY THE NUMBER
10 OF SUCH QUARTERS OCCURRING WITHIN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR OR OTHER APPLICABLE
11 PERIOD; PROVIDED HOWEVER, EXCEPT THAT IN COMPUTING BASE YEAR EMPLOYMENT,
12 THERE SHALL BE EXCLUDED THEREFROM ANY EMPLOYEE WITH RESPECT TO WHOM A
13 CREDIT PROVIDED FOR UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION IS CLAIMED FOR
14 THE TAXABLE YEAR.

15 (D) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL EQUAL THE PRODUCT
16 OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS TIMES THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS EMPLOYED
17 FULL-TIME BY THE TAXPAYER IN THE TAXABLE YEAR THAT ARE IN EXCESS OF ONE
18 HUNDRED PERCENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S BASE YEAR EMPLOYMENT.

19 (E) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-
20 BLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE
21 FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
22 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT
23 OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES
24 THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
25 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR
26 REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
27 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
28 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
29 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

30 8. QUALIFIED EMERGING TECHNOLOGY COMPANY CAPITAL TAX CREDIT. (A)
31 AMOUNT OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX
32 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE EQUAL TO ONE
33 OF THE FOLLOWING PERCENTAGES, PER EACH QUALIFIED INVESTMENT IN A QUALI-
34 FIED EMERGING TECHNOLOGY COMPANY AS DEFINED IN SECTION THIRTY-ONE
35 HUNDRED TWO-E OF THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW, MADE DURING THE TAXABLE
36 YEAR, AND CERTIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, EITHER:

37 (1) TEN PERCENT OF QUALIFIED INVESTMENTS IN QUALIFIED EMERGING TECH-
38 NOLOGY COMPANIES, EXCEPT FOR INVESTMENTS MADE BY OR ON BEHALF OF AN
39 OWNER OF THE BUSINESS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A STOCKHOLDER,
40 PARTNER OR SOLE PROPRIETOR, OR ANY RELATED PERSON, AS DEFINED IN SUBPAR-
41 AGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
42 SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE
43 TAXPAYER CERTIFIES TO THE COMMISSIONER THAT THE QUALIFIED INVESTMENT
44 WILL NOT BE SOLD, TRANSFERRED, TRADED, OR DISPOSED OF DURING THE FOUR
45 YEARS FOLLOWING THE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS FIRST CLAIMED; OR

46 (2) TWENTY PERCENT OF QUALIFIED INVESTMENTS IN QUALIFIED EMERGING
47 TECHNOLOGY COMPANIES, EXCEPT FOR INVESTMENTS MADE BY OR ON BEHALF OF AN
48 OWNER OF THE BUSINESS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A STOCKHOLDER,
49 PARTNER OR SOLE PROPRIETOR, OR ANY RELATED PERSON, AS DEFINED IN SUBPAR-
50 AGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
51 SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE
52 TAXPAYER CERTIFIES TO THE COMMISSIONER THAT THE QUALIFIED INVESTMENT
53 WILL NOT BE SOLD, TRANSFERRED, TRADED, OR DISPOSED OF DURING THE NINE
54 YEARS FOLLOWING THE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS FIRST CLAIMED.

55 (B) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT. "QUALIFIED INVESTMENT" MEANS THE CONTRIB-
56 UTION OF PROPERTY TO A CORPORATION IN EXCHANGE FOR ORIGINAL ISSUE CAPI-

1 TAL STOCK OR OTHER OWNERSHIP INTEREST, THE CONTRIBUTION OF PROPERTY TO A
2 PARTNERSHIP IN EXCHANGE FOR AN INTEREST IN THE PARTNERSHIP, AND SIMILAR
3 CONTRIBUTIONS IN THE CASE OF A BUSINESS ENTITY NOT IN CORPORATE OR PART-
4 NERSHIP FORM IN EXCHANGE FOR AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN SUCH ENTITY. THE
5 TOTAL AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE TO A TAXPAYER UNDER THIS PROVISION FOR
6 ALL YEARS, TAKEN IN THE AGGREGATE, SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE HUNDRED FIFTY
7 THOUSAND DOLLARS IN THE CASE OF INVESTMENTS MADE PURSUANT TO SUBPARA-
8 GRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION AND SHALL NOT EXCEED
9 THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN THE CASE OF INVESTMENTS MADE PURSUANT
10 TO SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

11 (C) CARRYOVER. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT AND CARRYOVER OF SUCH
12 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR, IN THE
13 AGGREGATE, REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED
14 DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
15 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CRED-
16 IT OR CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT, OR BOTH, ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
17 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, OR IF ANY PART OF
18 THE CREDIT OR CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT MAY NOT BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAX
19 OTHERWISE DUE BY REASON OF THE FINAL SENTENCE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, ANY
20 AMOUNT OF CREDIT OR CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN
21 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND
22 MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS. IN ADDITION, THE
23 AMOUNT OF SUCH CREDIT, AND CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT TO THE TAXABLE
24 YEAR, DEDUCTED FROM THE TAX OTHERWISE DUE MAY NOT, IN THE AGGREGATE,
25 EXCEED FIFTY PERCENT OF THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE
26 OF THIS ARTICLE COMPUTED WITHOUT REGARD TO ANY CREDIT PROVIDED FOR BY
27 THIS SECTION.

28 (D) RECAPTURE. (1) WHERE A TAXPAYER SELLS, TRANSFERS OR OTHERWISE
29 DISPOSES OF CORPORATE STOCK, A PARTNERSHIP INTEREST OR OTHER OWNERSHIP
30 INTEREST ARISING FROM THE MAKING OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT WHICH WAS THE
31 BASIS, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR
32 UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, OR WHERE AN
33 INVESTMENT WHICH WAS THE BASIS FOR SUCH ALLOWANCE IS, IN WHOLE OR IN
34 PART, RECOVERED BY SUCH TAXPAYER, AND SUCH DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY
35 OCCURS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR OR WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT MONTHS FROM THE
36 CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH SUCH CREDIT IS ALLOWED,
37 THE TAXPAYER SHALL ADD BACK, WITH RESPECT TO THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH
38 THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY DESCRIBED ABOVE OCCURRED, THE REQUIRED
39 PORTION OF THE CREDIT ORIGINALLY ALLOWED.

40 (2) WHERE A TAXPAYER SELLS, TRANSFERS OR OTHERWISE DISPOSES OF CORPO-
41 RATE STOCK, A PARTNERSHIP INTEREST OR OTHER OWNERSHIP INTEREST ARISING
42 FROM THE MAKING OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT WHICH WAS THE BASIS, IN WHOLE
43 OR IN PART, FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF THE CREDIT PROVIDED FOR UNDER SUBPARA-
44 GRAPH TWO OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, OR WHERE AN INVESTMENT
45 WHICH WAS THE BASIS FOR SUCH ALLOWANCE IS IN ANY MANNER, IN WHOLE OR IN
46 PART, RECOVERED BY SUCH TAXPAYER, AND SUCH DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY
47 OCCURS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR OR WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHT MONTHS FROM
48 THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH SUCH CREDIT IS
49 ALLOWED, THE TAXPAYER SHALL ADD BACK, WITH RESPECT TO THE TAXABLE YEAR
50 IN WHICH THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF
51 THIS PARAGRAPH OCCURRED THE REQUIRED PORTION OF THE CREDIT ORIGINALLY
52 ALLOWED.

53 (3) THE REQUIRED PORTION OF THE CREDIT ORIGINALLY ALLOWED SHALL BE THE
54 PRODUCT OF (A) THE PORTION OF SUCH CREDIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PROPERTY
55 DISPOSED OF AND (B) THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.

56 (4) THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE SHALL BE:

1 (A) FOR CREDITS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A)
2 OF THIS SUBDIVISION:

3 (I) ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS WITHIN
4 THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED OR WITHIN
5 TWELVE MONTHS OF THE END OF SUCH TAXABLE YEAR,

6 (II) SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE
7 THAN TWELVE BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS AFTER THE END OF THE
8 TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED,

9 (III) FIFTY PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE THAN
10 TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY-SIX MONTHS AFTER THE END OF
11 THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED, OR

12 (IV) TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE
13 THAN THIRTY-SIX MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN FORTY-EIGHT MONTHS AFTER THE
14 END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED; OR

15 (B) FOR CREDITS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH TWO OF PARAGRAPH (A)
16 OF THIS SUBDIVISION:

17 (I) ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS WITHIN
18 THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED OR WITHIN
19 TWELVE MONTHS OF THE END OF SUCH TAXABLE YEAR,

20 (II) EIGHTY PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE THAN
21 TWELVE BUT NOT MORE THAN FORTY-EIGHT MONTHS AFTER THE END OF THE TAXABLE
22 YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED,

23 (III) SIXTY PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE THAN
24 FORTY-EIGHT MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN SEVENTY-TWO MONTHS AFTER THE END OF
25 THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED,

26 (IV) FORTY PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE THAN
27 SEVENTY-TWO MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN NINETY-SIX MONTHS AFTER THE END OF
28 THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED, OR

29 (V) TWENTY PERCENT, IF THE DISPOSITION OR RECOVERY OCCURS MORE THAN
30 NINETY-SIX MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHT MONTHS AFTER THE
31 END OF THE TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED.

32 9. CREDIT FOR THE SPECIAL ADDITIONAL MORTGAGE RECORDING TAX. (A)
33 APPLICATION OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE CRED-
34 ITED AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE
35 SPECIAL ADDITIONAL MORTGAGE RECORDING TAX PAID BY THE TAXPAYER PURSUANT
36 TO THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION ONE-A OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
37 FIFTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER OR MORTGAGES RECORDED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, NO
38 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO A MORTGAGE OF REAL PROPERTY
39 PRINCIPALLY IMPROVED OR TO BE IMPROVED BY ONE OR MORE STRUCTURES
40 CONTAINING IN THE AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN SIX RESIDENTIAL DWELLING
41 UNITS, EACH DWELLING UNIT HAVING ITS OWN SEPARATE COOKING FACILITIES,
42 WHERE THE REAL PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ONE OR MORE OF THE COUNTIES
43 COMPRISING THE METROPOLITAN COMMUTER TRANSPORTATION AREA. PROVIDED
44 FURTHER, HOWEVER, NO CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO A MORTGAGE
45 OF REAL PROPERTY PRINCIPALLY IMPROVED OR TO BE IMPROVED BY ONE OR MORE
46 STRUCTURES CONTAINING IN THE AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN SIX RESIDENTIAL
47 DWELLING UNITS, EACH DWELLING UNIT HAVING ITS OWN SEPARATE COOKING
48 FACILITIES, WHERE THE REAL PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN THE COUNTY OF ERIE.

49 (B) CARRYOVER. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT HEREIN PROVIDED FOR BE
50 ALLOWED IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX PAYABLE TO LESS THAN THE
51 FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
52 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. IF, HOWEVER, THE AMOUNT
53 OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR, INCLUD-
54 ING ANY CREDIT CARRIED OVER FROM A PRIOR TAXABLE YEAR, REDUCES THE TAX
55 TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR

1 MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED
2 FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

3 10. CREDIT FOR SERVICING CERTAIN MORTGAGES. (A) GENERAL. EVERY TAXPAY-
4 ER MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY
5 APPLICABLE TO THE SERVICING OF MORTGAGES ACQUIRED BY SUCH AGENCY PURSU-
6 ANT TO THE STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY ACT, WHICH SHALL HAVE
7 ENTERED INTO A CONTRACT WITH THE STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY TO
8 SERVICE MORTGAGES ACQUIRED BY SUCH AGENCY PURSUANT TO THE STATE OF NEW
9 YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY ACT, SHALL HAVE CREDITED TO IT OR AN AMOUNT EQUAL
10 TO TWO AND NINETY-THREE ONE HUNDREDTHS PER CENTUM OF THE TOTAL PRINCIPAL
11 AND INTEREST COLLECTED BY THE TAXPAYER DURING ITS TAXABLE YEAR ON EACH
12 SUCH MORTGAGE SECURED BY A LIEN ON REAL ESTATE IMPROVED BY A ONE-FAMILY
13 TO FOUR-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE AND AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE INTEREST
14 COLLECTED BY THE TAXPAYER DURING ITS TAXABLE YEAR ON EACH SUCH MORTGAGE
15 SECURED BY A LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY IMPROVED BY A STRUCTURE OCCUPIED AS
16 THE RESIDENCE OF FIVE OR MORE FAMILIES LIVING INDEPENDENTLY OF EACH
17 OTHER, MULTIPLIED BY A FRACTION THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH SHALL BE THE
18 INTEREST RATE PAYABLE ON THE MORTGAGE (COMPUTED TO FIVE DECIMAL PLACES)
19 AND THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH SHALL BE .00125 IN THE CASE OF SUCH A MORT-
20 GAGE ACQUIRED BY SUCH AGENCY FOR LESS THAN ONE MILLION DOLLARS, AND
21 .00100 IN THE CASE OF SUCH A MORTGAGE ACQUIRED BY SUCH AGENCY FOR ONE
22 MILLION DOLLARS OR MORE. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS
23 SUBDIVISION REDUCE THE TAX TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT
24 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
25 TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. IN COMPUTING SUCH TAX CREDIT FOR THE SERVICING OF
26 MORTGAGES ON ONE-FAMILY TO FOUR-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES, THE
27 TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO CREDIT FOR THE COLLECTION OF CURTAIL-
28 MENT OR PAYMENTS IN DISCHARGE OF ANY SUCH MORTGAGE. FOR THE PURPOSES OF
29 THIS SUBDIVISION,

30 (B)(I) A "CURTAILMENT" SHALL MEAN AMOUNTS PAID BY MORTGAGORS

31 (A) IN EXCESS OF THE MONTHLY CONSTANT DUE DURING THE MONTH OF
32 COLLECTION AND

33 (B) IN REDUCTION OF THE UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE OF THE MORTGAGE; IN
34 THE ABSENCE OF CLEAR EVIDENCE TO THE CONTRARY, AMOUNTS PAID IN EXCESS OF
35 THE MONTHLY CONSTANT DUE DURING THE MONTH OF COLLECTION SHALL BE DEEMED
36 TO BE IN REDUCTION OF THE UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE OF THE MORTGAGE; AND

37 (II) "MONTHLY CONSTANT" SHALL MEAN THE AMOUNT OF PRINCIPAL AND INTER-
38 EST WHICH IS DUE AND PAYABLE ACCORDING TO THE MORTGAGE DOCUMENTS ON EACH
39 PERIODIC PAYMENT DATE.

40 11. AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT. (A) GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF A
41 TAXPAYER WHICH IS AN ELIGIBLE FARMER OR AN ELIGIBLE FARMER WHO HAS PAID
42 TAXES PURSUANT TO A LAND CONTRACT, THERE SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT FOR
43 THE ALLOWABLE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES. THE TERM "ALLOWABLE SCHOOL
44 DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES" MEANS THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES PAID
45 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ON QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY, SUBJECT TO
46 THE ACREAGE LIMITATION PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION AND
47 THE INCOME LIMITATION PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (F) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

48 (B) ELIGIBLE FARMER. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM
49 "ELIGIBLE FARMER" MEANS A TAXPAYER WHOSE FEDERAL GROSS INCOME FROM FARM-
50 ING FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST TWO-THIRDS OF EXCESS FEDERAL GROSS
51 INCOME. THE TERM "ELIGIBLE FARMER" ALSO INCLUDES A CORPORATION OTHER
52 THAN THE TAXPAYER OF RECORD FOR QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL LAND WHICH HAS
53 PAID THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES ON SUCH LAND PURSUANT TO A
54 CONTRACT FOR THE FUTURE PURCHASE OF SUCH LAND; PROVIDED THAT SUCH CORPO-
55 RATION HAS A FEDERAL GROSS INCOME FROM FARMING FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR
56 WHICH IS AT LEAST TWO-THIRDS OF EXCESS FEDERAL GROSS INCOME; AND

1 PROVIDED FURTHER THAT, IN DETERMINING SUCH INCOME ELIGIBILITY, A TAXPAY-
2 ER MAY, FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR, USE THE AVERAGE OF SUCH FEDERAL GROSS
3 INCOME FROM FARMING FOR THAT TAXABLE YEAR AND SUCH INCOME FOR THE TWO
4 CONSECUTIVE TAXABLE YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING SUCH TAXABLE YEAR.
5 EXCESS FEDERAL GROSS INCOME MEANS THE AMOUNT OF FEDERAL GROSS INCOME
6 FROM ALL SOURCES FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR IN EXCESS OF THIRTY THOUSAND
7 DOLLARS. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, PAYMENTS FROM THE STATE'S
8 FARMLAND PROTECTION PROGRAM, ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-
9 TURE AND MARKETS, SHALL BE INCLUDED AS FEDERAL GROSS INCOME FROM FARMING
10 FOR OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE FARMERS.

11 (C) SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION,
12 THE TERM "SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES" MEANS ALL PROPERTY TAXES,
13 SPECIAL AD VALOREM LEVIES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS, EXCLUSIVE OF PENAL-
14 TIES AND INTEREST, LEVIED FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT PURPOSES ON THE QUALIFIED
15 AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY OWNED BY THE TAXPAYER.

16 (D) QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION,
17 THE TERM "QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY" MEANS LAND LOCATED IN THIS
18 STATE WHICH IS USED IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, AND LAND IMPROVEMENTS,
19 STRUCTURES AND BUILDINGS (EXCLUDING BUILDINGS USED FOR THE TAXPAYER'S
20 RESIDENTIAL PURPOSE) LOCATED ON SUCH LAND WHICH ARE USED OR OCCUPIED TO
21 CARRY OUT SUCH PRODUCTION. QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY ALSO INCLUDES
22 LAND SET ASIDE OR RETIRED UNDER A FEDERAL SUPPLY MANAGEMENT OR SOIL
23 CONSERVATION PROGRAM OR LAND THAT AT THE TIME IT BECOMES SUBJECT TO A
24 CONSERVATION EASEMENT, AS DEFINED UNDER SUBDIVISION TWENTY-EIGHT OF THIS
25 SECTION, MET THE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

26 (E) ACREAGE LIMITATION. (I) ELIGIBLE TAXES. IN THE EVENT THAT THE
27 QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY OWNED BY THE TAXPAYER INCLUDES LAND IN
28 EXCESS OF THE BASE ACREAGE AS PROVIDED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, THE AMOUNT OF
29 SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES ELIGIBLE FOR CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
30 SION SHALL BE THAT PORTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES WHICH
31 BEARS THE SAME RATIO TO THE TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES PAID
32 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, AS THE ACREAGE ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH
33 BEARS TO THE ENTIRE ACREAGE OF SUCH LAND.

34 (II) ALLOWABLE ACREAGE. THE ALLOWABLE ACREAGE IS THE SUM OF THE BASE
35 ACREAGE SET FORTH BELOW AND FIFTY PERCENT OF THE INCREMENTAL ACREAGE.
36 THE INCREMENTAL ACREAGE IS THE EXCESS OF THE ENTIRE ACREAGE OF QUALIFIED
37 AGRICULTURAL LAND OWNED BY THE TAXPAYER OVER THE BASE ACREAGE. EXCEPT AS
38 PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE BASE ACREAGE IS
39 THREE HUNDRED FIFTY ACRES.

40 THE TOTAL BASE ACREAGE MAY BE INCREASED BY ANY ACREAGE ENROLLED OR
41 PARTICIPATING DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR IN A FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSER-
42 VATION ACREAGE RESERVE PROGRAM PURSUANT TO TITLE THREE OF THE FEDERAL
43 AGRICULTURE IMPROVEMENT AND REFORM ACT OF NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-SIX.

44 (III) BASE ACREAGE OF RELATED PERSONS. WHERE THE TAXPAYER AND ONE OR
45 MORE RELATED PERSONS EACH OWN QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY ON THE
46 FIRST DAY OF MARCH OF ANY YEAR, THE BASE ACREAGE UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (II)
47 OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DIVIDED EQUALLY AND ALLOTTED AMONG THE
48 TAXPAYER AND SUCH RELATED PERSONS, AND THE TAXPAYER'S BASE ACREAGE FOR
49 THE TAXABLE YEAR WHICH INCLUDES SUCH MARCH FIRST SHALL BE LIMITED TO ITS
50 ALLOTTED SHARE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF THE TAXPAYER AND ALL SUCH RELATED
51 PERSONS CONSENT (AT SUCH TIME AND IN SUCH MANNER AS THE COMMISSIONER MAY
52 PRESCRIBE) TO AN UNEQUAL DIVISION, THE TAXPAYER'S BASE ACREAGE FOR SUCH
53 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE LIMITED TO ITS ALLOTTED SHARE UNDER SUCH UNEQUAL
54 DIVISION.

55 (IV) RELATED PERSONS. (A) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF THIS
56 PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "RELATED PERSON" MEANS:

1 (I) A CORPORATION SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE, WHERE THE TAXPAY-
2 ER AND THE CORPORATION ARE MEMBERS OF THE SAME CONTROLLED GROUP, AS
3 DEFINED IN SECTION 267(F) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE;

4 (II) AN INDIVIDUAL, PARTNERSHIP, ESTATE OR TRUST, WHERE MORE THAN
5 FIFTY PERCENT IN VALUE OF THE OUTSTANDING STOCK OF THE TAXPAYER IS
6 OWNED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OR FOR SUCH INDIVIDUAL, PARTNERSHIP,
7 ESTATE OR TRUST OR BY OR FOR THE GRANTOR OF SUCH TRUST;

8 (III) A CORPORATION SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE, OR A PARTNER-
9 SHIP, ESTATE OR TRUST, IF THE SAME PERSON OWNS MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT
10 IN VALUE OF THE OUTSTANDING STOCK OF THE TAXPAYER AND MORE THAN FIFTY
11 PERCENT IN VALUE OF THE OUTSTANDING STOCK OF THE CORPORATION, OR MORE
12 THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL OR PROFITS INTEREST IN THE PARTNER-
13 SHIP, OR MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THE
14 ESTATE OR TRUST;

15 (IV) A PARTNERSHIP, ESTATE OR TRUST OF WHICH THE TAXPAYER OWNS,
16 DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL, PROFITS
17 OR BENEFICIAL INTEREST.

18 (B) IN DETERMINING WHETHER A PERSON IS A RELATED PERSON WITHIN THE
19 MEANING OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH:

20 (I) STOCK OWNED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OR FOR A CORPORATION,
21 PARTNERSHIP, ESTATE OR TRUST SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS BEING OWNED PROPOR-
22 TIONATELY BY OR FOR ITS SHAREHOLDERS, PARTNERS OR BENEFICIARIES;

23 (II) AN INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS OWNING THE STOCK OWNED,
24 DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OR FOR HIS SPOUSE;

25 (III) STOCK CONSTRUCTIVELY OWNED BY A PERSON BY REASON OF THE APPLICA-
26 TION OF ITEM (I) OF THIS CLAUSE SHALL, FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPLYING ITEM
27 (I) OR (II) OF THIS CLAUSE, BE TREATED AS ACTUALLY OWNED BY SUCH PERSON.

28 (F) INCOME LIMITATION. (I) IN THE EVENT THAT THE MODIFIED ENTIRE NET
29 INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER EXCEEDS TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, THE ALLOW-
30 ABLE SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
31 SION SHALL BE THE ELIGIBLE TAXES UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF PARAGRAPH (E)
32 OF THIS SUBDIVISION REDUCED BY THE PRODUCT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH ELIGI-
33 BLE TAXES AND A PERCENTAGE, SUCH PERCENTAGE TO BE DETERMINED BY MULTI-
34 PLYING ONE HUNDRED PERCENT BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE
35 LESSER OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE EXCESS OF THE TAXPAYER'S
36 MODIFIED ENTIRE NET INCOME OVER TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS AND THE
37 DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. FOR PURPOSES OF
38 THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, THE TERM "ELIGIBLE TAXES", WHERE THE ACREAGE
39 LIMITATION OF PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT APPLY, SHALL
40 MEAN THE TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAXES PAID DURING THE TAXABLE
41 YEAR.

42 (II) THE TERM "MODIFIED ENTIRE NET INCOME" MEANS THE ENTIRE NET INCOME
43 FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF PRINCIPAL PAID ON FARM
44 INDEBTEDNESS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. THE TERM "FARM INDEBTEDNESS" MEANS
45 DEBT INCURRED OR REFINANCED WHICH IS SECURED BY FARM PROPERTY, WHERE THE
46 PROCEEDS OF THE DEBT ARE DISBURSED FOR EXPENDITURES INCURRED IN THE
47 BUSINESS OF FARMING.

48 (G) CARRYOVER. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT PROVIDED HEREIN BE ALLOWED
49 IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX PAYABLE TO LESS THAN THE FIXED
50 DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
51 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. IF, HOWEVER, THE AMOUNT OF
52 CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE
53 TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE
54 YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE
55 DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS. PROVIDED,
56 HOWEVER, IN LIEU OF CARRYING OVER THE UNUSED PORTION OF SUCH CREDIT, THE

1 TAXPAYER MAY ELECT TO TREAT SUCH UNUSED PORTION AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX
2 TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION
3 ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER EXCEPT THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE
4 PAID ON SUCH OVERPAYMENT.

5 (H) NONQUALIFIED USE. (I) NO CREDIT IN CONVERSION YEAR. IN THE EVENT
6 THAT QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY IS CONVERTED BY THE TAXPAYER TO
7 NONQUALIFIED USE, CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED
8 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR OF CONVERSION (THE
9 CONVERSION YEAR).

10 (II) CREDIT RECAPTURE. IF THE CONVERSION BY THE TAXPAYER OF QUALIFIED
11 AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY TO NONQUALIFIED USE OCCURS DURING THE PERIOD OF
12 THE TWO TAXABLE YEARS FOLLOWING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT
13 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION WAS FIRST CLAIMED WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY,
14 THE CREDIT ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY FOR THE TAXABLE YEARS
15 PRIOR TO THE CONVERSION YEAR MUST BE ADDED BACK IN THE CONVERSION YEAR.
16 WHERE THE PROPERTY CONVERTED INCLUDES LAND, AND WHERE THE CONVERSION IS
17 OF ONLY A PORTION OF SUCH LAND, THE CREDIT ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE
18 PROPERTY CONVERTED SHALL BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE ENTIRE CREDIT
19 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE TAXABLE YEARS PRIOR TO THE CONVERSION
20 YEAR BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS THE ACREAGE CONVERTED AND
21 THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE ENTIRE ACREAGE OF SUCH LAND OWNED BY THE
22 TAXPAYER IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO THE CONVERSION.

23 (III) EXCEPTION TO RECAPTURE. SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH
24 SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE CONVERSION OF PROPERTY WHERE THE CONVERSION IS BY
25 REASON OF INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION, WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION ONE
26 THOUSAND THIRTY-THREE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.

27 (IV) CONVERSION TO NONQUALIFIED USE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, A
28 SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF QUALIFIED AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY ALONE SHALL
29 NOT CONSTITUTE A CONVERSION TO A NONQUALIFIED USE.

30 (I) SPECIAL RULES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "FEDERAL
31 GROSS INCOME FROM FARMING" SHALL INCLUDE GROSS INCOME FROM THE
32 PRODUCTION OF MAPLE SYRUP, CIDER, CHRISTMAS TREES DERIVED FROM A MANAGED
33 CHRISTMAS TREE OPERATION WHETHER DUG FOR TRANSPLANTING OR CUT FROM THE
34 STUMP, OR FROM A COMMERCIAL HORSE BOARDING OPERATION AS DEFINED IN
35 SUBDIVISION THIRTEEN OF SECTION THREE HUNDRED ONE OF THE AGRICULTURE AND
36 MARKETS LAW, OR FROM THE SALE OF WINE FROM A LICENSED FARM WINERY AS
37 PROVIDED FOR IN ARTICLE SIX OF THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL LAW, OR
38 FROM THE SALE OF CIDER FROM A LICENSED FARM CIDERY AS PROVIDED FOR IN
39 SECTION FIFTY-EIGHT-C OF THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL LAW.

40 (J) ELECTION TO DEEM GROSS INCOME OF NEW YORK C CORPORATION TO SHARE-
41 HOLDERS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, FEDERAL GROSS INCOME FROM
42 FARMING SHALL BE ZERO FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR OF A NEW YORK C CORPORATION
43 FOR WHICH THE ELECTION UNDER PARAGRAPH NINE OF SUBSECTION (N) OF SECTION
44 SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THIS CHAPTER IS IN EFFECT.

45 12. CREDIT FOR EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES. (A) ALLOWANCE
46 OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS HERE-
47 INAFTER PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR EMPLOYING
48 WITHIN THE STATE A QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE.

49 (B) QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE. A QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS AN INDIVIDUAL:

50 (1) WHO IS CERTIFIED BY THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, OR IN THE CASE OF AN
51 INDIVIDUAL WHO IS BLIND OR VISUALLY HANDICAPPED, BY THE STATE AGENCY
52 RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVISION OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION SERVICES TO THE
53 BLIND AND VISUALLY HANDICAPPED: (I) AS A PERSON WITH A DISABILITY WHICH
54 CONSTITUTES OR RESULTS IN A SUBSTANTIAL HANDICAP TO EMPLOYMENT AND (II)
55 AS HAVING COMPLETED OR AS RECEIVING SERVICES UNDER AN INDIVIDUALIZED
56 WRITTEN REHABILITATION PLAN APPROVED BY THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OR

1 OTHER STATE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION
2 SERVICES TO SUCH INDIVIDUAL; AND

3 (2) WHO HAS WORKED ON A FULL-TIME BASIS FOR THE EMPLOYER WHO IS CLAIM-
4 ING THE CREDIT FOR AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS OR FOUR HUNDRED
5 HOURS.

6 (C) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS
7 SUBDIVISION, THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT SHALL BE THIRTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE
8 FIRST SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS IN QUALIFIED FIRST-YEAR WAGES EARNED BY EACH
9 QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE. "QUALIFIED FIRST-YEAR WAGES" MEANS WAGES PAID OR
10 INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR TO QUALIFIED EMPLOYEES
11 WHICH ARE ATTRIBUTABLE, WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH EMPLOYEE, TO SERVICES
12 RENDERED DURING THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING WITH THE DAY THE EMPLOYEE
13 BEGINS WORK FOR THE TAXPAYER.

14 (D) CREDIT WHERE FEDERAL WORK OPPORTUNITY TAX CREDIT APPLIES. WITH
15 RESPECT TO ANY QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHOSE QUALIFIED FIRST-YEAR WAGES UNDER
16 PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION ALSO CONSTITUTE QUALIFIED FIRST-YEAR
17 WAGES FOR PURPOSES OF THE WORK OPPORTUNITY TAX CREDIT FOR VOCATIONAL
18 REHABILITATION REFERRALS UNDER SECTION FIFTY-ONE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
19 CODE, THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE THIRTY-FIVE
20 PERCENT OF THE FIRST SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS IN QUALIFIED SECOND-YEAR WAGES
21 EARNED BY EACH SUCH EMPLOYEE. "QUALIFIED SECOND-YEAR WAGES" MEANS WAGES
22 PAID OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR TO QUALIFIED
23 EMPLOYEES WHICH ARE ATTRIBUTABLE, WITH RESPECT TO ANY SUCH EMPLOYEE, TO
24 SERVICES RENDERED DURING THE ONE-YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING ONE YEAR AFTER
25 THE EMPLOYEE BEGINS WORK FOR THE TAXPAYER.

26 (E) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-
27 BLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE
28 FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
29 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT
30 OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES
31 THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
32 TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS, AND MAY
33 BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

34 (F) COORDINATION WITH FEDERAL WORK OPPORTUNITY TAX CREDIT. THE
35 PROVISIONS OF SECTION FIFTY-ONE AND FIFTY-TWO OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE
36 CODE, AS SUCH SECTIONS APPLIED ON OCTOBER FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED NINE-
37 TY-SIX, THAT APPLY TO THE FEDERAL WORK OPPORTUNITY TAX CREDIT FOR Voca-
38 tional Rehabilitation Referrals shall apply to the credit under this
39 subdivision to the extent that such sections are consistent with the
40 specific provisions of this subdivision, provided that in the event of a
41 conflict the provisions of this subdivision shall control.

42 13. CREDIT FOR PURCHASE OF AN AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR. A
43 TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS HEREINAFTER
44 PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR THE PURCHASE,
45 OTHER THAN FOR RESALE, OF AN AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR, AS SUCH
46 TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION THREE THOUSAND-B OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW.
47 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT SHALL BE THE COST TO THE TAXPAYER OF AUTOMATED
48 EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS PURCHASED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, SUCH CREDIT
49 NOT TO EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS WITH RESPECT TO EACH UNIT PURCHASED.
50 THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT
51 REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM
52 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
53 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER.

54 14. CREDIT FOR PURCHASE OF LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE. (A) GENERAL. A
55 TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTI-
56 cle EQUAL TO TWENTY PERCENT OF THE PREMIUM PAID DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR

1 FOR LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE. IN ORDER TO QUALIFY FOR SUCH CREDIT, THE
2 TAXPAYER'S PREMIUM PAYMENT MUST BE FOR THE PURCHASE OF OR FOR CONTINUING
3 COVERAGE UNDER A LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE POLICY THAT QUALIFIES FOR SUCH
4 CREDIT PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEEN OF THE
5 INSURANCE LAW.

6 (B) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY YEAR
7 SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR
8 MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION
9 TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. IF, HOWEVER, THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT
10 ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO
11 SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR
12 MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED
13 FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

14 15. LOW-INCOME HOUSING CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER
15 SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE WITH
16 RESPECT TO THE OWNERSHIP OF ELIGIBLE LOW-INCOME BUILDINGS, COMPUTED AS
17 PROVIDED IN SECTION EIGHTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER.

18 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT AND CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT
19 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT, IN THE
20 AGGREGATE, REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED
21 DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
22 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CRED-
23 IT OR CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT, OR BOTH, ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
24 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CRED-
25 IT OR CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR
26 MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED
27 FROM THE TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

28 (C) CREDIT RECAPTURE. FOR PROVISIONS REQUIRING RECAPTURE OF CREDIT,
29 SEE SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION EIGHTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER.

30 16. GREEN BUILDING CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL
31 BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION NINETEEN OF
32 THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

33 (B) CARRYOVERS. THE CREDIT AND CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER
34 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT, IN THE AGGREGATE,
35 REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM
36 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
37 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT OR CARRY-
38 OVERS OF SUCH CREDIT, OR BOTH, ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY
39 TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT OR
40 CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY
41 BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM
42 THE TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

43 17. BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A
44 TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN
45 SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
46 ARTICLE.

47 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
48 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
49 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
50 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
51 THE AMOUNT OF CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE
52 YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT
53 DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF
54 TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
55 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE

1 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
2 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

3 18. REMEDIATED BROWNFIELD CREDIT FOR REAL PROPERTY TAXES FOR QUALIFIED
4 SITES. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER WHICH IS A DEVELOPER OF A
5 QUALIFIED SITE SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT FOR ELIGIBLE REAL PROPERTY
6 TAXES, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION TWENTY-
7 TWO OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. FOR
8 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERMS "QUALIFIED SITE" AND "DEVELOPER"
9 SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPHS TWO AND THREE,
10 RESPECTIVELY, OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION TWENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER.

11 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
12 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
13 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
14 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
15 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
16 REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE
17 IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE
18 CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE
19 THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS
20 OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
21 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

22 19. ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION INSURANCE CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CRED-
23 IT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN
24 SECTION TWENTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
25 ARTICLE.

26 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
27 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
28 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
29 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
30 THE AMOUNT OF CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE
31 YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT
32 DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF
33 TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
34 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE
35 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
36 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

37 20. EMPIRE STATE FILM PRODUCTION CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A
38 TAXPAYER WHO IS ELIGIBLE PURSUANT TO SECTION TWENTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER
39 SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SUCH SECTION
40 TWENTY-FOUR AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

41 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
42 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
43 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
44 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED,
45 HOWEVER, THAT IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
46 SION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, THE EXCESS
47 SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN
48 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF
49 THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF
50 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO
51 INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

52 21. SECURITY TRAINING TAX CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER
53 SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION TWEN-
54 TY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

55 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
56 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS

1 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
2 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. HOWEVER, IF
3 THE AMOUNT OF CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE
4 YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT
5 DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF
6 TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
7 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE
8 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
9 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

10 22. CONSERVATION EASEMENT TAX CREDIT. (A) CREDIT ALLOWED. IN THE CASE
11 OF A TAXPAYER WHO OWNS LAND THAT IS SUBJECT TO A CONSERVATION EASEMENT
12 HELD BY A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CONSERVATION AGENCY, THERE SHALL BE ALLOWED
13 A CREDIT FOR TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE ALLOWABLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, COUN-
14 TY AND TOWN REAL PROPERTY TAXES ON SUCH LAND. IN NO SUCH CASE SHALL THE
15 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER
16 CREDIT FOR SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT, COUNTY AND TOWN REAL PROPERTY TAXES
17 UNDER THIS SECTION EXCEED SUCH TAXES.

18 (B) CONSERVATION EASEMENT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM
19 "CONSERVATION EASEMENT" MEANS A PERPETUAL AND PERMANENT CONSERVATION
20 EASEMENT AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE FORTY-NINE OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVA-
21 TION LAW THAT SERVES TO PROTECT OPEN SPACE, SCENIC, NATURAL RESOURCES,
22 BIODIVERSITY, AGRICULTURAL, WATERSHED AND/OR HISTORIC PRESERVATION
23 RESOURCES. ANY CONSERVATION EASEMENT FOR WHICH A TAX CREDIT IS CLAIMED
24 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRON-
25 MENTAL CONSERVATION, AS PROVIDED FOR IN ARTICLE FORTY-NINE OF THE ENVI-
26 RONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW AND SUCH CONSERVATION EASEMENT SHALL COMPLY
27 WITH THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE THREE OF SUCH ARTICLE, AND THE PROVISIONS
28 OF SUBDIVISION (H) OF SECTION 170 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. DEDI-
29 CATIONS OF LAND FOR OPEN SPACE THROUGH THE EXECUTION OF CONSERVATION
30 EASEMENTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF FULFILLING DENSITY REQUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN
31 SUBDIVISION OR BUILDING PERMITS SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED A CONSERVATION
32 EASEMENT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION.

33 (C) LAND. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "LAND" MEANS A
34 FEE SIMPLE TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THIS STATE, WITH OR WITHOUT
35 IMPROVEMENTS THEREON; RIGHTS OF WAY; WATER AND RIPARIAN RIGHTS; EASE-
36 MENTS; PRIVILEGES AND ALL OTHER RIGHTS OR INTERESTS OF ANY LAND OR
37 DESCRIPTION IN, RELATING TO OR CONNECTED WITH REAL PROPERTY, EXCLUDING
38 BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, OR IMPROVEMENTS.

39 (D) PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CONSERVATION AGENCY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDI-
40 VISION, THE TERM "PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CONSERVATION AGENCY" MEANS ANY
41 STATE, LOCAL, OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENTAL BODY; OR ANY PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PRO-
42 FIT CHARITABLE CORPORATION OR TRUST WHICH IS AUTHORIZED TO DO BUSINESS
43 IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK, IS ORGANIZED AND OPERATED TO PROTECT LAND FOR
44 NATURAL RESOURCES, CONSERVATION OR HISTORIC PRESERVATION PURPOSES, IS
45 EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION UNDER SECTION 501(C)(3) OF THE
46 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND HAS THE POWER TO ACQUIRE, HOLD AND MAINTAIN
47 LAND AND/OR INTERESTS IN LAND FOR SUCH PURPOSES.

48 (E) CREDIT LIMITATION. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT THAT MAY BE CLAIMED BY
49 A TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED FIVE THOUSAND
50 DOLLARS IN ANY GIVEN YEAR.

51 (F) APPLICATION OF THE CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
52 SION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO
53 LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
54 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
55 THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE
56 YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT THUS NOT

1 DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF
2 TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
3 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER,
4 EXCEPT THAT, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

5 23. EMPIRE STATE COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CRED-
6 IT. A TAXPAYER THAT IS ELIGIBLE PURSUANT TO PROVISIONS OF SECTION TWEN-
7 TY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT TO BE COMPUTED AS
8 PROVIDED IN SUCH SECTION AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

9 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
10 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
11 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
12 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED,
13 HOWEVER, THAT IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
14 SION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, FIFTY PERCENT
15 OF THE EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED
16 OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
17 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
18 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
19 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON. THE BALANCE OF SUCH
20 CREDIT NOT CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER
21 TO THE IMMEDIATELY SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE
22 TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR. THE EXCESS, IF ANY, OF THE AMOUNT OF CRED-
23 IT OVER THE TAX FOR SUCH SUCCEEDING YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAY-
24 MENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
25 OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
26 THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
27 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

28 (C) EXPIRATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
29 SHALL NOT BE APPLICABLE TO TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER DECEMBER
30 THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN.

31 24. BIOFUEL PRODUCTION CREDIT. (A) GENERAL. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE
32 ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION TWENTY-EIGHT OF
33 THIS CHAPTER ADDED AS PART X OF CHAPTER SIXTY-TWO OF THE LAWS OF TWO
34 THOUSAND SIX, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. THE CREDIT
35 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE
36 TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT
37 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
38 TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER
39 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT,
40 ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE
41 TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORD-
42 ANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS
43 CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION
44 ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST
45 SHALL BE PAID THEREON. THE TAX CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
46 SHALL APPLY TO TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOU-
47 SAND TWENTY.

48 25. CLEAN HEATING FUEL CREDIT. (A) GENERAL. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE
49 ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. SUCH CREDIT,
50 TO BE COMPUTED AS HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR BIOHEAT,
51 USED FOR SPACE HEATING OR HOT WATER PRODUCTION FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES
52 WITHIN THIS STATE PURCHASED BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVEN-
53 TEEN. SUCH CREDIT SHALL BE \$0.01 PER PERCENT OF BIODIESEL PER GALLON OF
54 BIOHEAT, NOT TO EXCEED TWENTY CENTS PER GALLON, PURCHASED BY SUCH
55 TAXPAYER.

1 (B) DEFINITIONS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS SHALL APPLY:

2 (I) "BIODIESEL" SHALL MEAN A FUEL COMPRISED EXCLUSIVELY OF MONO-ALKYL
3 ESTERS OF LONG CHAIN FATTY ACIDS DERIVED FROM VEGETABLE OILS OR ANIMAL
4 FATS, DESIGNATED B100, WHICH MEETS THE SPECIFICATIONS OF AMERICAN SOCIETY OF TESTING AND MATERIALS DESIGNATION D 6751.

5 (II) "BIOHEAT" SHALL MEAN A FUEL COMPRISED OF BIODIESEL BLENDED WITH
6 CONVENTIONAL HOME HEATING OIL, WHICH MEETS THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE
7 AMERICAN SOCIETY OF TESTING AND MATERIALS DESIGNATION D 396 OR D 975.

8 (C) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
9 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
10 THAN THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF
11 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF
12 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
13 REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE
14 IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE
15 CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE
16 THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS
17 OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
18 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

19 26. CREDIT FOR REHABILITATION OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES. (A) APPLICATION
20 OF CREDIT. (I) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST,
21 TWO THOUSAND TEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TWENTY, A
22 TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AS HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, AGAINST THE
23 TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO ONE HUNDRED PERCENT
24 OF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED THE TAXPAYER FOR THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR
25 WITH RESPECT TO A CERTIFIED HISTORIC STRUCTURE UNDER SUBSECTION (C)(2)
26 OF SECTION 47 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WITH RESPECT TO A CERTIFIED
27 HISTORIC STRUCTURE LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE
28 CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.

29 (II) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOU-
30 SAND TWENTY, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AS HEREINAFTER
31 PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
32 THIRTY PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED THE TAXPAYER FOR THE SAME
33 TAXABLE YEAR WITH RESPECT TO A CERTIFIED HISTORIC STRUCTURE UNDER
34 SUBSECTION (C)(3) OF SECTION 47 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WITH
35 RESPECT TO A CERTIFIED HISTORIC STRUCTURE LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE.
36 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
37 DOLLARS.

38 (B) IF THE TAXPAYER IS A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A SHAREHOLDER IN
39 A NEW YORK S CORPORATION, THEN THE CREDIT CAPS IMPOSED IN SUBPARAGRAPH
40 (A) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE ENTITY LEVEL, SO THAT THE
41 AGGREGATE CREDIT ALLOWED TO ALL THE PARTNERS OR SHAREHOLDERS OF EACH
42 SUCH ENTITY IN THE TAXABLE YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED THE CREDIT CAP THAT IS
43 APPLICABLE IN THAT TAXABLE YEAR.

44 (B) TAX CREDITS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE ALLOWED
45 IN THE TAXABLE YEAR THAT THE QUALIFIED REHABILITATION IS PLACED IN
46 SERVICE UNDER SECTION 167 OF THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.

47 (C) IF THE CREDIT ALLOWED THE TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO SECTION 47 OF THE
48 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WITH RESPECT TO A QUALIFIED REHABILITATION IS
49 RECAPTURED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (A) OF SECTION 50 OF THE INTERNAL
50 REVENUE CODE, A PORTION OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION MUST
51 BE ADDED BACK IN THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR AND IN THE SAME PROPORTION AS THE
52 FEDERAL CREDIT.

53 (D) THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
54 SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT
55
56

1 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
2 TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER
3 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT,
4 ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE
5 TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE RECREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORD-
6 ANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS
7 CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION
8 ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST
9 SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

10 (E) TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION,
11 THE REHABILITATION PROJECT SHALL BE IN WHOLE OR IN PART LOCATED WITHIN A
12 CENSUS TRACT WHICH IS IDENTIFIED AS BEING AT OR BELOW ONE HUNDRED
13 PERCENT OF THE STATE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME AS CALCULATED AS OF JANUARY
14 FIRST OF EACH YEAR USING THE MOST RECENT FIVE YEAR ESTIMATE FROM THE
15 AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU.

16 27. CREDITS OF NEW YORK S CORPORATIONS. (A) GENERAL. NOTWITHSTANDING
17 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, NO CARRYOVER OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE IN A
18 NEW YORK C YEAR SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAX OTHERWISE DUE UNDER THIS
19 ARTICLE IN A NEW YORK S YEAR, AND NO CREDIT ALLOWABLE IN A NEW YORK S
20 YEAR, OR CARRYOVER OF SUCH CREDIT, SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAX
21 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, A NEW YORK S YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS
22 A TAXABLE YEAR FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE NUMBER OF TAXABLE YEARS
23 TO WHICH A CREDIT MAY BE CARRIED OVER UNDER THIS SECTION. NOTWITHSTAND-
24 ING THE FIRST SENTENCE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, HOWEVER, THE CREDIT FOR THE
25 SPECIAL ADDITIONAL MORTGAGE RECORDING TAX SHALL BE ALLOWED AS PROVIDED
26 IN SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF THIS SECTION, AND THE CARRYOVER OF ANY SUCH
27 CREDIT SHALL BE DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE CREDIT IS
28 CARRIED FROM A NEW YORK C YEAR TO A NEW YORK S YEAR OR VICE-VERSA.

29 28. NET OPERATING LOSS CONVERSION CREDIT. (A) BASE YEAR DESIGNATION.
30 FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "BASE YEAR" MEANS THE
31 LAST TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND
32 THIRTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

33 (B) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER WHICH HAS ANY UNABSORBED NET OPER-
34 ATING LOSS CARRYOVER, REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBDIVISION AS A "NOL", AFTER
35 CALCULATING ITS ENTIRE NET INCOME UNDER ARTICLE NINE-A OR ARTICLE THIR-
36 TY-TWO FOR THE BASE YEAR SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX
37 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
38 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN.

39 (C) CALCULATION OF CREDIT. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE NOL CONVERSION
40 CREDIT SHALL BE THE PRODUCT OF:

41 (I) ANY UNABSORBED PORTION OF NET OPERATING LOSS AS CALCULATED UNDER
42 PARAGRAPH (F) OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS
43 ARTICLE OR SUBSECTION (K-1) OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-THREE OF
44 ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO, AS SUCH SECTIONS WERE IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-
45 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, THAT WAS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN PREVIOUS TAXA-
46 BLE YEARS AND WAS ELIGIBLE FOR CARRYOVER ON THE LAST DAY OF THE BASE
47 YEAR, INCLUDING ANY NET OPERATING LOSS SUSTAINED BY THE TAXPAYER DURING
48 THE BASE YEAR;

49 (II) THE TAXPAYER'S BUSINESS ALLOCATION PERCENTAGE AS CALCULATED UNDER
50 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS
51 ARTICLE FOR THE BASE YEAR, OR THE TAXPAYER'S ALLOCATION PERCENTAGE AS
52 CALCULATED UNDER SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-FOUR OF ARTICLE THIRTY-
53 TWO FOR PURPOSES OF ALLOCATING ENTIRE NET INCOME FOR THE BASE YEAR (SUCH
54 ALLOCATION PERCENTAGES REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBDIVISION AS "BAP"), AS
55 SUCH SECTIONS WERE IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND
56 FOURTEEN; AND

1 (III) THE TAXPAYER'S TAX RATE FOR THE BASE YEAR AS CALCULATED UNDER
2 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS
3 ARTICLE OR SUBSECTION (A) OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE OF
4 ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO, AS SUCH SECTIONS WERE IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-
5 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

6 (D) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER, OTHER THAN A SMALL BUSINESS
7 CORPORATION AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, IS ALLOWED
8 AN ANNUAL NOL CONVERSION CREDIT THAT IS EQUAL TO ONE-TENTH OF THE TOTAL
9 NOL CONVERSION CREDIT AS CALCULATED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
10 SION. SUCH CREDIT SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED AGAINST THE TAX COMPUTED UNDER
11 PARAGRAPH (B) OR (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF
12 THIS ARTICLE.

13 (E) SMALL BUSINESS PROVISIONS. (I) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A
14 SMALL BUSINESS CORPORATION IS A CORPORATION DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH THREE
15 OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION TWELVE HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR OF THE INTERNAL
16 REVENUE CODE (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE SECOND SENTENCE OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A)
17 THEREOF) AS OF THE LAST DAY OF THE BASE YEAR.

18 (II) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. A SMALL BUSINESS CORPORATION IS ALLOWED TO
19 CLAIM THE TOTAL NOL CONVERSION CREDIT AS CALCULATED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF
20 THIS SUBDIVISION IN A TAXABLE YEAR. SUCH CREDIT SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED
21 AGAINST THE TAX COMPUTED UNDER PARAGRAPH (B) OR (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
22 OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE.

23 (F) CARRYOVER. (I) THE CREDIT ALLOWED BY THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY
24 TAXABLE YEAR MAY ONLY REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO THE HIGHER OF
25 THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OR (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
26 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE.

27 (II) HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
28 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, OR, IF THE TAXPAYER
29 IS REQUIRED TO PAY A TAX UNDER PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
30 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE, ANY REMAINING AMOUNT OF CREDIT
31 ALLOWED FOR THAT TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE NEXT TAXABLE
32 YEAR OR YEARS FOLLOWING SUCH TAXABLE YEAR AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE
33 TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

34 (G) COMBINED GROUPS. (I) WHERE A TAXPAYER WAS PROPERLY INCLUDED OR
35 REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT FOR THE BASE YEAR PURSUANT
36 TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS ARTICLE, THE
37 COMBINED GROUP SHALL CALCULATE ITS CREDIT USING THE COMBINED GROUP'S
38 TOTAL NOL, BAP, AND TAX RATE ACCORDING TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
39 SION.

40 (II) IF THE MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP IN A COMBINED REPORT FOR THE
41 BASE YEAR ARE THE SAME AS THE MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP IN A
42 COMBINED REPORT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR IMMEDIATELY SUCCEEDING THE BASE
43 YEAR, THE CREDIT SHALL BE CALCULATED USING THE COMBINED GROUP'S NOL, BAP
44 AND APPLICABLE TAX RATE ACCORDING TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION.
45 IF A TAXPAYER WAS PROPERLY INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT FOR THE BASE
46 YEAR AND FILES A SEPARATE REPORT IN A SUBSEQUENT TAXABLE YEAR, THEN THE
47 AMOUNT OF REMAINING NOL CONVERSION CREDIT ALLOWED TO THE SEPARATE FILER
48 SHALL BE PROPORTIONATE TO THE AMOUNT THAT SUCH TAXPAYER CONTRIBUTED TO
49 THE ORIGINAL NOL CONVERSION CREDIT ON A COMBINED BASIS, AND THE REMAIN-
50 ING NOL CONVERSION CREDIT ALLOWED TO THE REMAINING MEMBERS OF THE
51 COMBINED GROUP SHALL BE REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF PROPORTIONATE NOL
52 CONVERSION CREDIT ALLOWED TO THE TAXPAYER OR TAXPAYERS FILING SEPARATE-
53 LY. IF A COMBINED GROUP INCLUDES ADDITIONAL MEMBERS IN THE TAXABLE YEAR
54 IMMEDIATELY SUCCEEDING THE BASE YEAR WHO WERE NOT INCLUDED IN THE
55 COMBINED GROUP DURING THE BASE YEAR, EACH INDIVIDUAL COMBINED GROUP AND
56 SEPARATELY FILING TAXPAYER SHALL CALCULATE ITS CREDIT FOR THE BASE YEAR

1 AND THE SUM OF THE CREDITS SHALL BE THE COMBINED NOL CONVERSION CREDIT
2 OF THE COMBINED GROUP.

3 (H) EXPIRATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
4 SHALL NOT BE APPLICABLE TO TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY
5 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTY-FIVE.

6 29. HIRE A VET CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. FOR TAXABLE YEARS
7 BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE
8 JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A
9 CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, AGAINST THE TAX
10 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR HIRING AND EMPLOYING, FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE
11 YEAR AND FOR NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-FIVE HOURS EACH WEEK, A QUALIFIED
12 VETERAN WITHIN THE STATE. THE TAXPAYER MAY CLAIM THE CREDIT IN THE YEAR
13 IN WHICH THE QUALIFIED VETERAN COMPLETES ONE YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE
14 TAXPAYER. IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-
15 SION, THE TAXPAYER MAY NOT USE THE HIRING OF A QUALIFIED VETERAN THAT IS
16 THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT IN THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER
17 THIS ARTICLE.

18 (B) QUALIFIED VETERAN. A QUALIFIED VETERAN IS AN INDIVIDUAL:

19 (1) WHO SERVED ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, NAVY, AIR
20 FORCE, MARINE CORPS, COAST GUARD OR THE RESERVES THEREOF, OR WHO SERVED
21 IN ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY
22 NATIONAL GUARD, AIR NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK GUARD OR NEW YORK NAVAL
23 MILITIA; WHO WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY BY GENERAL OR HONORABLE
24 DISCHARGE AFTER SEPTEMBER ELEVENTH, TWO THOUSAND ONE;

25 (2) WHO COMMENCES EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER
26 JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO
27 THOUSAND SIXTEEN; AND

28 (3) WHO CERTIFIES BY SIGNED AFFIDAVIT, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT
29 HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN EMPLOYED FOR THIRTY-FIVE OR MORE HOURS DURING ANY
30 WEEK IN THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS OR
31 HER EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER.

32 (C) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE
33 AND HIRE A QUALIFYING VETERAN SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR
34 THIS CREDIT.

35 (D) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF
36 THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE
37 VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT, IF THE
38 QUALIFIED VETERAN IS A DISABLED VETERAN, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF
39 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHTY-FIVE OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW, THE
40 AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
41 WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR
42 OF EMPLOYMENT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT
43 EXCEED IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED
44 VETERAN AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN WHO IS A
45 DISABLED VETERAN.

46 (E) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-
47 BLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE
48 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
49 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE
50 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH
51 AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE
52 CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE
53 TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

54 30. ALTERNATIVE FUELS AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY CREDIT.
55 (A) GENERAL. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS
56 HEREINAFTER PROVIDED, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE FOR ALTER-

1 NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY
2 PLACED IN SERVICE DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR.

3 (B) ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE
4 RECHARGING PROPERTY. THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ALTERNATIVE
5 FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY
6 SHALL EQUAL FOR EACH INSTALLATION OF PROPERTY THE LESSER OF FIVE THOU-
7 SAND DOLLARS OR FIFTY PERCENT OF THE COST OF ANY SUCH PROPERTY:

8 (I) WHICH IS LOCATED IN THIS STATE;

9 (II) WHICH CONSTITUTES ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR
10 ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY; AND

11 (III) FOR WHICH NONE OF THE COST HAS BEEN PAID FOR FROM THE PROCEEDS
12 OF GRANTS, INCLUDING GRANTS FROM THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND
13 DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OR THE NEW YORK POWER AUTHORITY.

14 (C) DEFINITIONS. (I) THE TERM "ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING
15 PROPERTY" MEANS ALL OF THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO DISPENSE ANY FUEL AT
16 LEAST EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE VOLUME OF WHICH CONSISTS OF ONE OR MORE
17 OF THE FOLLOWING: NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED PETROLE-
18 UM, OR HYDROGEN.

19 (II) THE TERM "ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY" MEANS ALL OF THE
20 EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO CONVEY ELECTRIC POWER FROM THE ELECTRIC GRID OR
21 ANOTHER POWER SOURCE TO AN ONBOARD VEHICLE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM.

22 (D) CARRYOVERS. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION BE
23 ALLOWED IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX PAYABLE TO LESS THAN THE
24 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
25 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF THE AMOUNT OF
26 CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE
27 TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE
28 YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE
29 DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

30 (E) CREDIT RECAPTURE. IF, AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE END OF ITS RECOVERY
31 PERIOD, ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARG-
32 ING PROPERTY CEASES TO BE QUALIFIED, A RECAPTURE AMOUNT MUST BE ADDED
33 BACK IN THE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH CESSATION OCCURS.

34 (I) ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE
35 RECHARGING PROPERTY CEASES TO BE QUALIFIED IF:

36 (I) THE PROPERTY NO LONGER QUALIFIES AS ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFU-
37 ELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY; OR

38 (II) FIFTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE USE OF THE PROPERTY IN A TAXABLE
39 YEAR IS OTHER THAN IN A TRADE OR BUSINESS IN THIS STATE; OR

40 (III) THE TAXPAYER RECEIVING THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SELLS
41 OR DISPOSES OF THE PROPERTY AND KNOWS OR HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT THE
42 PROPERTY WILL BE USED IN A MANNER DESCRIBED IN CLAUSES (I) AND (II) OF
43 THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.

44 (II) RECAPTURE AMOUNT. THE RECAPTURE AMOUNT IS EQUAL TO THE CREDIT
45 ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION MULTIPLIED BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR
46 OF WHICH IS THE TOTAL RECOVERY PERIOD FOR THE PROPERTY MINUS THE NUMBER
47 OF RECOVERY YEARS PRIOR TO, BUT NOT INCLUDING, THE RECAPTURE YEAR, AND
48 THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE TOTAL RECOVERY PERIOD.

49 (F) TERMINATION. THE CREDIT ALLOWED BY PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVI-
50 SION SHALL NOT APPLY IN TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER
51 THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN.

52 31. EXCELSIOR JOBS PROGRAM CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER
53 WILL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-
54 ONE OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

55 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
56 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS

THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

32. EMPIRE STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER WHO IS ELIGIBLE PURSUANT TO SECTION THIRTY-ONE OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SUCH SECTION THIRTY-ONE AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

(B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, FIFTY PERCENT OF THE EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON. THE BALANCE OF SUCH CREDIT NOT CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE A CARRYOVER TO THE IMMEDIATELY SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR. THE EXCESS, IF ANY, OF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT OVER THE TAX FOR SUCH SUCCEEDING YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

33. TEMPORARY DEFERRAL NONREFUNDABLE PAYOUT CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION THIRTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

(B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR THAT YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

34. TEMPORARY DEFERRAL REFUNDABLE PAYOUT CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION THIRTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

(B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION BE ALLOWED IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WILL REDUCE THE TAX TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. IF, HOWEVER, THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE REFUNDED IN ACCORD-

ANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER, PROVIDED HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

35. ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION AND FACILITY REDEVELOPMENT PROGRAM TAX CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

(B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

36. NEW YORK YOUTH WORKS TAX CREDIT. (A) A TAXPAYER THAT HAS BEEN CERTIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF LABOR AS A QUALIFIED EMPLOYER PURSUANT TO SECTION TWENTY-FIVE-A OF THE LABOR LAW SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE EQUAL TO (I) FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER MONTH FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE THE EMPLOYER EMPLOYS IN A FULL-TIME JOB OR TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS PER MONTH FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE THE EMPLOYER EMPLOYS IN A PART-TIME JOB OF AT LEAST TWENTY HOURS PER WEEK OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, (II) ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL SIX MONTHS BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A FULL-TIME JOB OR FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL SIX MONTHS BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A PART-TIME JOB OF AT LEAST TWENTY HOURS PER WEEK OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, AND (III) AN ADDITIONAL ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A FULL-TIME JOB OR FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A PART-TIME JOB OF AT LEAST TWENTY HOURS PER WEEK OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION TWENTY-FIVE-A OF THE LABOR LAW. THE PORTION OF THE CREDIT DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE WAGES ARE PAID TO THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE, AND THE PORTION OF THE CREDIT DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE ALLOWED IN THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE ADDITIONAL SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDS.

(B) THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR THAT YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO THAT AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN THAT TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

1 (C) THE TAXPAYER MAY BE REQUIRED TO ATTACH TO ITS TAX RETURN ITS
2 CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF LABOR PURSUANT
3 TO SECTION TWENTY-FIVE-A OF THE LABOR LAW. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE TAXPAY-
4 ER BE ALLOWED A CREDIT GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT LISTED ON
5 THE CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS
6 CHAPTER TO THE CONTRARY, THE COMMISSIONER AND THE COMMISSIONER'S DESIG-
7 NEES MAY RELEASE THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF ANY TAXPAYER CLAIMING THIS
8 CREDIT AND THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT EARNED BY THE TAXPAYER. PROVIDED,
9 HOWEVER, IF A TAXPAYER CLAIMS THIS CREDIT BECAUSE IT IS A MEMBER OF A
10 LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP, ONLY THE AMOUNT
11 OF CREDIT EARNED BY THE ENTITY AND NOT THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT CLAIMED BY
12 THE TAXPAYER MAY BE RELEASED.

13 37. EMPIRE STATE JOBS RETENTION PROGRAM CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CRED-
14 IT. A TAXPAYER WILL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN
15 SECTION THIRTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS
16 ARTICLE.

17 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
18 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR WILL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
19 THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
20 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CRED-
21 IT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX
22 TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE
23 YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED
24 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF
25 THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF
26 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO
27 INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

28 38. CREDIT FOR COMPANIES WHO PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION TO INDIVIDUALS
29 WITH DISABILITIES. (A) ALLOWANCE AND AMOUNT OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER, WHO
30 PROVIDES A TAXICAB SERVICE AS DEFINED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED
31 FORTY-EIGHT-A OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OR A LIVERY SERVICE AS
32 DEFINED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-ONE-E OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC
33 LAW, SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS
34 SUBDIVISION, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. THE AMOUNT OF THE
35 CREDIT SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE INCREMENTAL COST ASSOCIATED WITH UPGRADING
36 A VEHICLE SO THAT IT IS ACCESSIBLE BY INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES AS
37 DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT
38 SUCH CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER VEHICLE. FOR
39 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, PURCHASES OF NEW VEHICLES THAT ARE
40 INITIALLY MANUFACTURED TO BE ACCESSIBLE FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILI-
41 TIES AND FOR WHICH THERE IS NO COMPARABLE MAKE AND MODEL THAT DOES NOT
42 INCLUDE THE EQUIPMENT NECESSARY TO PROVIDE ACCESSIBILITY TO INDIVIDUALS
43 WITH DISABILITIES, THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER VEHICLE.

44 (B) DEFINITION. THE TERM "ACCESSIBLE BY INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES"
45 SHALL, FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, REFER TO A VEHICLE THAT
46 COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL REGULATIONS PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE AMERICANS
47 WITH DISABILITIES ACT APPLICABLE TO VANS UNDER TWENTY-TWO FEET IN
48 LENGTH, BY THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, IN CODE OF FEDERAL
49 REGULATIONS, TITLE 49, PARTS 37 AND 38, AND BY THE FEDERAL ARCHITECTURE
50 AND TRANSPORTATION BARRIERS COMPLIANCE BOARD, IN CODE OF FEDERAL REGU-
51 LATIONS, TITLE 36, SECTION 1192.23, AND THE FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY
52 STANDARDS, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 49, PART 57.

53 (C) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER
54 THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR
55 TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
56 OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF

1 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE
2 TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
3 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS, AND
4 MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

5 39. BEER PRODUCTION CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO
6 BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-SEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST
7 THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT ALLOWED
8 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH
9 YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
10 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT
11 OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES
12 THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
13 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR
14 REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
15 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
16 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
17 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

18 40. MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A
19 TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN
20 SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
21 ARTICLE.

22 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION
23 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS
24 THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
25 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CRED-
26 IT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX
27 TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE
28 YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED
29 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF
30 THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF
31 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO
32 INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

33 41. THE TAX-FREE NY AREA TAX ELIMINATION CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE
34 ALLOWED A CREDIT TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION FORTY OF THIS
35 CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. UNLESS THE TAXPAYER
36 HAS A TAX-FREE NY AREA ALLOCATION FACTOR OF ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, THE
37 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT
38 REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN
39 PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS
40 ARTICLE. HOWEVER, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE
41 YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR
42 REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
43 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
44 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
45 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

46 42. ALTERNATIVE BASE CREDIT. (A) IF THE TAX IMPOSED ON A TAXPAYER BY
47 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE OF THIS ARTICLE IS THE
48 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
49 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE, THE TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT
50 AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER THIS ARTICLE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TAX
51 PAID TO ANOTHER STATE COMPUTED ON A TAX BASE IDENTICAL TO THE TAX BASE
52 PRESCRIBED IN SUCH PARAGRAPH (B). IF THE TAX IMPOSED ON A TAXPAYER BY
53 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE OF THIS ARTICLE IS THE
54 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
55 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE, THE TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT
56 AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER THIS ARTICLE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF TAX

1 PAID TO ANOTHER STATE COMPUTED ON A TAX BASE IDENTICAL TO THE TAX BASE
2 PRESCRIBED IN SUCH PARAGRAPH (D).

3 (B) IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR
4 ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE
5 AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO
6 HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED
7 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH
8 AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR
9 SHALL BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING YEAR OR YEARS, AND MAY BE
10 DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.

11 43. REAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT FOR MANUFACTURERS. (A) A QUALIFIED NEW
12 YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO
13 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, WILL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO TWENTY
14 PERCENT OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX IT PAID DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR
15 REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY SUCH MANUFACTURER IN NEW YORK WHICH WAS PRINCIPALLY
16 USED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR MANUFACTURING TO THE EXTENT NOT
17 DEDUCTED IN DETERMINING ENTIRE NET INCOME. THIS CREDIT WILL NOT BE
18 ALLOWED IF THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT ARE THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT
19 ARE INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF ANOTHER CREDIT CLAIMED BY THE TAXPAYER.
20 ER.

21 (B) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX MEANS
22 A CHARGE IMPOSED UPON REAL PROPERTY BY OR ON BEHALF OF A COUNTY, CITY,
23 TOWN, VILLAGE OR SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR MUNICIPAL OR SCHOOL DISTRICT
24 PURPOSES, PROVIDED THAT THE CHARGE IS LEVIED FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC
25 WELFARE BY THE PROPER TAXING AUTHORITIES AT A LIKE RATE AGAINST ALL
26 PROPERTY OVER WHICH SUCH AUTHORITIES HAVE JURISDICTION, AND PROVIDED
27 THAT WHERE TAXES ARE LEVIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN OF
28 THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, THE PROPERTY MUST HAVE BEEN TAXED AT THE RATE
29 DETERMINED FOR THE CLASS IN WHICH IT IS CONTAINED, AS PROVIDED BY SUCH
30 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE. THE TERM REAL
31 PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT INCLUDE A CHARGE FOR LOCAL BENEFITS, INCLUDING ANY
32 PORTION OF THAT CHARGE THAT IS PROPERLY ALLOCATED TO THE COSTS ATTRIBUT-
33 ABLE TO MAINTENANCE OR INTEREST, WHEN (1) THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
34 CHARGE IS LIMITED TO THE PROPERTY THAT BENEFITS FROM THE CHARGE, OR (2)
35 THE AMOUNT OF THE CHARGE IS DETERMINED BY THE BENEFIT TO THE PROPERTY
36 ASSESSED, OR (3) THE IMPROVEMENT FOR WHICH THE CHARGE IS ASSESSED TENDS
37 TO INCREASE THE PROPERTY VALUE. THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT
38 INCLUDE A PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES MADE BY THE QUALIFIED NEW YORK
39 MANUFACTURER.

40 (C) CREDIT RECAPTURE. WHERE A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER'S REAL
41 PROPERTY TAXES WHICH WERE THE BASIS FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF THE CREDIT
42 PROVIDED FOR UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION ARE SUBSEQUENTLY REDUCED AS A RESULT
43 OF A FINAL ORDER IN ANY PROCEEDING UNDER ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE REAL PROP-
44 erty TAX LAW OR OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE TAXPAYER SHALL ADD BACK, IN
45 THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH FINAL ORDER IS ISSUED, THE EXCESS OF (1)
46 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ORIGINALLY ALLOWED FOR A TAXABLE YEAR OVER (2) THE
47 AMOUNT OF CREDIT DETERMINED BASED UPON THE REDUCED REAL PROPERTY TAXES.
48 IF SUCH FINAL ORDER REDUCES REAL PROPERTY TAXES FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR,
49 THE TAXPAYER MUST DETERMINE HOW MUCH OF SUCH REDUCTION IS ATTRIBUTABLE
50 TO EACH YEAR COVERED BY SUCH FINAL ORDER AND CALCULATE THE AMOUNT OF
51 CREDIT WHICH IS REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION TO BE RECAPTURED FOR EACH
52 YEAR BASED ON SUCH REDUCTION.

53 (D) THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
54 SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT
55 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
56 TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. HOWEVER, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN

1 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CRED-
2 ITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOU-
3 SAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF
4 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER
5 NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

6 44. THE TAX-FREE NY AREA EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES
7 CREDIT. A TAXPAYER THAT IS A BUSINESS OR OWNER OF A BUSINESS THAT IS
8 LOCATED IN A TAX-FREE NY AREA APPROVED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE OF
9 THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LAW SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO THE
10 EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES IMPOSED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED
11 EIGHTY-SIX-E OF THIS CHAPTER AND PASSED THROUGH TO SUCH BUSINESS DURING
12 THE TAXABLE YEAR TO THE EXTENT NOT OTHERWISE DEDUCTED IN COMPUTING TAX
13 UNDER THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
14 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR
15 REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
16 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. THIS CREDIT MAY BE CLAIMED ONLY WHERE ANY
17 TAX IMPOSED BY SUCH SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX-E HAS BEEN SEPARATELY
18 STATED ON A BILL FROM THE PROVIDER OF TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES AND
19 PAID BY SUCH BUSINESS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. UNLESS THE TAXPAYER HAS A
20 TAX-FREE NY AREA ALLOCATION FACTOR OF ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, THE CREDIT
21 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE
22 TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH
23 (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER.
24 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOU-
25 SAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE
26 PAID THEREON.

27 45. ORDER OF CREDITS. (A) CREDITS ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS ARTICLE WHICH
28 CANNOT BE CARRIED OVER AND WHICH ARE NOT REFUNDABLE SHALL BE DEDUCTED
29 FIRST. THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION SHALL
30 BE DEDUCTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE DEDUCTION OF ALL CREDITS ALLOWABLE
31 UNDER THIS ARTICLE WHICH CANNOT BE CARRIED OVER AND WHICH ARE NOT
32 REFUNDABLE, WHETHER OR NOT A PORTION OF SUCH CREDIT IS REFUNDABLE.
33 CREDITS ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS ARTICLE WHICH CAN BE CARRIED OVER, AND
34 CARRYOVERS OF SUCH CREDITS, SHALL BE DEDUCTED NEXT AFTER THE DEDUCTION
35 OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION, AND AMONG
36 SUCH CREDITS, THOSE WHOSE CARRYOVER IS OF LIMITED DURATION SHALL BE
37 DEDUCTED BEFORE THOSE WHOSE CARRYOVER IS OF UNLIMITED DURATION. CREDITS
38 ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS ARTICLE WHICH ARE REFUNDABLE (OTHER THAN THE CREDIT
39 ALLOWABLE UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION) SHALL BE DEDUCTED LAST.

40 46. NOTWITHSTANDING THE REPEAL OF THE CREDIT PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN
41 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE AND THE ENACTMENT OF THIS
42 SECTION BY A CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN:

43 (A) A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED TO UTILIZE ANY CARRYFORWARD AMOUNTS OF
44 CREDITS TO WHICH THE TAXPAYER WAS ENTITLED AS OF THE CLOSE OF THE TAXA-
45 BLE YEAR BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND
46 BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, OTHER THAN THE CARRYFORWARD
47 AMOUNT OF THE MINIMUM TAX CREDIT PROVIDED UNDER SUBDIVISION THIRTEEN OF
48 SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN, AS THAT SUBDIVISION WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER
49 THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

50 (B) A TAXPAYER SHALL BE REQUIRED IN A TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING ON OR
51 AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, TO RECAPTURE ALL OR A PORTION
52 OF A CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER A CREDIT PROVISION IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN
53 FOR A TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING PRIOR TO JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND
54 FIFTEEN IF RECAPTURE WOULD HAVE BEEN REQUIRED UNDER SUCH CREDIT
55 PROVISION.

1 47. IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, A TAXPAYER MUST FIRST CLAIM ANY OF THE CRED-
2 ITS SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION ON ITS ORIGINALLY FILED REPORT FOR SUCH
3 TAXABLE YEAR. A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT FIRST CLAIM A CREDIT ON AN AMENDED
4 REPORT.

5 S 18. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 210-C to read as
6 follows:

7 S 210-C. COMBINED REPORTS. 1. TAX. THE TAX ON A COMBINED REPORT SHALL
8 BE THE HIGHEST OF THE PRODUCTS OF (I) THE COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME BASE
9 MULTIPLIED BY THE TAX RATE SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
10 OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE; (II) THE COMBINED CAPITAL
11 BASE MULTIPLIED BY THE TAX RATE SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVI-
12 SION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE, BUT NOT EXCEEDING
13 THE LIMITATION PROVIDED FOR IN THAT PARAGRAPH (B); OR (III) THE FIXED
14 DOLLAR MINIMUM THAT IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE DESIGNATED AGENT OF THE
15 COMBINED GROUP. IN ADDITION, THE TAX ON A COMBINED REPORT SHALL INCLUDE
16 THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION
17 ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE FOR EACH MEMBER OF THE
18 COMBINED GROUP, OTHER THAN THE DESIGNATED AGENT, THAT IS A TAXPAYER.

19 (B) THE COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME BASE IS THE AMOUNT OF THE COMBINED
20 BUSINESS INCOME OF THE COMBINED GROUP THAT IS APPORTIONED TO THE STATE,
21 REDUCED BY ANY NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION FOR THE COMBINED GROUP. THE
22 COMBINED CAPITAL BASE IS THE AMOUNT OF THE COMBINED CAPITAL OF THE
23 COMBINED GROUP THAT IS APPORTIONED TO THE STATE.

24 2. COMBINED REPORTS REQUIRED. (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (C)
25 OF THIS SUBDIVISION, ANY TAXPAYER (I) WHICH OWNS OR CONTROLS EITHER
26 DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF
27 ONE OR MORE OTHER CORPORATIONS, OR (II) MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
28 CAPITAL STOCK OF WHICH IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDI-
29 RECTLY BY ONE OR MORE OTHER CORPORATIONS, OR (III) MORE THAN FIFTY
30 PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF WHICH AND THE CAPITAL STOCK OF ONE OR
31 MORE OTHER CORPORATIONS, IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY,
32 BY THE SAME INTERESTS, AND (IV) THAT IS ENGAGED IN A UNITARY BUSINESS
33 WITH THOSE CORPORATIONS, SHALL MAKE A COMBINED REPORT WITH THOSE OTHER
34 CORPORATIONS.

35 (B) A CORPORATION REQUIRED TO MAKE A COMBINED REPORT WITHIN THE MEAN-
36 ING OF THIS SECTION SHALL ALSO INCLUDE (I) A CAPTIVE REIT AND A CAPTIVE
37 RIC IF THE CAPTIVE REIT OR CAPTIVE RIC IS NOT REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN
38 A COMBINED REPORT UNDER ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER; (II) A
39 COMBINABLE CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANY; AND (III) AN ALIEN CORPORATION
40 THAT SATISFIES THE CONDITIONS IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION IF
41 (I) UNDER ANY PROVISION OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, THAT CORPORATION
42 IS TREATED AS A "DOMESTIC CORPORATION" AS DEFINED IN SECTION SEVEN THOU-
43 SAND SEVEN HUNDRED ONE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, OR (II) IT HAS
44 EFFECTIVELY CONNECTED INCOME FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR PURSUANT TO CLAUSE
45 (IV) OF THE OPENING PARAGRAPH OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
46 EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE.

47 (C) A CORPORATION REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO MAKE A COMBINED REPORT
48 UNDER THIS SECTION DOES NOT INCLUDE (I) A CORPORATION THAT IS TAXABLE
49 UNDER ARTICLE NINE OR THIRTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER; (II) A REIT THAT IS
50 NOT A CAPTIVE REIT, AND A RIC THAT IS NOT A CAPTIVE RIC; (III) A NEW
51 YORK S CORPORATION; (IV) A CORPORATION THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS
52 ARTICLE SOLELY AS A RESULT OF ITS OWNERSHIP OF A LIMITED PARTNER INTER-
53 EST IN A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP THAT IS DOING BUSINESS, EMPLOYING CAPITAL,
54 OWNING OR LEASING PROPERTY, MAINTAINING AN OFFICE IN THIS STATE, OR
55 DERIVING RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITY IN THIS STATE, PROVIDED THAT THE CORPO-
56 RATION IS NOT OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO FILE A COMBINED REPORT PURSUANT TO

1 THIS SECTION; OR (V) AN ALIEN CORPORATION THAT HAS NO EFFECTIVELY
2 CONNECTED INCOME FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR PURSUANT TO CLAUSE (IV) OF THE
3 OPENING PARAGRAPH OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF
4 THIS ARTICLE.

5 (D) A COMBINED REPORT SHALL BE FILED BY THE DESIGNATED AGENT OF THE
6 COMBINED GROUP AS DETERMINED UNDER SUBDIVISION SEVEN OF THIS SECTION.

7 3. COMMONLY OWNED GROUP ELECTION. (A) SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
8 PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, A TAXPAYER MAY ELECT
9 TO TREAT AS ITS COMBINED GROUP ALL CORPORATIONS THAT MEET THE OWNERSHIP
10 REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS
11 SECTION (SUCH CORPORATIONS COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBDIVISION
12 AS THE "COMMONLY OWNED GROUP"). IF THAT ELECTION IS MADE, THE COMMONLY
13 OWNED GROUP SHALL CALCULATE THE COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME, COMBINED CAPI-
14 TAL, AND FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM BASES OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE GROUP IN
15 ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH FOUR OF THIS SUBDIVISION, WHETHER OR NOT THAT
16 BUSINESS INCOME OR BUSINESS CAPITAL IS FROM A SINGLE UNITARY BUSINESS.

17 (B) THE ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE MADE ON AN ORIGINAL,
18 TIMELY FILED RETURN OF THE COMBINED GROUP. ANY CORPORATION ENTERING A
19 COMMONLY OWNED GROUP SUBSEQUENT TO THE YEAR OF ELECTION SHALL BE
20 INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED GROUP AND IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE WAIVED ANY
21 OBJECTION TO ITS INCLUSION IN THE COMBINED GROUP.

22 (C) THE ELECTION SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE, AND BINDING FOR AND APPLICABLE
23 TO THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH IT IS MADE AND FOR THE NEXT SIX TAXABLE
24 YEARS. THE ELECTION WILL AUTOMATICALLY BE RENEWED FOR ANOTHER SEVEN
25 TAXABLE YEARS AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN EFFECT FOR SEVEN TAXABLE YEARS UNLESS
26 IT IS AFFIRMATIVELY REVOKED. THE REVOCATION SHALL BE MADE ON AN
27 ORIGINAL, TIMELY FILED RETURN FOR THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR AFTER THE
28 COMPLETION OF A SEVEN YEAR PERIOD FOR WHICH AN ELECTION UNDER THIS
29 SUBDIVISION WAS IN PLACE. IN THE CASE OF A REVOCATION, A NEW ELECTION
30 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED IN ANY OF THE IMMEDIATELY
31 FOLLOWING THREE TAXABLE YEARS. IN DETERMINING THE SEVEN AND THREE YEAR
32 PERIODS DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, SHORT TAXABLE YEARS SHALL NOT BE
33 CONSIDERED OR COUNTED.

34 4. COMPUTATION OF TAX BASES ON A COMBINED REPORT. (A) IN COMPUTING THE
35 TAX BASES FOR A COMBINED REPORT, THE COMBINED GROUP SHALL GENERALLY BE
36 TREATED AS A SINGLE CORPORATION, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED, AND
37 SUBJECT TO ANY REGULATIONS OR GUIDANCE ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OR THE
38 DEPARTMENT.

39 (B)(I) IN COMPUTING COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME, ALL INTERCORPORATE DIVI-
40 DENDS SHALL BE ELIMINATED, AND ALL OTHER INTERCORPORATE TRANSACTIONS
41 SHALL BE DEFERRED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO THE RULES RELATING TO INTERCOM-
42 PANY TRANSACTIONS UNDER SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO OF THE INTERNAL
43 REVENUE CODE.

44 (II) IN COMPUTING COMBINED CAPITAL, ALL INTERCORPORATE STOCKHOLDINGS,
45 INTERCORPORATE BILLS, INTERCORPORATE NOTES RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE,
46 INTERCORPORATE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE, AND OTHER INTERCORPORATE
47 INDEBTEDNESS, SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

48 (C) QUALIFICATION FOR CREDITS, INCLUDING ANY LIMITATIONS THEREON,
49 SHALL BE DETERMINED SEPARATELY FOR EACH OF THE MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED
50 GROUP, AND SHALL NOT BE DETERMINED ON A COMBINED GROUP BASIS, EXCEPT AS
51 OTHERWISE PROVIDED. HOWEVER, THE CREDITS SHALL BE APPLIED AGAINST THE
52 COMBINED TAX OF THE GROUP.

53 (D)(I) A NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION IS ALLOWED IN COMPUTING THE
54 COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME BASE. SUCH DEDUCTION MAY REDUCE THE TAX ON THE
55 COMBINED BUSINESS INCOME BASE TO THE HIGHER OF THE TAX ON THE COMBINED
56 CAPITAL BASE OR THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM. A COMBINED NET OPERATING LOSS

1 DEDUCTION IS EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF COMBINED NET OPERATING LOSS OR LOSS-
2 ES FROM ONE OR MORE TAXABLE YEARS THAT ARE CARRIED FORWARD TO A PARTIC-
3 ULAR INCOME YEAR. A COMBINED NET OPERATING LOSS IS THE COMBINED BUSINESS
4 LOSS INCURRED IN A PARTICULAR TAXABLE YEAR MULTIPLIED BY THE COMBINED
5 APPORTIONMENT FRACTION FOR THAT YEAR DETERMINED AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVI-
6 SION FIVE OF THIS SECTION.

7 (II) THE COMBINED NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION AND COMBINED NET OPER-
8 ATING LOSS ARE ALSO SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN CLAUSES ONE
9 THROUGH SIX OF SUBPARAGRAPH (VIII) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
10 OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE.

11 (III) IN THE CASE OF A CORPORATION THAT FILES A COMBINED REPORT,
12 EITHER IN THE YEAR THE NET OPERATING LOSS IS INCURRED OR IN THE YEAR IN
13 WHICH A DEDUCTION IS CLAIMED ON ACCOUNT OF THE LOSS, THE COMBINED NET
14 OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION IS DETERMINED AS IF THE COMBINED GROUP IS A
15 SINGLE CORPORATION AND IS SUBJECT TO THE SAME LIMITATIONS THAT WOULD
16 APPLY FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
17 AND THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS AS IF SUCH CORPORATION HAD FILED FOR
18 SUCH TAXABLE YEAR A CONSOLIDATED FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN WITH THE SAME
19 CORPORATIONS INCLUDED IN THE COMBINED REPORT. IF A CORPORATION FILES A
20 COMBINED REPORT, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER IT FILED A SEPARATE RETURN OR
21 CONSOLIDATED RETURN FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, THE NET OPERATING
22 LOSS AND NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION FOR THE COMBINED GROUP MUST BE
23 COMPUTED AS IF THE CORPORATION HAD FILED A CONSOLIDATED RETURN FOR THE
24 SAME CORPORATIONS FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES.

25 (IV) IN GENERAL, ANY NET OPERATING LOSS CARRYOVER FROM A YEAR IN WHICH
26 A COMBINED REPORT WAS FILED SHALL BE BASED ON THE COMBINED NET OPERATING
27 LOSS OF THE GROUP OF CORPORATIONS FILING SUCH REPORT. THE PORTION OF THE
28 COMBINED LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ANY MEMBER OF THE GROUP THAT FILES A SEPA-
29 RATE REPORT FOR A SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE AN AMOUNT BEARING THE
30 SAME RELATION TO THE COMBINED LOSS AS THE NET OPERATING LOSS OF SUCH
31 CORPORATION BEARS TO THE TOTAL NET OPERATING LOSS OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE
32 GROUP HAVING SUCH LOSSES TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY ARE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT
33 IN COMPUTING THE COMBINED NET OPERATING LOSS.

34 (E) ANY ELECTION MADE PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION SIX,
35 AND PARAGRAPHS (B) AND (C) OF SUBDIVISION SIX-A OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
36 EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL APPLY TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP.

37 (F)(I) IN THE CASE OF A CAPTIVE REIT OR CAPTIVE RIC REQUIRED UNDER
38 THIS SECTION TO BE INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT, ENTIRE NET INCOME
39 SHALL BE COMPUTED AS REQUIRED UNDER SUBDIVISION FIVE (IN THE CASE OF A
40 CAPTIVE REIT) OR SUBDIVISION SEVEN (IN THE CASE OF A CAPTIVE RIC) OF
41 SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, THE DEDUCTION UNDER
42 THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE FOR DIVIDENDS PAID BY THE CAPTIVE REIT OR
43 CAPTIVE RIC TO ANY MEMBER OF THE AFFILIATED GROUP THAT INCLUDES THE
44 CORPORATION THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS OVER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
45 VOTING STOCK OF THE CAPTIVE REIT OR CAPTIVE RIC SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED.
46 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE TERM "AFFILIATED GROUP" MEANS
47 "AFFILIATED GROUP" AS DEFINED IN SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED FOUR OF THE
48 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, BUT WITHOUT REGARD TO THE EXCEPTIONS PROVIDED FOR
49 IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THAT SECTION.

50 (II) IN THE CASE OF A COMBINABLE CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANY REQUIRED
51 UNDER THIS SECTION TO BE INCLUDED IN A COMBINED REPORT, ENTIRE NET
52 INCOME SHALL BE COMPUTED AS REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO
53 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE.

54 5. APPORTIONMENT ON A COMBINED REPORT. (A) IN DETERMINING THE APPOR-
55 TIONMENT FACTOR FOR A COMBINED REPORT, THE RECEIPTS, NET INCOME, NET
56 GAINS AND OTHER ITEMS OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP, WHETHER OR

1 NOT THEY ARE A TAXPAYER, ARE INCLUDED AND INTERCORPORATE RECEIPTS,
2 INCOME AND GAINS ARE ELIMINATED. RECEIPTS, NET INCOME, NET GAINS AND
3 OTHER ITEMS ARE SOURCED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS
4 ARTICLE.

5 (B) AN ELECTION MADE TO APPORTION INCOME AND GAINS FROM QUALIFYING
6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH ONE OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF
7 SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-A OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL
8 APPLY TO ALL MEMBERS OF THE COMBINED GROUP.

9 6. LIABILITY OF COMBINED GROUP MEMBERS. EVERY MEMBER OF THE COMBINED
10 GROUP THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE JOINTLY AND
11 SEVERALLY LIABLE FOR THE TAX DUE PURSUANT TO A COMBINED REPORT.

12 7. DESIGNATED AGENT. EACH COMBINED GROUP SHALL HAVE ONE DESIGNATED
13 AGENT, WHICH SHALL BE A TAXPAYER. THE DESIGNATED AGENT IS THE PARENT
14 CORPORATION OF THE COMBINED GROUP. IF THERE IS NO SUCH PARENT CORPO-
15 RATION, OR THE PARENT CORPORATION IS NOT A TAXPAYER, THEN ANOTHER MEMBER
16 OF THE COMBINED GROUP THAT IS A TAXPAYER MAY BE APPOINTED AS THE DESIG-
17 NATED AGENT. ONLY THE DESIGNATED AGENT MAY ACT ON BEHALF OF THE MEMBERS
18 OF THE COMBINED GROUP FOR MATTERS RELATING TO THE COMBINED REPORT.

19 S 19. Subdivisions 2-a, 3, 4 and 5 of section 211 of the tax law,
20 subdivision 2-a as added and subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 817 of
21 the laws of 1987, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 770 of the laws of
22 1992, subdivision 4 as amended by section 2 of part T of chapter 407 of
23 the laws of 1999, the opening paragraph and the second undesignated
24 paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 as amended by section 1,
25 subparagraph 4 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 as amended by section
26 2, and subparagraph 5 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 as amended by
27 section 3 of part J of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, subparagraph 6 of
28 paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 as added by section 3 of part FF1 of
29 chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, subparagraph 7 of paragraph (a) of
30 subdivision 4 as added by section 2 and subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b)
31 of subdivision 4 as amended by section 3 of part E1 of chapter 57 of the
32 laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

33 2-a. The [tax commission] COMMISSIONER may prescribe regulations and
34 instructions requiring returns of information to be made and filed in
35 conjunction with the reports required to be filed pursuant to [section
36 two hundred eleven] THIS ARTICLE, relating to payments made to share-
37 holders owning, directly or indirectly, individually or in the aggre-
38 gate, more than fifty percent of the issued capital stock of the taxpay-
39 er, where such payments are treated as payments of interest in the
40 computation of entire net income [or minimum taxable income] reported on
41 such reports.

42 3. If the amount of taxable income [or alternative minimum taxable
43 income] for any year of any taxpayer (including any taxpayer which has
44 elected to be taxed under subchapter s of chapter one of the internal
45 revenue code), as returned to the United States treasury department is
46 changed or corrected by the commissioner of internal revenue or other
47 officer of the United States or other competent authority, or where a
48 renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States
49 results in a change in taxable income [or alternative minimum taxable
50 income], such taxpayer shall report such changed or corrected taxable
51 income [or alternative minimum taxable income], or the results of such
52 renegotiation, within ninety days (or one hundred twenty days, in the
53 case of a taxpayer making a combined report under this article for such
54 year) after the final determination of such change or correction or
55 renegotiation, or as required by the commissioner, and shall concede the
56 accuracy of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous. The

1 allowance of a tentative carryback adjustment based upon a net operating
2 loss carryback or net capital loss carryback pursuant to section sixty-
3 four hundred eleven of the internal revenue code, as amended, shall be
4 treated as a final determination for purposes of this subdivision. Any
5 taxpayer filing an amended return with such department shall also file
6 within ninety days (OR ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS, IN THE CASE OF A TAXPAY-
7 ER MAKING A COMBINED REPORT UNDER THIS ARTICLE FOR SUCH YEAR) thereafter
8 an amended report with the commissioner.

9 4. [(a) Combined reports permitted or required. Any taxpayer, which
10 owns or controls either directly or indirectly substantially all the
11 capital stock of one or more other corporations, or substantially all
12 the capital stock of which is owned or controlled either directly or
13 indirectly by one or more other corporations or by interests which own
14 or control either directly or indirectly substantially all the capital
15 stock of one or more other corporations, (hereinafter referred to in
16 this paragraph as "related corporations"), shall make a combined report
17 covering any related corporations if there are substantial intercorpo-
18 rate transactions among the related corporations, regardless of the
19 transfer price for such intercorporate transactions. It is not necessary
20 that there be substantial intercorporate transactions between any one
21 corporation and every other related corporation. It is necessary, howev-
22 er, that there be substantial intercorporate transactions between the
23 taxpayer and a related corporation or collectively, a group of such
24 related corporations. The report shall set forth such information as the
25 commissioner may require, subject to the provisions of subparagraphs one
26 through five of this paragraph.

27 In determining whether there are substantial intercorporate trans-
28 actions, the commissioner shall consider and evaluate all activities and
29 transactions of the taxpayer and its related corporations. Activities
30 and transactions that will be considered include, but are not limited
31 to: (i) manufacturing, acquiring goods or property, or performing
32 services, for related corporations; (ii) selling goods acquired from
33 related corporations; (iii) financing sales of related corporations;
34 (iv) performing related customer services using common facilities and
35 employees for related corporations; (v) incurring expenses that benefit,
36 directly or indirectly, one or more related corporations, and (vi)
37 transferring assets, including such assets as accounts receivable,
38 patents or trademarks from one or more related corporations.

39 (1) Any corporation which owns or controls either directly or indi-
40 rectly substantially all the capital stock of a DISC not exempt from tax
41 under paragraph (i) of subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of
42 this article shall be allowed, at the election of such corporation, to
43 make a report on a combined basis covering such DISC, but the failure of
44 such corporation to make such election shall not prohibit the commis-
45 sioner from requiring a combined report covering such corporation and
46 such DISC.

47 (2)(i) No taxpayer may be permitted to make a report on a combined
48 basis covering any such other corporations where such taxpayer or any
49 such other corporation allocates in accordance with clause (A) of
50 subparagraph seven of paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section two
51 hundred ten of this article (relating to aviation corporations) and such
52 taxpayer or any such other corporation does not so allocate, unless such
53 taxpayer or such other corporation is a qualified air freight forwarder
54 with respect to such other corporation or such taxpayer, respectively,
55 and all taxpayers included on such combined report elect, by filing such

1 combined report, to have such qualified air freight forwarder so
2 included.

3 (ii) A corporation is a qualified air freight forwarder with respect
4 to another corporation:

5 (A) if it owns or controls either directly or indirectly all of the
6 capital stock of such other corporation, or if all of its capital stock
7 is owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by such other
8 corporation, or if all of the capital stock of both corporations is
9 owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by the same interests,

10 (B) if it is principally engaged in the business of air freight
11 forwarding, and

12 (C) if its air freight forwarding business is carried on principally
13 with the airline or airlines operated by such other corporation.

14 (3) No taxpayer may be permitted to make a report on a combined basis
15 covering any such other corporations where such taxpayer or any such
16 other corporation allocates in accordance with subparagraph eight of
17 paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section two hundred ten of this
18 article (relating to railroad and trucking corporations) and such
19 taxpayer or any such other corporation does not so allocate.

20 (4) Except as provided in the first undesignated paragraph of this
21 paragraph, no combined report covering any corporation shall be required
22 unless the commissioner deems such a report necessary, because of
23 inter-company transactions or some agreement, understanding, arrangement
24 or transaction referred to in subdivision five of this section, in order
25 properly to reflect the tax liability under this article.

26 (5) A corporation organized under the laws of a country other than the
27 United States shall not be required or permitted to make a report on a
28 combined basis.

29 (6) (i) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "closest control-
30 ling stockholder" means the corporation that indirectly owns or controls
31 over fifty percent of the voting stock of a captive REIT or captive RIC,
32 is subject to tax under this article, article thirty-two or thirty-three
33 of this chapter or otherwise required to be included in a combined
34 return or report under this article, article thirty-two or thirty-three
35 of this chapter, and is the fewest tiers of corporations away in the
36 ownership structure from the captive REIT or captive RIC. The commis-
37 sioner is authorized to prescribe by regulation or published guidance
38 the criteria for determining the closest controlling stockholder.

39 (ii) A captive REIT or a captive RIC must be included in a combined
40 report with the corporation that directly owns or controls over fifty
41 percent of the voting stock of the captive REIT or captive RIC if that
42 corporation is subject to tax or required to be included in a combined
43 report under this article.

44 (iii) If over fifty percent of the voting stock of a captive REIT or
45 captive RIC is not directly owned or controlled by a corporation that is
46 subject to tax or required to be included in a combined report under
47 this article, then the captive REIT or captive RIC must be included in a
48 combined return or report with the corporation that is the closest
49 controlling stockholder of the captive REIT or captive RIC. If the clos-
50 est controlling stockholder of the captive REIT or captive RIC is
51 subject to tax or otherwise required to be included in a combined report
52 under this article, then the captive REIT or captive RIC must be
53 included in a combined report under this article.

54 (iv) If the corporation that directly owns or controls the voting
55 stock of the captive REIT or captive RIC is described in subparagraph
56 two, three or five of this paragraph as a corporation not permitted to

1 make a combined report, then the provisions in clause (iii) of this
2 subparagraph must be applied to determine the corporation in whose
3 combined return or report the captive REIT or captive RIC should be
4 included. If, under clause (iii) of this subparagraph, the corporation
5 that is the closest controlling stockholder of the captive REIT or
6 captive RIC is described in subparagraph two, three or five of this
7 paragraph as a corporation not permitted to make a combined return, then
8 that corporation is deemed to not be in the ownership structure of the
9 captive REIT or captive RIC, and the closest controlling stockholder
10 will be determined without regard to that corporation.

11 (v) If a captive REIT owns the stock of a qualified REIT subsidiary
12 (as defined in paragraph two of subsection (i) of section eight hundred
13 fifty-six of the internal revenue code), then the qualified REIT subsid-
14 iary must be included in a combined report with the captive REIT.

15 (vi) If a captive REIT or a captive RIC is required under this subpar-
16 agraph to be included in a combined report with another corporation, and
17 that other corporation is also required to be included in a combined
18 report with another related corporation or corporations under this para-
19 graph, then the captive REIT or the captive RIC must be included in that
20 combined report with those corporations.

21 (vii) If a captive REIT or a captive RIC is not required to be
22 included in a combined report with another corporation under clause (ii)
23 or (iii) of this subparagraph, or in a combined return under the
24 provisions of either subparagraph (v) of paragraph two of subsection (f)
25 of section fourteen hundred sixty-two or paragraph four of subdivision
26 (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, then the captive
27 REIT or captive RIC is subject to the opening provisions of this para-
28 graph and the provisions of subparagraph four of this paragraph. The
29 captive REIT or captive RIC must be included in a combined report under
30 this article with another corporation if either the substantial inter-
31 corporate transactions requirement in the opening provisions of this
32 paragraph or the inter-company transactions or agreement, understanding,
33 arrangement or transaction requirement of subparagraph four of this
34 paragraph is satisfied and more than fifty percent of the voting stock
35 of the captive REIT or the captive RIC and substantially all of the
36 capital stock of that other corporation are owned and controlled,
37 directly or indirectly, by the same corporation.

38 (7) (i) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "closest control-
39 ling stockholder" means the corporation that indirectly owns or controls
40 over fifty percent of the voting stock of an overcapitalized captive
41 insurance company; is subject to tax under this article or article thirty-
42 two of this chapter, or is otherwise required to be included in a
43 combined return or report under this article or article thirty-two of
44 this chapter; and is the fewest tiers of corporations away in the owner-
45 ship structure from the overcapitalized captive insurance company. The
46 commissioner is authorized to prescribe by regulation or published guid-
47 ance the criteria for determining the closest controlling stockholder.

48 (ii) An overcapitalized captive insurance company must be included in
49 a combined report with the corporation that directly owns or controls
50 over fifty percent of the voting stock of the overcapitalized captive
51 insurance company if that corporation is subject to tax or required to
52 be included in a combined report under this article.

53 (iii) If over fifty percent of the voting stock of an overcapitalized
54 captive insurance company is not directly owned or controlled by a
55 corporation that is subject to tax or required to be included in a
56 combined report under this article, then the overcapitalized captive

1 insurance company must be included in a combined return or report with
2 the corporation that is the closest controlling stockholder of the over-
3 capitalized captive insurance company. If the closest controlling stock-
4 holder of the overcapitalized captive insurance company is subject to
5 tax or otherwise required to be included in a combined report under this
6 article, then the overcapitalized captive insurance company must be
7 included in a combined report under this article.

8 (iv) If the corporation that directly owns or controls the voting
9 stock of the overcapitalized captive insurance company is described in
10 subparagraph two, three, or five of this paragraph as a corporation not
11 permitted to make a combined report, then the provisions in clause (iii)
12 of this subparagraph must be applied to determine the corporation in
13 whose combined return or report the overcapitalized captive insurance
14 company should be included. If, under clause (iii) of this subparagraph,
15 the corporation that is the closest controlling stockholder of the over-
16 capitalized captive insurance company is described in subparagraph two,
17 three or five of this paragraph as a corporation not permitted to make a
18 combined return, then that corporation is deemed not to be in the owner-
19 ship structure of the overcapitalized captive insurance company, and the
20 closest controlling stockholder will be determined without regard to
21 that corporation.

22 (v) If an overcapitalized captive insurance company is required under
23 this subparagraph to be included in a combined report with another
24 corporation, and that other corporation is also required to be included
25 in a combined report with another related corporation or corporations
26 under this paragraph, then the overcapitalized captive insurance company
27 must be included in that combined report with those corporations.

28 (vi) If an overcapitalized captive insurance company is not required
29 to be included in a combined report with another corporation under
30 clause (ii) or (iii) of this subparagraph, or in a combined return under
31 the provisions of subparagraph (v) of paragraph two of subsection (f) of
32 section fourteen hundred sixty-two of this chapter, then the overcapi-
33 talized captive insurance company is subject to the opening provisions
34 of this paragraph and the provisions of subparagraph four of this para-
35 graph. The overcapitalized captive insurance company must be included in
36 a combined report under this article with another corporation if either
37 the substantial intercorporate transactions requirement in the opening
38 provisions of this paragraph or the inter-company transactions or agree-
39 ment, understanding, arrangement or transaction requirement of subpara-
40 graph four of this paragraph is satisfied, and both more than fifty
41 percent of the voting stock of the overcapitalized captive insurance
42 company and substantially all of the capital stock of that other corpo-
43 ration are owned and controlled, directly or indirectly, by the same
44 corporation.

45 (b) Computation. (1) Tax. (i) In the case of a combined report the tax
46 shall be measured by the combined entire net income, combined minimum
47 taxable income, combined pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable
48 income or combined capital, of all the corporations included in the
49 report, including any captive REIT, captive RIC or overcapitalized
50 captive insurance company; provided, however, in no event shall the tax
51 measured by combined capital exceed the limitation provided for in para-
52 graph (b) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article.

53 (ii) In the case of a captive REIT or captive RIC required under this
54 subdivision to be included in a combined report, entire net income must
55 be computed as required under subdivision five (in the case of a captive
56 REIT) or subdivision seven (in the case of a captive RIC) of section two

1 hundred nine of this article. However, the deduction under the internal
2 revenue code for dividends paid by the captive REIT or captive RIC to
3 any member of the affiliated group that includes the corporation that
4 directly or indirectly owns over fifty percent of the voting stock of
5 the captive REIT or captive RIC shall not be allowed for taxable years
6 beginning on or after January first, two thousand eight. The term
7 "affiliated group" means "affiliated group" as defined in section
8 fifteen hundred four of the internal revenue code, but without regard to
9 the exceptions provided for in subsection (b) of that section.

10 (iii) In the case of an overcapitalized captive insurance company
11 required under this subdivision to be included in a combined report,
12 entire net income must be computed as required by subdivision nine of
13 section two hundred eight of this article.

14 (2) Tax bases. In computing combined entire net income, combined mini-
15 mum taxable income or combined pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxa-
16 ble income intercorporate dividends shall be eliminated, in computing
17 combined business and investment capital intercorporate stockholdings
18 and intercorporate bills, notes and accounts receivable and payable and
19 other intercorporate indebtedness shall be eliminated and in computing
20 combined subsidiary capital intercorporate stockholdings shall be elimi-
21 nated, provided, however, that intercorporate dividends from a DISC or a
22 former DISC not exempt from tax under paragraph (i) of subdivision nine
23 of section two hundred eight of this article which are taxable as busi-
24 ness income under this article shall not be eliminated.

25 (3) Air freight forwarders: allocation. Notwithstanding any provision
26 of law to the contrary, where a combined report includes a qualified air
27 freight forwarder and a corporation described in subparagraph seven of
28 paragraph (a) of subdivision three of section two hundred ten of this
29 chapter (relating to aviation corporations), in computing the combined
30 business allocation percentage such subparagraph seven shall be applied
31 with respect to such qualified air freight forwarder] FOR PROVISIONS
32 RELATING TO COMBINED REPORTS, SEE SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN-C OF THIS
33 ARTICLE.

34 5. In case it shall appear to the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER that
35 any agreement, understanding or arrangement exists between the taxpayer
36 and any other corporation or any person or firm, whereby the activity,
37 business, income or capital of the taxpayer within the state is improper-
38 ly or inaccurately reflected, the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER is
39 authorized and empowered, in [its] THE COMMISSIONER'S discretion and in
40 such manner as [it] THE COMMISSIONER may determine, to adjust items of
41 income, deductions and capital, and to eliminate assets in computing any
42 [allocation] APPORTIONMENT percentage provided only that any income
43 directly traceable thereto be also excluded from entire net income,
44 [minimum taxable income or pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable
45 income,] so as equitably to determine the tax. Where (a) any taxpayer
46 conducts its activity or business under any agreement, arrangement or
47 understanding in such manner as either directly or indirectly to benefit
48 its members or stockholders, or any of them, or any person or persons
49 directly or indirectly interested in such activity or business, by
50 entering into any transaction at more or less than a fair price which,
51 but for such agreement, arrangement or understanding, might have been
52 paid or received therefor, or (b) any taxpayer, a substantial portion of
53 whose capital stock is owned either directly or indirectly by another
54 corporation, enters into any transaction with such other corporation on
55 such terms as to create an improper loss or net income, the [tax commis-
56 sion] COMMISSIONER may include in the entire net income[, minimum taxa-

1 ble income or pre-nineteen hundred ninety minimum taxable income] of the
2 taxpayer the fair profits which, but for such agreement, arrangement or
3 understanding, the taxpayer might have derived from such transaction.
4 WHERE ANY TAXPAYER OWNS, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT
5 OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF ANOTHER CORPORATION SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION
6 FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO-A OF THIS CHAPTER AND FIFTY PERCENT OR LESS OF WHOSE
7 GROSS RECEIPTS FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR CONSIST OF PREMIUMS, THE COMMISSION-
8 ER MAY INCLUDE IN THE ENTIRE NET INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER, AS A DEEMED
9 DISTRIBUTION, THE AMOUNT OF THE NET INCOME OF THE OTHER CORPORATION THAT
10 IS IN EXCESS OF ITS NET PREMIUM INCOME.

11 S 19-a. Subdivision 13 of section 211 of the tax law is REPEALED.

12 S 20. Subdivision 11 of section 2 of the tax law, as added by section
13 1 of part E-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as
14 follows:

15 11. The term "[overcapitalized] COMBINABLE captive insurance company"
16 means an entity that is treated as an association taxable as a corpo-
17 ration under the internal revenue code (a) more than fifty percent of
18 the voting stock of which is owned or controlled, directly or indirect-
19 ly, by a single entity that is treated as an association taxable as a
20 corporation under the internal revenue code and not exempt from federal
21 income tax; (b) that is licensed as a captive insurance company under
22 the laws of this state or another jurisdiction; AND (c) whose business
23 includes providing, directly and indirectly, insurance or reinsurance
24 covering the risks of its parent and/or members of its affiliated
25 group[; and (d) fifty percent or less of whose gross receipts for the
26 taxable year consist of premiums]. For purposes of this subdivision,
27 "affiliated group" has the same meaning as that term is given in section
28 1504 of the internal revenue code, except that the term "common parent
29 corporation" in that section is deemed to mean any person, as defined in
30 section 7701 of the internal revenue code[;] AND references to "at least
31 eighty percent" in section 1504 of the internal revenue code are to be
32 read as "fifty percent or more;" section 1504 of the internal revenue
33 code is to be read without regard to the exclusions provided for in
34 subsection (b) of that section[; "premiums" has the same meaning as that
35 term is given in paragraph one of subdivision (c) of section fifteen
36 hundred ten of this chapter, except that it includes consideration for
37 annuity contracts and excludes any part of the consideration for insur-
38 ance, reinsurance or annuity contracts that do not provide bona fide
39 insurance, reinsurance or annuity benefits; and "gross receipts"
40 includes the amounts included in gross receipts for purposes of section
41 501(c) (15) of the internal revenue code, except that those amounts also
42 include all premiums as defined in this subdivision].

43 S 21. Subdivision (a) of section 1500 of the tax law, as separately
44 amended by section 1 of part B-1 and section 8 of part E-1 of chapter 57
45 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

46 (a) The term "insurance corporation" includes a corporation, associ-
47 ation, joint stock company or association, person, society, aggregation
48 or partnership, by whatever name known, doing an insurance business,
49 and, notwithstanding the provisions of section fifteen hundred twelve of
50 this article, shall include (1) a risk retention group as defined in
51 subsection (n) of section five thousand nine hundred two of the insur-
52 ance law, (2) the state insurance fund and (3) a corporation, associ-
53 ation, joint stock company or association, person, society, aggregation
54 or partnership doing an insurance business as a member of the New York
55 insurance exchange described in section six thousand two hundred one of
56 the insurance law. The definition of the "state insurance fund"

1 contained in this subdivision shall be limited in its effect to the
2 provisions of this article and the related provisions of this chapter
3 and shall have no force and effect other than with respect to such
4 provisions. The term "insurance corporation" shall also include a
5 captive insurance company doing a captive insurance business, as defined
6 in subsections (c) and (b), respectively, of section seven thousand two
7 of the insurance law; provided, however, "insurance corporation" shall
8 not include the metropolitan transportation authority, or a public bene-
9 fit corporation or not-for-profit corporation formed by a city with a
10 population of one million or more pursuant to subsection (a) of section
11 seven thousand five of the insurance law, each of which is expressly
12 exempt from the payment of fees, taxes or assessments, whether state or
13 local; and provided further "insurance corporation" does not include any
14 [overcapitalized] COMBINABLE captive insurance company. The term "insur-
15 ance corporation" shall also include an unauthorized insurer operating
16 from an office within the state, pursuant to paragraph five of
17 subsection (b) of section one thousand one hundred one and subsection
18 (i) of section two thousand one hundred seventeen of the insurance law.
19 The term "insurance corporation" also includes a health maintenance
20 organization required to obtain a certificate of authority under article
21 forty-four of the public health law.

22 S 22. Subdivision (a) of section 1502-b of the tax law, as amended by
23 section 9 of part E-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009 and as further
24 amended by section 104 of part A of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is
25 amended to read as follows:

26 (a) In lieu of the taxes and tax surcharge imposed by sections fifteen
27 hundred one, fifteen hundred two-a, fifteen hundred five-a, and fifteen
28 hundred ten of this article, every captive insurance company licensed by
29 the superintendent of financial services pursuant to the provisions of
30 article seventy of the insurance law, other than the metropolitan trans-
31 portation authority and a public benefit corporation or not-for-profit
32 corporation formed by a city with a population of one million or more
33 pursuant to subsection (a) of section seven thousand five of the insur-
34 ance law, each of which is expressly exempt from the payment of fees,
35 taxes or assessments whether state or local, and other than [an overcap-
36 italized] COMBINABLE captive insurance company, shall, for the privilege
37 of exercising its corporate franchise, pay a tax on (1) all gross direct
38 premiums, less return premiums thereon, written on risks located or
39 resident in this state and (2) all assumed reinsurance premiums, less
40 return premiums thereon, written on risks located or resident in this
41 state. The rate of the tax imposed on gross direct premiums shall be
42 four-tenths of one percent on all or any part of the first twenty
43 million dollars of premiums, three-tenths of one percent on all or any
44 part of the second twenty million dollars of premiums, two-tenths of one
45 percent on all or any part of the third twenty million dollars of premi-
46 ums, and seventy-five thousandths of one percent on each dollar of
47 premiums thereafter. The rate of the tax on assumed reinsurance premiums
48 shall be two hundred twenty-five thousandths of one percent on all or
49 any part of the first twenty million dollars of premiums, one hundred
50 and fifty thousandths of one percent on all or any part of the second
51 twenty million dollars of premiums, fifty thousandths of one percent on
52 all or any part of the third twenty million dollars of premiums and
53 twenty-five thousandths of one percent on each dollar of premiums there-
54 after. The tax imposed by this section shall be equal to the greater of
55 (i) the sum of the tax imposed on gross direct premiums and the tax
56 imposed on assumed reinsurance premiums or (ii) five thousand dollars.

1 S 23. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (f) of section 1515 of the tax law,
2 as amended by section 16 of part FF-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008,
3 is amended to read as follows:

4 (4)(i) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "closest controlling
5 stockholder" means the corporation that indirectly owns or controls over
6 fifty percent of the voting stock of a captive REIT or captive RIC, is
7 subject to tax under section fifteen hundred one of this article[,] OR
8 article nine-A [or article thirty-two] of this chapter or required to be
9 included in a combined return or report under this article[,] OR article
10 nine-A [or article thirty-two] of this chapter, and is the fewest tiers
11 of corporations away in the ownership structure from the captive REIT or
12 captive RIC. The commissioner is authorized to prescribe by regulation
13 or published guidance the criteria for determining the closest control-
14 ling stockholder.

15 (ii) A captive REIT or a captive RIC must be included in a combined
16 return with the corporation that directly owns or controls over fifty
17 percent of the voting stock of the captive REIT or captive RIC if that
18 corporation is a life insurance corporation and is subject to tax or
19 required to be included in a combined return under this article.

20 (iii) If over fifty percent of the voting stock of a captive REIT or
21 captive RIC is not directly owned or controlled by a life insurance
22 corporation that is subject to tax or required to be included in a
23 combined return under this article, [then the captive REIT or captive
24 RIC must be included in a combined report or return with the corporation
25 that is the closest controlling stockholder of the captive REIT or
26 captive RIC. If] AND the closest controlling stockholder of the captive
27 REIT or captive RIC is a life insurance corporation that is subject to
28 tax or required to be included in a combined return under this article,
29 then the captive REIT or captive RIC must be included in a combined
30 return WITH THE CLOSEST CONTROLLING STOCKHOLDER under this article.

31 (iv) If a captive REIT owns the stock of a qualified REIT subsidiary
32 (as defined in paragraph two of subsection (i) of section eight hundred
33 fifty-six of the internal revenue code) AND THE CAPTIVE REIT IS REQUIRED
34 TO BE INCLUDED IN A COMBINED RETURN UNDER SUBPARAGRAPHS (II) OR (III) OF
35 THIS PARAGRAPH, then the qualified REIT subsidiary must be included in
36 any combined return required to be made by the captive REIT that owns
37 the stock of the qualified REIT subsidiary.

38 (v) If a captive REIT or a captive RIC is required under this para-
39 graph to be included in a combined return with another corporation, and
40 that other corporation is required to be included in a combined return
41 with another [related] corporation under this subdivision, then the
42 captive REIT or the captive RIC must be included in that combined return
43 with the other [related] corporation.

44 S 24. Subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of section 12 of the tax law, as
45 added by chapter 615 of the laws of 1998, are amended to read as
46 follows:

47 (a) For purposes of subdivision (b) of this section, the term "person"
48 shall mean a corporation, joint stock company or association, insurance
49 corporation, or banking corporation, as such terms are defined in
50 section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, or one
51 hundred eighty-six, or in article nine-A[, thirty-two] or thirty-three
52 of this chapter, imposing tax on such entities.

53 (b) No person shall be subject to the taxes imposed under section one
54 hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four or one hundred eighty-six,
55 or article nine-A[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter, solely
56 by reason of (1) having its advertising stored on a server or other

1 computer equipment located in this state (other than a server or other
2 computer equipment owned or leased by such person), or (2) having its
3 advertising disseminated or displayed on the Internet by an individual
4 or entity subject to tax under section one hundred eighty-three, one
5 hundred eighty-four or one hundred eighty-six, or article nine-A, twenty-
6 ty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter.

7 (c) A person, as such term is defined in subdivision (a) of section
8 eleven hundred one of this chapter, shall not be deemed to be a vendor,
9 for purposes of article twenty-eight of this chapter, solely by reason
10 of (1) having its advertising stored on a server or other computer
11 equipment located in this state (other than a server or other computer
12 equipment owned or leased by such person), or (2) having its advertising
13 disseminated or displayed on the Internet by an individual or entity
14 subject to tax under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred
15 eighty-four or one hundred eighty-six, or article nine-A, twenty-two[,
16 thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter.

17 S 25. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 14 of the tax law, as
18 amended by section 3 of part V1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is
19 amended to read as follows:

20 (1) except as provided in paragraphs one-a and one-b of this subdivi-
21 sion, for purposes of section one hundred eighty-seven-j and articles
22 nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] and thirty-three of this chapter, for
23 each of the taxable years within the "business tax benefit period,"
24 which period shall consist of (A) in the case of a business enterprise
25 with a test date occurring on or before December thirty-first, two thou-
26 sand one, the first fifteen taxable years beginning on or after January
27 first, two thousand one, (B) in the case of a business enterprise with a
28 test date occurring on or after January first, two thousand two, but
29 prior to April first, two thousand five, the fifteen taxable years next
30 following the business enterprise's test year, and (C) in the case of a
31 business enterprise which is first certified under article eighteen-B of
32 the general municipal law on or after April first, two thousand five,
33 the ten taxable years starting with the taxable year in which the busi-
34 ness enterprise's first date of certification under article eighteen-B
35 of the general municipal law occurs, but only with respect to each of
36 such business tax benefit period years for which the employment test is
37 met,

38 S 26. Subdivision (f) of section 14 of the tax law, as amended by
39 section 10 of part CC of chapter 85 of the laws of 2002, is amended to
40 read as follows:

41 (f) Taxable year. The term "taxable year" means the taxable year of
42 the business enterprise under section one hundred eighty-three, one
43 hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-five or former section one
44 hundred eighty-six of article nine, or under article nine-A, twenty-
45 two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter. If a business enter-
46 prise does not have a taxable year because it is exempt from taxation or
47 otherwise not required to file a return under any of such sections of
48 article nine or under article nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thir-
49 ty-three, then the term "taxable year" means (i) the business enter-
50 prise's federal taxable year, or, (ii) if the enterprise does not have a
51 federal taxable year, the calendar year.

52 S 27. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (i) of section 14 of the tax law, as
53 amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, is
54 amended to read as follows:

55 (1) for purposes of section one hundred eighty-seven-j of article
56 nine, and articles nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] and thirty-three of

1 this chapter, on the first day of the taxable year during which revoca-
2 tion of its certification under article eighteen-B of the general munic-
3 ipal law occurs, and

4 S 28. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subdivision (j) of section 14 of the tax
5 law, as amended by section 10 of part CC of chapter 85 of the laws of
6 2002, are amended to read as follows:

7 (1) A new business shall include any corporation, except a corporation
8 which is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a busi-
9 ness entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under section
10 one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-
11 five or one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A[, article
12 thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of
13 this chapter or which would have been subject to tax under such article
14 twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen
15 hundred eighty), ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER OR WHICH WOULD HAVE
16 BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO (AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS
17 IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN) or the income
18 (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of
19 this chapter.

20 (2) For purposes of article twenty-two of this chapter, an individual
21 who is either a sole proprietor or a member of a partnership shall qual-
22 ify as an owner of a new business unless the business of which the indi-
23 vidual is an owner is substantially similar in operation and in owner-
24 ship to a business entity taxable, or previously taxable, under section
25 one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-
26 five or one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A[, thir-
27 ty-two] or ARTICLE thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of
28 this chapter or which would have been subject to tax under such article
29 twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen
30 hundred eighty); ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER OR WHICH WOULD HAVE
31 BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS IN
32 EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TEN or the income (or
33 losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two.

34 S 29. Clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of
35 subdivision (j) of section 14 of the tax law, as added by section 5 of
36 part A of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, are amended to read as
37 follows:

38 (i) Notwithstanding paragraphs one and two of this subdivision, a new
39 business shall include any corporation which is identical in operation
40 and ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable under section
41 one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four or one hundred eight-
42 y-five of article nine; article nine-A[, article thirty-two] or thirty-
43 three of this chapter or the income (or losses) of which is includable
44 under article twenty-two of this chapter, provided such corporation and
45 such business entity or entities are operating in different counties in
46 the state.

47 (ii) Notwithstanding paragraphs one and two of this subdivision, an
48 individual who is either a sole proprietor or a member of a partnership
49 shall qualify as an owner of a new business if the business of which the
50 individual is an owner is identical in operation and in ownership to a
51 business entity (or entities) taxable under section one hundred eighty-
52 three, one hundred eighty-four or one hundred eighty-five of article
53 nine; article nine-A[, article thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chap-
54 ter or the income (or losses) of which is includable under article twen-
55 ty-two of this chapter, provided such business and such business entity
56 or entities are operating in different counties in the state.

1 S 30. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (j) of section 14
2 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 161 of the laws of 2005, is
3 amended to read as follows:

4 (B) Notwithstanding any provisions of this subdivision to the contrary
5 and notwithstanding subdivision c of section eighteen of part CC of
6 chapter eighty-five of the laws of two thousand two, a corporation or
7 partnership, which was first certified under article eighteen-B of the
8 general municipal law before August first, two thousand two, has a base
9 period of zero years or zero employment for its base period, and is
10 similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity or entities
11 taxable, or previously taxable, under sections specified in paragraph
12 one or two of this subdivision or which would have been subject to tax
13 under article twenty-three of this chapter (as such article was in
14 effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) OR WHICH WOULD HAVE
15 BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER (AS SUCH
16 ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN)
17 or the income or losses of which is or was includable under article
18 twenty-two of this chapter shall not be deemed a new business if it was
19 not formed for a valid business purpose, as such term is defined in
20 clause (D) of subparagraph one of paragraph (o) of subdivision nine of
21 section two hundred eight of this chapter and was formed solely to gain
22 empire zone benefits.

23 S 31. Subdivision (k) of section 14 of the tax law, as amended by
24 section 5 of part A of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, is amended to
25 read as follows:

26 (k) If the designation of an area as an empire zone is no longer in
27 effect because section nine hundred sixty-nine of the general municipal
28 law was not amended to extend the effective date of such designation so
29 that the designations of all empire zones pursuant to article eighteen-B
30 of the general municipal law have expired, a business enterprise that
31 was certified pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal
32 law on the day immediately preceding the day on which such designation
33 expired shall be deemed to continue to be certified under such article
34 eighteen-B for purposes of this section, and sections fifteen, sixteen,
35 section one hundred eighty-seven-j, subdivisions [twenty-seven] FIVE and
36 [twenty-eight] SIX of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B, subsections (bb)
37 and (cc) of section six hundred six, subdivision (z) of section eleven
38 hundred fifteen[, subsections (o) and (p) of section fourteen hundred
39 fifty-six,] and subdivisions (r) and (s) of section fifteen hundred
40 eleven of this chapter. In addition, if the designation of an area as an
41 empire zone is no longer in effect because section nine hundred sixty-
42 nine of the general municipal law was not amended to extend the effec-
43 tive date of such designation so that the designations of all empire
44 zones pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law have
45 expired, all references to empire zones in the provisions of this chap-
46 ter listed in the previous sentence shall be read as meaning areas
47 designated as empire zones on the day immediately preceding the day on
48 which such designation expired.

49 S 32. Subdivisions (a) and (h) of section 15 of the tax law, as
50 amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 63 of the laws of 2005, are
51 amended to read as follows:

52 (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer which is a qualified empire zone
53 enterprise (QEZE), or which is a sole proprietor of a QEZE or a member
54 of a partnership which is a QEZE, and which is subject to tax under
55 article nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chap-
56 ter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the

provisions referenced in subdivision (h) of this section, for eligible real property taxes.

(h) Definitions and cross-references. For definitions of terms used in this section see section fourteen of this article. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

(1) Article 9: Section 187-j.

(2) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B: subdivision [27] 5.

(3) Article 22: Section 606: subsections (i) and (bb).

(4) [Article 32: Section 1456: subsection (o).

(5)] Article 33: Section 1511: subdivision (r).

S 33. Subdivision (a) of section 16 of the tax law, as added by section 2 of part GG of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer which is a qualified empire zone enterprise (QEZE), or which is a sole proprietor of a QEZE or a member of a partnership which is a QEZE, and which is subject to tax under article nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (g) of this section, to be computed as hereinafter provided.

S 34. Paragraph 1, clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2, and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subdivision (f) of section 16 of the tax law, as amended by section 14 of part CC of chapter 85 of the laws of 2002, are amended to read as follows:

(1) General. The tax factor shall be, in the case of article nine-A of this chapter, the [larger of the amounts] AMOUNT of tax determined for the taxable year under [paragraphs] PARAGRAPH (a) [and (c)] of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of such article. The tax factor shall be, in the case of article twenty-two of this chapter, the tax determined for the taxable year under subsections (a) through (d) of section six hundred one of such article. [The tax factor shall be, in the case of article thirty-two of this chapter, the larger of the amounts of tax determined for the taxable year under subsection (a) and paragraph two of subsection (b) of section fourteen hundred fifty-five of such article.] The tax factor shall be, in the case of article thirty-three of this chapter, the larger of the amounts of tax determined for the taxable year under paragraphs one and three of subdivision (a) of section fifteen hundred two of such article.

(ii) For purposes of article nine-A[, thirty-two or thirty-three] of this chapter, the term "partner's income from the partnership" means partnership items of income, gain, loss and deduction, and New York modifications thereto, entering into [entire net] BUSINESS income[, minimum taxable income, alternative entire net income or entire net income plus compensation] and the term "partner's entire income" means [entire net] BUSINESS income[, minimum taxable income, alternative entire net income or entire net income plus compensation,] allocated within the state. FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER, THE TERM "PARTNER'S INCOME FROM THE PARTNERSHIP" MEANS PARTNERSHIP ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION, AND NEW YORK MODIFICATIONS THERETO, ENTERING INTO ENTIRE NET INCOME OR ENTIRE NET INCOME PLUS COMPENSATION AND THE TERM "PARTNER'S ENTIRE INCOME" MEANS ENTIRE NET INCOME, OR ENTIRE NET INCOME PLUS COMPENSATION, ALLOCATED WITHIN THE STATE. For purposes of article twenty-two of this chapter, the term "partner's income from the partnership" means partnership items of income, gain, loss and deduction, and New York modifications thereto, entering into

1 New York adjusted gross income, and the term "partner's entire income"
2 means New York adjusted gross income.

3 (A) Where the taxpayer is a qualified empire zone enterprise and is
4 required or permitted to make a return or report on a combined basis
5 under article nine-A[, thirty-two] or ARTICLE thirty-three of this chap-
6 ter, the taxpayer's tax factor shall be the amount determined in para-
7 graph one of this subdivision which is attributable to the income of the
8 qualified empire zone enterprise. Such attribution shall be made in
9 accordance with the ratio of the qualified empire zone enterprise's
10 income allocated within the state to the combined group's income, or in
11 accordance with such other methods as the commissioner may prescribe as
12 providing an apportionment which reasonably reflects the portion of the
13 combined group's tax attributable to the income of the qualified empire
14 zone enterprise. In no event may the ratio so determined exceed 1.0.

15 S 35. Subdivision (g) of section 16 of the tax law, as added by
16 section 2 of part GG of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is amended to
17 read as follows:

18 (g) Definitions and cross-references. For definitions of terms used in
19 this section see sections fourteen and fifteen of this article. For
20 application of the credit provided for in this section, see the follow-
21 ing provisions of this chapter:

22 (1) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B: subdivision [28]6.

23 (2) Article 22: Section 606: subsections (i) and (cc).

24 (3) [Article 32: Section 1456: subsection (p).

25 (4)] Article 33: Section 1511: subdivision (s).

26 S 36. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (b) of section 17 of the tax law, as
27 added by section 43 of part S1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, is
28 amended to read as follows:

29 (1) The empire zones tax benefits report must contain the following
30 information about the empire zone tax credits claimed under articles
31 nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] and thirty-three of this chapter
32 during the previous calendar year:

33 (A) the name of each taxpayer claiming a credit; and

34 (B) the amount of each credit earned by each taxpayer.

35 S 37. Subdivisions (a) and (d) of section 18 of the tax law, as added
36 by section 2 of part CC of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, are amended
37 to read as follows:

38 (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer subject to tax under article
39 nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall
40 be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions refer-
41 enced in subdivision (d) of this section, with respect to the ownership
42 of eligible low-income buildings for which an eligibility statement has
43 been issued by the commissioner of housing and community renewal. The
44 amount of the credit shall be the credit amount for each such building
45 allocated by such commissioner as provided in article two-A of the
46 public housing law. The credit amount shall be allowed for each of the
47 ten taxable years in the credit period, and any reduction in first-year
48 credit as provided in subdivision two of section twenty-two of such law
49 shall be allowed in the eleventh taxable year.

50 (d) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
51 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

52 (1) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B: subdivision [30] 15,

53 (2) Article 22: Section 606: subsections (i) and (x),

54 (3) [Article 32: Section 1456: subsection (l),

55 (4)] Article 33: Section 1511: subdivision (n).

1 S 38. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) and subdivi-
2 sion (f) of section 19 of the tax law, as added by section 2 of part II
3 of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, are amended to read as follows:

4 (A) Green building credit. A taxpayer subject to tax under article
5 nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter
6 shall be allowed a green building credit against such tax, pursuant to
7 the provisions referenced in subdivision (f) of this section. Provided,
8 however, no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the
9 taxpayer has complied with the applicable requirements of paragraph two
10 of subdivision (d) of this section (relating to reports to DEC). The
11 amount of the credit shall be the sum of the credit components specified
12 in paragraphs two through seven of this subdivision. Provided, however,
13 the amount of each such credit component shall not exceed the limit set
14 forth in the initial credit component certificate obtained pursuant to
15 subdivision (c) of this section. In the determination of such credit
16 components, no cost paid or incurred by the taxpayer shall be the basis
17 for more than one such component.

18 (f) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
19 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

20 (1) Article nine: Section one hundred eighty-seven-d;

21 (2) Article nine-A: Subdivision [thirty-one] SIXTEEN of section two
22 hundred [ten] TEN-B;

23 (3) Article twenty-two: Subsections (i) and (y) of section six hundred
24 six;

25 (4) [Article thirty-two: Subsection (m) of section fourteen hundred
26 fifty-six;

27 (5)] Article thirty-three: Subdivision (o) of section fifteen hundred
28 eleven.

29 S 39. Paragraphs 1 and 5 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax
30 law, as amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of
31 2004, are amended to read as follows:

32 (1) General. A taxpayer subject to tax under article nine, nine-A,
33 twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall be
34 allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced
35 in subdivision (f) of this section. Such credit shall be allowed with
36 respect to a qualified site, as such term is defined in paragraph one of
37 subdivision (b) of this section. The amount of the credit in a taxable
38 year shall be the sum of the credit components specified in paragraphs
39 two, three and four of this subdivision applicable in such year.

40 (5) Applicable percentage. For purposes of paragraphs two, three and
41 four of this subdivision, the applicable percentage shall be twelve
42 percent in the case of credits claimed under article nine, nine-A[,
43 thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter, and ten percent in the case
44 of credits claimed under article twenty-two of this chapter, except that
45 where at least fifty percent of the area of the qualified site relating
46 to the credit provided for in this section is located in an environ-
47 mental zone as defined in paragraph six of subdivision (b) of this
48 section, the applicable percentage shall be increased by an additional
49 eight percent. Provided, however, as afforded in section 27-1419 of the
50 environmental conservation law, if the certificate of completion indi-
51 cates that the qualified site has been remediated to Track 1 as that
52 term is described in subdivision four of section 27-1415 of the environ-
53 mental conservation law, the applicable percentage set forth in the
54 first sentence of this paragraph shall be increased by an additional two
55 percent.

1 S 39-a. Subdivisions (c) and (f) of section 21 of the tax law, as
2 added by section 1 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, are
3 amended to read as follows:

4 (c) Qualifying property. Property which qualifies for the credit
5 provided for under this section and also for a credit provided for (1)
6 under either subdivision [twelve] ONE or subdivision [twelve-B] THREE of
7 section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this chapter, or both, OR (2)
8 subsection (a) or subsection (j) of section six hundred six of this
9 chapter, or both[, (3) the credit provided for under subsection (i) of
10 section fourteen hundred fifty-six of this chapter, or (4) the credit
11 provided under subdivision (q) of section fifteen hundred eleven of this
12 chapter] may be the basis for either the credit provided for under this
13 section or one of the credits enumerated in paragraph one[, OR two[,
14 three or four] of this subdivision, but not both.

15 (f) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
16 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

- 17 (1) Article 9: Section 187-g
18 (2) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B, subdivision [33] 17
19 (3) Article 22: Section 606, subsections (i) and (dd)
20 (4) [Article 32: Section 1456, subsection (q)
21 (5)] Article 33: Section 1511, subdivision (u).

22 S 40. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) and paragraphs 1 and 9 of subdi-
23 vision (b) of section 22 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part
24 H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, are amended to read as follows:

25 (3) Developer. (i) A "developer" is a taxpayer under article nine,
26 nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter who or
27 which either (I) has been issued a certificate of completion with
28 respect to a qualified site or (II) has purchased or in any other way
29 has been conveyed all or any portion of a qualified site from a taxpayer
30 or any other party who or which has been issued a certificate of
31 completion with respect to such site provided, such purchase or convey-
32 ance occurs within seven years of the effective date of the certificate
33 of completion issued with respect to such qualified site. Provided
34 further, that the taxpayer who or which is purchasing all or any portion
35 of a qualified site and the taxpayer or any other party who or which has
36 been issued a certificate of completion with respect to such site may
37 not be related persons, as such term is defined in subparagraph (C) of
38 paragraph three of subsection (b) of section four hundred sixty-five of
39 the internal revenue code.

40 (ii) Where the entity to whom a certificate of completion has been
41 issued is a partnership, or where the entity which has purchased all or
42 any portion of a qualified site from a taxpayer who or which has been
43 issued a certificate of completion with respect to such site within the
44 applicable time limit is a partnership, any partner in such partnership
45 who or which is taxable under article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thir-
46 ty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall be a developer under this
47 paragraph. Where the entity to whom a certificate of completion has been
48 issued is a New York S corporation, or where the entity which has
49 purchased all or any portion of a qualified site from a taxpayer who or
50 which has been issued a certificate of completion with respect to such
51 site within the applicable time limit is a New York S corporation, any
52 shareholder in such New York S corporation shall be a developer under
53 this paragraph.

54 (1) Allowance of credit. A developer of a qualified site who or which
55 is subject to tax under article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two]
56 or thirty-three of this chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such

1 tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in paragraph nine of this
2 subdivision, for eligible real property taxes imposed on such site.

3 (9) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
4 this subdivision, see the following provisions of this chapter:

5 (i) Article 9: Section 187-h.

6 (ii) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B: subdivision [34] 18.

7 (iii) Article 22: Section 606: subsections (i) and (ee).

8 (iv) [Article 32: Section 1456: subsection (r).

9 (v)] Article 33: Section 1511: subdivision (v).

10 S 41. Subdivision (a) of section 23 of the tax law, as amended by
11 section 10 of part H chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read
12 as follows:

13 (a) Allowance of credit. General. A taxpayer subject to tax under
14 article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this
15 chapter shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the
16 provisions referenced in subdivision (e) of this section. The amount of
17 such credit shall be equal to the lesser of thirty thousand dollars or
18 fifty percent of the premiums paid on or after the date of the brown-
19 field site cleanup agreement executed by the taxpayer and the department
20 of environmental conservation pursuant to section 27-1409 of the envi-
21 ronmental conservation law by the taxpayer for environmental remediation
22 insurance issued with respect to a qualified site.

23 S 42. Subdivision (e) of section 23 of the tax law, as added by
24 section 19 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is amended to
25 read as follows:

26 (e) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
27 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

28 (1) Article 9: Section 187-i

29 (2) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B, subdivision [35] 19

30 (3) Article 22: Section 606, subsections (i) and (ff)

31 (4) [Article 32: Section 1456, subsection (s)

32 (5)] Article 33: Section 1511, subdivision (w).

33 S 43. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subdivision (a) and clause (i) of subpara-
34 graph (D) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (b) of section 25 of the tax
35 law, as added by section 1 of part N of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005,
36 are amended to read as follows:

37 (1) Every taxpayer, or person as defined in section seven thousand
38 seven hundred one of the internal revenue code, required to file a
39 disclosure statement with the internal revenue service pursuant to
40 section six thousand eleven of the internal revenue code, or the regu-
41 lations promulgated thereunder, related to a reportable transaction or a
42 listed transaction, as those terms are defined in such section or regu-
43 lations, must attach a duplicate of such disclosure statement to the
44 return or report required to be filed by such taxpayer or person for the
45 taxable year under article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or
46 thirty-three of this chapter, and provide such other information related
47 to such disclosure as prescribed by the commissioner. Such disclosure
48 shall be made notwithstanding that one member of an affiliated group, as
49 defined by section fifteen hundred four of the internal revenue code,
50 may file such disclosure statement with the internal revenue service on
51 behalf of its affiliates including such taxpayer or person.

52 (2) Every taxpayer or such person who participates in a New York
53 reportable transaction for a taxable year must disclose such partic-
54 ipation with its return or report required to be filed under article
55 nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter
56 for the taxable year in a form prescribed by the commissioner, and

1 provide such other information related to such transaction as prescribed
2 by the commissioner. A New York reportable transaction is a transaction
3 that has the potential to be a tax avoidance transaction as determined
4 by the commissioner.

5 (i) the list required to be maintained by such person pursuant to
6 section six thousand one hundred twelve of the internal revenue code
7 identifies or is required to identify a taxpayer subject to tax under
8 article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this
9 chapter, and

10 S 44. Subdivisions (a) and (f) of section 26 of the tax law, as added
11 by chapter 537 of the laws of 2005, are amended to read as follows:

12 (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer, which is subject to tax under
13 article nine, nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this
14 chapter and which is a qualified building owner, shall be allowed a
15 credit against such tax. The amount of the credit allowed under this
16 section shall equal the sum of the number of qualified security officers
17 providing protection to a building or buildings owned by the taxpayer
18 multiplied by three thousand dollars. Provided, however, that in the
19 case of a worker not so employed for a full year, such amount shall be
20 prorated to reflect the length of such employment under regulations of
21 the commissioner.

22 (f) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
23 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

- 24 (1) article 9: section 187-n.
25 (2) article 9-A: section [210] 210-B: subdivision [37] 21.
26 (3) article 22: section 606: subsection (ii).
27 (4) [article 32: section 1456: subsection (t).
28 (5)] article 33: section 1511: subdivision (x).

29 S 45. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) and subdivision (c) of section 28
30 of the tax law, as added by section 2 of part V of chapter 62 of the
31 laws of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

32 (3) No qualified production costs used by a taxpayer either as the
33 basis for the allowance of the credit provided for under this section or
34 used in the calculation of the credit provided for under this section
35 shall be used by such taxpayer to claim any other credit allowed pursu-
36 ant to this chapter.

37 Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, a
38 corporation or partnership, which otherwise qualifies as a qualified
39 commercial production company, and is similar in operation and in owner-
40 ship to a business entity or entities taxable, or previously taxable,
41 under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four or one
42 hundred eighty-five of article nine; article nine-A[, article thirty-
43 two] or thirty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to
44 tax under article twenty-three of this chapter (as such article was in
45 effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) OR WHICH WOULD HAVE
46 BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER (AS SUCH
47 ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN)
48 or the income or losses of which is or was includable under article
49 twenty-two of this chapter shall not be deemed a new or separate busi-
50 ness, and therefore shall not be eligible for empire state commercial
51 production benefits, if it was not formed for a valid business purpose,
52 as such term is defined in clause (D) of subparagraph one of paragraph
53 (o) of subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this chapter and
54 was formed solely to gain empire state commercial production credit
55 benefits.

(c) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provision of this chapter:

(1) article 9-A: section [210] 210-B: subdivision [38] 23.

(2) article 22: section 606: subsection (jj).

S 46. Subdivision (d) of section 28 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part X of chapter 62 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

(d) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

(1) Article 9: Section 187-c.

(2) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B, subdivision [38] 24.

(3) Article 22: Section 606, subsections (i) and (jj).

S 47. The opening paragraph of subdivision (a) and subdivisions (c) and (g) of section 31 of the tax law, the opening paragraph of subdivision (a) and subdivision (g) as amended by section 7 of part G of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, subdivision (c) as added by section 2 of part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

General. A taxpayer subject to tax under section one hundred eighty-five, article nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (g) of this section. The amount of the credit, allowable for up to ten consecutive taxable years, is the sum of the following four credit components:

(c) Election of credit. A taxpayer who or which is qualified to claim the excelsior investment tax credit component and is also qualified to claim the investment tax credit provided for under subdivision [twelve] ONE of section two hundred [ten,] TEN-B OR subsection (a) of section six hundred six[, or subsection (i) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six] of this chapter, may claim either the excelsior investment tax credit component or the investment tax credit, but not both with regard to a particular piece of property. In addition, a taxpayer who or which is qualified to claim the excelsior investment tax credit component and is also qualified to claim the brownfield tangible property credit component under section twenty-one of this article, as added by chapter one of the laws of two thousand three, may claim either the excelsior investment tax credit component or such tangible property credit component, but not both with regard to a particular piece of property. The election to claim the excelsior investment tax credit component, the investment tax credit or the brownfield tangible property credit component, with regard to the same property, is irrevocable.

(g) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

(1) article 9: section 187-q.

(2) article 9-A: section [210] 210-B: subdivision [41] 31.

(3) article 22: section 606: subsection (qq).

(4) [article 32: section 1456: subsection (u).

(5)] article 33: section 1511: subdivision (y).

S 48. Subdivision (d) of section 31 of the tax law, as added by section 12 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

(d) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

(1) article 9-A: section [210] 210-B: subdivision [41] 32.

(2) article 22: section 606: subsection (qq).

1 S 49. Subdivision 3 of section 34 of the tax law, as added by section
2 of part Y of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as
3 follows:

4 3. (a) For application of the temporary deferral nonrefundable payout
5 credit, see the following provisions of this chapter:

6 (1) Article 9: section 187-0

7 (2) Article 9-A: section [210(41)] 210-B(33)

8 (3) Article 22: section 606(qq)

9 (4) [Article 32: section 1456(v)

10 (5)] Article 33: section 1511(y)

11 (b) For application of the temporary deferral refundable payout cred-
12 it, see the following provisions of this chapter:

13 (1) Article 9: section 187-p

14 (2) Article 9-A: section [210(42)] 210-B(34)

15 (3) Article 22: section 606(rr)

16 (4) [Article 32: section 1456(w)

17 (5)] Article 33: section 1511(z)

18 S 50. The opening paragraph of subdivision (a), subparagraph (C) of
19 paragraph 2 of subdivision (e), and subdivision (f) of section 35 of the
20 tax law, as added by section 3 of part V of chapter 61 of the laws of
21 2011, are amended to read as follows:

22 A taxpayer which is a participant or the owner of a participant in the
23 economic transformation and facility redevelopment program under article
24 eighteen of the economic development law that is subject to tax under
25 section one hundred eighty-five of article nine, or article nine-A,
26 twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall be
27 allowed the sum of following components against such tax, pursuant to
28 the provisions referenced in subdivision (f) of this section.

29 (C) the business entity must not be substantially similar in ownership
30 and operation to another taxpayer taxable or previously taxable under
31 section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four or one hundred
32 eighty-five of article nine, former section one hundred eighty-six of
33 this chapter or article nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three
34 of this chapter OR FORMER ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER or the
35 income or losses of which is or was includable under article twenty-two
36 of this chapter;

37 (f) Cross-references. For application of the credits provided for in
38 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

39 (1) section 185: section 187-r.

40 (2) article 9-A: section [210(43)] 210-B(35).

41 (3) article 22: section 606 (ss).

42 (4) [article 32: section 1456(x).

43 (5)] article 33: section 1511 (aa).

44 S 51. Subdivisions (a) and (e) of section 36 of the tax law, as added
45 by section 2 of part E of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, are amended to
46 read as follows:

47 (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer subject to tax under article
48 nine-A, twenty-two[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter shall
49 be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions refer-
50 enced in subdivision (e) of this section. The amount of the credit,
51 allowable for ten consecutive tax years, is equal to the amount deter-
52 mined pursuant to section four hundred twenty-five of the economic
53 development law.

54 (e) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in
55 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

56 (1) article 9-A: section [210] 210-B, subdivision [44] 37;

(2) article 22: section 606, subsection (tt);
(3) [article 32: section 1456, subsection (y);
(4)] article 33, section 1511, subdivision (bb).

S 52. Subdivision (c) of section 37 of the tax law, as added by chapter 109 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

(c) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

(1) Article 9-A: Section [210] 210-B, subdivision [45] 39.

(2) Article 22: Section 606, subsections (i) and (uu).

S 52-a. Subdivision (c) of section 39 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 53. Paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of subdivision (k) of section 39 of the tax law, paragraphs 2 and 3 as added by section 2 of part A of chapter 68 of the laws of 2013, paragraph 4 as amended by section 2 of LBD number 74039-02-4, are amended to read as follows:

[(2) Article 9: section 180, subdivision 3.

(3) Article 9: section 181, subdivision 3.]

(4) Article 9-A: section [210] 210-B, subdivision [47] 41 and subdivision [48] 44.

S 54. Subdivision 1 of section 171-a of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

1. All taxes, interest, penalties and fees collected or received by the commissioner or the commissioner's duly authorized agent under articles nine (except section one hundred eighty-two-a thereof and except as otherwise provided in section two hundred five thereof), nine-A, twelve-A (except as otherwise provided in section two hundred eighty-four-d thereof), thirteen, thirteen-A (except as otherwise provided in section three hundred twelve thereof), eighteen, nineteen, twenty (except as otherwise provided in section four hundred eighty-two thereof), twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-six, twenty-six-B, twenty-eight (except as otherwise provided in section eleven hundred two or eleven hundred three thereof), twenty-eight-A, thirty-one (except as otherwise provided in section fourteen hundred twenty-one thereof), [thirty-two,] thirty-three and thirty-three-A of this chapter shall be deposited daily in one account with such responsible banks, banking houses or trust companies as may be designated by the comptroller, to the credit of the comptroller. Such an account may be established in one or more of such depositories. Such deposits shall be kept separate and apart from all other money in the possession of the comptroller. The comptroller shall require adequate security from all such depositories. Of the total revenue collected or received under such articles of this chapter, the comptroller shall retain in the comptroller's hands such amount as the commissioner may determine to be necessary for refunds or reimbursements under such articles of this chapter [and article ten thereof] out of which amount the comptroller shall pay any refunds or reimbursements to which taxpayers shall be entitled under the provisions of such articles of this chapter [and article ten thereof]. The commissioner and the comptroller shall maintain a system of accounts showing the amount of revenue collected or received from each of the taxes imposed by such articles. The comptroller, after reserving the amount to pay such refunds or reimbursements, shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, pay into the state treasury to the credit of the general fund all revenue deposited under this section during the preceding calendar month and remaining to the comptroller's credit on the last day of such preceding month, (i) except that the comptroller shall pay to the state department of social services that amount of overpayments of tax imposed

1 by article twenty-two of this chapter and the interest on such amount
2 which is certified to the comptroller by the commissioner as the amount
3 to be credited against past-due support pursuant to subdivision six of
4 section one hundred seventy-one-c of this [chapter] ARTICLE, (ii) and
5 except that the comptroller shall pay to the New York state higher
6 education services corporation and the state university of New York or
7 the city university of New York respectively that amount of overpayments
8 of tax imposed by article twenty-two of this chapter and the interest on
9 such amount which is certified to the comptroller by the commissioner as
10 the amount to be credited against the amount of defaults in repayment of
11 guaranteed student loans and state university loans or city university
12 loans pursuant to subdivision five of section one hundred seventy-one-d
13 and subdivision six of section one hundred seventy-one-e of this [chap-
14 ter] ARTICLE, (iii) and except further that, notwithstanding any law,
15 the comptroller shall credit to the revenue arrearage account, pursuant
16 to section ninety-one-a of the state finance law, that amount of over-
17 payment of tax imposed by article nine, nine-A, twenty-two, thirty,
18 thirty-A, thirty-B[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter, and
19 any interest thereon, which is certified to the comptroller by the
20 commissioner as the amount to be credited against a past-due legally
21 enforceable debt owed to a state agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of
22 subdivision six of section one hundred seventy-one-f of this article,
23 provided, however, he shall credit to the special offset fiduciary
24 account, pursuant to section ninety-one-c of the state finance law, any
25 such amount creditable as a liability as set forth in paragraph (b) of
26 subdivision six of section one hundred seventy-one-f of this article,
27 (iv) and except further that the comptroller shall pay to the city of
28 New York that amount of overpayment of tax imposed by article nine,
29 nine-A, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thirty-B[, thirty-two,] or thir-
30 ty-three of this chapter and any interest thereon that is certified to
31 the comptroller by the commissioner as the amount to be credited against
32 city of New York tax warrant judgment debt pursuant to section one
33 hundred seventy-one-l of this article, (v) and except further that the
34 comptroller shall pay to a non-obligated spouse that amount of overpay-
35 ment of tax imposed by article twenty-two of this chapter and the inter-
36 est on such amount which has been credited pursuant to section one
37 hundred seventy-one-c, one hundred seventy-one-d, one hundred seventy-
38 one-e, one hundred seventy-one-f or one hundred seventy-one-l of this
39 article and which is certified to the comptroller by the commissioner as
40 the amount due such non-obligated spouse pursuant to paragraph six of
41 subsection (b) of section six hundred fifty-one of this chapter; and
42 (vi) the comptroller shall deduct a like amount which the comptroller
43 shall pay into the treasury to the credit of the general fund from
44 amounts subsequently payable to the department of social services, the
45 state university of New York, the city university of New York, or the
46 higher education services corporation, or the revenue arrearage account
47 or special offset fiduciary account pursuant to section ninety-one-a or
48 ninety-one-c of the state finance law, as the case may be, whichever had
49 been credited the amount originally withheld from such overpayment, and
50 (vii) with respect to amounts originally withheld from such overpayment
51 pursuant to section one hundred seventy-one-l of this article and paid
52 to the city of New York, the comptroller shall collect a like amount
53 from the city of New York.

54 S 55. Subdivision 2 of section 171-a of the tax law, as amended by
55 chapter 57 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:

1 2. Notwithstanding subdivision one of this section or any other
2 provision of law to the contrary, the taxes imposed pursuant to sections
3 one hundred eighty-three-a, one hundred eighty-four-a, [one hundred
4 eighty-six-b,] one hundred eighty-six-c, [one hundred eighty-nine-a,]
5 two hundred nine-B[, fourteen hundred fifty-five-b] and fifteen hundred
6 five-a of this chapter, reduced by an amount for administrative costs,
7 shall be deposited to the credit of the metropolitan mass transportation
8 operating assistance account in the mass transportation operating
9 assistance fund, created pursuant to section eighty-eight-a of the state
10 finance law, as such taxes are received. The amount for administrative
11 costs shall be determined by the commissioner to represent reasonable
12 costs of the department of taxation and finance in administering,
13 collecting, determining and distributing such taxes. Of the total revenue
14 collected or received under such sections of this chapter, the comptroller
15 shall retain in his hands such amount as the commissioner may
16 determine to be necessary for refunds or reimbursements under such
17 sections of this chapter out of which amount the comptroller shall pay
18 any refunds or reimbursements to which taxpayers shall be entitled under
19 provisions of such sections. The tax commissioner and the comptroller
20 shall maintain a system of accounts showing the amount of revenue
21 collected or received from each of the taxes imposed by such sections.

22 S 56. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 1 of section 171-f of the
23 tax law, as amended by chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, are amended to
24 read as follows:

25 (b) "taxpayer" shall mean a corporation, association, company, part-
26 nership, estate, trust, liquidator, fiduciary or other entity or indi-
27 vidual who or which is liable for any tax or other imposition imposed by
28 or pursuant to article nine, nine-A, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thir-
29 ty-B[, thirty-two,] or thirty-three of this chapter or article two-E of
30 the general city law, which tax or other imposition is administered by
31 the commissioner of taxation and finance, or who or which is under a
32 duty to perform an act under or pursuant to such tax or imposition,
33 excluding a state agency, a municipal corporation or a district corpo-
34 ration; and (c) "overpayment" shall mean an overpayment which has been
35 requested or determined to be refunded, a refund or a reimbursement, of
36 a tax or other imposition imposed by or pursuant to article nine,
37 nine-A, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thirty-B[, thirty-two,] or thir-
38 ty-three of this chapter or article two-E of the general city law, which
39 is administered by the commissioner of taxation and finance.

40 S 57. Subdivision 2 of section 171-f of the tax law, as added by chap-
41 ter 55 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

42 (2) The commissioner of taxation and finance, upon agreement with the
43 state comptroller and acting as an agent for the state comptroller,
44 shall set forth the procedures for crediting any overpayment by a
45 taxpayer of any tax or other imposition imposed by or authorized to be
46 imposed pursuant to article nine, nine-A, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-A,
47 thirty-B[, thirty-two,] or thirty-three of this chapter or article two-E
48 of the general city law, which is administered by the commissioner of
49 taxation and finance, and the interest on any such overpayments, against
50 the amount of a past-due legally enforceable debt owed by such taxpayer
51 to a state agency. An implementation plan shall be developed by the
52 division of the budget and the department of taxation and finance which
53 shall provide, but not be limited to, guidance with respect to coordi-
54 nation of debt collection pursuant to this section and subdivision twen-
55 ty-seventh of section one hundred seventy-one of this article. This
56 section shall not be deemed to abrogate or limit in any way the powers

1 and authority of the state comptroller to set off debts owed the state
2 against payments from the state, under the constitution of the state or
3 any other law.

4 S 58. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1 of section 171-l of the
5 tax law, as added by section 6 of part R of chapter 60 of the laws of
6 2004, are amended to read as follows:

7 (a) "taxpayer" shall mean a corporation, association, company, part-
8 nership, estate, trust, liquidator, fiduciary or other entity or indi-
9 vidual who or which is liable for any tax or other imposition imposed by
10 or pursuant to article nine, nine-A, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thir-
11 ty-B[, thirty-two,] or thirty-three of this chapter, which tax or other
12 imposition is administered by the commissioner of taxation and finance,
13 or who or which is under a duty to perform an act under or pursuant to
14 such tax or imposition, excluding a state agency, a municipal corpo-
15 ration or a district corporation;

16 (b) "overpayment" shall mean an overpayment which has been requested
17 or determined to be refunded, a refund or a reimbursement, of a tax or
18 other imposition imposed by or pursuant to article nine, nine-A, twen-
19 ty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thirty-B[, thirty-two,] or thirty-three of
20 this chapter, which is administered by the commissioner of taxation and
21 finance; and

22 S 59. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 183 of the tax law, as
23 amended by section 1 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is
24 amended to read as follows:

25 (b) For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of
26 doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing proper-
27 ty in this state in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining
28 an office in this state, every domestic corporation, joint-stock company
29 or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of
30 canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry company operating between any of
31 the boroughs of the city of New York under a lease granted by the city),
32 express, navigation, pipe line, transfer, baggage express, omnibus,
33 taxicab, telegraph, or telephone business, or formed for or principally
34 engaged in the conduct of two or more of such businesses, and every
35 domestic corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or
36 principally engaged in the conduct of a railroad, palace car, sleeping
37 car or trucking business or formed for or principally engaged in the
38 conduct of two or more of such businesses and which has made an election
39 pursuant to subdivision ten of this section, and every other domestic
40 corporation, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in
41 the conduct of a transportation or transmission business, except a
42 corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or principal-
43 ly engaged in the conduct of a railroad, palace car, sleeping car or
44 trucking business or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of
45 two or more of such businesses and which has not made the election
46 provided for in subdivision ten of this section, and except a corpo-
47 ration, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in the
48 conduct of aviation (including air freight forwarders acting as princi-
49 pal and like indirect air carriers) and except a corporation principally
50 engaged in providing telecommunication services between aircraft and
51 dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground station and
52 ground station (or any combination of the foregoing), at least ninety
53 percent of the voting stock of which corporation is owned, directly or
54 indirectly, by air carriers and which corporation's principal function
55 is to fulfill the requirements of (i) the federal aviation adminis-
56 tration (or the successor thereto) or (ii) the international civil

1 aviation organization (or the successor thereto), relating to the exist-
2 ence of a communication system between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft
3 and air traffic control or ground station and ground station (or any
4 combination of the foregoing) for the purposes of air safety and naviga-
5 tion [and except a corporation, joint-stock company or association
6 subject to taxation under article thirty-two of this chapter,] shall
7 pay, in advance, an annual tax to be computed upon the basis of the
8 amount of its capital stock within this state during the preceding year,
9 and upon each dollar of such amount. Provided, however, a corporation,
10 joint-stock company or association formed for or principally engaged in
11 the transportation, transmission or distribution of gas, electricity or
12 steam shall not be subject to tax under this section or section one
13 hundred eighty-four of this article.

14 S 60. Subdivision 10 of section 183 of the tax law, as added by chap-
15 ter 309 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:

16 10. Election. [With respect to taxable years beginning after nineteen
17 hundred ninety-seven, every] EVERY corporation, joint-stock company or
18 association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a rail-
19 road (including surface railroad, whether or not operated by steam,
20 subway railroad or elevated railroad), palace car, sleeping car or
21 trucking business or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of
22 two or more of such businesses, which would be subject to article nine-A
23 [or thirty-two] of this chapter if the election provided for under this
24 subdivision were not made, may elect to be subject to the provisions of
25 this section and, as applicable, section one hundred eighty-four of this
26 article, rather than the provisions of such article nine-A [or thirty-
27 two]. [In the case of such a corporation, joint-stock company or associ-
28 ation subject to the tax imposed under this section and, as applicable,
29 section one hundred eighty-four of this article, for the taxable year
30 ending December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven, such corpo-
31 ration, joint-stock company or association must make such election on or
32 before March fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, and such election
33 shall apply to the taxable year ending on December thirty-first, nine-
34 teen hundred ninety-eight and to succeeding taxable years, until
35 revoked. In the case of such a corporation, joint-stock company or asso-
36 ciation which is not subject to the tax imposed under this section and,
37 as applicable, section one hundred eighty-four of this article for the
38 taxable year ending December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-sev-
39 en, but thereafter would be subject to article nine-A or thirty-two of
40 this chapter if the election provided for under this subdivision were
41 not made, such] SUCH corporation, joint-stock company or association
42 must make such election by the first day on which such corporation,
43 joint-stock company or association would be required to file a return or
44 report (without regard to extensions) under this section or section one
45 hundred eighty-four of this article, or section one hundred eighty-
46 three-a or one hundred[-]eighty-four-a of this article, or article
47 nine-A [or thirty-two] of this chapter. An election made pursuant to
48 this subdivision shall continue to be in effect until revoked by the
49 taxpayer. A revocation of the election to be subject to this section
50 and, as applicable, section one hundred eighty-four of this article,
51 shall be irrevocable. Such election, and a revocation thereof, shall be
52 made in the manner prescribed by the commissioner, whether by regulation
53 or otherwise. Such revocation shall apply as of the first day of January
54 next following the end of a taxable year with respect to which the
55 taxpayer had been subject to this section and, as applicable, section

1 one hundred eighty-four of this article, by reason of an election made
2 pursuant to this subdivision.

3 S 61. The section heading and subdivisions 1 and 5 of section 183-a of
4 the tax law, the section heading as added by chapter 931 of the laws of
5 1982, subdivision 1 as amended by section 1 of part A of chapter 59 of
6 the laws of 2013 and subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 945 of the laws
7 of 1990, are amended to read as follows:

8 [Temporary metropolitan] METROPOLITAN transportation business tax
9 surcharge on transportation and transmission corporations and associ-
10 ations. 1. The term "corporation" as used in this section shall include
11 an association, within the meaning of paragraph three of subsection (a)
12 of section seventy-seven hundred one of the internal revenue code
13 (including a limited liability company), a publicly traded partnership
14 treated as a corporation for purposes of the internal revenue code
15 pursuant to section seventy-seven hundred four thereof and any business
16 conducted by a trustee or trustees wherein interest or ownership is
17 evidenced by certificates or other written instruments. Every corpo-
18 ration, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally
19 engaged in the conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry compa-
20 ny operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New York under a
21 lease granted by the city), express, navigation, pipe line, transfer,
22 baggage express, omnibus, taxicab, telegraph, or telephone business, or
23 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more such
24 businesses, and every corporation, joint-stock company or association
25 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a railroad, palace
26 car, sleeping car or trucking business or formed for or principally
27 engaged in the conduct of two or more of such businesses and which has
28 made an election pursuant to subdivision ten of section one hundred
29 eighty-three of this article, and every other corporation, joint-stock
30 company or association principally engaged in the conduct of a transpor-
31 tation or transmission business, except a corporation, joint-stock
32 company or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct
33 of a railroad, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business or formed
34 for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more of such busi-
35 nesses and which has not made the election provided for in subdivision
36 ten of section one hundred eighty-three of this article, and except a
37 corporation, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in
38 the conduct of aviation (including air freight forwarders acting as
39 principal and like indirect air carriers) and except a corporation prin-
40 cipally engaged in providing telecommunication services between aircraft
41 and dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground station and
42 ground station (or any combination of the foregoing), at least ninety
43 percent of the voting stock of which corporation is owned, directly or
44 indirectly, by air carriers and which corporation's principal function
45 is to fulfill the requirements of (i) the federal aviation adminis-
46 tration (or the successor thereto) or (ii) the international civil
47 aviation organization (or the successor thereto), relating to the exist-
48 ence of a communication system between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft
49 and air traffic control or ground station and ground station (or any
50 combination of the foregoing) for the purposes of air safety and naviga-
51 tion [and except a corporation, joint-stock company or association which
52 is liable to taxation under article thirty-two of this chapter], shall
53 pay for the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of doing
54 business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in
55 the metropolitan commuter transportation district in such corporate or
56 organized capacity, or of maintaining an office in such district, a tax

1 surcharge [for all or any part of its years commencing on or after Janu-
2 ary first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before December thir-
3 ty-first, two thousand eighteen], which tax surcharge, in addition to
4 the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this article,
5 shall be computed at the rate of [eighteen percent of the tax imposed
6 under such section one hundred eighty-three for such years or any part
7 of such years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
8 eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable
9 under this article, and at the rate of] seventeen percent of the tax
10 imposed under such section for such years or any part of such years
11 [ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-
12 three] after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this
13 article; provided, however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall be
14 applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section one
15 hundred eighty-three of this article after the deduction of any credits
16 otherwise allowable under this article which is attributable to the
17 taxpayer's business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter
18 transportation district as so determined in the manner prescribed by the
19 rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner[; and provided,
20 further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be
21 imposed upon any taxpayer for more than four hundred thirty-two months].
22 5. [The report covering the tax surcharge which must be calculated
23 pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the report due
24 by March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-two under section one
25 hundred eighty-three of this article shall be filed on or before March
26 fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-three. The report covering the tax
27 surcharge which must be calculated pursuant to this section based upon
28 the tax reportable on the report due by March fifteenth, nineteen
29 hundred eighty-three under section one hundred eighty-three of this
30 article shall be filed on or before March fifteenth, nineteen hundred
31 eighty-four. The report covering the tax surcharge which must be calcu-
32 lated pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the
33 report due by March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-four under
34 section one hundred eighty-three of this article shall be filed on or
35 before March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-five. The report cover-
36 ing the tax surcharge which must be calculated pursuant to this section
37 based upon the tax reportable on the report due by March fifteenth,
38 nineteen hundred eighty-five under section one hundred eighty-three of
39 this article shall be filed on or before March fifteenth, nineteen
40 hundred eighty-six. The report covering the tax surcharge which must be
41 calculated pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the
42 report due by March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-six under section
43 one hundred eighty-three of this article shall be filed on or before
44 March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-seven. The report covering the
45 tax surcharge which must be calculated pursuant to this section based
46 upon the tax reportable on the report due by March fifteenth, nineteen
47 hundred eighty-seven under section one hundred eighty-three of this
48 article shall be filed on or before March fifteenth, nineteen hundred
49 eighty-eight. The report covering the tax surcharge which must be calcu-
50 lated pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the
51 report due by March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-eight under
52 section one hundred eighty-three of this article shall be filed on or
53 before March fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-nine. The report cover-
54 ing the tax surcharge which must be calculated pursuant to this section
55 based upon the tax reportable on the report due by March fifteenth,
56 nineteen hundred eighty-nine under section one hundred eighty-three of

1 this article shall be filed on or before March fifteenth, nineteen
2 hundred ninety.] The report covering the tax surcharge which must be
3 calculated pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the
4 report due by March fifteenth of any year [subsequent to nineteen
5 hundred eighty-nine] under section one hundred eighty-three of this
6 article shall be filed on or before March fifteenth of the year next
7 succeeding such year. An extension pursuant to section one hundred nine-
8 ty-three OF THIS ARTICLE shall be allowed only if a taxpayer files with
9 the commissioner an application for extension in such form as said
10 commissioner may prescribe by regulation and pays on or before the date
11 of such filing in addition to any other amounts required under this
12 article, either ninety percent of the entire tax surcharge required to
13 be paid under this section for the applicable period, or not less than
14 the tax surcharge shown on the taxpayer's report for the preceding year,
15 if such preceding year consisted of twelve months. The tax surcharge
16 imposed by this section shall be payable to the commissioner in full at
17 the time the report is required to be filed, and such tax surcharge or
18 the balance thereof, imposed on any taxpayer which ceases to exercise
19 its franchise or be subject to the tax surcharge imposed by this section
20 shall be payable to the commissioner at the time the report is required
21 to be filed, provided such tax surcharge of a domestic corporation which
22 continues to possess its franchise shall be subject to adjustment as the
23 circumstances may require; all other tax surcharges of any such taxpay-
24 er, which pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section would
25 otherwise be payable subsequent to the time such report is required to
26 be filed, shall nevertheless be payable at such time. All of the
27 provisions of this article presently applicable to section one hundred
28 eighty-three of this article are applicable to the tax surcharge imposed
29 by this section except for section one hundred ninety-two of this arti-
30 cle.

31 S 62. Subdivision 1 of section 184 of the tax law, as amended by
32 section 2 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is amended to
33 read as follows:

34 1. The term "corporation" as used in this section shall include an
35 association, within the meaning of paragraph three of subsection (a) of
36 section seventy-seven hundred one of the internal revenue code (includ-
37 ing a limited liability company), a publicly traded partnership treated
38 as a corporation for purposes of the internal revenue code pursuant to
39 section seventy-seven hundred four thereof.

40 Every corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or
41 principally engaged in the conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a
42 ferry company operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New
43 York under a lease granted by the city), express, navigation, pipe line,
44 transfer, baggage express, omnibus, taxicab, telegraph or local tele-
45 phone business, or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of
46 two or more of such businesses, and every corporation, joint-stock
47 company or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct
48 of surface railroad, whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad,
49 elevated railroad, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business or
50 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more such
51 businesses and which has made an election pursuant to subdivision ten of
52 section one hundred eighty-three of this article, and every other corpo-
53 ration, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally
54 engaged in the conduct of a transportation or transmission business
55 (other than a telephone business), except a corporation, joint-stock
56 company or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct

1 of a surface railroad, whether or not operated by steam, subway rail-
2 road, elevated railroad, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business
3 or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more of
4 such businesses and which has not made the election provided for in
5 subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-three of this article,
6 and, except a corporation, joint-stock company or association principal-
7 ly engaged in the conduct of aviation (including air freight forwarders
8 acting as principal and like indirect air carriers) and except a corpo-
9 ration principally engaged in providing telecommunication services
10 between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or
11 ground station and ground station (or any combination of the foregoing),
12 at least ninety percent of the voting stock of which corporation is
13 owned, directly or indirectly, by air carriers and which corporation's
14 principal function is to fulfill the requirements of (i) the federal
15 aviation administration (or the successor thereto) or (ii) the interna-
16 tional civil aviation organization (or the successor thereto), relating
17 to the existence of a communication system between aircraft and
18 dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground station and
19 ground station (or any combination of the foregoing) for the purposes of
20 air safety and navigation and [except a corporation, joint-stock company
21 or association which is liable to taxation under article thirty-two of
22 this chapter,] for the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise,
23 or of doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing
24 property in this state in a corporate or organized capacity, or main-
25 taining an office in this state, shall pay a franchise tax which shall
26 be equal to [(i) three-quarters of one percent for taxable years ending
27 before two thousand one, provided that for a taxable year ending in two
28 thousand the rate shall be reduced to three-eighths of one percent
29 effective July first, two thousand with the result that for purposes of
30 implementation of such change in rate the applicable rate for such a
31 year shall be nine-sixteenths of one percent, and (ii)] three-eighths of
32 one percent for taxable years commencing after two thousand, upon its
33 gross earnings from all sources within this state; except that, [for
34 taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred
35 eighty-five and ending on or before December thirty-first, nineteen
36 hundred eighty-nine, every corporation, joint-stock company or associ-
37 ation formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of telephone or
38 telegraph business shall pay a franchise tax which shall be equal to
39 three-tenths of one per centum upon its gross earnings from all sources
40 within this state and,] for taxable years commencing on or after January
41 first, nineteen hundred ninety, every corporation, joint-stock company
42 or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of local
43 telephone business, or telegraph business shall pay a franchise tax
44 which shall be equal to [(i) three-quarters of one percent for taxable
45 years ending before two thousand one, provided that for a taxable year
46 ending in two thousand the rate shall be reduced to three-eighths of one
47 percent effective July first, two thousand with the result that for
48 purposes of implementation of such change in rate the applicable rate
49 for such a year shall be nine-sixteenths of one percent, and (ii)]
50 three-eighths of one percent for taxable years commencing after two
51 thousand, upon its gross earnings from all sources within this state,
52 except that a corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for
53 or principally engaged in the conduct of a local telephone business
54 shall exclude the following earnings (but not in any event earnings
55 derived by such taxpayer from the provision of carrier access services)
56 derived by such taxpayer from sales for ultimate consumption of telecom-

1 munications service to its customers (i) thirty percent of separately
2 charged intra-LATA toll service (which shall also include interregion
3 regional calling plan service) and (ii) one hundred percent of separately
4 charged inter-LATA, interstate or international telecommunications
5 service; and except that [corporations, joint-stock companies or associ-
6 ations formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of surface rail-
7 road, whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated rail-
8 road, palace car or sleeping car, business or any other corporation
9 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a railroad business,
10 for taxable years prior to nineteen hundred ninety-seven, and] corpo-
11 rations, joint-stock companies or associations formed for or principally
12 engaged in the conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry compa-
13 ny operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New York under a
14 lease granted by the city), navigation or any corporation formed for or
15 principally engaged in the operation of vessels, shall pay a franchise
16 tax which shall be equal to three-quarters of one per centum upon its
17 gross earnings from all sources within this state, excluding earnings
18 derived from business of an interstate or foreign character; except that
19 for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-seven or there-
20 after, in the case of a corporation, joint-stock company or association
21 which, with respect to taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred
22 ninety-seven, has made an election pursuant to subdivision ten of
23 section one hundred eighty-three of this article and which is formed for
24 or principally engaged in the conduct of surface railroad, whether or
25 not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated railroad, palace car,
26 sleeping car or trucking business or formed for or principally engaged
27 in the conduct of two or more of such businesses, such corporation,
28 joint-stock company or association shall pay a franchise tax which shall
29 be equal to [(i) six-tenths of one percent for taxable years ending
30 before two thousand one, provided that for a taxable year ending in two
31 thousand the rate shall be reduced to three-eighths of one percent
32 effective July first, two thousand with the result that for purposes of
33 implementation of such change in rate the applicable rate for such a
34 year shall be thirty-nine eightieths of one percent, and (ii)] three-
35 eighths of one percent for taxable years commencing after two thousand,
36 upon its gross earnings from all sources within this state, provided
37 that in the case of a corporation, joint-stock company or association
38 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of surface railroad,
39 whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated railroad,
40 palace car or sleeping car business, or formed for or principally
41 engaged in the conduct of two or more of such businesses, such gross
42 earnings shall not include earnings derived from business of an inter-
43 state or foreign character.

44 Provided, however, with respect to railroad, elevated railroad, palace
45 car or sleeping car business or any other corporation formed for or
46 principally engaged in the conduct of a railroad business and canal,
47 steamboat, ferry (except a ferry company operating between any of the
48 boroughs of the city of New York under a lease granted by the city),
49 navigation or any corporation formed for or principally engaged in the
50 operation of vessels where the gross earnings from such transportation
51 business both originating and terminating within this state and travers-
52 ing both this state and another state or states or country shall be
53 subject to the franchise tax imposed by this section (except where such
54 corporation, joint-stock company or association is formed for or princi-
55 pally engaged in the conduct of a railroad (including surface railroad,
56 whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad or elevated railroad),

1 palace car or sleeping car business or formed for or principally engaged
2 in the conduct of two or more of such businesses, and has not made the
3 election provided for under subdivision ten of section one hundred
4 eighty-three of this article) and such earnings shall be allocated to
5 this state in the same ratio that the mileage within the state bears to
6 the total mileage of such business. Provided, further, a corporation,
7 joint-stock company or association formed for or principally engaged in
8 the transportation, transmission or distribution of gas, electricity or
9 steam shall not be subject to tax under this section or section one
10 hundred eighty-three of this article.

11 The term "local telephone business" means the provision or furnishing
12 of telecommunication services for hire wherein the service furnished by
13 the provider thereof consists of carrier access service or the service
14 originates and terminates within the same local access and transport
15 area ("LATA"), a local access and transport area being that geographic
16 area as established and approved, and as so set and in existence on July
17 first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, pursuant to the modification of
18 final judgment in United States v. Western Electric Company (civil
19 action no. 82-0192) in the United States district court for the District
20 of Columbia or within the LATA-like Rochester non-associated independent
21 area.

22 The term "telecommunication services" shall have the meaning ascribed
23 to such term in section one hundred eighty-six-e of this article.

24 S 63. The section heading and the opening paragraph of subdivision 1
25 of section 184-a of the tax law, the section heading as added by chapter
26 931 of the laws of 1982 and the opening paragraph of subdivision 1 as
27 amended by section 2 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are
28 amended to read as follows:

29 Additional [temporary] metropolitan transportation business tax
30 surcharge on transportation and transmission corporations and associ-
31 ations services.

32 The term "corporation" as used in this section shall include an asso-
33 ciation, within the meaning of paragraph three of subsection (a) of
34 section seventy-seven hundred one of the internal revenue code (includ-
35 ing a limited liability company), and a publicly traded partnership
36 treated as a corporation for purposes of the internal revenue code
37 pursuant to section seventy-seven hundred four thereof. Every corpo-
38 ration, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally
39 engaged in the conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry compa-
40 ny operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New York under a
41 lease granted by the city), express, navigation, pipe line, transfer,
42 baggage express, omnibus, taxicab, telegraph or local telephone busi-
43 ness, or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more
44 such businesses, and every corporation, joint-stock company or associ-
45 ation formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a surface
46 railroad, whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated
47 railroad, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business or principally
48 engaged in the conduct of two or more such businesses and which has made
49 an election pursuant to subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-
50 three of this article, and every other corporation, joint-stock company
51 or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a
52 transportation or transmission business (other than a telephone busi-
53 ness) except a corporation, joint-stock company or association formed
54 for or principally engaged in the conduct of a surface railroad, whether
55 or not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated railroad, palace
56 car, sleeping car or trucking business or principally engaged in the

1 conduct of two or more such businesses and which has not made the
2 election provided for in subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-
3 three of this article, and except a corporation, joint-stock company or
4 association principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (including
5 air freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air carri-
6 ers) and except a corporation principally engaged in providing telecom-
7 munication services between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air
8 traffic control or ground station and ground station (or any combination
9 of the foregoing), at least ninety percent of the voting stock of which
10 corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, by air carriers and which
11 corporation's principal function is to fulfill the requirements of (i)
12 the federal aviation administration (or the successor thereto) or (ii)
13 the international civil aviation organization (or the successor there-
14 to), relating to the existence of a communication system between
15 aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground
16 station and ground station (or any combination of the foregoing) for the
17 purposes of air safety and navigation [and except a corporation, joint-
18 stock company or association which is liable to taxation under article
19 thirty-two of this chapter], shall pay for the privilege of exercising
20 its corporate franchise, or of doing business, or of employing capital,
21 or of owning or leasing property in the metropolitan commuter transpor-
22 tation district in such corporate or organized capacity, or of maintain-
23 ing an office in such district, a tax surcharge [for all or any part of
24 its taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred
25 eighty-two, but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand eigh-
26 teen], which tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed by section
27 one hundred eighty-four of this article, shall be computed at the rate
28 of [eighteen percent of the tax imposed under such section one hundred
29 eighty-four for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years
30 ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after
31 the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, and
32 at the rate of] seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section
33 for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years [ending on or
34 after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three] after the
35 deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article;
36 provided, however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall be applied
37 only to that portion of the tax imposed under section one hundred eight-
38 y-four of this article after the deduction of any credits otherwise
39 allowable under this article which is attributable to the taxpayer's
40 business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transpor-
41 tation district[; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed
42 by this section on corporations, joint-stock companies and associations
43 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of telephone or tele-
44 graph business shall be computed in accordance with this subdivision and
45 paragraph (c) of subdivision two of this section as if the three-quar-
46 ters of one percent rate of tax provided for in subdivision one of
47 section one hundred eighty-four of this article were applicable to such
48 telephone and telegraph businesses for taxable years commencing on or
49 after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-five and ending on or
50 before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine; and
51 provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall
52 not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than four hundred thirty-two
53 months]. Provided, however, that for taxable years beginning in two
54 thousand and thereafter, for purposes of this subdivision the tax
55 imposed under section one hundred eighty-four of this article shall be
56 deemed to have been imposed at the rate of three-quarters of one

1 percent, except that in the case of a corporation, joint-stock company
2 or association which has made an election pursuant to subdivision ten of
3 section one hundred eighty-three of this article, for purposes of this
4 subdivision the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-four of
5 this article shall be deemed to have been imposed at the rate of six-
6 tenths of one percent.

7 S 64. Subdivision 8 of section 186-a of the tax law is REPEALED.

8 S 65. The section heading and subdivision 1 of section 186-c of the
9 tax law, the section heading as amended by chapter 2 of the laws of
10 1995, subdivision 1 as amended by section 3 of part II-1 of chapter 57
11 of the laws of 2008, subparagraph 1 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 as
12 amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are
13 amended to read as follows:

14 [Temporary metropolitan] METROPOLITAN transportation business tax
15 surcharge on utility services and excise tax on sale of telecommuni-
16 cation services. 1. (a) (1) Every utility doing business in the metro-
17 politan commuter transportation district shall pay a tax surcharge, in
18 addition to the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-six-a of this
19 article[, for all or any parts of its taxable years commencing on or
20 after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before
21 December thirty-first, two thousand eighteen], to be computed [at the
22 rate of eighteen percent of the tax imposed under section one hundred
23 eighty-six-a of this article for such taxable years or any part of such
24 taxable years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
25 eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable
26 under this article, and] at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax
27 imposed under such section [for such taxable years or any part of such
28 taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred
29 eighty-three] after the deduction of credits otherwise allowable under
30 this article except any utility credit provided for by article thir-
31 teen-A of this chapter; provided, however, that such rates of tax
32 surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under
33 section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article after the deduction of
34 credits otherwise allowable under this article, except any utility cred-
35 it provided for by article thirteen-A of this chapter, which is attrib-
36 utable to the taxpayer's gross income or gross operating income from
37 business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transpor-
38 tation district[; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed
39 by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than
40 four hundred thirty-two months].

41 (2) Provided however, that [commencing January first, two thousand,]
42 in the case of the tax imposed under paragraph (a) of subdivision one of
43 section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article (relating to providers
44 of telecommunications services) such tax surcharge shall be calculated
45 as if the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-six-a of this
46 article were imposed at a rate of three and one-half percent.

47 (b) In addition to the surcharge imposed by paragraph (a) of this
48 subdivision, there is hereby imposed a surcharge on the gross receipts
49 from telecommunication services relating to the metropolitan commuter
50 transportation district at the rate of seventeen percent of the state
51 tax rate under section one hundred eighty-six-e of this article [for all
52 or part of taxable years commencing on and after January first, nineteen
53 hundred ninety-five but ending before December thirty-first, two thou-
54 sand thirteen]. All the definitions and other provisions of section one
55 hundred eighty-six-e of this article shall apply to the tax imposed by
56 this paragraph with such modification and limitation as may be necessary

1 (including substituting the words "metropolitan commuter transportation
2 district" for "state" where appropriate) in order to adapt the language
3 of such section one hundred eighty-six-e of this article to the
4 surcharge imposed by this paragraph within such metropolitan commuter
5 transportation district so as to include (1) any intra-district telecom-
6 munication services, except any telecommunication services the gross
7 receipts from which are subject to tax under subparagraph four of this
8 paragraph, (2) any inter-district telecommunication services which orig-
9 inate or terminate in such district and are charged to a service address
10 therein regardless of where the amounts charged for such services are
11 billed or ultimately paid, except any telecommunications services the
12 gross receipts from which are subject to tax under subparagraph four of
13 this paragraph, (3) as apportioned to such district, private telecommu-
14 nication services, except any telecommunication services the gross
15 receipts from which are subject to tax under subparagraph four of this
16 paragraph, and (4) mobile telecommunications service provided by a home
17 service provider where the place of primary use is within such metropol-
18 itan commuter transportation district. Provided however, [commencing
19 October first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight] such tax surcharge shall
20 be calculated as if the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-
21 six-e of this article were imposed at a rate of three and one-half
22 percent.

23 S 66. Clause (iii) of subparagraph (D) of paragraph 3 of subsection
24 (b) of section 605 of the tax law, as added by chapter 658 of the laws
25 of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

26 (iii) Provided further, that for the purposes of item (I) of clause
27 (i) of this subparagraph, a trustee which is a banking corporation as
28 defined in subsection (a) of section fourteen hundred fifty-two of this
29 chapter, AS SUCH SECTION WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO
30 THOUSAND FOURTEEN, and which is domiciled outside the state of New York
31 at the time it becomes a trustee of the trust shall be deemed to contin-
32 ue to be a trustee domiciled outside the state of New York notwithstand-
33 ing that it thereafter otherwise becomes a trustee domiciled in the
34 state of New York by virtue of being acquired by, or becoming an office
35 or branch of, a corporate trustee domiciled within the state of New
36 York.

37 S 67. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 10 of subsection (a) of section
38 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part CC of chapter 85 of
39 the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

40 (A) the business of which the individual is an owner is substantially
41 similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity taxable, or
42 previously taxable, under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred
43 eighty-four[,] OR one hundred eighty-five [or one hundred eighty-six] of
44 article nine; article nine-A[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of this chap-
45 ter; article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been
46 subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in
47 effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty), ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OF
48 THIS CHAPTER OR WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE
49 THIRTY-TWO (AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO
50 THOUSAND FOURTEEN) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was)
51 includable under article twenty-two of this chapter whereby the intent
52 and purpose of this paragraph and paragraph five of this subsection with
53 respect to refunding of credit to new business would be evaded; or

54 S 68. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606
55 of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part C-1 of chapter 57 of the
56 laws of 2009, clause (ix) as amended by section 4 of part G of chapter

1 59 of the laws of 2013, clause (xxxi) as added by section 5 of part MM
2 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2010, clause (xxxi) as added by section 14
3 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, clause (xxxii) as added by
4 section 6 of part V of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, clause (xxxiii)
5 as added by section 4 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011,
6 clause (xxxiii) as added by section 5 of part E of chapter 56 of the
7 laws of 2011, clause (xxxiii) as added by chapter 604 of the laws of
8 2011, clause (xxxiv) as added by chapter 109 of the laws of 2012, clause
9 (xxxv) as added by section 2 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of
10 2013, clause (xxxv) as added by section 4 of part EE of chapter 59 of
11 the laws of 2013 and clause (xxxvi) as added by section 8 of part A of
12 chapter 68 of the laws of 2013, clause (xxxvii) as added by section 3 of
13 LBD number 74021-03-4, and clause (xxxvii) as added by section 5 of LBD
14 number 74039-02-4, is amended to read as follows:

15 (B) shall be treated as the owner of a new business with respect to
16 such share if the corporation qualifies as a new business pursuant to
17 paragraph [(j)] (F) of subdivision [twelve] ONE of section two hundred
18 [ten] TEN-B of this chapter.

19 With respect to the following
20 credit under this section:

The corporation's credit base under
section two hundred [ten or section
fourteen hundred fifty-six] TEN-B
of this chapter is:

23 (i) Investment tax credit under
24 subsection (a)

Investment credit base or qualified
rehabilitation expenditures under
subdivision [twelve] ONE of section
two hundred [ten] TEN-B

27 (ii) Empire zone investment
28 tax credit under subsection (j)

Cost or other basis under
subdivision [twelve-B] THREE
of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B

30 [(iii) Empire zone wage tax credit
31 under subsection (k)

Eligible wages under subdivision
nineteen of section two hundred
ten or subsection (e) of section
fourteen hundred fifty-six

34 (iv) Empire zone capital tax
35 credit under subsection (l)

Qualified investments and
contributions under subdivision
twenty of section two hundred ten
or subsection (d) of section
fourteen hundred fifty-six]

39 (v) Agricultural property tax
40 credit under subsection (n)

Allowable school district property
taxes under subdivision
[twenty-two] ELEVEN of
section two hundred [ten]
TEN-B

44 (vi) Credit for employment of
45 persons with disabilities
46 under subsection (o)

Qualified first-year wages or
qualified second-year wages under
subdivision [twenty-three] TWELVE
of section two hundred [ten or
subsection (f) of section
fourteen hundred fifty-six] TEN-B

1 (vii) Employment incentive credit 2 under subsection (a-1) 3 4	Applicable investment credit base under subdivision [twelve-D] TWO of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
5 (viii) Empire zone employment 6 incentive credit under subsection 7 (j-1) 8	Applicable investment credit under subdivision [twelve-C] FOUR of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
9 (ix) Alternative fuels 10 and electric vehicle 11 recharging property 12 credit under subsection (p)	Amount of credit under subdivision [twenty-four] THIRTY of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
13 (x) Qualified emerging technology 14 company employment credit under 15 subsection (q)	Applicable credit base under subdivision [twelve-E] SEVEN of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
16 (xi) Qualified emerging technology 17 company capital tax credit under 18 subsection (r)	Qualified investments under subdivision [twelve-F] EIGHT of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
19 (xii) Credit for purchase of an 20 automated external defibrillator 21 under subsection (s) 22 23 24	Cost of an automated external defibrillator under subdivision [twenty-five] THIRTEEN of section two hundred [ten or subsection (j) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six] TEN-B
25 (xiii) Low-income housing credit 26 under subsection (x) 27 28 29	Credit amount under subdivision [thirty] FIFTEEN of section two hundred [ten or subsection (l) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six] TEN-B
30 [(xiv) Credit for transportation 31 improvement contributions under 32 subsection (z) 33 34 35 36	For taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand nine, amount of credit under subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred ten or subsection (n) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six]
37 (xv) QEZE credit for real property 38 taxes under subsection (bb) 39 40 41 42	Amount of credit under subdivision [twenty-seven] FIVE of section two hundred [ten or subsection (o) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six] TEN-B
43 (xvi) QEZE tax reduction credit 44 under subsection (cc) 45 46 47	Amount of benefit period factor, employment increase factor and zone allocation factor (without regard to pro ration) under subdivision [twenty-eight] SIX of

1		section two hundred [ten
2		or subsection (p) of section
3		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
4		TEN-B and amount
5		of tax factor as determined under
6		subdivision (f) of section sixteen
7	(xvii) Green building credit under	Amount of green building credit
8	subsection (y)	under subdivision [thirty-one]
9		SIXTEEN of section two
10		hundred [ten or subsection (m)
11		of section fourteen hundred
12		fifty-six] TEN-B
13	(xviii) Credit for long-term care	Qualified costs under subdivision
14	insurance premiums under subsection	[twenty-five-a] FOURTEEN
15	(aa)	of section two hundred [ten
16		or subsection (k) of
17		section fourteen hundred fifty-six]
18		TEN-B
19	(xix) Brownfield redevelopment	Amount of credit under subdivision
20	credit under subsection (dd)	[thirty-three] SEVENTEEN
21		of section two hundred
22		[ten or subsection (q) of section
23		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
24		TEN-B
25	(xx) Remediated brownfield credit	Amount of credit under subdivision
26	for real property taxes for	[thirty-four] EIGHTEEN
27	qualified sites under subsection	of section two hundred
28	(ee)	[ten of subsection (r) of section
29		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
30		TEN-B
31	(xxi) Environmental remediation	Amount of credit under subdivision
32	insurance credit under subsection	[thirty-five] NINETEEN
33	(ff)	of section two hundred
34		[ten or subsection (s) of section
35		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
36		TEN-B
37	(xxii) Empire state film	Amount of credit for qualified
38	production credit under	production costs in production of a
39	subsection (gg)	qualified film under subdivision
40		[thirty-six] TWENTY of
41		section two hundred [ten] TEN-B
42	[(xxiii) Qualified emerging	Qualifying expenditures and
43	technology company facilities,	development activities under
44	operations and training credit	subdivision twelve-G of section two
45	under subsection (nn)	hundred ten]
46	(xxiv) Security training tax credit	Amount of credit under subdivision
47	under subsection (ii)	[thirty-seven] TWENTY-ONE
48		of section two hundred

1		[ten or under subsection (t) of
2		section fourteen hundred fifty-six]
3		TEN-B
4	[(xxv) Credit for qualified fuel	For taxable years beginning before
5	cell electric generating	January first, two thousand nine,
6	equipment expenditures	amount of credit under subdivision
7	under subsection (g-2)	thirty-seven of section two hundred
8		ten or subsection (t) of section
9		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
10	(xxvi) Empire state commercial	Amount of credit for qualified
11	production credit under subsection	production costs in production of
12	(jj)	a qualified commercial under
13		subdivision [thirty-eight]
14		TWENTY-THREE of
15		section two hundred [ten]
16		TEN-B
17	(xxvii) Biofuel production tax	Amount of credit under subdivision
18	credit under subsection (jj)	[thirty-eight] TWENTY-FOUR
19		of section two hundred [ten]
20		TEN-B
21	(xxviii) Clean heating fuel credit	Amount of credit under subdivision
22	under subsection (mm)	[thirty-nine] TWENTY-FIVE of
23		section two hundred [ten]
24		TEN-B
25	(xxix) Credit for rehabilitation	Amount of credit under subdivision
26	of historic properties under	[forty] TWENTY-SIX of
27	subsection (oo)	section two hundred [ten]
28		TEN-B
29	(xxx) Excelsior jobs program tax	Amount of credit under subdivision
30	credit under subsection (qq)	[forty-one] THIRTY-ONE of
31		section two hundred [ten
32		or under subdivision (u) of
33		section fourteen hundred fifty-six]
34		TEN-B
35	(xxxi) Empire state film	Amount of credit for
36	post production credit under	qualified post production
37	subsection (qq)	costs of a qualified film
38		under subdivision [forty-one]
39		THIRTY-TWO of section
40		two hundred [ten] TEN-B
41	(xxxii) Economic transformation	Amount of credit under subdivision
42	and facility redevelopment credit	[forty-three] THIRTY-FIVE
43		of section [210 or under
44		subsection (x) of section fourteen
45		hundred fifty-six] TWO HUNDRED
46		TEN-B
47	(xxxiii) New York youth works	Amount of credit under

1	tax credit	subdivision [forty-four] THIRTY-SIX
2		of section two hundred [ten]
3		TEN-B
4	(xxxiii) Empire state jobs	Amount of credit under
5	retention program credit	subdivision [forty-four]
6		THIRTY-SEVEN of section
7		two hundred [ten or under
8		subsection (y) of section
9		fourteen hundred fifty-six]
10		TEN-B
11	(xxxiii) Credit for companies who	Amount of credit under
12	provide transportation to	subdivision [forty-four]
13	individuals with disabilities	THIRTY-EIGHT of section
14	under subsection (tt)	two hundred [ten] TEN-B
15	(xxxiv) Beer production credit	Amount of credit under
16	under subsection (uu)	[subdivision] subdivision
17		[forty-five] THIRTY-NINE of
18		section two hundred [ten]
19		TEN-B
20	(xxxv) Hire a vet credit	Amount of credit under subdivision
21	under subsection (a-2)	[twenty-three-a] TWENTY-NINE
22		of section two hundred [ten
23		or subsection (e-1) of
24		of section fourteen hundred
25		fifty-six] TEN-B
26	(xxxv) Minimum wage reimbursement	Amount of credit under subdivision
27	credit under subsection (aaa)	[forty-six] FORTY
28		of section two hundred
29		[ten or subsection (z) of
30		section fourteen hundred
31		fifty-six] TEN-B
32	(xxxvi) Tax-free NY area tax	Amount of credit under
33	elimination credit	subdivision [forty-seven] FORTY-ONE
34		of section two hundred [ten]
35		TEN-B
36	(xxxvii) Real property tax	Amount of credit under
37	credit for manufacturers	subdivision [forty-eight]
38	under subsection (xx)	FORTY-THREE of section
39		two hundred [ten] TEN-B
40	(xxxvii) Tax-free NY area	Amount of credit under
41	excise tax on	subdivision [forty-eight]
42	telecommunications services	FORTY-FOUR of section
43	credit under subsection (xx)	two hundred [ten] TEN-B
44	S 69. Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 3 of subsection (i) of	
45	section 606 of the tax law, as added by chapter 170 of the laws of 1994,	
46	are amended to read as follows:	

1 (A) Credit carryover. Any excess credit under subparagraph (A) of
2 paragraph one of this subsection, as it was in effect for taxable years
3 beginning before nineteen hundred ninety-four, may be carried over to
4 the shareholder's following year or years and may be deducted from such
5 shareholder's tax for such year or years, except that any excess credit
6 attributable to subdivision [twelve] ONE of section two hundred [ten]
7 TEN-B of this chapter shall in no event be carried over beyond the ten
8 taxable years next following the taxable year of origin.

9 (B) Credit recapture. Any redetermination of credit required by this
10 subsection as it was in effect for taxable years beginning before nine-
11 teen hundred ninety-four, upon disposition or cessation of qualified use
12 of property pursuant to paragraph [(g)] (E) of subdivision [twelve] ONE,
13 OR paragraph (f) of subdivision [twelve-B or paragraph (f) of subdivi-
14 sion eighteen] THREE of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this chapter
15 shall be attributed in pro rata shares to the shareholders who were
16 allowed credit under this subsection with respect to such property, and
17 the reduction of a shareholder's proportionate stock interest shall be
18 treated as a disposition of property for which a redetermination of
19 credit under such paragraphs is required with respect to such sharehold-
20 er.

21 S 70. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 3 and paragraph 21 of subsection
22 (b) and paragraph 21 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law,
23 subparagraph (B) of paragraph 3 of subsection (b) as amended by section
24 57, paragraph 21 of subsection (b) as amended by section 59 and para-
25 graph 21 of subsection (c) as amended by section 60 of part A of chapter
26 389 of the laws of 1997, are amended to read as follows:

27 (B) Shareholders of S corporations. In the case of a shareholder of an
28 S corporation, with respect to taxes imposed upon or payable by the
29 corporation, the term "income taxes" in subparagraph (A) of this para-
30 graph shall also include the taxes imposed under [articles] ARTICLE
31 nine-A [and thirty-two] of this chapter, regardless of the measure of
32 such tax, but shall not otherwise include taxes imposed by this or any
33 other state of the United States, or any political subdivision of this
34 or any other state, or the District of Columbia.

35 (21) In relation to the disposition of stock or indebtedness of a
36 corporation which elected under subchapter s of chapter one of the
37 internal revenue code for any taxable year of such corporation begin-
38 ning, in the case of a corporation taxable under article nine-A of this
39 chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty, [and in
40 the case of a corporation taxable under article thirty-two of this chap-
41 ter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six,] the
42 amount required to be added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to
43 subsection (n) of this section.

44 (21) In relation to the disposition of stock or indebtedness of a
45 corporation which elected under subchapter s of chapter one of the
46 internal revenue code for any taxable year of such corporation begin-
47 ning, in the case of a corporation taxable under article nine-A of this
48 chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty, [and in
49 the case of a corporation taxable under article thirty-two of this chap-
50 ter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six,] the
51 amounts required to be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income
52 pursuant to subsection (n) of this section.

53 S 71. Paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 632 of the tax law, as
54 amended by section 2 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is
55 amended to read as follows:

1 (2) In determining New York source income of a nonresident shareholder
2 of an S corporation where the election provided for in subsection (a) of
3 section six hundred sixty of this article is in effect, there shall be
4 included only the portion derived from or connected with New York sourc-
5 es of such shareholder's pro rata share of items of S corporation
6 income, loss and deduction entering into his federal adjusted gross
7 income, increased by reductions for taxes described in paragraphs two
8 and three of subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the
9 internal revenue code, as such portion shall be determined under regu-
10 lations of the commissioner consistent with the applicable methods and
11 rules for allocation under article nine-A [or thirty-two] of this chap-
12 ter, regardless of whether or not such item or reduction is included in
13 entire net income under article nine-A [or thirty-two] for the tax year.
14 If a nonresident is a shareholder in an S corporation where the election
15 provided for in subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this
16 article is in effect, and the S corporation has distributed an install-
17 ment obligation under section 453(h)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 then any gain recognized on the receipt of payments from the installment
19 obligation for federal income tax purposes will be treated as New York
20 source income allocated in a manner consistent with the applicable meth-
21 ods and rules for allocation under article nine-A [or thirty-two] of
22 this chapter in the year that the assets were sold. In addition, if the
23 shareholders of the S corporation have made an election under section
24 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code, then any gain recognized on the
25 deemed asset sale for federal income tax purposes will be treated as New
26 York source income allocated in a manner consistent with the applicable
27 methods and rules for allocation under article nine-A [or thirty-two] of
28 this chapter in the year that the shareholder made the section
29 338(h)(10) election. For purposes of a section 338(h)(10) election, when
30 a nonresident shareholder exchanges his or her S corporation stock as
31 part of the deemed liquidation, any gain or loss recognized shall be
32 treated as the disposition of an intangible asset and will not increase
33 or offset any gain recognized on the deemed assets sale as a result of
34 the section 338(h)(10) election.

35 S 72. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of subsection (c) of section 658
36 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part DD of chapter 686 of the
37 laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

38 (A) General. Every entity which is a partnership, other than a public-
39 ly traded partnership as defined in section 7704 of the federal Internal
40 Revenue Code, subchapter K limited liability company or an S corporation
41 for which the election provided for in subsection (a) of section six
42 hundred sixty of this [article] PART is in effect, which has partners,
43 members or shareholders who are nonresident individuals, as defined
44 under subsection (b) of section six hundred five of this article, or C
45 corporations, and which has any income derived from New York sources,
46 determined in accordance with the applicable rules of section six
47 hundred thirty-one of this article as in the case of a nonresident indi-
48 vidual, shall pay estimated tax on such income on behalf of such part-
49 ners, members or shareholders in the manner and at the times prescribed
50 by subsection (c) of section six hundred eighty-five of this article.
51 For purposes of this paragraph, the term "estimated tax" shall mean a
52 partner's, member's or shareholder's distributive share or pro rata
53 share of the entity income derived from New York sources, multiplied by
54 the highest rate of tax prescribed by section six hundred one of this
55 article for the taxable year of any partner, member or shareholder who
56 is an individual taxpayer, or paragraph (a) of subdivision one of

1 section two hundred ten of this chapter for the taxable year of any
2 partner, member or shareholder which is a C corporation, whether or not
3 such C corporation is subject to tax under article nine, nine-A[, thir-
4 ty-two,] or thirty-three of this chapter, and reduced by the distribu-
5 tive share or pro rata share of any credits determined under section one
6 hundred eighty-seven, one hundred eighty-seven-a, six hundred six[,
7 fourteen hundred fifty-six] or fifteen hundred eleven of this chapter,
8 whichever is applicable, derived from the entity.

9 S 73. Subsections (a) and (h) of section 660 of the tax law,
10 subsection (a) as amended by section 50 and subsection (h) as amended by
11 section 66 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, are amended to
12 read as follows:

13 (a) Election. If a corporation is an eligible S corporation, the
14 shareholders of the corporation may elect in the manner set forth in
15 subsection (b) of this section to take into account, to the extent
16 provided for in this article (or in article thirteen of this chapter, in
17 the case of a shareholder which is a taxpayer under such article), the S
18 corporation items of income, loss, deduction and reductions for taxes
19 described in paragraphs two and three of subsection (f) of section thir-
20 teen hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code which are taken into
21 account for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year. No
22 election under this subsection shall be effective unless all sharehold-
23 ers of the corporation have so elected. An eligible S corporation is (i)
24 an S corporation which is subject to tax under article nine-A [or thir-
25 ty-two] of this chapter, OR (ii) an S corporation which is the parent of
26 a qualified subchapter S subsidiary subject to tax under article nine-A,
27 where the shareholders of such parent corporation are entitled to make
28 the election under this subsection by reason of subparagraph three of
29 paragraph (k) of subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this
30 chapter[; or (iii) an S corporation which is the parent of a qualified
31 subchapter S corporation subject to tax under article thirty-two, where
32 the shareholders of such parent are entitled to make the election under
33 this subsection by reason of paragraph three of subsection (o) of
34 section fourteen hundred fifty-three of this chapter].

35 (h) Cross reference. For definitions relating to S corporations, see
36 subdivision one-A of section two hundred eight [and subsections (f) and
37 (g) of section fourteen hundred fifty] of this chapter.

38 S 74. Paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 660 of the tax law, as
39 added by section 1 of part L of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, is
40 amended to read as follows:

41 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions in subsection (a) of this section,
42 in the case of an eligible S corporation for which the election under
43 subsection (a) of this section is not in effect for the current taxable
44 year, the shareholders of an eligible S corporation are deemed to have
45 made that election effective for the eligible S corporation's entire
46 current taxable year, if the eligible S corporation's investment income
47 for the current taxable year is more than fifty percent of its federal
48 gross income for such year [provided that this subsection shall not
49 apply to an eligible S corporation that is subject to tax under article
50 thirty-two of this chapter]. IN DETERMINING AN ELIGIBLE S CORPORATION'S
51 INVESTMENT INCOME, THE INVESTMENT INCOME OF A QUALIFIED SUBCHAPTER S
52 SUBSIDIARY OWNED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY THE ELIGIBLE S CORPORATION
53 SHALL BE INCLUDED.

54 S 75. Paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of section 1085 of the tax law, as
55 amended by section 15 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is
56 amended to read as follows:

1 (3) The provisions of this subsection and subsections (d) and (e) of
2 this section shall apply to the failure of a taxpayer to file a declara-
3 tion of estimated tax surcharge or the failure to pay all or any part of
4 an amount which is applied as an installment against such estimated tax
5 surcharge pursuant to sections one hundred ninety-seven-a, one hundred
6 ninety-seven-b, two hundred thirteen-a, two hundred thirteen-b, [four-
7 teen hundred sixty, fourteen hundred sixty-one,] fifteen hundred thir-
8 teen and fifteen hundred fourteen of this chapter. For purposes of
9 applying this section and subsections (d) and (e) of this section to the
10 estimated tax surcharge, where appropriate the term "tax" shall be read
11 to mean "tax surcharge," and the terms "amount required to be paid,"
12 "amount which would be required to be paid," and "amount which would
13 have been required to be paid" shall be computed as the product of (1)
14 such amount computed without regard to the tax surcharges imposed under
15 sections one hundred eighty-four-a, one hundred eighty-six-c, one
16 hundred eighty-eight, two hundred nine-A, two hundred nine-B, [fourteen
17 hundred fifty-five-A, fourteen hundred fifty-five-B,] fifteen hundred
18 five-a, and fifteen hundred twenty of this chapter, and (2) the MTA
19 percentage. The term "MTA percentage" shall mean the product of (A) the
20 tax rate applicable under such sections imposing such surcharges and (B)
21 the percentage utilized in determining the portion of the taxpayer's
22 business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transpor-
23 tation district under such sections.

24 S 76. The opening paragraph of subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of
25 subsection (d) of section 1085 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 170
26 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

27 An amount equal to ninety-one percent of the tax for the taxable year
28 computed on all items entering into the computation of the tax or taxes
29 of the taxpayer for the taxable year under article nine, nine-A[, thir-
30 ty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter. For purposes of computing the
31 tax, all items of receipts, income and expenses shall be placed on an
32 annualized basis--

33 S 77. Clause (i) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of subsection (d)
34 of section 1085 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 57 of the laws of
35 1993, is amended to read as follows:

36 (i) take the items entering into the computation of the tax or taxes
37 of the taxpayer for the taxable year under article nine, nine-A[, thir-
38 ty-two] or thirty-three of this chapter, for all months during the taxa-
39 ble year preceding the filing month,

40 S 78. Paragraph 5 of subsection (d) of section 1085 of the tax law, as
41 added by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as follows:

42 (5) In the case of any declaration installment, any reduction in such
43 installment resulting from the application of paragraph three or four of
44 this subsection shall be recaptured by increasing the amount of the next
45 installment determined under paragraph one or two of this subsection or
46 paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section by the amount of such
47 reduction (and by increasing subsequent installments to the extent that
48 the reduction has not previously been recaptured under this paragraph).
49 For purposes of the preceding sentence, a declaration installment means
50 any installment of estimated tax other than the mandatory first install-
51 ment required under paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section one
52 hundred ninety-seven-b, subdivision (a) of section two hundred thir-
53 teen-b[, subsection (a) of section fourteen hundred sixty-one] or subdi-
54 vision (a) of section fifteen hundred fourteen of this chapter.

1 S 79. Paragraph 1 of subsection (e) of section 1085 of the tax law, as
2 amended by section 28-p of part H-3 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003,
3 is amended to read as follows:

4 (1) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (d) of this section shall not
5 apply in the case of any corporation (or any predecessor corporation)
6 which had [entire net] BUSINESS income, or the portion thereof allocated
7 within the state, of one million dollars or more for any taxable year
8 during the three taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year
9 involved; provided, however, that in the case of a corporation subject
10 to tax under section fifteen hundred two-a of this chapter, paragraphs
11 (1) and (2) of subsection (d) of this section shall not apply if such
12 corporation had entire net income, or the portion thereof allocated
13 within the state, of one million dollars or more for any of the three
14 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year involved, or if the
15 direct premiums subject to tax under section fifteen hundred two-a of
16 this chapter of the corporation for any of such three preceding taxable
17 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand three equals or
18 exceeds three million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars.

19 S 80. Subsections (m) and (o) of section 1085 of the tax law are
20 REPEALED.

21 S 81. Clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of subsection
22 (q), paragraph 3 of subsection (s) and the closing paragraph of para-
23 graph 1 of subsection (t) of section 1085 of the tax law, as added by
24 section 10 of part N of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, are amended to
25 read as follows:

26 (ii) fifty percent of the gross income that the organizer or material
27 advisor derived with respect to activities that were the basis for the
28 requirement to file, disclose or provide information pursuant to section
29 six thousand eleven of the internal revenue code, to the extent such
30 gross income is attributable to the avoidance of any tax imposed under
31 article nine, nine-A[, thirty-two,] or thirty-three of this chapter.

32 (3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "understatement of
33 liability" means any understatement of the net amount payable with
34 respect to any tax imposed under article nine, nine-A[, thirty-two,] or
35 thirty-three of this chapter or any overstatement of the net amount
36 creditable or refundable with respect to any such tax.

37 shall pay, with respect to each activity described in subparagraph (A)
38 of this paragraph, a penalty equal to one thousand dollars or, if the
39 person establishes that it is lesser, one hundred percent of the gross
40 income derived (or to be derived) by such person from such activity to
41 the extent such gross income is attributed to the avoidance of any tax
42 imposed under articles nine, nine-A[, thirty-two] or thirty-three of
43 this chapter; provided, however, that if an activity with respect to
44 which a penalty imposed under this subsection involves a statement
45 described in clause (i) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph one of this
46 subsection, the penalty shall be equal to fifty percent of the gross
47 income derived (or to be derived) from that activity within the state by
48 the person on which the penalty is imposed. For purposes of the preced-
49 ing sentence, activities described in clause (i) of subparagraph (A) of
50 this paragraph with respect to each entity or arrangement shall be
51 treated as a separate activity and participation in each sale described
52 in clause (ii) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be so treat-
53 ed.

54 S 82. The opening paragraph of subsection (c) of section 1087 of the
55 tax law, as separately amended by chapters 760 and 770 of the laws of
56 1992, is amended to read as follows:

1 If a taxpayer is required by subdivision three of section two hundred
2 eleven[, subsection (e) of section fourteen hundred sixty-two] or para-
3 graph one of subdivision (e) of section fifteen hundred fifteen OF THIS
4 CHAPTER, to file a report or amended return in respect of (i) a decrease
5 or increase in federal taxable income or federal alternative minimum
6 taxable income or federal tax, or (ii) a federal change or correction or
7 renegotiation, or computation or recomputation of tax, which is treated
8 in the same manner as if it were an overpayment for federal income tax
9 purposes, claim for credit or refund of any resulting overpayment of tax
10 shall be filed by the taxpayer within two years from the time such
11 report or amended return was required to be filed with the commissioner
12 [of taxation and finance]. If the report or amended return required by
13 any such provision of law is not filed within the period therein speci-
14 fied, no interest shall be payable on any claim for credit or refund of
15 the overpayment attributable to the federal change or correction. The
16 amount of such credit or refund--

17 S 83. Subsection (g) of section 1088 of the tax law, as amended by
18 chapter 61 of the laws of 1989 and relettered by chapter 55 of the laws
19 of 1992, is amended to read as follows:

20 (g) Cross-reference.--For provision with respect to interest after
21 failure to file a report or amended return under subdivision three of
22 section two hundred eleven[, subsection (e) of section fourteen hundred
23 sixty-two] or paragraph one of subdivision (e) of section fifteen
24 hundred fifteen, see subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-sev-
25 en.

26 S 84. Paragraph 2 of subsection (b) of section 1096 of the tax law, as
27 amended by chapter 411 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as
28 follows:

29 (2) The [tax commission] COMMISSIONER may take any action under para-
30 graph one of this subdivision to inquire into the commission of an
31 offense connected with the administration or enforcement of this article
32 or article nine, [nine-a] NINE-A, thirteen, [thirteen-a, thirty-two,]
33 THIRTEEN-A or thirty-three of this chapter, provided, however, that
34 notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred seventy-four of
35 this chapter no such action shall be taken when a referral by the
36 department or the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER to the attorney general,
37 a district attorney or any other prosecutorial agency is in effect.
38 Provided, however, the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER shall have power,
39 during the period when such referral is in effect, to examine or to
40 cause to have examined, by any agent or representative designated by it
41 for that purpose, any books, papers, records or memoranda bearing upon
42 the matters required to be included in the return, where such books,
43 papers, records or memoranda are in its possession, or where such books,
44 papers, records or memoranda are in the possession of the attorney
45 general, district attorney or other prosecutorial agency to which such
46 referral is made.

47 S 85. Paragraph 1 of subsection (e) of section 1096 of the tax law, as
48 amended by section 8 of subpart D of part V1 of chapter 57 of the laws
49 of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

50 (1) Authority to set interest rates.---The commissioner shall set the
51 overpayment and underpayment rates of interest to be paid pursuant to
52 sections two hundred thirteen, two hundred thirteen-b, two hundred
53 fifty-eight, two hundred sixty-three, two hundred ninety-four, one thou-
54 sand eighty-four, one thousand eighty-five[,] AND one thousand eighty-
55 eight[, fourteen hundred sixty-one and fourteen hundred sixty-three] of
56 this chapter, but if no such rate or rates of interest are set, such

1 overpayment rate shall be deemed to be set at six percent per annum and
2 such underpayment rate shall be deemed to be set at seven and one-half
3 percent per annum. Such overpayment and underpayment rates shall be the
4 rates prescribed in paragraph two of this subsection, but the underpay-
5 ment rate shall not be less than seven and one-half percent per annum.
6 Any such rates set by the commissioner shall apply to taxes, or any
7 portion thereof, which remain or become due or overpaid on or after the
8 date on which such rates become effective and shall apply only with
9 respect to interest computed or computable for periods or portions of
10 periods occurring in the period during which such rates are in effect.

11 S 86. Subdivision (b) of section 1201-a of the tax law, as amended by
12 section 5 of part Y of chapter 62 of the laws of 2006, is amended to
13 read as follows:

14 (b) Empire state film production credit. Any city in this state having
15 a population of one million or more, acting through its local legisla-
16 tive body, is hereby authorized to adopt and amend local laws to allow a
17 credit against the general corporation tax and the unincorporated busi-
18 ness tax imposed pursuant to the authority of chapter seven hundred
19 seventy-two of the laws of nineteen hundred sixty-six which shall be
20 substantially identical to the credit allowed under section twenty-four
21 of this chapter, except that (A) the percentage of qualified production
22 costs used to calculate such credit shall be five percent, (B) whenever
23 such section twenty-four references the state, such words shall be read
24 as referencing the city, (C) such credit shall be allowed only to a
25 taxpayer which is a qualified film production company, and (D) the
26 effective date of such credit shall be July first, two thousand six.
27 Such credit shall be applied in a manner consistent with the credit
28 allowed under subdivision [thirty-six] TWENTY of section two hundred
29 [ten] TEN-B of this chapter except as may be necessary to take into
30 account differences between the general corporation tax and the unincor-
31 porated business tax.

32 S 87. Subdivision (c) of section 1201-a of the tax law, as amended by
33 chapter 300 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:

34 (c) Empire state commercial production credit. Any city in this state
35 having a population of one million or more, acting through its local
36 legislative body, is hereby authorized to adopt and amend local laws to
37 allow a credit against the general corporation tax and the unincorporat-
38 ed business tax imposed pursuant to the authority of chapter seven
39 hundred seventy-two of the laws of nineteen hundred sixty-six which
40 shall be substantially identical to the credit allowed under the
41 provisions of section twenty-eight of this chapter, except that (A) the
42 percentage of qualified production costs used to calculate such credit
43 shall be five percent, (B) whenever such section twenty-eight references
44 the state, such words shall be read as referencing the city, (C) such
45 credit shall be allowed only to a taxpayer that is a qualified commer-
46 cial production company, and (D) the effective date of such credit shall
47 be as provided in local laws. Such credit shall be applied in a manner
48 consistent with the credit allowed under subdivision [thirty-eight]
49 TWENTY-THREE of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of this chapter except
50 as may be necessary to take into account differences between the general
51 corporation tax and unincorporated business tax.

52 S 88. The section heading and paragraphs 1 and 3 of subdivision (a) of
53 section 1505-a of the tax law, the section heading as added by chapter
54 11 of the laws of 1983 and paragraphs 1 and 3 of subdivision (a) as
55 amended by section 6 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are
56 amended to read as follows:

1 [Temporary metropolitan] METROPOLITAN transportation business tax
2 surcharge on insurance corporations.

3 (1) Every domestic insurance corporation and every foreign or alien
4 insurance corporation, and every life insurance corporation described in
5 subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred one of this article, for the
6 privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of doing business,
7 or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in the metro-
8 politan commuter transportation district in a corporate or organized
9 capacity, or of maintaining an office in the metropolitan commuter
10 transportation district, [for all or any part of its taxable years
11 commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two, but
12 ending before December thirty-first, two thousand eighteen,] except
13 corporations specified in subdivision (c) of section fifteen hundred
14 twelve of this article, shall annually pay, in addition to the taxes
15 otherwise imposed by this article, a tax surcharge on the taxes imposed
16 under this article after the deduction of any credits otherwise allow-
17 able under this article as allocated to such district. Such taxes shall
18 be allocated to such district for purposes of computing such tax
19 surcharge upon taxpayers subject to tax under subdivision (b) of section
20 fifteen hundred ten of this article by applying the methodology, proce-
21 dures and computations set forth in subdivisions (a) and (b) of section
22 fifteen hundred four of this article, except that references to terms
23 denoting New York premiums, and total wages, salaries, personal service
24 compensation and commissions within New York shall be read as denoting
25 within the metropolitan commuter transportation district and terms
26 denoting total premiums and total wages, salaries, personal service
27 compensation and commissions shall be read as denoting within the state.
28 If it shall appear to the commissioner that the application of the meth-
29 odology, procedures and computations set forth in such subdivisions (a)
30 and (b) does not properly reflect the activity, business or income of a
31 taxpayer within the metropolitan commuter transportation district, then
32 the commissioner shall be authorized, in the commissioner's discretion,
33 to adjust such methodology, procedures and computations for the purpose
34 of allocating such taxes by:

35 (A) excluding one or more factors therein;

36 (B) including one or more other factors therein, such as expenses,
37 purchases, receipts other than premiums, real property or tangible
38 personal property; or

39 (C) any other similar or different method which allocates such taxes
40 by attributing a fair and proper portion of such taxes to the metropol-
41 itan commuter transportation district. The commissioner from time to
42 time shall publish all rulings of general public interest with respect
43 to any application of the provisions of the preceding sentence. The
44 commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations to further implement
45 the provisions of this section.

46 (3) Such tax surcharge shall be computed at the rate of [eighteen
47 percent of the taxes imposed under sections fifteen hundred one and
48 fifteen hundred ten of this article as limited by section fifteen
49 hundred five of this article, as allocated to such district, for such
50 taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending before December
51 thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any
52 credits otherwise allowable under this article, at the rate of seventeen
53 percent of the taxes imposed under such sections as limited by section
54 fifteen hundred five of this article, as allocated to such district, for
55 such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after
56 December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three and before January

1 first, two thousand three after the deduction of any credits otherwise
2 allowable under this article, and at the rate of] seventeen percent of
3 the taxes imposed under sections fifteen hundred one, fifteen hundred
4 two-a, and fifteen hundred ten of this article, as limited or otherwise
5 determined by subdivision (a) or (b) of section fifteen hundred five of
6 this article, as allocated to such district, [for such taxable years or
7 any part of such taxable years ending after December thirty-first, two
8 thousand two] after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable
9 under this article[; provided, however, that the tax surcharge imposed
10 by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than
11 four hundred thirty-two months]. Provided however, that for taxable
12 years commencing on or after July first, two thousand, and in the case
13 of taxpayers subject to tax under section fifteen hundred two-a of this
14 article, for taxable years of such taxpayers beginning on or after July
15 first, two thousand and before January first, two thousand three, such
16 surcharge shall be calculated as if (i) the rate of the tax computed
17 under paragraph one of subdivision (a) of section fifteen hundred two of
18 this article was nine percent and (ii) the rate of the limitation on tax
19 set forth in section fifteen hundred five of this article for domestic,
20 foreign and alien insurance corporations except life insurance corpo-
21 rations was two and six-tenths percent.

22 S 89. Section 1825 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part E
23 of chapter 25 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

24 S 1825. Violation of secrecy provisions of the tax law.--Any person
25 who violates the provisions of subdivision (b) of section twenty-one,
26 subdivision one of section two hundred two, subdivision eight of section
27 two hundred eleven, subdivision (a) of section three hundred fourteen,
28 subdivision one or two of section four hundred thirty-seven, section
29 four hundred eighty-seven, subdivision one or two of section five
30 hundred fourteen, subsection (e) of section six hundred ninety-seven,
31 subsection (a) of section nine hundred ninety-four, subdivision (a) of
32 section eleven hundred forty-six, section twelve hundred eighty-seven,
33 subdivision (a) of section fourteen hundred eighteen, [subsection (a) of
34 section fourteen hundred sixty-seven,] subdivision (a) of section
35 fifteen hundred eighteen, subdivision (a) of section fifteen hundred
36 fifty-five of this chapter, and subdivision (e) of section 11-1797 of
37 the administrative code of the city of New York shall be guilty of a
38 misdemeanor.

39 S 90. Subdivisions (s) and (t) of section 957 of the general municipal
40 law, as amended by section 1 of part S1 of chapter 57 of the laws of
41 2009, are amended to read as follows:

42 (s) "Qualified investment project" shall mean a project (i) located
43 within an empire zone, (ii) at which five hundred or more jobs will be
44 created, provided such jobs are new to the state and are in addition to
45 any other jobs previously created by the owner of such project in the
46 state, and (iii) which will consist of tangible personal property and
47 other tangible property, including buildings and structural components
48 of buildings, described in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and
49 clause (A) or (C) of subparagraph (v) of paragraph (b) of subdivision
50 [twelve-B] THREE of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of the tax law, the
51 basis of which for federal income tax purposes will equal or exceed
52 seven hundred fifty million dollars. Provided however, the owner of such
53 project does not employ more than two hundred persons in the state at
54 the time such project is commenced.

55 (t) "Significant capital investment project" shall mean a project (i)
56 located within an empire zone, (ii) which will be either a newly

1 constructed facility or a newly constructed addition to or expansion of
2 a qualified investment project, consisting of tangible personal property
3 and other tangible property, including buildings and structural compo-
4 nents of buildings, described in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
5 and clause (A) or (C) of subparagraph (v) of paragraph (b) of subdivi-
6 sion [twelve-B] THREE of section two hundred [ten] TEN-B of the tax law,
7 the basis of which for federal income tax purposes will equal or exceed
8 seven hundred fifty million dollars, (iii) which is constructed after
9 the basis for federal income tax purposes of the property comprising
10 such qualified investment project equals or exceeds seven hundred fifty
11 million dollars, and (iv) at which five hundred or more jobs will be
12 created, provided such jobs are new to the state and are in addition to
13 any other jobs previously created by the owner of such project in the
14 state.

15 S 91. Subclauses (III) and (IV) of clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of
16 paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 292 of the tax law, as amended
17 by section 3 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to
18 read as follows:

19 (III) [The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if
20 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
21 and in the form specified by the commissioner, that: (a) the royalty
22 payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organized
23 under the laws of a country other than the United States; (b) the
24 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
25 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (c)
26 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
27 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
28 taxpayer; (d) the related member's income from the transaction was taxed
29 in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that
30 imposed by this state; and (e) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or
31 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
32 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

33 (IV)] The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the
34 taxpayer and the commissioner agree in writing to the application or use
35 of alternative adjustments or computations. The commissioner may, in his
36 or her discretion, agree to the application or use of alternative
37 adjustments or computations when he or she concludes that in the absence
38 of such agreement the income of the taxpayer would not be properly
39 reflected.

40 S 92. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of
41 subsection (r) of section 612 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of
42 part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as
43 follows:

44 (iii) [The adjustment required in this subsection shall not apply if
45 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
46 and in the form specified by the commissioner, that: (I) the royalty
47 payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organized
48 under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the
49 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
50 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III)
51 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
52 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
53 taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was
54 taxed in such country at an effective tax rate at least equal to that
55 imposed by this state; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or

1 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
2 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.
3 (iv)] The adjustment required in this subsection shall not apply if
4 the taxpayer and the commissioner agree in writing to the application or
5 use of alternative adjustments or computations. The commissioner may, in
6 his or her discretion, agree to the application or use of alternative
7 adjustments or computations when he or she concludes that in the absence
8 of such agreement the income of the taxpayer would not be properly
9 reflected.

10 S 93. Intentionally omitted.

11 S 94. Subclauses (III) and (IV) of clause (ii) of subparagraph (B) of
12 paragraph 14 of subdivision (b) of section 1503 of the tax law, as
13 amended by section 8 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are
14 amended to read as follows:

15 (III) [The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if
16 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
17 and in the form specified by the commissioner, that: (a) the royalty
18 payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organized
19 under the laws of a country other than the United States; (b) the
20 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
21 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (c)
22 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
23 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
24 taxpayer; (d) the related member's income from the transaction was taxed
25 in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that
26 imposed by this state; and (e) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or
27 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
28 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

29 (IV)] The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the
30 taxpayer and the commissioner agree in writing to the application or use
31 of alternative adjustments or computations. The commissioner may, in his
32 or her discretion, agree to the application or use of alternative
33 adjustments or computations when he or she concludes that in the absence
34 of such agreement the income of the taxpayer would not be properly
35 reflected.

36 S 95. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of
37 subdivision (e) of section 11-506 of the administrative code of the city
38 of New York, as amended by section 9 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws
39 of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

40 (iii) [The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if
41 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
42 and in the form specified by the commissioner of finance, that: (I) the
43 royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organ-
44 ized under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the
45 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
46 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III)
47 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
48 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
49 taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was
50 taxed in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that
51 imposed by this city; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or
52 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
53 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

54 (iv)] The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if
55 the taxpayer and the commissioner of finance agree in writing to the
56 application or use of alternative adjustments or computations. The

1 commissioner of finance may, in his or her discretion, agree to the
2 application or use of alternative adjustments or computations when he or
3 she concludes that in the absence of such agreement the income of the
4 taxpayer would not be properly reflected.

5 S 96. Subclauses (iii) and (iv) of clause (B) of subparagraph 2 of
6 paragraph (n) of subdivision 8 of section 11-602 of the administrative
7 code of the city of New York, as amended by section 10 of part E of
8 chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

9 (iii) [The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if
10 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
11 and in the form specified by the commissioner of finance, that: (I) the
12 royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organ-
13 ized under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the
14 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
15 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III)
16 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
17 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
18 taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was
19 taxed in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that
20 imposed by this city; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or
21 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
22 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

23 (iv)] The adjustment required in this paragraph shall not apply if the
24 taxpayer and the commissioner of finance agree in writing to the appli-
25 cation or use of alternative adjustments or computations. The commis-
26 sioner of finance may, in his or her discretion, agree to the applica-
27 tion or use of alternative adjustments or computations when he or she
28 concludes that in the absence of such agreement the income of the
29 taxpayer would not be properly reflected.

30 S 97. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of
31 subdivision (q) of section 11-641 of the administrative code of the city
32 of New York, as amended by section 11 of part E of chapter 59 of the
33 laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

34 (iii) [The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if
35 the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type
36 and in the form specified by the commissioner of finance, that: (I) the
37 royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organ-
38 ized under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the
39 related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehen-
40 sive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III)
41 the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base
42 that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the
43 taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was
44 taxed in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that
45 imposed by this city; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or
46 incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid busi-
47 ness purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

48 (iv)] The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if
49 the taxpayer and the commissioner of finance agree in writing to the
50 application or use of alternative adjustments or computations. The
51 commissioner of finance may, in his or her discretion, agree to the
52 application or use of alternative adjustments or computations when he or
53 she concludes that in the absence of such agreement the income of the
54 taxpayer would not be properly reflected.

55 S 98. Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of
56 subdivision (t) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the

city of New York, as amended by section 12 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

(iii) [The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if the taxpayer establishes, by clear and convincing evidence of the type and in the form specified by the commissioner of finance, that: (I) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States; (II) the related member's income from the transaction was subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States; (III) the related member was subject to tax in a foreign nation on a tax base that included the royalty payment paid, accrued or incurred by the taxpayer; (IV) the related member's income from the transaction was taxed in such country at an effective rate of tax at least equal to that imposed by this city; and (V) the royalty payment was paid, accrued or incurred pursuant to a transaction that was undertaken for a valid business purpose and using terms that reflect an arm's length relationship.

(iv)] The adjustment required in this subdivision shall not apply if the taxpayer and the commissioner of finance agree in writing to the application or use of alternative adjustments or computations. The commissioner of finance may, in his or her discretion, agree to the application or use of alternative adjustments or computations when he or she concludes that in the absence of such agreement the income of the taxpayer would not be properly reflected.

S 99. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary and notwithstanding the repeal of article 32 of the tax law by section one of this act, the repeal of section 180 of the tax law by section two of this act and the repeal of section 181 of the tax law by section three of this act, all provisions of such article and such sections, in respect to the imposition, exemption, assessment, payment, payment over, determination, collection, and credit or refund of tax, interest and penalty imposed thereunder, the filing of forms and returns, the preservation of records for the purposes of such tax, the secrecy of returns, the disposition of revenues, and the civil and criminal penalties applicable to the violation of the provisions of such article 32 and such sections 180 and 181, shall continue in full force and effect with respect to all such tax accrued for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2015; and all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, commenced or authorized to be commenced under or by virtue of any provision of such article 32 or by virtue of any provision of such section 180 or 181 so repealed, and pending or able to be commenced immediately prior to the taking effect of such repeal, may be commenced, prosecuted and defended to final effect in the same manner as they might if such provisions were not so repealed.

S 100. Subdivision 1 of section 187 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 2 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

1. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be credited against the taxes imposed by this article, other than the taxes and fees imposed by sections [one hundred eighty, one hundred eighty-one,] one hundred eighty-six-a and one hundred eighty-six-e of this chapter. The amount of the credit shall be the amount of the special additional mortgage recording tax paid by the taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of subdivision one-a of section two hundred fifty-three of this chapter on mortgages recorded on and after January first, nineteen hundred seventy-nine. Provided, however, that the amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of this chapter shall be the excess of the amount of such special additional mort-

1 gage recording tax paid over the amount of any credit allowed by this
2 section against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of
3 this chapter. Provided further, however, no credit shall be allowed with
4 respect to a mortgage of real property principally improved or to be
5 improved by one or more structures containing in the aggregate not more
6 than six residential dwelling units, each dwelling unit having its own
7 separate cooking facilities, where the real property is located in one
8 or more of the counties comprising the metropolitan commuter transporta-
9 tion district and where the mortgage is recorded on or after May first,
10 nineteen hundred eighty-seven. Provided further, however, no credit
11 shall be allowed with respect to a mortgage of real property principally
12 improved or to be improved by one or more structures containing in the
13 aggregate not more than six residential dwelling units, each dwelling
14 unit having its own separate cooking facilities, where the real property
15 is located in the county of Erie and where the mortgage is recorded on
16 or after May first, nineteen hundred eighty-seven.

17 S 101. Subdivision 1 of section 187-a of the tax law, as added by
18 chapter 142 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

19 1. Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be
20 computed as hereinafter provided, against the taxes imposed by this
21 article, other than the taxes imposed by sections [one hundred eighty,
22 one hundred eighty-one,] one hundred eighty-six-a, one hundred eighty-
23 six-e and one hundred eighty-nine of this article, for employing within
24 the state a qualified employee. Provided, however, the amount of credit
25 allowed by this section against the tax imposed by section one hundred
26 eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the credit computed
27 under this section over the amount of credit allowed by this section
28 against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this
29 article.

30 S 102. Subdivision 1 of section 190 of the tax law, as amended by
31 section 17 of part B of chapter 58 of the laws of 2004, is amended to
32 read as follows:

33 1. General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
34 imposed by this article[, other than the taxes and fees imposed by
35 sections one hundred eighty and one hundred eighty-one of this article,]
36 equal to twenty percent of the premium paid during the taxable year for
37 long-term care insurance. In order to qualify for such credit, the
38 taxpayer's premium payment must be for the purchase of or for continuing
39 coverage under a long-term care insurance policy that qualifies for such
40 credit pursuant to section one thousand one hundred seventeen of the
41 insurance law.

42 S 103. Subdivision 5 of section 192 of the tax law is REPEALED.

43 S 104. Clauses 1 and 2 of subparagraph (A) and subparagraph (B) of
44 paragraph (iii) of subdivision 9 of section 16-v of section 1 of chapter
45 174 of the laws of 1968 constituting the urban development corporation
46 act, as added by section 1 of part C of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013,
47 is amended to read as follows:

48 (1) over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the
49 holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is
50 owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer
51 subject to tax under the following provisions of the tax law: article
52 nine-A; section one hundred eighty-three, OR one hundred eighty-four [or
53 one hundred eighty-five] of article nine; [article thirty-two] or arti-
54 cle thirty-three; or

55 (2) is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a busi-
56 ness entity (or entities) taxable or previously taxable under the

1 following provisions of the tax law: article nine-A; section one hundred
2 eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eight-
3 y-five or former section one hundred eighty-six of article nine; FORMER
4 article thirty-two; article thirty-three; article twenty-three, or would
5 have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such arti-
6 cle was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the
7 income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twen-
8 ty-two; or

9 (B) a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, limited
10 liability company, or New York subchapter S corporation that is not
11 substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity
12 (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under article nine-A of
13 the tax law, section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four,
14 FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or former section one hundred
15 eighty-six of article nine of the tax law, FORMER article thirty-two or
16 ARTICLE thirty-three of the tax law, article twenty-three of the tax law
17 or which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three
18 (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred
19 eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under
20 article twenty-two of the tax law; and

21 S 105. Section 206 of the tax law, as added by chapter 69 of the laws
22 of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

23 S 206. Deposit and disposition of revenue. The [license fees,]
24 taxes, percentage, interest and other charges imposed by this article
25 shall be collected and deposited and receipts therefor issued by the
26 [tax commission, except that such license fees, taxes, percentage,
27 interest and other charges imposed by section one hundred eighty of this
28 chapter shall be collected and deposited and receipts therefor issued by
29 the proper state officer in accordance with the provisions of subdivi-
30 sion two of section one hundred eighty of this chapter,] COMMISSIONER
31 and all revenues so collected or received shall be deposited and
32 disposed of pursuant to the provisions of section one hundred seventy-
33 one-a of this chapter.

34 S 106. Subsection (a) of section 1080 of the tax law, as added by
35 chapter 188 of the laws of 1964, is amended to read as follows:

36 (a) General.--- The provisions of this article shall apply to the
37 administration of and the procedures with respect to the taxes imposed
38 by articles nine [(except section one hundred eighty)], AND nine-a[,
39 nine-b and nine-c] of this chapter for taxable years or periods ending
40 on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred sixty-four.

41 S 107. Subdivisions (a) and (c) of section 1809 of the tax law, as
42 added by section 1 of subpart A of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of
43 2010, are amended to read as follows:

44 (a) Any person who, with intent to evade payment of any tax imposed
45 under article nine [(other than under section one hundred eighty or one
46 hundred eighty-one)], nine-A, thirteen, [thirty-two,] thirty-three or
47 thirty-three-A of this chapter, fails to file a return or report for
48 three consecutive taxable years shall be guilty of a class E felony,
49 provided that such person had an unpaid tax liability, in excess of the
50 threshold amount with respect to each of the three consecutive taxable
51 years. The threshold amount in the case of a taxable year under article
52 nine-A of this chapter ending after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred
53 eighty-nine is the applicable fixed dollar minimum prescribed under
54 paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this
55 chapter. In the event such fixed dollar minimum is less than two hundred
56 fifty dollars, the threshold amount in the case of such taxable year is

1 two hundred fifty dollars. In all other cases the threshold amount is
2 two hundred fifty dollars.

3 (c) As used in this section, the terms "return" and "report" shall
4 mean a return or report required under section one hundred ninety-two,
5 two hundred eleven, two hundred ninety-four, [fourteen hundred sixty-
6 two,] fifteen hundred fifteen or fifteen hundred fifty-four of this
7 chapter. It shall not include any return or report referred to in
8 section one hundred ninety-seven-a, two hundred thirteen-a, [fourteen
9 hundred sixty] or fifteen hundred thirteen of this chapter.

10 S 108. Paragraphs (d), (e), (g), (h) and (q) of section 104-A of the
11 business corporation law, subdivisions (d), (e) and (q) as amended by
12 chapter 166 of the laws of 1991, subdivision (g) as added by chapter 591
13 of the laws of 1982, and subdivision (h) as amended by chapter 117 of
14 the laws of 1986, are amended to read as follows:

15 (d) For filing a certificate of incorporation pursuant to section four
16 hundred two of this chapter, one hundred twenty-five dollars [plus the
17 tax on shares prescribed by section one hundred eighty of the tax law].

18 (e) For filing a certificate of amendment pursuant to section eight
19 hundred five of this chapter, sixty dollars [plus the tax on shares
20 prescribed by section one hundred eighty of the tax law if such certif-
21 icate shows a change of shares].

22 (g) For filing a restated certificate of incorporation pursuant to
23 section eight hundred seven of this chapter, sixty dollars [plus the tax
24 on shares prescribed by section one hundred eighty of the tax law if
25 such certificate shows a change of shares].

26 (h) For filing a certificate of merger or consolidation pursuant to
27 section nine hundred four of this chapter, or a certificate of exchange
28 pursuant to section nine hundred thirteen (other than paragraph (g) of
29 section nine hundred thirteen) of this chapter, sixty dollars [plus the
30 tax on shares prescribed by section one hundred eighty of the tax law if
31 such certificate shows a change of shares].

32 (q) For filing a certificate of incorporation by a professional
33 service corporation pursuant to section fifteen hundred three of this
34 chapter, one hundred twenty-five dollars [plus the tax on shares
35 prescribed by section one hundred eighty of the tax law].

36 S 109. Subdivision 8 of section 7-a of the general associations law,
37 as added by chapter 575 of the laws of 1964, is amended to read as
38 follows:

39 8. The provisions of section ninety-six of the executive law prescrib-
40 ing the fee to be collected by the department of state for filing a
41 certificate of incorporation under the business corporation law shall
42 apply to the certificate of incorporation to be filed pursuant to this
43 section[, and the organization tax payable under section one hundred
44 eighty of the tax law in respect of a corporation formed under the busi-
45 ness corporation law shall be paid before the department of state shall
46 file such certificate of incorporation].

47 S 110. Severability. If any provision of this act shall for any reason
48 be finally adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be inval-
49 id, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder
50 of this act, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision
51 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have
52 been rendered. It is hereby declared to be in the intent of the legisla-
53 ture that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid
54 provision had not been included in this act. Provided further, if a
55 court of final, competent jurisdiction adjudges the tax rates imposed on
56 qualified New York manufacturers to be invalid, qualified New York

1 manufacturers shall be subject to the same tax rates as all other
2 taxpayers subject to tax under article 9-A of the tax law. Provided
3 further, if a court of final, competent jurisdiction adjudges that any
4 of the tax credits provided by this act to be invalid, such credit or
5 credits shall be deemed repealed and shall be of no force and effect as
6 to any taxpayers.

7 S 111. This act shall take effect January 1, 2015 and shall apply to
8 taxable years commencing on or after such date; provided that the amend-
9 ments to section 25 of the tax law made by section forty-three of this
10 act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed
11 repealed therewith; provided, further, that the amendments to the open-
12 ing paragraph of subdivision (a), subparagraph (C) of paragraph 2 of
13 subdivision (e) and subdivision (f) of section 35 of the tax law made by
14 section fifty of this act shall not affect the repeal of such provisions
15 and shall be deemed repealed therewith; provided, further, that the
16 amendments to clause (xxxi) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of
17 subsection (i) of section 606 of the tax law made by section sixty-eight
18 of this act shall not affect the repeal of such clause and shall be
19 deemed repealed therewith; provided, further, that the amendments to
20 clause (xxxiii) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of
21 section 606 of the tax law made by section sixty-eight of this act shall
22 not affect the repeal of such clause and shall be deemed repealed there-
23 with; and provided, further, that the amendments to clause (ii) of
24 subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 of subsection (q), paragraph 3 of
25 subsection (s) and the closing paragraph of paragraph 1 of subsection
26 (t) of section 1085 of the tax law made by section eighty-one of this
27 act shall not affect the repeal of such provisions and shall be deemed
28 repealed therewith.

29

PART B

30 Section 1. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 14 of
31 section 425 of the real property tax law, as added by section 1 of part
32 J of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

33 (iii) An owner who fails to register by the registration deadline so
34 established shall be permitted to file a petition with the commissioner
35 requesting that the commissioner excuse such failure and accept a late
36 registration, provided that such petition shall explain why such failure
37 occurred and shall be filed no later than one year after such deadline,
38 AND PROVIDED FURTHER THAT IF THE COMMISSIONER ACCEPTS A LATE REGISTRA-
39 TION AFTER HAVING DIRECTED THE REMOVAL OF THE BASIC STAR EXEMPTION FROM
40 THE PROPERTY TO WHICH THE REGISTRATION PERTAINS, THEN IN LIEU OF DIRECT-
41 ING THE EXEMPTION TO BE RESTORED, THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED IN HIS
42 OR HER DISCRETION TO REMIT DIRECTLY TO THE PROPERTY OWNER OR OWNERS THE
43 TAX SAVINGS THAT THE EXEMPTION WOULD HAVE YIELDED HAD IT NOT BEEN
44 REMOVED, AND TO FURTHER DIRECT THE ASSESSOR TO RESTORE THE EXEMPTION ON
45 A PROSPECTIVE BASIS WITHOUT A NEW APPLICATION UNLESS THE ASSESSOR HAS
46 REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE PROPERTY OWNER IS NO LONGER ELIGIBLE FOR
47 REASONS OTHER THAN A FAILURE TO REGISTER;

48 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
49 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2014.

50

PART C

51 Section 1. Section 2 of chapter 540 of the laws of 1992, amending the
52 real property tax law relating to oil and gas charges, as amended by

1 section 1 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to
2 read as follows:

3 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
4 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 1992; provided,
5 however that any charges imposed by section 593 of the real property tax
6 law as added by section one of this act shall first be due for values
7 for assessment rolls with tentative completion dates after July 1, 1992,
8 and provided further, that this act shall remain in full force and
9 effect until March 31, [2015] 2018, at which time section 593 of the
10 real property tax law as added by section one of this act shall be
11 repealed.

12 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

13

PART D

14 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 236 of the racing, pari-mutuel
15 wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws of 2008,
16 is amended to read as follows:

17 1. Every corporation authorized under this chapter to conduct pari-mu-
18 tuel betting at a race meeting on races run thereat, except as provided
19 in section two hundred thirty-eight of this article with respect to the
20 franchised corporation, shall distribute all sums deposited in any pari-
21 mutuel pool to the holders of winning tickets therein, providing such
22 tickets be presented for payment before April first of the year follow-
23 ing the year of their purchase, less an amount which shall be estab-
24 lished and retained by such racing corporation of between fourteen to
25 twenty per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting from regular
26 on-track bets and less sixteen to twenty-two per centum of the total
27 deposits in pools resulting from multiple on-track bets and less twenty
28 to thirty per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting from exot-
29 ic on-track bets and less twenty to thirty-six per centum of the total
30 pools resulting from super exotic on-track bets, plus the breaks. The
31 retention rate to be established is subject to the prior approval of the
32 [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION. Such rate may not be changed
33 more than once per calendar quarter to be effective on the first day of
34 the calendar quarter. "Exotic bets" and "multiple bets" shall have the
35 meanings set forth in section five hundred nineteen of this chapter and
36 breaks are hereby defined as the odd cents over any multiple of ten, or
37 for exotic bets over any multiple of fifty, or for super exotic bets,
38 over any multiple of one hundred, calculated on the basis of one dollar,
39 otherwise payable to a patron provided, however, that effective after
40 October fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-four breaks are hereby
41 defined as the odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs greater
42 than one dollar five cents but less than five dollars, over any multiple
43 of ten for payoffs greater than five dollars but less than twenty-five
44 dollars, over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs greater than twen-
45 ty-five dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or over any
46 multiple of fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars. "Super
47 exotic bets" shall have the meaning set forth in section three hundred
48 one of this chapter. Of the amount so retained there shall be paid by
49 such corporation to the department of taxation and finance as a reason-
50 able tax by the state for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel
51 betting on the races run at the race meeting held by such corporation,
52 which tax is hereby levied, the following percentages of the total pool,
53 plus fifty-five per centum of the breaks; the applicable rates for regu-
54 lar and multiple bets shall be one and one-half per centum; the applica-

ble rates for exotic bets shall be six and three-quarter per centum and the applicable rate for super exotic bets shall be seven and three-quarter per centum. Effective on and after September first, nineteen hundred ninety-four, the applicable tax rate shall be one per centum of all wagers, provided that, an amount equal to one-half the difference between the taxation rate for on-track regular, multiple and exotic bets as of December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-three and the rates on such on-track wagers as herein provided shall be used exclusively for purses. Provided, however, that for any twelve-month period beginning on April first in nineteen hundred ninety and any year thereafter, each of the applicable rates set forth above shall be increased by one-quarter of one per centum on all on-track bets of any such racing corporation that did not expend an amount equal to at least one-half of one per centum of its on-track bets during the immediately preceding calendar year for enhancements consisting of capital improvements as defined by section two hundred thirty-seven of this article, repairs to its physical plant, structures, and equipment used in its racing or wagering operations as certified by the [state racing and wagering board] COMMISSION to the commissioner of taxation and finance no later than eighty days after the close of such calendar year, and five special events at each track in each calendar year, not otherwise conducted in the ordinary course of business, the purpose of which shall be to encourage, attract and promote track attendance and encourage new and continued patronage, which events shall be approved by the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION for purposes of this subdivision. In the determination of the amounts expended for such enhancements, the [board] COMMISSION may consider the immediately preceding twelve month calendar period or the average of the two immediately preceding twelve month calendar periods. Provided further, however, that of the portion of the increased amounts retained by such corporation above those amounts retained in nineteen hundred eighty-four, an amount of such increase shall be distributed to purses in the same proportion as commissions and purses were distributed during nineteen hundred eighty-four as certified by the [board] COMMISSION. Such corporation in the second zone shall receive a credit against the daily tax imposed by this subdivision in an amount equal to one per centum of total daily pools resulting from the simulcast of such corporation's races to licensed facilities operated by regional off-track betting corporations in accordance with section one thousand eight of this chapter, provided however, that sixty per centum of the amount of such credit shall be used exclusively to increase purses for overnight races conducted by such corporation; and, provided further, that in no event shall such total daily credit exceed one per centum of the total daily pool of such corporation. Provided, however, that on and after September first, nineteen hundred ninety-four such credit shall be four-tenths percent of total daily pools resulting from such simulcasting and that in no event shall such total daily credit equal four-tenths percent of the total daily pool of such corporation.

Such corporation shall pay to the New York state thoroughbred breeding and development fund one-half of one per centum of the total daily on-track pari-mutuel pools from regular, multiple and exotic bets, and three per centum of super exotic bets. The corporation shall receive credit as a reduction of the tax by the state for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting for the amounts, except amounts paid from super exotic betting pools, paid to the New York state thoroughbred breeding and development fund after January first, nineteen hundred seventy-eight.

1 Such corporation shall distribute to purses an amount equal to fifty
2 per centum of any compensation it receives from simulcasting or from
3 wagering conducted outside the United States. Such corporation shall pay
4 to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which
5 fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one per centum of the
6 total daily on-track pari-mutuel pools of such corporation.

7 S 2. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing,
8 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the
9 laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

10 (d) The pari-mutuel tax rate authorized by paragraph (a) of this
11 subdivision shall be effective so long as a franchised corporation noti-
12 fies the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION by August fifteenth of
13 each year that such pari-mutuel tax rate is effective of its intent to
14 conduct a race meeting at Aqueduct racetrack during the months of Decem-
15 ber, January, February, March and April. For purposes of this paragraph
16 such race meeting shall consist of not less than ninety-five days of
17 racing. Not later than May first of each year that such pari-mutuel tax
18 rate is effective, the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION shall
19 determine whether a race meeting at Aqueduct racetrack consisted of the
20 number of days as required by this paragraph. In determining the number
21 of race days, cancellation of a race day because of an act of God, which
22 the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION approves or because of weath-
23 er conditions that are unsafe or hazardous which the [racing and wager-
24 ing board] COMMISSION approves shall not be construed as a failure to
25 conduct a race day. Additionally, cancellation of a race day because of
26 circumstances beyond the control of such franchised corporation for
27 which the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION gives approval shall
28 not be construed as a failure to conduct a race day. If the [racing and
29 wagering board] COMMISSION determines that the number of days of racing
30 as required by this paragraph have not occurred then the pari-mutuel tax
31 rate in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall revert to the pari-mutu-
32 el tax rates in effect prior to January first, nineteen hundred ninety-
33 five. Such franchised corporation shall pay to the [racing and wagering
34 board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied,
35 [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one per centum of the total daily on-track
36 pari-mutuel pools of such franchised corporation.

37 S 3. Paragraph d of subdivision 1 of section 318 of the racing, pari-
38 mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3 of part B of
39 chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

40 d. Every harness racing association or corporation shall pay to the
41 [board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied,
42 [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total daily on-track
43 pari-mutuel pools of such association or corporation.

44 S 4. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 527 of the
45 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18
46 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

47 The disposition of the retained commission from pools resulting from
48 regular, multiple or exotic bets, as the case may be, whether placed on
49 races run within a region or outside a region, conducted by racing
50 corporations, harness racing associations or corporations, quarter horse
51 racing associations or corporations or races run outside the state shall
52 be governed by the tables in paragraphs a and b of this subdivision. The
53 rate denominated "state tax" shall represent the rate of a reasonable
54 tax imposed upon the retained commission for the privilege of conducting
55 off-track pari-mutuel betting, which tax is hereby levied and shall be
56 payable in the manner set forth in this section. Each off-track betting

1 corporation shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a
2 regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of
3 one percent of the total daily pools of such corporation. Each corpo-
4 ration shall also pay twenty per centum of the breaks derived from bets
5 on harness races and fifty per centum of the breaks derived from bets on
6 all other races to the agriculture and New York State horse breeding and
7 development fund and to the thoroughbred breeding and development fund,
8 the total of such payments to be apportioned fifty per centum to each
9 such fund. For the purposes of this section, the New York city, Suffolk,
10 Nassau, and the Catskill regions shall constitute a single region and
11 any thoroughbred track located within the Capital District region shall
12 be deemed to be within such single region. A "regional meeting" shall
13 refer to either harness or thoroughbred meetings, or both, except that a
14 franchised corporation shall not be a regional track for the purpose of
15 receiving distributions from bets on thoroughbred races conducted by a
16 thoroughbred track in the Catskill region conducting a mixed meeting.
17 With the exception of a harness racing association or corporation first
18 licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering at a track located in Tioga
19 county after January first, two thousand five, racing corporations first
20 licensed to conduct pari-mutuel racing after January first, nineteen
21 hundred eighty-six or a harness racing association or corporation first
22 licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering at a track located in Genesee
23 County after January first, two thousand five, and quarter horse tracks
24 shall not be "regional tracks"; if there is more than one harness track
25 within a region, such tracks shall evenly divide payments made pursuant
26 to the tables in paragraphs a and b of this subdivision when neither
27 track is running. In the event a track elects to reduce its retained
28 percentage from any or all of its pari-mutuel pools, the payments to the
29 track holding the race and the regional track required by paragraphs a
30 and b of this subdivision shall be reduced in proportion to such
31 reduction. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the
32 conduct of off-track betting contrary to the provisions of section five
33 hundred twenty-three of this article.

34 S 5. Paragraph a of subdivision 1 of section 904 of the racing, pari-
35 mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws
36 of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

37 a. The applicable state tax provided for in paragraphs a and b of
38 subdivision one of section five hundred twenty-seven of this chapter
39 shall be one-half per centum for regular, multiple and exotic bets. Any
40 harness racing or association or corporation, or thoroughbred racing
41 corporation authorized pursuant to this section shall pay to the [racing
42 and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby
43 levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total daily pari-
44 mutuel pools.

45 S 6. Paragraph g of subdivision 3 of section 1007 of the racing, pari-
46 mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws
47 of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

48 g. Any harness racing or association or corporation, or thoroughbred
49 racing corporation authorized pursuant to this section shall pay to the
50 [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is
51 hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total
52 daily pari-mutuel pools.

53 S 7. Paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 1008 of the racing, pari-
54 mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 7 of part B of
55 chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

b. Of the sums received by the sending track, fifty percent shall be distributed to purses in addition to moneys distributed pursuant to section five hundred twenty-seven of this chapter. The off-track betting corporation shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total daily pools.

S 8. Paragraph d of subdivision 4 of section 1009 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 8 of part B of chapter 59 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

d. The operator shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total daily pools.

S 9. Subparagraph (iv) of paragraph i of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(iv) Any thoroughbred racing corporation or harness racing association or corporation or off-track betting corporation authorized pursuant to this section shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of all wagering pools.

S 10. Paragraph e of subdivision 3 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

e. Any thoroughbred racing corporation or harness racing association or corporation or off-track betting corporation authorized pursuant to this section shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of all wagering pools.

S 11. Clause (B) of subparagraph 2 of paragraph b of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(B) Any harness racing or association or corporation or thoroughbred racing corporation authorized pursuant to this section shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of the total daily pari-mutuel pools.

S 12. Paragraph b of subdivision 2 of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 18 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

b. Any thoroughbred racing corporation or harness racing association or corporation or off-track betting corporation shall pay to the [racing and wagering board] COMMISSION as a regulatory fee, which fee is hereby levied, [fifty] SIXTY hundredths of one percent of all wagering pools.

S 13. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART E

Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 653 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 65 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

(a) General. (1) Any return, statement or other document required to be made pursuant to this article shall be signed in accordance with regulations or instructions prescribed by the [tax commission] COMMISSIONER. The fact that an individual's name is signed to a return, statement, or other document, shall be prima facie evidence for all

purposes that the return, statement or other document was actually signed by him OR HER.

(2) IN THE CASE OF AN ELECTRONICALLY FILED INDIVIDUAL'S PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN PREPARED BY A TAX PREPARER, AN AUTHORIZATION TO FILE ANY RETURN, STATEMENT OR OTHER DOCUMENT REQUIRED TO BE MADE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE SIGNED BY THE TAXPAYER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REGULATIONS OR INSTRUCTIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER AND RECEIVED ELECTRONICALLY BY THE TAX PREPARER SHALL SATISFY THE SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to returns filed for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

PART F

Section 1. Clause (C) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by section 3 of part E of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

(C) For final assessment rolls to be completed in [each ensuing year] THE YEARS TWO THOUSAND FOUR THROUGH TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, the applicable income tax year, cost-of-living-adjustment percentage and applicable increase percentage shall all be advanced by one year, and the income standard shall be the previously-applicable income standard increased by the new cost-of-living-adjustment percentage. If there should be a year for which there is no applicable increase percentage due to a general benefit increase as defined by subdivision three of subsection (i) of section four hundred fifteen of title forty-two of the United States code, the applicable increase percentage for purposes of this computation shall be deemed to be the percentage which would have yielded that general benefit increase. FOR FINAL ASSESSMENT ROLLS TO BE COMPLETED IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND THEREAFTER, THE APPLICABLE INCOME TAX YEAR SHALL BE ADVANCED BY ONE YEAR, AND ELIGIBILITY FOR THE ENHANCED EXEMPTION SHALL BE BASED UPON THE INCOME STANDARD APPLIED FOR FINAL ASSESSMENT ROLLS COMPLETED IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to assessment rolls completed in 2015 and thereafter.

PART G

Section 1. Section 2 of part I of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, relating to providing an enhanced earned income tax credit, as amended by section 1 of part L of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006 and before January 1, [2015] 2017.

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART H

Section 1. The general obligations law is amended by adding a new section 3-505 to read as follows:

S 3-505. ENFORCEMENT OF DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITIES THROUGH ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCES FOR OCCUPATIONAL, PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS LICENSES.

1. AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

1 A. "GOVERNMENT ENTITY" MEANS THE STATE OF NEW YORK, OR ANY OF ITS
2 AGENCIES, POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS, INSTRUMENTALITIES, PUBLIC CORPORATIONS
3 (INCLUDING A PUBLIC CORPORATION CREATED PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT OR COMPACT
4 WITH ANOTHER STATE OR CANADA), OR COMBINATION THEREOF, RESPONSIBLE FOR
5 DETERMINING WHETHER A LICENSE SHALL BE ISSUED OR RENEWED.

6 B. "ELECTRONIC LICENSE APPLICATION" MEANS ANY ELECTRONIC DATA FORM
7 THAT MUST BE COMPLETED BY AN APPLICANT TO OBTAIN OR RENEW A LICENSE, OR
8 AN ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESS WHICH IS USED BY A GOVERNMENT ENTITY TO PROC-
9 ESS DATA RECEIVED FROM AN APPLICANT SEEKING TO RECEIVE OR RENEW A
10 LICENSE.

11 C. "ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE" MEANS AN ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION FROM
12 THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE INDICATING THAT AN APPLICANT HAD
13 NO PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION ONE
14 HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE-W OF THE TAX LAW, OR THAT NO CONCLUSIVE MATCH COULD
15 BE MADE.

16 D. "LICENSE" MEANS ANY CERTIFICATE, LICENSE, PERMIT OR GRANT OF
17 PERMISSION REQUIRED BY LAW OR AGENCY REGULATION AS A CONDITION FOR THE
18 LAWFUL PRACTICE OF ANY OCCUPATION, EMPLOYMENT, TRADE, VOCATION, BUSI-
19 NESS, OR PROFESSION, INCLUDING ANY REGISTRATION REQUIRED BY LAW OR AGEN-
20 CY REGULATION AS A CONDITION FOR SUCH LAWFUL PRACTICE. THIS SHALL
21 INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, ANY LICENSE GRANTED TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR
22 ENTITY BY THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, OR
23 THE OFFICE OF COURT ADMINISTRATION. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT "LICENSE"
24 SHALL NOT, FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDE ANY LICENSE OR
25 PERMIT TO OWN, POSSESS, CARRY, OR FIRE ANY EXPLOSIVE, PISTOL, HANDGUN,
26 RIFLE, SHOTGUN, OTHER FIREARM OR AMMUNITION.

27 2. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, AND WHEN NOT ALREADY
28 REQUIRED BY ANOTHER PROVISION OF LAW OR REGULATION, ANY GOVERNMENT ENTI-
29 TY MAY ELECT TO CONDITION THE ISSUANCE OR RENEWAL OF A LICENSE ON THE
30 ABSENCE OF PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AND TO MAKE SUCH DETERMINATION
31 THROUGH THE RECEIPT OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE FROM THE DEPARTMENT
32 OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-
33 ONE-W OF THE TAX LAW.

34 3. ANY APPLICANT FOR A LICENSE SUBJECT TO ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE
35 SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE
36 GOVERNMENT ENTITY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE TO EFFI-
37 CIENTLY AND ACCURATELY PROVIDE AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE, AND THE
38 FAILURE BY THE APPLICANT TO PROVIDE SUCH INFORMATION SHALL RENDER THE
39 APPLICATION INCOMPLETE.

40 4. THE APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE SUBJECT TO ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE,
41 OR THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUCH APPLICATION, SHALL CLEARLY INFORM THE
42 APPLICANT THAT AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE WILL BE PERFORMED AND THAT,
43 IF THE TAX CLEARANCE IS DENIED, THE APPLICANT MUST CONTACT THE DEPART-
44 MENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE TO RESOLVE ANY PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES
45 BEFORE THE APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE OR RENEWAL MAY BE RESUBMITTED.

46 5. IF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE IS DENIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXA-
47 TION AND FINANCE, THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY SHALL DENY ISSUANCE OR RENEWAL
48 OF THE REQUESTED LICENSE AND SHALL ELECTRONICALLY NOTIFY THE APPLICANT
49 TO CONTACT THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE TO RESOLVE THE
50 PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AND THAT NO LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED OR RENEWED
51 UNTIL THE TAX LIABILITIES ARE RESOLVED.

52 6. ANY TAX CLEARANCE OR RELATED COMMUNICATIONS SHALL BE BY SECURE
53 ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE
54 AND THE REQUESTING GOVERNMENT ENTITY SUCH THAT PROCESSING OF THE ELEC-
55 TRONIC APPLICATION IS NOT DELAYED IF THE ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE IS
56 RECEIVED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW TO THE CONTRARY, A GOVERNMENT

1 ENTITY SHALL BE AUTHORIZED TO SHARE ANY APPLICANT DATA OR INFORMATION
2 WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE THAT IS NECESSARY TO ENSURE
3 THE PROPER MATCHING OF THE APPLICANT TO THE TAX RECORDS MAINTAINED BY
4 THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE.

5 7. NO FEE SHALL BE CHARGED TO THE APPLICANT FOR THE PURPOSES OF
6 RECEIVING AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE.

7 S 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 171-w to read as
8 follows:

9 S 171-W. ENFORCEMENT OF DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITIES THROUGH ELECTRONIC
10 TAX CLEARANCES FOR OCCUPATIONAL, PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS LICENSES. 1.
11 IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 3-505 OF THE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW, THE
12 COMMISSIONER SHALL COOPERATE WITH ANY GOVERNMENT ENTITY THAT ELECTS TO
13 REQUIRE AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE AS A PART OF AN ELECTRONIC LICENSE
14 APPLICATION PROCESS FOR WHICH THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY IS RESPONSIBLE. FOR
15 THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "TAX LIABILITIES" SHALL MEAN ANY
16 TAX, SURCHARGE, OR FEE ADMINISTERED BY THE COMMISSIONER, OR ANY PENALTY
17 OR INTEREST OWED BY AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY. THE TERM "PAST-DUE TAX
18 LIABILITIES" MEANS ANY UNPAID TAX LIABILITIES EQUAL TO OR IN EXCESS OF
19 FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS WHICH HAVE BECOME FIXED AND FINAL SUCH THAT THE
20 TAXPAYER NO LONGER HAS ANY RIGHT TO ADMINISTRATIVE OR JUDICIAL REVIEW.
21 FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERMS "GOVERNMENT ENTITY," "ELEC-
22 TRONIC LICENSE APPLICATION," AND "LICENSE" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING
23 AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 3-505 OF THE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW.

24 2. THE COMMISSIONER, OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE, SHALL COOPERATE WITH ANY
25 GOVERNMENT ENTITY EXERCISING ITS AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 3-505 OF
26 THE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW TO ESTABLISH PROCEDURES BY WHICH THE DEPART-
27 MENT SHALL ELECTRONICALLY RECEIVE A TAX CLEARANCE REQUEST AS AN ELEC-
28 TRONIC LICENSE APPLICATION IS PROCESSED, AND ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT
29 SUCH TAX CLEARANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY. THESE PROCEDURES SHALL
30 INCLUDE THE IDENTIFICATION OF OWNERS, OFFICERS OR RESPONSIBLE PERSONS
31 SUBJECT TO ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN APPLICATION
32 BY AN ENTITY, AND ANY OTHER PROCEDURES DEEMED NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE
33 PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

34 3. IN ANY INSTANCE WHERE A LICENSE OR LICENSE RENEWAL PROVIDED BY THE
35 GOVERNMENT ENTITY IS OF A TYPE THAT MAY BE ISSUED ONLY TO AN INDIVIDUAL
36 OR ENTITY THAT IS A PERSON REQUIRED TO REGISTER PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE
37 THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
38 ALSO VERIFY THAT THE APPLICANT IS REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION,
39 AND NO ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE MAY BE ISSUED UNLESS THE APPLICANT IS
40 REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION.

41 4. IF A TAX CLEARANCE IS DENIED, THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY PROCESSING THE
42 APPLICATION SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE APPLICANT TO CONTACT THE DEPART-
43 MENT. WHEN THE APPLICANT CONTACTS THE DEPARTMENT, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
44 INFORM THE APPLICANT (A) WHAT PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES ARE AT ISSUE; (B)
45 THAT AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE MAY BE RECEIVED BY FULLY SATISFYING THE
46 PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES OR BY MAKING PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY
47 TO THE COMMISSIONER OR, IF THE APPLICANT NEEDS TO REGISTER FOR SALES TAX
48 PURPOSES, BY REGISTERING PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED
49 THIRTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER; AND (C) THE GROUNDS FOR CHALLENGING THE
50 DENIAL OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE LISTED IN SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS
51 SECTION. THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY SHALL ALSO INFORM THE APPLICANT THAT AN
52 APPLICATION MAY BE RESUBMITTED AFTER PAYMENT FOR THE PAST-DUE TAX
53 LIABILITIES HAS CLEARED, OR, IF A PAYMENT PLAN IS AGREED TO, AFTER THE
54 FIRST PAYMENT PURSUANT TO SUCH PLAN HAS CLEARED.

55 5. (A) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, AND EXCEPT AS
56 SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED HEREIN, AN APPLICANT DENIED AN ELECTRONIC TAX

CLEARANCE SHALL HAVE NO RIGHT TO COMMENCE A COURT ACTION OR PROCEEDING OR SEEK ANY OTHER LEGAL RECOURSE AGAINST THE DEPARTMENT OR THE GOVERNMENT ENTITY RELATED TO THE DENIAL OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE BY THE DEPARTMENT. AN APPLICANT MAY CHALLENGE SUCH DENIAL OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE ONLY ON THE GROUNDS THAT:

(I) THE INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY DENIED THE ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE IS NOT THE INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY WITH THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AT ISSUE; (II) THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES WERE SATISFIED; (III) THE APPLICANT'S WAGES ARE BEING GARNISHED FOR THE PAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT PURSUANT TO AN INCOME EXECUTION ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION FIVE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FORTY-ONE OR FIVE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FORTY-TWO OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES OR ANOTHER STATE'S INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER AS AUTHORIZED UNDER PART FIVE OF ARTICLE FIVE-B OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT, OR GARNISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AT ISSUE; (IV) THE APPLICANT IS MAKING CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT PAYMENTS PURSUANT TO A SATISFACTORY PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT UNDER SECTION ONE HUNDRED ELEVEN-B OF THE SOCIAL SERVICES LAW WITH A SUPPORT COLLECTION UNIT OR OTHERWISE MAKING PERIODIC PAYMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION FOUR HUNDRED FORTY OF THE FAMILY COURT ACT; OR (V) IF THE ONLY BASIS FOR THE DENIAL OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE WAS THE APPLICANT'S FAILURE TO REGISTER PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, THAT THE APPLICANT WAS PROPERLY REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED THIRTY-FOUR.

(B) AN APPLICANT SEEKING TO CHALLENGE THE DENIAL OF AN ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE MUST PROTEST TO THE DEPARTMENT OR THE DIVISION OF TAX APPEALS NO LATER THAN SIXTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION TO THE APPLICANT, PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION 3-505 OF THE GENERAL OBLIGATIONS LAW, THAT THE ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE WAS DENIED.

(C) NOTHING IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS INTENDED TO LIMIT ANY APPLICANT FROM SEEKING RELIEF FROM JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, TO THE EXTENT THAT HE OR SHE IS ELIGIBLE PURSUANT TO THAT SECTION, OR ESTABLISHING TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNDERLYING TAX LIABILITIES HAS BEEN STAYED BY THE FILING OF A PETITION PURSUANT TO THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OF 1978 (TITLE ELEVEN OF THE UNITED STATES CODE).

6. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE DEPARTMENT MAY EXCHANGE WITH A GOVERNMENT ENTITY ANY DATA OR INFORMATION NECESSARY THAT, IN THE DISCRETION OF THE COMMISSIONER, IS NECESSARY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ANY ELECTRONIC TAX CLEARANCE. HOWEVER, NO OTHER AGENCY MAY RE-DISCLOSE THIS INFORMATION TO ANY OTHER ENTITY OR PERSON, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSE OF INFORMING THE APPLICANT THAT THE APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE OR THE RENEWAL OF SUCH LICENSE WILL NOT BE PROCESSED DUE TO THE LACK OF A REQUIRED TAX CLEARANCE AUTHORIZED BY ANY PROVISION OF LAW UNLESS OTHERWISE PERMITTED BY LAW.

7. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE ACTIVITIES TO COLLECT PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES UNDERTAKEN BY THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY LIMIT, RESTRICT OR IMPAIR THE DEPARTMENT FROM EXERCISING ANY OTHER AUTHORITY TO COLLECT OR ENFORCE TAX LIABILITIES UNDER ANY OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISION OF LAW.

8. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT APPLICABLE TO THE TAX CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE-V OF THIS CHAPTER.

S 3. This act shall take effect June 1, 2014; provided, however, that the department of taxation and finance and any government entity electing to receive an electronic tax clearance from the department of taxa-

1 tion and finance may work to execute the necessary procedures and tech-
2 nical changes to support the electronic tax clearance process as
3 described in sections one and two of this act before that date;
4 provided, further, that this effective date will not impact the adminis-
5 tration of any electronic tax clearance program authorized by another
6 provision of law.

7

PART I

8 Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by
9 adding a new paragraph 40 to read as follows:

10 (40) IN THE CASE OF A BENEFICIARY OF A NONRESIDENT TRUST OR A TRUST
11 NOT SUBJECT TO TAX PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (D) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF
12 SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE (EXCEPT FOR
13 AN INCOMPLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST, AS DEFINED BY PARAGRAPH FORTY-ONE
14 OF THIS SUBSECTION), THE AMOUNT OF ANY ACCUMULATION DISTRIBUTION AS
15 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE
16 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE FOR THE TAX YEAR, SUCH AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED
17 WITHOUT REGARD TO THE PENULTIMATE SENTENCE OF SUCH SUBSECTION THAT
18 REFERENCES SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF SUCH CODE, AND WITHOUT
19 REGARD TO SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTER-
20 NAL REVENUE CODE, TO THE EXTENT NOT ALREADY INCLUDED IN FEDERAL GROSS
21 INCOME FOR THE TAX YEAR.

22 S 2. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding
23 a new paragraph 41 to read as follows:

24 (41) IN THE CASE OF A TAXPAYER WHO TRANSFERRED PROPERTY TO AN INCOM-
25 PLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST, THE INCOME OF THE TRUST, LESS ANY
26 DEDUCTIONS OF THE TRUST, TO THE EXTENT SUCH INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS OF
27 SUCH TRUST WOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN COMPUTING THE TAXPAYER'S
28 FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME IF SUCH TRUST IN ITS ENTIRETY WERE TREATED AS A
29 GRANTOR TRUST FOR FEDERAL TAX PURPOSES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
30 AN "INCOMPLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST" MEANS A RESIDENT TRUST THAT MEETS
31 THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS: (I) THE TRUST DOES NOT QUALIFY AS A GRANTOR
32 TRUST UNDER SECTION SIX HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE THROUGH SIX HUNDRED SEVEN-
33 TY-NINE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND (2) THE GRANTOR'S TRANSFER OF
34 ASSETS TO THE TRUST IS TREATED AS AN INCOMPLETE GIFT UNDER SECTION TWEN-
35 TY-FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND THE REGULATIONS
36 THEREUNDER.

37 S 3. Section 621 of the tax law, as added by chapter 272 of the laws
38 of 1963 and subsection (a) as amended by chapter 267 of the laws of
39 1987, is amended to read as follows:

40 S 621. [Credit] CREDITS to trust beneficiary receiving accumulation
41 distribution. (a) General. A resident beneficiary of a trust whose New
42 York adjusted gross income includes all or part of an accumulation
43 distribution by such trust, as defined in section six hundred sixty-five
44 of the internal revenue code, INCLUDING A BENEFICIARY WHO IS REQUIRED TO
45 MAKE THE MODIFICATION REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH FORTY OF SUBSECTION (B) OF
46 SECTION SIX HUNDRED TWELVE OF THIS PART, shall be allowed (1) a credit
47 against the tax otherwise due under this article for all or a propor-
48 tionate part of any tax paid by the trust under this article or under
49 FORMER article sixteen of this chapter (as such article was in effect on
50 or before December thirtieth, nineteen hundred sixty), for any preceding
51 taxable year which would not have been payable if the trust had in fact
52 made distributions to its beneficiaries at the times and in the amounts
53 specified in section six hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code;
54 AND (2) A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXA-

1 BLE YEAR FOR ANY INCOME TAX IMPOSED ON THE TRUST FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR OR
2 ANY PRIOR TAXABLE YEAR BY ANOTHER STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, A POLI-
3 TICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, UPON INCOME BOTH
4 DERIVED THEREFROM AND SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED THAT
5 THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PERCENTAGE OF THE TAX
6 OTHERWISE DUE UNDER THIS ARTICLE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE PORTION OF
7 THE INCOME THAT IS BOTH TAXABLE TO THE TRUST IN SUCH OTHER JURISDICTION
8 AND TAXABLE TO THE BENEFICIARY UNDER THIS ARTICLE BY THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF
9 THE BENEFICIARY'S NEW YORK INCOME.

10 (b) Limitation. The [credit] CREDITS under this section shall not
11 reduce the tax otherwise due from the beneficiary under this article to
12 an amount less than would have been due if the accumulation distribution
13 or his part thereof were excluded from his New York adjusted gross
14 income.

15 S 4. Section 658 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection
16 (f) to read as follows:

17 (F) (1) EVERY NONRESIDENT TRUST OR A TRUST DESCRIBED BY SUBPARAGRAPH
18 (D) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIVE OF
19 THIS ARTICLE SHALL MAKE A RETURN FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH IT MAKES
20 AN ACCUMULATION DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE MEANING OF SUBDIVISION (B) OF
21 SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE TO A BENEFI-
22 CIARY WHO IS A RESIDENT, WHICH RETURN SHALL INCLUDE (I) INFORMATION
23 IDENTIFYING SUCH RESIDENT, (II) THE AMOUNT OF SUCH ACCUMULATION DISTRIB-
24 UTION, AND (III) SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AS THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE.

25 (2) EVERY RESIDENT TRUST THAT DOES NOT FILE THE RETURN REQUIRED BY
26 SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS PART ON THE GROUND THAT IT IS NOT
27 SUBJECT TO TAX PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (D) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF
28 SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXA-
29 BLE YEAR SHALL MAKE A RETURN FOR SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SUBSTANTIATING ITS
30 ENTITLEMENT TO THAT EXEMPTION AND PROVIDING SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AS
31 THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE.

32 (3) THE RETURNS REQUIRED BY THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE FILED ON OR
33 BEFORE THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF THE FOURTH MONTH FOLLOWING THE CLOSE OF EACH
34 TAXABLE YEAR. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "TAXABLE YEAR" MEANS A
35 YEAR OR A PERIOD WHICH WOULD BE A TAXABLE YEAR OF THE TRUST IF IT WERE
36 SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

37 S 5. Paragraph 2 of subsection (h) of section 685 of the tax law, as
38 amended by chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as
39 follows:

40 (2) If any partnership [or], S corporation, OR TRUST required to file
41 a return or report under subsection (c) OR SUBSECTION (F) of section six
42 hundred fifty-eight or under section six hundred fifty-nine OF THIS
43 ARTICLE for any taxable year fails to file such return or report at the
44 time prescribed therefor (determined with regard to any extension of
45 time for filing), or files a return or report which fails to show the
46 information required under such subsection (c) or section six hundred
47 fifty-nine OF THIS ARTICLE, unless it is shown that such failure is due
48 to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, there shall, upon
49 notice and demand by the commissioner and in the same manner as tax, be
50 paid by the partnership or S corporation a penalty for each month (or
51 fraction thereof) during which such failure continues (but not to exceed
52 five months). The amount of such penalty for any month is the product of
53 fifty dollars, multiplied by the number of partners in the partnership
54 or shareholders in the S corporation during any part of the taxable year
55 who were subject to tax under this article during any part of such taxa-
56 ble year, EXCEPT THAT, IN THE CASE OF A TRUST, THE PENALTY SHALL BE

1 EQUAL TO ONE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS A MONTH UP TO A MAXIMUM OF FIFTEEN
2 HUNDRED DOLLARS PER TAXABLE YEAR.

3 S 6. Subdivision (b) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of
4 the city of New York is amended by adding a new paragraph 36 to read as
5 follows:

6 (36) IN THE CASE OF A BENEFICIARY OF A NONRESIDENT TRUST OR A TRUST
7 NOT SUBJECT TO TAX PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (D) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF
8 SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION 11-1705 OF THIS CHAPTER (EXCEPT FOR AN INCOM-
9 PLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST, AS DEFINED BY PARAGRAPH THIRTY-SEVEN OF
10 THIS SUBDIVISION), THE AMOUNT OF ANY ACCUMULATION DISTRIBUTION AS
11 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE
12 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE FOR THE TAX YEAR, SUCH AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED
13 WITHOUT REGARD TO THE PENULTIMATE SENTENCE OF SUCH SUBSECTION THAT
14 REFERENCES SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF SUCH CODE AND WITHOUT
15 REGARD TO SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTER-
16 NAL REVENUE CODE, TO THE EXTENT NOT ALREADY INCLUDED IN FEDERAL GROSS
17 INCOME FOR THE TAX YEAR.

18 S 7. Subdivision (b) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of
19 the city of New York is amended by adding a new paragraph 37 to read as
20 follows:

21 (37) IN THE CASE OF A TAXPAYER WHO TRANSFERRED PROPERTY TO AN INCOM-
22 PLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST, THE INCOME OF THE TRUST, LESS ANY
23 DEDUCTIONS OF SUCH TRUST, TO THE EXTENT SUCH INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS OF
24 SUCH TRUST WOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN COMPUTING THE TAXPAYER'S
25 FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME IF SUCH TRUST IN ITS ENTIRETY WERE TREATED AS A
26 GRANTOR TRUST FOR FEDERAL TAX PURPOSES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
27 AN "INCOMPLETE GIFT NON-GRANTOR TRUST" MEANS A RESIDENT TRUST THAT MEETS
28 THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS: (1) THE TRUST DOES NOT QUALIFY AS A GRANTOR
29 TRUST UNDER SECTION SIX HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE THROUGH SIX HUNDRED SEVEN-
30 TY-NINE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND (2) THE GRANTOR'S TRANSFER OF
31 ASSETS TO THE TRUST IS TREATED AS AN INCOMPLETE GIFT UNDER SECTION TWEN-
32 TY FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND THE REGULATIONS
33 THEREUNDER.

34 S 8. Section 11-1721 of the administrative code of the city of New
35 York, subdivisions (a) and (b) as amended by section 72 and such section
36 as renumbered by section 43 of chapter 639 of the laws of 1986, is
37 amended to read as follows:

38 S 11-1721 [Credit] CREDITS to trust beneficiary receiving accumulation
39 distribution. (a) General. A city resident beneficiary of a trust whose
40 city adjusted gross income includes all or part of an accumulation
41 distribution by such trust, as defined in section six hundred sixty-five
42 of the internal revenue code, INCLUDING A BENEFICIARY WHO IS REQUIRED TO
43 MAKE THE MODIFICATION REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH THIRTY-SIX OF SUBDIVISION
44 (B) OF SECTION 11-1712 OF THIS SUBCHAPTER, shall be allowed (1) a credit
45 against the tax otherwise due under this chapter for all or a propor-
46 tionate part of any tax paid by the trust under this chapter or under
47 FORMER title T of chapter forty-six of this code, as it was in effect
48 prior to September first, nineteen hundred eighty-six, for any preceding
49 taxable year which would not have been payable if the trust had in fact
50 made distributions to its beneficiaries at the times and in the amounts
51 specified in section six hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code;
52 AND (2) A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER FOR THE TAXA-
53 BLE YEAR FOR ANY INCOME TAX IMPOSED FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR OR ANY PRIOR
54 TAXABLE YEAR BY ANOTHER STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, A POLITICAL SUBDIVI-
55 SION THEREOF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, UPON INCOME BOTH DERIVED
56 THEREFROM AND SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS CHAPTER, PROVIDED THAT THE

1 AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PERCENTAGE OF THE TAX OTHER-
2 WISE DUE UNDER THIS CHAPTER DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE PORTION OF THE
3 INCOME THAT IS BOTH TAXABLE TO THE TRUST IN SUCH OTHER JURISDICTION AND
4 TAXABLE TO THE BENEFICIARY UNDER THIS CHAPTER BY THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF THE
5 BENEFICIARY'S NEW YORK CITY INCOME.

6 (b) Limitation. The [credit] CREDITS under this section shall not
7 reduce the tax otherwise due from the beneficiary under this chapter to
8 an amount less than would have been due if the accumulation distribution
9 or his or her part thereof were excluded from his or her city adjusted
10 gross income.

11 S 9. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
12 years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, provided that sections one
13 and six of this act shall not apply to income of an exempt resident
14 trust paid to a beneficiary before June 1, 2014, and sections two and
15 seven of this act shall not apply to income from a trust that is liqui-
16 dated before June 1, 2014.

17 PART J

18 Section 1. Section 602 of the tax law is REPEALED.

19 S 2. Paragraph 4 of subsection (c) and paragraph 4 of subsection (d)
20 of section 606 of the tax law, paragraph 4 of subsection (c) as added by
21 chapter 309 of the laws of 1996 and paragraph 4 of subsection (d) as
22 amended by chapter 2 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as
23 follows:

24 (4) Part-year residents. In the case of a part-year resident taxpayer,
25 the credit under this subsection shall be allowed against the tax deter-
26 mined under subsections (a) through (d) of section six hundred one
27 reduced by the credit permitted under subsection (b) of this section,
28 and any excess credit after such application shall be allowed against
29 the [taxes] TAX imposed by [sections six hundred two and] SECTION six
30 hundred three. Any remaining excess, after such application, shall be
31 refunded as provided in paragraph two hereof, provided, however, that
32 any overpayment under such paragraph shall be limited to the amount of
33 the remaining excess multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is
34 federal adjusted gross income for the period of residence, computed as
35 if the taxable year for federal income tax purposes were limited to the
36 period of residence, and the denominator of which is federal adjusted
37 gross income for the taxable year.

38 (4) Part-year residents. In the case of a part-year resident taxpayer,
39 the credit under this subsection shall be allowed against the tax deter-
40 mined under subsections (a) through (d) of section six hundred one
41 reduced by the credits permitted under subsections (b), (c) and (m) of
42 this section, and any excess credit after such application shall be
43 allowed against the [taxes] TAX imposed by [sections six hundred two
44 and] SECTION six hundred three. Any remaining excess, after such appli-
45 cation, shall be refunded as provided in paragraph two hereof, provided,
46 however, that any overpayment under such paragraph shall be limited to
47 the amount of the remaining excess multiplied by a fraction, the numera-
48 tor of which is federal adjusted gross income for the period of resi-
49 dence, computed as if the taxable year for federal income tax purposes
50 were limited to the period of residence, and the denominator of which is
51 federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year.

52 S 3. Section 622 of the tax law is REPEALED.

53 S 4. Section 636 of the tax law is REPEALED.

1 S 5. Subsections (a), (b) and (c) of section 639 of the tax law, as
2 added by chapter 170 of the laws of 1994, are amended to read as
3 follows:

4 (a) If an individual changes status from resident to nonresident he
5 shall, regardless of his method of accounting, accrue to the period of
6 residence any items of income, gain, loss, deduction, [items of tax
7 preference] or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution accru-
8 ing prior to the change of status, with the applicable modifications and
9 adjustments to federal adjusted gross income[,] AND itemized deductions
10 [and items of tax preference] under sections six hundred twelve[,] AND
11 six hundred fifteen [and six hundred twenty-two], if not otherwise prop-
12 erly includible or allowable for New York income tax purposes for such
13 period or a prior taxable year under his method of accounting.

14 (b) If an individual changes status from nonresident to resident he
15 shall, regardless of his method of accounting, accrue to the period of
16 nonresidence any items of income, gain, loss or deduction, [items of tax
17 preference] or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution accru-
18 ing prior to the change of status, with the applicable modifications and
19 adjustments to federal adjusted gross income[,] AND itemized deductions
20 [and items of tax preference] under sections six hundred twelve[,] AND
21 six hundred fifteen [and six hundred twenty-two], other than items
22 derived from or connected with New York sources, if not otherwise prop-
23 erly includible or allowable for New York income tax purposes for such
24 period or for a prior taxable year under his method of accounting.

25 (c) No item of income, gain, loss, deduction, [item of tax prefer-
26 ence,] ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution or modifica-
27 tion or adjustment which is accrued under this section shall be taken
28 into account in determining the tax under this article for any subse-
29 quent taxable year.

30 S 6. Paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 of subsection (a) of section 651 of the
31 tax law, paragraph 1 as amended by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987,
32 paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 28 of the laws of 1987, and paragraphs
33 3 and 4 as amended by chapter 170 of the laws of 1994, are amended to
34 read as follows:

35 (1) every resident individual (A) required to file a federal income
36 tax return for the taxable year, or (B) having federal adjusted gross
37 income for the taxable year, increased by the modifications under
38 subsection (b) of section six hundred twelve, in excess of four thousand
39 dollars, or in excess of his New York standard deduction, if lower, or
40 (C) [subject to tax under section six hundred two, or (D)] having
41 received during the taxable year a lump sum distribution any portion of
42 which is subject to tax under section six hundred three;

43 (2) every resident estate or trust required to file a federal income
44 tax return for the taxable year, or having any New York taxable income
45 for the taxable year, determined under section six hundred eighteen, [or
46 subject to tax under section six hundred two,] or having received during
47 the taxable year a lump sum distribution any portion of which is subject
48 to tax under section six hundred three;

49 (3) every nonresident or part-year resident individual having New York
50 source income for the taxable year, determined under part III of this
51 article, and having New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year,
52 determined under part II of this article, in excess of the taxpayer's
53 New York standard deduction, [or subject to tax under section six
54 hundred two,] or having received during the taxable year a lump sum
55 distribution any portion of which is subject to tax under section six
56 hundred three; and

1 (4) every nonresident estate or trust or part-year resident trust
2 having New York source income for the taxable year, determined under
3 part III of this article, and having New York adjusted gross income for
4 the taxable year, determined under paragraph four of subsection (e) of
5 section six hundred one, [or subject to tax under section six hundred
6 two,] or having received during the taxable year a lump sum distribution
7 any portion of which is subject to tax under section six hundred three.

8 S 7. Paragraph 6 of subsection (b) of section 654 of the tax law, as
9 added by section 5 of part Q of chapter 407 of the laws of 1999, is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 (6) In subparagraph (B) of paragraph two of subsection (d), the phrase
12 "section 1 or 55" shall be read as "section six hundred one [or six
13 hundred two] of this article".

14 S 8. Section 659 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 577 of the laws
15 of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

16 S 659. Report of federal changes, corrections or disallowances. If
17 the amount of a taxpayer's federal taxable income, [federal items of tax
18 preference,] total taxable amount or ordinary income portion of a lump
19 sum distribution or includible gain of a trust reported on his federal
20 income tax return for any taxable year, or the amount of a taxpayer's
21 earned income credit or credit for employment-related expenses set forth
22 on such return, or the amount of any federal foreign tax credit affect-
23 ing the calculation of the credit for Canadian provincial taxes under
24 section six hundred twenty or six hundred twenty-A of this article, or
25 the amount of any claim of right adjustment, is changed or corrected by
26 the United States internal revenue service or other competent authority
27 or as the result of a renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with
28 the United States, or the amount an employer is required to deduct and
29 withhold from wages for federal income tax withholding purposes is
30 changed or corrected by such service or authority or if a taxpayer's
31 claim for credit or refund of federal income tax is disallowed in whole
32 or in part, the taxpayer or employer shall report such change or
33 correction or disallowance within ninety days after the final determi-
34 nation of such change, correction, renegotiation or disallowance, or as
35 otherwise required by the commissioner, and shall concede the accuracy
36 of such determination or state wherein it is erroneous. The allowance
37 of a tentative carryback adjustment based upon a net operating loss
38 carryback pursuant to section sixty-four hundred eleven of the internal
39 revenue code shall be treated as a final determination for purposes of
40 this section. Any taxpayer filing an amended federal income tax return
41 and any employer filing an amended federal return of income tax withheld
42 shall also file within ninety days thereafter an amended return under
43 this article, and shall give such information as the commissioner may
44 require. The commissioner may by regulation prescribe such exceptions
45 to the requirements of this section as he or she deems appropriate. For
46 purposes of this section, (i) the term "taxpayer" shall include a part-
47 nership having a resident partner or having any income derived from New
48 York sources, and a corporation with respect to which the taxable year
49 of such change, correction, disallowance or amendment is a year with
50 respect to which the election provided for in subsection (a) of section
51 six hundred sixty of this article is in effect, and (ii) the term
52 "federal income tax return" shall include the returns of income required
53 under sections six thousand thirty-one and six thousand thirty-seven of
54 the internal revenue code. In the case of such a corporation, such
55 report shall also include any change or correction of the taxes
56 described in paragraphs two and three of subsection (f) of section thir-

17 teen hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code. Reports made under
18 this section by a partnership or corporation shall indicate the portion
19 of the change in each item of income, gain, loss or deduction (and, in
20 the case of a corporation, of each change in, or disallowance of a claim
21 for credit or refund of, a tax referred to in the preceding sentence)
22 allocable to each partner or shareholder and shall set forth such identifying
23 information with respect to such partner or shareholder as may
24 be prescribed by the commissioner.

25 S 9. Subsection (d) of section 683 of the tax law, as amended by chapter
26 170 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as follows:

27 (d) Omission of income, [item of tax preference,] total taxable amount
28 or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution on return.--The
29 tax may be assessed at any time within six years after the return was
30 filed if--

31 (1) an individual omits from his New York adjusted gross income, [the
32 sum of his items of tax preference,] or the total taxable amount or
33 ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution an amount properly
34 includible therein which is in excess of twenty-five percent of the
35 amount of New York adjusted gross income, [the sum of the items of tax
36 preference,] or the total taxable amount or ordinary income portion of a
37 lump sum distribution stated in the return, or

38 (2) an estate or trust omits from its New York adjusted gross income,
39 [the sum of its items of tax preference,] or the total taxable amount or
40 ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution an amount properly
41 includible therein which is in excess of twenty-five percent of the
42 amount stated in the return of New York adjusted gross income determined
43 in accordance with paragraph four of subsection (e) of section six
44 hundred one, [or the sum of the items of tax preference,] or the total
45 taxable amount or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution,
46 respectively. For purposes of this subsection there shall not be taken
47 into account any amount which is omitted in the return if such amount is
48 disclosed in the return, or in a statement attached to the return, in a
49 manner adequate to apprise the commissioner of the nature and amount of
50 the item of income, [tax preference,] total taxable amount or ordinary
51 income portion of a lump sum distribution.

52 S 10. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 4 of subsection (c) of section 685
53 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 28 of the laws of 1987, is amended
54 to read as follows:

55 (B) Determination of annualized income installment.--In the case of
any required installment, the annualized income installment is the
excess, if any, of an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the
tax for the taxable year computed by placing on an annualized basis the
taxable income [and minimum taxable income] for months in the taxable
year ending before the due date for the installment, over the aggregate
amount of any prior required installments for the taxable year. The
applicable percentage of the tax shall be twenty-two and one-half
percent in the case of the first installment, forty-five percent in the
case of the second installment, sixty-seven and one-half percent in the
case of the third installment and ninety percent in the case of the
fourth installment, and shall be computed without regard to any increase
in the rates applicable to the taxable year unless such increase was
enacted at least thirty days prior to the due date of the installment.

S 11. Paragraphs 2 and 3 of subsection (a) of section 1301 of the tax
law, as amended by chapter 209 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read
as follows:

(2) [for taxable years beginning before two thousand fifteen, a city minimum income tax on such residents, and

(3)] for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred seventy-six, a separate tax on the ordinary income portion of lump sum distributions of such residents, at the rates provided for herein, such taxes to be administered, collected and distributed by the commissioner as provided for in this article.

S 12. Section 1301-A of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 13. Subsection (a) of section 1302 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Imposition of tax. The city personal income tax (other than the [city minimum income tax and the] city separate tax on the ordinary income portion of lump sum distributions) imposed pursuant to the authority of this article shall be imposed for each taxable year on the city taxable income of every city resident individual, estate and trust. A taxpayer's taxable year for purposes of a tax imposed pursuant to the authority of this article shall be the same as his taxable year under article twenty-two of this chapter.

S 14. The opening paragraph of subsection (a) of section 1304 of the tax law, as amended by section 134 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

A tax (other than the [city minimum income tax, the] city separate tax relating to qualified higher education funds and the city separate tax on the ordinary income portion of lump sum distributions) imposed pursuant to the authority of section thirteen hundred one of this article shall be determined as follows:

S 15. Subsection (c) of section 1307 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 712 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

(c) When an individual changes his status from city resident to city nonresident, or from city nonresident to city resident, he shall, regardless of his method of accounting, accrue any items of income, gain, loss, deduction[, items of tax preference] or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution accruing prior to the change of status, with the applicable modifications and adjustments to federal adjusted gross income[, AND itemized deductions [and items of tax preference] under sections six hundred twelve[, AND six hundred fifteen [and six hundred twenty-two], if not otherwise properly includible or allowable for New York income tax purposes for such period or a prior taxable year under his method of accounting. Such accruals shall be made as provided in section six hundred thirty-nine of this chapter.

S 16. Subsection (a) of section 1306 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

(a) General. On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of a taxable year, an income tax return under a city tax imposed pursuant to the authority of this article shall be made and filed by or for every city resident individual, estate or trust required to file a New York state personal income tax (including [a minimum income tax and] a city separate tax on the ordinary income portion of lump sum distributions) return for the taxable year.

S 17. Section 11-1702 of the administrative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.

S 18. Subdivision (a) of section 11-1704 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by chapter 17 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

(a) In addition to the taxes imposed by sections 11-1701[, 11-1702] and 11-1703, there is hereby imposed for each taxable year beginning

1 after nineteen hundred eighty-nine but before nineteen hundred ninety-
2 nine, a tax surcharge on the city taxable income of every city resident
3 individual, estate and trust.

4 S 19. Subdivision (c) of section 11-1704 of the administrative code of
5 the city of New York, as amended by chapter 271 of the laws of 1991, is
6 amended to read as follows:

7 (c) The tax surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall be admin-
8 istered, collected and distributed by the commissioner of taxation and
9 finance in the same manner as the taxes imposed pursuant to sections
10 11-1701[, 11-1702] and 11-1703, and all of the provisions of this chap-
11 ter, including sections 11-1706, 11-1721 and 11-1773, shall apply to the
12 tax surcharge imposed by this section.

13 S 20. Section 11-1722 of the administrative code of the city of New
14 York is REPEALED.

15 S 21. Subdivision (a) of section 11-1751 of the administrative code of
16 the city of New York, as amended by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 (a) General. On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month
19 following the close of a taxable year, an income tax return under this
20 chapter shall be made and filed by or for every city resident individ-
21 ual, estate or trust required to file a New York state personal income
22 tax (including a [minimum income tax and] separate tax on the ordinary
23 income portion of lump sum distributions) return for the taxable year.

24 S 22. Subdivision (b) of section 11-1754 of the administrative code of
25 the city of New York, as amended by chapter 712 of the laws of 2004, is
26 amended to read as follows:

27 (b) City taxable income [and city minimum taxable income] as city
28 resident. The city taxable income [and city minimum taxable income] for
29 the portion of the year during which he or she is a city resident shall
30 be determined, except as provided in subdivision (c), as if his or her
31 taxable year for federal income tax purposes were limited to the period
32 of his or her city resident status.

33 S 23. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (b) of section 11-1755 of the admin-
34 istrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 17 of part Q
35 of chapter 407 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:

36 (6) In subparagraph (B) of paragraph two of subsection (d), the phrase
37 "section 1 or 55" shall be read as "section 11-1701 [or 11-1702] of this
38 chapter".

39 S 24. Section 11-1759 of the administrative code of the city of New
40 York, as amended by chapter 577 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read
41 as follows:

42 S 11-1759 Report of federal changes, corrections or disallowances. If
43 the amount of a taxpayer's federal taxable income, [federal items of tax
44 preference,] total taxable amount or ordinary income portion of a lump
45 sum distribution or includible gain of a trust reported on his federal
46 income tax return for any taxable year, or the amount of any claim of
47 right adjustment, is changed or corrected by the United States internal
48 revenue service or other competent authority, or as the result of a
49 renegotiation of a contract or subcontract with the United States or the
50 amount an employer is required to deduct and withhold from wages for
51 federal income tax withholding purposes is changed or corrected by such
52 service or authority or if a taxpayer's claim for credit or refund of
53 federal income tax is disallowed in whole or in part, the taxpayer or
54 employer shall report such change or correction or disallowance within
55 ninety days after the final determination of such change, correction,
56 renegotiation, or disallowance, or as otherwise required by the commis-

1 sioner, and shall concede the accuracy of such determination or state
2 wherein it is erroneous. The allowance of a tentative carryback adjust-
3 ment based upon a net operating loss carryback pursuant to section
4 sixty-four hundred eleven of the internal revenue code shall be treated
5 as a final determination for purposes of this section. Any taxpayer
6 filing an amended federal income tax return and any employer filing an
7 amended federal return of income tax withheld shall also file within
8 ninety days thereafter an amended return under this chapter, and shall
9 give such information as the commissioner may require. The commissioner
10 may by regulation prescribe such exceptions to the requirements of this
11 section as he or she deems appropriate. For purposes of this section,
12 (i) the term "taxpayer" shall include a partnership having a resident
13 partner or having any income derived from New York sources, and a corpo-
14 ration with respect to which the taxable year of such change,
15 correction, disallowance or amendment is a year with respect to which
16 the election provided for in subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty
17 of the tax law is in effect, and (ii) the term "federal income tax
18 return" shall include the returns of income required under sections six
19 thousand thirty-one and six thousand thirty-seven of the internal reven-
20 ue code. In the case of such a corporation, such report shall also
21 include any change or correction of the taxes described in paragraphs
22 two and three of subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of
23 the internal revenue code. Reports made under this section by a partner-
24 ship or corporation shall indicate the portion of the change in each
25 item of income, gain, loss or deduction (and, in the case of a corpo-
26 ration, of each change in, or disallowance of a claim for credit or
27 refund of, a tax referred to in the preceding sentence) allocable to
28 each partner or shareholder and shall set forth such identifying infor-
29 mation with respect to such partner or shareholder as may be prescribed
30 by the commissioner.

31 S 25. Subdivision (d) of section 11-1783 of the administrative code of
32 the city of New York, as amended by chapter 170 of the laws of 1994, is
33 amended to read as follows:

34 (d) Omission of income, [item of tax preference,] total taxable amount
35 or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution on return. The tax
36 may be assessed at any time within six years after the return was filed
37 if:

38 (1) an individual omits from his city adjusted gross income[, the sum
39 of his items of tax preference, or] the total taxable amount or ordinary
40 income portion of a lump sum distribution an amount properly includible
41 therein which is in excess of twenty-five percent of the amount of city
42 adjusted gross income[, the sum of the items of tax preference] or the
43 total taxable amount or ordinary income portion of a lump sum distrib-
44 ution stated in the return, or

45 (2) an estate or trust omits from its city adjusted gross income, [the
46 sum of its items of tax preference,] or the total taxable amount or
47 ordinary income portion of a lump sum distribution an amount properly
48 includible therein which is in excess of twenty-five percent of the
49 amount stated in the return of city adjusted gross income, [or the sum
50 of the items of tax preference,] or the total taxable amount or ordinary
51 income portion of a lump sum distribution, respectively. For purposes of
52 this paragraph, city adjusted gross income means New York adjusted gross
53 income as determined under paragraph four of subsection (e) of section
54 six hundred one of the tax law.

55 For purposes of this subdivision there shall not be taken into account
56 any amount which is omitted in the return if such amount is disclosed in

1 the return, or in a statement attached to the return, in a manner
2 adequate to apprise the commissioner of the nature and amount of the
3 item of income, [tax preference,] the total taxable amount or ordinary
4 income portion of a lump sum distribution.

5 S 26. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (c) of section
6 11-1785 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended
7 by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

8 (B) Determination of annualized income installment. In the case of any
9 required installment, the annualized income installment is the excess,
10 if any, of an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the tax for
11 the taxable year computed by placing on an annualized basis the taxable
12 income [and minimum taxable income] for months in the taxable year
13 ending before the due date for the installment, over the aggregate
14 amount of any prior required installments for the taxable year. The
15 applicable percentage of the tax shall be twenty-two and one-half
16 percent in the case of the first installment, forty-five percent in the
17 case of the second installment, sixty-seven and one-half percent in the
18 case of the third installment and ninety percent in the case of the
19 fourth installment, and shall be computed without regard to any increase
20 in the rates applicable to the taxable year unless such increase was
21 enacted at least thirty days prior to the due date of the installment.

22 S 27. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable
23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

24

PART K

25 Section 1. Subsection (e-1) of section 606 of the tax law is relet-
26 tered subsection (e-2).

27 S 2. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection
28 (e-1) to read as follows:

29 (E-1) ENHANCED REAL PROPERTY TAX CIRCUIT BREAKER CREDIT. (1) FOR
30 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION:

31 (A) "QUALIFIED TAXPAYER" MEANS A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL OF THE STATE WHO
32 HAS OCCUPIED THE SAME RESIDENCE FOR SIX MONTHS OR MORE OF THE TAXABLE
33 YEAR, AND IS REQUIRED OR CHOOSES TO FILE A RETURN UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

34 (B) "HOUSEHOLD" OR "MEMBERS OF THE HOUSEHOLD" MEANS A QUALIFIED
35 TAXPAYER AND ALL OTHER PERSONS, NOT NECESSARILY RELATED, WHO HAVE THE
36 SAME RESIDENCE AND SHARE ITS FURNISHINGS, FACILITIES AND ACCOMMODATIONS.
37 SUCH TERMS SHALL NOT INCLUDE A TENANT, SUBTENANT, ROOMER OR BOARDER WHO
38 IS NOT RELATED TO THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER IN ANY DEGREE SPECIFIED IN
39 PARAGRAPHS ONE THROUGH EIGHT OF SUBSECTION (A) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED
40 FIFTY-TWO OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, NO PERSON
41 MAY BE A MEMBER OF MORE THAN ONE HOUSEHOLD AT ONE TIME.

42 (C) "HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME" MEANS THE AGGREGATE ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME
43 OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE HOUSEHOLD FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR AS REPORTED FOR
44 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, OR WHICH WOULD BE REPORTED AS ADJUSTED
45 GROSS INCOME IF A FEDERAL INCOME TAX RETURN WERE REQUIRED TO BE FILED,
46 WITH THE MODIFICATIONS IN SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED TWELVE
47 OF THIS ARTICLE BUT WITHOUT THE MODIFICATIONS IN SUBSECTION (C) OF SUCH
48 SECTION, PLUS ANY PORTION OF THE GAIN FROM THE SALE OR EXCHANGE OF PROP-
49 erty OTHERWISE EXCLUDED FROM SUCH AMOUNT; EARNED INCOME FROM SOURCES
50 WITHOUT THE UNITED STATES EXCLUDABLE FROM FEDERAL GROSS INCOME BY
51 SECTION NINE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; SUPPORT MONEY
52 NOT INCLUDED IN ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME; NONTAXABLE STRIKE BENEFITS;
53 SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME PAYMENTS; THE GROSS AMOUNT OF ANY PENSION
54 OR ANNUITY BENEFITS TO THE EXTENT NOT INCLUDED IN SUCH ADJUSTED GROSS

1 INCOME (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND
2 ALL PAYMENTS RECEIVED UNDER THE FEDERAL SOCIAL SECURITY ACT AND VETER-
3 ANS' DISABILITY PENSIONS); NONTAXABLE INTEREST RECEIVED FROM THE STATE
4 OF NEW YORK, ITS AGENCIES, INSTRUMENTALITIES, PUBLIC CORPORATIONS, OR
5 POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS (INCLUDING A PUBLIC CORPORATION CREATED PURSUANT
6 TO AGREEMENT OR COMPACT WITH ANOTHER STATE OR CANADA); WORKERS' COMPEN-
7 SATION; THE GROSS AMOUNT OF "LOSS-OF-TIME" INSURANCE; AND THE AMOUNT OF
8 CASH PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND RELIEF, OTHER THAN MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE
9 NEEDY, PAID TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER OR MEMBERS
10 OF HIS OR HER HOUSEHOLD. HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME SHALL NOT INCLUDE
11 SURPLUS FOODS OR OTHER RELIEF IN KIND OR PAYMENTS MADE TO INDIVIDUALS
12 BECAUSE OF THEIR STATUS AS VICTIMS OF NAZI PERSECUTION AS DEFINED IN
13 P.L. 103-286. PROVIDED, FURTHER, HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME SHALL ONLY
14 INCLUDE ALL SUCH INCOME RECEIVED BY ALL MEMBERS OF THE HOUSEHOLD WHILE
15 MEMBERS OF SUCH HOUSEHOLD. IN COMPUTING HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME, THE NET
16 AMOUNT OF LOSS REPORTED ON FEDERAL SCHEDULE C, D, E, OR F SHALL NOT
17 EXCEED THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS PER SCHEDULE. IN ADDITION, THE NET AMOUNT
18 OF ANY OTHER SEPARATE CATEGORY OF LOSS SHALL NOT EXCEED THREE THOUSAND
19 DOLLARS. THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF ALL LOSSES INCLUDED IN COMPUTING HOUSE-
20 HOLD GROSS INCOME SHALL NOT EXCEED FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

21 (D) "RESIDENCE" MEANS A DWELLING IN THIS STATE OWNED BY THE TAXPAYER,
22 AND SO MUCH OF THE LAND ABUTTING IT, NOT EXCEEDING ONE ACRE, AS IS
23 REASONABLY NECESSARY FOR USE OF THE DWELLING AS A HOME, AND MAY CONSIST
24 OF A PART OF A MULTI-DWELLING OR MULTI-PURPOSE BUILDING INCLUDING A
25 COOPERATIVE OR CONDOMINIUM. RESIDENCE INCLUDES A TRAILER OR MOBILE
26 HOME, USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES AND DEFINED AS REAL
27 PROPERTY PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (G) OF SUBDIVISION TWELVE OF SECTION ONE
28 HUNDRED TWO OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW.

29 (E) "QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES" MEANS ALL REAL PROPERTY TAXES,
30 SPECIAL AD VALOREM LEVIES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS, EXCLUSIVE OF PENAL-
31 TIES AND INTEREST, LEVIED BY A TAXING JURISDICTION WITH A CAP-COMPLIANT
32 BUDGET ON THE RESIDENCE OF A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER AND PAID DURING THE
33 TAXABLE YEAR.

34 (I) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, A "CAP-COMPLIANT BUDGET" FOR
35 A SCHOOL DISTRICT SUBJECT TO SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THE
36 EDUCATION LAW MEANS A BUDGET FOR WHICH THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF
37 SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS CERTIFIED, NO LATER THAN THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY
38 OF THE FISCAL YEAR TO WHICH IT APPLIES, TO THE STATE COMPTROLLER, THE
39 COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AND THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION,
40 IN A FORM AND MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE COMPTROLLER IN CONSULTATION
41 WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AND THE COMMISSIONER OF
42 EDUCATION, THAT THE BUDGET SO ADOPTED DOES NOT EXCEED THE TAX LEVY LIMIT
43 PRESCRIBED BY SUCH SECTION. A "CAP-COMPLIANT BUDGET" FOR A LOCAL GOVERN-
44 MENT SUBJECT TO SECTION THREE-C OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW SHALL MEAN
45 A BUDGET FOR WHICH THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR BUDGET OFFICER OF SUCH
46 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT HAS CERTIFIED, NO LATER THAN THE TWENTY-FIRST DAY
47 OF THE FISCAL YEAR TO WHICH IT APPLIES, TO THE STATE COMPTROLLER AND THE
48 COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, IN A FORM AND MANNER PRESCRIBED BY
49 THE STATE COMPTROLLER IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION
50 AND FINANCE, THAT THE ADOPTED BUDGET OF SUCH LOCAL GOVERNMENT DID NOT
51 REQUIRE AND THE GOVERNING BODY OF SUCH LOCAL GOVERNMENT DID NOT ENACT OR
52 APPROVE A LOCAL LAW OR RESOLUTION TO OVERRIDE THE TAX LEVY LIMIT
53 PRESCRIBED BY SUCH SECTION, OR, IF THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOCAL
54 GOVERNMENT DID ENACT A LOCAL LAW OR APPROVE A RESOLUTION TO OVERRIDE
55 SUCH TAX LEVY LIMIT, THAT SUCH LOCAL LAW OR RESOLUTION WAS SUBSEQUENTLY
56 REPEALED. IF A CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY THIS PARAGRAPH HAS BEEN MADE

1 AND THE ACTUAL TAX LEVY OF THE TAXING JURISDICTION EXCEEDS THE APPLICA-
2 BLE TAX LEVY LIMIT, THE EXCESS AMOUNT SHALL BE PLACED IN RESERVE AND
3 USED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWENTY
4 THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THE EDUCATION LAW OR SUBDIVISION SIX OF
5 SECTION THREE-C OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE,
6 EVEN IF A TAX LEVY IN EXCESS OF THE TAX LEVY LIMIT HAD BEEN DULY AUTHOR-
7 IZED FOR THE APPLICABLE FISCAL YEAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH SECTION.

8 (II) FOR TAX YEAR TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, ONLY REAL PROPERTY TAXES
9 LEVIED BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITH CAP-COMPLIANT BUDGETS CONSTITUTE QUALI-
10 FYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES.

11 (III) IN A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE
12 RESTRICTION IN CLAUSE (I) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH THAT TAXES MUST BE LEVIED
13 BY A TAXING JURISDICTION WITH A CAP-COMPLIANT BUDGET DOES NOT APPLY.
14 HOWEVER, REAL PROPERTY TAXES, SPECIAL AD VALOREM LEVIES, AND SPECIAL
15 ASSESSMENTS LEVIED BY SUCH CITY SHALL CONSTITUTE QUALIFYING REAL PROPER-
16 TY TAXES ONLY IF TAXES LEVIED IN THE STATE OUTSIDE SUCH CITY ARE
17 REQUIRED FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CREDIT TO BE LEVIED BY TAXING JURISDIC-
18 TIONS WITH CAP-COMPLIANT BUDGETS.

19 (IV) A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER MAY ELECT TO INCLUDE ANY ADDITIONAL AMOUNT
20 THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN LEVIED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EXEMPTION FROM REAL
21 PROPERTY TAXATION PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE
22 REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW. IF TENANT-STOCKHOLDERS IN A COOPERATIVE HOUSING
23 CORPORATION HAVE MET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED SIXTEEN OF
24 THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE BY WHICH THEY ARE ALLOWED A DEDUCTION FOR REAL
25 ESTATE TAXES, THE AMOUNT OF TAXES SO ALLOWABLE, OR WHICH WOULD BE ALLOW-
26 ABLE IF THE TAXPAYER HAD FILED RETURNS ON A CASH BASIS, SHALL BE QUALI-
27 FYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES. IF A RESIDENCE IS OWNED BY TWO OR MORE INDI-
28 VIDUALS AS JOINT TENANTS OR TENANTS IN COMMON, AND ONE OR MORE THAN ONE
29 INDIVIDUAL IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE HOUSEHOLD, QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY
30 TAXES IS THAT PART OF SUCH TAXES ON THE RESIDENCE WHICH REFLECTS THE
31 OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGE OF THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER AND MEMBERS OF HIS OR HER
32 HOUSEHOLD. IF A RESIDENCE IS AN INTEGRAL PART OF A LARGER UNIT, QUALIFY-
33 ING REAL PROPERTY TAXES SHALL BE LIMITED TO THAT AMOUNT OF SUCH TAXES
34 PAID AS MAY BE REASONABLY APPORTIONED TO SUCH RESIDENCE. IF A HOUSEHOLD
35 OWNS AND OCCUPIES TWO OR MORE RESIDENCES DURING DIFFERENT PERIODS IN THE
36 SAME TAXABLE YEAR, QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES SHALL BE THE SUM OF
37 THE PRORATED QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE HOUSE-
38 HOLD DURING THE PERIODS SUCH HOUSEHOLD OCCUPIES EACH OF SUCH RESIDENCES.
39 IF THE HOUSEHOLD OWNS AND OCCUPIES A RESIDENCE FOR PART OF THE TAXABLE
40 YEAR AND RENTS A RESIDENCE FOR PART OF THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR, IT MAY
41 INCLUDE THE PRORATION OF QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES ON THE RESIDENCE
42 OWNED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, FOR PURPOSES OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS
43 SUBSECTION, QUALIFYING REAL PROPERTY TAXES MAY BE INCLUDED BY A QUALI-
44 FIED TAXPAYER ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH TAXPAYER OR THE SPOUSE OF
45 SUCH TAXPAYER, OCCUPYING SUCH RESIDENCE FOR ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE
46 DAYS OR MORE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, OWNS OR HAS OWNED THE RESIDENCE AND
47 PAID SUCH TAXES.

48 (2) A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AS PROVIDED IN
49 PARAGRAPH THREE HEREOF AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE REDUCED
50 BY THE CREDITS PERMITTED BY THIS ARTICLE. IF THE CREDIT EXCEEDS THE TAX
51 AS SO REDUCED FOR SUCH YEAR UNDER THIS ARTICLE, THE EXCESS SHALL BE
52 TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT, TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED, WITHOUT INTEREST.
53 IF A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN PURSUANT TO
54 SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS ARTICLE, A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER MAY
55 NEVERTHELESS RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT TO BE CREDITED OR
56 REFUNDED AS AN OVERPAYMENT, WITHOUT INTEREST.

(3) DETERMINATION OF CREDIT. (A) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

IF THE HOUSEHOLD	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY	THE CREDIT AMOUNT IS
GROSS INCOME FOR THE	TAXES ARE THE EXCESS	THE FOLLOWING
TAXABLE YEAR IS:	OF QUALIFYING REAL	PERCENTAGE OF THE
	PROPERTY TAXES OVER	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY
	THE FOLLOWING	TAXES:
	PERCENTAGE OF	
	HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME:	

LESS THAN \$120,000	2.4%	6.25%

\$120,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$150,000	3.2%	4.75%

\$150,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$200,000	4.0%	3.25%

NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS, THE MAXIMUM CREDIT DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH MAY NOT EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

(B) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

IF THE HOUSEHOLD	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY	THE CREDIT AMOUNT IS
GROSS INCOME FOR THE	TAXES ARE THE EXCESS	THE FOLLOWING
TAXABLE YEAR IS:	OF QUALIFYING REAL	PERCENTAGE OF THE
	PROPERTY TAXES OVER	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY
	THE FOLLOWING	TAXES:
	PERCENTAGE OF	
	HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME:	

LESS THAN \$120,000	3.0%	8.25%

\$120,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$150,000	4.0%	6.00%

\$150,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$200,000	5.0%	3.75%

NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS, THE MAXIMUM CREDIT DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH MAY NOT EXCEED SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS.

(C) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

IF THE HOUSEHOLD	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY	THE CREDIT AMOUNT IS
GROSS INCOME FOR THE	TAXES ARE THE EXCESS	THE FOLLOWING
TAXABLE YEAR IS:	OF QUALIFYING REAL	PERCENTAGE OF THE
	PROPERTY TAXES OVER	EXCESS REAL PROPERTY
	THE FOLLOWING	TAXES:
	PERCENTAGE OF	
	HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME:	

LESS THAN \$120,000	3.0%	20.0%

\$120,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$150,000	4.0%	15.0%

\$150,000 TO LESS		

THAN \$200,000	5.0%	10.0%

NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS, THE MAXIMUM CREDIT DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH MAY NOT EXCEED ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

(4) IF A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER OCCUPIES A RESIDENCE FOR A PERIOD OF LESS THAN TWELVE MONTHS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR OR OCCUPIES TWO OR MORE RESIDENCES DURING DIFFERENT PERIODS IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR, THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE COMPUTED IN SUCH MANNER AS THE

1 COMMISSIONER MAY PRESCRIBE IN ORDER TO PROPERLY REFLECT THE CREDIT OR
2 PORTION THEREOF ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH RESIDENCE OR RESIDENCES AND SUCH
3 PERIOD OR PERIODS.

4 (5) THE COMMISSIONER MAY PRESCRIBE THAT THE CREDIT UNDER THIS
5 SUBSECTION SHALL BE DETERMINED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY THE USE OF TABLES
6 PRESCRIBED BY SUCH COMMISSIONER. SUCH TABLES SHALL SET FORTH THE CREDIT
7 TO THE NEAREST DOLLAR.

8 (6) ONLY ONE CREDIT PER HOUSEHOLD AND PER QUALIFIED TAXPAYER SHALL BE
9 ALLOWED PER TAXABLE YEAR UNDER THIS SUBSECTION. WHEN TWO OR MORE MEMBERS
10 OF A HOUSEHOLD ARE ABLE TO MEET THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR A QUALIFIED
11 TAXPAYER, THE CREDIT SHALL BE EQUALLY DIVIDED BETWEEN OR AMONG SUCH
12 INDIVIDUALS UNLESS SUCH INDIVIDUALS FILE WITH THE COMMISSIONER A WRITTEN
13 AGREEMENT AMONG SUCH INDIVIDUALS SETTING FORTH A DIFFERENT DIVISION.

14 (A) PROVIDED, HOWEVER, WHERE A JOINT INCOME TAX RETURN HAS BEEN FILED
15 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS
16 ARTICLE BY A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER AND HIS OR HER SPOUSE (OR WHERE BOTH
17 SPOUSES ARE QUALIFIED TAXPAYERS AND HAVE FILED SUCH JOINT RETURN), THE
18 CREDIT, OR THE PORTION OF THE CREDIT IF DIVIDED, TO WHICH THE SPOUSES
19 ARE ENTITLED SHALL BE APPLIED AGAINST THE TAX OF BOTH SPOUSES AND ANY
20 OVERPAYMENT SHALL BE MADE TO BOTH SPOUSES.

21 (B) WHERE ANY RETURN REQUIRED TO BE FILED PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS
22 OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS ARTICLE IS COMBINED WITH ANY
23 RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THIS CHAPTER OR ANY
24 OTHER LAW IF SUCH TAX IS ADMINISTERED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THE CREDIT OR
25 THE PORTION OF THE CREDIT IF DIVIDED, ALLOWED TO THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER
26 MAY BE APPLIED BY THE COMMISSIONER TOWARD ANY LIABILITY FOR THE AFORE-
27 MENTIONED TAXES.

28 (7) NO CREDIT SHALL BE GRANTED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION:

29 (A) IF HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR EQUALS OR EXCEEDS
30 TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

31 (B) TO A PROPERTY OWNER UNLESS: (I) THE PROPERTY IS USED FOR RESIDEN-
32 TIAL PURPOSES, (II) NOT MORE THAN TWENTY PERCENT OF THE RENTAL INCOME,
33 IF ANY, FROM THE PROPERTY IS FROM RENTAL FOR NONRESIDENTIAL PURPOSES AND
34 (III) THE PROPERTY IS OCCUPIED AS A RESIDENCE IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY ONE
35 OR MORE OF THE OWNERS OF THE PROPERTY.

36 (C) TO AN INDIVIDUAL WITH RESPECT TO WHOM A DEDUCTION UNDER SUBSECTION
37 (C) OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE IS
38 ALLOWABLE TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

39 (D) WITH RESPECT TO A RESIDENCE THAT IS WHOLLY EXEMPTED FROM REAL
40 PROPERTY TAXATION.

41 (E) TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS NOT A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL OF THE STATE FOR
42 THE ENTIRE TAXABLE YEAR.

43 (8) THE RIGHT TO CLAIM A CREDIT OR THE PORTION OF A CREDIT, WHERE SUCH
44 CREDIT HAS BEEN DIVIDED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, SHALL BE PERSONAL TO THE
45 QUALIFIED TAXPAYER AND SHALL NOT SURVIVE HIS OR HER DEATH, BUT SUCH
46 RIGHT MAY BE EXERCISED ON BEHALF OF A CLAIMANT BY HIS OR HER LEGAL GUAR-
47 DIAN OR ATTORNEY IN FACT DURING HIS OR HER LIFETIME.

48 (9) RETURNS. IF A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN
49 PURSUANT TO SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS ARTICLE, A CLAIM FOR A
50 CREDIT MAY BE TAKEN ON A RETURN FILED WITH THE COMMISSIONER WITHIN THREE
51 YEARS FROM THE TIME IT WOULD HAVE BEEN REQUIRED THAT A RETURN BE FILED
52 PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION HAD THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER HAD A TAXABLE YEAR
53 ENDING ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST. RETURNS UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE
54 IN SUCH FORM AS SHALL BE PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER, WHO SHALL MAKE
55 AVAILABLE SUCH FORMS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING SUCH RETURNS.

1 (10) PROOF OF CLAIM. THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER
2 TO FURNISH THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN SUPPORT OF HIS OR HER CLAIM FOR
3 CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION: HOUSEHOLD GROSS INCOME, REAL PROPERTY
4 TAXES LEVIED OR THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN LEVIED IN THE ABSENCE OF AN
5 EXEMPTION FROM REAL PROPERTY TAX PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
6 SIXTY-SEVEN OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, THE NAMES OF MEMBERS OF THE
7 HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER QUALIFYING TAXPAYERS OCCUPYING THE SAME RESIDENCE
8 AND THEIR IDENTIFYING NUMBERS INCLUDING SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS, HOUSE-
9 HOLD GROSS INCOME, SIZE AND NATURE OF PROPERTY CLAIMED AS RESIDENCE AND
10 ALL OTHER INFORMATION WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE COMMISSIONER TO
11 DETERMINE THE CREDIT.

12 (11) ADMINISTRATION. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE, INCLUDING THE
13 PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-THREE, SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-EIGHT,
14 AND SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE AND THE PROVISIONS OF PART SIX OF THIS ARTI-
15 CLE RELATING TO PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION, INCLUDING THE JUDICIAL
16 REVIEW OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COMMISSIONER, EXCEPT SO MUCH OF SECTION
17 SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SEVEN WHICH PERMITS A CLAIM FOR CREDIT OR REFUND TO
18 BE FILED AFTER THE PERIOD PROVIDED FOR IN PARAGRAPH NINE OF THIS
19 SUBSECTION AND EXCEPT SECTIONS SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVEN, SIX HUNDRED
20 EIGHTY-EIGHT AND SIX HUNDRED NINETY-SIX, SHALL APPLY TO THE PROVISIONS
21 OF THIS SUBSECTION IN THE SAME MANNER AND WITH THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT
22 AS IF THE LANGUAGE OF THOSE PROVISIONS HAD BEEN INCORPORATED IN FULL
23 INTO THIS SUBSECTION AND HAD EXPRESSLY REFERRED TO THE CREDIT ALLOWED OR
24 RETURNS FILED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT ANY SUCH
25 PROVISION IS EITHER INCONSISTENT WITH A PROVISION OF THIS SUBSECTION OR
26 IS NOT RELEVANT TO THIS SUBSECTION. AS USED IN SUCH SECTIONS AND SUCH
27 PART, THE TERM "TAXPAYER" SHALL INCLUDE A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER UNDER THIS
28 SUBSECTION AND, NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (E) OF
29 SECTION SIX HUNDRED NINETY-SEVEN, WHERE A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER HAS
30 PROTESTED THE DENIAL OF A CLAIM FOR CREDIT UNDER THIS SUBSECTION AND THE
31 TIME TO FILE A PETITION FOR REDETERMINATION OF A DEFICIENCY OR FOR
32 REFUND HAS NOT EXPIRED, HE OR SHE SHALL, SUBJECT TO SUCH CONDITIONS AS
33 MAY BE SET BY THE COMMISSIONER, RECEIVE SUCH INFORMATION (A) THAT IS
34 CONTAINED IN ANY RETURN FILED UNDER THIS ARTICLE BY A MEMBER OF HIS OR
35 HER HOUSEHOLD FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH THE CREDIT IS CLAIMED, AND
36 (B) THAT THE COMMISSIONER FINDS IS RELEVANT AND MATERIAL TO THE ISSUE OF
37 WHETHER SUCH CLAIM WAS PROPERLY DENIED.

38 (12) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE, THE CREDIT
39 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE DETERMINED AFTER THE DETERMI-
40 NATION AND APPLICATION OF ANY OTHER CREDITS PERMITTED UNDER THE
41 PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED EITHER THE
42 CREDIT PROVIDED BY THIS SUBSECTION OR THE REAL PROPERTY TAX CIRCUIT
43 BREAKER CREDIT PROVIDED BY SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION, WHICHEVER IS
44 GREATER.

45 S 3. Paragraph 14 of subsection (e) of section 606 of the tax law is
46 REPEALED.

47 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
48 years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

49 PART L

50 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new
51 subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

52 (B-1) RENTERS' CREDIT.

53 (1) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION:

1 (A) "QUALIFIED TAXPAYER" MEANS A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL OF THE STATE WHO
2 HAS OCCUPIED AND PAID RENT FOR HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESIDENCE IN THIS
3 STATE FOR SIX MONTHS OR MORE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, IS REQUIRED OR CHOOSES
4 TO FILE A RETURN UNDER THIS ARTICLE, AND (I) IS SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE
5 OR OLDER, (II) IS FILING A JOINT RETURN WITH A SPOUSE WHO IS SIXTY-FIVE
6 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, (III) IS A HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD, (IV) IS A MARRIED
7 INDIVIDUAL FILING A JOINT RETURN WITH A SPOUSE AND HAS AT LEAST ONE
8 DEPENDENT, (V) IS A MARRIED INDIVIDUAL FILING A SEPARATE RETURN AND HAS
9 AT LEAST ONE DEPENDENT, OR (VI) IS A SURVIVING SPOUSE AND HAS AT LEAST
10 ONE DEPENDENT. AN INDIVIDUAL CANNOT BE A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER IF HE OR SHE
11 IS AN INDIVIDUAL WITH RESPECT TO WHOM A DEDUCTION UNDER SUBSECTION (C)
12 OF SECTION 151 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE IS ALLOWABLE TO ANOTHER
13 TAXPAYER FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR OR PAYS RENT FOR HIS OR HER PRIMARY RESI-
14 DENCE TO A FAMILY MEMBER SHARING THE SAME PRIMARY RESIDENCE. A FAMILY
15 MEMBER OF AN INDIVIDUAL IS THE INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE, BROTHER, SISTER,
16 PARENT, GRANDPARENT, CHILD, GRANDCHILD, UNCLE, AUNT, NEPHEW, OR NIECE,
17 RELATED TO THE INDIVIDUAL BY BLOOD, MARRIAGE OR ADOPTION.

18 (B) "RESIDENCE" MEANS A DWELLING IN THIS STATE AND MAY CONSIST OF A
19 PART OF A MULTI-DWELLING OR MULTI-PURPOSE BUILDING INCLUDING A COOPER-
20 ATIVE OR CONDOMINIUM, AND RENTAL UNITS WITHIN A SINGLE DWELLING. RESI-
21 DENCE INCLUDES A TRAILER OR MOBILE HOME, USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR RESIDEN-
22 TIAL PURPOSES AND DEFINED AS REAL PROPERTY PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (G) OF
23 SUBDIVISION TWELVE OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED TWO OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX
24 LAW.

25 (2) (A) A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AS PROVIDED IN
26 THIS SUBSECTION AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE REDUCED BY THE
27 CREDITS PERMITTED BY THIS ARTICLE. IF THE CREDIT EXCEEDS THE TAX AS SO
28 REDUCED FOR SUCH YEAR UNDER THIS ARTICLE, THE EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS
29 AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
30 PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED,
31 HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON. IF A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER
32 IS NOT REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN PURSUANT TO SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-
33 ONE OF THIS ARTICLE BUT OTHERWISE QUALIFIES FOR A CREDIT UNDER THIS
34 SUBSECTION, A CLAIM FOR A CREDIT MAY BE TAKEN ON A RETURN FILED WITH THE
35 COMMISSIONER WITHIN THREE YEARS FROM THE TIME THAT A RETURN WOULD HAVE
36 BEEN REQUIRED TO BE FILED PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION HAD SUCH QUALIFIED
37 TAXPAYER HAD A TAXABLE YEAR ENDING ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST. RETURNS
38 SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER. A QUALIFIED
39 TAXPAYER MUST PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS NECESSARY
40 TO DETERMINE THE CREDIT ALLOWED.

41 (B) IF MORE THAN ONE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER PAYS RENT FOR THE SAME PRIMARY
42 RESIDENCE AND HAS A FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME FOR WHICH A CREDIT
43 WOULD OTHERWISE BE DUE, EACH SUCH QUALIFIED TAXPAYER SHALL DIVIDE THE
44 BASE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED FOR HIS OR HER INCOME LEVEL BY THE
45 TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS OR MARRIED COUPLES FILING A JOINT RETURN WHO
46 ARE PAYING THE RENT, WHETHER OR NOT ELIGIBLE FOR A CREDIT, TO DETERMINE
47 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED TO THAT QUALIFIED TAXPAYER. ANY ADDITIONAL
48 AMOUNT OF CREDIT DETERMINED BASED ON THE NUMBER OF EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED BY
49 SUCH TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE SO DIVIDED.

50 (C) A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED THE CREDIT UNDER THIS
51 SUBSECTION OR THE CREDIT UNDER SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION, WHICHEVER
52 IS THE HIGHER AMOUNT.

53 (3) (A) FOR ANY QUALIFIED TAXPAYER WHO IS SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE OR
54 OLDER WITH A FILING STATUS OF SINGLE, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED
55 PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
56 FOLLOWING TABLES:

1 FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN 2014,
2 IF FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS:
3 \$25,000 OR LESS
4 OVER \$25,000 BUT NOT OVER \$40,000
5 OVER \$40,000 BUT NOT OVER \$50,000

THE CREDIT SHALL BE:

\$110
\$90
\$70

6 FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN OR
7 AFTER 2015, IF FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
8 INCOME IS:
9 \$25,000 OR LESS
10 OVER \$25,000 BUT NOT OVER \$40,000
11 OVER \$40,000 BUT NOT OVER \$50,000

THE CREDIT SHALL BE:

\$220
\$180
\$140

12 (B) FOR ANY OTHER QUALIFIED TAXPAYER, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED
13 PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
14 FOLLOWING TABLES; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT A QUALIFIED TAXPAYER WHO IS A
15 MARRIED INDIVIDUAL FILING A SEPARATE NEW YORK INCOME TAX RETURN SHALL
16 RECEIVE ONE-HALF OF THE BASE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT PLUS ANY ADDITIONAL
17 AMOUNT FOR WHICH SUCH TAXPAYER WOULD BE ELIGIBLE BASED ON THE INCOME AND
18 NUMBER OF EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED BY SUCH TAXPAYER:

19 FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN 2014,
20 IF FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME IS:
21 \$25,000 OR LESS
22
23
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THE CREDIT SHALL BE:

\$80 PLUS AN AMOUNT
EQUAL TO \$35
MULTIPLIED BY A
NUMBER WHICH IS ONE
LESS THAN THE NUMBER
OF EXEMPTIONS FOR
WHICH THE TAXPAYER
(OR IN THE CASE
OF A MARRIED COUPLE
FILING A JOINT RETURN,
TAXPAYERS) IS ENTITLED
TO A DEDUCTION FOR THE
TAXABLE YEAR FOR FEDERAL
INCOME TAX PURPOSES
UNDER SUBSECTIONS (B)
AND (C) OF SECTION 151
OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

38 OVER \$25,000 BUT NOT OVER \$45,000
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41
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\$65 PLUS AN AMOUNT
EQUAL TO \$24
MULTIPLIED BY A NUMBER
WHICH IS ONE LESS THAN
THE NUMBER OF EXEMPTIONS
FOR WHICH THE TAXPAYER
(OR IN THE CASE OF
A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A
JOINT RETURN, TAXPAYERS)
IS ENTITLED TO A
DEDUCTION FOR THE TAXABLE
YEAR FOR FEDERAL INCOME
TAX PURPOSES UNDER
SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C)
OF SECTION 151 OF THE
INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

1 OVER \$45,000 BUT NOT OVER \$65,000
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16 OVER \$65,000 BUT NOT OVER \$100,000
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30 FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING IN OR
31 AFTER 2015, IF FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS
32 INCOME IS:
33 \$25,000 OR LESS
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48 OVER \$25,000 BUT NOT OVER \$45,000
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\$55 PLUS AN AMOUNT
EQUAL TO \$12 MULTIPLIED
BY A NUMBER WHICH IS ONE
LESS THAN THE NUMBER
OF EXEMPTIONS FOR
WHICH THE TAXPAYER (OR
IN THE CASE OF A MARRIED
COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN,
TAXPAYERS) IS ENTITLED
TO A DEDUCTION FOR THE
TAXABLE YEAR FOR FEDERAL
INCOME TAX PURPOSES UNDER
SUBSECTIONS (B) AND (C)
OF SECTION 151 OF THE
INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

\$45 PLUS AN AMOUNT
EQUAL TO \$12 MULTIPLIED
BY A NUMBER WHICH IS ONE
LESS THAN THE NUMBER
OF EXEMPTIONS FOR WHICH
THE TAXPAYER (OR IN THE
CASE OF A MARRIED COUPLE
FILING A JOINT RETURN,
TAXPAYERS) IS ENTITLED TO
A DEDUCTION FOR THE TAXABLE
YEAR FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX
PURPOSES UNDER SUBSECTIONS
(B) AND (C) OF SECTION 151
OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

THE CREDIT SHALL BE:
\$160 PLUS AN
AMOUNT EQUAL TO \$70
MULTIPLIED BY A NUMBER WHICH
IS ONE LESS THAN THE
NUMBER OF EXEMPTIONS
FOR WHICH THE TAXPAYER
(OR IN THE CASE OF A
MARRIED COUPLE FILING A
JOINT RETURN, TAXPAYERS)
IS ENTITLED TO A DEDUCTION
FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR
FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES
UNDER SUBSECTIONS (B) AND
(C) OF SECTION 151 OF THE
INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

\$130 PLUS AN AMOUNT
EQUAL TO \$48
MULTIPLIED BY A NUMBER
WHICH IS ONE LESS THAN
THE NUMBER OF EXEMPTIONS
FOR WHICH THE TAXPAYER

1 (OR IN THE CASE OF
2 A MARRIED COUPLE FILING
3 A JOINT RETURN, TAXPAYERS)
4 IS ENTITLED TO A DEDUCTION
5 FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR
6 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES
7 UNDER SUBSECTIONS (B)
8 AND (C) OF SECTION 151
9 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

10 OVER \$45,000 BUT NOT OVER \$65,000 \$110 PLUS AN AMOUNT
11 EQUAL TO \$24 MULTIPLIED
12 BY A NUMBER WHICH IS ONE
13 LESS THAN THE NUMBER
14 OF EXEMPTIONS FOR
15 WHICH THE TAXPAYER (OR
16 IN THE CASE OF A MARRIED
17 COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN,
18 TAXPAYERS) IS ENTITLED TO A
19 DEDUCTION FOR THE TAXABLE
20 YEAR FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX
21 PURPOSES UNDER SUBSECTIONS
22 (B) AND (C) OF SECTION 151
23 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

24 OVER \$65,000 BUT NOT OVER \$100,000 \$90 PLUS AN AMOUNT
25 EQUAL TO \$24 MULTIPLIED
26 BY A NUMBER WHICH IS ONE
27 LESS THAN THE NUMBER
28 OF EXEMPTIONS FOR
29 WHICH THE TAXPAYER (OR
30 IN THE CASE OF A MARRIED
31 COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN,
32 TAXPAYERS) IS
33 ENTITLED TO A DEDUCTION
34 FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR
35 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES
36 UNDER SUBSECTIONS (B) AND
37 (C) OF SECTION 151 OF THE
38 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

39 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

40 PART M

41 Section 1. Paragraphs 2, 4 and 5 of subsection (vv) of section 606 of
42 the tax law, as added by section 1 of part CC of chapter 59 of the laws
43 of 2013, are amended to read as follows:
44 2. To be eligible for the credit, the taxpayer (or taxpayers filing
45 joint returns) on the personal income tax return filed for the taxable
46 year [two years prior], must [have] (a) [been] BE a resident, (b)
47 [claimed] CLAIM one or more dependent children who were under the age of
48 seventeen on the last day of the taxable year, (c) [had] HAVE New York
49 adjusted gross income of at least forty thousand dollars but no greater
50 than three hundred thousand dollars, and (d) [had] HAVE a tax liability
51 as determined under paragraph three of this subsection of greater than
52 or equal to zero.

1 4. [For each year this credit is allowed, on or before October
2 fifteenth of such year, the commissioner shall determine the taxpayer's
3 eligibility for this credit utilizing the information available to the
4 commissioner on the taxpayer's personal income tax return filed for the
5 taxable year two years prior to the taxable year in which the credit is
6 allowed. For those taxpayers whom the commissioner has determined eligi-
7 ble for this credit, the commissioner shall advance a payment of three
8 hundred fifty dollars. When a taxpayer files his or her return for the
9 taxable year, such taxpayer shall properly reconcile that payment on his
10 or her return.

11 5.] If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection shall
12 exceed the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, the excess shall be
13 treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord-
14 ance with the provisions of SECTION six hundred eighty-six of this arti-
15 cle, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.

16 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years
17 beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

18

PART N

19 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 651 of the tax
20 law, as amended by chapter 333 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read
21 as follows:

22 (1) every resident individual (A) required to file a federal income
23 tax return for the taxable year, or (B) having federal adjusted gross
24 income for the taxable year, increased by the modifications under
25 subsection (b) of section six hundred twelve OF THIS ARTICLE, in excess
26 of [four thousand dollars, or in excess of] his OR HER New York standard
27 deduction, [if lower,] or (C) subject to tax under section six hundred
28 two OF THIS ARTICLE, or (D) having received during the taxable year a
29 lump sum distribution any portion of which is subject to tax under
30 section six hundred three OF THIS ARTICLE;

31 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years
32 beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

33

PART O

34 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 28 of the tax
35 law, as amended by section 1 of part I of chapter 59 of the laws of
36 2012, is amended to read as follows:

37 (1) A taxpayer which is a qualified commercial production company, or
38 which is a sole proprietor of a qualified commercial production company,
39 and which is subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this
40 chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the
41 provisions referenced in subdivision (c) of this section, to be computed
42 as provided in this section. Provided, however, to be eligible for such
43 credit, at least seventy-five percent of the production costs (excluding
44 post production costs) paid or incurred directly and predominantly in
45 the actual filming or recording of the qualified commercial must be
46 costs incurred in New York state. The tax credit allowed pursuant to
47 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning before January
48 first, two thousand [fifteen] SEVENTEEN.

49 S 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 38 of section 210 of the tax law, as
50 amended by section 3 of part I of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is
51 amended to read as follows:

(a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer that is eligible pursuant to provisions of section twenty-eight of this chapter shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section against the tax imposed by this article. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall apply to taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand [fifteen] SEVENTEEN.

S 3. Paragraph 1 of subsection (jj) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part I of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

(1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer that is eligible pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-eight of this chapter shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section against the tax imposed by this article. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section shall apply to taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand [fifteen] SEVENTEEN.

S 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART P

Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section 2 of part J of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be [forty-eight] FIFTY-SIX million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.

S 2. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section one of this act, is amended to read as follows:

4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be [fifty-six] SIXTY-FOUR million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.

S 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that section two of this act shall take effect April 1, 2015.

PART Q

Section 1. Subdivision (b) of section 27-1318 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 2 of part E of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Within [sixty] ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY days of commencement of the remedial design, the owner of an inactive hazardous waste disposal site, and/or any person responsible for implementing a remedial program at such site, where institutional or engineering controls are employed pursuant to this title, shall execute an environmental easement pursuant to title thirty-six of article seventy-one of this chapter.

S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 27-1405 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 2 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

1 2. "Brownfield site" or "site" shall mean any real property[, the
2 redevelopment or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or
3 potential presence of] WHERE a contaminant IS PRESENT AT LEVELS EXCEED-
4 ING THE SOIL CLEANUP OBJECTIVES OR OTHER HEALTH-BASED OR ENVIRONMENTAL
5 STANDARDS PROMULGATED BY THE DEPARTMENT THAT ARE APPLICABLE BASED ON THE
6 REASONABLY ANTICIPATED USE OF THE PROPERTY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPART-
7 MENT. Such term shall not include real property:

8 (a) listed in the registry of inactive hazardous waste disposal sites
9 under section 27-1305 of this article at the time of application to this
10 program and given a classification as described in subparagraph one or
11 two of paragraph b of subdivision two of section 27-1305 of this arti-
12 cle; provided, however [except until July first, two thousand five],
13 real property listed in the registry of inactive hazardous waste
14 disposal sites under subparagraph two of paragraph b of subdivision two
15 of section 27-1305 of this article [prior to the effective date of this
16 article], where such real property is owned by a volunteer OR UNDER
17 CONTRACT TO BE TRANSFERRED TO A VOLUNTEER AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT
18 IDENTIFIED ANY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FOR THAT PROPERTY HAVING THE ABILITY
19 TO PAY FOR THE INVESTIGATION OR CLEANUP OF THE PROPERTY, shall not be
20 deemed ineligible to participate and further provided that the status of
21 any such site as listed in the registry shall not be altered prior to
22 the issuance of a certificate of completion pursuant to section 27-1419
23 of this title. THE DEPARTMENT'S ASSESSMENT OF ELIGIBILITY UNDER THIS
24 PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE A FINDING CONCERNING LIABILITY WITH
25 RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY;

26 (b) listed on the national priorities list established under authority
27 of 42 U.S.C. section 9605;

28 (c) subject to an enforcement action under title seven or nine of this
29 article, [except] OR PERMITTED AS a treatment, storage or disposal
30 facility [subject to a permit]; provided, that nothing herein contained
31 shall be deemed otherwise to exclude from the scope of the term "brown-
32 field site" a hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facility
33 having interim status according to regulations promulgated by the
34 commissioner;

35 (d) subject to an order for cleanup pursuant to article twelve of the
36 navigation law or pursuant to title ten of article seventeen of this
37 chapter except such property shall not be deemed ineligible if it is
38 subject to a stipulation agreement; or

39 (e) subject to any other on-going state or federal environmental
40 enforcement action related to the contamination which is at or emanating
41 from the site subject to the present application.

42 S 3. Subdivision 1 of section 27-1407 of the environmental conserva-
43 tion law, as amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws
44 of 2004, is amended and a new subdivision 1-a is added to read as
45 follows:

46 1. A person who seeks to participate in this program shall submit a
47 request to the department on a form provided by the department. Such
48 form shall include information to be determined by the department suffi-
49 cient to allow the department to determine eligibility and the current,
50 intended and reasonably anticipated future land use of the site pursuant
51 to section 27-1415 of this title. ANY SUCH PERSON SHALL SUBMIT AN
52 INVESTIGATION REPORT SUFFICIENT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SITE REQUIRES
53 REMEDIATION IN ORDER TO MEET THE REMEDIAL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS TITLE;
54 AND, FOR ANY STRATEGIC SITE LOCATED WITHIN A BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA
55 DESIGNATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE PURSUANT TO SECTION NINE HUNDRED
56 SEVENTY-R OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW, A CERTIFICATION THAT THE DEVEL-

OPMENT OF THE SITE WILL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH SUCH BROWNFIELD OPPORTU-
NITY AREA PLAN.

1-A. IF THE PERSON IS ALSO SEEKING TO RECEIVE THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT OF THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW SUCH PERSON SHALL SUBMIT INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT (1) THE SITE HAS: (I) BEEN A VACANT LOT FOR FIFTEEN OR MORE YEARS, OR (II) A BUILDING OR BUILDINGS THAT HAVE BEEN VACANT FOR FIFTEEN OR MORE YEARS, OR (III) A LOT OR BUILDINGS HAVE BEEN BOTH VACANT AND TAX DELINQUENT FOR TEN OR MORE YEARS, (2) THE PROJECTED COST OF THE INVESTIGATION AND REMEDIATION WHICH IS PROTECTIVE FOR THE ANTICIPATED USE OF THE SITE EXCEEDS THE CERTIFIED APPRAISED VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ABSENT CONTAMINATION, OR (3) THE PROJECT IS A PRIORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT THAT HAS RECEIVED A RESOLUTION FROM THE MUNICIPALITY WITHIN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED STATING THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE MUNICIPALITY'S LOCAL REVITALIZATION OR DEVELOPMENT PLAN. "PRIORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT" MEANS (A) A MANUFACTURER CREATING AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE; (B) A BUSINESS CREATING AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED NET NEW JOBS IN AGRICULTURE IN THE STATE AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE; (C) A FINANCIAL SERVICES FIRM, DISTRIBUTION CENTER, OR BACK OFFICE OPERATION CREATING AT LEAST THREE HUNDRED NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE; (D) A SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FIRM CREATING AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE, AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE; (E) THE CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS OF A FIRM CREATING AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE, AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE; OR (F) A SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT OR NEW MEDIA FIRM CREATING AT LEAST FIFTY NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE, AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE. OTHER BUSINESSES CREATING THREE HUNDRED OR MORE NET NEW JOBS IN THE STATE AND MAKING SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE STATE MAY BE CONSIDERED ELIGIBLE AS PRIORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT BY THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AS WELL. AN APPLICANT MAY REQUEST AN ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION FOR TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDITS FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FOR A PRIORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT WHEN IT CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT IT MEETS SUCH CRITERIA ANY TIME FROM APPLICATION TO THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE THE SITE RECEIVES A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-1419 OF THIS TITLE. THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS TO DETERMINE WHAT CONSTITUTES SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL INVESTMENT FOR EACH OF THE PROJECT CATEGORIES INDICATED IN THIS SUBDIVISION AND WHAT ADDITIONAL CRITERIA A BUSINESS MUST MEET TO BE ELIGIBLE AS A PRIORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.

SITES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR TANGIBLE PROPERTY TAX CREDITS IF (1) THE CONTAMINATION IS SOLELY EMANATING FROM PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE SITE SUBJECT TO THE PRESENT APPLICATION; OR (2) THE DEPARTMENT HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PROPERTY HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN REMEDIATED SUCH THAT IT MAY BE DEVELOPED FOR ITS THEN INTENDED USE.

S 4. Subdivision 3 of section 27-1407 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

3. The department shall notify the person requesting participation in this program within [ten] THIRTY days after receiving such request that such request is either complete or incomplete. In the event the application is determined to be incomplete the department shall specify in

1 writing the missing necessary information required pursuant to this
2 article to complete the application and shall have ten days after
3 receipt of the missing information to issue a written determination if
4 the application is complete.

5 S 5. Subdivision 6 of section 27-1407 of the environmental conserva-
6 tion law, as added by section 1 of part A of chapter 1 of the laws of
7 2003, is amended to read as follows:

8 6. The department shall use all best efforts to expeditiously notify
9 the applicant within forty-five days after receiving [their request] A
10 COMPLETE APPLICATION for participation that such request is either
11 accepted or rejected, AND, FOR ANY APPLICANT SEEKING TO RECEIVE THE
12 TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT OF THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX
13 CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION TWEN-
14 TY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW, WHETHER THE CRITERIA FOR RECEIVING SUCH COMPONENT
15 AS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION HAVE BEEN MET.

16 S 6. Subdivision 9 of section 27-1407 of the environmental conserva-
17 tion law is amended by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

18 (G) THE PERSON'S PARTICIPATION IN ANY REMEDIAL PROGRAM UNDER THE
19 DEPARTMENT'S OVERSIGHT WAS TERMINATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR BY A COURT
20 FOR FAILURE TO SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLY WITH AN AGREEMENT OR ORDER.

21 S 7. Subdivision 2 of section 27-1409 of the environmental conserva-
22 tion law, as amended by section 4 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws
23 of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

24 2. One requiring (A) the [applicant] PARTICIPANT to pay for state
25 costs, INCLUDING THE RECOVERY OF STATE COSTS INCURRED BEFORE THE EFFEC-
26 TIVE DATE OF SUCH AGREEMENT; provided, however, that SUCH COSTS MAY BE
27 BASED ON A REASONABLE FLAT-FEE FOR OVERSIGHT, WHICH SHALL REFLECT THE
28 PROJECTED FUTURE STATE COSTS INCURRED IN NEGOTIATING AND OVERSEEING
29 IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH AGREEMENT; AND

30 (B) with respect to a brownfield site which the department has deter-
31 mined constitutes a significant threat to the public health or environ-
32 ment the department may include a provision requiring the applicant to
33 provide a technical assistance grant, as described in subdivision four
34 of section 27-1417 of this title and under the conditions described
35 therein, to an eligible party in accordance with procedures established
36 under such program, with the cost of such a grant incurred by a volun-
37 teer serving as an offset against such state costs[. Where the applicant
38 is a participant, the department shall include provisions relating to
39 recovery of state costs incurred before the effective date of such
40 agreement];

41 S 8. Section 27-1411 of the environmental conservation law is amended
42 by adding two new subdivisions 6 and 7 to read as follows:

43 6. AN APPLICANT SHALL COMMENCE IMPLEMENTATION OF ANY WORK PLAN WITHIN
44 NINETY DAYS OF APPROVAL OF THE PLAN BY THE DEPARTMENT AND COMPLETE THE
45 ACTIVITIES PROVIDED FOR IN SUCH WORK PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCHED-
46 ULE SET FORTH THEREIN, OR AS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN
47 WRITING.

48 7. AN APPLICANT SHALL INCLUDE WITH EVERY REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE
49 DEPARTMENT A SCHEDULE FOR THE SUBMISSION OF ANY SUBSEQUENT WORK PLAN
50 REQUIRED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS TITLE.

51 S 9. Subdivision 2 of section 27-1413 of the environmental conserva-
52 tion law, as amended by section 6 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws
53 of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

54 2. For all [other] sites SEEKING TO RECEIVE THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY
55 CREDIT COMPONENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF
56 SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW, the applicant shall develop and eval-

uate at least two remedial alternatives, one of which would achieve a Track 1 cleanup. The department shall have the discretion to require the evaluation of additional alternatives at a site that has been determined to pose a significant threat. The applicant shall submit the alternatives analysis [as a part of the remedial work plan] to the department for review, approval, modification or rejection.

S 10. Subdivision 4 of section 27-1415 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by section 7 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

4. Tracks. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of health, shall propose within twelve months and thereafter timely promulgate regulations which create a multi-track approach for the remediation of contamination, and, commencing on the effective date of such regulations, utilize such multi-track approach. Such regulations shall provide that groundwater use in Tracks 2, 3 or 4 can be either restricted or unrestricted. The tracks shall be as follows:

Track 1: The remedial program shall achieve a cleanup level that will allow the site to be used for any purpose without restriction and without reliance on the long-term employment of institutional or engineering controls, and shall achieve contaminant-specific remedial action objectives for soil which conform with those contained in the generic table of contaminant-specific remedial action objectives for unrestricted use developed pursuant to subdivision six of this section. Provided, however, that volunteers whose proposed remedial program [for the remediation of groundwater] (1)(I) may require the long-term employment of institutional or engineering controls FOR THE REMEDIATION OF GROUNDWATER after the bulk reduction of groundwater contamination to asymptotic levels has been achieved OR (II) MAY REQUIRE AN INSTITUTIONAL OR ENGINEERING CONTROL FOR MORE THAN FIVE YEARS SOLELY TO ADDRESS SOIL VAPOR INTRUSION but (2) whose program would otherwise conform with the requirements necessary to qualify for Track 1, shall qualify for Track 1.

Track 2: The remedial program may include restrictions on the use of the site or reliance on the long-term employment of engineering and/or institutional controls, but shall achieve contaminant-specific remedial action objectives for soil which conform with those contained in one of the generic tables developed pursuant to subdivision six of this section without the use of institutional or engineering controls to reach such objectives.

Track 3: The remedial program shall achieve contaminant-specific remedial action objectives for soil which conform with the criteria used to develop the generic tables for such objectives developed pursuant to subdivision six of this section but may use site specific data to determine such objectives.

Track 4: The remedial program shall achieve a cleanup level that will be protective for the site's current, intended or reasonably anticipated residential, commercial, or industrial use with restrictions and with reliance on the long-term employment of institutional or engineering controls to achieve such level. The regulations shall include a provision requiring that a cleanup level which poses a risk in excess of an excess cancer risk of one in one million for carcinogenic end points and a hazard index of one for non-cancer end points for a specific contaminant at a specific site may be approved by the department without requiring the use of institutional or engineering controls to eliminate exposure only upon a site specific finding by the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of health, that such level shall be protective of public health and environment. Such finding shall

1 be included in the draft remedial work plan for the site and fully
2 described in the notice and fact sheet provided for such work plan.

3 S 11. Paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of subdivision 7 of section 27-1415
4 of the environmental conservation law are relettered paragraphs (c), (d)
5 and (e) and a new paragraph (b) is added to read as follows:

6 (B) WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE REMEDIAL
7 DESIGN OR AT LEAST THREE MONTHS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THE ANTICIPATED
8 ISSUANCE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION, THE OWNER OF A BROWNFIELD
9 SITE, AND/OR ANY PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING A REMEDIAL PROGRAM
10 AT SUCH SITE, WHERE INSTITUTIONAL OR ENGINEERING CONTROLS ARE EMPLOYED
11 PURSUANT TO THIS TITLE, SHALL EXECUTE AN ENVIRONMENTAL EASEMENT PURSUANT
12 TO TITLE THIRTY-SIX OF ARTICLE SEVENTY-ONE OF THIS CHAPTER.

13 S 12. Paragraph (h) of subdivision 3 of section 27-1417 of the envi-
14 ronmental conservation law is REPEALED, paragraph (i) is relettered
15 paragraph (h) and paragraph (f), as amended by section 8 of part A of
16 chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

17 (f) Before the department [finalizes] SELECTS a proposed [remedial
18 work plan] REMEDY FROM THE ALTERNATIVES SET FORTH IN THE ALTERNATIVES
19 ANALYSIS AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 27-1413 OF THIS TITLE or makes a
20 determination that site conditions meet the requirements of this title
21 without the necessity for remediation pursuant to section 27-1411 of
22 this title, the department, in consultation with the applicant, must
23 notify individuals on the brownfield site contact list. Such notice
24 shall include a fact sheet describing such plan and provide for a
25 forty-five day public comment period. The commissioner shall hold a
26 public meeting if requested by the affected community and the commis-
27 sioner has found that the site constitutes a significant threat to the
28 public health or the environment. Further, the affected community may
29 request a public meeting at sites that do not constitute a significant
30 threat. (1) To the extent that the department has determined that site
31 conditions do not pose a significant threat and the site is being
32 addressed by a volunteer, the notice shall state that the department has
33 determined that no remediation is required for the off-site areas and
34 that the department's determination of a significant threat is subject
35 to this forty-five day comment period. (2) If the [remedial work plan]
36 REMEDY includes a Track 2, Track 3 or Track 4 remedy at a non-signifi-
37 cant threat site, such comment period shall apply both to the approval
38 of the alternatives analysis by the department, IF APPLICABLE, and the
39 proposed remedy selected by the applicant.

40 S 13. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 and subdivision 3 of section
41 27-1419 of the environmental conservation law, paragraph (a) of subdivi-
42 sion 2 as added by section 1 of part A of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003,
43 subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 390 of the laws of 2008, are amended
44 to read as follows:

45 (a) a description of the remediation activities completed pursuant to
46 the remedial work plan AND ANY INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES for the brown-
47 field site AND THE COSTS PAID FOR THOSE ACTIVITIES;

48 3. Upon receipt of the final engineering report, the department shall
49 review such report and the data submitted pursuant to the brownfield
50 site cleanup agreement as well as any other relevant information regard-
51 ing the brownfield site. Upon satisfaction of the commissioner that the
52 remediation requirements set forth in this title have been or will be
53 achieved in accordance with the timeframes, if any, established in the
54 remedial work plan, the commissioner shall issue a written certificate
55 of completion[, such]. THE certificate shall include such information as
56 determined by the department of taxation and finance, including but not

1 limited to the brownfield site boundaries included in the final engi-
2 neering report, the date of the brownfield site CLEANUP agreement
3 [pursuant to section 27-1409 of this title], IDENTIFICATION OF THE ENTI-
4 TY OR ENTITIES ELIGIBLE FOR CREDITS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS TWENTY-ONE,
5 TWENTY-TWO OR TWENTY-THREE OF THE TAX LAW, and the applicable percent-
6 ages available AS OF THE DATE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION for that
7 site for purposes of section twenty-one of the tax law[, with such
8 percentages to be determined as follows with respect to such qualified
9 site]. FOR THOSE SITES FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO
10 THE APPLICANT ON OR AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS
11 REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF
12 SECTION 27-1407 OF THIS TITLE, THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT OF
13 THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF
14 SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW SHALL ONLY BE
15 AVAILABLE TO THE TAXPAYER IF THE NOTICE INCLUDES A DETERMINATION THAT
16 THE CRITERIA FOR RECEIVING SUCH TAX COMPONENT HAVE BEEN MET. FOR THOSE
17 SITES for which the department has issued a notice to the taxpayer after
18 June twenty-third, two thousand eight that its request for participation
19 has been accepted under subdivision six of section 27-1407 of this
20 title[:

21 For the purposes of calculating], THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE FOR the
22 site preparation credit component pursuant to paragraph two of subdivi-
23 sion (a) of section twenty-one of the tax law, and the on-site groundwa-
24 ter remediation credit component pursuant to paragraph four of subdivi-
25 sion (a) of section twenty-one of the tax law[, the applicable
26 percentage] shall be based on the level of cleanup achieved pursuant to
27 subdivision four of section 27-1415 of this title and the level of
28 cleanup of soils to contaminant-specific soil cleanup objectives promul-
29 gated pursuant to subdivision six of section 27-1415 of this title, up
30 to a maximum of fifty percent, as follows:

31 (a) soil cleanup for unrestricted use, the protection of groundwater
32 or the protection of ecological resources, the applicable percentage
33 shall be fifty percent;

34 (b) soil cleanup for residential use, the applicable percentage shall
35 be forty percent, except for Track 4 which shall be twenty-eight
36 percent;

37 (c) soil cleanup for commercial use, the applicable percentage shall
38 be thirty-three percent, except for Track 4 which shall be twenty-five
39 percent;

40 (d) soil cleanup for industrial use, the applicable percentage shall
41 be twenty-seven percent, except for Track 4 which shall be twenty-two
42 percent.

43 S 14. Subdivision 5 of section 27-1419 of the environmental conserva-
44 tion law, as amended by section 9 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws
45 of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

46 5. A certificate of completion issued pursuant to this section may be
47 transferred [to the applicant's successors or assigns upon transfer or
48 sale of the brownfield site] BY THE APPLICANT OR SUBSEQUENT HOLDER OF
49 THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION TO A SUCCESSOR TO A REAL PROPERTY INTER-
50 EST, INCLUDING LEGAL TITLE, EQUITABLE TITLE OR LEASEHOLD, IN ALL OR A
51 PART OF THE BROWNFIELD SITE FOR WHICH THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION WAS
52 ISSUED; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, ANY TRANSFER OF A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION
53 TO A RESPONSIBLE PARTY SHALL NOT PROVIDE RELIEF FROM LIABILITY. Further,
54 a certificate of completion may be modified or revoked by the commis-
55 sioner upon a finding that:

1 (a) Either the applicant, or the applicant's successors or assigns,
2 has failed to comply with the terms and conditions of the brownfield
3 site cleanup agreement;

4 (b) The applicant made a misrepresentation of a material fact tending
5 to demonstrate that (I) it was qualified as a volunteer OR (II) MET THE
6 CRITERIA SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION ONE-A OF SECTION 27-1407 OF THIS TITLE
7 FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECEIVING THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT OF
8 THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF
9 SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW;

10 (c) Either the applicant, or the applicant's successors or assigns,
11 made a misrepresentation of a material fact tending to demonstrate that
12 the cleanup levels identified in the brownfield site cleanup agreement
13 were reached; [or]

14 (d) THE ENVIRONMENTAL EASEMENT CREATED AND RECORDED PURSUANT TO TITLE
15 THIRTY-SIX OF ARTICLE SEVENTY-ONE OF THIS CHAPTER NO LONGER PROVIDES AN
16 EFFECTIVE OR ENFORCEABLE MEANS OF ENSURING THE PERFORMANCE OF MAINTENANCE,
17 MONITORING OR OPERATING REQUIREMENTS, OR THE RESTRICTIONS ON
18 FUTURE USES, INCLUDING RESTRICTIONS ON DRILLING FOR OR WITHDRAWING
19 GROUNDWATER; OR

20 (E) There is good cause for such modification or revocation.

21 S 15. Section 27-1423 of the environmental conservation law is
22 REPEALED.

23 S 16. Section 27-1429 of the environmental conservation law, as
24 amended by section 13 of part A of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is
25 amended to read as follows:

26 S 27-1429. Permit waivers.

27 The department[, by and through the commissioner,] shall be EXEMPT,
28 AND SHALL BE authorized to exempt a person from the requirement to
29 obtain any state or local permit or other authorization for any activity
30 needed to implement a program for the investigation and/or remediation
31 of contamination AT OR EMANATING FROM A BROWNFIELD SITE; provided that
32 the activity is conducted in a manner which satisfies all substantive
33 technical requirements applicable to like activity conducted pursuant to
34 a permit.

35 S 17. Subdivision 1 of section 27-1431 of the environmental conserva-
36 tion law is amended by adding a new paragraph c to read as follows:

37 C. TO INSPECT FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN APPROVED BY
38 THE DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING (I) INSPECTION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF MAINTENANCE,
39 MONITORING AND OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES REQUIRED AS PART OF THE
40 REMEDIAL PROGRAM FOR THE SITE, (II) INSPECTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASCERTAINING
41 CURRENT USES OF THE SITE, AND (III) TAKING SAMPLES IN ACCORDANCE
42 WITH PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION.

43 S 17-a. Section 27-1435 of the environmental conservation law is
44 REPEALED.

45 S 18. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
46 section 27-1437 to read as follows:

47 S 27-1437. BCP-EZ PROGRAM.

48 1. NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE OR ANY OTHER PROVISION
49 OF LAW, THE DEPARTMENT IS AUTHORIZED TO EXEMPT A VOLUNTEER FROM PROCEDURAL
50 REQUIREMENTS OF THIS TITLE THAT THE DEPARTMENT MAY SPECIFY WHICH
51 ARE OTHERWISE APPLICABLE TO IMPLEMENTATION OF AN INVESTIGATION AND/OR
52 REMEDIATION OF CONTAMINATION, PROVIDED THAT:

53 (A) THE DEPARTMENT HAS DETERMINED THAT THE BROWNFIELD SITE DOES NOT
54 POSE A SIGNIFICANT THREAT PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-1411 OF THIS TITLE;

(B) THE APPLICANT HAS WAIVED IN WRITING ANY CLAIM FOR TAX CREDITS PURSUANT TO SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT; AND

(C) THE ACTIVITY IS CONDUCTED IN A MANNER WHICH SATISFIES ALL SUBSTANTIVE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO LIKE ACTIVITY CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS TITLE.

2. WHERE A WAIVER HAS BEEN GRANTED, THE APPROVED WORK PLAN FOR A BROWNFIELD SITE SHALL INCLUDE THE PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES APPROPRIATE BASED ON SITE SPECIFIC CONSIDERATIONS AND CONSIDERATION OF SECTION 27-1417 OF THIS TITLE.

3. FOR ANY SITE ACCEPTED INTO THE BCP-EZ PROGRAM PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION WHICH IS PURSUING A TRACK 4 REMEDIATION, IF A CONTAMINANT IS IDENTIFIED IN SOIL IN EXCESS OF THE REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES CONTAINED IN AN APPLICABLE GENERIC TABLE DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1415 OF THIS TITLE, THE APPLICANT MAY USE SITE-SPECIFIC DATA TO DEMONSTRATE TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT THE CONCENTRATION OF THE CONTAMINANT IN THE SOILS REFLECTS BACKGROUND CONDITIONS AND, IN THAT CASE, A CONTAMINANT-SPECIFIC ACTION OBJECTIVE FOR SUCH CONTAMINANT EQUAL TO SUCH BACKGROUND CONCENTRATION MAY BE ESTABLISHED.

S 19. The opening paragraph of subdivision 10 of section 71-3605 of the environmental conservation law, as added by section 2 of part A of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

An environmental easement may be enforced in law or equity by its grantor, by the state, or any affected local government as defined in section 71-3603 of this title. Such easement is enforceable against the owner of the burdened property, any lessees, and any person using the land. Enforcement shall not be defeated because of any subsequent adverse possession, laches, estoppel, REVERSION or waiver. No general law of the state which operates to defeat the enforcement of any interest in real property shall operate to defeat the enforcement of any environmental easement unless such general law expressly states the intent to defeat the enforcement of such easement or provides for the exercise of the power of eminent domain. It is not a defense in any action to enforce an environmental easement that:

S 20. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

(2) Site preparation credit component. The site preparation credit component shall be equal to the applicable percentage of the site preparation costs paid [or incurred] by the taxpayer with respect to a qualified site. The credit component amount so determined with respect to a site's qualification for a certificate of completion shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the effective date of the certificate of completion occurs. The credit component amount determined other than with respect to such qualification shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the improvement to which the applicable costs apply is placed in service for up to five taxable years after the issuance of such certificate of completion.

S 21. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 390 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(3) Tangible property credit component. The tangible property credit component shall be equal to the applicable percentage of the cost or other basis for federal income tax purposes of tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which constitute qualified tangible property;

1 provided[, however,] that in determining the cost or other basis of such
2 property, the taxpayer shall exclude the acquisition cost of any item of
3 property with respect to which a credit under this section was allowable
4 to another taxpayer. WITH RESPECT TO ANY QUALIFIED SITE FOR WHICH THE
5 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE
6 TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS REQUEST
7 FOR PARTICIPATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION
8 27-1407 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW, THE TAXPAYER MAY ALSO
9 INCLUDE THE COSTS INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH PREPARING A SITE FOR THE
10 ERECTION OF A BUILDING OR A COMPONENT OF A BUILDING, SUCH AS THE COST OF
11 EXCAVATION, DEMOLITION, TEMPORARY ELECTRIC WIRING, SCAFFOLDING, FENCING
12 AND SECURITY FACILITIES, TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH COSTS ARE NOT USED AS A
13 BASIS FOR COMPUTING THE SITE PREPARATION COMPONENT OF THE BROWNFIELD
14 REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS SUBDIVISION;
15 AND PROVIDED FURTHER THAT, IN THE CASE OF QUALIFIED SITES ELIGIBLE FOR
16 THE FIVE PERCENT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT
17 PURSUANT TO CLAUSE (III) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF PARAGRAPH FIVE OF THIS
18 SUBDIVISION, THAT PORTION OF THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT WILL
19 BE DETERMINED BY MULTIPLYING THE TOTAL COSTS QUALIFIED FOR THE TANGIBLE
20 PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT BY A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH SHALL BE
21 THE SQUARE FOOTAGE OF SPACE OF THE AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS DEDICATED TO
22 RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCY AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH SHALL BE THE TOTAL
23 SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THE SITE. The credit component amount so determined
24 shall be allowed for the taxable year in which such qualified tangible
25 property is FIRST placed in service on a qualified site with respect to
26 which a certificate of completion has been issued to the taxpayer, OR
27 FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION IS ISSUED IF
28 THE QUALIFIED TANGIBLE PROPERTY IS PLACED IN SERVICE PRIOR TO THE ISSU-
29 ANCE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION, for up to [ten] FIVE CONSECUTIVE
30 taxable years [after] FROM THE START OF THE REDEVELOPMENT OF THE SITE
31 PROVIDED THAT THE REDEVELOPMENT STARTS WITHIN TEN YEARS OF the date of
32 the issuance of such certificate of completion. The tangible property
33 credit component shall be allowed with respect to property leased to a
34 second party only if such second party is either (i) not a party respon-
35 sible for the disposal of hazardous waste or the discharge of petroleum
36 at the site according to applicable principles of statutory or common
37 law liability, or (ii) a party responsible according to applicable prin-
38 ciples of statutory or common law liability if such party's liability
39 arises solely from operation of the site subsequent to the disposal of
40 hazardous waste or the discharge of petroleum, and is so certified by
41 the commissioner of environmental conservation at the request of the
42 taxpayer, pursuant to section 27-1419 of the environmental conservation
43 law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in the
44 case of allowance of credit under this section to such a lessor, the
45 commissioner shall have the authority to reveal to such lessor any
46 information, with respect to the issue of qualified use of property by
47 the lessee, which is the basis for the denial in whole or in part, or
48 for the recapture, of the credit claimed by such lessor. For purposes of
49 the tangible property credit component allowed under this section the
50 taxpayer to whom the certificate of completion is issued, as provided
51 for under subdivision five of section 27-1419 of the environmental
52 conservation law, may transfer the benefits and burdens of the certif-
53 icate of completion, which run with the land and to the applicant's
54 successors or assigns upon transfer or sale of all or any portion of an
55 interest or estate in the qualified site. However, the taxpayer to whom
56 certificate's benefits and burdens are transferred shall not include the

1 cost of acquiring all or any portion of an interest or estate in the
2 site and the amounts included in the cost or other basis for federal
3 income tax purposes of qualified tangible property already claimed by
4 the previous taxpayer pursuant to this section. THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY
5 CREDIT COMPONENT SHALL NOT INCLUDE COSTS PAID TO A RELATED PARTY OR
6 PARTIES, AS SUCH TERM "RELATED PERSON" IS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF
7 PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF
8 THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ELIGIBLE COSTS FOR THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY
9 CREDIT COMPONENT ARE LIMITED TO COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH ACTUAL
10 CONSTRUCTION OF TANGIBLE PROPERTY INCORPORATED AS PART OF THE PHYSICAL
11 STRUCTURE, AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE PREPARATION OF THE SITE FOR
12 ERECTION OF A BUILDING OR A COMPONENT OF A BUILDING THAT ARE NOT PROPER-
13 LY INCLUDED IN THE SITE PREPARATION COMPONENT.

14 S 22. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3-a of subdivision (a) of section
15 21 of the tax law, as added by chapter 390 of the laws of 2008, is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the
18 tangible property credit component available for any qualified site
19 pursuant to paragraph three of this subdivision shall not exceed thir-
20 ty-five million dollars or three times the SUM OF THE costs included in
21 the calculation of the site preparation credit component and the on-site
22 groundwater remediation credit component under paragraphs two and four,
23 respectively, of this subdivision, AND THE COSTS THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN
24 INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF SUCH COMPONENTS IF NOT TREATED AS AN
25 EXPENSE AND DEDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THE
26 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, whichever is less; provided, however, that: (1)
27 in the case of a qualified site to be used primarily for manufacturing
28 activities, the tangible property credit component available for any
29 qualified site pursuant to paragraph three of this subdivision shall not
30 exceed forty-five million dollars or six times the SUM OF THE costs
31 included in the calculation of the site preparation credit component and
32 the on-site groundwater remediation credit component under paragraphs
33 two and four, respectively, of this subdivision, AND THE COSTS THAT
34 WOULD HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF SUCH COMPONENTS IF NOT
35 TREATED AS AN EXPENSE AND DEDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED NINE-
36 TY-EIGHT OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, whichever is less; and (2) the
37 provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any qualified site for
38 which the department of environmental conservation has issued a notice
39 to the taxpayer before June twenty-third, two thousand eight that its
40 request for participation has been accepted under subdivision six of
41 section 27-1407 of the environmental conservation law.

42 S 23. Subparagraph (D) of paragraph 3-a of subdivision (a) of section
43 21 of the tax law, as added by chapter 390 of the laws of 2008, is
44 amended to read as follows:

45 (D) [If] WITH RESPECT TO ANY QUALIFIED SITE FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT
46 OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER BEFORE
47 JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION HAS
48 BEEN ACCEPTED UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1407 OF THE ENVIRON-
49 MENTAL CONSERVATION LAW, OR WHERE THE TAXPAYER HAS EITHER BEEN ISSUED OR
50 RECEIVED A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION FROM ANOTHER TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION
51 27-1419 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW BEFORE JULY FIRST, TWO
52 THOUSAND FOURTEEN, IF the qualifying site is located in a brownfield
53 opportunity area and is developed in conformance with the goals and
54 priorities established for that applicable brownfield opportunity area
55 as designated pursuant to section nine hundred seventy-r of the general

1 municipal law, the applicable percentage of the tangible property credit
2 component will be increased by two percent.

3 S 24. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax law, as
4 amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is
5 amended to read as follows:

6 (4) On-site groundwater remediation credit component. The on-site
7 groundwater remediation credit component shall be equal to the applica-
8 ble percentage of the on-site groundwater remediation costs paid [or
9 incurred] by the taxpayer with respect to a qualified site (to the
10 extent that such groundwater remediation costs are not included in the
11 determination of the site preparation credit or the cost or other basis
12 included in the determination of the tangible property credit). The
13 credit component so determined for costs [incurred and] paid with
14 respect to and prior to the issuance of a certificate of completion
15 shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the effective date of the
16 issuance of a certificate of completion occurs. The credit component
17 amount determined in taxable years after the effective date of the issu-
18 ance of a certificate of completion shall be allowed in the taxable year
19 such qualified costs are [incurred and] paid for up to five taxable
20 years after the issuance of such certificate of completion.

21 S 25. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax law, as
22 amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is
23 amended to read as follows:

24 (5) Applicable percentage. (A) For purposes of COMPUTING THE SITE
25 PREPARATION AND ON-SITE GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION CREDIT COMPONENTS PURSU-
26 ANT TO paragraphs two[, three] and four of this subdivision, WITH
27 RESPECT TO SUCH QUALIFIED SITES FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRON-
28 MENTAL CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER BEFORE JUNE
29 TWENTY-THIRD, TWO THOUSAND EIGHT THAT ITS REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION HAS
30 BEEN ACCEPTED UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1407 OF THE ENVIRON-
31 MENTAL CONSERVATION LAW, OR WHERE THE TAXPAYER HAS EITHER BEEN ISSUED OR
32 RECEIVED A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION FROM ANOTHER TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION
33 27-1419 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW BEFORE JUNE TWENTY-THIRD,
34 TWO THOUSAND EIGHT, AND, FOR PURPOSES OF COMPUTING THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY
35 COMPONENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS SUBDIVISION WITH RESPECT
36 TO SUCH QUALIFIED SITES FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL
37 CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER BEFORE JULY FIRST, TWO
38 THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED
39 UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1407 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVA-
40 TION LAW, OR WHERE THE TAXPAYER HAS EITHER BEEN ISSUED OR RECEIVED A
41 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION FROM ANOTHER TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION 27-1419 OF
42 THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW BEFORE JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOUR-
43 TEEN, the applicable percentage shall be twelve percent in the case of
44 credits claimed under article nine, nine-A, thirty-two or thirty-three
45 of this chapter, and ten percent in the case of credits claimed under
46 article twenty-two of this chapter, except that where at least fifty
47 percent of the area of the qualified site relating to the credit
48 provided for in this section is located in an environmental zone as
49 defined in paragraph six of subdivision (b) of this section, the appli-
50 cable percentage shall be increased by an additional eight percent.
51 Provided, however, as afforded in section 27-1419 of the environmental
52 conservation law, if the certificate of completion indicates that the
53 qualified site has been remediated to Track 1 as that term is described
54 in subdivision four of section 27-1415 of the environmental conservation
55 law, the applicable percentage set forth in the first sentence of this
56 paragraph shall be increased by an additional two percent.

1 (B) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH QUALIFIED SITE FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT OF
2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER ON OR
3 AFTER JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS REQUEST FOR PARTIC-
4 IPATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1407 OF
5 THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW, THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE FOR THE
6 TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT COMPONENT OF THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX
7 CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF THIS SECTION
8 SHALL BE THE SUM OF TEN PERCENT AND THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL PERCENT-
9 AGES, PROVIDED THAT THE TOTAL PERCENTAGE OF THE TANGIBLE PROPERTY CREDIT
10 COMPONENT SHALL NOT EXCEED TWENTY-FOUR PERCENT AND IS OTHERWISE SUBJECT
11 TO THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPHS THREE AND THREE-A OF SUBDIVI-
12 SION (A) OF THIS SECTION:

13 (I) TEN PERCENT FOR A SITE WITHIN AN ENVIRONMENTAL ZONE;

14 (II) FIVE PERCENT FOR A STRATEGIC SITE LOCATED WITHIN A DESIGNATED
15 BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA IF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT OF THE SITE IS
16 CERTIFIED TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH SUCH BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA
17 PLAN PURSUANT TO SECTION NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY-R OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL
18 LAW; AND

19 (III) FIVE PERCENT FOR SITES DEVELOPED AS AFFORDABLE HOUSING, DEFINED
20 AS HAVING AT LEAST TWENTY PERCENT OF ITS RESIDENTIAL UNITS SUBJECT TO AN
21 AGREEMENT WITH A MUNICIPALITY, THE STATE, THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, OR AN
22 INSTRUMENTALITY THEREOF, WHERE SUCH AGREEMENT RESTRICTS OCCUPANCY OF
23 THOSE UNITS TO RESIDENTS WHO QUALIFY IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN INCOME TEST.

24 (C) THE TAXPAYER SHALL SUBMIT, IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMIS-
25 SIONER, INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SITE QUALIFIES
26 FOR ANY CREDIT COMPONENTS AVAILABLE UNDER CLAUSES (I) THROUGH (III) OF
27 SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS PARAGRAPH. IF THE SITE IS A PRIORITY ECONOMIC
28 DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, THE TAXPAYER MUST ALSO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE PROJECT
29 HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

30 S 26. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 21 of the tax law, as
31 amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is
32 amended to read as follows:

33 (6) Site preparation costs and on-site groundwater remediation costs
34 paid [or incurred] by the taxpayer with respect to a qualified site and
35 the cost or other basis for federal income tax purposes of tangible
36 personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and
37 structural components of buildings, which constitute qualified tangible
38 property shall only include costs paid [or incurred] by the taxpayer on
39 or after the date of the brownfield site cleanup agreement executed by
40 the taxpayer and the department of environmental conservation pursuant
41 to section 27-1409 of the environmental conservation law.

42 S 27. Paragraphs 2, 4 and 6 of subdivision (b) of section 21 of the
43 tax law, as amended by section 1 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of
44 2004 and subparagraph (B) and the closing paragraph of paragraph 6 as
45 amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 62 of the laws of 2006, are
46 amended to read as follows:

47 (2) Site preparation costs. The term "site preparation costs" shall
48 mean all amounts properly [chargeable] CHARGED to a capital account, (i)
49 which are paid [or incurred] in connection with a site's qualification
50 for a certificate of completion AND ATTRIBUTABLE TO ACTIVITIES SPECIFIED
51 IN A DECISION DOCUMENT ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSER-
52 VATION UNDER SECTION 27-1411 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW AND
53 WHICH MAY INCLUDE COSTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN UNDER THE
54 OVERSIGHT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OR THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR TO
55 REMEDIATE REGULATED MATERIALS INCLUDING ASBESTOS, LEAD OR POLYCHLORINAT-
56 ED BIPHENYLS IN BUILDINGS WHICH WILL REMAIN ON THE SITE, and (ii) WITH

1 RESPECT TO ANY QUALIFIED SITE FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL
2 CONSERVATION HAS ISSUED A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER BEFORE JULY FIRST, TWO
3 THOUSAND FOURTEEN THAT ITS REQUEST FOR PARTICIPATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED
4 UNDER SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 27-1407 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVA-
5 TION LAW, all other site preparation costs paid [or incurred] in
6 connection with preparing a site for the erection of a building or a
7 component of a building, or otherwise to establish a site as usable for
8 its industrial, commercial (including the commercial development of
9 residential housing), recreational or conservation purposes. [Site] FOR
10 PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, SITE preparation costs
11 shall include, but not be limited to, the costs of excavation, temporary
12 electric wiring, scaffolding, demolition costs, and the costs of fencing
13 and security facilities. Site preparation costs shall not include the
14 cost of acquiring the site and shall not include amounts included in the
15 cost or other basis for federal income tax purposes of qualified tangi-
16 ble property, as described in paragraph three of this subdivision.
17 "SITE PREPARATION COSTS" SHALL NOT INCLUDE COSTS PAID TO A RELATED PARTY
18 OR PARTIES, AS SUCH TERM "RELATED PERSON" IS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C)
19 OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE
20 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ELIGIBLE SITE PREPARATION COSTS ARE
21 LIMITED TO COSTS DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ACTUAL SITE PREPARATION-RELAT-
22 ED CONSTRUCTION.

23 (4) On-site groundwater remediation costs. The term "on-site groundwa-
24 ter remediation costs" shall mean all amounts properly [chargeable]
25 CHARGED to a capital account, (i) which are paid [or incurred] in
26 connection with a site's qualification for a certificate of completion,
27 and (ii) include costs which are paid [or incurred] in connection with
28 the remediation of on-site groundwater contamination and [incurred] PAID
29 to implement a requirement of the remedial work plan or an interim reme-
30 dial measure work plan for a qualified site which are imposed pursuant
31 to subdivisions two and three of section 27-1411 of the environmental
32 conservation law. "ON-SITE GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION COSTS" SHALL NOT
33 INCLUDE COSTS PAID TO A RELATED PARTY OR PARTIES, AS SUCH TERM "RELATED
34 PERSON" IS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBDIVISION
35 (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. ON
36 SITE GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION COSTS ARE LIMITED TO COSTS DIRECTLY ASSOCI-
37 ATED WITH ACTUAL GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES.

38 (6) Environmental zones (EN-Zones). An "environmental zone" shall mean
39 an area designated as such by the commissioner of [economic development]
40 LABOR. Such areas so designated are areas which are census tracts and
41 block numbering areas which, as of the [two thousand] MOST RECENT
42 census, satisfy either of the following criteria:

43 (A) areas that have both:

44 (i) a poverty rate of at least twenty percent for the year to which
45 the data relate; and

46 (ii) an unemployment rate of at least one and one-quarter times the
47 statewide unemployment rate for the year to which the data relate, or;

48 (B) areas that have a poverty rate of at least two times the poverty
49 rate for the county in which the areas are located for the year to which
50 the data relate [provided, however, that a qualified site shall only be
51 deemed to be located in an environmental zone under this subparagraph
52 (B) if such site was the subject of a brownfield site cleanup agreement
53 pursuant to section 27-1409 of the environmental conservation law that
54 was entered into prior to September first, two thousand ten].

55 Such designation shall be made and a list of all such environmental
56 zones shall be established by the commissioner of [economic development]

LABOR no later than [December thirty-first, two thousand four provided, however, that a qualified site shall only be deemed to be located in an environmental zone under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph if such site was the subject of a brownfield site cleanup agreement pursuant to section 27-1409 of the environmental conservation law that was entered into prior to September first, two thousand ten] NINETY DAYS FOLLOWING THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE MOST RECENT CENSUS.

S 28. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (b) of section 22 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

(2) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be twenty-five percent of the product of (i) the benefit period factor, (ii) the employment number factor, and (iii) the eligible real property taxes paid [or incurred] by the developer of the qualified site during the taxable year (or the pro rata share of such taxes in the case of a partner in a partnership or a shareholder in a New York S corporation), except that if the real property which is the subject of the credit provided for under this section is attributed to a qualified site located in an environmental zone as defined in paragraph five of subdivision (a) of this section, the amount of the credit shall be the product of the factors and taxes referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph. However, the amount of the credit may not exceed the credit limitation set forth in paragraph seven of this subdivision.

S 29. Section 171-r of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (e) to read as follows:

(E) THE COMMISSIONER, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, SHALL PUBLISH BY JANUARY THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN A SUPPLEMENTAL BROWNFIELD CREDIT REPORT CONTAINING THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION ABOUT THE CREDITS CLAIMED FOR THE YEARS TWO THOUSAND FIVE, TWO THOUSAND SIX, AND TWO THOUSAND SEVEN.

S 30. Section 171-s of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 31. Section 970-r of the general municipal law is amended by adding a new subdivision 10 to read as follows:

10. THE SECRETARY SHALL ESTABLISH CRITERIA FOR BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA CONFORMANCE DETERMINATIONS FOR PURPOSES OF THE BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM PURSUANT TO TITLE FOURTEEN OF ARTICLE TWENTY-SEVEN OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW AND THE BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDITS PURSUANT TO SECTION TWENTY-ONE OF THE TAX LAW. IN ESTABLISHING CRITERIA, THE SECRETARY SHALL BE GUIDED BY, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS: HOW THE PROPOSED USE AND DEVELOPMENT ADVANCES THE DESIGNATED BROWNFIELD OPPORTUNITY AREA PLAN'S VISION STATEMENT, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES FOR REVITALIZATION; HOW THE DENSITY OF DEVELOPMENT AND ASSOCIATED BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES ADVANCES THE PLAN'S OBJECTIVES, DESIRED REDEVELOPMENT AND PRIORITIES FOR INVESTMENT; AND HOW THE PROJECT COMPLIES WITH ZONING AND OTHER LOCAL LAWS AND STANDARDS TO GUIDE AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE USE OF THE PROJECT SITE.

S 32. Section 31 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, amending the tax law relating to brownfield redevelopment tax credits, remediated brownfield credit for real property taxes for qualified sites and environmental remediation insurance credits, as amended by chapter 474 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

S 31. The tax credits allowed under section [21,] 22 or 23 of the tax law and the corresponding provisions in articles 9, 9-A, 22, 32 and 33 of the tax law, as added by the provisions of sections one through twenty-nine of this act, shall not be applicable [if] TO ANY SITE ACCEPTED

1 INTO THE BROWNFIELD CLEANUP PROGRAM ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2014. THE TAX
2 CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 21 OF THE TAX LAW AND THE CORRESPONDING
3 PROVISIONS IN ARTICLES 9, 9-A, 22, 32 AND 33 OF THE TAX LAW, AS ADDED BY
4 THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS ONE THROUGH TWENTY-NINE OF THIS ACT, SHALL
5 NOT BE APPLICABLE TO ANY SITE ACCEPTED INTO THE BROWNFIELD CLEANUP
6 PROGRAM AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2022, PROVIDED, HOWEVER THAT ANY SITES
7 ACCEPTED ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2022 MUST HAVE RECEIVED the [remedi-
8 ation] certificate OF COMPLETION required to qualify for any of such
9 credits [is issued after] BY December 31, [2015] 2025.

10 S 33. Any site for which a brownfield cleanup agreement with the
11 department of environmental conservation was entered into (1) prior to
12 June 23, 2008 and which has not received a certificate of completion by
13 December 31, 2015 or (2) on or after June 23, 2008 and prior to July 1,
14 2014 which has not received a certificate of completion by December 31,
15 2017, shall be terminated from the brownfield cleanup program. If such a
16 site reapplies for acceptance into the brownfield cleanup program, it
17 shall be accepted into the program subject to all the requirements of
18 title 14 of article 27 of the environmental conservation law in effect
19 at the time of acceptance.

20 S 34. Paragraph c of subdivision 3 of section 27-0923 of the environ-
21 mental conservation law, as amended by section 5 of part I of chapter
22 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

23 c. For the purpose of this section, generation of hazardous waste
24 shall not include retrieval or creation of hazardous waste which must be
25 disposed of under an order of or agreement with the department pursuant
26 to title thirteen or title fourteen of this article or under a contract
27 OR AGREEMENT with the department pursuant to title five of article
28 fifty-six of this chapter OR UNDER AN ORDER OF OR AGREEMENT WITH THE
29 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OR AN ORDER OF A COURT OF
30 COMPETENT JURISDICTION, RELATED TO A FACILITY ADDRESSED PURSUANT TO THE
31 COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (42
32 U.S.C. 9601 ET SEQ.) OR UNDER A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH A MUNICIPALITY
33 WHICH IS SUBJECT TO A MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT WITH THE DEPARTMENT
34 RELATED TO THE REMEDIATION OF BROWNFIELD SITES.

35 S 35. Subparagraphs (i) and (vi) of paragraph d of subdivision 1 of
36 section 72-0402 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by
37 chapter 99 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

38 (i) under a contract with the department, or with the department's
39 written approval and in compliance with department regulations, or
40 pursuant to an order of the department, the United States environmental
41 protection agency or a court OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, related to the
42 cleanup or remediation of a hazardous materials or hazardous waste
43 spill, discharge, or surficial cleanup, pursuant to this chapter; or

44 (vi) under a brownfield site cleanup agreement with the department
45 pursuant to section 27-1409 of this chapter OR UNDER AN AGREEMENT WITH A
46 MUNICIPALITY WHICH IS SUBJECT TO A MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT WITH THE
47 DEPARTMENT RELATED TO THE REMEDIATION OF BROWNFIELD SITES; or

48 S 36. Subdivision 1 of section 1285-q of the public authorities law,
49 as added by section 6 of part I of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is
50 amended to read as follows:

51 1. Subject to chapter fifty-nine of the laws of two thousand, but
52 notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, in order to
53 assist the corporation in undertaking the administration and the financ-
54 ing of hazardous waste site remediation projects for payment of the
55 state's share of the costs of the remediation of hazardous waste sites,
56 in accordance with title thirteen of article twenty-seven of the envi-

1 ronmental conservation law and section ninety-seven-b of the state
2 finance law, and for payment of state costs associated with the remedi-
3 ation of offsite contamination at significant threat sites as provided
4 in section 27-1411 of the environmental conservation law, AND FOR ENVI-
5 RONMENTAL RESTORATION PROJECTS PURSUANT TO TITLE FIVE OF ARTICLE FIFTY-
6 SIX OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION LAW pursuant to capital appropri-
7 ations made to the department of environmental conservation, the
8 director of the division of budget and the corporation are each author-
9 ized to enter into one or more service contracts, none of which shall
10 exceed twenty years in duration, upon such terms and conditions as the
11 director and the corporation may agree, so as to annually provide to the
12 corporation in the aggregate, a sum not to exceed the annual debt
13 service payments and related expenses required for any bonds and notes
14 authorized pursuant to section twelve hundred ninety of this title. Any
15 service contract entered into pursuant to this section shall provide
16 that the obligation of the state to fund or to pay the amounts therein
17 provided for shall not constitute a debt of the state within the meaning
18 of any constitutional or statutory provision and shall be deemed execu-
19 tory only to the extent of moneys available for such purposes, subject
20 to annual appropriation by the legislature. Any such service contract or
21 any payments made or to be made thereunder may be assigned and pledged
22 by the corporation as security for its bonds and notes, as authorized
23 pursuant to section twelve hundred ninety of this title.

24 S 37. Section 56-0501 of the environmental conservation law, as added
25 by chapter 413 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:
26 S 56-0501. Allocation of moneys.

27 1. Of the moneys received by the state from the sale of bonds pursuant
28 to the Clean Water/Clean Air Bond Act of 1996, two hundred million
29 dollars (\$200,000,000) shall be available for disbursements for environ-
30 mental restoration projects.

31 2. ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROJECTS MAY BE FUNDED USING THE PROCEEDS
32 OF BONDS ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION TWELVE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE-Q OF THE
33 PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW.

34 S 38. Subdivision 6 of section 56-0502 of the environmental conserva-
35 tion law, as amended by section 2 of part D of chapter 577 of the laws
36 of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

37 6. "State assistance", for purposes of this title, shall mean in the
38 case of a contract authorized by subdivision one of section 56-0503 of
39 this title, payments made to a municipality to reimburse the municipi-
40 pality for the state share of the costs incurred by the municipality to
41 undertake an environmental restoration project OR IN THE CASE OF AN
42 AGREEMENT AUTHORIZED BY SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 56-0503 OF THIS
43 TITLE, COSTS INCURRED BY THE STATE TO UNDERTAKE AN ENVIRONMENTAL RESTO-
44 RATION PROJECT BUT NOT REIMBURSED BY A MUNICIPALITY.

45 S 39. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 of section 56-0503 of the envi-
46 ronmental conservation law, as amended by section 4 of part D of chapter
47 1 of the laws of 2003, is amended and a new subdivision 3 is added to
48 read as follows:

49 (c) A provision that THE MUNICIPALITY SHALL ASSIST IN IDENTIFYING A
50 RESPONSIBLE PARTY BY SEARCHING LOCAL RECORDS, INCLUDING PROPERTY TAX
51 ROLLS, OR DOCUMENT REVIEWS, AND if, in accordance with the required
52 departmental approval of any settlement with a responsible party, any
53 responsible party payments become available to the municipality, before,
54 during or after the completion of an environmental restoration project,
55 which were not included when the state share was calculated pursuant to
56 this section, the state assistance share shall be recalculated, and the

1 municipality shall pay to the state, for deposit into the environmental
2 restoration project account of the hazardous waste remedial fund estab-
3 lished under section ninety-seven-b of the state finance law, the
4 difference between the original state assistance payment and the recal-
5 culated state share. Recalculation of the state share shall be done each
6 time a payment from a responsible party is received by the municipality;
7 3. THE DEPARTMENT MAY UNDERTAKE AN ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROJECT
8 ON BEHALF OF A MUNICIPALITY UPON REQUEST. IF THE DEPARTMENT UNDERTAKES
9 THE PROJECT ON BEHALF OF THE MUNICIPALITY, THE STATE SHALL ENTER INTO AN
10 AGREEMENT WITH THE MUNICIPALITY AND THE AGREEMENT SHALL REQUIRE THE
11 MUNICIPALITY TO PERIODICALLY PROVIDE ITS SHARE TO THE STATE FOR COSTS
12 INCURRED DURING THE PROGRESS OF SUCH PROJECT. THE MUNICIPALITY'S SHARE
13 SHALL BE THE SAME AS WOULD BE REQUIRED UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS
14 SECTION. THE AGREEMENT SHALL INCLUDE ALL PROVISIONS SPECIFIED IN SUBDI-
15 VISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AS APPROPRIATE. FOR PURPOSES OF PROJECTS
16 SUBJECT TO AGREEMENTS UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION, ALL REFERENCES TO
17 CONTRACTS IN THIS TITLE SHALL ALSO APPLY TO AGREEMENTS UNDER THIS SUBDI-
18 VISION AS APPROPRIATE.

19 S 40. Subdivision 4 of section 56-0505 of the environmental conserva-
20 tion law, as amended by section 5 of part D of chapter 1 of the laws of
21 2003, is amended to read as follows:

22 4. After completion of such project, the municipality may use the
23 property for public purposes or may dispose of it. If the municipality
24 shall dispose of such property by sale to a responsible party, such
25 party shall pay to such municipality, in addition to such other consid-
26 eration, an amount of money constituting the amount of state assistance
27 provided [to the municipality] under this title plus accrued interest
28 and transaction costs and the municipality shall deposit that money into
29 the environmental restoration project account of the hazardous waste
30 remedial fund established under section ninety-seven-b of the state
31 finance law.

32 S 41. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 56-0508 of the environmental
33 conservation law, as added by section 7 of part D of chapter 1 of the
34 laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

35 3. such temporary incidents of ownership by such taxing district shall
36 also qualify it as being the owner of such property [for the purposes of
37 obtaining] TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR funding from the state of New York for
38 such environmental restoration investigation project under this article
39 or for such funding from any source pursuant to any other state, feder-
40 al, or local law, but such incidents of ownership shall not be suffi-
41 cient to qualify it as the owner of such property for the purposes of
42 holding it wholly or partially liable for any damages, past, present, or
43 future from any release of any hazardous material, substance, or contam-
44 inant into the air, ground, or water, unless such release was caused by
45 such taxing district.

46 4. within thirty days of the completion of the environmental restora-
47 tion investigation project and the receipt by the taxing jurisdiction of
48 the final report of such investigation, such taxing jurisdiction shall
49 file such report with the court on notice to the court and all other
50 parties of record, and the stay of the foreclosure shall be lifted
51 (unless lifted earlier by a prior court order), and all incidents of
52 temporary ownership of the taxing jurisdiction that was awarded such
53 taxing district, except any right [to receive funding] for the environ-
54 mental restoration investigation project TO BE FUNDED, shall cease to
55 exist, and nothing in this subdivision shall preclude the taxing juris-
56 diction that conducted the environmental restoration investigation

1 project or the taxing jurisdiction that commenced the foreclosure
2 action, if it is a different taxing jurisdiction than the taxing juris-
3 diction which conducted the investigation, from withdrawing the parcel
4 from foreclosure pursuant to section eleven hundred thirty-eight of the
5 real property tax law.

6 S 42. Subdivision 2 and paragraph (f) of subdivision 3 of section 97-b
7 of the state finance law, as amended by section 4 of part I of chapter 1
8 of the laws of 2003, are amended to read as follows:

9 2. Such fund shall consist of all of the following:

10 (a) moneys appropriated for transfer to the fund's site investigation
11 and construction account; (b) all fines and other sums accumulated in
12 the fund prior to April first, nineteen hundred eighty-eight pursuant to
13 section 71-2725 of the environmental conservation law for deposit in the
14 fund's site investigation and construction account; (c) all moneys
15 collected or received by the department of taxation and finance pursuant
16 to section 27-0923 of the environmental conservation law for deposit in
17 the fund's industry fee transfer account; (d) all moneys paid into the
18 fund pursuant to section 72-0201 of the environmental conservation law
19 which shall be deposited in the fund's industry fee transfer account;
20 (e) all moneys paid into the fund pursuant to section one hundred eight-
21 y-six of the navigation law which shall be deposited in the fund's
22 industry fee transfer account; (f) [all moneys paid into the fund by
23 municipalities for repayment of landfill closure loans made pursuant to
24 title five of article fifty-two of the environmental conservation law
25 for deposit in the fund's site investigation and construction account;
26 (g)] all monies recovered under sections 56-0503, 56-0505 and 56-0507 of
27 the environmental conservation law into the fund's environmental resto-
28 ration project account; [(h) all] (G) fees paid into the fund pursuant
29 to section [72-0403] 72-0402 of the environmental conservation law which
30 shall be deposited in the fund's industry fee transfer account; [(i)]
31 (H) payments received for all state costs incurred in negotiating and
32 overseeing the implementation of brownfield site cleanup agreements
33 pursuant to title fourteen OF ARTICLE TWENTY-SEVEN of the environmental
34 conservation law shall be deposited in the hazardous waste remediation
35 oversight and assistance account; and [(j)] (I) other moneys credited or
36 transferred thereto from any other fund or source for deposit in the
37 fund's site investigation and construction account.

38 (f) to undertake such remedial measures as the department of environ-
39 mental conservation may determine necessary due to environmental condi-
40 tions related to the property subject to an agreement [to provide state
41 assistance] OR CONTRACT under title five of article fifty-six of the
42 environmental conservation law [that were unknown to such department at
43 the time of its approval of such agreement which indicates that condi-
44 tions on such property are not sufficiently protective of human health
45 for its reasonably anticipated uses or due to information received, in
46 whole or in part, after such department's approval of such agreement's
47 final engineering report and certification], which indicates that such
48 agreement's remedial activities are not sufficiently protective of human
49 health for such property's reasonably anticipated uses; and, [respecting
50 the monies in the environmental restoration project account in excess of
51 ten million dollars,] shall provide state assistance under title five of
52 article fifty-six of the environmental conservation law;

53 S 43. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision,
54 section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent
55 jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or
56 invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation

1 to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof
2 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have
3 been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature
4 that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions
5 had not been included herein.

6 S 44. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014; provided, however, that
7 the department of environmental conservation shall not charge volunteers
8 in the brownfield cleanup program for oversight costs for any sites in
9 the program incurred on or after July 1, 2014.

10 PART R

11 Section 1. Section 208 of the tax law is amended by adding three new
12 subdivisions 13, 14 and 15 to read as follows:

13 13. THE TERM "MANUFACTURER" MEANS A TAXPAYER OR, IN THE CASE OF A
14 COMBINED REPORT, A COMBINED GROUP, THAT, DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR, IS
15 PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING. A TAXPAYER OR A COMBINED GROUP IS
16 PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
17 GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED GROUP, RESPECTIVELY,
18 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY
19 MANUFACTURING. IN COMPUTING A COMBINED GROUP'S GROSS RECEIPTS, INTERCOR-
20 PORATE RECEIPTS SHALL BE ELIMINATED. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A
21 TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN
22 THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

23 14. (A) THE TERM "MANUFACTURING" MEANS THE PROCESS OF WORKING RAW
24 MATERIALS INTO WARES SUITABLE FOR USE OR WHICH GIVES NEW SHAPES, NEW
25 QUALITY OR NEW COMBINATIONS TO MATTER WHICH ALREADY HAS GONE THROUGH
26 SOME ARTIFICIAL PROCESS BY THE USE OF MACHINERY, TOOLS, APPLIANCES AND
27 OTHER SIMILAR EQUIPMENT.

28 (B) NOTWITHSTANDING THE DEFINITION OF MANUFACTURING IN PARAGRAPH (A)
29 OF THIS SUBDIVISION:

30 (I) THE GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY, THE EXTRACTION AND
31 DISTRIBUTION OF NATURAL GAS, AND THE PRODUCTION OF STEAM ASSOCIATED WITH
32 THE GENERATION OF ELECTRICITY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANUFACTURING.

33 (II) THE CREATION, PRODUCTION OR REPRODUCTION OF A FILM, TELEVISION
34 SHOW OR COMMERCIAL DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANUFACTURING.

35 (III) THE BLENDING OF TWO OR MORE FUELS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANUFAC-
36 TURING.

37 (IV) THE MASS PRODUCTION OF FOOD PRODUCTS FOR WHOLESALE COMMERCIAL
38 DISTRIBUTION AND SALE CONSTITUTES MANUFACTURING.

39 15. THE TERM "QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER" MEANS A MANUFACTURER
40 THAT HAS PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT IS USED IN MANUFACTURING AND EITHER
41 THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THAT PROPERTY AT THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR
42 IS AT LEAST TEN MILLION DOLLARS OR ALL OF ITS REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY
43 IS LOCATED IN NEW YORK. A TAXPAYER OR, IN THE CASE OF A COMBINED REPORT,
44 A COMBINED GROUP, THAT DOES NOT SATISFY THE CRITERIA IN SUBDIVISION
45 THIRTEEN OF THIS SECTION MAY BE A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER IF THE
46 TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED GROUP EMPLOYS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR AT LEAST
47 TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED EMPLOYEES IN MANUFACTURING IN NEW YORK AND THE
48 TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED GROUP HAS PROPERTY IN THE STATE USED IN MANU-
49 FACTURING, THE ADJUSTED BASIS OF WHICH FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES
50 AT THE CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST ONE HUNDRED MILLION
51 DOLLARS.

52 S 2. Section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision
53 48 to read as follows:

1 48. REAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT FOR MANUFACTURERS. (A) A QUALIFIED NEW
2 YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO
3 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, WILL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO TWENTY
4 PERCENT OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX IT PAID DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR
5 REAL PROPERTY OWNED BY SUCH MANUFACTURER IN NEW YORK WHICH WAS PRINCIPALLY
6 USED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR MANUFACTURING TO THE EXTENT NOT
7 DEDUCTED IN DETERMINING ENTIRE NET INCOME. THIS CREDIT WILL NOT BE
8 ALLOWED IF THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT ARE THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT
9 ARE INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATION OF ANOTHER CREDIT CLAIMED BY THE TAXPAYER.
10

11 (B) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX MEANS
12 A CHARGE IMPOSED UPON REAL PROPERTY BY OR ON BEHALF OF A COUNTY, CITY,
13 TOWN, VILLAGE OR SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR MUNICIPAL OR SCHOOL DISTRICT
14 PURPOSES, PROVIDED THAT THE CHARGE IS LEVIED FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC
15 WELFARE BY THE PROPER TAXING AUTHORITIES AT A LIKE RATE AGAINST ALL
16 PROPERTY OVER WHICH SUCH AUTHORITIES HAVE JURISDICTION, AND PROVIDED
17 THAT WHERE TAXES ARE LEVIED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN OF
18 THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, THE PROPERTY MUST HAVE BEEN TAXED AT THE RATE
19 DETERMINED FOR THE CLASS IN WHICH IT IS CONTAINED, AS PROVIDED BY SUCH
20 ARTICLE EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE. THE TERM REAL
21 PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT INCLUDE A CHARGE FOR LOCAL BENEFITS, INCLUDING ANY
22 PORTION OF THAT CHARGE THAT IS PROPERLY ALLOCATED TO THE COSTS ATTRIBUT-
23 ABLE TO MAINTENANCE OR INTEREST, WHEN (1) THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE
24 CHARGE IS LIMITED TO THE PROPERTY THAT BENEFITS FROM THE CHARGE, OR (2)
25 THE AMOUNT OF THE CHARGE IS DETERMINED BY THE BENEFIT TO THE PROPERTY
26 ASSESSED, OR (3) THE IMPROVEMENT FOR WHICH THE CHARGE IS ASSESSED TENDS
27 TO INCREASE THE PROPERTY VALUE. THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT
28 INCLUDE A PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES MADE BY THE QUALIFIED NEW YORK
29 MANUFACTURER.

30 (C) CREDIT RECAPTURE. WHERE A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER'S REAL
31 PROPERTY TAXES WHICH WERE THE BASIS FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF THE CREDIT
32 PROVIDED FOR UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION ARE SUBSEQUENTLY REDUCED AS A RESULT
33 OF A FINAL ORDER IN ANY PROCEEDING UNDER ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE REAL PROP-
34 erty TAX LAW OR OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE TAXPAYER SHALL ADD BACK, IN
35 THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH FINAL ORDER IS ISSUED, THE EXCESS OF (1)
36 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ORIGINALLY ALLOWED FOR A TAXABLE YEAR OVER (2) THE
37 AMOUNT OF CREDIT DETERMINED BASED UPON THE REDUCED REAL PROPERTY TAXES.
38 IF SUCH FINAL ORDER REDUCES REAL PROPERTY TAXES FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR,
39 THE TAXPAYER MUST DETERMINE HOW MUCH OF SUCH REDUCTION IS ATTRIBUTABLE
40 TO EACH YEAR COVERED BY SUCH FINAL ORDER AND CALCULATE THE AMOUNT OF
41 CREDIT WHICH IS REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION TO BE RECAPTURED FOR EACH
42 YEAR BASED ON SUCH REDUCTION.

43 (D) THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR
44 SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT
45 PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER,
46 ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREAT-
47 ED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE
48 WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER.
49 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOU-
50 SAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE
51 PAID THEREON.

52 S 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606
53 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xxxvii) to read as
54 follows:

55 (XXXVII) REAL PROPERTY TAX

AMOUNT OF CREDIT UNDER

1 CREDIT FOR MANUFACTURERS UNDER
2 SUBSECTION (XX)

SUBDIVISION FORTY-EIGHT OF
SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN

3 S 4. Subsections (yy) and (zz) of section 606 of the tax law, as
4 relettered by section 5 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, are
5 relettered subsections (yyy) and (zzz) and a new subsection (xx) is
6 added to read as follows:

7 (XX) REAL PROPERTY TAX CREDIT FOR MANUFACTURERS. (1) A QUALIFIED NEW
8 YORK MANUFACTURER WILL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO TWENTY PERCENT OF
9 THE REAL PROPERTY TAX IT PAID DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR REAL PROPERTY
10 OWNED BY SUCH MANUFACTURER IN NEW YORK WHICH WAS PRINCIPALLY USED DURING
11 THE TAXABLE YEAR FOR MANUFACTURING TO THE EXTENT NOT DEDUCTED IN COMPUT-
12 ING FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME. THIS CREDIT WILL NOT BE ALLOWED IF
13 THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES THAT ARE THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT ARE INCLUDED
14 IN THE CALCULATION OF ANOTHER CREDIT CLAIMED BY THE TAXPAYER.

15 (2)(A) THE TERM QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER HAS THE SAME MEANING
16 AS UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OF PARAGRAPH TWO OF SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS
17 SECTION.

18 (B) THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX MEANS A CHARGE IMPOSED UPON REAL PROP-
19 erty BY OR ON BEHALF OF A COUNTY, CITY, TOWN, VILLAGE OR SCHOOL DISTRICT
20 FOR MUNICIPAL OR SCHOOL DISTRICT PURPOSES, PROVIDED THAT THE CHARGE IS
21 LEVIED FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC WELFARE BY THE PROPER TAXING AUTHORITIES
22 AT A LIKE RATE AGAINST ALL PROPERTY OVER WHICH SUCH AUTHORITIES HAVE
23 JURISDICTION, AND PROVIDED THAT WHERE TAXES ARE LEVIED PURSUANT TO ARTI-
24 cle EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, THE PROPERTY MUST
25 HAVE BEEN TAXED AT THE RATE DETERMINED FOR THE CLASS IN WHICH IT IS
26 CONTAINED, AS PROVIDED BY SUCH ARTICLE EIGHTEEN OR NINETEEN, WHICHEVER
27 IS APPLICABLE. THE TERM REAL PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT INCLUDE A CHARGE FOR
28 LOCAL BENEFITS, INCLUDING ANY PORTION OF THAT CHARGE THAT IS PROPERLY
29 ALLOCATED TO THE COSTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MAINTENANCE OR INTEREST, WHEN (I)
30 THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE CHARGE IS LIMITED TO THE PROPERTY THAT BENE-
31 FITS FROM THE CHARGE, OR (II) THE AMOUNT OF THE CHARGE IS DETERMINED BY
32 THE BENEFIT TO THE PROPERTY ASSESSED, OR (III) THE IMPROVEMENT FOR WHICH
33 THE CHARGE IS ASSESSED TENDS TO INCREASE THE PROPERTY VALUE. THE TERM
34 REAL PROPERTY TAX DOES NOT INCLUDE A PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES MADE BY
35 THE QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER.

36 (3) CREDIT RECAPTURE. WHERE A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER'S REAL
37 PROPERTY TAXES WHICH WERE THE BASIS FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF THE CREDIT
38 PROVIDED FOR UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION ARE SUBSEQUENTLY REDUCED AS A RESULT
39 OF A FINAL ORDER IN ANY PROCEEDING UNDER ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE REAL PROP-
40 erty TAX LAW OR OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE TAXPAYER SHALL ADD BACK, IN
41 THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH SUCH FINAL ORDER IS ISSUED, THE EXCESS OF (I)
42 THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ORIGINALLY ALLOWED FOR A TAXABLE YEAR OVER (II) THE
43 AMOUNT OF CREDIT DETERMINED BASED UPON THE REDUCED REAL PROPERTY TAXES.
44 IF SUCH FINAL ORDER REDUCES REAL PROPERTY TAXES FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR,
45 THE TAXPAYER MUST DETERMINE HOW MUCH OF SUCH REDUCTION IS ATTRIBUTABLE
46 TO EACH YEAR COVERED BY SUCH FINAL ORDER AND CALCULATE THE AMOUNT OF
47 CREDIT WHICH IS REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION TO BE RECAPTURED FOR EACH
48 YEAR BASED ON SUCH REDUCTION.

49 (4) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY
50 TAXABLE YEAR EXCEEDS THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR, THE EXCESS WILL
51 BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE
52 WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE,
53 PROVIDED HOWEVER, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

54 S 5. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 12 of section 210 of the tax law, as
55 amended by chapter 817 of the laws of 1987, subparagraph (i) as amended

1 by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008 and clause (E) of subparagraph (ii)
2 as added by chapter 393 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as
3 follows:

4 (b) (i) A credit shall be allowed under this subdivision TO A QUALI-
5 FIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, A QUALIFIED NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS
6 OR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS with respect to tangible
7 personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and
8 structural components of buildings, which (A) are[:] depreciable pursu-
9 ant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code, (B)
10 have a useful life of four years or more, (C) are acquired by purchase
11 as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal
12 revenue code, (D) HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY THE SUBJECT OF AN INVESTMENT
13 TAX CREDIT OR EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS CHAP-
14 TER TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER, (E) have a situs in this state, and (F) are
15 [(A)] principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods [by
16 manufacturing, processing, assembling, refining, mining, extracting,
17 farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commer-
18 cial fishing, (B) industrial waste treatment facilities or air pollution
19 control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade or business, (C)] FOR
20 SALE OR ARE research and development property[, (D) principally used in
21 the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business as a broker or
22 dealer in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include but
23 not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset,
24 assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securi-
25 ties as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as defined in section four
27 hundred seventy-five (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, (E) principally
28 used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business of
29 providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment compa-
30 ny as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue
31 Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan origination services to
32 customers in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include
33 but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset,
34 assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities as defined in
35 section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
36 (F) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's business
37 as an exchange registered as a national securities exchange within the
38 meaning of sections 3(a)(1) and 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of
39 1934 or a board of trade as defined in section 1410(a)(1) of the New
40 York Not-for-Profit Corporation Law or as an entity that is wholly owned
41 by one or more such national securities exchanges or boards of trade and
42 that provides automation or technical services thereto, or (G) princi-
43 pally used as a qualified film production facility including qualified
44 film production facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated
45 as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law,
46 where the taxpayer is providing three or more services to any qualified
47 film production company using the facility, including such services as a
48 studio lighting grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone
49 service, broadband information technology access, industrial scale elec-
50 trical capacity, food services, security services, and heating, venti-
51 lation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (D), (E) and (F) of
52 this subparagraph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a
53 regulated broker, dealer, registered investment adviser, national secu-
54 rities exchange or board of trade, is allowed a credit under this subdivi-
55 sion if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, deal-
56 er, registered investment adviser, national securities exchange or board

1 of trade in accordance with this subdivision. For purposes of determin-
2 ing if the property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by
3 the taxpayer described in clauses (D) and (E) of this subparagraph may
4 be aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated
5 regulated broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser under either
6 or both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a
7 taxpayer shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (D), (E)
8 and (F) of this subparagraph unless (I) eighty percent or more of the
9 employees performing the administrative and support functions resulting
10 from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in
11 this state or (II) the average number of employees that perform the
12 administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the
13 qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this state during
14 the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater
15 than ninety-five percent of the average number of employees that perform
16 these functions and are located in this state during the thirty-six
17 months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed,
18 or (III) the number of employees located in this state during the taxa-
19 ble year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than
20 ninety percent of the number of employees located in this state on
21 December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer
22 was not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the
23 last day of its first taxable year ending after December thirty-first,
24 nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in
25 this state after the taxable year beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-
26 eight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test
27 provided in the preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first
28 taxable year. For purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the
29 employment test will be based on the number of employees located in this
30 state on the last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject
31 to tax in this state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated to
32 determine whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses,
33 then either each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employ-
34 ment test or this employment test must be satisfied through the aggre-
35 gation of the employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated
36 broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser using the property.
37 For purposes of this subdivision, the term "goods" shall not include
38 electricity].

39 (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the following definitions shall
40 apply--

41 (A) [Manufacturing shall mean the process of working raw materials
42 into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, new quality or
43 new combinations to matter which already has gone through some artifi-
44 cial process by the use of machinery, tools, appliances and other simi-
45 lar equipment.] Property used in the production of goods FOR SALE shall
46 include machinery, equipment or other tangible property which is princi-
47 pally used in the repair and service of other machinery, equipment or
48 other tangible property used principally in the production of goods FOR
49 SALE and shall include all facilities used in the production operation,
50 including storage of material to be used in production and of the
51 products that are produced.

52 (B) Research and development property shall mean property which is
53 used for purposes of research and development in the experimental or
54 laboratory sense. Such purposes shall not be deemed to include the ordi-
55 nary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control,
56 efficiency surveys, management studies, consumer surveys, advertising,

1 promotions, or research in connection with literary, historical or simi-
2 lar projects.

3 (C) [Industrial waste treatment facilities shall mean property consti-
4 tuting facilities for the treatment, neutralization or stabilization of
5 industrial waste and other wastes (as the terms "industrial waste" and
6 "other wastes" are defined in section 17-0105 of the environmental
7 conservation law) from a point immediately preceding the point of such
8 treatment, neutralization or stabilization to the point of disposal,
9 including the necessary pumping and transmitting facilities, but exclud-
10 ing such facilities installed for the primary purpose of salvaging mate-
11 rials which are usable in the manufacturing process or are marketable.]
12 A QUALIFIED NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER OR, IN
13 THE CASE OF A COMBINED REPORT, A COMBINED GROUP, PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN
14 FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE OR COMMER-
15 CIAL FISHING IN THE STATE. A TAXPAYER OR A COMBINED GROUP IS PRINCIPALLY
16 ENGAGED IN FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE
17 OR COMMERCIAL FISHING IN THE STATE IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE
18 GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER OR THE COMBINED GROUP, RESPECTIVELY,
19 DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY
20 THE TAXPAYER BY ANY OF THE ACTIVITIES SPECIFIED IN THIS SENTENCE THAT
21 ARE CONDUCTED IN THE STATE. IN COMPUTING A COMBINED GROUP'S GROSS
22 RECEIPTS, INTERCORPORATE RECEIPTS SHALL BE ELIMINATED. IN COMPUTING
23 GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP,
24 INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE
25 ELIMINATED.

26 (D) [Air pollution control facilities shall mean property constituting
27 facilities which remove, reduce, or render less noxious air contaminants
28 emitted from an air contamination source (as the terms "air contaminant"
29 and "air contamination source" are defined in section 19-0107 of the
30 environmental conservation law) from a point immediately preceding the
31 point of such removal, reduction or rendering to the point of discharge
32 of air, meeting emission standards as established by the department of
33 environmental conservation, but excluding such facilities installed for
34 the primary purpose of salvaging materials which are usable in the manu-
35 facturing process or are marketable and excluding those facilities which
36 rely for their efficacy on dilution, dispersion or assimilation of air
37 contaminants in the ambient air after emission. Such term shall further
38 include flue gas desulfurization equipment and attendant sludge disposal
39 facilities, fluidized bed boilers, precombustion coal cleaning facili-
40 ties or other facilities that conform with this subdivision and which
41 comply with the provisions of the state acid deposition control act set
42 forth in title nine of article nineteen of the environmental conserva-
43 tion law] A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER
44 PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE. A TAXPAYER IS PRINCIPALLY
45 ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS
46 RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER OR, IN THE CASE OF A COMBINED REPORT, THE
47 COMBINED GROUP, RESPECTIVELY, DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM
48 THE SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY THE TAXPAYER BY MINING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE
49 CONDUCTED IN THE STATE. IN COMPUTING A COMBINED GROUP'S GROSS RECEIPTS,
50 INTERCORPORATE RECEIPTS SHALL BE ELIMINATED. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS
51 FOR A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS
52 BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

53 [(E) The terms "qualified film production facility" and "qualified
54 film production company" shall have the same meaning as in section twen-
55 ty-four of this chapter.]

1 (iii) [However, such credit shall be allowed with respect to indus-
2 trial waste treatment facilities and air pollution control facilities
3 only on condition that such facilities have been certified by the state
4 commissioner of environmental conservation or his designated represen-
5 tative, pursuant to subdivision one of section 17-0707 or subdivision
6 one of section 19-0309 of the environmental conservation law, as comply-
7 ing with applicable provisions of the environmental conservation law,
8 the public health law, the state sanitary code and codes, rules, regu-
9 lations, permits or orders issued pursuant thereto.] IN ORDER TO PROPER-
10 LY ADMINISTER THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS SUBDIVISION, THE DEPARTMENT
11 MAY DISCLOSE INFORMATION ABOUT THE ALLOWANCE TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER OF AN
12 INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT OR AN EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT UNDER THIS
13 CHAPTER WITH RESPECT TO THE SAME PROPERTY.

14 S 6. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 12 of section 210 of the tax law, as
15 amended by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as
16 follows:

17 (d) A taxpayer shall not be allowed a credit under this subdivision
18 with respect to tangible personal property and other tangible property,
19 including buildings and structural components of buildings, which it
20 leases to any other person or corporation [except where a taxpayer leas-
21 es property to an affiliated regulated broker, dealer, registered
22 investment adviser, national securities exchange or board of trade (or
23 other entity described in clause (F) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph
24 (b) of this subdivision) that uses such property in accordance with
25 clause (D), (E) or (F) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of this
26 subdivision]. For purposes of the preceding sentence, any contract or
27 agreement to lease or rent or for a license to use such property shall
28 be considered a lease. Provided, however, in determining whether a
29 taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this subdivision with respect
30 to such property, any election made with respect to such property pursu-
31 ant to the provisions of paragraph eight of subsection (f) of section
32 one hundred sixty-eight of the internal revenue code, as such paragraph
33 was in effect for agreements entered into prior to January first, nine-
34 teen hundred eighty-four, shall be disregarded. [For purposes of this
35 paragraph, the use of a qualified film production facility by a quali-
36 fied film production company shall not be considered a lease of such
37 facility to such company.]

38 S 7. Subparagraph 6 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 12 of section 210
39 of the tax law is REPEALED.

40 S 8. Paragraphs (f), (k), (l) and (m) of subdivision 12 of section 210
41 of the tax law are REPEALED.

42 S 9. Paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law, as
43 amended by chapter 817 of the laws of 1987, subparagraph (A) as amended
44 by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008 and clause (v) of subparagraph (B) as
45 added by chapter 393 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

46 (2)(A) A credit shall be allowed under this subsection TO A QUALIFIED
47 NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, A QUALIFIED NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS OR A
48 QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS with respect to tangible personal
49 property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural
50 components of buildings, which (I) are[:] depreciable pursuant to
51 section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code, (II) have
52 a useful life of four years or more, (III) are acquired by purchase as
53 defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal revenue
54 code, (IV) HAVE NOT BEEN PREVIOUSLY THE SUBJECT OF AN INVESTMENT TAX
55 CREDIT OR AN EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS CHAP-
56 TER TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER, (V) have a situs in this state, and (VI) are

1 [(i)] principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods [by
2 manufacturing, processing, assembling, refining, mining, extracting,
3 farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commer-
4 cial fishing, (ii) industrial waste treatment facilities or air
5 pollution control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade or business,
6 (iii)] FOR SALE OR ARE research and development property[, (iv) princi-
7 pally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business as
8 a broker or dealer in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall
9 include but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption,
10 offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other
11 securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as defined in section 475(e) of
13 the Internal Revenue Code, (v) principally used in the ordinary course
14 of the taxpayer's trade or business of providing investment advisory
15 services for a regulated investment company as defined in section eight
16 hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, loan
17 arrangement or loan origination services to customers in connection with
18 the purchase or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the
19 issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or
20 transfer) of securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five
21 (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (vi) principally used as a qual-
22 ified film production facility including qualified film production
23 facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated as such pursuant
24 to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, where the taxpayer
25 is providing three or more services to any qualified film production
26 company using the facility, including such services as a studio lighting
27 grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone service, broadband
28 information technology access, industrial scale electrical capacity,
29 food services, security services, and heating, ventilation and air
30 conditioning. For purposes of clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph,
31 property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated broker,
32 dealer, or registered investment adviser is allowed a credit under this
33 subsection if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker,
34 dealer or registered investment adviser in accordance with this
35 subsection. For purposes of determining if the property is principally
36 used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpayer described in clauses
37 (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph may be aggregated. In addition, the
38 uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer and regis-
39 tered investment adviser under either or both of those clauses may be
40 aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the cred-
41 it provided by clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph unless (I)
42 eighty percent or more of the employees performing the administrative
43 and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses
44 of such equipment are located in this state, or (II) the average number
45 of employees that perform the administrative and support functions
46 resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and
47 are located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit
48 is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety-five percent of the aver-
49 age number of employees that perform these functions and are located in
50 this state during the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year
51 for which the credit is claimed, or (III) the number of employees
52 located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit is
53 claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the number of
54 employees located in this state on December thirty-first, nineteen
55 hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer was not a calendar year taxpay-
56 er in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the last day of its first taxable

1 year ending after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight.
2 If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in this state after the taxable
3 year beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, then the taxpayer is
4 not required to satisfy the employment test provided in the preceding
5 sentence of this subparagraph for its first taxable year. For the
6 purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the employment test will
7 be based on the number of employees located in this state on the last
8 day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject to tax in this
9 state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated to determine
10 whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses, then either
11 each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employment test or
12 this employment test must be satisfied through the aggregation of the
13 employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, and
14 registered investment adviser using the property. For purposes of this
15 subsection, the term "goods" shall not include electricity].

16 (B) For purposes of this paragraph, the following definitions shall
17 apply:

18 (i) (I) Manufacturing shall mean the process of working raw materials
19 into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, new quality or
20 new combinations to matter which already has gone through some artifi-
21 cial process by the use of machinery, tools, appliances and other simi-
22 lar equipment. Property used in the production of goods FOR SALE shall
23 include machinery, equipment or other tangible property which is princi-
24 pally used in the repair and service of other machinery, equipment or
25 other tangible property used principally in the production of goods and
26 shall include all facilities used in the production operation, including
27 storage of material to be used in production and of the products that
28 are produced.

29 (II) NOTWITHSTANDING THE DEFINITION OF MANUFACTURING IN ITEM (I) OF
30 THIS CLAUSE: THE GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY, THE
31 EXTRACTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF NATURAL GAS, AND THE PRODUCTION OF STEAM
32 ASSOCIATED WITH THE GENERATION OF ELECTRICITY DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANU-
33 FACTURING. THE CREATION, PRODUCTION OR REPRODUCTION OF A FILM, TELE-
34 VISION SHOW OR COMMERCIAL DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANUFACTURING. THE BLEND-
35 ING OF TWO OR MORE FUELS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE MANUFACTURING. THE MASS
36 PRODUCTION OF FOOD PRODUCTS FOR COMMERCIAL WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTION AND
37 SALE CONSTITUTES MANUFACTURING.

38 (ii) Research and development property shall mean property which is
39 used for purposes of research and development in the experimental or
40 laboratory sense. Such purposes shall not be deemed to include the ordi-
41 nary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control,
42 efficiency surveys, management studies, consumer surveys, advertising,
43 promotions, or research in connection with literary, historical or simi-
44 lar projects.

45 (iii) [Industrial waste treatment facilities shall mean property
46 constituting facilities for the treatment, neutralization or stabiliza-
47 tion of industrial waste and other wastes (as the terms "industrial
48 waste" and "other wastes" are defined in section 17-0105 of the environ-
49 mental conservation law) from a point immediately preceding the point of
50 such treatment, neutralization or stabilization to the point of
51 disposal, including the necessary pumping and transmitting facilities,
52 but excluding such facilities installed for the primary purpose of
53 salvaging materials which are usable in the manufacturing process or are
54 marketable.] "MANUFACTURER" SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER THAT DURING THE TAXA-
55 BLE YEAR IS PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING. A TAXPAYER IS PRINCI-
56 PALLY ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS

1 RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE
2 SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS FOR
3 A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS
4 BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

5 (iv) [Air pollution control facilities shall mean property constitut-
6 ing facilities which remove, reduce, or render less noxious air contam-
7 inants emitted from an air contamination source (as the terms "air
8 contaminant" and "air contamination source" are defined in section
9 19-0107 of the environmental conservation law) from a point immediately
10 preceding the point of such removal, reduction or rendering to the point
11 of discharge of air, meeting emission standards as established by the
12 department of environmental conservation, but excluding such facilities
13 installed for the primary purpose of salvaging materials which are
14 usable in the manufacturing process or are marketable and excluding
15 those facilities which rely for their efficacy on dilution, dispersion
16 or assimilation of air contaminants in the ambient air after emission.
17 Such term shall further include flue gas desulfurization equipment and
18 attendant sludge disposal facilities, fluidized bed boilers, precom-
19 bustion coal cleaning facilities or other facilities that conform with
20 this subsection and which comply with the provisions of the State Acid
21 Deposition Control Act set forth in title nine of article nineteen of
22 the environmental conservation law.] "QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER"
23 SHALL MEAN A MANUFACTURER THAT HAS PROPERTY IN THE STATE THAT IS USED IN
24 MANUFACTURING AND EITHER THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THAT PROPERTY AT THE
25 CLOSE OF THE TAXABLE YEAR IS AT LEAST TEN MILLION DOLLARS OR ALL OF ITS
26 REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN NEW YORK.

27 (v) [For purposes of this paragraph, the terms "qualified film
28 production facility" and "qualified film production company" shall have
29 the same meaning as in section twenty-four of this chapter.] A QUALIFIED
30 NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED
31 IN FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE OR
32 COMMERCIAL FISHING IN THE STATE. A TAXPAYER IS PRINCIPALLY ENGAGED IN
33 FARMING, AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, FLORICULTURE, VITICULTURE OR COMMER-
34 CIAL FISHING IN THE STATE IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS
35 RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE
36 SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY THE TAXPAYER BY ANY OF THE ACTIVITIES SPECI-
37 FIED IN THIS SENTENCE THAT ARE CONDUCTED IN THE STATE. IN COMPUTING
38 GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP,
39 INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE
40 ELIMINATED.

41 (VI) A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MINING BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A TAXPAYER PRIN-
42 CIPALLY ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE. A TAXPAYER IS PRINCIPALLY
43 ENGAGED IN MINING IN THE STATE IF MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE GROSS
44 RECEIPTS OF THE TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR ARE DERIVED FROM THE
45 SALE OF GOODS PRODUCED BY THE TAXPAYER BY MINING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE
46 CONDUCTED IN THE STATE. IN COMPUTING GROSS RECEIPTS FOR A TAXPAYER THAT
47 IS A PARTNER IN PARTNERSHIP, INTER-ENTITY RECEIPTS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER
48 AND SUCH PARTNERSHIP SHALL BE ELIMINATED.

49 (C) [However, such credit shall be allowed with respect to industrial
50 waste treatment facilities and air pollution control facilities only on
51 condition that such facilities have been certified by the state commis-
52 sioner of environmental conservation or his designated representative,
53 pursuant to subdivision one of section 17-0707 or subdivision one of
54 section 19-0309 of the environmental conservation law, as complying with
55 applicable provisions of the environmental conservation law, the public
56 health law, the state sanitary code and codes, rules, regulations,

permits or orders issued pursuant thereto.] IN ORDER TO PROPERLY ADMINISTER THE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY THIS SUBDIVISION, THE DEPARTMENT MAY DISCLOSE INFORMATION ABOUT THE ALLOWANCE TO ANOTHER TAXPAYER OF AN INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT OR AN EMPIRE ZONE INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT UNDER THIS CHAPTER WITH RESPECT TO THE SAME PROPERTY.

S 10. Paragraph 4 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 637 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

(4) A taxpayer shall not be allowed a credit under this subsection with respect to tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which it leases to any other person or corporation [except where a taxpayer leases property to an affiliated regulated broker, dealer, or registered investment adviser that uses such property in accordance with clause (iv) or (v) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph two of this subsection]. For purposes of the preceding sentence, any contract or agreement to lease or rent or for a license to use such property shall be considered a lease. Provided, however, in determining whether a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this subsection with respect to such property, any election made with respect to such property pursuant to the provisions of paragraph eight of subsection (f) of section one hundred sixty-eight of the internal revenue code, as such paragraph was in effect for agreements entered into prior to January first, nineteen hundred eighty-four, shall be disregarded. [For purposes of this paragraph, the use of a qualified film production facility by a qualified film production company shall not be considered a lease of such facility to such company.]

S 11. Paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 12. Subparagraph (F) of paragraph 7 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 13. Paragraphs 11, 12 and 13 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law are REPEALED.

S 14. Subsection (i) of section 1456 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 15. Subdivision (q) of section 1511 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 16. Subparagraphs (vi) and (vii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law, subparagraph (vi) as amended by section 1 of part C of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011 and subparagraph (vii) as added by section 1 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

(vi) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH OR SUBPARAGRAPH (VII) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, for taxable years beginning on or after January thirty-first, two thousand seven, the amount prescribed by this paragraph for a taxpayer which is a qualified New York manufacturer, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, shall be computed at the rate of six and one-half (6.5) percent of the taxpayer's entire net income base. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twelve and before January first, two thousand fifteen, the amount prescribed by this paragraph for a taxpayer which is an eligible qualified New York manufacturer shall be computed at the rate of three and one-quarter (3.25) percent of the taxpayer's entire net income base. [The term "manufacturer" shall mean a taxpayer which during the taxable year is principally engaged in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing. However, the generation and distrib-

1 ution of electricity, the distribution of natural gas, and the
2 production of steam associated with the generation of electricity shall
3 not be qualifying activities for a manufacturer under this subparagraph.
4 Moreover, the combined group shall be considered a "manufacturer" for
5 purposes of this subparagraph only if the combined group during the
6 taxable year is principally engaged in the activities set forth in this
7 paragraph, or any combination thereof. A taxpayer or a combined group
8 shall be "principally engaged" in activities described above if, during
9 the taxable year, more than fifty percent of the gross receipts of the
10 taxpayer or combined group, respectively, are derived from receipts from
11 the sale of goods produced by such activities. In computing a combined
12 group's gross receipts, intercorporate receipts shall be eliminated. A
13 "qualified New York manufacturer" is a manufacturer which has property
14 in New York which is described in clause (A) of subparagraph (i) of
15 paragraph (b) of subdivision twelve of this section and either (I) the
16 adjusted basis of such property for federal income tax purposes at the
17 close of the taxable year is at least one million dollars or (II) all of
18 its real and personal property is located in New York. In addition, a
19 "qualified New York manufacturer" means a taxpayer which is defined as a
20 qualified emerging technology company under paragraph (c) of subdivision
21 one of section thirty-one hundred two-e of the public authorities law
22 regardless of the ten million dollar limitation expressed in subpara-
23 graph one of such paragraph (c).] The commissioner shall establish
24 guidelines and criteria that specify requirements by which a manufactur-
25 er may be classified as an eligible qualified New York manufacturer.
26 Criteria may include but not be limited to factors such as regional
27 unemployment, the economic impact that manufacturing has on the
28 surrounding community, population decline within the region and median
29 income within the region in which the manufacturer is located. In estab-
30 lishing these guidelines and criteria, the commissioner shall endeavor
31 that the total annual cost of the lower rates shall not exceed twenty-
32 five million dollars.

33 [(vii)] For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in [subpara-
34 graph (vi) of this paragraph] SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
35 EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, the rate at which the tax is computed in effect
36 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
37 thirteen and before January first, two thousand fourteen for qualified
38 New York manufacturers shall be reduced by nine and two-tenths percent
39 for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand
40 fourteen and before January first, two thousand fifteen, twelve and
41 three-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after January
42 first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand
43 sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on
44 or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before January first,
45 two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent for taxable years begin-
46 ning on or after January first, two thousand eighteen.

47 (VII) FOR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER THAT HAS AN APPORTIONMENT
48 FACTOR FOR PURPOSES OF THE METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION BUSINESS TAX
49 SURCHARGE COMPUTED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
50 NINE-B OF THIS ARTICLE EQUAL TO ZERO FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, THE AMOUNT
51 PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER
52 JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN SHALL BE COMPUTED AT THE RATE OF
53 ZERO PERCENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S ENTIRE NET INCOME BASE.

54 S 17. Subparagraphs 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of
55 section 210 of the tax law, subparagraph 2 as amended by section 1 of
56 part GG-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008 and subparagraph 3 as added

1 by section 2 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to
2 read as follows:

3 (2) [For purposes of subparagraph one of this paragraph, the term
4 "manufacturer" shall mean a taxpayer which during the taxable year is
5 principally engaged in the production of goods by manufacturing, proc-
6 essing, assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture,
7 horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing. Moreover,
8 for purposes of computing the capital base in a combined report, the
9 combined group shall be considered a "manufacturer" for purposes of this
10 subparagraph only if the combined group during the taxable year is prin-
11 cipally engaged in the activities set forth in this subparagraph, or any
12 combination thereof. A taxpayer or a combined group shall be "principal-
13 ly engaged" in activities described above if, during the taxable year,
14 more than fifty percent of the gross receipts of the taxpayer or
15 combined group, respectively, are derived from receipts from the sale of
16 goods produced by such activities. In computing a combined group's gross
17 receipts, intercorporate receipts shall be eliminated. A "qualified New
18 York manufacturer" is a manufacturer that has property in New York that
19 is described in clause (A) of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of
20 subdivision twelve of this section and either (i) the adjusted basis of
21 that property for federal income tax purposes at the close of the taxa-
22 ble year is at least one million dollars or (ii) all of its real and
23 personal property is located in New York. In addition, a "qualified New
24 York manufacturer" means a taxpayer that is defined as a qualified
25 emerging technology company under paragraph (c) of subdivision one of
26 section thirty-one hundred two-e of the public authorities law regard-
27 less of the ten million dollar limitation expressed in subparagraph one
28 of such paragraph.

29 (3)] For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in [subpara-
30 graph two of this paragraph] SUBDIVISION FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED
31 EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, the rate at which the tax is computed in effect
32 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
33 thirteen and before January first, two thousand fourteen shall be
34 reduced by nine and two-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on
35 or after January first, two thousand fourteen and before January first,
36 two thousand fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for taxable years
37 commencing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before
38 January first, two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for
39 taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand sixteen
40 and before January first, two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent
41 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
42 eighteen.

43 S 18. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section
44 210 of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part Z of chapter 59 of the
45 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

46 (iii) For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in [subpara-
47 graph (vi) of paragraph (a) of this] subdivision FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO
48 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, the rate at which the tax is computed in
49 effect for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-
50 sand thirteen and before January first, two thousand fourteen for quali-
51 fied New York manufacturers shall be reduced by nine and two-tenths
52 percent for taxable years commencing on or after January first, two
53 thousand fourteen and before January first, two thousand fifteen, twelve
54 and three-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on or after Janu-
55 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand
56 sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on

1 or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before January first,
2 two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent for taxable years begin-
3 ning on or after January first, two thousand eighteen.

4 S 19. Subparagraph 6 of paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 of section 210
5 of the tax law, as added by section 4 of part Z of chapter 59 of the
6 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

7 (6) For a qualified New York manufacturer, as defined in [subparagraph
8 (vi) of paragraph (a) of this] subdivision FIFTEEN OF SECTION TWO
9 HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, the amounts prescribed in subparagraphs
10 one and four of this paragraph in effect for taxable years beginning on
11 or after January first, two thousand thirteen and before January first,
12 two thousand fourteen for qualified New York manufacturers shall be
13 reduced by nine and two-tenths percent for taxable years commencing on
14 or after January first, two thousand fourteen and before January first,
15 two thousand fifteen, twelve and three-tenths percent for taxable years
16 commencing on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before
17 January first, two thousand sixteen, fifteen and four-tenths percent for
18 taxable years commencing on or after January first, two thousand sixteen
19 and before January first, two thousand eighteen, and twenty-five percent
20 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand
21 eighteen.

22 S 20. Subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding
23 a new paragraph (h) to read as follows:

24 (H) FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER A TAXPAYER IS AN ELIGIBLE
25 QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX BENEFITS
26 PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION,
27 SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AND SUBPARAGRAPH
28 FIVE OF PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TAXPAYER SHALL UTILIZE THE
29 LAW, GUIDELINES AND CRITERIA IN EFFECT ON DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO
30 THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

31 S 21. Subdivision 2 of section 355 of the economic development law, as
32 amended by section 4 of part G of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is
33 amended to read as follows:

34 2. Excelsior investment tax credit component. A participant in the
35 excelsior jobs program shall be eligible to claim a credit on qualified
36 investments. The credit shall be equal to two percent of the cost or
37 other basis for federal income tax purposes of the qualified investment.
38 A participant may not claim both the excelsior investment tax credit
39 component and the investment tax credit set forth in subdivision twelve
40 of section two hundred ten[,] OR subsection (a) of section six hundred
41 six[, subsection (i) of section fourteen hundred fifty-six, or subdivi-
42 sion (q) of section fifteen hundred eleven] of the tax law for the same
43 property in any taxable year, except that a participant may claim both
44 the excelsior investment tax credit component and the investment tax
45 credit for research and development property. In addition, a taxpayer
46 who or which is qualified to claim the excelsior investment tax credit
47 component and is also qualified to claim the brownfield tangible proper-
48 ty credit component under section twenty-one of the tax law may claim
49 either the excelsior investment tax credit component or such tangible
50 property credit component, but not both with regard to a particular
51 piece of property. A credit may not be claimed until a business enter-
52 prise has received a certificate of tax credit, provided that qualified
53 investments made on or after the issuance of the certificate of eligi-
54 bility but before the issuance of the certificate of tax credit to the
55 business enterprise, may be claimed in the first taxable year for which
56 the business enterprise is allowed to claim the credit. Expenses

1 incurred prior to the date the certificate of eligibility is issued are
2 not eligible to be included in the calculation of the credit.

3 S 22. Severability. The legislature intends by this act to provide
4 needed tax relief to New York manufacturers. However, if a court of
5 final, competent jurisdiction adjudges the tax rates imposed on quali-
6 fied New York manufacturers to be invalid, qualified New York manufac-
7 turers shall be subject to the same tax rates as all other taxpayers
8 subject to tax under article nine-A of the tax law. Provided further, if
9 a court of final, competent jurisdiction adjudges that the tax credits
10 provided by this act to qualified New York manufacturers, qualified New
11 York agricultural businesses and qualified New York mining businesses to
12 be invalid, such credits shall be deemed repealed and shall be of no
13 force and effect as to any taxpayers.

14 S 23. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxa-
15 ble years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

16

PART S

17 Section 1. Sections 185, 187-j, 187-k, 187-l, 187-m, 187-q, 187-r and
18 187-s of the tax law are REPEALED.

19 S 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 9 of section 400 of the economic
20 development law, as added by section 2 of part V of chapter 61 of the
21 laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

22 (c) the business entity must not be substantially similar in ownership
23 and operation to another taxpayer taxable or previously taxable under
24 section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four or FORMER
25 SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine, former section one
26 hundred eighty-six or article nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two or thirty-
27 three of the tax law or the income or losses of which is or was includa-
28 ble under article twenty-two of the tax law;

29 S 3. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 6 of section 431 of the economic
30 development law, as added by section 1 of part A of chapter 68 of the
31 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

32 (c) the business is not substantially similar in operation and in
33 ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously
34 taxable within the last five taxable years, under section one hundred
35 eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred
36 eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of the tax law,
37 article nine-A, thirty-two or thirty-three of the tax law, article twen-
38 ty-three of the tax law or which would have been subject to tax under
39 such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January
40 first, nineteen hundred eighty), or the income (or losses) of which is
41 (or was) includable under article twenty-two of the tax law; and

42 S 4. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a), subdivision (f), paragraph 1 of
43 subdivision (i) and subdivisions (j) and (k) of section 14 of the tax
44 law, paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) as amended by section 3 of part V1
45 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, subdivisions (f) and (j) as amended
46 by section 10 of part CC of chapter 85 of the laws of 2002, paragraph 1
47 of subdivision (i) and subdivision (k) as amended and paragraph 4 of
48 subdivision (j) as added by section 5 of part A of chapter 63 of the
49 laws of 2005, subparagraph (B) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (j) as
50 amended by chapter 161 of the laws of 2005 and paragraph 5 of subdivi-
51 sion (j) as amended by section 4 of part V1 of chapter 109 of the laws
52 of 2006, are amended to read as follows:

53 (1) except as provided in paragraphs one-a and one-b of this subdivi-
54 sion, for purposes of [section one hundred eighty-seven-j and] articles

1 nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two and thirty-three of this chapter, for
2 each of the taxable years within the "business tax benefit period,"
3 which period shall consist of (A) in the case of a business enterprise
4 with a test date occurring on or before December thirty-first, two thou-
5 sand one, the first fifteen taxable years beginning on or after January
6 first, two thousand one, (B) in the case of a business enterprise with a
7 test date occurring on or after January first, two thousand two, but
8 prior to April first, two thousand five, the fifteen taxable years next
9 following the business enterprise's test year, and (C) in the case of a
10 business enterprise which is first certified under article eighteen-B of
11 the general municipal law on or after April first, two thousand five,
12 the ten taxable years starting with the taxable year in which the busi-
13 ness enterprise's first date of certification under article eighteen-B
14 of the general municipal law occurs, but only with respect to each of
15 such business tax benefit period years for which the employment test is
16 met,

17 (f) Taxable year. The term "taxable year" means the taxable year of
18 the business enterprise under section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one
19 hundred eighty-four[, one hundred eighty-five] or former section one
20 hundred eighty-six of article nine, or under article nine-A, twenty-two,
21 thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter. If a business enterprise
22 does not have a taxable year because it is exempt from taxation or
23 otherwise not required to file a return under any of such sections of
24 article nine or under article nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two or thirty-
25 three, then the term "taxable year" means (i) the business enterprise's
26 federal taxable year, or, (ii) if the enterprise does not have a federal
27 taxable year, the calendar year.

28 (1) for purposes of [section one hundred eighty-seven-j of article
29 nine, and] articles nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two and thirty-three of
30 this chapter, on the first day of the taxable year during which revoca-
31 tion of its certification under article eighteen-B of the general munic-
32 ipal law occurs, and

33 (j) New business. (1) A new business shall include any corporation,
34 except a corporation which is substantially similar in operation and in
35 ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously
36 taxable, under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-
37 four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one
38 hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A, article thirty-two
39 or thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of this chapter or
40 which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as
41 such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or
42 the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article
43 twenty-two of this chapter.

44 (2) For purposes of article twenty-two of this chapter, an individual
45 who is either a sole proprietor or a member of a partnership shall qual-
46 ify as an owner of a new business unless the business of which the indi-
47 vidual is an owner is substantially similar in operation and in owner-
48 ship to a business entity taxable, or previously taxable, under section
49 one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one
50 hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article
51 nine; article nine-A, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter; arti-
52 cle twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to tax
53 under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on Janu-
54 ary first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which
55 is (or was) includable under article twenty-two.

(3) For purposes of article twenty-two of this chapter, a shareholder of a New York S corporation shall be treated as the owner of a new business with respect to such share if the corporation qualifies as a new business pursuant to paragraph one of this subdivision.

(4) (A)(i) Notwithstanding paragraphs one and two of this subdivision, a new business shall include any corporation which is identical in operation and ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable under section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article nine-A, article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter or the income (or losses) of which is includable under article twenty-two of this chapter, provided such corporation and such business entity or entities are operating in different counties in the state.

(ii) Notwithstanding paragraphs one and two of this subdivision, an individual who is either a sole proprietor or a member of a partnership shall qualify as an owner of a new business if the business of which the individual is an owner is identical in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable under section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article nine-A, article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter or the income (or losses) of which is includable under article twenty-two of this chapter, provided such business and such business entity or entities are operating in different counties in the state.

(iii) Any corporation qualifying as a new business or any individual qualifying as an owner of a new business as a result of the provisions of this subparagraph shall have the same business tax benefit period and sales and use tax benefit period as the business entity to which it is identical in operation and in ownership.

(B) Notwithstanding any provisions of this subdivision to the contrary and notwithstanding subdivision c of section eighteen of part CC of chapter eighty-five of the laws of two thousand two, a corporation or partnership, which was first certified under article eighteen-B of the general municipal law before August first, two thousand two, has a base period of zero years or zero employment for its base period, and is similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity or entities taxable, or previously taxable, under sections specified in paragraph one or two of this subdivision or which would have been subject to tax under article twenty-three of this chapter (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income or losses of which is or was includable under article twenty-two of this chapter shall not be deemed a new business if it was not formed for a valid business purpose, as such term is defined in clause (D) of subparagraph one of paragraph (o) of subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this chapter and was formed solely to gain empire zone benefits.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a business enterprise which is approved by the commissioner of economic development as the owner of a qualified investment project or a significant capital investment project pursuant to subdivision (w) of section nine hundred fifty-nine of the general municipal law, has a base period of zero years and places in service property (or a project that includes such property) which comprises such qualified investment project or such significant capital investment project[,], shall be deemed to be a new business under this section. Provided, however, to be deemed a new business under this paragraph, such business enterprise shall have received

1 certification under article eighteen-B of the general business law by
2 December thirty-first, two thousand seven.

3 (k) If the designation of an area as an empire zone is no longer in
4 effect because section nine hundred sixty-nine of the general municipal
5 law was not amended to extend the effective date of such designation so
6 that the designations of all empire zones pursuant to article eighteen-B
7 of the general municipal law have expired, a business enterprise that
8 was certified pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal
9 law on the day immediately preceding the day on which such designation
10 expired shall be deemed to continue to be certified under such article
11 eighteen-B for purposes of this section, and sections fifteen, sixteen,
12 [section one hundred eighty-seven-j,] subdivisions twenty-seven and
13 twenty-eight of section two hundred ten, subsections (bb) and (cc) of
14 section six hundred six, subdivision [(z)] (D) of section eleven hundred
15 [fifteen] NINETEEN, subsections (o) and (p) of section fourteen hundred
16 fifty-six, and subdivisions (r) and (s) of section fifteen hundred elev-
17 en of this chapter. In addition, if the designation of an area as an
18 empire zone is no longer in effect because section nine hundred sixty-
19 nine of the general municipal law was not amended to extend the effec-
20 tive date of such designation so that the designations of all empire
21 zones pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law have
22 expired, all references to empire zones in the provisions of this chap-
23 ter listed in the previous sentence shall be read as meaning areas
24 designated as empire zones on the day immediately preceding the day on
25 which such designation expired.

26 S 5. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (h) of section 15 of the tax law is
27 REPEALED.

28 S 6. The closing paragraph of subdivision (a) of section 28 of the tax
29 law, as added by section 2 of part V of chapter 62 of the laws of 2006,
30 is amended to read as follows:

31 (4) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, a
32 corporation or partnership, which otherwise qualifies as a qualified
33 commercial production company, and is similar in operation and in owner-
34 ship to a business entity or entities taxable, or previously taxable,
35 under section one hundred eighty-three[,], OR one hundred eighty-four or
36 FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article nine-A,
37 article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter or which would have
38 been subject to tax under article twenty-three of this chapter (as such
39 article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the
40 income or losses of which is or was includable under article twenty-two
41 of this chapter shall not be deemed a new or separate business, and
42 therefore shall not be eligible for empire state commercial production
43 benefits, if it was not formed for a valid business purpose, as such
44 term is defined in clause (D) of subparagraph one of paragraph (o) of
45 subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this chapter and was
46 formed solely to gain empire state commercial production credit bene-
47 fits.

48 S 7. Subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as amended by
49 section 7 of part G of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to
50 read as follows:

51 (a) General. A taxpayer subject to tax under [section one hundred
52 eighty-five,] article nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two or thirty-three of
53 this chapter shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the
54 provisions referenced in subdivision (g) of this section. The amount of
55 the credit, allowable for up to ten consecutive taxable years, is the
56 sum of the following four credit components:

- (1) the excelsior jobs tax credit component;
- (2) the excelsior investment tax credit component;
- (3) the excelsior research and development tax credit component; and
- (4) the excelsior real property tax credit component.

S 8. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (g) of section 31 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 9. The opening paragraph of paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) and subparagraph (C) of paragraph 2 of subdivision (e) of section 35 of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part V of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, are amended to read as follows:

A taxpayer which is a participant or the owner of a participant in the economic transformation and facility redevelopment program under article eighteen of the economic development law that is subject to tax under [section one hundred eighty-five of article nine, or] article nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter shall be allowed the sum of following components against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (f) of this section.

(C) the business entity must not be substantially similar in ownership and operation to another taxpayer taxable or previously taxable under section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine, former section one hundred eighty-six of this chapter or article nine-A, twenty-two, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter or the income or losses of which is or was includable under article twenty-two of this chapter;

S 10. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 35 of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part V of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is REPEALED.

S 11. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (e) of section 38 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part EE of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is REPEALED.

S 12. Subdivision 2 of section 187 of the tax law, as added by chapter 788 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows:

2. In no event shall the credit herein provided for be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three[, one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

S 13. Subdivision 5 of section 187-a of the tax law, as added by chapter 142 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as follows:

5. Carryover. In no event shall the credit under this section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three[, one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of this article. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

S 14. Subdivisions 1 and 4 of section 187-b of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

1. General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be credited against the taxes imposed under sections one hundred eighty-three[,] AND

1 one hundred eighty-four[, and one hundred eighty-five] of this article.
2 Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall be allowed
3 for alternative fuel vehicle refueling and electric vehicle recharging
4 property placed in service during the taxable year. Provided, however,
5 that the amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by
6 section one hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of
7 the credit allowed by this section over the amount of such credit allow-
8 able against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this
9 article.

10 4. Carryovers. In no event shall the credit under this section be
11 allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the
12 applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three [or one
13 hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the amount of credit
14 allowable under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to
15 such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year
16 may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted
17 from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

18 S 15. Section 187-c of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part K
19 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

20 S 187-c. Biofuel production credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a
21 credit to be computed as provided in section twenty-eight of this chap-
22 ter, as added by part X of chapter sixty-two of the laws of two thousand
23 six, against the tax imposed by this article. Provided, however, that
24 the amount of such credit allowed against the tax imposed by section one
25 hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of
26 such credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this section
27 against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this
28 article. In no event shall the credit under this section be allowed in
29 an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the applicable
30 minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three [or one hundred
31 eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the amount of the credit
32 allowed under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such
33 amount, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be cred-
34 ited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six
35 hundred eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of
36 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter
37 notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon. The tax credit
38 allowed pursuant to this section shall apply to taxable years beginning
39 before January first, two thousand twenty.

40 S 16. Section 187-d of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part II
41 of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

42 S 187-d. Green building credit. 1. Allowance of credit. A taxpayer
43 shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section nine-
44 teen of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by sections one hundred
45 eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four[, one hundred eighty-five] and
46 FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of this article. Provided, howev-
47 er, that the amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by
48 section one hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of
49 the amount of such credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this
50 section against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of
51 this article.

52 2. Carryovers. In no event shall the credit under this section be
53 allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the
54 applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three[, one
55 hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of this
56 article. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under this section

1 for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of cred-
2 it not deductible in such taxable year may be carried over to the
3 following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for
4 such year or years.

5 S 17. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 187-e of the tax law, as added
6 by section 2 of part I of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, are amended to
7 read as follows:

8 1. Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be
9 computed as provided in section twenty of this chapter, against the
10 taxes imposed by sections one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-
11 four[, one hundred eighty-five] and FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-
12 six of this article. Provided, however, that the amount of such credit
13 allowable against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of
14 this article shall be the excess of the amount of such credit over the
15 amount of any credit allowed by this section against the tax imposed by
16 section one hundred eighty-three of this article.

17 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
18 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
19 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eight-
20 y-three[, one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eight-
21 y-six of this article. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under
22 this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any
23 amount of credit not thus deductible in such taxable year shall be
24 treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accord-
25 ance with the provisions of section ten hundred eighty-six of this chap-
26 ter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection (c) of section ten
27 hundred eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding, no interest shall
28 be paid thereon.

29 S 18. Section 187-g of the tax law, as added by section 2 of part H of
30 chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

31 S 187-g. Brownfield redevelopment tax credit. 1. Allowance of credit.
32 A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in
33 section twenty-one of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by
34 sections one hundred eighty-three[,] AND one hundred eighty-four [and
35 one hundred eighty-five] of this article. Provided, however, that the
36 amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by section one
37 hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of
38 such credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this section
39 against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this
40 article.

41 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
42 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
43 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eight-
44 y-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the
45 amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year
46 reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in
47 such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be
48 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section ten hundred eight-
49 y-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection
50 (c) of section ten hundred eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding,
51 no interest shall be paid thereon.

52 S 19. Section 187-h of the tax law, as added by section 13 of part H
53 of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, subdivision 1 as amended by section 5
54 of part H of chapter 577 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as
55 follows:

1 S 187-h. Remediated brownfield credit for real property taxes for
2 qualified sites. 1. Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a
3 credit, to be computed as provided in subdivision (b) of section twenty-
4 ty-two of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by sections one
5 hundred eighty-three[,] AND one hundred eighty-four [and one hundred
6 eighty-five] of this article. Provided, however, that the amount of such
7 credit allowed against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-
8 four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of such credit
9 over the amount of any credit allowed by this section against the tax
10 imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this article.

11 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
12 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
13 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eight-
14 y-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the
15 amount of credit allowed under this section for any taxable year reduces
16 the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not thus deductible in such
17 taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or
18 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section ten hundred eight-
19 y-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection
20 (c) of section ten hundred eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding,
21 no interest shall be paid thereon.

22 S 20. Section 187-i of the tax law, as added by section 20 of part H
23 of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

24 S 187-i. Environmental remediation insurance credit. 1. Allowance of
25 credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided
26 in section twenty-three of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by
27 sections one hundred eighty-three[,] AND one hundred eighty-four [and
28 one hundred eighty-five] of this article. Provided, however, that the
29 amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by section one
30 hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of
31 such credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this section
32 against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this
33 article.

34 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
35 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
36 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred
37 eighty-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however,
38 the amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year
39 reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in
40 such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be
41 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand
42 eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of
43 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter
44 notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon.

45 S 21. Subdivision 2 of section 187-n of the tax law, as added by
46 chapter 537 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

47 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
48 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
49 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred
50 eighty-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however,
51 the amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year
52 reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in
53 such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be
54 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand
55 eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of

1 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter
2 notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon.

3 S 22. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 187-n of the tax law, subdivi-
4 sion 1 as amended by section 1 of part C1 of chapter 57 of the laws of
5 2009 and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 446 of the laws of 2005, are
6 amended to read as follows:

7 (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning before January
8 first, two thousand nine, a taxpayer whose business is not substantially
9 engaged in the commercial generation, distribution, transmission, or
10 servicing of energy or energy products shall be allowed a credit against
11 the taxes imposed by sections one hundred eighty-three[,] AND one
12 hundred eighty-four [and one hundred eighty-five] of this article, equal
13 to its qualified fuel cell electric generating equipment expenditures.
14 Provided, however, that the amount of such credit allowable against the
15 tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of this article shall be
16 the excess of the amount of such credit over the amount of any credit
17 allowed by this section against the tax imposed by section one hundred
18 eighty-three of this article. This credit shall not exceed one thousand
19 five hundred dollars per generating unit with respect to any taxable
20 year. The credit provided for herein shall be allowed with respect to
21 the taxable year in which the fuel cell electric generating equipment is
22 placed in service.

23 (3) Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
24 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to
25 less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eight-
26 y-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the
27 amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year
28 reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in
29 such taxable year may be carried over to the following year or years and
30 may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

31 S 23. Section 187-o of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part Y of
32 chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

33 S 187-o. Temporary deferral nonrefundable payout credit. 1. Allowance
34 of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as
35 provided in subdivision one of section thirty-four of this chapter,
36 against either the taxes imposed by sections one hundred eighty-three[,]
37 AND one hundred eighty-four, [and one hundred eighty-five,] or the tax
38 imposed by section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article. However,
39 the amount of such credit against the tax imposed by section one hundred
40 eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of that
41 credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this section against the
42 tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this article.

43 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
44 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax to less than
45 the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three [or
46 one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the amount of
47 credit allowed under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax
48 to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year
49 may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted
50 from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

51 S 24. Section 187-p of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part Y of
52 chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

53 S 187-p. Temporary deferral refundable payout credit. 1. Allowance of
54 credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided
55 in subdivision two of section thirty-four of this chapter, against the
56 taxes imposed by sections one hundred eighty-three[,] AND one hundred

1 eighty-four [and one hundred eighty-five] of this article, or the tax
2 imposed by section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article. However,
3 the amount of such credit against the tax imposed by section one hundred
4 eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the amount of that
5 credit over the amount of any credit allowed by this section against the
6 tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this article.

7 2. Application of credit. In no event shall the credit under this
8 section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax to less than
9 the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three [or
10 one hundred eighty-five] of this article. If, however, the amount of
11 credit allowed under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax
12 to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year
13 shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be refunded in accordance
14 with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter,
15 provided however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.

16 S 25. Subdivisions 2 and 3 of section 190 of the tax law, as added by
17 section 1 of part E of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, are amended to
18 read as follows:

19 2. Computation. The credit allowed by this section shall first be
20 deducted from the taxes imposed by section one hundred eighty-three[,
21 one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of
22 this article. The amount of any such credit remaining shall next be
23 deducted from the taxes imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of
24 this article.

25 3. Carryover. In no event shall the amount of credit allowed under
26 this section reduce the tax payable to less than the minimum tax fixed
27 by section one hundred eighty-three[, one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER
28 SECTION one hundred eighty-six of this article. If, however, the amount
29 of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year reduces the
30 tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable
31 year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be
32 deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.

33 S 26. Subdivision 1 of section 192 of the tax law, as amended by chap-
34 ter 96 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:

35 1. Corporations paying franchise tax. Every corporation, association
36 or joint-stock company liable to pay a tax under section one hundred
37 eighty-three [or one hundred eighty-five] of this chapter shall, on or
38 before March fifteenth in each year, make a written report to the tax
39 commission of its condition at the close of its business on the preced-
40 ing December thirty-first, stating the amount of its authorized capital
41 stock, the amount of stock paid in, the date and rate per centum of each
42 dividend paid by it during the year ending with such day, the entire
43 amount of the capital of such corporation, and the capital employed by
44 it in this state during such year.

45 S 27. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by
46 section 2 of part FF1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to
47 read as follows:

48 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three
49 to one hundred [eighty-five] EIGHTY-FOUR-A, inclusive, corporations
50 taxable under articles thirty-two and thirty-three of this chapter, any
51 trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of
52 which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a
53 law of this state, bank holding companies filing a combined return in
54 accordance with [subdivision] SUBSECTION (f) of section fourteen hundred
55 sixty-two of this chapter, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a
56 combined return under either [subdivision] SUBSECTION (f) of section

fourteen hundred sixty-two or subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law shall not be subject to tax under this article.

S 28. Section 209 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 12 to read as follows:

12. ALL FARMERS', FRUIT GROWERS' AND OTHER LIKE AGRICULTURAL CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED AND OPERATED ON A CO-OPERATIVE BASIS FOR THE PURPOSES EXPRESSED IN AND AS PROVIDED UNDER THE CO-OPERATIVE CORPORATIONS LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH CORPORATIONS HAVE CAPITAL STOCK, SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

S 29. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 1-c, clause (i) of subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 3, and subparagraphs 1 and 2 of paragraph (j) of subdivision 12 of section 210 of the tax law, paragraph (b) of subdivision 1-c as amended by section 12 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, paragraph (c) of subdivision 1-c and subparagraph 2 of paragraph (j) of subdivision 12 as amended by chapter 1043 of the laws of 1981, clause (i) of subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989 and subparagraph 1 of paragraph (j) of subdivision 12 as amended by section 14 of part Y of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000, are amended to read as follows:

(b) is not a corporation over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock of which entitling the holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is owned by a taxpayer which (1) is subject to tax under this article; section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR SECTION one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter, and (2) does not qualify as a small business corporation as defined in paragraph three of subsection (c) of section twelve hundred forty-four of the internal revenue code (without regard to the second sentence of subparagraph (A) thereof) as of the last day of its taxable year ending within or with the taxable year of the taxpayer,

(c) is not a corporation which is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, OR FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of this chapter, and

(i) In the case of an issuer or obligor subject to tax under section one hundred eighty-three[, one hundred eighty-five] or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of this chapter or under this article or article thirty-three of this chapter (except for savings and insurance banks described in subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred of this chapter), the issuer's allocation percentage shall be the percentage of the appropriate measure (as defined hereinafter) which is required to be allocated within the state on the report, if any, required of the issuer or obligor under this chapter for the preceding year. The appropriate measure referred to in the preceding sentence shall be: in the case of an issuer or obligor subject to section one hundred eighty-three of this

chapter, issued capital stock; in the case of an issuer or obligor [subject to section one hundred eighty-five] EXEMPT FROM TAX UNDER SUBDIVISION TWELVE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE of this [chapter] ARTICLE, issued capital stock; in the case of an issuer or obligor subject to FORMER section one hundred eighty-six of this chapter, gross earnings; in the case of an issuer or obligor subject to this article, entire capital; and in the case of an issuer or obligor subject to article thirty-three of this chapter, gross direct premiums.

(1) over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer subject to tax under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter; or

(2) is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of this chapter whereby the intent and purpose of this paragraph and paragraph (e) of this subdivision with respect to refunding of credit to new business would be evaded; or

S 30. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 10 of subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part CC of chapter 85 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as follows:

(A) the business of which the individual is an owner is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity taxable, or previously taxable, under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter; article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of this chapter whereby the intent and purpose of this paragraph and paragraph five of this subsection with respect to refunding of credit to new business would be evaded; or

S 31. Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 8 of subsection (i) of section 1456 of the tax law, as added by section 27 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 1998, are amended to read as follows:

(A) over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer subject to tax under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A or article thirty-three of this chapter; or

(B) is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A or article thirty-three of

1 this chapter; article twenty-three of this chapter or which would have
2 been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was
3 in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or
4 losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of this
5 chapter whereby the intent and purpose of this paragraph and paragraph
6 five of this subsection with respect to refunding of credit to new busi-
7 ness would be evaded; or

8 S 32. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 7 of subdivision (q) of section
9 1511 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part L of chapter 63 of
10 the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

11 (A) over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the
12 holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is
13 owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer
14 subject to tax under this article; section one hundred eighty-three, one
15 hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER
16 SECTION one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article nine-A or arti-
17 cle thirty-two of this chapter; or

18 S 33. Subdivision 13 of section 171 of the transportation law, as
19 added by chapter 478 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

20 13. The transportation for compensation performed by an agricultural
21 cooperative corporation[, which corporation is subject to tax under
22 section one hundred eighty-five of the tax law,] for non-members who are
23 not farmers or cooperative corporations when such transportation is
24 limited to that which is incidental to the agricultural cooperative
25 corporation's primary transportation operation and is necessary for its
26 effective performance. Such transportation shall be provided only after
27 the agricultural cooperative corporation notifies the commissioner in
28 writing of its intent to provide the transportation and it shall not
29 exceed twenty-five percent of the agricultural cooperative corporation's
30 total transportation services in each calendar year measured in terms of
31 tonnage. The commissioner may prescribe the records to be kept and the
32 information to be furnished by all agricultural cooperative corporations
33 performing transportation pursuant to this subdivision.

34 S 34. Subclause 2 of clause (v) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of
35 subdivision (o) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the
36 city of New York, such subdivision as relettered by chapter 639 of the
37 laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

38 (2) A new business does not include: (i) any new business of which
39 twenty-five percent or more of the number of shares of stock that enti-
40 tle the holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trus-
41 tees is owned, directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer subject to tax
42 under section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER
43 SECTION one hundred eighty-five or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-six
44 of article nine of the tax law, or under article [nine-a] NINE-A, thir-
45 ty-two or thirty-three of the tax law or (ii) any new business substan-
46 tially similar in operation and in ownership, directly or indirectly, to
47 a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under
48 such section, such article, article twenty-three of the tax law or which
49 would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such
50 article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the
51 income (or losses) of which is (or was) includible under article twen-
52 ty-two of such tax law whereby the intent and purpose of this section
53 would be evaded.

54 S 35. Paragraph (iii) of subdivision 9 of section 16-v of section 1 of
55 chapter 174 of the laws of 1968, constituting the New York state urban

development corporation act, as added by section 1 of part C of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

(iii) either: (A) any corporation, except a corporation which:

(1) over fifty percent of the number of shares of stock entitling the holders thereof to vote for the election of directors or trustees is owned or controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a taxpayer subject to tax under the following provisions of the tax law: article nine-A; section one hundred eighty-three[,] OR one hundred eighty-four or FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five of article nine; article thirty-two or article thirty-three; or

(2) is substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable or previously taxable under the following provisions of the tax law: article nine-A; section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or former section one hundred eighty-six of article nine; article thirty-two; article thirty-three; article twenty-three, or would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two; or

(B) a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, or New York subchapter S corporation that is not substantially similar in operation and in ownership to a business entity (or entities) taxable, or previously taxable, under article nine-A of the tax law, section one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, FORMER SECTION one hundred eighty-five or former section one hundred eighty-six of article nine of the tax law, article thirty-two or thirty-three of the tax law, article twenty-three of the tax law or which would have been subject to tax under such article twenty-three (as such article was in effect on January first, nineteen hundred eighty) or the income (or losses) of which is (or was) includable under article twenty-two of the tax law; and

S 36. Notwithstanding the repeal of section 185 of the tax law by section one of this act, all provisions of such section 185, in respect to the imposition, exemption, assessment, payment, payment over, determination, collection, and credit or refund of tax imposed thereunder, the filing of forms and returns, the preservation of records for the purposes of such tax, the secrecy of returns, the disposition of revenues, and the civil and criminal penalties applicable to the violation of the provisions of such section 185, shall continue in full force and effect with respect to all such tax accrued up to December 31, 2014; all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, commenced or authorized to be commenced under or by virtue of any provision of such section 185 so repealed, and pending or able to commence prior to the taking effect of such repeal, may be commenced, prosecuted and defended to final effect in the same manner as they might if such provisions were not so repealed.

S 37. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015; provided, however that:

a. the amendments to subdivision 9 of section 400 of the economic development law made by section two of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith; and

b. the amendments to subdivisions (a) and (e) of section 35 of the tax law made by section nine of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

1 Section 1. Section 39 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdi-
2 vision (c-1) to read as follows:

3 (C-1) EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES. SUCH BUSINESS OR OWNER
4 OF A BUSINESS SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR A CREDIT OF THE EXCISE TAX ON TELE-
5 COMMUNICATION SERVICES IMPOSED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX-E OF
6 THIS CHAPTER THAT IS PASSED THROUGH TO SUCH BUSINESS, PURSUANT TO THE
7 PROVISIONS REFERENCED IN SUBDIVISION (K) OF THIS SECTION.

8 S 2. Paragraphs 4 and 6 of subdivision (k) of section 39 of the tax
9 law, as added by section 2 of part A of chapter 68 of the laws of 2013,
10 are amended to read as follows:

11 (4) Article 9-A: section 210, subdivision 47 AND SUBDIVISION 48.

12 (6) Article 22: section 606, subsection (ww) AND SUBSECTION (XX).

13 S 3. Section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision
14 48 to read as follows:

15 48. THE TAX-FREE NY AREA EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES
16 CREDIT. A TAXPAYER THAT IS A BUSINESS OR OWNER OF A BUSINESS THAT IS
17 LOCATED IN A TAX-FREE NY AREA APPROVED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE OF
18 THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LAW SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO THE
19 EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES IMPOSED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED
20 EIGHTY-SIX-E OF THIS CHAPTER AND PASSED THROUGH TO SUCH BUSINESS DURING
21 THE TAXABLE YEAR TO THE EXTENT NOT OTHERWISE DEDUCTED IN COMPUTING
22 ENTIRE NET INCOME. HOWEVER, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH
23 TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR
24 REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND
25 EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. THIS CREDIT MAY BE CLAIMED ONLY WHERE ANY
26 TAX IMPOSED BY SUCH SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX-E HAS BEEN SEPARATELY
27 STATED ON A BILL FROM THE PROVIDER OF TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES AND
28 PAID BY SUCH BUSINESS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. UNLESS THE TAXPAYER HAS A
29 TAX-FREE NY AREA ALLOCATION FACTOR OF ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, THE CREDIT
30 ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE
31 TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH
32 (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE
33 PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF
34 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

35 S 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection
36 (xx) to read as follows:

37 (XX) THE TAX-FREE NY AREA EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES
38 CREDIT. A TAXPAYER THAT IS A BUSINESS OR OWNER OF A BUSINESS THAT IS
39 LOCATED IN A TAX-FREE NY AREA APPROVED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE OF
40 THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LAW SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO THE
41 EXCISE TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES IMPOSED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED
42 EIGHTY-SIX-E OF THIS CHAPTER AND PASSED THROUGH TO SUCH BUSINESS DURING
43 THE TAXABLE YEAR TO THE EXTENT NOT OTHERWISE DEDUCTED IN COMPUTING
44 FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME. THIS CREDIT MAY BE CLAIMED ONLY WHERE
45 ANY TAX IMPOSED BY SUCH SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX-E HAS BEEN SEPA-
46 RATELY STATED ON A BILL FROM THE PROVIDER OF TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES
47 AND PAID BY SUCH TAXPAYER DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR. IF THE AMOUNT OF THE
48 CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR EXCEEDS THE
49 TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR, THE EXCESS WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAY-
50 MENT TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
51 SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT
52 NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

53 S 5. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606
54 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xxvii) to read as
55 follows:

1 (XXXVII) TAX FREE NY AREA EXCISE AMOUNT OF CREDIT UNDER
2 TAX ON TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES SUBDIVISION FORTY-EIGHT
3 CREDIT UNDER SUBSECTION (XX) OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN
4 S 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
5 years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

6 PART U

7 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 44 of section 210 of the tax
8 law, as amended by section 2 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of
9 2012, is amended to read as follows:

10 (a) A taxpayer that has been certified by the commissioner of labor as
11 a qualified employer pursuant to section twenty-five-a of the labor law
12 shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article equal
13 to (i) five hundred dollars per month for up to six months for each
14 qualified employee the employer employs in a full-time job or two
15 hundred fifty dollars per month for up to six months for each qualified
16 employee the employer employs in a part-time job of at least twenty
17 hours per week OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS
18 ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, and (ii) one thousand dollars for
19 each qualified employee who is employed for at least an additional six
20 months by the qualified employer in a full-time job or five hundred
21 dollars for each qualified employee who is employed for at least an
22 additional six months by the qualified employer in a part-time job of at
23 least twenty hours per week OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED
24 EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, AND (III) AN ADDITIONAL
25 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT
26 LEAST AN ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOY-
27 MENT BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A FULL-TIME JOB OR FIVE HUNDRED
28 DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN
29 ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT BY THE
30 QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A PART-TIME JOB OF AT LEAST TWENTY HOURS PER WEEK
31 OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH
32 SCHOOL FULL-TIME. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "qualified
33 employee" shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (b) of
34 section twenty-five-a of the labor law. The portion of the credit
35 described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph shall be allowed for the
36 taxable year in which the wages are paid to the qualified employee, and
37 the portion of the credit described in subparagraph (ii) of this para-
38 graph shall be allowed in the taxable year in which the additional six
39 month period ends.

40 S 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (tt) of section 606 of the tax law, as
41 amended by section 3 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is
42 amended to read as follows:

43 (1) A taxpayer that has been certified by the commissioner of labor as
44 a qualified employer pursuant to section twenty-five-a of the labor law
45 shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article equal
46 to (A) five hundred dollars per month for up to six months for each
47 qualified employee the employer employs in a full-time job or two
48 hundred fifty dollars per month for up to six months for each qualified
49 employee the employer employs in a part-time job of at least twenty
50 hours per week OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS
51 ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, and (B) one thousand dollars for each
52 qualified employee who is employed for at least an additional six months
53 by the qualified employer in a full-time job or five hundred dollars for
54 each qualified employee who is employed for at least an additional six

1 months by the qualified employer in a part-time job of at least twenty
2 hours per week OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS
3 ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME, AND (C) AN ADDITIONAL ONE THOUSAND
4 DOLLARS FOR EACH QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN
5 ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT BY THE
6 QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN A FULL-TIME JOB OR FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR EACH
7 QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE WHO IS EMPLOYED FOR AT LEAST AN ADDITIONAL YEAR AFTER
8 THE FIRST YEAR OF THE EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYER IN
9 A PART-TIME JOB OF AT LEAST TWENTY HOURS PER WEEK OR TEN HOURS PER WEEK
10 WHEN THE QUALIFIED EMPLOYEE IS ENROLLED IN HIGH SCHOOL FULL-TIME. A
11 taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited liabil-
12 ity company or shareholder in an S corporation that has been certified
13 by the commissioner of labor as a qualified employer pursuant to section
14 twenty-five-a of the labor law shall be allowed its pro rata share of
15 the credit earned by the partnership, limited liability company or S
16 corporation. For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified
17 employee" shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (b) of
18 section twenty-five-a of the labor law. The portion of the credit
19 described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be allowed for the
20 taxable year in which the wages are paid to the qualified employee, and
21 the portion of the credit described in subparagraph (B) of this para-
22 graph shall be allowed in the taxable year in which the additional six
23 month period ends.

24 S 3. Subdivision (a) of section 25-a of the labor law, as amended by
25 section 2 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to
26 read as follows:

27 (a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the New
28 York youth works tax credit program to provide tax incentives to employ-
29 ers for employing at risk youth in part-time and full-time positions.
30 There will be five distinct pools of tax incentives. Program one will
31 cover tax incentives allocated for two thousand twelve and two thousand
32 thirteen. Program two will cover tax incentives allocated in two thou-
33 sand fourteen to be used in two thousand fourteen and fifteen. Program
34 three will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand fifteen to be
35 used in two thousand fifteen and sixteen. Program four will cover tax
36 incentives allocated in two thousand sixteen to be used in two thousand
37 sixteen and seventeen. Program five will cover tax incentives allocated
38 in two thousand seventeen to be used in two thousand seventeen and eigh-
39 teen. The commissioner is authorized to allocate up to twenty-five
40 million dollars of tax credits under program one, [six] TEN million
41 dollars of tax credits under program two, [six] TEN million dollars of
42 tax credits under program three, [and six] TEN million dollars of tax
43 credits under program four, and [six] TEN million dollars of tax credits
44 under program five.

45 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years
46 beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

47 PART V

48 Section 1. Section 19 of Part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006
49 amending the tax law and other laws relating to providing exemptions,
50 reimbursements and credits from various taxes for certain alternative
51 fuels, as amended by section 1 of part D of chapter 59 of the laws of
52 2012, is amended to read as follows:

53 S 19. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that
54 sections one through thirteen of this act shall take effect September 1,

1 2006 and shall be deemed repealed on September 1, [2014] 2016 and such
2 repeal shall apply in accordance with the applicable transitional
3 provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law, and shall apply to
4 sales made, fuel compounded or manufactured, and uses occurring on or
5 after such date, and with respect to sections seven through eleven of
6 this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of
7 sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the
8 commissioner of taxation and finance shall be authorized on and after
9 the date this act shall have become a law to adopt and amend any rules
10 or regulations and to take any steps necessary to implement the
11 provisions of this act; provided further that sections fourteen through
12 sixteen of this act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to
13 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006.

14 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

15

PART W

16 Section 1. Section 11 of part EE of chapter 63 of the laws of 2000,
17 amending the tax law and other laws relating to modifying the distrib-
18 ution of funds from the motor vehicle fuel excise tax, as amended by
19 section 1 of part M of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to
20 read as follows:

21 S 11. Notwithstanding any other law, rule or regulation to the contra-
22 ry, the comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to deposit in
23 equal monthly installments and distribute pursuant to the provisions of
24 subdivision (d) of section 301-j of the tax law amounts listed below to
25 the credit of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund and the dedi-
26 cated mass transportation trust fund from all motor vehicle receipts now
27 deposited into the general fund pursuant to provisions of the vehicle
28 and traffic law: twenty-eight million four hundred thousand dollars
29 from April 1, 2002 through March 31, 2003, sixty-seven million nine
30 hundred thousand dollars from April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2004, one
31 hundred seventy million one hundred thousand dollars from April 1, 2004
32 through March 31, 2005, and one hundred percent of all motor vehicle
33 receipts pursuant to provisions of the vehicle and traffic law that are
34 not otherwise directed to be deposited in a fund other than the general
35 fund from April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2006, and the same amount each
36 year thereafter UNTIL MARCH 31, 2014. FROM APRIL 1, 2014 THROUGH MARCH
37 31, 2015, AND EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE COMPTROLLER SHALL, ON A QUARTER-
38 LY BASIS, CERTIFY AND TRANSFER SIXTEEN MILLION FOUR HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT
39 THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE DOLLARS TO THE DEDICATED HIGHWAY AND
40 BRIDGE TRUST FUND AND FIFTEEN MILLION SIX HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND
41 TWO HUNDRED FORTY-FIVE DOLLARS TO THE DEDICATED MASS TRANSPORTATION
42 TRUST FUND.

43 S 2. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 4 of section 503 of the vehicle and
44 traffic law, as added by section 1 of part W of chapter 59 of the laws
45 of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

46 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary,
47 commencing April first, two thousand six and ending March thirty-first,
48 two thousand [seven] FOURTEEN, IN EACH YEAR, the first forty million
49 seven hundred thousand dollars of fees collected pursuant to this subdivi-
50 sion and section eleven hundred ninety-nine of this chapter, in the
51 aggregate, shall be paid to the state comptroller who shall deposit such
52 money in the state treasury pursuant to section one hundred twenty-one
53 of the state finance law to the credit of the general fund. Any such
54 fees collected in excess of such amount shall be paid to the credit of

1 the comptroller on account of the dedicated highway and bridge trust
2 fund established pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance
3 law. [Commencing April first, two thousand seven and ending March thir-
4 ty-first, two thousand eight, and for each such fiscal year thereafter,
5 the first forty million seven hundred thousand dollars of fees collected
6 pursuant to this subdivision and section eleven hundred ninety-nine of
7 this chapter, in the aggregate, shall be paid to the state comptroller
8 who shall deposit such money in the state treasury pursuant to section
9 one hundred twenty-one of the state finance law to the credit of the
10 general fund. Any such fees collected in excess of such amount for each
11 such state fiscal year, shall be paid to the credit of the comptroller
12 on account of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established
13 pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law.] COMMENCING
14 APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND FOR EACH SUCH FISCAL YEAR THERE-
15 AFTER, ANY SUCH FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION AND SECTION
16 ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-NINE OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE PAID TO THE CREDIT
17 OF THE COMPTROLLER ON ACCOUNT OF THE DEDICATED HIGHWAY AND BRIDGE TRUST
18 FUND ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION EIGHTY-NINE-B OF THE STATE FINANCE
19 LAW.

20 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
21 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2014.

22

PART X

23 Section 1. Section 951 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 67 of the
24 laws of 1978, subsection (a) as amended by section 1 of part T of chap-
25 ter 57 of the laws of 2010, subsection (b) as amended by section 5 of
26 part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997 and subsection (c) as added by
27 chapter 538 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

28 S 951. Applicable internal revenue code provisions.-- (a) [Dates]
29 GENERAL. For purposes of this article, any reference to the internal
30 revenue code means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, with
31 all amendments enacted on or before [July twenty-second, nineteen
32 hundred ninety-eight,] JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN and, unless
33 specifically provided otherwise in this article, any reference to Decem-
34 ber thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventy-six or January first, nine-
35 teen hundred seventy-seven contained in the provisions of such code
36 which are applicable to the determination of the tax imposed by this
37 article shall be read as a reference to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred
38 seventy-eight or July first, nineteen hundred seventy-eight, respective-
39 ly. [Notwithstanding the foregoing, the unified credit against the
40 estate tax provided in section two thousand ten of the internal revenue
41 code shall, for purposes of this article, be the amount allowable as if
42 the federal applicable exclusion amount were one million dollars.]

43 (b) [Applicable generation-skipping transfer tax provisions.--Where
44 any reference is made in this article (or in the provisions of the
45 internal revenue code which are made applicable by section two, as
46 amended, of chapter one thousand thirteen of the laws of nineteen
47 hundred sixty-two, to the determination of the tax imposed by this arti-
48 cle and appended thereto) to provisions of the internal revenue code
49 contained in section one thousand twenty-five of this chapter, such
50 internal revenue code provisions contained in such section one thousand
51 twenty-five shall apply to the provisions of this article in the same
52 manner and with the same force and effect as if the language of such
53 provisions of the internal revenue code had been incorporated in full
54 into this article except to the extent that any such provision is either

inconsistent with a provision of this article or is not relevant there-to.

(c)] Disposition to surviving spouse who is not a United States citizen. In the case of an estate where a federal estate tax return is not required for federal estate tax purposes, a disposition to a surviving spouse that would qualify for the federal estate tax marital deduction under section 2056 of the internal revenue code if not for the limitation imposed by subsection (d)(1) of such section shall nonetheless be treated as qualifying for the federal estate tax marital deduction for purposes of computing the tax imposed by section nine hundred fifty-two of this part, without requiring that such disposition pass to the surviving spouse in a qualified domestic trust as required for federal purposes by internal revenue code section 2056(d)(2).

S 2. Section 952 of the tax law, as added by section 9 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, subsection (b) as amended by section 3 of part I of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

S 952. Tax imposed. (a) A tax is hereby imposed on the transfer of the New York estate by every deceased individual who at his or her death was a resident of New York state. [The tax imposed by this subsection shall be an amount equal to the maximum amount allowable against the federal estate tax as a credit for state death taxes under section two thousand eleven of the internal revenue code.]

(b) [If the transfer of any part of the estate of a deceased resident includes real or tangible personal property having an actual situs outside New York state, the tax imposed by subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by an amount determined by multiplying the maximum amount of the federal credit for state death taxes by a fraction, the numerator of which is the decedent's federal gross estate reduced by his or her New York gross estate and the denominator of which is his or her federal gross estate.] COMPUTATION OF TAX. THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION SHALL BE COMPUTED ON THE DECEASED RESIDENT'S NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE AS FOLLOWS:

IN THE CASE OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER APRIL 1, 2014 AND BEFORE APRIL 1, 2015

IF THE NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE IS:	THE TAX IS:
NOT OVER \$500,000	3.06% OF TAXABLE ESTATE
OVER \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$15,300 PLUS 5.0% OF EXCESS OVER \$500,000
OVER \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,500,000	\$40,300 PLUS 5.5% OF EXCESS OVER \$1,000,000
OVER \$1,500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,100,000	\$67,800 PLUS 6.5% OF EXCESS OVER \$1,500,000
OVER \$2,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,600,000	\$106,800 PLUS 8.0% OF EXCESS OVER \$2,100,000
OVER \$2,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,100,000	\$146,800 PLUS 8.8% OF EXCESS OVER \$2,600,000
OVER \$3,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,600,000	\$190,800 PLUS 9.6% OF EXCESS OVER \$3,100,000
OVER \$3,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$4,100,000	\$238,800 PLUS 10.4% OF EXCESS OVER \$3,600,000
OVER \$4,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,100,000	\$290,800 PLUS 11.2% OF EXCESS OVER \$4,100,000
OVER \$5,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$6,100,000	\$402,800 PLUS 12.0% OF EXCESS OVER \$5,100,000
OVER \$6,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$7,100,000	\$522,800 PLUS 12.8% OF EXCESS

1 OVER \$6,100,000
2 OVER \$7,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$8,100,000 \$650,800 PLUS 13.6% OF EXCESS
3 OVER \$7,100,000
4 OVER \$8,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$9,100,000 \$786,800 PLUS 14.4% OF EXCESS
5 OVER \$8,100,000
6 OVER \$9,100,000 \$930,800 PLUS 14.5% OF EXCESS OVER
7 \$9,100,000
8 IN THE CASE OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER APRIL 1, 2015 AND BEFORE
9 APRIL 1, 2016
10 IF THE NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE IS: THE TAX IS:
11 NOT OVER \$500,000 3.06% OF TAXABLE ESTATE
12 OVER \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000 \$15,300 PLUS 5.0% OF EXCESS OVER
13 \$500,000
14 OVER \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,500,000 \$40,300 PLUS 5.5% OF EXCESS OVER
15 \$1,000,000
16 OVER \$1,500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,100,000 \$67,800 PLUS 6.5% OF EXCESS
17 OVER \$1,500,000
18 OVER \$2,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,600,000 \$106,800 PLUS 8.0% OF EXCESS
19 OVER \$2,100,000
20 OVER \$2,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,100,000 \$146,800 PLUS 8.8% OF EXCESS
21 OVER \$2,600,000
22 OVER \$3,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,600,000 \$190,800 PLUS 9.6% OF EXCESS
23 OVER \$3,100,000
24 OVER \$3,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$4,100,000 \$238,800 PLUS 10.4% OF EXCESS
25 OVER \$3,600,000
26 OVER \$4,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,100,000 \$290,800 PLUS 11.2% OF EXCESS
27 OVER \$4,100,000
28 OVER \$5,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$6,100,000 \$402,800 PLUS 12.0% OF EXCESS
29 OVER \$5,100,000
30 OVER \$6,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$7,100,000 \$522,800 PLUS 12.8% OF EXCESS
31 OVER \$6,100,000
32 OVER \$7,100,000 \$650,800 PLUS 13.0% OF EXCESS
33 OVER \$7,100,000
34 IN THE CASE OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER APRIL 1, 2016 AND BEFORE
35 APRIL 1, 2017
36 IF THE NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE IS: THE TAX IS:
37 NOT OVER \$500,000 3.06% OF TAXABLE ESTATE
38 OVER \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000 \$15,300 PLUS 5.0% OF EXCESS OVER
39 \$500,000
40 OVER \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,500,000 \$40,300 PLUS 5.5% OF EXCESS OVER
41 \$1,000,000
42 OVER \$1,500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,100,000 \$67,800 PLUS 6.5% OF EXCESS
43 OVER \$1,500,000
44 OVER \$2,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,600,000 \$106,800 PLUS 8.0% OF EXCESS
45 OVER \$2,100,000
46 OVER \$2,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,100,000 \$146,800 PLUS 8.8% OF EXCESS
47 OVER \$2,600,000
48 OVER \$3,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,600,000 \$190,800 PLUS 9.6% OF EXCESS
49 OVER \$3,100,000
50 OVER \$3,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$4,100,000 \$238,800 PLUS 10.4% OF EXCESS
51 OVER \$3,600,000
52 OVER \$4,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$5,100,000 \$290,800 PLUS 11.2% OF EXCESS
53 OVER \$4,100,000
54 OVER \$5,100,000 \$402,800 PLUS 11.5% OF EXCESS
55 OVER \$5,100,000
56 IN THE CASE OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER APRIL 1, 2017

1	IF THE NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE IS:	THE TAX IS:
2	NOT OVER \$500,000	3.06% OF TAXABLE ESTATE
3	OVER \$500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,000,000	\$15,300 PLUS 5.0% OF EXCESS OVER
4		\$500,000
5	OVER \$1,000,000 BUT NOT OVER \$1,500,000	\$40,300 PLUS 5.5% OF EXCESS OVER
6		\$1,000,000
7	OVER \$1,500,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,100,000	\$67,800 PLUS 6.5% OF
8		EXCESS OVER \$1,500,000
9	OVER \$2,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$2,600,000	\$106,800 PLUS 8.0% OF
10		EXCESS OVER \$2,100,000
11	OVER \$2,600,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,100,000	\$146,800 PLUS 8.8% OF
12		EXCESS OVER \$2,600,000
13	OVER \$3,100,000 BUT NOT OVER \$3,600,000	\$190,800 PLUS 9.6% OF EXCESS
14		OVER \$3,100,000
15	OVER \$3,600,000	\$238,800 PLUS 10.0% OF EXCESS
16		OVER \$3,600,000

17 (C) APPLICABLE CREDIT AMOUNT. (1) A CREDIT OF THE APPLICABLE CREDIT
 18 AMOUNT SHALL BE ALLOWED AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION AS
 19 PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION. IN THE CASE OF A DECEDENT WHOSE NEW YORK
 20 TAXABLE ESTATE IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT, THE
 21 APPLICABLE CREDIT AMOUNT SHALL BE THE AMOUNT OF TAX THAT WOULD BE DUE
 22 UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION ON SUCH DECEDENT'S NEW YORK TAXABLE
 23 ESTATE. IN THE CASE OF A DECEDENT WHOSE NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE EXCEEDS
 24 THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT BY AN AMOUNT THAT IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO
 25 FIVE PERCENT OF SUCH AMOUNT, THE APPLICABLE CREDIT AMOUNT SHALL BE THE
 26 AMOUNT OF TAX THAT WOULD BE DUE UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION IF
 27 THE AMOUNT ON WHICH THE TAX IS TO BE COMPUTED WERE EQUAL TO THE BASIC
 28 EXCLUSION AMOUNT MULTIPLIED BY ONE MINUS A FRACTION, THE NUMERATOR OF
 29 WHICH IS THE DECEDENT'S NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE MINUS THE BASIC EXCLU-
 30 SION AMOUNT, AND THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS FIVE PERCENT OF THE BASIC
 31 EXCLUSION AMOUNT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE CREDIT ALLOWED BY THIS
 32 SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION, AND NO
 33 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED TO THE ESTATE OF ANY DECEDENT WHOSE NEW YORK
 34 TAXABLE ESTATE EXCEEDS ONE HUNDRED FIVE PERCENT OF THE BASIC EXCLUSION
 35 AMOUNT.

36 (2) (A) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT SHALL
 37 BE AS FOLLOWS:
 38 IN THE CASE OF DECEDENTS DYING ON OR AFTER: THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT
 39 IS:

40	APRIL 1, 2014 AND BEFORE APRIL 1, 2015	\$ 2,062,500
41	APRIL 1, 2015 AND BEFORE APRIL 1, 2016	3,125,000
42	APRIL 1, 2016 AND BEFORE APRIL 1, 2017	4,187,500
43	APRIL 1, 2017 AND BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2019	5,250,000

44 (B) IN THE CASE OF ANY DECEDENT DYING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO
 45 THOUSAND NINETEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TWENTY, THE
 46 BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS PARAGRAPH FOR DECE-
 47 DENTS DYING ON AND AFTER APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN AND BEFORE
 48 JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN SHALL BE INCREASED BY AN AMOUNT
 49 EQUAL TO:

50 (I) SUCH DOLLAR AMOUNT, MULTIPLIED BY

51 (II) THE COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT, WHICH SHALL BE THE PERCENTAGE BY
 52 WHICH THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR EXCEEDS
 53 THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR CALENDAR YEAR TWO THOUSAND TWELVE.

54 (C) IN THE CASE OF ANY DECEDENT DYING IN A CALENDAR YEAR BEGINNING ON
 55 OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND TWENTY, THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT

1 FOR DECEDENTS DYING IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR SHALL BE INCREASED BY
2 AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO:
3 (I) SUCH DOLLAR AMOUNT, MULTIPLIED BY
4 (II) THE COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT, WHICH SHALL BE THE PERCENTAGE BY
5 WHICH THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR EXCEEDS
6 THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR CALENDAR YEAR TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN.
7 (D) (I) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONSUMER PRICE INDEX" MEANS
8 THE MOST RECENT CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR ALL-URBAN CONSUMERS PUBLISHED
9 BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.
10 (II) IF ANY AMOUNT ADJUSTED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF
11 TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, SUCH AMOUNT SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST MULTI-
12 PLE OF TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.
13 S 3. Section 954 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 67 of the laws
14 of 1978, paragraph 1 of subsection (a) as amended by section 10 and
15 subsection (b) as amended by section 11 of part A of chapter 389 of the
16 laws of 1997, subsection (c) as amended by chapter 916 of the laws of
17 1982, paragraph 1 of subsection (c) as amended by section 3 of part A of
18 chapter 407 of the laws of 1999 and such subsection (c) as relettered by
19 section 12 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, is amended to
20 read as follows:
21 S 954. Resident's New York gross estate. (a) General.-- The New York
22 gross estate of a deceased resident means his OR HER federal gross
23 estate as defined in the internal revenue code (whether or not a federal
24 estate tax return is required to be filed) modified as follows:
25 (1) Reduced by the value of real or tangible personal property having
26 an actual situs outside New York state.
27 (2) Increased by the amount determined under section nine hundred
28 fifty-seven OF THIS PART (relating to limited powers of appointment
29 created prior to September first, nineteen hundred thirty).
30 (3) INCREASED BY THE AMOUNT OF ANY TAXABLE GIFT UNDER SECTION 2503 OF
31 THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, ON OR AFTER APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOUR-
32 TEEN, IF THE DECEDENT WAS A RESIDENT OF NEW YORK STATE AT THE TIME SUCH
33 GIFT WAS MADE.
34 (b) Valuation. -- (1) The New York gross estate shall be valued as of
35 the TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, EXCEPT THAT IF A FEDERAL ESTATE TAX
36 RETURN IS FILED AND THE ALTERNATE VALUATION UNDER SECTION 2032 OF THE
37 INTERNAL REVENUE CODE IS ELECTED FOR FEDERAL ESTATE TAX PURPOSES, THE
38 NEW YORK GROSS ESTATE SHALL BE VALUED AS OF THE applicable federal valu-
39 ation date or dates. Any real property qualified under section two thou-
40 sand thirty-two-A of the internal revenue code shall have the same value
41 for purposes of the New York gross estate as it has for federal estate
42 tax purposes.
43 (2) IF SUCH ALTERNATE VALUATION COULD HAVE BEEN ELECTED PURSUANT TO
44 PARAGRAPH ONE OF THIS SUBSECTION, BUT FOR THE ABSENCE OF AN ESTATE
45 SUFFICIENT TO REQUIRE THE FILING OF A FEDERAL RETURN, THE NEW YORK GROSS
46 ESTATE MAY, UPON THE ELECTION OF THE EXECUTOR, BE VALUED AS OF THE
47 FEDERAL VALUATION DATE OR DATES WHICH WOULD HAVE APPLIED IF A FEDERAL
48 RETURN HAD BEEN FILED. HOWEVER, NO ELECTION MAY BE MADE UNDER THIS PARA-
49 GRAPH UNLESS SUCH ELECTION WILL DECREASE THE VALUE OF THE NEW YORK GROSS
50 ESTATE AND THE AMOUNT OF TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE (REDUCED BY CREDITS
51 ALLOWABLE AGAINST SUCH TAX). ANY ELECTION MADE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH
52 SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE. THE ELECTION ALLOWED BY THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE
53 MADE NO LATER THAN THE DATE PRESCRIBED FOR THE FILING OF THE RETURN
54 UNDER THIS ARTICLE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) OR ANY TIME THEREAFTER AS THE
55 COMMISSIONER MAY PRESCRIBE.

1 (c) Cross references.-- (1) For provisions of the internal revenue
2 code defining the federal gross estate, see:
3 Sec. 2031. Definition of gross estate.
4 Sec. 2032. Alternate valuation.
5 Sec. 2032A. Valuation of certain farm, etc., real property.
6 Sec. 2033. Property in which the decedent had an interest.
7 Sec. 2034. Dower or curtesy interest.
8 Sec. 2035. Adjustments for gifts made within three years of decedent's
9 death.
10 Sec. 2036. Transfers with retained life estate.
11 Sec. 2037. Transfers taking effect at death.
12 Sec. 2038. Revocable transfers.
13 Sec. 2039. Annuities.
14 Sec. 2040. Joint interests.
15 Sec. 2041. Powers of appointment.
16 Sec. 2042. Proceeds of life insurance.
17 Sec. 2043. Transfers for insufficient consideration.
18 Sec. 2044. Certain property for which marital deduction was previously
19 allowed.
20 Sec. 2045. Prior interests.
21 Sec. 2046. Disclaimers.
22 (2) FOR PROVISIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE WHICH, EXCEPT TO THE
23 EXTENT THEY ARE INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE, ARE
24 PERTINENT TO THE COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE GIFTS AND THE TAX UNDER THIS
25 ARTICLE, SEE:
26 SEC. 2503. TAXABLE GIFTS.
27 SEC. 2511. TRANSFERS IN GENERAL.
28 SEC. 2512. VALUATION OF GIFTS.
29 SEC. 2513. GIFT BY HUSBAND OR WIFE TO THIRD PARTY.
30 SEC. 2514. POWERS OF APPOINTMENT.
31 SEC. 2516. CERTAIN PROPERTY SETTLEMENTS.
32 SEC. 2518. DISCLAIMERS.
33 SEC. 2519. DISPOSITIONS OF CERTAIN LIFE ESTATES.
34 SEC. 2522. CHARITABLE AND SIMILAR GIFTS.
35 SEC. 2523. GIFT TO SPOUSE.
36 SEC. 2524. EXTENT OF DEDUCTIONS.
37 SEC. 2701. SPECIAL VALUATION RULES IN CASE OF TRANSFERS OF CERTAIN
38 INTERESTS IN CORPORATIONS OR PARTNERSHIPS.
39 SEC. 2702. SPECIAL VALUATION RULES IN CASE OF TRANSFERS OF INTERESTS
40 IN TRUSTS.
41 SEC. 2703. CERTAIN RIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS DISREGARDED.
42 SEC. 2704. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LAPSING RIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS.
43 SEC. 7872. TREATMENT OF LOANS WITH BELOW-MARKET INTEREST RATES.
44 (3) For effect of federal estate tax determinations, see section nine
45 hundred sixty-one of this article.
46 S 4. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 955 to read as
47 follows:
48 S 955. RESIDENT'S NEW YORK TAXABLE ESTATE. (A) GENERAL.--THE TAXABLE
49 ESTATE OF A NEW YORK RESIDENT SHALL BE HIS OR HER NEW YORK GROSS ESTATE,
50 MINUS THE DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE FOR DETERMINING HIS OR HER FEDERAL TAXA-
51 BLE ESTATE UNDER THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE (WHETHER OR NOT A FEDERAL
52 ESTATE TAX RETURN IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED), EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT
53 SUCH DEDUCTIONS RELATE TO REAL OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SITUED
54 OUTSIDE NEW YORK STATE.

(B) WAIVER OF DEDUCTIONS.-- IF THE RIGHT TO ANY DEDUCTION OTHERWISE ALLOWABLE IS WAIVED FOR FEDERAL ESTATE TAX PURPOSES, IT SHALL BE CONSIDERED WAIVED FOR NEW YORK ESTATE TAX PURPOSES.

(C) QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY ELECTION.-- EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THE ELECTION REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (7) OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION 2056 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS ARTICLE UNLESS SUCH ELECTION WAS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX RETURN REQUIRED TO BE FILED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE. IF SUCH ELECTION WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX, THEN SUCH ELECTION MUST ALSO BE MADE BY THE EXECUTOR ON THE RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. WHERE NO FEDERAL ESTATE TAX RETURN IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED, THE EXECUTOR MAY MAKE THE ELECTION REFERRED TO IN SUCH PARAGRAPH (7) WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE ON THE RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. ANY ELECTION MADE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.

(D) CROSS REFERENCES.-- FOR PROVISIONS OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE SPECIFYING THE DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE FOR FEDERAL ESTATE TAX PURPOSES, SEE:

SEC.2032(B). ALTERNATE VALUATION--SPECIAL RULE FOR DEDUCTIONS.

SEC.2046. DISCLAIMERS.

SEC.2053. EXPENSES, INDEBTEDNESS, AND TAXES.

SEC.2054. LOSSES.

SEC.2055. TRANSFERS FOR PUBLIC, CHARITABLE, AND RELIGIOUS USES.

SEC.2056. BEQUESTS, ETC., TO SURVIVING SPOUSE.

S 5. Subsections (b) and (d) of section 960 of the tax law, subsection (b) as amended by section 4 of part I of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004 and subsection (d) as added by section 190 of the laws of 1980 and relettered by section 15 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, are amended to read as follows:

(b) Computation of tax.--The tax imposed under subsection (a) shall be the same as the tax that would be due, if the decedent had died a resident, under subsection (a) of section nine hundred fifty-two, except that for purposes of [allocating] COMPUTING the tax under subsection (b) of section nine hundred fifty-two, "New York [gross] TAXABLE estate"[, in the numerator in subsection (b) of section nine hundred fifty-two,] shall not include the value of any intangible personal property otherwise includible in the deceased individual's New York gross estate, AND SHALL NOT INCLUDE THE AMOUNT OF ANY GIFT UNLESS SUCH GIFT CONSISTS OF REAL OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY HAVING AN ACTUAL SITUS IN NEW YORK STATE OR INTANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY EMPLOYED IN A BUSINESS, TRADE OR PROFESSION CARRIED ON IN THIS STATE.

(d) Works of art on loan for exhibition. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the tax imposed under subsection (a) OF THIS SECTION on the transfer, from any deceased individual who at his OR HER death was not a resident of the state of New York, of works of art having an actual situs in the state of New York and either (i) includible in his OR HER federal gross estate or (ii) which would be includible in his OR HER New York gross estate pursuant to section nine hundred fifty-seven (relating to certain limited powers of appointment) if he OR SHE were a resident of the state of New York, shall [be an amount equal to the transfer taxes or death taxes of every character in respect of personal property which would be imposed on such transfer or such works of art if the actual situs of such works of art were the state or territory of the United States of residence of such individual] NOT BE SUBJECT TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SECTION if such works of art are [sited in the state of

1 New York solely for exhibition purposes,] loaned [for such] TO A PUBLIC
2 GALLERY LOCATED WITHIN THE STATE OF NEW YORK SOLELY FOR EXHIBITION
3 purposes [to a public gallery or museum (] BUT ONLY IF no part of the
4 net earnings of [which] SUCH PUBLIC GALLERY OR MUSEUM inure to the bene-
5 fit of any private stockholder or individual[]], and [(], at the time of
6 the death of such individual[]] SUCH WORKS OF ART ARE on exhibition or
7 en route to or from exhibition in such a public gallery or museum.
8 [Provided however, that if the state or territory of the United States
9 of residence of such individual imposes transfer taxes or death taxes on
10 such works of art which are sited in the state of New York for the
11 purposes herein specified, then such works of art shall not be subject
12 to the tax imposed by this section.]

13 S 6. Subsection (a) of section 971 of the tax law, as added by section
14 17 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read as
15 follows:

16 (a) Returns by executor. (1) Residents. In the case of the estate of
17 every individual dying on or after [February first, two thousand] APRIL
18 FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, who at his or her death was a resident of
19 New York state, [if] his or her executor [is required to file a return
20 with respect to the federal estate tax (determined as if the limitation
21 contained in subsection (a) of section nine hundred fifty-one of this
22 article were applicable in determining whether such executor is required
23 to file such federal return), the executor] shall make a return with
24 respect to the estate tax imposed by section nine hundred fifty-two of
25 this article IF THE DECEDENT'S FEDERAL GROSS ESTATE, INCREASED BY THE
26 AMOUNT OF ANY GIFT INCLUDIBLE IN HIS OR HER NEW YORK GROSS ESTATE,
27 EXCEEDS THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO THE DECEDENT'S DATE OF
28 DEATH IN PARAGRAPH TWO OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-
29 TWO OF THIS ARTICLE.

30 (2) Nonresidents. In the case of the estate of every individual DYING
31 ON OR AFTER APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, who at his or her death
32 was not a resident of New York state, [if his or her executor is
33 required to file a return with respect to the federal estate tax (deter-
34 mined as if the limitation contained in subsection (a) of section nine
35 hundred fifty-one of this article were applicable in determining whether
36 such executor is required to file such federal return) and] if such
37 individual's federal gross estate includes real or tangible personal
38 property having an actual situs in New York state, the executor shall
39 make a return with respect to the estate tax imposed by section nine
40 hundred sixty of this article IF THE DECEDENT'S FEDERAL GROSS ESTATE,
41 INCREASED BY THE AMOUNT OF ANY GIFT INCLUDIBLE IN HIS OR HER NEW YORK
42 GROSS ESTATE, EXCEEDS THE BASIC EXCLUSION AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO THE
43 DECEDENT'S DATE OF DEATH IN PARAGRAPH TWO OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION
44 NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE.

45 S 7. Subsection (a) of section 997 of the tax law, as amended by
46 section 27 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, is amended to
47 read as follows:

48 (a) The phrase "adjusted gross estate" shall be read as "adjusted
49 federal gross estate determined without reference to paragraphs (1)
50 [and], (2) AND (3) of subsection (a) of section nine hundred fifty-four"
51 of this article.

52 S 8. Article 26-B of the tax law is REPEALED.

53 S 9. Section 2 of chapter 1013 of the laws of 1962 amending the tax
54 law relating to imposing a tax on the transfer of estates of decedents
55 dying on or after April first, nineteen hundred sixty-three is REPEALED.

1 S 10. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 999-a to read as
2 follows:

3 S 999-A. APPENDIX TO ARTICLE TWENTY-SIX. THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS OF
4 THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, WITH ALL AMENDMENTS
5 ENACTED ON OR BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, SHALL APPLY
6 TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, TO THE EXTENT SPECIFIED IN THIS
7 ARTICLE.

8 S 2031. DEFINITION OF GROSS ESTATE.

9 (A) GENERAL.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT SHALL BE
10 DETERMINED BY INCLUDING TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED FOR IN THIS PART, THE
11 VALUE AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH OF ALL PROPERTY, REAL OR PERSONAL, TANGI-
12 BLE OR INTANGIBLE, WHEREVER SITUATED.

13 (B) VALUATION OF UNLISTED STOCK AND SECURITIES.--IN THE CASE OF STOCK
14 AND SECURITIES OF A CORPORATION THE VALUE OF WHICH, BY REASON OF THEIR
15 NOT BEING LISTED ON AN EXCHANGE AND BY REASON OF THE ABSENCE OF SALES
16 THEREOF, CANNOT BE DETERMINED WITH REFERENCE TO BID AND ASKED PRICES OR
17 WITH REFERENCE TO SALES PRICES, THE VALUE THEREOF SHALL BE DETERMINED BY
18 TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION, IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER FACTORS, THE VALUE
19 OF STOCK OR SECURITIES OF CORPORATIONS ENGAGED IN THE SAME OR A SIMILAR
20 LINE OF BUSINESS WHICH ARE LISTED ON AN EXCHANGE.

21 (C) ESTATE TAX WITH RESPECT TO LAND SUBJECT TO A QUALIFIED CONSERVA-
22 TION EASEMENT.--

23 (1) IN GENERAL.--IF THE EXECUTOR MAKES THE ELECTION DESCRIBED IN PARA-
24 GRAPH (6), THEN, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, THERE
25 SHALL BE EXCLUDED FROM THE GROSS ESTATE THE LESSER OF--

26 (A) THE APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE OF THE VALUE OF LAND SUBJECT TO A QUALI-
27 FIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT, REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF ANY DEDUCTION UNDER
28 SECTION 2055(F) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH LAND, OR

29 (B) THE EXCLUSION LIMITATION.

30 (2) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), THE TERM
31 "APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE" MEANS 40 PERCENT REDUCED (BUT NOT BELOW ZERO) BY
32 2 PERCENTAGE POINTS FOR EACH PERCENTAGE POINT (OR FRACTION THEREOF) BY
33 WHICH THE VALUE OF THE QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT IS LESS THAN 30
34 PERCENT OF THE VALUE OF THE LAND (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THE VALUE
35 OF SUCH EASEMENT AND REDUCED BY THE VALUE OF ANY RETAINED DEVELOPMENT
36 RIGHT (AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (5)). THE VALUES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT UNDER
37 THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL BE SUCH VALUES AS OF THE DATE OF THE
38 CONTRIBUTION REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (8)(B).

39 (3) EXCLUSION LIMITATION.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), THE EXCLU-
40 SION LIMITATION IS THE LIMITATION DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
41 FOLLOWING TABLE:

42 IN THE CASE OF ESTATES OF DECEDENTS DYING THE EXCLUSION LIMITATION
43 DURING: IS:

44 1998.....	100,000
45 1999.....	200,000
46 2000.....	300,000
47 2001.....	400,000
48 2002 OR THEREAFTER.....	500,000

49 (4) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS.--

50 (A) IN GENERAL.--THE EXCLUSION PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT
51 APPLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE LAND IS DEBT-FINANCED PROPERTY.

52 (B) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--

53 (I) DEBT-FINANCED PROPERTY.--THE TERM "DEBT-FINANCED PROPERTY" MEANS
54 ANY PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THERE IS AN ACQUISITION INDEBTEDNESS
55 (AS DEFINED IN CLAUSE (II)) ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

(II) ACQUISITION INDEBTEDNESS.--THE TERM "ACQUISITION INDEBTEDNESS" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO DEBT-FINANCED PROPERTY, THE UNPAID AMOUNT OF--

(I) THE INDEBTEDNESS INCURRED BY THE DONOR IN ACQUIRING SUCH PROPERTY,

(II) THE INDEBTEDNESS INCURRED BEFORE THE ACQUISITION OF SUCH PROPERTY IF SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN INCURRED BUT FOR SUCH ACQUISITION,

(III) THE INDEBTEDNESS INCURRED AFTER THE ACQUISITION OF SUCH PROPERTY IF SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN INCURRED BUT FOR SUCH ACQUISITION AND THE INCURRENCE OF SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WAS REASONABLY FORESEEABLE AT THE TIME OF SUCH ACQUISITION, AND

(IV) THE EXTENSION, RENEWAL, OR REFINANCING OF AN ACQUISITION INDEBTEDNESS.

(5) TREATMENT OF RETAINED DEVELOPMENT RIGHT.--

(A) IN GENERAL.--PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE VALUE OF ANY DEVELOPMENT RIGHT RETAINED BY THE DONOR IN THE CONVEYANCE OF A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT.

(B) TERMINATION OF RETAINED DEVELOPMENT RIGHT.--IF EVERY PERSON IN BEING WHO HAS AN INTEREST (WHETHER OR NOT IN POSSESSION) IN THE LAND EXECUTES AN AGREEMENT TO EXTINGUISH PERMANENTLY SOME OR ALL OF ANY DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS (AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (D)) RETAINED BY THE DONOR ON OR BEFORE THE DATE FOR FILING THE RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THEN ANY TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 SHALL BE REDUCED ACCORDINGLY. SUCH AGREEMENT SHALL BE FILED WITH THE RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001. THE AGREEMENT SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE.

(C) ADDITIONAL TAX.--ANY FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT THE AGREEMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B) NOT LATER THAN THE EARLIER OF--

(I) THE DATE WHICH IS 2 YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, OR

(II) THE DATE OF THE SALE OF SUCH LAND SUBJECT TO THE QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT,

SHALL RESULT IN THE IMPOSITION OF AN ADDITIONAL TAX IN THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN DUE ON THE RETAINED DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS SUBJECT TO SUCH AGREEMENT. SUCH ADDITIONAL TAX SHALL BE DUE AND PAYABLE ON THE LAST DAY OF THE 6TH MONTH FOLLOWING SUCH DATE.

(D) DEVELOPMENT RIGHT DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "DEVELOPMENT RIGHT" MEANS ANY RIGHT TO USE THE LAND SUBJECT TO THE QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT IN WHICH SUCH RIGHT IS RETAINED FOR ANY COMMERCIAL PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SUBORDINATE TO AND DIRECTLY SUPPORTIVE OF THE USE OF SUCH LAND AS A FARM FOR FARMING PURPOSES (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 2032A(E)(5)).

(6) ELECTION.--THE ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE MADE ON OR BEFORE THE DUE DATE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) FOR FILING THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 AND SHALL BE MADE ON SUCH RETURN. SUCH AN ELECTION, ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.

(7) CALCULATION OF ESTATE TAX DUE.--AN EXECUTOR MAKING THE ELECTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (6) SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF CALCULATING THE AMOUNT OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ANY DEVELOPMENT RIGHT (AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (5)) RETAINED BY THE DONOR IN THE CONVEYANCE OF SUCH QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT. THE COMPUTATION OF TAX ON ANY RETAINED DEVELOPMENT RIGHT PRESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE DONE IN SUCH MANNER AND ON SUCH FORMS AS THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE.

(8) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION--

(A) LAND SUBJECT TO A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT.--THE TERM "LAND SUBJECT TO A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT" MEANS LAND--

1 (I) WHICH IS LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY POSSESSION OF THE
2 UNITED STATES,

3 (II) WHICH WAS OWNED BY THE DECEDENT OR A MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S
4 FAMILY AT ALL TIMES DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE
5 DECEDENT'S DEATH, AND

6 (III) WITH RESPECT TO WHICH A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT HAS BEEN
7 MADE BY AN INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C), AS OF THE DATE OF
8 THE ELECTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (6).

9 (B) QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONSERVATION
10 EASEMENT" MEANS A QUALIFIED CONSERVATION CONTRIBUTION (AS DEFINED IN
11 SECTION 170(H)(1)) OF A QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY INTEREST (AS DEFINED IN
12 SECTION 170(H)(2)(C)), EXCEPT THAT CLAUSE (IV) OF SECTION 170(H)(4)(A)
13 SHALL NOT APPLY, AND THE RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF SUCH INTEREST
14 DESCRIBED IN SECTION 170(H)(2)(C) SHALL INCLUDE A PROHIBITION ON MORE
15 THAN A DE MINIMIS USE FOR A COMMERCIAL RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY.

16 (C) INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED.--AN INDIVIDUAL IS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBPARA-
17 GRAPH IF SUCH INDIVIDUAL IS--

18 (I) THE DECEDENT,

19 (II) A MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY,

20 (III) THE EXECUTOR OF THE DECEDENT'S ESTATE, OR

21 (IV) THE TRUSTEE OF A TRUST THE CORPUS OF WHICH INCLUDES THE LAND TO
22 BE SUBJECT TO THE QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT.

23 (D) MEMBER OF FAMILY.--THE TERM "MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY"
24 MEANS ANY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2032A(E)(2)) OF
25 THE DECEDENT.

26 (9) TREATMENT OF EASEMENTS GRANTED AFTER DEATH.--IN ANY CASE IN WHICH
27 THE QUALIFIED CONSERVATION EASEMENT IS GRANTED AFTER THE DATE OF THE
28 DECEDENT'S DEATH AND ON OR BEFORE THE DUE DATE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS)
29 FOR FILING THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE DEDUCTION
30 UNDER SECTION 2055(F) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH EASEMENT SHALL BE ALLOWED TO
31 THE ESTATE BUT ONLY IF NO CHARITABLE DEDUCTION IS ALLOWED UNDER CHAPTER
32 1 TO ANY PERSON WITH RESPECT TO THE GRANT OF SUCH EASEMENT.

33 (10) APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION TO INTERESTS IN PARTNERSHIPS, CORPO-
34 RATIONS, AND TRUSTS.--THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY TO AN INTEREST IN A PART-
35 NERSHIP, CORPORATION, OR TRUST IF AT LEAST 30 PERCENT OF THE ENTITY IS
36 OWNED (DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY) BY THE DECEDENT, AS DETERMINED UNDER THE
37 RULES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2057(E)(3).

38 (D) CROSS REFERENCE.--

39 FOR EXECUTOR'S RIGHT TO BE FURNISHED ON REQUEST A STATEMENT REGARDING
40 ANY VALUATION MADE BY THE SECRETARY WITHIN THE GROSS ESTATE, SEE SECTION
41 7517.

42 S 2032. ALTERNATE VALUATION.

43 (A) GENERAL.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE MAY BE DETERMINED, IF THE
44 EXECUTOR SO ELECTS, BY VALUING ALL THE PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE GROSS
45 ESTATE AS FOLLOWS:

46 (1) IN THE CASE OF PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED, SOLD, EXCHANGED, OR OTHERWISE
47 DISPOSED OF, WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH SUCH PROPERTY
48 SHALL BE VALUED AS OF THE DATE OF DISTRIBUTION, SALE, EXCHANGE, OR OTHER
49 DISPOSITION.

50 (2) IN THE CASE OF PROPERTY NOT DISTRIBUTED, SOLD, EXCHANGED, OR
51 OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF, WITHIN 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH SUCH
52 PROPERTY SHALL BE VALUED AS OF THE DATE 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S
53 DEATH.

54 (3) ANY INTEREST OR ESTATE WHICH IS AFFECTED BY MERE LAPSE OF TIME
55 SHALL BE INCLUDED AT ITS VALUE AS OF THE TIME OF DEATH (INSTEAD OF THE

1 LATER DATE) WITH ADJUSTMENT FOR ANY DIFFERENCE IN ITS VALUE AS OF THE
2 LATER DATE NOT DUE TO MERE LAPSE OF TIME.

3 (B) SPECIAL RULES.--NO DEDUCTION UNDER THIS CHAPTER OF ANY ITEM SHALL
4 BE ALLOWED IF ALLOWANCE FOR SUCH ITEMS IS IN EFFECT GIVEN BY THE ALTER-
5 NATE VALUATION PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION. WHEREVER IN ANY OTHER
6 SUBSECTION OR SECTION OF THIS CHAPTER REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE VALUE OF
7 PROPERTY AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, SUCH REFERENCE SHALL BE
8 DEEMED TO REFER TO THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY USED IN DETERMINING THE
9 VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE. IN CASE OF AN ELECTION MADE BY THE EXECUTOR
10 UNDER THIS SECTION, THEN--

11 (1) FOR PURPOSES OF THE CHARITABLE DEDUCTION UNDER SECTION 2055 OR
12 2106(A)(2), ANY BEQUEST, LEGACY, DEVISE, OR TRANSFER ENUMERATED THEREIN,
13 AND

14 (2) FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE MARITAL DEDUCTION UNDER SECTION 2056, ANY
15 INTEREST IN PROPERTY PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE,
16 SHALL BE VALUED AS OF THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH WITH ADJUSTMENT
17 FOR ANY DIFFERENCE IN VALUE (NOT DUE TO MERE LAPSE OF TIME OR THE OCCUR-
18 RENCE OR NONOCCURRENCE OF A CONTINGENCY) OF THE PROPERTY AS OF THE DATE
19 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH (SUBSTITUTING, IN THE CASE OF PROP-
20 ERTY DISTRIBUTED BY THE EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE, OR SOLD, EXCHANGED, OR
21 OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF, DURING SUCH 6-MONTH PERIOD, THE DATE THEREOF).

22 (C) ELECTION MUST DECREASE GROSS ESTATE AND ESTATE TAX.--NO ELECTION
23 MAY BE MADE UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO AN ESTATE UNLESS SUCH
24 ELECTION WILL DECREASE--

25 (1) THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE, AND

26 (2) THE SUM OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER AND THE TAX IMPOSED BY
27 CHAPTER 13 WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY INCLUDIBLE IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS
28 ESTATE (REDUCED BY CREDITS ALLOWABLE AGAINST SUCH TAXES).

29 (D) ELECTION.--

30 (1) IN GENERAL.--THE ELECTION PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE
31 MADE BY THE EXECUTOR ON THE RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER.
32 SUCH ELECTION, ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.

33 (2) EXCEPTION.--NO ELECTION MAY BE MADE UNDER THIS SECTION IF SUCH
34 RETURN IS FILED MORE THAN 1 YEAR AFTER THE TIME PRESCRIBED BY LAW
35 (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) FOR FILING SUCH RETURN.

36 S 2032A. VALUATION OF CERTAIN FARM, ETC., REAL PROPERTY.

37 (A) VALUE BASED ON USE UNDER WHICH PROPERTY QUALIFIES.--

38 (1) GENERAL RULE.--IF--

39 (A) THE DECEDENT WAS (AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH) A CITIZEN OR RESIDENT
40 OF THE UNITED STATES, AND

41 (B) THE EXECUTOR ELECTS THE APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION AND FILES THE
42 AGREEMENT REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (D)(2),

43 THEN, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, THE VALUE OF QUALIFIED REAL PROP-
44 ERTY SHALL BE ITS VALUE FOR THE USE UNDER WHICH IT QUALIFIES, UNDER
45 SUBSECTION (B), AS QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY.

46 (2) LIMITATION ON AGGREGATE REDUCTION IN FAIR MARKET VALUE.--THE
47 AGGREGATE DECREASE IN THE VALUE OF QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY TAKEN INTO
48 ACCOUNT FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER WHICH RESULTS FROM THE APPLICATION
49 OF PARAGRAPH (1) WITH RESPECT TO ANY DECEDENT SHALL NOT EXCEED \$750,000.

50 (3) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.--IN THE CASE OF ESTATES OF DECEDENTS DYING
51 IN A CALENDAR YEAR AFTER 1998, THE \$750,000 AMOUNT CONTAINED IN PARA-
52 GRAPH (2) SHALL BE INCREASED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO--

53 (A) \$750,000, MULTIPLIED BY

54 (B) THE COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 1(F)(3) FOR
55 SUCH CALENDAR YEAR BY SUBSTITUTING "CALENDAR YEAR 1997" FOR "CALENDAR
56 YEAR 1992" IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B) THEREOF.

1 IF ANY AMOUNT AS ADJUSTED UNDER THE PRECEDING SENTENCE IS NOT A MULTI-
2 PLE OF \$10,000, SUCH AMOUNT SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEXT LOWEST MULTIPLE
3 OF \$10,000.

4 (B) QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY.--

5 (1) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED
6 REAL PROPERTY" MEANS REAL PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES WHICH
7 WAS ACQUIRED FROM OR PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT TO A QUALIFIED HEIR OF THE
8 DECEDENT AND WHICH, ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, WAS BEING USED
9 FOR A QUALIFIED USE BY THE DECEDENT OR A MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMI-
10 LY, BUT ONLY IF--

11 (A) 50 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE ADJUSTED VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE
12 CONSISTS OF THE ADJUSTED VALUE OF REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY WHICH--

13 (I) ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, WAS BEING USED FOR A QUALI-
14 FIED USE BY THE DECEDENT OR A MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY, AND

15 (II) WAS ACQUIRED FROM OR PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT TO A QUALIFIED HEIR
16 OF THE DECEDENT.

17 (B) 25 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE ADJUSTED VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE
18 CONSISTS OF THE ADJUSTED VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY WHICH MEETS THE REQUIRE-
19 MENTS OF SUBPARAGRAPHS (A)(II) AND (C),

20 (C) DURING THE 8-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S
21 DEATH THERE HAVE BEEN PERIODS AGGREGATING 5 YEARS OR MORE DURING WHICH--

22 (I) SUCH REAL PROPERTY WAS OWNED BY THE DECEDENT OR A MEMBER OF THE
23 DECEDENT'S FAMILY AND USED FOR A QUALIFIED USE BY THE DECEDENT OR A
24 MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY, AND

25 (II) THERE WAS MATERIAL PARTICIPATION BY THE DECEDENT OR A MEMBER OF
26 THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY IN THE OPERATION OF THE FARM OR OTHER BUSINESS,
27 AND

28 (D) SUCH REAL PROPERTY IS DESIGNATED IN THE AGREEMENT REFERRED TO IN
29 SUBSECTION (D)(2).

30 (2) QUALIFIED USE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED
31 USE" MEANS THE DEVOTION OF THE PROPERTY TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

32 (A) USE AS A FARM FOR FARMING PURPOSES, OR

33 (B) USE IN A TRADE OR BUSINESS OTHER THAN THE TRADE OR BUSINESS OF
34 FARMING.

35 (3) ADJUSTED VALUE.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), THE TERM "ADJUSTED
36 VALUE" MEANS--

37 (A) IN THE CASE OF THE GROSS ESTATE, THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE FOR
38 PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS SECTION),
39 REDUCED BY ANY AMOUNTS ALLOWABLE AS A DEDUCTION UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF
40 SECTION 2053(A), OR

41 (B) IN THE CASE OF ANY REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY, THE VALUE OF SUCH
42 PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS
43 SECTION), REDUCED BY ANY AMOUNTS ALLOWABLE AS A DEDUCTION IN RESPECT OF
44 SUCH PROPERTY UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF SECTION 2053(A).

45 (4) DECEDENTS WHO ARE RETIRED OR DISABLED.--

46 (A) IN GENERAL.--IF, ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, THE REQUIRE-
47 MENTS OF PARAGRAPH (1)(C)(II) WITH RESPECT TO THE DECEDENT FOR ANY PROP-
48 erty ARE NOT MET, AND THE DECEDENT--

49 (I) WAS RECEIVING OLD-AGE BENEFITS UNDER TITLE II OF THE SOCIAL SECU-
50 RITY ACT FOR A CONTINUOUS PERIOD ENDING ON SUCH DATE, OR

51 (II) WAS DISABLED FOR A CONTINUOUS PERIOD ENDING ON SUCH DATE,
52 THEN PARAGRAPH (1)(C)(II) SHALL BE APPLIED WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROP-
53 erty BY SUBSTITUTING "THE DATE ON WHICH THE LONGER OF SUCH CONTINUOUS
54 PERIODS BEGAN" FOR "THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH" IN PARAGRAPH
55 (1)(C).

1 (B) DISABLED DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), AN INDIVIDUAL
2 SHALL BE DISABLED IF SUCH INDIVIDUAL HAS A MENTAL OR PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT
3 WHICH RENDERES HIM UNABLE TO MATERIALLY PARTICIPATE IN THE OPERATION OF
4 THE FARM OR OTHER BUSINESS.

5 (C) COORDINATION WITH RECAPTURE.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION
6 (C)(6)(B)(I), IF THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (1)(C)(II) ARE MET WITH
7 RESPECT TO ANY DECEDENT BY REASON OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE PERIOD ENDING
8 ON THE DATE ON WHICH THE CONTINUOUS PERIOD TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT UNDER
9 SUBPARAGRAPH (A) BEGAN SHALL BE TREATED AS THE PERIOD IMMEDIATELY BEFORE
10 THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

11 (5) SPECIAL RULES FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES.--

12 (A) IN GENERAL.--IF PROPERTY IS QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY WITH RESPECT
13 TO A DECEDENT (HEREINAFTER IN THIS PARAGRAPH REFERRED TO AS THE "FIRST
14 DECEDENT") AND SUCH PROPERTY WAS ACQUIRED FROM OR PASSED FROM THE FIRST
15 DECEDENT TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF THE FIRST DECEDENT, FOR PURPOSES OF
16 APPLYING THIS SUBSECTION AND SUBSECTION (C) IN THE CASE OF THE ESTATE OF
17 SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE, ACTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE FARM OR OTHER BUSINESS
18 BY THE SURVIVING SPOUSE SHALL BE TREATED AS MATERIAL PARTICIPATION BY
19 SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE IN THE OPERATION OF SUCH FARM OR BUSINESS.

20 (B) SPECIAL RULE.--FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE DETERMI-
21 NATION OF WHETHER PROPERTY IS QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO
22 THE FIRST DECEDENT SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT REGARD TO SUBPARAGRAPH (D) OF
23 PARAGRAPH (1) AND WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER AN ELECTION UNDER THIS
24 SECTION WAS MADE.

25 (C) COORDINATION WITH PARAGRAPH (4).--IN ANY CASE IN WHICH TO DO SO
26 WILL ENABLE THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (1)(C)(II) TO BE MET WITH
27 RESPECT TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE, THIS SUBSECTION AND SUBSECTION (C)
28 SHALL BE APPLIED BY TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ANY APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH
29 (4).

30 (C) TAX TREATMENT OF DISPOSITIONS AND FAILURES TO USE FOR QUALIFIED
31 USE.--

32 (1) IMPOSITION OF ADDITIONAL ESTATE TAX.--IF, WITHIN 10 YEARS AFTER
33 THE DECEDENT'S DEATH AND BEFORE THE DEATH OF THE QUALIFIED HEIR--

34 (A) THE QUALIFIED HEIR DISPOSES OF ANY INTEREST IN QUALIFIED REAL
35 PROPERTY (OTHER THAN BY A DISPOSITION TO A MEMBER OF HIS FAMILY), OR
36 (B) THE QUALIFIED HEIR CEASES TO USE FOR THE QUALIFIED USE THE QUALI-
37 FIED REAL PROPERTY WHICH WAS ACQUIRED (OR PASSED) FROM THE DECEDENT,
38 THEN, THERE IS HEREBY IMPOSED AN ADDITIONAL ESTATE TAX.

39 (2) AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL TAX.--

40 (A) IN GENERAL.--THE AMOUNT OF THE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED BY PARAGRAPH
41 (1) WITH RESPECT TO ANY INTEREST SHALL BE THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE LESSER
42 OF--

43 (I) THE ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH INTEREST, OR
44 (II) THE EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT REALIZED WITH RESPECT TO THE INTEREST
45 (OR, IN ANY CASE OTHER THAN A SALE OR EXCHANGE AT ARM'S LENGTH, THE FAIR
46 MARKET VALUE OF THE INTEREST) OVER THE VALUE OF THE INTEREST DETERMINED
47 UNDER SUBSECTION (A).

48 (B) ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO INTEREST.--FOR PURPOSES OF
49 SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AN INTER-
50 EST IS THE AMOUNT WHICH BEARS THE SAME RATIO TO THE ADJUSTED TAX DIFFER-
51 ENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE ESTATE (DETERMINED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (C)) AS--

52 (I) THE EXCESS OF THE VALUE OF SUCH INTEREST FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
53 CHAPTER (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO SUBSECTION (A)) OVER THE VALUE OF
54 SUCH INTEREST DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION (A), BEARS TO
55 (II) A SIMILAR EXCESS DETERMINED FOR ALL QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY.

(C) ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE ESTATE.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (B), THE TERM "ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO THE ESTATE" MEANS THE EXCESS OF WHAT WOULD HAVE BEEN THE ESTATE TAX LIABILITY BUT FOR SUBSECTION (A) OVER THE ESTATE TAX LIABILITY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE TERM "ESTATE TAX LIABILITY" MEANS THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 REDUCED BY THE CREDITS ALLOWABLE AGAINST SUCH TAX.

(D) PARTIAL DISPOSITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, WHERE THE QUALIFIED HEIR DISPOSES OF A PORTION OF THE INTEREST ACQUIRED BY (OR PASSING TO) SUCH HEIR (OR A PREDECESSOR QUALIFIED HEIR) OR THERE IS A CESSATION OF USE OF SUCH A PORTION--

(I) THE VALUE DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(II) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PORTION SHALL BE ITS PRO RATA SHARE OF SUCH VALUE OF SUCH INTEREST, AND

(II) THE ADJUSTED TAX DIFFERENCE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE INTEREST TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE TRANSACTION INVOLVING THE SECOND OR ANY SUCCEEDING PORTION SHALL BE REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SUBSECTION WITH RESPECT TO ALL PRIOR TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING PORTIONS OF SUCH INTEREST.

(E) SPECIAL RULE FOR DISPOSITION OF TIMBER.--IN THE CASE OF QUALIFIED WOODLAND TO WHICH AN ELECTION UNDER SUBSECTION (E)(13)(A) APPLIES, IF THE QUALIFIED HEIR DISPOSES OF (OR SEVERS) ANY STANDING TIMBER ON SUCH QUALIFIED WOODLAND--

(I) SUCH DISPOSITION (OR SEVERANCE) SHALL BE TREATED AS A DISPOSITION OF A PORTION OF THE INTEREST OF THE QUALIFIED HEIR IN SUCH PROPERTY, AND

(II) THE AMOUNT OF THE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED BY PARAGRAPH (1) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH DISPOSITION SHALL BE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE LESSER OF--

(I) THE AMOUNT REALIZED ON SUCH DISPOSITION (OR, IN ANY CASE OTHER THAN A SALE OR EXCHANGE AT ARM'S LENGTH, THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PORTION OF THE INTEREST DISPOSED OR SEVERED), OR

(II) THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL TAX DETERMINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH (WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH) IF THE ENTIRE INTEREST OF THE QUALIFIED HEIR IN THE QUALIFIED WOODLAND HAD BEEN DISPOSED OF, LESS THE SUM OF THE AMOUNT OF THE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED WITH RESPECT TO ALL PRIOR TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING SUCH WOODLAND TO WHICH THIS SUBPARAGRAPH APPLIED.

FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, THE DISPOSITION OF A RIGHT TO SEVER SHALL BE TREATED AS THE DISPOSITION OF THE STANDING TIMBER. THE AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) IN ANY CASE IN WHICH A QUALIFIED HEIR DISPOSES OF HIS ENTIRE INTEREST IN THE QUALIFIED WOODLAND SHALL BE REDUCED BY ANY AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH WITH RESPECT TO SUCH WOODLAND.

(3) ONLY 1 ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED WITH RESPECT TO ANY 1 PORTION.--IN THE CASE OF AN INTEREST ACQUIRED FROM (OR PASSING FROM) ANY DECEDENT, IF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF PARAGRAPH (1) APPLIES TO ANY PORTION OF AN INTEREST, SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OR (A), AS THE CASE MAY BE, OF PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO THE SAME PORTION OF SUCH INTEREST.

(4) DUE DATE.--THE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BECOME DUE AND PAYABLE ON THE DAY WHICH IS 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DATE OF THE DISPOSITION OR CESSATION REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (1).

(5) LIABILITY FOR TAX; FURNISHING OF BOND.--THE QUALIFIED HEIR SHALL BE PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR THE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED BY THIS SUBSECTION WITH RESPECT TO HIS INTEREST UNLESS THE HEIR HAS FURNISHED BOND WHICH MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (E)(11).

(6) CESSATION OF QUALIFIED USE.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)(B), REAL PROPERTY SHALL CEASE TO BE USED FOR THE QUALIFIED USE IF--

1 (A) SUCH PROPERTY CEASES TO BE USED FOR THE QUALIFIED USE SET FORTH IN
2 SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF SUBSECTION (B)(2) UNDER WHICH THE PROPERTY
3 QUALIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION (B), OR

4 (B) DURING ANY PERIOD OF 8 YEARS ENDING AFTER THE DATE OF THE
5 DECEDENT'S DEATH AND BEFORE THE DATE OF THE DEATH OF THE QUALIFIED HEIR,
6 THERE HAD BEEN PERIODS AGGREGATING MORE THAN 3 YEARS DURING WHICH--

7 (I) IN THE CASE OF PERIODS DURING WHICH THE PROPERTY WAS HELD BY THE
8 DECEDENT, THERE WAS NO MATERIAL PARTICIPATION BY THE DECEDENT OR ANY
9 MEMBER OF HIS FAMILY IN THE OPERATION OF THE FARM OR OTHER BUSINESS, AND

10 (II) IN THE CASE OF PERIODS DURING WHICH THE PROPERTY WAS HELD BY ANY
11 QUALIFIED HEIR, THERE WAS NO MATERIAL PARTICIPATION BY SUCH QUALIFIED
12 HEIR OR ANY MEMBER OF HIS FAMILY IN THE OPERATION OF THE FARM OR OTHER
13 BUSINESS.

14 (7) SPECIAL RULES.--

15 (A) NO TAX IF USE BEGINS WITHIN 2 YEARS.--IF THE DATE ON WHICH THE
16 QUALIFIED HEIR BEGINS TO USE THE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY (HEREINAFTER IN
17 THIS SUBPARAGRAPH REFERRED TO AS THE COMMENCEMENT DATE) IS BEFORE THE
18 DATE 2 YEARS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH--

19 (I) NO TAX SHALL BE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) BY REASON OF THE FAIL-
20 URE BY THE QUALIFIED HEIR TO SO USE SUCH PROPERTY BEFORE THE COMMENCE-
21 MENT DATE, AND

22 (II) THE 10-YEAR PERIOD UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL BE EXTENDED BY THE
23 PERIOD AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH AND BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT DATE.

24 (B) ACTIVE MANAGEMENT BY ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED HEIR TREATED AS MATERIAL
25 PARTICIPATION.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (6)(B)(II), THE ACTIVE MANAGE-
26 MENT OF A FARM OR OTHER BUSINESS BY--

27 (I) AN ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED HEIR, OR

28 (II) A FIDUCIARY OF AN ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED HEIR DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE
29 (II) OR (III) OF SUBPARAGRAPH (C),

30 SHALL BE TREATED AS MATERIAL PARTICIPATION BY SUCH ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED
31 HEIR IN THE OPERATION OF SUCH FARM OR BUSINESS. IN THE CASE OF AN ELIGI-
32 BLE QUALIFIED HEIR DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (II), (III), OR (IV) OF SUBPARA-
33 GRAPH (C), THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL APPLY ONLY DURING PERIODS DURING
34 WHICH SUCH HEIR MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUCH CLAUSE.

35 (C) ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED HEIR.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM
36 "ELIGIBLE QUALIFIED HEIR" MEANS A QUALIFIED HEIR WHO--

37 (I) IS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF THE DECEDENT,

38 (II) HAS NOT ATTAINED THE AGE OF 21,

39 (III) IS DISABLED (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SUBSECTION (B)(4)(B)), OR

40 (IV) IS A STUDENT.

41 (D) STUDENT.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (C), AN INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE
42 TREATED AS A STUDENT WITH RESPECT TO PERIODS DURING ANY CALENDAR YEAR IF
43 (AND ONLY IF) SUCH INDIVIDUAL IS A STUDENT (WITHIN THE MEANING OF
44 SECTION 152(F)(2)) FOR SUCH CALENDAR YEAR.

45 (E) CERTAIN RENTS TREATED AS QUALIFIED USE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
46 SUBSECTION, A SURVIVING SPOUSE OR LINEAL DESCENDANT OF THE DECEDENT
47 SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS FAILING TO USE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY IN A
48 QUALIFIED USE SOLELY BECAUSE SUCH SPOUSE OR DESCENDANT RENTS SUCH PROP-
49 erty TO A MEMBER OF THE FAMILY OF SUCH SPOUSE OR DESCENDANT ON A NET
50 CASH BASIS. FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, A LEGALLY ADOPTED
51 CHILD OF AN INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE TREATED AS THE CHILD OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL
52 BY BLOOD.

53 (8) QUALIFIED CONSERVATION CONTRIBUTION IS NOT A DISPOSITION.--A QUAL-
54 IFIED CONSERVATION CONTRIBUTION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 170(H)) BY GIFT
55 OR OTHERWISE SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A DISPOSITION UNDER SUBSECTION
56 (C)(1)(A).

1 (D) ELECTION; AGREEMENT.--

2 (1) ELECTION.--THE ELECTION UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE MADE ON THE
3 RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001. SUCH ELECTION SHALL BE MADE
4 IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE. SUCH AN
5 ELECTION, ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.

6 (2) AGREEMENT.--THE AGREEMENT REFERRED TO IN THIS PARAGRAPH IS A WRIT-
7 TEN AGREEMENT SIGNED BY EACH PERSON IN BEING WHO HAS AN INTEREST (WHETH-
8 ER OR NOT IN POSSESSION) IN ANY PROPERTY DESIGNATED IN SUCH AGREEMENT
9 CONSENTING TO THE APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (C) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH
10 PROPERTY.

11 (3) MODIFICATION OF ELECTION AND AGREEMENT TO BE PERMITTED.--THE
12 SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES WHICH PROVIDE THAT IN ANY CASE IN
13 WHICH THE EXECUTOR MAKES AN ELECTION UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) (AND SUBMITS
14 THE AGREEMENT REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (2)) WITHIN THE TIME PRESCRIBED
15 THEREFOR, BUT--

16 (A) THE NOTICE OF ELECTION, AS FILED, DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL REQUIRED
17 INFORMATION, OR

18 (B) SIGNATURES OF 1 OR MORE PERSONS REQUIRED TO ENTER INTO THE AGREE-
19 MENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (2) ARE NOT INCLUDED ON THE AGREEMENT AS
20 FILED, OR THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION,

21 THE EXECUTOR WILL HAVE A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME (NOT EXCEEDING 90
22 DAYS) AFTER NOTIFICATION OF SUCH FAILURES TO PROVIDE SUCH INFORMATION OR
23 SIGNATURES.

24 (E) DEFINITIONS; SPECIAL RULES.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION--

25 (1) QUALIFIED HEIR.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED HEIR" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO
26 ANY PROPERTY, A MEMBER OF THE DECEDENT'S FAMILY WHO ACQUIRED SUCH PROP-
27 erty (OR TO WHOM SUCH PROPERTY PASSED) FROM THE DECEDENT. IF A QUALIFIED
28 HEIR DISPOSES OF ANY INTEREST IN QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY TO ANY MEMBER
29 OF HIS FAMILY, SUCH MEMBER SHALL THEREAFTER BE TREATED AS THE QUALIFIED
30 HEIR WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST.

31 (2) MEMBER OF FAMILY.--THE TERM "MEMBER OF THE FAMILY" MEANS, WITH
32 RESPECT TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, ONLY--

33 (A) AN ANCESTOR OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL,

34 (B) THE SPOUSE OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL,

35 (C) A LINEAL DESCENDANT OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL, OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL'S
36 SPOUSE, OR OF A PARENT OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL, OR

37 (D) THE SPOUSE OF ANY LINEAL DESCENDANT DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C).
38 FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, A LEGALLY ADOPTED CHILD OF AN
39 INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE TREATED AS THE CHILD OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL BY BLOOD.

40 (3) CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY INCLUDED.--IN THE CASE OF REAL PROPERTY
41 WHICH MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBSECTION (B)(1),
42 RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AND RELATED IMPROVEMENTS ON SUCH REAL PROPERTY
43 OCCUPIED ON A REGULAR BASIS BY THE OWNER OR LESSEE OF SUCH REAL PROPERTY
44 OR BY PERSONS EMPLOYED BY SUCH OWNER OR LESSEE FOR THE PURPOSE OF OPER-
45 ating OR MAINTAINING SUCH REAL PROPERTY, AND ROADS, BUILDINGS, AND OTHER
46 STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS FUNCTIONALLY RELATED TO THE QUALIFIED USE
47 SHALL BE TREATED AS REAL PROPERTY DEVOTED TO THE QUALIFIED USE.

48 (4) FARM.--THE TERM "FARM" INCLUDES STOCK, DAIRY, POULTRY, FRUIT,
49 FURBEARING ANIMAL, AND TRUCK FARMS, PLANTATIONS, RANCHES, NURSERIES,
50 RANGES, GREENHOUSES OR OTHER SIMILAR STRUCTURES USED PRIMARILY FOR THE
51 RAISING OF AGRICULTURAL OR HORTICULTURAL COMMODITIES, AND ORCHARDS AND
52 WOODLANDS.

53 (5) FARMING PURPOSES.--THE TERM "FARMING PURPOSES" MEANS--

54 (A) CULTIVATING THE SOIL OR RAISING OR HARVESTING ANY AGRICULTURAL OR
55 HORTICULTURAL COMMODITY (INCLUDING THE RAISING, SHEARING, FEEDING,
56 CARING FOR, TRAINING, AND MANAGEMENT OF ANIMALS) ON A FARM;

(B) HANDLING, DRYING, PACKING, GRADING, OR STORING ON A FARM ANY AGRICULTURAL OR HORTICULTURAL COMMODITY IN ITS UNMANUFACTURED STATE, BUT ONLY IF THE OWNER, TENANT, OR OPERATOR OF THE FARM REGULARLY PRODUCES MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF THE COMMODITY SO TREATED; AND

(C)(I) THE PLANTING, CULTIVATING, CARING FOR, OR CUTTING OF TREES, OR (II) THE PREPARATION (OTHER THAN MILLING) OF TREES FOR MARKET.

(6) MATERIAL PARTICIPATION.--MATERIAL PARTICIPATION SHALL BE DETERMINED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO THE MANNER USED FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1) OF SECTION 1402(A) (RELATING TO NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOYMENT).

(7) METHOD OF VALUING FARMS.--

(A) IN GENERAL.--EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B), THE VALUE OF A FARM FOR FARMING PURPOSES SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING--

(I) THE EXCESS OF THE AVERAGE ANNUAL GROSS CASH RENTAL FOR COMPARABLE LAND USED FOR FARMING PURPOSES AND LOCATED IN THE LOCALITY OF SUCH FARM OVER THE AVERAGE ANNUAL STATE AND LOCAL REAL ESTATE TAXES FOR SUCH COMPARABLE LAND, BY

(II) THE AVERAGE ANNUAL EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE FOR ALL NEW FEDERAL LAND BANK LOANS.

FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, EACH AVERAGE ANNUAL COMPUTATION SHALL BE MADE ON THE BASIS OF THE 5 MOST RECENT CALENDAR YEARS ENDING BEFORE THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

(B) VALUE BASED ON NET SHARE RENTAL IN CERTAIN CASES.--

(I) IN GENERAL.--IF THERE IS NO COMPARABLE LAND FROM WHICH THE AVERAGE ANNUAL GROSS CASH RENTAL MAY BE DETERMINED BUT THERE IS COMPARABLE LAND FROM WHICH THE AVERAGE NET SHARE RENTAL MAY BE DETERMINED, SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(I) SHALL BE APPLIED BY SUBSTITUTING "AVERAGE ANNUAL NET SHARE RENTAL" FOR "AVERAGE ANNUAL GROSS CASH RENTAL".

(II) NET SHARE RENTAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "NET SHARE RENTAL" MEANS THE EXCESS OF--

(I) THE VALUE OF THE PRODUCE RECEIVED BY THE LESSOR OF THE LAND ON WHICH SUCH PRODUCE IS GROWN, OVER

(II) THE CASH OPERATING EXPENSES OF GROWING SUCH PRODUCE WHICH, UNDER THE LEASE, ARE PAID BY THE LESSOR.

(C) EXCEPTION.--THE FORMULA PROVIDED BY SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT BE USED--

(I) WHERE IT IS ESTABLISHED THAT THERE IS NO COMPARABLE LAND FROM WHICH THE AVERAGE ANNUAL GROSS CASH RENTAL MAY BE DETERMINED, OR

(II) WHERE THE EXECUTOR ELECTS TO HAVE THE VALUE OF THE FARM FOR FARMING PURPOSES DETERMINED AND THAT THERE IS NO COMPARABLE LAND FROM WHICH THE AVERAGE NET SHARE RENTAL MAY BE DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (8).

(8) METHOD OF VALUING CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS INTERESTS, ETC.--IN ANY CASE TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (7)(A) DOES NOT APPLY, THE FOLLOWING FACTORS SHALL APPLY IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF ANY QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY:

(A) THE CAPITALIZATION OF INCOME WHICH THE PROPERTY CAN BE EXPECTED TO YIELD FOR FARMING OR CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS PURPOSES OVER A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME UNDER PRUDENT MANAGEMENT USING TRADITIONAL CROPPING PATTERNS FOR THE AREA, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT SOIL CAPACITY, TERRAIN CONFIGURATION, AND SIMILAR FACTORS,

(B) THE CAPITALIZATION OF THE FAIR RENTAL VALUE OF THE LAND FOR FARM- LAND OR CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS PURPOSES,

(C) ASSESSED LAND VALUES IN A STATE WHICH PROVIDES A DIFFERENTIAL OR USE VALUE ASSESSMENT LAW FOR FARMLAND OR CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS,

(D) COMPARABLE SALES OF OTHER FARM OR CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS LAND IN THE SAME GEOGRAPHICAL AREA FAR ENOUGH REMOVED FROM A METROPOLITAN OR RESORT AREA SO THAT NONAGRICULTURAL USE IS NOT A SIGNIFICANT FACTOR IN THE SALES PRICE, AND

1 (E) ANY OTHER FACTOR WHICH FAIRLY VALUES THE FARM OR CLOSELY HELD
2 BUSINESS VALUE OF THE PROPERTY.

3 (9) PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM DECEDENT.--PROPERTY SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO
4 HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED FROM OR TO HAVE PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT IF--

5 (A) SUCH PROPERTY IS SO CONSIDERED UNDER SECTION 1014(B) (RELATING TO
6 BASIS OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM A DECEDENT),

7 (B) SUCH PROPERTY IS ACQUIRED BY ANY PERSON FROM THE ESTATE, OR

8 (C) SUCH PROPERTY IS ACQUIRED BY ANY PERSON FROM A TRUST (TO THE
9 EXTENT SUCH PROPERTY IS INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT).

10 (10) COMMUNITY PROPERTY.--IF THE DECEDENT AND HIS SURVIVING SPOUSE AT
11 ANY TIME HELD QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY AS COMMUNITY PROPERTY, THE INTER-
12 EST OF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE IN SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT
13 UNDER THIS SECTION TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO PROVIDE A RESULT UNDER
14 THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY WHICH IS CONSISTENT WITH THE
15 RESULT WHICH WOULD HAVE OBTAINED UNDER THIS SECTION IF SUCH PROPERTY HAD
16 NOT BEEN COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

17 (11) BOND IN LIEU OF PERSONAL LIABILITY.--IF THE QUALIFIED HEIR MAKES
18 WRITTEN APPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY FOR DETERMINATION OF THE MAXIMUM
19 AMOUNT OF THE ADDITIONAL TAX WHICH MAY BE IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) WITH
20 RESPECT TO THE QUALIFIED HEIR'S INTEREST, THE SECRETARY (AS SOON AS
21 POSSIBLE, AND IN ANY EVENT WITHIN 1 YEAR AFTER THE MAKING OF SUCH APPLI-
22 CATION) SHALL NOTIFY THE HEIR OF SUCH MAXIMUM AMOUNT. THE QUALIFIED
23 HEIR, ON FURNISHING A BOND IN SUCH AMOUNT AND FOR SUCH PERIOD AS MAY BE
24 REQUIRED, SHALL BE DISCHARGED FROM PERSONAL LIABILITY FOR ANY ADDITIONAL
25 TAX IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) AND SHALL BE ENTITLED TO A RECEIPT OR
26 WRITING SHOWING SUCH DISCHARGE.

27 (12) ACTIVE MANAGEMENT.--THE TERM "ACTIVE MANAGEMENT" MEANS THE MAKING
28 OF THE MANAGEMENT DECISIONS OF A BUSINESS (OTHER THAN THE DAILY OPERAT-
29 ING DECISIONS).

30 (13) SPECIAL RULES FOR WOODLANDS.--

31 (A) IN GENERAL.--IN THE CASE OF ANY QUALIFIED WOODLAND WITH RESPECT TO
32 WHICH THE EXECUTOR ELECTS TO HAVE THIS SUBPARAGRAPH APPLY, TREES GROWING
33 ON SUCH WOODLAND SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A CROP.

34 (B) QUALIFIED WOODLAND.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED WOODLAND" MEANS ANY REAL
35 PROPERTY WHICH--

36 (I) IS USED IN TIMBER OPERATIONS, AND

37 (II) IS AN IDENTIFIABLE AREA OF LAND SUCH AS AN ACRE OR OTHER AREA FOR
38 WHICH RECORDS ARE NORMALLY MAINTAINED IN CONDUCTING TIMBER OPERATIONS.

39 (C) TIMBER OPERATIONS.--THE TERM "TIMBER OPERATIONS" MEANS--

40 (I) THE PLANTING, CULTIVATING, CARING FOR, OR CUTTING OF TREES, OR

41 (II) THE PREPARATION (OTHER THAN MILLING) OF TREES FOR MARKET.

42 (D) ELECTION.--AN ELECTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL BE MADE ON THE
43 RETURN OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001. SUCH ELECTION SHALL BE MADE
44 IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE. SUCH AN
45 ELECTION, ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.

46 (14) TREATMENT OF REPLACEMENT PROPERTY ACQUIRED IN SECTION 1031 OR
47 1033 TRANSACTIONS.--

48 (A) IN GENERAL.--IN THE CASE OF ANY QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY,
49 ANY PERIOD DURING WHICH THERE WAS OWNERSHIP, QUALIFIED USE, OR MATERIAL
50 PARTICIPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE REPLACED PROPERTY BY THE DECEDENT OR
51 ANY MEMBER OF HIS FAMILY SHALL BE TREATED AS A PERIOD DURING WHICH THERE
52 WAS SUCH OWNERSHIP, USE, OR MATERIAL PARTICIPATION (AS THE CASE MAY BE)
53 WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY.

54 (B) LIMITATION.--SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE EXTENT THAT
55 THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY (AS OF THE

1 DATE OF ITS ACQUISITION) EXCEEDS THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE REPLACED
2 PROPERTY (AS OF THE DATE OF ITS DISPOSITION).
3 (C) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--
4 (I) QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT
5 PROPERTY" MEANS ANY REAL PROPERTY WHICH IS--
6 (I) ACQUIRED IN AN EXCHANGE WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER SECTION 1031, OR
7 (II) THE ACQUISITION OF WHICH RESULTS IN THE NONRECOGNITION OF GAIN
8 UNDER SECTION 1033.
9 SUCH TERM SHALL ONLY INCLUDE PROPERTY WHICH IS USED FOR THE SAME QUAL-
10 IFIED USE AS THE REPLACED PROPERTY WAS BEING USED BEFORE THE EXCHANGE.
11 (II) REPLACED PROPERTY.--THE TERM "REPLACED PROPERTY" MEANS--
12 (I) THE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED IN THE EXCHANGE WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER
13 SECTION 1031, OR
14 (II) THE PROPERTY COMPULSORILY OR INVOLUNTARILY CONVERTED (WITHIN THE
15 MEANING OF SECTION 1033).
16 (F) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.--IF QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY IS DISPOSED OF
17 OR CEASES TO BE USED FOR A QUALIFIED USE, THEN--
18 (1) THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF ANY ADDITIONAL TAX
19 UNDER SUBSECTION (C) ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH DISPOSITION OR CESSATION SHALL
20 NOT EXPIRE BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF 3 YEARS FROM THE DATE THE SECRETARY
21 IS NOTIFIED (IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY MAY BY REGULATIONS
22 PRESCRIBE) OF SUCH DISPOSITION OR CESSATION (OR IF LATER IN THE CASE OF
23 AN INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION OR EXCHANGE TO WHICH SUBSECTION (H) OR (I)
24 APPLIES, 3 YEARS FROM THE DATE THE SECRETARY IS NOTIFIED OF THE REPLACE-
25 MENT OF THE CONVERTED PROPERTY OR OF AN INTENTION NOT TO REPLACE OR OF
26 THE EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY), AND
27 (2) SUCH ADDITIONAL TAX MAY BE ASSESSED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF SUCH
28 3-YEAR PERIOD NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF ANY OTHER LAW OR RULE OF
29 LAW WHICH WOULD OTHERWISE PREVENT SUCH ASSESSMENT.
30 (G) APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION AND SECTION 6324B TO INTERESTS IN
31 PARTNERSHIPS, CORPORATIONS, AND TRUSTS.--THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE
32 REGULATIONS SETTING FORTH THE APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION AND SECTION
33 6324B IN THE CASE OF AN INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP, CORPORATION, OR TRUST
34 WHICH, WITH RESPECT TO THE DECEDENT, IS AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD
35 BUSINESS (WITHIN THE MEANING OF PARAGRAPH (1) OF SECTION 6166(B)). FOR
36 PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, AN INTEREST IN A DISCRETIONARY TRUST
37 ALL THE BENEFICIARIES OF WHICH ARE QUALIFIED HEIRS SHALL BE TREATED AS A
38 PRESENT INTEREST.
39 (H) SPECIAL RULES FOR INVOLUNTARY CONVERSIONS OF QUALIFIED REAL PROP-
40 ERTY.--
41 (1) TREATMENT OF CONVERTED PROPERTY.--
42 (A) IN GENERAL.--IF THERE IS AN INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION OF AN INTEREST
43 IN QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY--
44 (I) NO TAX SHALL BE IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) ON SUCH CONVERSION IF
45 THE COST OF THE QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY EQUALS OR EXCEEDS THE
46 AMOUNT REALIZED ON SUCH CONVERSION, OR
47 (II) IF CLAUSE (I) DOES NOT APPLY, THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY
48 SUBSECTION (C) ON SUCH CONVERSION SHALL BE THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER
49 SUBPARAGRAPH (B).
50 (B) AMOUNT OF TAX WHERE THERE IS NOT COMPLETE REINVESTMENT.--THE
51 AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH WITH RESPECT TO ANY INVOLUN-
52 TARY CONVERSION IS THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX WHICH (BUT FOR THIS SUBSECTION)
53 WOULD HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON SUCH CONVERSION REDUCED BY AN AMOUNT WHICH--
54 (I) BEARS THE SAME RATIO TO SUCH TAX, AS
55 (II) THE COST OF THE QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY BEARS TO THE
56 AMOUNT REALIZED ON THE CONVERSION.

1 (2) TREATMENT OF REPLACEMENT PROPERTY.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION
2 (C)--
3 (A) ANY QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED IN THE SAME
4 MANNER AS IF IT WERE A PORTION OF THE INTEREST IN QUALIFIED REAL PROPER-
5 TY WHICH WAS INVOLUNTARILY CONVERTED; EXCEPT THAT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH
6 QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY THE 10-YEAR PERIOD UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF
7 SUBSECTION (C) SHALL BE EXTENDED BY ANY PERIOD, BEYOND THE 2-YEAR PERIOD
8 REFERRED TO IN SECTION 1033(A)(2)(B)(I), DURING WHICH THE QUALIFIED HEIR
9 WAS ALLOWED TO REPLACE THE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY,
10 (B) ANY TAX IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) ON THE INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION
11 SHALL BE TREATED AS A TAX IMPOSED ON A PARTIAL DISPOSITION, AND
12 (C) PARAGRAPH (6) OF SUBSECTION (C) SHALL BE APPLIED--
13 (I) BY NOT TAKING INTO ACCOUNT PERIODS AFTER THE INVOLUNTARY CONVER-
14 SION AND BEFORE THE ACQUISITION OF THE QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY,
15 AND
16 (II) BY TREATING MATERIAL PARTICIPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE CONVERTED
17 PROPERTY AS MATERIAL PARTICIPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALIFIED
18 REPLACEMENT PROPERTY.
19 (3) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION--
20 (A) INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION.--THE TERM "INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION" MEANS A
21 COMPULSORY OR INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 1033.
22 (B) QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT PROPERTY.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED REPLACEMENT
23 PROPERTY" MEANS--
24 (I) IN THE CASE OF AN INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION DESCRIBED IN SECTION
25 1033(A)(1), ANY REAL PROPERTY INTO WHICH THE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY IS
26 CONVERTED, OR
27 (II) IN THE CASE OF AN INVOLUNTARY CONVERSION DESCRIBED IN SECTION
28 1033(A)(2), ANY REAL PROPERTY PURCHASED BY THE QUALIFIED HEIR DURING THE
29 PERIOD SPECIFIED IN SECTION 1033(A)(2)(B) FOR PURPOSES OF REPLACING THE
30 QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY.
31 SUCH TERM ONLY INCLUDES PROPERTY WHICH IS TO BE USED FOR THE QUALIFIED
32 USE SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF SUBSECTION (B)(2) UNDER
33 WHICH THE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY QUALIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION (A).
34 (4) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE.--THE RULES OF THE LAST SENTENCE OF
35 SECTION 1033(A)(2)(A) SHALL APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (3)(B)(II).
36 (I) EXCHANGES OF QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY.--
37 (1) TREATMENT OF PROPERTY EXCHANGED.--
38 (A) EXCHANGES SOLELY FOR QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY.--IF AN INTEREST
39 IN QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY IS EXCHANGED SOLELY FOR AN INTEREST IN QUALI-
40 FIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY IN A TRANSACTION WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER SECTION
41 1031, NO TAX SHALL BE IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) BY REASON OF SUCH
42 EXCHANGE.
43 (B) EXCHANGES WHERE OTHER PROPERTY RECEIVED.--IF AN INTEREST IN QUALI-
44 FIED REAL PROPERTY IS EXCHANGED FOR AN INTEREST IN QUALIFIED EXCHANGE
45 PROPERTY AND OTHER PROPERTY IN A TRANSACTION WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER
46 SECTION 1031, THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) BY REASON
47 OF SUCH EXCHANGE SHALL BE THE AMOUNT OF TAX WHICH (BUT FOR THIS SUBPARA-
48 GRAPH) WOULD HAVE BEEN IMPOSED ON SUCH EXCHANGE UNDER SUBSECTION (C)(1),
49 REDUCED BY AN AMOUNT WHICH--
50 (I) BEARS THE SAME RATIO TO SUCH TAX, AS
51 (II) THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY BEARS TO
52 THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY EXCHANGED.
53 FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (II) OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, FAIR MARKET
54 VALUE SHALL BE DETERMINED AS OF THE TIME OF THE EXCHANGE.
55 (2) TREATMENT OF QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY.--FOR PURPOSES OF
56 SUBSECTION (C)--

1 (A) ANY INTEREST IN QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED IN
2 THE SAME MANNER AS IF IT WERE A PORTION OF THE INTEREST IN QUALIFIED
3 REAL PROPERTY WHICH WAS EXCHANGED,

4 (B) ANY TAX IMPOSED BY SUBSECTION (C) BY REASON OF THE EXCHANGE SHALL
5 BE TREATED AS A TAX IMPOSED ON A PARTIAL DISPOSITION, AND

6 (C) PARAGRAPH (6) OF SUBSECTION (C) SHALL BE APPLIED BY TREATING MATE-
7 RIAL PARTICIPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE EXCHANGED PROPERTY AS MATERIAL
8 PARTICIPATION WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY.

9 (3) QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
10 TERM "QUALIFIED EXCHANGE PROPERTY" MEANS REAL PROPERTY WHICH IS TO BE
11 USED FOR THE QUALIFIED USE SET FORTH IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF
12 SUBSECTION (B)(2) UNDER WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY EXCHANGED THEREFOR
13 ORIGINALLY QUALIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION (A).

14 S 2033. PROPERTY IN WHICH THE DECEDENT HAD AN INTEREST. THE VALUE OF
15 THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT
16 OF THE INTEREST THEREIN OF THE DECEDENT AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH.

17 S 2034. DOWER OR CURTESY INTERESTS. THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE
18 SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST
19 THEREIN OF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE, EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S
20 DEATH AS DOWER OR CURTESY, OR BY VIRTUE OF A STATUTE CREATING AN ESTATE
21 IN LIEU OF DOWER OR CURTESY.

22 S 2035. ADJUSTMENTS FOR CERTAIN GIFTS MADE WITHIN THREE YEARS OF
23 DECEDENT'S DEATH. (A) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY IN GROSS
24 ESTATE.--IF--

25 (1) THE DECEDENT MADE A TRANSFER (BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE) OF AN INTER-
26 EST IN ANY PROPERTY, OR RELINQUISHED A POWER WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPER-
27 TY, DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH,
28 AND

29 (2) THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY (OR AN INTEREST THEREIN) WOULD HAVE
30 BEEN INCLUDED IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE UNDER SECTION 2036, 2037,
31 2038, OR 2042 IF SUCH TRANSFERRED INTEREST OR RELINQUISHED POWER HAD
32 BEEN RETAINED BY THE DECEDENT ON THE DATE OF HIS DEATH,

33 THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ANY PROPERTY
34 (OR INTEREST THEREIN) WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN SO INCLUDED.

35 (B) INCLUSION OF GIFT TAX ON GIFTS MADE DURING 3 YEARS BEFORE
36 DECEDENT'S DEATH.--THE AMOUNT OF THE GROSS ESTATE (DETERMINED WITHOUT
37 REGARD TO THIS SUBSECTION) SHALL BE INCREASED BY THE AMOUNT OF ANY TAX
38 PAID UNDER CHAPTER 12 BY THE DECEDENT OR HIS ESTATE ON ANY GIFT MADE BY
39 THE DECEDENT OR HIS SPOUSE DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE
40 OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

41 (C) OTHER RULES RELATING TO TRANSFERS WITHIN 3 YEARS OF DEATH.--

42 (1) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF--

43 (A) SECTION 303(B) (RELATING TO DISTRIBUTIONS IN REDEMPTION OF STOCK
44 TO PAY DEATH TAXES),

45 (B) SECTION 2032A (RELATING TO SPECIAL VALUATION OF CERTAIN FARMS,
46 ETC., REAL PROPERTY), AND

47 (C) SUBCHAPTER C OF CHAPTER 64 (RELATING TO LIEN FOR TAXES),

48 THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY
49 TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST THEREIN OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY
50 TIME MADE A TRANSFER, BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD
51 ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

52 (2) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 6166.--AN ESTATE SHALL BE TREATED AS
53 MEETING THE 35 PERCENT OF ADJUSTED GROSS ESTATE REQUIREMENT OF SECTION
54 6166(A)(1) ONLY IF THE ESTATE MEETS SUCH REQUIREMENT BOTH WITH AND WITH-
55 OUT THE APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (A).

(3) MARITAL AND SMALL TRANSFERS.--PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY TRANSFER (OTHER THAN A TRANSFER WITH RESPECT TO A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY) MADE DURING A CALENDAR YEAR TO ANY DONEE IF THE DECEDENT WAS NOT REQUIRED BY SECTION 6019 (OTHER THAN BY REASON OF SECTION 6019(2)) TO FILE ANY GIFT TAX RETURN FOR SUCH YEAR WITH RESPECT TO TRANSFERS TO SUCH DONEE.

(D) EXCEPTION.--SUBSECTION (A) AND PARAGRAPH (1) OF SUBSECTION (C) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH.

(E) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRANSFERS FROM REVOCABLE TRUSTS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION AND SECTION 2038, ANY TRANSFER FROM ANY PORTION OF A TRUST DURING ANY PERIOD THAT SUCH PORTION WAS TREATED UNDER SECTION 676 AS OWNED BY THE DECEDENT BY REASON OF A POWER IN THE GRANTOR (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO SECTION 672(E)) SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER MADE DIRECTLY BY THE DECEDENT.

S 2036. TRANSFERS WITH RETAINED LIFE ESTATE. (A) GENERAL RULE.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST THEREIN OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY TIME MADE A TRANSFER (EXCEPT IN CASE OF A BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH), BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, UNDER WHICH HE HAS RETAINED FOR HIS LIFE OR FOR ANY PERIOD NOT ASCERTAINABLE WITHOUT REFERENCE TO HIS DEATH OR FOR ANY PERIOD WHICH DOES NOT IN FACT END BEFORE HIS DEATH--

(1) THE POSSESSION OR ENJOYMENT OF, OR THE RIGHT TO THE INCOME FROM, THE PROPERTY, OR

(2) THE RIGHT, EITHER ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON, TO DESIGNATE THE PERSONS WHO SHALL POSSESS OR ENJOY THE PROPERTY OR THE INCOME THEREFROM.

(B) VOTING RIGHTS.--

(1) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A)(1), THE RETENTION OF THE RIGHT TO VOTE (DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY) SHARES OF STOCK OF A CONTROLLED CORPORATION SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE A RETENTION OF THE ENJOYMENT OF TRANSFERRED PROPERTY.

(2) CONTROLLED CORPORATION.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), A CORPORATION SHALL BE TREATED AS A CONTROLLED CORPORATION IF, AT ANY TIME AFTER THE TRANSFER OF THE PROPERTY AND DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, THE DECEDENT OWNED (WITH THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 318), OR HAD THE RIGHT (EITHER ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON) TO VOTE, STOCK POSSESSING AT LEAST 20 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL COMBINED VOTING POWER OF ALL CLASSES OF STOCK.

(3) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 2035.--FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING SECTION 2035 WITH RESPECT TO PARAGRAPH (1), THE RELINQUISHMENT OR CESSATION OF VOTING RIGHTS SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY MADE BY THE DECEDENT.

(C) LIMITATION ON APPLICATION OF GENERAL RULE.--THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO A TRANSFER MADE BEFORE MARCH 4, 1931; NOR TO A TRANSFER MADE AFTER MARCH 3, 1931, AND BEFORE JUNE 7, 1932, UNLESS THE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED WOULD HAVE BEEN INCLUDIBLE IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE BY REASON OF THE AMENDATORY LANGUAGE OF THE JOINT RESOLUTION OF MARCH 3, 1931 (46 STAT. 1516).

S 2037. TRANSFERS TAKING EFFECT AT DEATH. (A) GENERAL RULE.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST THEREIN OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY TIME AFTER SEPTEMBER 7, 1916, MADE A TRANSFER (EXCEPT IN CASE OF A BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH), BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, IF--

(1) POSSESSION OR ENJOYMENT OF THE PROPERTY CAN, THROUGH OWNERSHIP OF SUCH INTEREST, BE OBTAINED ONLY BY SURVIVING THE DECEDENT, AND

(2) THE DECEDENT HAS RETAINED A REVERSIONARY INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY (BUT IN THE CASE OF A TRANSFER MADE BEFORE OCTOBER 8, 1949, ONLY IF SUCH REVERSIONARY INTEREST AROSE BY THE EXPRESS TERMS OF THE INSTRUMENT OF TRANSFER), AND THE VALUE OF SUCH REVERSIONARY INTEREST IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT EXCEEDS 5 PERCENT OF THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY.

(B) SPECIAL RULES.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "REVERSIONARY INTEREST" INCLUDES A POSSIBILITY THAT PROPERTY TRANSFERRED BY THE DECEDENT--

(1) MAY RETURN TO HIM OR HIS ESTATE, OR

(2) MAY BE SUBJECT TO A POWER OF DISPOSITION BY HIM,

BUT SUCH TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A POSSIBILITY THAT THE INCOME ALONE FROM SUCH PROPERTY MAY RETURN TO HIM OR BECOME SUBJECT TO A POWER OF DISPOSITION BY HIM. THE VALUE OF A REVERSIONARY INTEREST IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT SHALL BE DETERMINED (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE FACT OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH) BY USUAL METHODS OF VALUATION, INCLUDING THE USE OF TABLES OF MORTALITY AND ACTUARIAL PRINCIPLES, UNDER REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY. IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF A POSSIBILITY THAT PROPERTY MAY BE SUBJECT TO A POWER OF DISPOSITION BY THE DECEDENT, SUCH POSSIBILITY SHALL BE VALUED AS IF IT WERE A POSSIBILITY THAT SUCH PROPERTY MAY RETURN TO THE DECEDENT OR HIS ESTATE. NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING, AN INTEREST SO TRANSFERRED SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE UNDER THIS SECTION IF POSSESSION OR ENJOYMENT OF THE PROPERTY COULD HAVE BEEN OBTAINED BY ANY BENEFICIARY DURING THE DECEDENT'S LIFE THROUGH THE EXERCISE OF A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2041) WHICH IN FACT WAS EXERCISABLE IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

S 2038. REVOCABLE TRANSFERS. (A) IN GENERAL.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY--

(1) TRANSFERS AFTER JUNE 22, 1936.--TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST THEREIN OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY TIME MADE A TRANSFER (EXCEPT IN CASE OF A BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH), BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, WHERE THE ENJOYMENT THEREOF WAS SUBJECT AT THE DATE OF HIS DEATH TO ANY CHANGE THROUGH THE EXERCISE OF A POWER (IN WHATEVER CAPACITY EXERCISABLE) BY THE DECEDENT ALONE OR BY THE DECEDENT IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY OTHER PERSON (WITHOUT REGARD TO WHEN OR FROM WHAT SOURCE THE DECEDENT ACQUIRED SUCH POWER), TO ALTER, AMEND, REVOKE, OR TERMINATE, OR WHERE ANY SUCH POWER IS RELINQUISHED DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

(2) TRANSFERS ON OR BEFORE JUNE 22, 1936.--TO THE EXTENT OF ANY INTEREST THEREIN OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY TIME MADE A TRANSFER (EXCEPT IN CASE OF A BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH), BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, WHERE THE ENJOYMENT THEREOF WAS SUBJECT AT THE DATE OF HIS DEATH TO ANY CHANGE THROUGH THE EXERCISE OF A POWER, EITHER BY THE DECEDENT ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON, TO ALTER, AMEND, OR REVOKE, OR WHERE THE DECEDENT RELINQUISHED ANY SUCH POWER DURING THE 3-YEAR PERIOD ENDING ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH. EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF TRANSFERS MADE AFTER JUNE 22, 1936, NO INTEREST OF THE DECEDENT OF WHICH HE HAS MADE A TRANSFER SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) UNLESS IT IS INCLUDIBLE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.

(B) DATE OF EXISTENCE OF POWER.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE POWER TO ALTER, AMEND, REVOKE, OR TERMINATE SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO EXIST ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH EVEN THOUGH THE EXERCISE OF THE

1 POWER IS SUBJECT TO A PRECEDENT GIVING OF NOTICE OR EVEN THOUGH THE
2 ALTERATION, AMENDMENT, REVOCATION, OR TERMINATION TAKES EFFECT ONLY ON
3 THE EXPIRATION OF A STATED PERIOD AFTER THE EXERCISE OF THE POWER,
4 WHETHER OR NOT ON OR BEFORE THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH NOTICE HAS
5 BEEN GIVEN OR THE POWER HAS BEEN EXERCISED. IN SUCH CASES PROPER ADJUST-
6 MENT SHALL BE MADE REPRESENTING THE INTERESTS WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN
7 EXCLUDED FROM THE POWER IF THE DECEDENT HAD LIVED, AND FOR SUCH PURPOSE,
8 IF THE NOTICE HAS NOT BEEN GIVEN OR THE POWER HAS NOT BEEN EXERCISED ON
9 OR BEFORE THE DATE OF HIS DEATH, SUCH NOTICE SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE
10 BEEN GIVEN, OR THE POWER EXERCISED, ON THE DATE OF HIS DEATH.

11 S 2039. ANNUITIES. (A) GENERAL.--THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE
12 VALUE OF AN ANNUITY OR OTHER PAYMENT RECEIVABLE BY ANY BENEFICIARY BY
13 REASON OF SURVIVING THE DECEDENT UNDER ANY FORM OF CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT
14 ENTERED INTO AFTER MARCH 3, 1931 (OTHER THAN AS INSURANCE UNDER POLICIES
15 ON THE LIFE OF THE DECEDENT), IF, UNDER SUCH CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT, AN
16 ANNUITY OR OTHER PAYMENT WAS PAYABLE TO THE DECEDENT, OR THE DECEDENT
17 POSSESSED THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE SUCH ANNUITY OR PAYMENT, EITHER ALONE OR
18 IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANOTHER FOR HIS LIFE OR FOR ANY PERIOD NOT ASCER-
19 TAINABLE WITHOUT REFERENCE TO HIS DEATH OR FOR ANY PERIOD WHICH DOES NOT
20 IN FACT END BEFORE HIS DEATH.

21 (B) AMOUNT INCLUDIBLE.--SUBSECTION (A) SHALL APPLY TO ONLY SUCH PART
22 OF THE VALUE OF THE ANNUITY OR OTHER PAYMENT RECEIVABLE UNDER SUCH
23 CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT AS IS PROPORTIONATE TO THAT PART OF THE PURCHASE
24 PRICE THEREFOR CONTRIBUTED BY THE DECEDENT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
25 SECTION, ANY CONTRIBUTION BY THE DECEDENT'S EMPLOYER OR FORMER EMPLOYER
26 TO THE PURCHASE PRICE OF SUCH CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT (WHETHER OR NOT TO
27 AN EMPLOYEE'S TRUST OR FUND FORMING PART OF A PENSION, ANNUITY, RETIRE-
28 MENT, BONUS OR PROFIT SHARING PLAN) SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE CONTRIB-
29 UTED BY THE DECEDENT IF MADE BY REASON OF HIS EMPLOYMENT.

30 S 2040. JOINT INTERESTS. (A) GENERAL RULE.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS
31 ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY TO THE EXTENT OF THE
32 INTEREST THEREIN HELD AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP BY THE
33 DECEDENT AND ANY OTHER PERSON, OR AS TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY BY THE
34 DECEDENT AND SPOUSE, OR DEPOSITED, WITH ANY PERSON CARRYING ON THE BANK-
35 ING BUSINESS, IN THEIR JOINT NAMES AND PAYABLE TO EITHER OR THE SURVI-
36 VOR, EXCEPT SUCH PART THEREOF AS MAY BE SHOWN TO HAVE ORIGINALLY
37 BELONGED TO SUCH OTHER PERSON AND NEVER TO HAVE BEEN RECEIVED OR
38 ACQUIRED BY THE LATTER FROM THE DECEDENT FOR LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND
39 FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH: PROVIDED, THAT WHERE SUCH
40 PROPERTY OR ANY PART THEREOF, OR PART OF THE CONSIDERATION WITH WHICH
41 SUCH PROPERTY WAS ACQUIRED, IS SHOWN TO HAVE BEEN AT ANY TIME ACQUIRED
42 BY SUCH OTHER PERSON FROM THE DECEDENT FOR LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND
43 FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH, THERE SHALL BE EXCEPTED
44 ONLY SUCH PART OF THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY AS IS PROPORTIONATE TO THE
45 CONSIDERATION FURNISHED BY SUCH OTHER PERSON: PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT
46 WHERE ANY PROPERTY HAS BEEN ACQUIRED BY GIFT, BEQUEST, DEVISE, OR INHER-
47 ITANCE, AS A TENANCY BY THE ENTIRETY BY THE DECEDENT AND SPOUSE, THEN TO
48 THE EXTENT OF ONE-HALF OF THE VALUE THEREOF, OR, WHERE SO ACQUIRED BY
49 THE DECEDENT AND ANY OTHER PERSON AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVI-
50 VORSHIP AND THEIR INTERESTS ARE NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR FIXED BY LAW,
51 THEN TO THE EXTENT OF THE VALUE OF A FRACTIONAL PART TO BE DETERMINED BY
52 DIVIDING THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY BY THE NUMBER OF JOINT TENANTS WITH
53 RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP.

54 (B) CERTAIN JOINT INTERESTS OF HUSBAND AND WIFE.--

55 (1) INTERESTS OF SPOUSE EXCLUDED FROM GROSS ESTATE.--NOTWITHSTANDING
56 SUBSECTION (A), IN THE CASE OF ANY QUALIFIED JOINT INTEREST, THE VALUE

1 INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST BY REASON OF
2 THIS SECTION IS ONE-HALF OF THE VALUE OF SUCH QUALIFIED JOINT INTEREST.

3 (2) QUALIFIED JOINT INTEREST DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1),
4 THE TERM "QUALIFIED JOINT INTEREST" MEANS ANY INTEREST IN PROPERTY HELD
5 BY THE DECEDENT AND THE DECEDENT'S SPOUSE AS--

6 (A) TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY, OR

7 (B) JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP, BUT ONLY IF THE DECEDENT
8 AND THE SPOUSE OF THE DECEDENT ARE THE ONLY JOINT TENANTS.

9 S 2041. POWERS OF APPOINTMENT. (A) IN GENERAL.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS
10 ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY--

11 (1) POWERS OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942.--TO
12 THE EXTENT OF ANY PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH A GENERAL POWER OF
13 APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942, IS EXERCISED BY THE
14 DECEDENT--

15 (A) BY WILL, OR

16 (B) BY A DISPOSITION WHICH IS OF SUCH NATURE THAT IF IT WERE A TRANS-
17 FER OF PROPERTY OWNED BY THE DECEDENT, SUCH PROPERTY WOULD BE INCLUDIBLE
18 IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE UNDER SECTIONS 2035 TO 2038, INCLUSIVE;

19 BUT THE FAILURE TO EXERCISE SUCH A POWER OR THE COMPLETE RELEASE OF
20 SUCH A POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED AN EXERCISE THEREOF. IF A GENERAL POWER
21 OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942, HAS BEEN PARTIALLY
22 RELEASED SO THAT IT IS NO LONGER A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT, THE
23 EXERCISE OF SUCH POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE THE EXERCISE OF A
24 GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT IF--

25 (I) SUCH PARTIAL RELEASE OCCURRED BEFORE NOVEMBER 1, 1951, OR

26 (II) THE DONEE OF SUCH POWER WAS UNDER A LEGAL DISABILITY TO RELEASE
27 SUCH POWER ON OCTOBER 21, 1942, AND SUCH PARTIAL RELEASE OCCURRED NOT
28 LATER THAN 6 MONTHS AFTER THE TERMINATION OF SUCH LEGAL DISABILITY.

29 (2) POWERS CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942.--TO THE EXTENT OF ANY PROP-
30 ERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH A
31 GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, OR WITH
32 RESPECT TO WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS AT ANY TIME EXERCISED OR RELEASED SUCH
33 A POWER OF APPOINTMENT BY A DISPOSITION WHICH IS OF SUCH NATURE THAT IF
34 IT WERE A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY OWNED BY THE DECEDENT, SUCH PROPERTY
35 WOULD BE INCLUDIBLE IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE UNDER SECTIONS 2035
36 TO 2038, INCLUSIVE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH (2), THE POWER OF
37 APPOINTMENT SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO EXIST ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S
38 DEATH EVEN THOUGH THE EXERCISE OF THE POWER IS SUBJECT TO A PRECEDENT
39 GIVING OF NOTICE OR EVEN THOUGH THE EXERCISE OF THE POWER TAKES EFFECT
40 ONLY ON THE EXPIRATION OF A STATED PERIOD AFTER ITS EXERCISE, WHETHER OR
41 NOT ON OR BEFORE THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH NOTICE HAS BEEN GIVEN
42 OR THE POWER HAS BEEN EXERCISED.

43 (3) CREATION OF ANOTHER POWER IN CERTAIN CASES.--TO THE EXTENT OF ANY
44 PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE DECEDENT--

45 (A) BY WILL, OR

46 (B) BY A DISPOSITION WHICH IS OF SUCH NATURE THAT IF IT WERE A TRANS-
47 FER OF PROPERTY OWNED BY THE DECEDENT SUCH PROPERTY WOULD BE INCLUDIBLE
48 IN THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE UNDER SECTION 2035, 2036, OR 2037,

49 EXERCISES A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, BY
50 CREATING ANOTHER POWER OF APPOINTMENT WHICH UNDER THE APPLICABLE LOCAL
51 LAW CAN BE VALIDLY EXERCISED SO AS TO POSTPONE THE VESTING OF ANY ESTATE
52 OR INTEREST IN SUCH PROPERTY, OR SUSPEND THE ABSOLUTE OWNERSHIP OR POWER
53 OF ALIENATION OF SUCH PROPERTY, FOR A PERIOD ASCERTAINABLE WITHOUT
54 REGARD TO THE DATE OF THE CREATION OF THE FIRST POWER.

55 (B) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A)--

(1) GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.--THE TERM "GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER WHICH IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF THE DECEDENT, HIS ESTATE, HIS CREDITORS, OR THE CREDITORS OF HIS ESTATE; EXCEPT THAT--

(A) A POWER TO CONSUME, INVAD, OR APPROPRIATE PROPERTY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DECEDENT WHICH IS LIMITED BY AN ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD RELATING TO THE HEALTH, EDUCATION, SUPPORT, OR MAINTENANCE OF THE DECEDENT SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

(B) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942, WHICH IS EXERCISABLE BY THE DECEDENT ONLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANOTHER PERSON SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

(C) IN THE CASE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, WHICH IS EXERCISABLE BY THE DECEDENT ONLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANOTHER PERSON--

(I) IF THE POWER IS NOT EXERCISABLE BY THE DECEDENT EXCEPT IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE CREATOR OF THE POWER--SUCH POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

(II) IF THE POWER IS NOT EXERCISABLE BY THE DECEDENT EXCEPT IN CONJUNCTION WITH A PERSON HAVING A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY, SUBJECT TO THE POWER, WHICH IS ADVERSE TO EXERCISE OF THE POWER IN FAVOR OF THE DECEDENT--SUCH POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS CLAUSE A PERSON WHO, AFTER THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT, MAY BE POSSESSED OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT (WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE DECEDENT'S POWER) WHICH HE MAY EXERCISE IN HIS OWN FAVOR SHALL BE DEEMED AS HAVING AN INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY AND SUCH INTEREST SHALL BE DEEMED ADVERSE TO SUCH EXERCISE OF THE DECEDENT'S POWER.

(III) IF (AFTER THE APPLICATION OF CLAUSES (I) AND (II)) THE POWER IS A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT AND IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH OTHER PERSON--SUCH POWER SHALL BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT ONLY IN RESPECT OF A FRACTIONAL PART OF THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO SUCH POWER, SUCH PART TO BE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY BY THE NUMBER OF SUCH PERSONS (INCLUDING THE DECEDENT) IN FAVOR OF WHOM SUCH POWER IS EXERCISABLE.

FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSES (II) AND (III), A POWER SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF A PERSON IF IT IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH PERSON, HIS ESTATE, HIS CREDITORS, OR THE CREDITORS OF HIS ESTATE.

(2) LAPSE OF POWER.--THE LAPSE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, DURING THE LIFE OF THE INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING THE POWER SHALL BE CONSIDERED A RELEASE OF SUCH POWER. THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL APPLY WITH RESPECT TO THE LAPSE OF POWERS DURING ANY CALENDAR YEAR ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PROPERTY, WHICH COULD HAVE BEEN APPOINTED BY EXERCISE OF SUCH LAPSED POWERS, EXCEEDED IN VALUE, AT THE TIME OF SUCH LAPSE, THE GREATER OF THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS:

(A) \$5,000, OR

(B) 5 PERCENT OF THE AGGREGATE VALUE, AT THE TIME OF SUCH LAPSE, OF THE ASSETS OUT OF WHICH, OR THE PROCEEDS OF WHICH, THE EXERCISE OF THE LAPSED POWERS COULD HAVE BEEN SATISFIED.

(3) DATE OF CREATION OF POWER.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED BY A WILL EXECUTED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942, SHALL BE CONSIDERED A POWER CREATED ON OR BEFORE SUCH DATE IF THE PERSON EXECUTING SUCH WILL DIES BEFORE JULY 1, 1949, WITHOUT HAVING REPUBLISHED SUCH WILL, BY CODICIL OR OTHERWISE, AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942.

S 2042. PROCEEDS OF LIFE INSURANCE. THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE THE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY--

1 (1) RECEIVABLE BY THE EXECUTOR.--TO THE EXTENT OF THE AMOUNT RECEIV-
2 ABLE BY THE EXECUTOR AS INSURANCE UNDER POLICIES ON THE LIFE OF THE
3 DECEDENT.

4 (2) RECEIVABLE BY OTHER BENEFICIARIES.--TO THE EXTENT OF THE AMOUNT
5 RECEIVABLE BY ALL OTHER BENEFICIARIES AS INSURANCE UNDER POLICIES ON THE
6 LIFE OF THE DECEDENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THE DECEDENT POSSESSED AT HIS
7 DEATH ANY OF THE INCIDENTS OF OWNERSHIP, EXERCISABLE EITHER ALONE OR IN
8 CONJUNCTION WITH ANY OTHER PERSON. FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING
9 SENTENCE, THE TERM "INCIDENT OF OWNERSHIP" INCLUDES A REVERSIONARY
10 INTEREST (WHETHER ARISING BY THE EXPRESS TERMS OF THE POLICY OR OTHER
11 INSTRUMENT OR BY OPERATION OF LAW) ONLY IF THE VALUE OF SUCH REVERSION-
12 ARY INTEREST EXCEEDED 5 PERCENT OF THE VALUE OF THE POLICY IMMEDIATELY
13 BEFORE THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT. AS USED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM
14 "REVERSIONARY INTEREST" INCLUDES A POSSIBILITY THAT THE POLICY, OR THE
15 PROCEEDS OF THE POLICY, MAY RETURN TO THE DECEDENT OR HIS ESTATE, OR MAY
16 BE SUBJECT TO A POWER OF DISPOSITION BY HIM. THE VALUE OF A REVERSIONARY
17 INTEREST AT ANY TIME SHALL BE DETERMINED (WITHOUT REGARD TO THE FACT OF
18 THE DECEDENT'S DEATH) BY USUAL METHODS OF VALUATION, INCLUDING THE USE
19 OF TABLES OF MORTALITY AND ACTUARIAL PRINCIPLES, PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS
20 PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY. IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF A POSSIBILITY
21 THAT THE POLICY OR PROCEEDS THEREOF MAY BE SUBJECT TO A POWER OF DISPO-
22 SITION BY THE DECEDENT, SUCH POSSIBILITY SHALL BE VALUED AS IF IT WERE A
23 POSSIBILITY THAT SUCH POLICY OR PROCEEDS MAY RETURN TO THE DECEDENT OR
24 HIS ESTATE.

25 S 2043. TRANSFERS FOR INSUFFICIENT CONSIDERATION. (A) IN GENERAL.--IF
26 ANY ONE OF THE TRANSFERS, TRUSTS, INTERESTS, RIGHTS, OR POWERS ENUMER-
27 ATED AND DESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 2035 TO 2038, INCLUSIVE, AND SECTION 2041
28 IS MADE, CREATED, EXERCISED, OR RELINQUISHED FOR A CONSIDERATION IN
29 MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH, BUT IS NOT A BONA FIDE SALE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND
30 FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH, THERE SHALL BE INCLUDED IN
31 THE GROSS ESTATE ONLY THE EXCESS OF THE FAIR MARKET VALUE AT THE TIME OF
32 DEATH OF THE PROPERTY OTHERWISE TO BE INCLUDED ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH TRANS-
33 ACTION, OVER THE VALUE OF THE CONSIDERATION RECEIVED THEREFOR BY THE
34 DECEDENT.

35 (B) MARITAL RIGHTS NOT TREATED AS CONSIDERATION.--

36 (1) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, A RELINQUISHMENT OR
37 PROMISED RELINQUISHMENT OF DOWER OR CURTESY, OR OF A STATUTORY ESTATE
38 CREATED IN LIEU OF DOWER OR CURTESY, OR OF OTHER MARITAL RIGHTS IN THE
39 DECEDENT'S PROPERTY OR ESTATE, SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED TO ANY EXTENT A
40 CONSIDERATION "IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH".

41 (2) EXCEPTION.--FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 2053 (RELATING TO EXPENSES,
42 INDEBTEDNESS, AND TAXES), A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY WHICH SATISFIES THE
43 REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (1) OF SECTION 2516 (RELATING TO CERTAIN PROP-
44 ERTY SETTLEMENTS) SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE MADE FOR AN ADEQUATE AND
45 FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH.

46 S 2044. CERTAIN PROPERTY FOR WHICH MARITAL DEDUCTION WAS PREVIOUSLY
47 ALLOWED. (A) GENERAL RULE.--THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SHALL INCLUDE
48 THE VALUE OF ANY PROPERTY TO WHICH THIS SECTION APPLIES IN WHICH THE
49 DECEDENT HAD A QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE.

50 (B) PROPERTY TO WHICH THIS SECTION APPLIES.--THIS SECTION APPLIES TO
51 ANY PROPERTY IF--

52 (1) A DEDUCTION WAS ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE TRANSFER OF SUCH PROP-
53 ERTY TO THE DECEDENT--

54 (A) UNDER SECTION 2056 BY REASON OF SUBSECTION (B)(7) THEREOF, OR

55 (B) UNDER SECTION 2523 BY REASON OF SUBSECTION (F) THEREOF, AND

(2) SECTION 2519 (RELATING TO DISPOSITIONS OF CERTAIN LIFE ESTATES) DID NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO A DISPOSITION BY THE DECEDENT OF PART OR ALL OF SUCH PROPERTY.

(C) PROPERTY TREATED AS HAVING PASSED FROM DECEDENT.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER AND CHAPTER 13, PROPERTY INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT UNDER SUBSECTION (A) SHALL BE TREATED AS PROPERTY PASSING FROM THE DECEDENT.

S 2045. PRIOR INTERESTS. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED BY LAW, SECTIONS 2034 TO 2042, INCLUSIVE, SHALL APPLY TO THE TRANSFERS, TRUSTS, ESTATES, INTERESTS, RIGHTS, POWERS, AND RELINQUISHMENT OF POWERS, AS SEVERALLY ENUMERATED AND DESCRIBED THEREIN, WHENEVER MADE, CREATED, ARISING, EXISTING, EXERCISED, OR RELINQUISHED.

S 2046. DISCLAIMERS. FOR PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE EFFECT OF A QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, SEE SECTION 2518.

S 2053. EXPENSES, INDEBTEDNESS, AND TAXES. (A) GENERAL RULE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE VALUE OF THE TAXABLE ESTATE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DEDUCTING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE SUCH AMOUNTS--

(1) FOR FUNERAL EXPENSES,
(2) FOR ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES,
(3) FOR CLAIMS AGAINST THE ESTATE, AND
(4) FOR UNPAID MORTGAGES ON, OR ANY INDEBTEDNESS IN RESPECT OF, PROPERTY WHERE THE VALUE OF THE DECEDENT'S INTEREST THEREIN, UNDIMINISHED BY SUCH MORTGAGE OR INDEBTEDNESS, IS INCLUDED IN THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE,

AS ARE ALLOWABLE BY THE LAWS OF THE JURISDICTION, WHETHER WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE UNITED STATES, UNDER WHICH THE ESTATE IS BEING ADMINISTERED.

(B) OTHER ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES.--SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF SUBSECTION (C), THERE SHALL BE DEDUCTED IN DETERMINING THE TAXABLE ESTATE AMOUNTS REPRESENTING EXPENSES INCURRED IN ADMINISTERING PROPERTY NOT SUBJECT TO CLAIMS WHICH IS INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE TO THE SAME EXTENT SUCH AMOUNTS WOULD BE ALLOWABLE AS A DEDUCTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IF SUCH PROPERTY WERE SUBJECT TO CLAIMS, AND SUCH AMOUNTS ARE PAID BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION FOR ASSESSMENT PROVIDED IN SECTION 6501.

(C) LIMITATIONS.--

(1) LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE TO SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B).--

(A) CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIMS.--THE DEDUCTION ALLOWED BY THIS SECTION IN THE CASE OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE ESTATE, UNPAID MORTGAGES, OR ANY INDEBTEDNESS SHALL, WHEN FOUNDED ON A PROMISE OR AGREEMENT, BE LIMITED TO THE EXTENT THAT THEY WERE CONTRACTED BONA FIDE AND FOR AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH; EXCEPT THAT IN ANY CASE IN WHICH ANY SUCH CLAIM IS FOUNDED ON A PROMISE OR AGREEMENT OF THE DECEDENT TO MAKE A CONTRIBUTION OR GIFT TO OR FOR THE USE OF ANY DONEE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2055 FOR THE PURPOSES SPECIFIED THEREIN, THE DEDUCTION FOR SUCH CLAIMS SHALL NOT BE SO LIMITED, BUT SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE EXTENT THAT IT WOULD BE ALLOWABLE AS A DEDUCTION UNDER SECTION 2055 IF SUCH PROMISE OR AGREEMENT CONSTITUTED A BEQUEST.

(B) CERTAIN TAXES.--ANY INCOME TAXES ON INCOME RECEIVED AFTER THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT, OR PROPERTY TAXES NOT ACCRUED BEFORE HIS DEATH, OR ANY ESTATE, SUCCESSION, LEGACY, OR INHERITANCE TAXES, SHALL NOT BE DEDUCTIBLE UNDER THIS SECTION.

(C) CERTAIN CLAIMS BY REMAINDERMEN.--NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR A CLAIM AGAINST THE ESTATE BY A REMAINDERMAN RELATING TO ANY PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2044.

(D) SECTION 6166 INTEREST.--NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR ANY INTEREST PAYABLE UNDER SECTION 6601 ON ANY UNPAID PORTION OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 FOR THE PERIOD DURING WHICH AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF SUCH TAX IS IN EFFECT UNDER SECTION 6166.

(2) LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE ONLY TO SUBSECTION (A).--IN THE CASE OF THE AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A), THERE SHALL BE DISALLOWED THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE DEDUCTIONS SPECIFIED THEREIN EXCEED THE VALUE, AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO CLAIMS, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH DEDUCTIONS REPRESENT AMOUNTS PAID BEFORE THE DATE PRESCRIBED FOR THE FILING OF THE ESTATE TAX RETURN. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "PROPERTY SUBJECT TO CLAIMS" MEANS PROPERTY INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT WHICH, OR THE AVAILS OF WHICH, WOULD UNDER THE APPLICABLE LAW, BEAR THE BURDEN OF THE PAYMENT OF SUCH DEDUCTIONS IN THE FINAL ADJUSTMENT AND SETTLEMENT OF THE ESTATE, EXCEPT THAT THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY SHALL BE REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF THE DEDUCTION UNDER SECTION 2054 ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH PROPERTY.

(D) CERTAIN FOREIGN DEATH TAXES.--

(1) IN GENERAL.--NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C)(1)(B), FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE VALUE OF THE TAXABLE ESTATE MAY BE DETERMINED, IF THE EXECUTOR SO ELECTS BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION FOR ASSESSMENT PROVIDED IN SECTION 6501, BY DEDUCTING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE THE AMOUNT (AS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY) OF ANY ESTATE, SUCCESSION, LEGACY, OR INHERITANCE TAX IMPOSED BY AND ACTUALLY PAID TO ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY, IN RESPECT OF ANY PROPERTY SITUATED WITHIN SUCH FOREIGN COUNTRY AND INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF A CITIZEN OR RESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, UPON A TRANSFER BY THE DECEDENT FOR PUBLIC, CHARITABLE, OR RELIGIOUS USES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2055. THE DETERMINATION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH OF THE COUNTRY WITHIN WHICH PROPERTY IS SITUATED SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES APPLICABLE UNDER SUBCHAPTER B (SEC. 2101 AND FOLLOWING) IN DETERMINING WHETHER PROPERTY IS SITUATED WITHIN OR WITHOUT THE UNITED STATES. ANY ELECTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE EXERCISED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY.

(2) CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION.--NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) FOR A FOREIGN DEATH TAX SPECIFIED THEREIN UNLESS THE DECREASE IN THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 WHICH RESULTS FROM THE DEDUCTION PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (1) WILL INURE SOLELY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC, CHARITABLE, OR RELIGIOUS TRANSFEREES DESCRIBED IN SECTION 2055 OR SECTION 2106(A)(2). IN ANY CASE WHERE THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 IS EQUITABLY APPORTIONED AMONG ALL THE TRANSFEREES OF PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE, INCLUDING THOSE DESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 2055 AND 2106(A)(2) (TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ANY EXEMPTIONS, CREDITS, OR DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED BY THIS CHAPTER), IN DETERMINING SUCH DECREASE, THERE SHALL BE DISREGARDED ANY DECREASE IN THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX WHICH ANY TRANSFEREES OTHER THAN THOSE DESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 2055 AND 2106(A)(2) ARE REQUIRED TO PAY.

(3) EFFECT ON CREDIT FOR FOREIGN DEATH TAXES OF DEDUCTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.--

(A) ELECTION.--AN ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE DEEMED A WAIVER OF THE RIGHT TO CLAIM A CREDIT, AGAINST THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX, UNDER A DEATH TAX CONVENTION WITH ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY FOR ANY TAX OR PORTION THEREOF IN RESPECT OF WHICH A DEDUCTION IS TAKEN UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

(B) CROSS REFERENCE.--

1 SEE SECTION 2011(D) FOR THE EFFECT OF A DEDUCTION TAKEN UNDER THIS
2 PARAGRAPH ON THE CREDIT FOR FOREIGN DEATH TAXES.

3 (E) MARITAL RIGHTS.--

4 FOR PROVISIONS TREATING CERTAIN RELINQUISHMENTS OF MARITAL RIGHTS AS
5 CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH, SEE SECTION 2043(B)(2).

6 S 2054. LOSSES. FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE
7 VALUE OF THE TAXABLE ESTATE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DEDUCTING FROM THE
8 VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE LOSSES INCURRED DURING THE SETTLEMENT OF
9 ESTATES ARISING FROM FIRES, STORMS, SHIPWRECKS, OR OTHER CASUALTIES, OR
10 FROM THEFT, WHEN SUCH LOSSES ARE NOT COMPENSATED FOR BY INSURANCE OR
11 OTHERWISE.

12 S 2055. TRANSFERS FOR PUBLIC, CHARITABLE, AND RELIGIOUS USES.

13 (A) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE
14 VALUE OF THE TAXABLE ESTATE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY DEDUCTING FROM THE
15 VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE THE AMOUNT OF ALL BEQUESTS, LEGACIES, DEVISES,
16 OR TRANSFERS--

17 (1) TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, ANY STATE, ANY POLITICAL
18 SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, FOR EXCLUSIVELY PUBLIC
19 PURPOSES;

20 (2) TO OR FOR THE USE OF ANY CORPORATION ORGANIZED AND OPERATED EXCLU-
21 SIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL
22 PURPOSES, INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART, OR TO FOSTER NATIONAL OR
23 INTERNATIONAL AMATEUR SPORTS COMPETITION (BUT ONLY IF NO PART OF ITS
24 ACTIVITIES INVOLVE THE PROVISION OF ATHLETIC FACILITIES OR EQUIPMENT),
25 AND THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, NO PART OF THE NET
26 EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE STOCKHOLDER OR
27 INDIVIDUAL, WHICH IS NOT DISQUALIFIED FOR TAX EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION
28 501(C)(3) BY REASON OF ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION, AND WHICH
29 DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN, OR INTERVENE IN (INCLUDING THE PUBLISHING OR
30 DISTRIBUTING OF STATEMENTS), ANY POLITICAL CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF (OR IN
31 OPPOSITION TO) ANY CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE;

32 (3) TO A TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES, OR A FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSO-
33 CIATION OPERATING UNDER THE LODGE SYSTEM, BUT ONLY IF SUCH CONTRIBUTIONS
34 OR GIFTS ARE TO BE USED BY SUCH TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES, OR BY SUCH FRATER-
35 NAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION, EXCLUSIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS, CHARITA-
36 BLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES, OR FOR THE
37 PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, SUCH TRUST, FRATERNAL
38 SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION WOULD NOT BE DISQUALIFIED FOR TAX
39 EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 501(C)(3) BY REASON OF ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE
40 LEGISLATION, AND SUCH TRUSTEE OR TRUSTEES, OR SUCH FRATERNAL SOCIETY,
41 ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION, DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN, OR INTERVENE IN (INCLUD-
42 ING THE PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING OF STATEMENTS), ANY POLITICAL
43 CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF (OR IN OPPOSITION TO) ANY CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC
44 OFFICE;

45 (4) TO OR FOR THE USE OF ANY VETERANS' ORGANIZATION INCORPORATED BY
46 ACT OF CONGRESS, OR OF ITS DEPARTMENTS OR LOCAL CHAPTERS OR POSTS, NO
47 PART OF THE NET EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE
48 SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL; OR

49 (5) TO AN EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN IF SUCH TRANSFER QUALIFIES AS
50 A QUALIFIED GRATUITOUS TRANSFER OF QUALIFIED EMPLOYER SECURITIES WITHIN
51 THE MEANING OF SECTION 664(G).

52 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE COMPLETE TERMINATION BEFORE THE
53 DATE PRESCRIBED FOR THE FILING OF THE ESTATE TAX RETURN OF A POWER TO
54 CONSUME, INVADGE, OR APPROPRIATE PROPERTY FOR THE BENEFIT OF AN INDIVID-
55 UAL BEFORE SUCH POWER HAS BEEN EXERCISED BY REASON OF THE DEATH OF SUCH
56 INDIVIDUAL OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON SHALL BE CONSIDERED AND DEEMED TO BE

1 A QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER WITH THE SAME FULL FORCE AND EFFECT AS THOUGH HE
2 HAD FILED SUCH QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER. RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF
3 SECTION 501(J) SHALL APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (2).

4 (B) POWERS OF APPOINTMENT.--PROPERTY INCLUDIBLE IN THE DECEDENT'S
5 GROSS ESTATE UNDER SECTION 2041 (RELATING TO POWERS OF APPOINTMENT)
6 RECEIVED BY A DONEE DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF
7 THIS SECTION, BE CONSIDERED A BEQUEST OF SUCH DECEDENT.

8 (C) DEATH TAXES PAYABLE OUT OF BEQUESTS.--IF THE TAX IMPOSED BY
9 SECTION 2001, OR ANY ESTATE, SUCCESSION, LEGACY, OR INHERITANCE TAXES,
10 ARE, EITHER BY THE TERMS OF THE WILL, BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION
11 UNDER WHICH THE ESTATE IS ADMINISTERED, OR BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDIC-
12 TION IMPOSING THE PARTICULAR TAX, PAYABLE IN WHOLE OR IN PART OUT OF THE
13 BEQUESTS, LEGACIES, OR DEVISES OTHERWISE DEDUCTIBLE UNDER THIS SECTION,
14 THEN THE AMOUNT DEDUCTIBLE UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE THE AMOUNT OF
15 SUCH BEQUESTS, LEGACIES, OR DEVISES REDUCED BY THE AMOUNT OF SUCH TAXES.

16 (D) LIMITATION ON DEDUCTION.--THE AMOUNT OF THE DEDUCTION UNDER THIS
17 SECTION FOR ANY TRANSFER SHALL NOT EXCEED THE VALUE OF THE TRANSFERRED
18 PROPERTY REQUIRED TO BE INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE.

19 (E) DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTIONS IN CERTAIN CASES.--

20 (1) NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR A TRANSFER TO
21 OR FOR THE USE OF AN ORGANIZATION OR TRUST DESCRIBED IN SECTION 508(D)
22 OR 4948(C)(4) SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN SUCH SECTIONS.

23 (2) WHERE AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY (OTHER THAN AN INTEREST DESCRIBED IN
24 SECTION 170(F)(3)(B)) PASSES OR HAS PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT TO A
25 PERSON, OR FOR A USE, DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A), AND AN INTEREST
26 (OTHER THAN AN INTEREST WHICH IS EXTINGUISHED UPON THE DECEDENT'S DEATH)
27 IN THE SAME PROPERTY PASSES OR HAS PASSED (FOR LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND
28 FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH) FROM THE DECEDENT TO A
29 PERSON, OR FOR A USE, NOT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A), NO DEDUCTION
30 SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR THE INTEREST WHICH PASSES OR HAS
31 PASSED TO THE PERSON, OR FOR THE USE, DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)
32 UNLESS--

33 (A) IN THE CASE OF A REMAINDER INTEREST, SUCH INTEREST IS IN A TRUST
34 WHICH IS A CHARITABLE REMAINDER ANNUITY TRUST OR A CHARITABLE REMAINDER
35 UNITRUST (DESCRIBED IN SECTION 664) OR A POOLED INCOME FUND (DESCRIBED
36 IN SECTION 642(C)(5)), OR

37 (B) IN THE CASE OF ANY OTHER INTEREST, SUCH INTEREST IS IN THE FORM OF
38 A GUARANTEED ANNUITY OR IS A FIXED PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTED YEARLY OF THE
39 FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY (TO BE DETERMINED YEARLY).

40 (3) REFORMATIONS TO COMPLY WITH PARAGRAPH (2).--

41 (A) IN GENERAL.--A DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IN
42 RESPECT OF ANY QUALIFIED REFORMATION.

43 (B) QUALIFIED REFORMATION.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM
44 "QUALIFIED REFORMATION" MEANS A CHANGE OF A GOVERNING INSTRUMENT BY
45 REFORMATION, AMENDMENT, CONSTRUCTION, OR OTHERWISE WHICH CHANGES A
46 REFORMABLE INTEREST INTO A QUALIFIED INTEREST BUT ONLY IF--

47 (I) ANY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN--

48 (I) THE ACTUARIAL VALUE (DETERMINED AS OF THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S
49 DEATH) OF THE QUALIFIED INTEREST, AND

50 (II) THE ACTUARIAL VALUE (AS SO DETERMINED) OF THE REFORMABLE INTER-
51 EST,

52 DOES NOT EXCEED 5 PERCENT OF THE ACTUARIAL VALUE (AS SO DETERMINED) OF
53 THE REFORMABLE INTEREST,

54 (II) IN THE CASE OF--

55 (I) A CHARITABLE REMAINDER INTEREST, THE NONREMAINDER INTEREST (BEFORE
56 AND AFTER THE QUALIFIED REFORMATION) TERMINATED AT THE SAME TIME, OR

(II) ANY OTHER INTEREST, THE REFORMABLE INTEREST AND THE QUALIFIED INTEREST ARE FOR THE SAME PERIOD, AND

(III) SUCH CHANGE IS EFFECTIVE AS OF THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH. A NONREMAINDER INTEREST (BEFORE REFORMATION) FOR A TERM OF YEARS IN EXCESS OF 20 YEARS SHALL BE TREATED AS SATISFYING SUBCLAUSE (I) OF CLAUSE (II) IF SUCH INTEREST (AFTER REFORMATION) IS FOR A TERM OF 20 YEARS.

(C) REFORMABLE INTEREST.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--

(I) IN GENERAL.--THE TERM "REFORMABLE INTEREST" MEANS ANY INTEREST FOR WHICH A DEDUCTION WOULD BE ALLOWABLE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH BUT FOR PARAGRAPH (2).

(II) BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST MUST BE FIXED.--THE TERM "REFORMABLE INTEREST" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY INTEREST UNLESS, BEFORE THE REMAINDER VESTS IN POSSESSION, ALL PAYMENTS TO PERSONS OTHER THAN AN ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) ARE EXPRESSED EITHER IN SPECIFIED DOLLAR AMOUNTS OR A FIXED PERCENTAGE OF THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY. FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER ALL SUCH PAYMENTS ARE EXPRESSED AS A FIXED PERCENTAGE OF THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, SECTION 664(D)(3) SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.

(III) SPECIAL RULE WHERE TIMELY COMMENCEMENT OF REFORMATION.--CLAUSE (II) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY INTEREST IF A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING IS COMMENCED TO CHANGE SUCH INTEREST INTO A QUALIFIED INTEREST NOT LATER THAN THE 90TH DAY AFTER--

(I) IF AN ESTATE TAX RETURN IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED, THE LAST DATE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) FOR FILING SUCH RETURN, OR

(II) IF NO ESTATE TAX RETURN IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED, THE LAST DATE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) FOR FILING THE INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE 1ST TAXABLE YEAR FOR WHICH SUCH A RETURN IS REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY THE TRUST.

(IV) SPECIAL RULE FOR WILL EXECUTED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1979, ETC.--IN THE CASE OF ANY INTEREST PASSING UNDER A WILL EXECUTED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1979, OR UNDER A TRUST CREATED BEFORE SUCH DATE, CLAUSE (II) SHALL NOT APPLY.

(D) QUALIFIED INTEREST.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "QUALIFIED INTEREST" MEANS AN INTEREST FOR WHICH A DEDUCTION IS ALLOWABLE UNDER SUBSECTION (A).

(E) LIMITATION.--THE DEDUCTION REFERRED TO IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE DEDUCTION WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN ALLOWABLE FOR THE REFORMABLE INTEREST BUT FOR PARAGRAPH (2).

(F) SPECIAL RULE WHERE INCOME BENEFICIARY DIES.--IF (BY REASON OF THE DEATH OF ANY INDIVIDUAL, OR BY TERMINATION OR DISTRIBUTION OF A TRUST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE TRUST INSTRUMENT) BY THE DUE DATE FOR FILING THE ESTATE TAX RETURN (INCLUDING ANY EXTENSION THEREOF) A REFORMABLE INTEREST IS IN A WHOLLY CHARITABLE TRUST OR PASSES DIRECTLY TO A PERSON OR FOR A USE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A), A DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR SUCH REFORMABLE INTEREST AS IF IT HAD MET THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (2) ON THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH. FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, THE TERM "WHOLLY CHARITABLE TRUST" MEANS A CHARITABLE TRUST WHICH, UPON THE ALLOWANCE OF A DEDUCTION, WOULD BE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 4947(A)(1).

(G) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.--THE PERIOD FOR ASSESSING ANY DEFICIENCY OF ANY TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE APPLICATION OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT EXPIRE BEFORE THE DATE 1 YEAR AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE SECRETARY IS NOTIFIED THAT SUCH REFORMATION (OR OTHER PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (J))1 HAS OCCURRED.

1 (H) REGULATIONS.--THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE SUCH REGULATIONS AS
2 MAY BE NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, INCLUDING
3 REGULATIONS PROVIDING SUCH ADJUSTMENTS IN THE APPLICATION OF THE
4 PROVISIONS OF SECTION 508 (RELATING TO SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO SECTION
5 501(C)(3) ORGANIZATIONS), SUBCHAPTER J (RELATING TO ESTATES, TRUSTS,
6 BENEFICIARIES, AND DECEDENTS), AND CHAPTER 42 (RELATING TO PRIVATE FOUN-
7 DATIONS) AS MAY BE NECESSARY BY REASON OF THE QUALIFIED REFORMATION.

8 (I) REFORMATIONS PERMITTED IN CASE OF REMAINDER INTERESTS IN RESIDENCE
9 OR FARM, POOLED INCOME FUNDS, ETC.--THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE REGU-
10 LATIONS (CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH) PERMITTING
11 REFORMATIONS IN THE CASE OF ANY FAILURE--

12 (I) TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 170(F)(3)(B) (RELATING TO
13 REMAINDER INTERESTS IN PERSONAL RESIDENCE OR FARM, ETC.), OR

14 (II) TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 642(C)(5).

15 (J) VOID OR REFORMED TRUST IN CASES OF INSUFFICIENT REMAINDER INTER-
16 ESTS.--IN THE CASE OF A TRUST THAT WOULD QUALIFY (OR COULD BE REFORMED
17 TO QUALIFY PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (B)) BUT FOR FAILURE TO SATISFY THE
18 REQUIREMENT OF PARAGRAPH (1)(D) OR (2)(D) OF SECTION 664(D), SUCH TRUST
19 MAY BE--

20 (I) DECLARED NULL AND VOID AB INITIO, OR

21 (II) CHANGED BY REFORMATION, AMENDMENT, OR OTHERWISE TO MEET SUCH
22 REQUIREMENT BY REDUCING THE PAYOUT RATE OR THE DURATION (OR BOTH) OF ANY
23 NONCHARITABLE BENEFICIARY'S INTEREST TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO SATISFY
24 SUCH REQUIREMENT,

25 PURSUANT TO A PROCEEDING THAT IS COMMENCED WITHIN THE PERIOD REQUIRED
26 IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C)(III). IN A CASE DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (I), NO
27 DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS TITLE FOR ANY TRANSFER TO THE
28 TRUST AND ANY TRANSACTIONS ENTERED INTO BY THE TRUST PRIOR TO BEING
29 DECLARED VOID SHALL BE TREATED AS ENTERED INTO BY THE TRANSFEROR.

30 (4) WORKS OF ART AND THEIR COPYRIGHTS TREATED AS SEPARATE PROPERTIES
31 IN CERTAIN CASES.--

32 (A) IN GENERAL.--IN THE CASE OF A QUALIFIED CONTRIBUTION OF A WORK OF
33 ART, THE WORK OF ART AND THE COPYRIGHT ON SUCH WORK OF ART SHALL BE
34 TREATED AS SEPARATE PROPERTIES FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (2).

35 (B) WORK OF ART DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM
36 "WORK OF ART" MEANS ANY TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH
37 THERE IS A COPYRIGHT UNDER FEDERAL LAW.

38 (C) QUALIFIED CONTRIBUTION DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
39 THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONTRIBUTION" MEANS ANY TRANSFER OF PROPERTY TO A
40 QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION IF THE USE OF THE PROPERTY BY THE ORGANIZATION IS
41 RELATED TO THE PURPOSE OR FUNCTION CONSTITUTING THE BASIS FOR ITS
42 EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 501.

43 (D) QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
44 THE TERM "QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION" MEANS ANY ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN
45 SECTION 501(C)(3) OTHER THAN A PRIVATE FOUNDATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION
46 509). FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, A PRIVATE OPERATING FOUN-
47 DATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4942(J)(3)) SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A
48 PRIVATE FOUNDATION.

49 (5) CONTRIBUTIONS TO DONOR ADVISED FUNDS.--A DEDUCTION OTHERWISE
50 ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) FOR ANY CONTRIBUTION TO A DONOR ADVISED
51 FUND (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4966(D)(2)) SHALL ONLY BE ALLOWED IF--

52 (A) THE SPONSORING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4966(D)(1))
53 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH DONOR ADVISED FUND IS NOT--

54 (I) DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OR (4) OF SUBSECTION (A), OR

(II) A TYPE III SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4943(F)(5)(A)) WHICH IS NOT A FUNCTIONALLY INTEGRATED TYPE III SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4943(F)(5)(B)), AND

(B) THE TAXPAYER OBTAINS A CONTEMPORANEOUS WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT (DETERMINED UNDER RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF SECTION 170(F)(8)(C)) FROM THE SPONSORING ORGANIZATION (AS SO DEFINED) OF SUCH DONOR ADVISED FUND THAT SUCH ORGANIZATION HAS EXCLUSIVE LEGAL CONTROL OVER THE ASSETS CONTRIBUTED.

(F) SPECIAL RULE FOR IRREVOCABLE TRANSFERS OF EASEMENTS IN REAL PROPERTY.--A DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IN RESPECT OF ANY TRANSFER OF A QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY INTEREST (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 170(H)(2)(C)) WHICH MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 170(H) (WITHOUT REGARD TO PARAGRAPH (4)(A) THEREOF).

(G) CROSS REFERENCES.--

(1) FOR OPTION AS TO TIME FOR VALUATION FOR PURPOSE OF DEDUCTION UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SECTION 2032.

(2) FOR TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS PROVIDING CHILD CARE, SEE SECTION 501(K).

(3) FOR EXEMPTION OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF LIBRARY OF CONGRESS, SEE SECTION 5 OF THE ACT OF MARCH 3, 1925, AS AMENDED (2 U.S.C. 161).

(4) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE NAVAL HISTORICAL CENTER AS GIFTS OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 7222 OF TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(5) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF NATIONAL PARK FOUNDATION AS GIFTS OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 8 OF THE ACT OF DECEMBER 18, 1967 (16 U.S.C. 191).

(6) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS, DEVISES, OR BEQUESTS ACCEPTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, THE DIRECTOR OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION AGENCY, OR THE DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION AGENCY AS GIFTS, DEVISES, OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 25 OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT BASIC AUTHORITY ACT OF 1956.

(7) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS OR BEQUESTS OF MONEY ACCEPTED BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR CREDIT TO "COMMISSARY FUNDS, FEDERAL PRISONS" AS GIFTS OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 4043 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(8) FOR PAYMENT OF TAX ON GIFTS AND BEQUESTS OF UNITED STATES OBLIGATIONS TO THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 3113(E) OF TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.

(9) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS FOR BENEFIT OF THE NAVAL ACADEMY AS GIFTS OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 6973 OF TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(10) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS FOR BENEFIT OF THE NAVAL ACADEMY MUSEUM AS GIFTS OR BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF THE UNITED STATES, SEE SECTION 6974 OF TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.

(11) FOR EXEMPTION OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS RECEIVED BY NATIONAL ARCHIVES TRUST FUND BOARD, SEE SECTION 2308 OF TITLE 44, UNITED STATES CODE.

(12) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS AND BEQUESTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS (OR THEIR SUBDIVISIONS), SEE SECTION 7871.

S 2056. BEQUESTS, ETC., TO SURVIVING SPOUSE. (A) ALLOWANCE OF MARITAL DEDUCTION.--FOR PURPOSES OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001, THE VALUE OF THE TAXABLE ESTATE SHALL, EXCEPT AS LIMITED BY SUBSECTION (B), BE DETERMINED BY DEDUCTING FROM THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN PROPERTY WHICH PASSES OR HAS

1 PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT TO HIS SURVIVING SPOUSE, BUT ONLY TO THE EXTENT
2 THAT SUCH INTEREST IS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF THE GROSS
3 ESTATE.

4 (B) LIMITATION IN THE CASE OF LIFE ESTATE OR OTHER TERMINABLE INTER-
5 EST.--

6 (1) GENERAL RULE.--WHERE, ON THE LAPSE OF TIME, ON THE OCCURRENCE OF
7 AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY, OR ON THE FAILURE OF AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY TO
8 OCCUR, AN INTEREST PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE WILL TERMINATE OR
9 FAIL, NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO
10 SUCH INTEREST--

11 (A) IF AN INTEREST IN SUCH PROPERTY PASSES OR HAS PASSED (FOR LESS
12 THAN AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH) FROM
13 THE DECEDENT TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE (OR THE
14 ESTATE OF SUCH SPOUSE); AND

15 (B) IF BY REASON OF SUCH PASSING SUCH PERSON (OR HIS HEIRS OR ASSIGNS)
16 MAY POSSESS OR ENJOY ANY PART OF SUCH PROPERTY AFTER SUCH TERMINATION OR
17 FAILURE OF THE INTEREST SO PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE;

18 AND NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST (EVEN
19 IF SUCH DEDUCTION IS NOT DISALLOWED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B))--

20 (C) IF SUCH INTEREST IS TO BE ACQUIRED FOR THE SURVIVING SPOUSE,
21 PURSUANT TO DIRECTIONS OF THE DECEDENT, BY HIS EXECUTOR OR BY THE TRUS-
22 TEE OF A TRUST.

23 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AN INTEREST SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS
24 AN INTEREST WHICH WILL TERMINATE OR FAIL MERELY BECAUSE IT IS THE OWNER-
25 SHIP OF A BOND, NOTE, OR SIMILAR CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION, THE DISCHARGE
26 OF WHICH WOULD NOT HAVE THE EFFECT OF AN ANNUITY FOR LIFE OR FOR A TERM.

27 (2) INTEREST IN UNIDENTIFIED ASSETS.--WHERE THE ASSETS (INCLUDED IN
28 THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE) OUT OF WHICH, OR THE PROCEEDS OF WHICH, AN
29 INTEREST PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE MAY BE SATISFIED INCLUDE A
30 PARTICULAR ASSET OR ASSETS WITH RESPECT TO WHICH NO DEDUCTION WOULD BE
31 ALLOWED IF SUCH ASSET OR ASSETS PASSED FROM THE DECEDENT TO SUCH SPOUSE,
32 THEN THE VALUE OF SUCH INTEREST PASSING TO SUCH SPOUSE SHALL, FOR
33 PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), BE REDUCED BY THE AGGREGATE VALUE OF SUCH
34 PARTICULAR ASSETS.

35 (3) INTEREST OF SPOUSE CONDITIONAL ON SURVIVAL FOR LIMITED
36 PERIOD.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, AN INTEREST PASSING TO THE
37 SURVIVING SPOUSE SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AS AN INTEREST WHICH WILL
38 TERMINATE OR FAIL ON THE DEATH OF SUCH SPOUSE IF--

39 (A) SUCH DEATH WILL CAUSE A TERMINATION OR FAILURE OF SUCH INTEREST
40 ONLY IF IT OCCURS WITHIN A PERIOD NOT EXCEEDING 6 MONTHS AFTER THE
41 DECEDENT'S DEATH, OR ONLY IF IT OCCURS AS A RESULT OF A COMMON DISASTER
42 RESULTING IN THE DEATH OF THE DECEDENT AND THE SURVIVING SPOUSE, OR ONLY
43 IF IT OCCURS IN THE CASE OF EITHER SUCH EVENT; AND

44 (B) SUCH TERMINATION OR FAILURE DOES NOT IN FACT OCCUR.

45 (4) VALUATION OF INTEREST PASSING TO SURVIVING SPOUSE.--IN DETERMINING
46 FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A) THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN PROPERTY
47 PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE FOR WHICH A DEDUCTION IS ALLOWED BY THIS
48 SECTION--

49 (A) THERE SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT THE EFFECT WHICH THE TAX IMPOSED
50 BY SECTION 2001, OR ANY ESTATE, SUCCESSION, LEGACY, OR INHERITANCE TAX,
51 HAS ON THE NET VALUE TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF SUCH INTEREST; AND

52 (B) WHERE SUCH INTEREST OR PROPERTY IS ENCUMBERED IN ANY MANNER, OR
53 WHERE THE SURVIVING SPOUSE INCURS ANY OBLIGATION IMPOSED BY THE DECEDENT
54 WITH RESPECT TO THE PASSING OF SUCH INTEREST, SUCH ENCUMBRANCE OR OBLI-
55 GATION SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN THE SAME MANNER AS IF THE AMOUNT
56 OF A GIFT TO SUCH SPOUSE OF SUCH INTEREST WERE BEING DETERMINED.

1 (5) LIFE ESTATE WITH POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN SURVIVING SPOUSE.--IN THE
2 CASE OF AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY PASSING FROM THE DECEDENT, IF HIS
3 SURVIVING SPOUSE IS ENTITLED FOR LIFE TO ALL THE INCOME FROM THE ENTIRE
4 INTEREST, OR ALL THE INCOME FROM A SPECIFIC PORTION THEREOF, PAYABLE
5 ANNUALLY OR AT MORE FREQUENT INTERVALS, WITH POWER IN THE SURVIVING
6 SPOUSE TO APPOINT THE ENTIRE INTEREST, OR SUCH SPECIFIC PORTION (EXER-
7 CISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE, OR OF THE ESTATE OF SUCH
8 SURVIVING SPOUSE, OR IN FAVOR OF EITHER, WHETHER OR NOT IN EACH CASE THE
9 POWER IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF OTHERS), AND WITH NO POWER IN ANY OTHER
10 PERSON TO APPOINT ANY PART OF THE INTEREST, OR SUCH SPECIFIC PORTION, TO
11 ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE--

12 (A) THE INTEREST OR SUCH PORTION THEREOF SO PASSING SHALL, FOR
13 PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), BE CONSIDERED AS PASSING TO THE SURVIVING
14 SPOUSE, AND

15 (B) NO PART OF THE INTEREST SO PASSING SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF PARA-
16 GRAPH (1)(A), BE CONSIDERED AS PASSING TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE
17 SURVIVING SPOUSE.

18 THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY ONLY IF SUCH POWER IN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE
19 TO APPOINT THE ENTIRE INTEREST, OR SUCH SPECIFIC PORTION THEREOF, WHETH-
20 ER EXERCISABLE BY WILL OR DURING LIFE, IS EXERCISABLE BY SUCH SPOUSE
21 ALONE AND IN ALL EVENTS.

22 (6) LIFE INSURANCE OR ANNUITY PAYMENTS WITH POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN
23 SURVIVING SPOUSE.--IN THE CASE OF AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY PASSING FROM
24 THE DECEDENT CONSISTING OF PROCEEDS UNDER A LIFE INSURANCE, ENDOWMENT,
25 OR ANNUITY CONTRACT, IF UNDER THE TERMS OF THE CONTRACT SUCH PROCEEDS
26 ARE PAYABLE IN INSTALLMENTS OR ARE HELD BY THE INSURER SUBJECT TO AN
27 AGREEMENT TO PAY INTEREST THEREON (WHETHER THE PROCEEDS, ON THE TERMI-
28 NATION OF ANY INTEREST PAYMENTS, ARE PAYABLE IN A LUMP SUM OR IN ANNUAL
29 OR MORE FREQUENT INSTALLMENTS), AND SUCH INSTALLMENT OR INTEREST
30 PAYMENTS ARE PAYABLE ANNUALLY OR AT MORE FREQUENT INTERVALS, COMMENCING
31 NOT LATER THAN 13 MONTHS AFTER THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, AND ALL AMOUNTS, OR
32 A SPECIFIC PORTION OF ALL SUCH AMOUNTS, PAYABLE DURING THE LIFE OF THE
33 SURVIVING SPOUSE ARE PAYABLE ONLY TO SUCH SPOUSE, AND SUCH SPOUSE HAS
34 THE POWER TO APPOINT ALL AMOUNTS, OR SUCH SPECIFIC PORTION, PAYABLE
35 UNDER SUCH CONTRACT (EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE, OR
36 OF THE ESTATE OF SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE, OR IN FAVOR OF EITHER, WHETHER
37 OR NOT IN EACH CASE THE POWER IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF OTHERS), WITH
38 NO POWER IN ANY OTHER PERSON TO APPOINT SUCH AMOUNTS TO ANY PERSON OTHER
39 THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE--

40 (A) SUCH AMOUNTS SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), BE CONSIDERED
41 AS PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE, AND

42 (B) NO PART OF SUCH AMOUNTS SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)(A),
43 BE CONSIDERED AS PASSING TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE.

44 THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY ONLY IF, UNDER THE TERMS OF THE CONTRACT,
45 SUCH POWER IN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE TO APPOINT SUCH AMOUNTS, WHETHER
46 EXERCISABLE BY WILL OR DURING LIFE, IS EXERCISABLE BY SUCH SPOUSE ALONE
47 AND IN ALL EVENTS.

48 (7) ELECTION WITH RESPECT TO LIFE ESTATE FOR SURVIVING SPOUSE.--

49 (A) IN GENERAL.--IN THE CASE OF QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPER-
50 TY--

51 (I) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED AS
52 PASSING TO THE SURVIVING SPOUSE, AND

53 (II) FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)(A), NO PART OF SUCH PROPERTY SHALL
54 BE TREATED AS PASSING TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE.

55 (B) QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF
56 THIS PARAGRAPH--

1 (I) IN GENERAL.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY"
2 MEANS PROPERTY--
3 (I) WHICH PASSES FROM THE DECEDENT,
4 (II) IN WHICH THE SURVIVING SPOUSE HAS A QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST
5 FOR LIFE, AND
6 (III) TO WHICH AN ELECTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES.
7 (II) QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE.--THE SURVIVING SPOUSE HAS A
8 QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE IF--
9 (I) THE SURVIVING SPOUSE IS ENTITLED TO ALL THE INCOME FROM THE PROP-
10 ERTY, PAYABLE ANNUALLY OR AT MORE FREQUENT INTERVALS, OR HAS A USUFRUCT
11 INTEREST FOR LIFE IN THE PROPERTY, AND
12 (II) NO PERSON HAS A POWER TO APPOINT ANY PART OF THE PROPERTY TO ANY
13 PERSON OTHER THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE.
14 SUBCLAUSE (II) SHALL NOT APPLY TO A POWER EXERCISABLE ONLY AT OR AFTER
15 THE DEATH OF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE. TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN REGU-
16 LATIONS, AN ANNUITY SHALL BE TREATED IN A MANNER SIMILAR TO AN INCOME
17 INTEREST IN PROPERTY (REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PROPERTY FROM WHICH THE
18 ANNUITY IS PAYABLE CAN BE SEPARATELY IDENTIFIED).
19 (III) PROPERTY INCLUDES INTEREST THEREIN.--THE TERM "PROPERTY"
20 INCLUDES AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY.
21 (IV) SPECIFIC PORTION TREATED AS SEPARATE PROPERTY.--A SPECIFIC
22 PORTION OF PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED AS SEPARATE PROPERTY.
23 (V) ELECTION.--AN ELECTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH WITH RESPECT TO ANY
24 PROPERTY SHALL BE MADE BY THE EXECUTOR ON THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY
25 SECTION 2001. SUCH AN ELECTION, ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.
26 (C) TREATMENT OF SURVIVOR ANNUITIES.--IN THE CASE OF AN ANNUITY
27 INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT UNDER SECTION 2039 (OR, IN
28 THE CASE OF AN INTEREST IN AN ANNUITY ARISING UNDER THE COMMUNITY PROP-
29 ERTY LAWS OF A STATE, INCLUDED IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT UNDER
30 SECTION 2033) WHERE ONLY THE SURVIVING SPOUSE HAS THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE
31 PAYMENTS BEFORE THE DEATH OF SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE--
32 (I) THE INTEREST OF SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE SHALL BE TREATED AS A QUALI-
33 FYING INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE, AND
34 (II) THE EXECUTOR SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING MADE AN ELECTION UNDER
35 THIS SUBSECTION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH ANNUITY UNLESS THE EXECUTOR OTHER-
36 WISE ELECTS ON THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001.
37 AN ELECTION UNDER CLAUSE (II), ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.
38 (8) SPECIAL RULE FOR CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUSTS.--
39 (A) IN GENERAL.--IF THE SURVIVING SPOUSE OF THE DECEDENT IS THE ONLY
40 BENEFICIARY OF A QUALIFIED CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST WHO IS NOT A CHAR-
41 ITABLE BENEFICIARY NOR AN ESOP BENEFICIARY, PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT
42 APPLY TO ANY INTEREST IN SUCH TRUST WHICH PASSES OR HAS PASSED FROM THE
43 DECEDENT TO SUCH SURVIVING SPOUSE.
44 (B) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A)--
45 (I) CHARITABLE BENEFICIARY.--THE TERM "CHARITABLE BENEFICIARY" MEANS
46 ANY BENEFICIARY WHICH IS AN ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 170(C).
47 (II) ESOP BENEFICIARY.--THE TERM "ESOP BENEFICIARY" MEANS ANY BENEFI-
48 CIARY WHICH IS AN EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN (AS DEFINED IN SECTION
49 4975(E)(7)) THAT HOLDS A REMAINDER INTEREST IN QUALIFIED EMPLOYER SECU-
50 RITIES (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 664(G)(4)) TO BE TRANSFERRED TO SUCH PLAN
51 IN A QUALIFIED GRATUITOUS TRANSFER (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 664(G)(1)).
52 (III) QUALIFIED CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST.--THE TERM "QUALIFIED CHAR-
53 ITABLE REMAINDER TRUST" MEANS A CHARITABLE REMAINDER ANNUITY TRUST OR A
54 CHARITABLE REMAINDER UNITRUST (DESCRIBED IN SECTION 664).
55 (9) DENIAL OF DOUBLE DEDUCTION.--NOTHING IN THIS SECTION OR ANY OTHER
56 PROVISION OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL ALLOW THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN PROP-

ERTY TO BE DEDUCTED UNDER THIS CHAPTER MORE THAN ONCE WITH RESPECT TO THE SAME DECEDENT.

(10) SPECIFIC PORTION.--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPHS (5), (6), AND (7)(B)(IV), THE TERM "SPECIFIC PORTION" ONLY INCLUDES A PORTION DETERMINED ON A FRACTIONAL OR PERCENTAGE BASIS.

(C) DEFINITION.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS PASSING FROM THE DECEDENT TO ANY PERSON IF AND ONLY IF--

(1) SUCH INTEREST IS BEQUEATHED OR DEVISED TO SUCH PERSON BY THE DECEDENT;

(2) SUCH INTEREST IS INHERITED BY SUCH PERSON FROM THE DECEDENT;

(3) SUCH INTEREST IS THE DOWER OR CURTESY INTEREST (OR STATUTORY INTEREST IN LIEU THEREOF) OF SUCH PERSON AS SURVIVING SPOUSE OF THE DECEDENT;

(4) SUCH INTEREST HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED TO SUCH PERSON BY THE DECEDENT AT ANY TIME;

(5) SUCH INTEREST WAS, AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, HELD BY SUCH PERSON AND THE DECEDENT (OR BY THEM AND ANY OTHER PERSON) IN JOINT OWNERSHIP WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP;

(6) THE DECEDENT HAD A POWER (EITHER ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON) TO APPOINT SUCH INTEREST AND IF HE APPOINTS OR HAS APPOINTED SUCH INTEREST TO SUCH PERSON, OR IF SUCH PERSON TAKES SUCH INTEREST IN DEFAULT ON THE RELEASE OR NONEXERCISE OF SUCH POWER; OR

(7) SUCH INTEREST CONSISTS OF PROCEEDS OF INSURANCE ON THE LIFE OF THE DECEDENT RECEIVABLE BY SUCH PERSON.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (5) OR (6) OF SUBSECTION (B), WHERE AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO ASCERTAIN THE PARTICULAR PERSON OR PERSONS TO WHOM AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY MAY PASS FROM THE DECEDENT, SUCH INTEREST SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF SUBSECTION (B)(1), BE CONSIDERED AS PASSING FROM THE DECEDENT TO A PERSON OTHER THAN THE SURVIVING SPOUSE.

S 2103. DEFINITION OF GROSS ESTATE. FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2101, THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE OF EVERY DECEDENT NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES SHALL BE THAT PART OF HIS GROSS ESTATE (DETERMINED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 2031) WHICH AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH IS SITUATED IN THE UNITED STATES.

S 2104. PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES. (A) STOCK IN CORPORATION.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBCHAPTER SHARES OF STOCK OWNED AND HELD BY A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES SHALL BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES ONLY IF ISSUED BY A DOMESTIC CORPORATION.

(B) REVOCABLE TRANSFERS AND TRANSFERS WITHIN 3 YEARS OF DEATH.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBCHAPTER, ANY PROPERTY OF WHICH THE DECEDENT HAS MADE A TRANSFER, BY TRUST OR OTHERWISE, WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTIONS 2035 TO 2038, INCLUSIVE, SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE SITUATED IN THE UNITED STATES, IF SO SITUATED EITHER AT THE TIME OF THE TRANSFER OR AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.

(C) DEBT OBLIGATIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBCHAPTER, DEBT OBLIGATIONS OF--

(1) A UNITED STATES PERSON, OR

(2) THE UNITED STATES, A STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

OWNED AND HELD BY A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES SHALL BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES. WITH RESPECT TO ESTATES OF DECEDENTS DYING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1969, DEPOSITS WITH A DOMESTIC BRANCH OF A FOREIGN CORPORATION, IF SUCH BRANCH IS ENGAGED IN THE COMMERCIAL BANKING BUSINESS, SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBCHAPTER,

1 BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES. THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT
2 APPLY TO A DEBT OBLIGATION TO WHICH SECTION 2105(B) APPLIES.

3 S 2105. PROPERTY WITHOUT THE UNITED STATES. (A) PROCEEDS OF LIFE INSU-
4 RANCE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBCHAPTER, THE AMOUNT RECEIVABLE AS INSUR-
5 ANCE ON THE LIFE OF A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES
6 SHALL NOT BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

7 (B) BANK DEPOSITS AND CERTAIN OTHER DEBT OBLIGATIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF
8 THIS SUBCHAPTER, THE FOLLOWING SHALL NOT BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE
9 UNITED STATES--

10 (1) AMOUNTS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 871(I)(3), IF ANY INTEREST THEREON
11 WOULD NOT BE SUBJECT TO TAX BY REASON OF SECTION 871(I)(1) WERE SUCH
12 INTEREST RECEIVED BY THE DECEDENT AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH,

13 (2) DEPOSITS WITH A FOREIGN BRANCH OF A DOMESTIC CORPORATION OR DOMES-
14 TIC PARTNERSHIP, IF SUCH BRANCH IS ENGAGED IN THE COMMERCIAL BANKING
15 BUSINESS,

16 (3) DEBT OBLIGATIONS, IF, WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER A STATEMENT MEET-
17 ING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 871(H)(5) HAS BEEN RECEIVED, ANY INTER-
18 EST THEREON WOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE EXEMPTION FROM TAX UNDER SECTION
19 871(H)(1) WERE SUCH INTEREST RECEIVED BY THE DECEDENT AT THE TIME OF HIS
20 DEATH, AND

21 (4) OBLIGATIONS WHICH WOULD BE ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT OBLIGATIONS AS
22 DEFINED IN SECTION 871(G)(1) BUT FOR SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(I) THEREOF, IF ANY
23 INTEREST THEREON (WERE SUCH INTEREST RECEIVED BY THE DECEDENT AT THE
24 TIME OF HIS DEATH) WOULD NOT BE EFFECTIVELY CONNECTED WITH THE CONDUCT
25 OF A TRADE OR BUSINESS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

26 NOTWITHSTANDING THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, IF ANY PORTION OF THE INTEREST
27 ON AN OBLIGATION REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (3) WOULD NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR
28 THE EXEMPTION REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (3) BY REASON OF SECTION
29 871(H)(4) IF THE INTEREST WERE RECEIVED BY THE DECEDENT AT THE TIME OF
30 HIS DEATH, THEN AN APPROPRIATE PORTION (AS DETERMINED IN A MANNER
31 PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY) OF THE VALUE (AS DETERMINED FOR PURPOSES OF
32 THIS CHAPTER) OF SUCH DEBT OBLIGATION SHALL BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN
33 THE UNITED STATES.

34 (C) WORKS OF ART ON LOAN FOR EXHIBITION.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
35 SUBCHAPTER, WORKS OF ART OWNED BY A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE
36 UNITED STATES SHALL NOT BE DEEMED PROPERTY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES IF
37 SUCH WORKS OF ART ARE--

38 (1) IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES SOLELY FOR EXHIBITION PURPOSES,

39 (2) LOANED FOR SUCH PURPOSES, TO A PUBLIC GALLERY OR MUSEUM, NO PART
40 OF THE NET EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE STOCK-
41 HOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL, AND

42 (3) AT THE TIME OF THE DEATH OF THE OWNER, ON EXHIBITION, OR ENROUTE
43 TO OR FROM EXHIBITION, IN SUCH A PUBLIC GALLERY OR MUSEUM.

44 S 2503. (A) GENERAL DEFINITION - THE TERM "TAXABLE GIFTS" MEANS THE
45 TOTAL AMOUNT OF GIFTS MADE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR, LESS DEDUCTIONS
46 PROVIDED IN SUBCHAPTER C (SECTION 2522 AND FOLLOWING).

47 (B) EXCLUSIONS FROM GIFTS. (1) IN GENERAL.--IN THE CASE OF GIFTS
48 (OTHER THAN GIFTS OF FUTURE INTERESTS IN PROPERTY) MADE TO ANY PERSON BY
49 THE DONOR DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR, THE FIRST \$10,000 OF SUCH GIFTS TO
50 SUCH PERSON SHALL NOT, FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), BE INCLUDED IN
51 THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF GIFTS MADE DURING SUCH YEAR. WHERE THERE HAS BEEN A
52 TRANSFER TO ANY PERSON OF A PRESENT INTEREST IN PROPERTY, THE POSSIBIL-
53 ITY THAT SUCH INTEREST MAY BE DIMINISHED BY THE EXERCISE OF A POWER
54 SHALL BE DISREGARDED IN APPLYING THIS SUBSECTION, IF NO PART OF SUCH
55 INTEREST WILL AT ANY TIME PASS TO ANY OTHER PERSON.

(2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.--IN THE CASE OF GIFTS MADE IN A CALENDAR YEAR AFTER 1998, THE \$10,000 AMOUNT CONTAINED IN PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL BE INCREASED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO--

(A) \$10,000, MULTIPLIED BY

(B) THE COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT DETERMINED UNDER SECTION 1(F)(3) FOR SUCH CALENDAR YEAR BY SUBSTITUTING "CALENDAR YEAR 1997" FOR "CALENDAR YEAR 1992" IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B) THEREOF.

IF ANY AMOUNT AS ADJUSTED UNDER THE PRECEDING SENTENCE IS NOT A MULTIPLE OF \$1,000, SUCH AMOUNT SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEXT LOWEST MULTIPLE OF \$1,000.

(C) TRANSFER FOR THE BENEFIT OF MINOR. -- NO PART OF A GIFT TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS NOT ATTAINED THE AGE OF 21 YEARS ON THE DATE OF SUCH TRANSFER SHALL BE CONSIDERED A GIFT OF A FUTURE INTEREST IN PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (B) IF THE PROPERTY AND THE INCOME THEREFROM--

(1) MAY BE EXPENDED BY, OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF, THE DONEE BEFORE HIS ATTAINING THE AGE OF 21 YEARS, AND

(2) WILL TO THE EXTENT NOT SO EXPENDED--

(A) PASS TO THE DONEE ON HIS ATTAINING THE AGE OF 21 YEARS, AND

(B) IN THE EVENT THE DONEE DIES BEFORE ATTAINING THE AGE OF 21 YEARS, BE PAYABLE TO THE ESTATE OF THE DONEE OR AS HE MAY APPOINT UNDER A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2514(C).

{(D) REPEALED. PUB. L. 97-34, TITLE III, S 311(H)(5), AUG. 13, 1981, 95 STAT. 282}

(E) EXCLUSION FOR CERTAIN TRANSFERS FOR EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES OR MEDICAL EXPENSES. (1) IN GENERAL. ANY QUALIFIED TRANSFER SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY BY GIFT FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER.

(2) QUALIFIED TRANSFER. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED TRANSFER" MEANS ANY AMOUNT PAID ON BEHALF OF AN INDIVIDUAL--

(A) AS TUITION TO AN EDUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 170(B)(1)(A)(II) FOR THE EDUCATION OR TRAINING OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL, OR

(B) TO ANY PERSON WHO PROVIDES MEDICAL CARE (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 213(D)) WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INDIVIDUAL AS PAYMENT FOR SUCH MEDICAL CARE.

(F) WAIVER OF CERTAIN PENSION RIGHTS. IF ANY INDIVIDUAL WAIVES, BEFORE THE DEATH OF A PARTICIPANT, ANY SURVIVOR BENEFIT, OR RIGHT TO SUCH BENEFIT, UNDER SECTION 401(A)(11) OR 417, SUCH WAIVER SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY BY GIFT FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER.

(G) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LOANS OF ARTWORKS. (1) IN GENERAL. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE, ANY LOAN OF A QUALIFIED WORK OF ART SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER (AND THE VALUE OF SUCH QUALIFIED WORK OF ART SHALL BE DETERMINED AS IF SUCH LOAN HAD NOT BEEN MADE) IF--

(A) SUCH LOAN IS TO AN ORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 501(C)(3) AND EXEMPT FROM TAX UNDER SECTION 501(C) (OTHER THAN A PRIVATE FOUNDATION), AND

(B) THE USE OF SUCH WORK BY SUCH ORGANIZATION IS RELATED TO THE PURPOSE OR FUNCTION CONSTITUTING THE BASIS FOR ITS EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 501.

(2) DEFINITIONS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION--

(A) QUALIFIED WORK OF ART. THE TERM "QUALIFIED WORK OF ART" MEANS ANY ARCHAEOLOGICAL, HISTORIC, OR CREATIVE TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

(B) PRIVATE FOUNDATION. THE TERM "PRIVATE FOUNDATION" HAS THE MEANING GIVEN SUCH TERM BY SECTION 509, EXCEPT THAT SUCH TERM SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY PRIVATE OPERATING FOUNDATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4942(J)(3)).

S 2511. TRANSFERS IN GENERAL. (A) SCOPE. SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2501 SHALL APPLY WHETHER THE TRANSFER IS IN TRUST OR OTHERWISE, WHETHER THE GIFT IS

1 DIRECT OR INDIRECT, AND WHETHER THE PROPERTY IS REAL OR PERSONAL, TANGI-
2 BLE OR INTANGIBLE; BUT IN THE CASE OF A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE
3 UNITED STATES, SHALL APPLY TO A TRANSFER ONLY IF THE PROPERTY IS SITU-
4 ATED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

5 (B) INTANGIBLE PROPERTY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, IN THE CASE OF
6 A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES WHO IS EXCEPTED FROM
7 THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 2501(A)(2)-

8 (1) SHARES OF STOCK ISSUED BY A DOMESTIC CORPORATION, AND

9 (2) DEBT OBLIGATIONS OF-

10 --(A) A UNITED STATES PERSON, OR

11 --(B) THE UNITED STATES, A STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF,
12 OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

13 --WHICH ARE OWNED AND HELD BY SUCH NONRESIDENT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE
14 PROPERTY SITUATED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

15 S 2512. VALUATION OF GIFTS. (A) IF THE GIFT IS MADE IN PROPERTY, THE
16 VALUE THEREOF AT THE DATE OF THE GIFT SHALL BE CONSIDERED THE AMOUNT OF
17 THE GIFT.

18 (B) WHERE PROPERTY IS TRANSFERRED FOR LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND FULL
19 CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH, THEN THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE
20 VALUE OF THE PROPERTY EXCEEDED THE VALUE OF THE CONSIDERATION SHALL BE
21 DEEMED A GIFT, AND SHALL BE INCLUDED IN COMPUTING THE AMOUNT OF GIFTS
22 MADE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR.

23 S 2513. GIFT BY HUSBAND OR WIFE TO THIRD PARTY. (A) CONSIDERED AS MADE
24 ONE-HALF BY EACH. (1) IN GENERAL. A GIFT MADE BY ONE SPOUSE TO ANY
25 PERSON OTHER THAN HIS SPOUSE SHALL, FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, BE
26 CONSIDERED AS MADE ONE-HALF BY HIM AND ONE-HALF BY HIS SPOUSE, BUT ONLY
27 IF AT THE TIME OF THE GIFT EACH SPOUSE IS A CITIZEN OR RESIDENT OF THE
28 UNITED STATES. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO A GIFT BY
29 A SPOUSE OF AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY IF HE CREATES IN HIS SPOUSE A GENER-
30 AL POWER OF APPOINTMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2514(C), OVER SUCH INTER-
31 EST. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, AN INDIVIDUAL SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS
32 THE SPOUSE OF ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL ONLY IF HE IS MARRIED TO SUCH INDIVID-
33 UAL AT THE TIME OF THE GIFT AND DOES NOT REMARRY DURING THE REMAINDER OF
34 THE CALENDAR YEAR.

35 (2) CONSENT OF BOTH SPOUSES. PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL APPLY ONLY IF BOTH
36 SPOUSES HAVE SIGNIFIED (UNDER THE REGULATIONS PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION
37 (B)) THEIR CONSENT TO THE APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH (1) IN THE CASE OF
38 ALL SUCH GIFTS MADE DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR BY EITHER WHILE MARRIED TO
39 THE OTHER.

40 (B) MANNER AND TIME OF SIGNIFYING CONSENT. (1) MANNER. A CONSENT UNDER
41 THIS SECTION SHALL BE SIGNIFIED IN SUCH MANNER AS IS PROVIDED UNDER
42 REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY.

43 (2) TIME. SUCH CONSENT MAY BE SO SIGNIFIED AT ANY TIME AFTER THE CLOSE
44 OF THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH THE GIFT WAS MADE, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOW-
45 ING LIMITATIONS-

46 --(A) THE CONSENT MAY NOT BE SIGNIFIED AFTER THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL
47 FOLLOWING THE CLOSE OF SUCH YEAR, UNLESS BEFORE SUCH 15TH DAY NO RETURN
48 HAS BEEN FILED FOR SUCH YEAR BY EITHER SPOUSE, IN WHICH CASE THE CONSENT
49 MAY NOT BE SIGNIFIED AFTER A RETURN FOR SUCH YEAR IS FILED BY EITHER
50 SPOUSE.

51 --(B) THE CONSENT MAY NOT BE SIGNIFIED AFTER A NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY WITH
52 RESPECT TO THE TAX FOR SUCH YEAR HAS BEEN SENT TO EITHER SPOUSE IN
53 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6212(A).

54 (C) REVOCATION OF CONSENT. REVOCATION OF A CONSENT PREVIOUSLY SIGNI-
55 FIED SHALL BE MADE IN SUCH MANNER AS IS PROVIDED UNDER REGULATIONS

1 PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY, BUT THE RIGHT TO REVOKE A CONSENT PREVIOUS-
2 LY SIGNIFIED WITH RESPECT TO A CALENDAR YEAR-

3 (1) SHALL NOT EXIST AFTER THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL FOLLOWING THE CLOSE OF
4 SUCH YEAR IF THE CONSENT WAS SIGNIFIED ON OR BEFORE SUCH 15TH DAY; AND

5 (2) SHALL NOT EXIST IF THE CONSENT WAS NOT SIGNIFIED UNTIL AFTER SUCH
6 15TH DAY.

7 (D) JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY FOR TAX. IF THE CONSENT REQUIRED BY
8 SUBSECTION (A)(2) IS SIGNIFIED WITH RESPECT TO A GIFT MADE IN ANY CALEN-
9 DAR YEAR, THE LIABILITY WITH RESPECT TO THE ENTIRE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
10 CHAPTER OF EACH SPOUSE FOR SUCH YEAR SHALL BE JOINT AND SEVERAL.

11 S 2514. POWERS OF APPOINTMENT. (A) POWERS CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER
12 21, 1942. AN EXERCISE OF A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR
13 BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942, SHALL BE DEEMED A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY BY THE
14 INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING SUCH POWER; BUT THE FAILURE TO EXERCISE SUCH A
15 POWER OR THE COMPLETE RELEASE OF SUCH A POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED AN
16 EXERCISE THEREOF. IF A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE
17 OCTOBER 21, 1942, HAS BEEN PARTIALLY RELEASED SO THAT IT IS NO LONGER A
18 GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT, THE SUBSEQUENT EXERCISE OF SUCH POWER
19 SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE THE EXERCISE OF A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT
20 IF-

21 (1) SUCH PARTIAL RELEASE OCCURRED BEFORE NOVEMBER 1, 1951, OR

22 (2) THE DONEE OF SUCH POWER WAS UNDER A LEGAL DISABILITY TO RELEASE
23 SUCH POWER ON OCTOBER 21, 1942, AND SUCH PARTIAL RELEASE OCCURRED NOT
24 LATER THAN SIX MONTHS AFTER THE TERMINATION OF SUCH LEGAL DISABILITY.

25 (B) POWERS CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942. THE EXERCISE OR RELEASE OF
26 A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, SHALL BE
27 DEEMED A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY BY THE INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING SUCH POWER.

28 (C) DEFINITION OF GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
29 SECTION, THE TERM "GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT" MEANS A POWER WHICH IS
30 EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF THE INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING THE POWER (HEREAFTER
31 IN THIS SUBSECTION REFERRED TO AS THE "POSSESSOR"), HIS ESTATE, HIS
32 CREDITORS, OR THE CREDITORS OF HIS ESTATE; EXCEPT THAT-

33 (1) A POWER TO CONSUME, INVADE, OR APPROPRIATE PROPERTY FOR THE BENE-
34 FIT OF THE POSSESSOR WHICH IS LIMITED BY AN ASCERTAINABLE STANDARD
35 RELATING TO THE HEALTH, EDUCATION, SUPPORT, OR MAINTENANCE OF THE
36 POSSESSOR SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

37 (2) A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942,
38 WHICH IS EXERCISABLE BY THE POSSESSOR ONLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANOTHER
39 PERSON SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT.

40 (3) IN THE CASE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21,
41 1942, WHICH IS EXERCISABLE BY THE POSSESSOR ONLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH
42 ANOTHER PERSON-

43 --(A) IF THE POWER IS NOT EXERCISABLE BY THE POSSESSOR EXCEPT IN
44 CONJUNCTION WITH THE CREATOR OF THE POWER-SUCH POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED
45 A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT;

46 --(B) IF THE POWER IS NOT EXERCISABLE BY THE POSSESSOR EXCEPT IN
47 CONJUNCTION WITH A PERSON HAVING A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST, IN THE PROPERTY
48 SUBJECT TO THE POWER, WHICH IS ADVERSE TO EXERCISE OF THE POWER IN FAVOR
49 OF THE POSSESSOR-SUCH POWER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF
50 APPOINTMENT. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH A PERSON WHO, AFTER
51 THE DEATH OF THE POSSESSOR, MAY BE POSSESSED OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT
52 (WITH RESPECT TO THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE POSSESSOR'S POWER) WHICH HE
53 MAY EXERCISE IN HIS OWN FAVOR SHALL BE DEEMED AS HAVING AN INTEREST IN
54 THE PROPERTY AND SUCH INTEREST SHALL BE DEEMED ADVERSE TO SUCH EXERCISE
55 OF THE POSSESSOR'S POWER;

1 --(C) IF (AFTER THE APPLICATION OF SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B)) THE POWER
2 IS A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT AND IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH
3 OTHER PERSON-SUCH POWER SHALL BE DEEMED A GENERAL POWER OF APPOINTMENT
4 ONLY IN RESPECT OF A FRACTIONAL PART OF THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO SUCH
5 POWER, SUCH PART TO BE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY
6 BY THE NUMBER OF SUCH PERSONS (INCLUDING THE POSSESSOR) IN FAVOR OF WHOM
7 SUCH POWER IS EXERCISABLE.

8 --FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPHS (B) AND (C), A POWER SHALL BE DEEMED TO
9 BE EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF A PERSON IF IT IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF
10 SUCH PERSON, HIS ESTATE, HIS CREDITORS, OR THE CREDITORS OF HIS ESTATE.

11 (D) CREATION OF ANOTHER POWER IN CERTAIN CASES. IF A POWER OF APPOINT-
12 MENT CREATED AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942, IS EXERCISED BY CREATING ANOTHER
13 POWER OF APPOINTMENT WHICH, UNDER THE APPLICABLE LOCAL LAW, CAN BE
14 VALIDLY EXERCISED SO AS TO POSTPONE THE VESTING OF ANY ESTATE OR INTER-
15 EST IN THE PROPERTY WHICH WAS SUBJECT TO THE FIRST POWER, OR SUSPEND THE
16 ABSOLUTE OWNERSHIP OR POWER OF ALIENATION OF SUCH PROPERTY, FOR A PERIOD
17 ASCERTAINABLE WITHOUT REGARD TO THE DATE OF THE CREATION OF THE FIRST
18 POWER, SUCH EXERCISE OF THE FIRST POWER SHALL, TO THE EXTENT OF THE
19 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE SECOND POWER, BE DEEMED A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY
20 BY THE INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING SUCH POWER.

21 (E) LAPSE OF POWER. THE LAPSE OF A POWER OF APPOINTMENT CREATED AFTER
22 OCTOBER 21, 1942, DURING THE LIFE OF THE INDIVIDUAL POSSESSING THE POWER
23 SHALL BE CONSIDERED A RELEASE OF SUCH POWER. THE RULE OF THE PRECEDING
24 SENTENCE SHALL APPLY WITH RESPECT TO THE LAPSE OF POWERS DURING ANY
25 CALENDAR YEAR ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PROPERTY WHICH COULD HAVE BEEN
26 APPOINTED BY EXERCISE OF SUCH LAPSED POWERS EXCEEDS IN VALUE THE GREATER
27 OF THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS:

28 (1) \$5,000, OR

29 (2) 5 PERCENT OF THE AGGREGATE VALUE OF THE ASSETS OUT OF WHICH, OR
30 THE PROCEEDS OF WHICH, THE EXERCISE OF THE LAPSED POWERS COULD BE SATIS-
31 FIED.

32 (F) DATE OF CREATION OF POWER. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION A POWER OF
33 APPOINTMENT CREATED BY A WILL EXECUTED ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 21, 1942,
34 SHALL BE CONSIDERED A POWER CREATED ON OR BEFORE SUCH DATE IF THE PERSON
35 EXECUTING SUCH WILL DIES BEFORE JULY 1, 1949, WITHOUT HAVING REPUBLISHED
36 SUCH WILL, BY CODICIL OR OTHERWISE, AFTER OCTOBER 21, 1942.

37 S 2516. CERTAIN PROPERTY SETTLEMENTS. WHERE A HUSBAND AND WIFE ENTER
38 INTO A WRITTEN AGREEMENT RELATIVE TO THEIR MARITAL AND PROPERTY RIGHTS
39 AND DIVORCE OCCURS WITHIN THE 3-YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING ON THE DATE 1 YEAR
40 BEFORE SUCH AGREEMENT IS ENTERED INTO (WHETHER OR NOT SUCH AGREEMENT IS
41 APPROVED BY THE DIVORCE DECREE), ANY TRANSFERS OF PROPERTY OR INTERESTS
42 IN PROPERTY MADE PURSUANT TO SUCH AGREEMENT-

43 (1) TO EITHER SPOUSE IN SETTLEMENT OF HIS OR HER MARITAL OR PROPERTY
44 RIGHTS, OR

45 (2) TO PROVIDE A REASONABLE ALLOWANCE FOR THE SUPPORT OF ISSUE OF THE
46 MARRIAGE DURING MINORITY,

47 --SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE TRANSFERS MADE FOR A FULL AND ADEQUATE CONSID-
48 ERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH.

49 S 2518. DISCLAIMERS. (A) GENERAL RULE. - FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTI-
50 TLE, IF A PERSON MAKES A QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER WITH RESPECT TO ANY INTER-
51 EST IN PROPERTY, THIS SUBTITLE SHALL APPLY WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST
52 AS IF THE INTEREST HAD NEVER BEEN TRANSFERRED TO SUCH PERSON.

53 (B) QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER DEFINED. - FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A),
54 THE TERM "QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER" MEANS AN IRREVOCABLE AND UNQUALIFIED
55 REFUSAL BY A PERSON TO ACCEPT AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY BUT ONLY IF -

56 (1) SUCH REFUSAL IS IN WRITING,

1 (2) SUCH WRITING IS RECEIVED BY THE TRANSFEROR OF THE INTEREST, HIS
2 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE, OR THE HOLDER OF THE LEGAL TITLE TO THE PROPERTY
3 TO WHICH THE INTEREST RELATES NOT LATER THAN THE DATE WHICH IS 9 MONTHS
4 AFTER THE LATER OF -
5 (A) THE DATE ON WHICH THE TRANSFER CREATING THE INTEREST IN SUCH
6 PERSON IS MADE, OR
7 (B) THE DAY ON WHICH SUCH PERSON ATTAINS AGE 21,
8 (3) SUCH PERSON HAS NOT ACCEPTED THE INTEREST OR ANY OF ITS BENEFITS,
9 AND
10 (4) AS A RESULT OF SUCH REFUSAL, THE INTEREST PASSES WITHOUT ANY
11 DIRECTION ON THE PART OF THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLAIMER AND PASSES
12 EITHER -
13 (A) TO THE SPOUSE OF THE DECEDENT, OR
14 (B) TO A PERSON OTHER THAN THE PERSON MAKING THE DISCLAIMER.
15 (C) OTHER RULES. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A) -
16 (1) DISCLAIMER OF UNDIVIDED PORTION OF INTEREST. A DISCLAIMER WITH
17 RESPECT TO AN UNDIVIDED PORTION OF AN INTEREST WHICH MEETS THE REQUIRE-
18 MENTS OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL BE TREATED AS A QUALIFIED
19 DISCLAIMER OF SUCH PORTION OF THE INTEREST.
20 (2) POWERS. A POWER WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED AS AN
21 INTEREST IN SUCH PROPERTY.
22 (3) CERTAIN TRANSFERS TREATED AS DISCLAIMERS. A WRITTEN TRANSFER OF
23 THE TRANSFEROR'S ENTIRE INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY -
24 (A) WHICH MEETS REQUIREMENTS SIMILAR TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPHS
25 (2) AND (3) OF SUBSECTION (B), AND
26 (B) WHICH IS TO A PERSON OR PERSONS WHO WOULD HAVE RECEIVED THE PROP-
27 ERTY HAD THE TRANSFEROR MADE A QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER (WITHIN THE MEANING
28 OF SUBSECTION (B)),
29 --SHALL BE TREATED AS A QUALIFIED DISCLAIMER.
30 S 2519. DISPOSITIONS OF CERTAIN LIFE ESTATES. (A) GENERAL RULE
31 --FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER AND CHAPTER 11, ANY DISPOSITION OF ALL
32 OR PART OF A QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE IN ANY PROPERTY TO
33 WHICH THIS SECTION APPLIES SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF ALL INTER-
34 ESTS IN SUCH PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST.
35 (B) PROPERTY TO WHICH THIS SUBSECTION APPLIES. THIS SECTION APPLIES TO
36 ANY PROPERTY IF A DEDUCTION WAS ALLOWED WITH RESPECT TO THE TRANSFER OF
37 SUCH PROPERTY TO THE DONOR -
38 (1) UNDER SECTION 2056 BY REASON OF SUBSECTION (B)(7) THEREOF, OR
39 (2) UNDER SECTION 2523 BY REASON OF SUBSECTION (F) THEREOF.
40 (C) CROSS REFERENCE
41 --FOR RIGHT OF RECOVERY FOR GIFT TAX IN THE CASE OF PROPERTY TREATED AS
42 TRANSFERRED UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SECTION 2207A(B).
43 S 2522. CHARITABLE AND SIMILAR GIFTS. (A) CITIZENS OR RESIDENTS. IN
44 COMPUTING TAXABLE GIFTS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR, THERE SHALL BE ALLOWED AS
45 A DEDUCTION IN THE CASE OF A CITIZEN OR RESIDENT THE AMOUNT OF ALL GIFTS
46 MADE DURING SUCH YEAR TO OR FOR THE USE OF -
47 (1) THE UNITED STATES, ANY STATE, OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THERE-
48 OF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, FOR EXCLUSIVELY PUBLIC PURPOSES;
49 (2) A CORPORATION, OR TRUST, OR COMMUNITY CHEST, FUND, OR FOUNDATION,
50 ORGANIZED AND OPERATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIF-
51 IC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES, OR TO FOSTER NATIONAL OR INTERNA-
52 TIONAL AMATEUR SPORTS COMPETITION (BUT ONLY IF NO PART OF ITS ACTIVITIES
53 INVOLVE THE PROVISION OF ATHLETIC FACILITIES OR EQUIPMENT), INCLUDING
54 THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR
55 ANIMALS, NO PART OF THE NET EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO THE BENEFIT OF
56 ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL, WHICH IS NOT DISQUALIFIED FOR TAX

1 EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 501(C)(3) BY REASON OF ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE
2 LEGISLATION, AND WHICH DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN, OR INTERVENE IN (INCLUD-
3 ING THE PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING OF STATEMENTS), ANY POLITICAL
4 CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF (OR IN OPPOSITION TO) ANY CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC
5 OFFICE;

6 (3) A FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION, OPERATING UNDER THE
7 LODGE SYSTEM, BUT ONLY IF SUCH GIFTS ARE TO BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR
8 RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES,
9 INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO
10 CHILDREN OR ANIMALS;

11 (4) POSTS OR ORGANIZATIONS OF WAR VETERANS, OR AUXILIARY UNITS OR
12 SOCIETIES OF ANY SUCH POSTS OR ORGANIZATIONS, IF SUCH POSTS, ORGANIZA-
13 TIONS, UNITS, OR SOCIETIES ARE ORGANIZED IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OF
14 ITS POSSESSIONS, AND IF NO PART OF THEIR NET EARNINGS INSURES TO THE
15 BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL.

16 RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF SECTION 501(J) SHALL APPLY FOR PURPOSES
17 OF PARAGRAPH (2).

18 (B) NONRESIDENTS. IN THE CASE OF A NONRESIDENT NOT A CITIZEN OF THE
19 UNITED STATES, THERE SHALL BE ALLOWED AS A DEDUCTION THE AMOUNT OF ALL
20 GIFTS MADE DURING SUCH YEAR TO OR FOR THE USE OF-

21 (1) THE UNITED STATES, ANY STATE, OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THERE-
22 OF, OR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, FOR EXCLUSIVELY PUBLIC PURPOSES;

23 (2) A DOMESTIC CORPORATION ORGANIZED AND OPERATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR
24 RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES,
25 INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO
26 CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, NO PART OF THE NET EARNINGS OF WHICH INURES TO THE
27 BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL, WHICH IS NOT DISQUALI-
28 FIED FOR TAX EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 501(C)(3) BY REASON OF ATTEMPTING
29 TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION, AND WHICH DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN, OR INTER-
30 VENE IN (INCLUDING THE PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING OF STATEMENTS), ANY
31 POLITICAL CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF (OR IN OPPOSITION TO) ANY CANDIDATE FOR
32 PUBLIC OFFICE;

33 (3) A TRUST, OR COMMUNITY CHEST, FUND, OR FOUNDATION, ORGANIZED AND
34 OPERATED EXCLUSIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR
35 EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES, INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE
36 PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR ANIMALS, NO SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE
37 ACTIVITIES OF WHICH IS CARRYING ON PROPAGANDA, OR OTHERWISE ATTEMPTING,
38 TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION, AND WHICH DOES NOT PARTICIPATE IN, OR INTER-
39 VENE IN (INCLUDING THE PUBLISHING OR DISTRIBUTING OF STATEMENTS), ANY
40 POLITICAL CAMPAIGN ON BEHALF OF (OR IN OPPOSITION TO) ANY CANDIDATE FOR
41 PUBLIC OFFICE; BUT ONLY IF SUCH GIFTS ARE TO BE USED WITHIN THE UNITED
42 STATES EXCLUSIVELY FOR SUCH PURPOSES;

43 (4) A FRATERNAL SOCIETY, ORDER, OR ASSOCIATION, OPERATING UNDER THE
44 LODGE SYSTEM, BUT ONLY IF SUCH GIFTS ARE TO BE USED WITHIN THE UNITED
45 STATES EXCLUSIVELY FOR RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, OR
46 EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES, INCLUDING THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF ART AND THE
47 PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN OR ANIMALS;

48 (5) POSTS OR ORGANIZATIONS OF WAR VETERANS, OR AUXILIARY UNITS OR
49 SOCIETIES OF ANY SUCH POSTS OR ORGANIZATIONS, IF SUCH POSTS, ORGANIZA-
50 TIONS, UNITS, OR SOCIETIES ARE ORGANIZED IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OF
51 ITS POSSESSIONS, AND IF NO PART OF THEIR NET EARNINGS INURES TO THE
52 BENEFIT OF ANY PRIVATE SHAREHOLDER OR INDIVIDUAL.

53 (C) DISALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTIONS IN CERTAIN CASES. (1) NO DEDUCTION
54 SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR A GIFT TO OF 1 FOR THE USE OF AN
55 ORGANIZATION OR TRUST DESCRIBED IN SECTION 508(D) OR 4948(C)(4) SUBJECT
56 TO THE CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN SUCH SECTIONS.

1 (2) WHERE A DONOR TRANSFERS AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY (OTHER THAN AN
2 INTEREST DESCRIBED IN SECTION 170(F)(3)(B)) TO A PERSON, OR FOR A USE,
3 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OR (B) AND AN INTEREST IN THE SAME PROPERTY
4 IS RETAINED BY THE DONOR, OR IS TRANSFERRED OR HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED (FOR
5 LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S WORTH)
6 FROM THE DONOR TO A PERSON, OR FOR A USE, NOT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
7 (A) OR (B), NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR THE
8 INTEREST WHICH IS, OR HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED TO THE PERSON, OR FOR THE
9 USE, DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OR (B), UNLESS-

10 (A) IN THE CASE OF A REMAINDER INTEREST, SUCH INTEREST IS IN A TRUST
11 WHICH IS A CHARITABLE REMAINDER ANNUITY TRUST OR A CHARITABLE REMAINDER
12 UNITRUST (DESCRIBED IN SECTION 664) OR A POOLED INCOME FUND (DESCRIBED
13 IN SECTION 642(C)(5)), OR

14 (B) IN THE CASE OF ANY OTHER INTEREST, SUCH INTEREST IS IN THE FORM OF
15 A GUARANTEED ANNUITY OR IS A FIXED PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTED YEARLY OF THE
16 FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY (TO BE DETERMINED YEARLY).

17 (3) RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF SECTION 2055(E)(4) SHALL APPLY FOR
18 PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (2).

19 (4) REFORMATIONS TO COMPLY WITH PARAGRAPH (2). (A) IN GENERAL -- A
20 DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IN RESPECT OF ANY QUALI-
21 FIED REFORMATION (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 2055(E)(3)(B)).

22 (B) RULES SIMILAR TO SECTION 2055(E)(3) TO APPLY -- FOR PURPOSES OF
23 THIS PARAGRAPH, RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF SECTION 2055(E)(3) SHALL
24 APPLY.

25 (5) CONTRIBUTIONS TO DONOR ADVISED FUNDS. A DEDUCTION OTHERWISE
26 ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) FOR ANY CONTRIBUTION TO A DONOR ADVISED
27 FUND (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4966(D)(2)) SHALL ONLY BE ALLOWED IF-

28 --(A) THE SPONSORING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4966(D)(1))
29 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH DONOR ADVISED FUND IS NOT-

30 --(I) DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OR (4) OF SUBSECTION (A), OR

31 --(II) A TYPE III SUPPORTING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION
32 4943(F)(5)(A)) WHICH IS NOT A FUNCTIONALLY INTEGRATED TYPE III SUPPORT-
33 ING ORGANIZATION (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 4943(F)(5)(B)), AND

34 --(B) THE TAXPAYER OBTAINS A CONTEMPORANEOUS WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT
35 (DETERMINED UNDER RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF SECTION 170(F)(8)(C))
36 FROM THE SPONSORING ORGANIZATION (AS SO DEFINED) OF SUCH DONOR ADVISED
37 FUND THAT SUCH ORGANIZATION HAS EXCLUSIVE LEGAL CONTROL OVER THE ASSETS
38 CONTRIBUTED.

39 (D) SPECIAL RULE FOR IRREVOCABLE TRANSFERS OF EASEMENTS IN REAL PROP-
40 ERTY. A DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IN RESPECT OF
41 ANY TRANSFER OF A QUALIFIED REAL PROPERTY INTEREST (AS DEFINED IN
42 SECTION 170(H)(2)(C)) WHICH MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 170(H)
43 (WITHOUT REGARD TO PARAGRAPH (4)(A) THEREOF).

44 (E) SPECIAL RULES FOR FRACTIONAL GIFTS

45 (1) DENIAL OF DEDUCTION IN CERTAIN CASES

46 (A) IN GENERAL

47 --NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR A CONTRIBUTION OF AN UNDIVIDED
48 PORTION OF A TAXPAYER'S ENTIRE INTEREST IN TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY
49 UNLESS ALL INTERESTS IN THE PROPERTY ARE HELD IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SUCH
50 CONTRIBUTION BY-

51 --(I) THE TAXPAYER, OR

52 --(II) THE TAXPAYER AND THE DONEE.

53 (B) EXCEPTIONS

54 --THE SECRETARY MAY, BY REGULATION, PROVIDE FOR EXCEPTIONS TO SUBPARA-
55 GRAPH (A) IN CASES WHERE ALL PERSONS WHO HOLD AN INTEREST IN THE PROPER-

1 TY MAKE PROPORTIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS OF AN UNDIVIDED PORTION OF THE ENTIRE
2 INTEREST HELD BY SUCH PERSONS.

3 (2) RECAPTURE OF DEDUCTION IN CERTAIN CASES; ADDITION TO TAX

4 (A) IN GENERAL. THE SECRETARY SHALL PROVIDE FOR THE RECAPTURE OF AN
5 AMOUNT EQUAL TO ANY DEDUCTION ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION (PLUS INTEREST)
6 WITH RESPECT TO ANY CONTRIBUTION OF AN UNDIVIDED PORTION OF A TAXPAYER'S
7 ENTIRE INTEREST IN TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY-

8 --(I) IN ANY CASE IN WHICH THE DONOR DOES NOT CONTRIBUTE ALL OF THE
9 REMAINING INTERESTS IN SUCH PROPERTY TO THE DONEE (OR, IF SUCH DONEE IS
10 NO LONGER IN EXISTENCE, TO ANY PERSON DESCRIBED IN SECTION 170(C)) ON OR
11 BEFORE THE EARLIER OF-

12 --(I) THE DATE THAT IS 10 YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF THE INITIAL FRACTIONAL
13 CONTRIBUTION, OR

14 --(II) THE DATE OF THE DEATH OF THE DONOR, AND

15 --(II) IN ANY CASE IN WHICH THE DONEE HAS NOT, DURING THE PERIOD BEGIN-
16 NING ON THE DATE OF THE INITIAL FRACTIONAL CONTRIBUTION AND ENDING ON
17 THE DATE DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (I)-

18 --(I) HAD SUBSTANTIAL PHYSICAL POSSESSION OF THE PROPERTY, AND

19 --(II) USED THE PROPERTY IN A USE WHICH IS RELATED TO A PURPOSE OR FUNC-
20 TION CONSTITUTING THE BASIS FOR THE ORGANIZATIONS' EXEMPTION UNDER
21 SECTION 501.

22 (B) ADDITION TO TAX. THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER THIS CHAPTER FOR ANY TAXA-
23 BLE YEAR FOR WHICH THERE IS A RECAPTURE UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL BE
24 INCREASED BY 10 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT SO RECAPTURED.

25 (C) INITIAL FRACTIONAL CONTRIBUTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
26 THE TERM "INITIAL FRACTIONAL CONTRIBUTION" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO ANY
27 DONOR, THE FIRST GIFT OF AN UNDIVIDED PORTION OF THE DONOR'S ENTIRE
28 INTEREST IN ANY TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR WHICH A DEDUCTION IS
29 ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OR (B).

30 (F) CROSS REFERENCES

31 --(1) FOR TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ORGANIZATIONS PROVIDING CHILD CARE, SEE
32 SECTION 501(K).

33 --(2) FOR EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN GIFTS TO OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE UNITED
34 STATES AND FOR RULES OF CONSTRUCTION WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN BEQUESTS,
35 SEE SECTION 2055(F).

36 --(3) FOR TREATMENT OF GIFTS TO OR FOR THE USE OF INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERN-
37 MENTS (OR THEIR SUBDIVISIONS), SEE SECTION 7871.

38 S 2523. GIFT TO SPOUSE (A) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION. WHERE A DONOR
39 TRANSFERS DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR BY GIFT AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY TO A
40 DONEE WHO AT THE TIME OF THE GIFT IS THE DONOR'S SPOUSE, THERE SHALL BE
41 ALLOWED AS A DEDUCTION IN COMPUTING TAXABLE GIFTS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR
42 AN AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST EQUAL TO ITS VALUE.

43 (B) LIFE ESTATE OR OTHER TERMINABLE INTEREST. WHERE, ON THE LAPSE OF
44 TIME, ON THE OCCURRENCE OF AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY, OR ON THE FAILURE OF
45 AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY TO OCCUR, SUCH INTEREST TRANSFERRED TO THE
46 SPOUSE WILL TERMINATE OR FAIL, NO DEDUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED WITH
47 RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST-

48 (1) IF THE DONOR RETAINS IN HIMSELF, OR TRANSFERS OR HAS TRANSFERRED
49 (FOR LESS THAN AN ADEQUATE AND FULL CONSIDERATION IN MONEY OR MONEY'S
50 WORTH) TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN SUCH DONEE SPOUSE (OR THE ESTATE OF SUCH
51 SPOUSE), AN INTEREST IN SUCH PROPERTY, AND IF BY REASON OF SUCH
52 RETENTION OR TRANSFER THE DONOR (OR HIS HEIRS OR ASSIGNS) OR SUCH PERSON
53 (OR HIS HEIRS OR ASSIGNS) MAY POSSESS OR ENJOY ANY PART OF SUCH PROPERTY
54 AFTER SUCH TERMINATION OR FAILURE OF THE INTEREST TRANSFERRED TO THE
55 DONEE SPOUSE; OR

1 (2) IF THE DONOR IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE TRANSFER TO THE DONEE SPOUSE
2 HAS A POWER TO APPOINT AN INTEREST IN SUCH PROPERTY WHICH HE CAN EXER-
3 CISE (EITHER ALONE OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON) IN SUCH MANNER
4 THAT THE APPOINTEE MAY POSSESS OR ENJOY ANY PART OF SUCH PROPERTY AFTER
5 SUCH TERMINATION OR FAILURE OF THE INTEREST TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE
6 SPOUSE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE DONOR SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS
7 HAVING IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE TRANSFER TO THE DONEE SPOUSE SUCH POWER TO
8 APPOINT EVEN THOUGH SUCH POWER CANNOT BE EXERCISED UNTIL AFTER THE LAPSE
9 OF TIME, UPON THE OCCURRENCE OF AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY, OR ON THE FAIL-
10 URE OF AN EVENT OR CONTINGENCY TO OCCUR.

11 AN EXERCISE OR RELEASE AT ANY TIME BY THE DONOR, EITHER ALONE OR IN
12 CONJUNCTION WITH ANY PERSON, OF A POWER TO APPOINT AN INTEREST IN PROP-
13 erty, EVEN THOUGH NOT OTHERWISE A TRANSFER, SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF PARA-
14 GRAPH (1), BE CONSIDERED AS A TRANSFER BY HIM. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN
15 SUBSECTION (E), WHERE AT THE TIME OF THE TRANSFER IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO
16 ASCERTAIN THE PARTICULAR PERSON OR PERSONS WHO MAY RECEIVE FROM THE
17 DONOR AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY SO TRANSFERRED BY HIM, SUCH INTEREST
18 SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), BE CONSIDERED AS TRANSFERRED TO A
19 PERSON OTHER THAN THE DONEE SPOUSE.

20 (C) INTEREST IN UNIDENTIFIED ASSETS. WHERE THE ASSETS OUT OF WHICH, OR
21 THE PROCEEDS OF WHICH, THE INTEREST TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE SPOUSE MAY
22 BE SATISFIED INCLUDE A PARTICULAR ASSET OR ASSETS WITH RESPECT TO WHICH
23 NO DEDUCTION WOULD BE ALLOWED IF SUCH ASSET OR ASSETS WERE TRANSFERRED
24 FROM THE DONOR TO SUCH SPOUSE, THEN THE VALUE OF THE INTEREST TRANS-
25 FERRED TO SUCH SPOUSE SHALL, FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), BE REDUCED
26 BY THE AGGREGATE VALUE OF SUCH PARTICULAR ASSETS.

27 (D) JOINT INTERESTS. IF THE INTEREST IS TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE
28 SPOUSE AS SOLE JOINT TENANT WITH THE DONOR OR AS TENANT BY THE ENTIRETY,
29 THE INTEREST OF THE DONOR IN THE PROPERTY WHICH EXISTS SOLELY BY REASON
30 OF THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE DONOR MAY SURVIVE THE DONEE SPOUSE, OR THAT
31 THERE MAY OCCUR A SEVERANCE OF THE TENANCY, SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED FOR
32 PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (B) AS AN INTEREST RETAINED BY THE DONOR IN
33 HIMSELF.

34 (E) LIFE ESTATE WITH POWER OF APPOINTMENT IN DONEE SPOUSE. WHERE THE
35 DONOR TRANSFERS AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY, IF BY SUCH TRANSFER HIS SPOUSE
36 IS ENTITLED FOR LIFE TO ALL OF THE INCOME FROM THE ENTIRE INTEREST, OR
37 ALL THE INCOME FROM A SPECIFIC PORTION THEREOF, PAYABLE ANNUALLY OR AT
38 MORE FREQUENT INTERVALS, WITH POWER IN THE DONEE SPOUSE TO APPOINT THE
39 ENTIRE INTEREST, OR SUCH SPECIFIC PORTION (EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF SUCH
40 DONEE SPOUSE, OR OF THE ESTATE OF SUCH DONEE SPOUSE, OR IN FAVOR OF
41 EITHER, WHETHER OR NOT IN EACH CASE THE POWER IS EXERCISABLE IN FAVOR OF
42 OTHERS), AND WITH NO POWER IN ANY OTHER PERSON TO APPOINT ANY PART OF
43 SUCH INTEREST, OR SUCH PORTION, TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE DONEE
44 SPOUSE-

45 (1) THE INTEREST, OR SUCH PORTION, SO TRANSFERRED SHALL, FOR PURPOSES
46 OF SUBSECTION (A) BE CONSIDERED AS TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE SPOUSE, AND

47 (2) NO PART OF THE INTEREST, OR SUCH PORTION, SO TRANSFERRED SHALL,
48 FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (B)(1), BE CONSIDERED AS RETAINED IN THE
49 DONOR OR TRANSFERRED TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE DONEE SPOUSE.

50 THIS SUBSECTION SHALL APPLY ONLY IF, BY SUCH TRANSFER, SUCH POWER IN
51 THE DONEE SPOUSE TO APPOINT THE INTEREST, OR SUCH PORTION, WHETHER EXER-
52 CISIBLE BY WILL OR DURING LIFE, IS EXERCISABLE BY SUCH SPOUSE ALONE AND
53 IN ALL EVENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TERM "SPECIFIC
54 PORTION" ONLY INCLUDES A PORTION DETERMINED ON A FRACTIONAL OR PERCENT-
55 AGE BASIS.

1 (F) ELECTION WITH RESPECT TO LIFE ESTATE FOR DONEE SPOUSE. (1) IN
2 GENERAL
3 IN THE CASE OF QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY-
4 (A) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A), SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED AS
5 TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE SPOUSE, AND
6 (B) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (B)(1), NO PART OF SUCH PROPERTY SHALL
7 BE CONSIDERED AS RETAINED IN THE DONOR OR TRANSFERRED TO ANY PERSON
8 OTHER THAN THE DONEE SPOUSE.
9 (2) QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
10 SUBSECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY" MEANS ANY
11 PROPERTY-
12 (A) WHICH IS TRANSFERRED BY THE DONOR SPOUSE,
13 (B) IN WHICH THE DONEE SPOUSE HAS A QUALIFYING INCOME INTEREST FOR
14 LIFE, AND
15 (C) TO WHICH AN ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION APPLIES.
16 (3) CERTAIN RULES MADE APPLICABLE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION,
17 RULES SIMILAR TO THE RULES OF CLAUSES (II), (III), AND (IV) OF SECTION
18 2056(B)(7)(B) SHALL APPLY AND THE RULES OF SECTION 2056(B)(10) SHALL
19 APPLY.
20 (4) ELECTION. (A) TIME AND MANNER. AN ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
21 WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY SHALL BE MADE ON OR BEFORE THE DATE
22 PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6075(B) FOR FILING A GIFT TAX RETURN WITH RESPECT
23 TO THE TRANSFER (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO SECTION 6019(2)) AND SHALL
24 BE MADE IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE.
25 (B) ELECTION IRREVOCABLE. AN ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, ONCE
26 MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.
27 (5) TREATMENT OF INTEREST RETAINED BY DONOR SPOUSE. (A) IN GENERAL. IN
28 THE CASE OF ANY QUALIFIED TERMINABLE INTEREST PROPERTY-
29 (I) SUCH PROPERTY SHALL NOT BE INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE
30 DONOR SPOUSE, AND
31 (II) ANY SUBSEQUENT TRANSFER BY THE DONOR SPOUSE OF AN INTEREST IN
32 SUCH PROPERTY SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
33 CHAPTER.
34 (B) SUBPARAGRAPH (A) NOT TO APPLY AFTER TRANSFER BY DONEE SPOUSE.
35 SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO ANY PROPERTY AFTER THE
36 DONEE SPOUSE IS TREATED AS HAVING TRANSFERRED SUCH PROPERTY UNDER
37 SECTION 2519, OR SUCH PROPERTY IS INCLUDIBLE IN THE DONEE SPOUSE'S GROSS
38 ESTATE UNDER SECTION 2044.
39 (6) TREATMENT OF JOINT AND SURVIVOR ANNUITIES. IN THE CASE OF A JOINT
40 AND SURVIVOR ANNUITY WHERE ONLY THE DONOR SPOUSE AND DONEE SPOUSE HAVE
41 THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS BEFORE THE DEATH OF THE LAST SPOUSE TO
42 DIE-
43 --(A) THE DONEE SPOUSE'S INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS A QUALIFYING
44 INCOME INTEREST FOR LIFE,
45 --(B) THE DONOR SPOUSE SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING MADE AN ELECTION UNDER
46 THIS SUBSECTION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH ANNUITY UNLESS THE DONOR SPOUSE
47 OTHERWISE ELECTS ON OR BEFORE THE DATE SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPH (4)(A),
48 --(C) PARAGRAPH (5) AND SECTION 2519 SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE DONOR
49 SPOUSE'S INTEREST IN THE ANNUITY, AND
50 --(D) IF THE DONEE SPOUSE DIES BEFORE THE DONOR SPOUSE, NO AMOUNT SHALL
51 BE INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DONEE SPOUSE UNDER SECTION 2044
52 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH ANNUITY.
53 AN ELECTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (B), ONCE MADE, SHALL BE IRREVOCABLE.
54 (G) SPECIAL RULE FOR CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUSTS. (1) IN GENERAL. IF,
55 AFTER THE TRANSFER, THE DONEE SPOUSE IS THE ONLY NONCHARITABLE BENEFICI-
56 ARY (OTHER THAN THE DONOR) OF A QUALIFIED CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST,

1 SUBSECTION (B) SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE INTEREST IN SUCH TRUST WHICH IS
2 TRANSFERRED TO THE DONEE SPOUSE.

3 (2) DEFINITIONS. FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), THE TERM "NONCHARITA-
4 BLE BENEFICIARY" AND "QUALIFIED CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST" HAVE THE
5 MEANINGS GIVEN TO SUCH TERMS BY SECTION 2056(B)(8)(B).

6 (H) DENIAL OF DOUBLE DEDUCTION. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION OR ANY OTHER
7 PROVISION OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL ALLOW THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN PROP-
8 erty TO BE DEDUCTED UNDER THIS CHAPTER MORE THAN ONCE WITH RESPECT TO
9 THE SAME DONOR.

10 S 2524. EXTENT OF DEDUCTIONS. THE DEDUCTIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 2522
11 AND 2523 SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE GIFTS THEREIN
12 SPECIFIED ARE INCLUDED IN THE AMOUNT OF GIFTS AGAINST WHICH SUCH
13 DEDUCTIONS ARE APPLIED.

14 S 2701. SPECIAL VALUATION RULES IN CASE OF TRANSFERS OF CERTAIN INTER-
15 ESTS IN CORPORATIONS OR PARTNERSHIPS. (A) VALUATION RULES. (1) IN GENER-
16 AL. SOLELY FOR PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER A TRANSFER OF AN INTER-
17 EST IN A CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP TO (OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF) A MEMBER
18 OF THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY IS A GIFT (AND THE VALUE OF SUCH TRANSFER),
19 THE VALUE OF ANY RIGHT-

20 --(A) WHICH IS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF SUBSECTION
21 (B)(1), AND

22 --(B) WHICH IS WITH RESPECT TO ANY APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST THAT IS
23 HELD BY THE TRANSFEROR OR AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER IMMEDIATELY AFTER
24 THE TRANSFER,

25 --SHALL BE DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (3). THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT
26 APPLY TO THE TRANSFER OF ANY INTEREST FOR WHICH MARKET QUOTATIONS ARE
27 READILY AVAILABLE (AS OF THE DATE OF TRANSFER) ON AN ESTABLISHED SECURI-
28 TIES MARKET.

29 (2) EXCEPTIONS FOR MARKETABLE RETAINED INTERESTS, ETC. PARAGRAPH (1)
30 SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY RIGHT WITH RESPECT TO AN APPLICABLE RETAINED
31 INTEREST IF-

32 --(A) MARKET QUOTATIONS ARE READILY AVAILABLE (AS OF THE DATE OF THE
33 TRANSFER) FOR SUCH INTEREST ON AN ESTABLISHED SECURITIES MARKET,

34 --(B) SUCH INTEREST IS OF THE SAME CLASS AS THE TRANSFERRED INTEREST, OR

35 --(C) SUCH INTEREST IS PROPORTIONALLY THE SAME AS THE TRANSFERRED INTER-
36 EST, WITHOUT REGARD TO NONLAPSING DIFFERENCES IN VOTING POWER (OR, FOR A
37 PARTNERSHIP, NONLAPSING DIFFERENCES WITH RESPECT TO MANAGEMENT AND LIMI-
38 TATIONS ON LIABILITY).

39 --SUBPARAGRAPH (C) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP IF
40 THE TRANSFEROR OR AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER HAS THE RIGHT TO ALTER THE
41 LIABILITY OF THE TRANSFEREE OF THE TRANSFERRED PROPERTY. EXCEPT AS
42 PROVIDED BY THE SECRETARY, ANY DIFFERENCE DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C)
43 WHICH LAPSES BY REASON OF ANY FEDERAL OR STATE LAW SHALL BE TREATED AS A
44 NONLAPSING DIFFERENCE FOR PURPOSES OF SUCH SUBPARAGRAPH.

45 (3) VALUATION OF RIGHTS TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (1) APPLIES. (A) IN GENER-
46 AL. THE VALUE OF ANY RIGHT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1), OTHER THAN A
47 DISTRIBUTION RIGHT WHICH CONSISTS OF A RIGHT TO RECEIVE A QUALIFIED
48 PAYMENT, SHALL BE TREATED AS BEING ZERO.

49 (B) VALUATION OF CERTAIN QUALIFIED PAYMENTS. IF-

50 --(I) ANY APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST CONFERS A DISTRIBUTION RIGHT
51 WHICH CONSISTS OF THE RIGHT TO A QUALIFIED PAYMENT, AND

52 --(II) THERE ARE 1 OR MORE LIQUIDATION, PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHTS
53 WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST, THE VALUE OF ALL SUCH RIGHTS SHALL BE
54 DETERMINED AS IF EACH LIQUIDATION, PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT WERE
55 EXERCISED IN THE MANNER RESULTING IN THE LOWEST VALUE BEING DETERMINED
56 FOR ALL SUCH RIGHTS.

1 (C) VALUATION OF QUALIFIED PAYMENTS WHERE NO LIQUIDATION, ETC.
2 RIGHTS. IN THE CASE OF AN APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST WHICH IS
3 DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(I) BUT NOT SUBPARAGRAPH (B)(II), THE VALUE
4 OF THE DISTRIBUTION RIGHT SHALL BE DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS
5 SECTION.

6 (4) MINIMUM VALUATION OF JUNIOR EQUITY. (A) IN GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF
7 A TRANSFER DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF A JUNIOR EQUITY INTEREST IN A
8 CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP, SUCH INTEREST SHALL IN NO EVENT BE VALUED AT
9 AN AMOUNT LESS THAN THE VALUE WHICH WOULD BE DETERMINED IF THE TOTAL
10 VALUE OF ALL OF THE JUNIOR EQUITY INTERESTS IN THE ENTITY WERE EQUAL TO
11 10 PERCENT OF THE SUM OF-

12 --(I) THE TOTAL VALUE OF ALL OF THE EQUITY INTERESTS IN SUCH ENTITY,
13 PLUS
14 --(II) THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF INDEBTEDNESS OF SUCH ENTITY TO THE TRANSFEROR
15 (OR AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER).

16 (B) DEFINITIONS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH-

17 (I) JUNIOR EQUITY INTEREST. THE TERM "JUNIOR EQUITY INTEREST" MEANS
18 COMMON STOCK OR, IN THE CASE OF A PARTNERSHIP, ANY PARTNERSHIP INTEREST
19 UNDER WHICH THE RIGHTS AS TO INCOME AND CAPITAL (OR, TO THE EXTENT
20 PROVIDED IN REGULATIONS, THE RIGHTS AS TO EITHER INCOME OR CAPITAL) ARE
21 JUNIOR TO THE RIGHTS OF ALL OTHER CLASSES OF EQUITY INTERESTS.

22 (II) EQUITY INTEREST. THE TERM "EQUITY INTEREST" MEANS STOCK OR ANY
23 INTEREST AS A PARTNER, AS THE CASE MAY BE.

24 (B) APPLICABLE RETAINED INTERESTS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION-

25 (1) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST" MEANS ANY
26 INTEREST IN AN ENTITY WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THERE IS-

27 --(A) A DISTRIBUTION RIGHT, BUT ONLY IF, IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE TRANSFER
28 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)(1), THE TRANSFEROR AND APPLICABLE FAMILY
29 MEMBERS HOLD (AFTER APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (E)(3)) CONTROL OF THE
30 ENTITY, OR
31 --(B) A LIQUIDATION, PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT.

32 (2) CONTROL. FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)-

33 (A) CORPORATIONS. IN THE CASE OF A CORPORATION, THE TERM "CONTROL"
34 MEANS THE HOLDING OF AT LEAST 50 PERCENT (BY VOTE OR VALUE) OF THE STOCK
35 OF THE CORPORATION.

36 (B) PARTNERSHIPS. IN THE CASE OF A PARTNERSHIP, THE TERM "CONTROL"
37 MEANS-

38 --(I) THE HOLDING OF AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL OR PROFITS
39 INTERESTS IN THE PARTNERSHIP, OR
40 --(II) IN THE CASE OF A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, THE HOLDING OF ANY INTEREST
41 AS A GENERAL PARTNER.

42 (C) APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
43 TERM "APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER" INCLUDES ANY LINEAL DESCENDANT OF ANY
44 PARENT OF THE TRANSFEROR OR THE TRANSFEROR'S SPOUSE.

45 (C) DISTRIBUTION AND OTHER RIGHTS; QUALIFIED PAYMENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF
46 THIS SECTION-

47 (1) DISTRIBUTION RIGHT. (A) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "DISTRIBUTION RIGHT"
48 MEANS-

49 --(I) A RIGHT TO DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A CORPORATION WITH RESPECT TO ITS
50 STOCK, AND
51 --(II) A RIGHT TO DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A PARTNERSHIP WITH RESPECT TO A
52 PARTNER'S INTEREST IN THE PARTNERSHIP.

53 (B) EXCEPTIONS. THE TERM "DISTRIBUTION RIGHT" DOES NOT INCLUDE-

54 --(I) A RIGHT TO DISTRIBUTIONS WITH RESPECT TO ANY INTEREST WHICH IS
55 JUNIOR TO THE RIGHTS OF THE TRANSFERRED INTEREST,
56 --(II) ANY LIQUIDATION, PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT, OR

1 --(III) ANY RIGHT TO RECEIVE ANY GUARANTEED PAYMENT DESCRIBED IN SECTION
2 707(C) OF A FIXED AMOUNT.

3 (2) LIQUIDATION, ETC. RIGHTS. (A) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "LIQUIDATION,
4 PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT" MEANS ANY LIQUIDATION, PUT, CALL, OR
5 CONVERSION RIGHT, OR ANY SIMILAR RIGHT, THE EXERCISE OR NONEXERCISE OF
6 WHICH AFFECTS THE VALUE OF THE TRANSFERRED INTEREST.

7 (B) EXCEPTION FOR FIXED RIGHTS. (I) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "LIQUIDATION,
8 PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY RIGHT WHICH MUST BE
9 EXERCISED AT A SPECIFIC TIME AND AT A SPECIFIC AMOUNT.

10 (II) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN RIGHTS. IF A RIGHT IS ASSUMED TO BE EXER-
11 CISED IN A PARTICULAR MANNER UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3)(B), SUCH RIGHT
12 SHALL BE TREATED AS SO EXERCISED FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (I).

13 (C) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN RIGHTS TO CONVERT. THE TERM "LIQUIDATION,
14 PUT, CALL, OR CONVERSION RIGHT" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY RIGHT WHICH-

15 --(I) IS A RIGHT TO CONVERT INTO A FIXED NUMBER (OR A FIXED PERCENTAGE)
16 OF SHARES OF THE SAME CLASS OF STOCK IN A CORPORATION AS THE TRANSFERRED
17 STOCK IN SUCH CORPORATION UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) (OR STOCK WHICH WOULD
18 BE OF THE SAME CLASS BUT FOR NONLAPSING DIFFERENCES IN VOTING POWER),

19 --(II) IS NONLAPSING,

20 --(III) IS SUBJECT TO PROPORTIONATE ADJUSTMENTS FOR SPLITS, COMBINA-
21 TIONS, RECLASSIFICATIONS, AND SIMILAR CHANGES IN THE CAPITAL STOCK, AND
22 --(IV) IS SUBJECT TO ADJUSTMENTS SIMILAR TO THE ADJUSTMENTS UNDER
23 SUBSECTION (D) FOR ACCUMULATED BUT UNPAID DISTRIBUTIONS.

24 --A RULE SIMILAR TO THE RULE OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL APPLY FOR
25 PARTNERSHIPS.

26 (3) QUALIFIED PAYMENT. (A) IN GENERAL. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN
27 THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "QUALIFIED PAYMENT" MEANS ANY DIVIDEND PAYABLE
28 ON A PERIODIC BASIS UNDER ANY CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK (OR A COMPARA-
29 BLE PAYMENT UNDER ANY PARTNERSHIP INTEREST) TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH
30 DIVIDEND (OR COMPARABLE PAYMENT) IS DETERMINED AT A FIXED RATE.

31 (B) TREATMENT OF VARIABLE RATE PAYMENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH
32 (A), A PAYMENT SHALL BE TREATED AS FIXED AS TO RATE IF SUCH PAYMENT IS
33 DETERMINED AT A RATE WHICH BEARS A FIXED RELATIONSHIP TO A SPECIFIED
34 MARKET INTEREST RATE.

35 (C) ELECTIONS. (I) IN GENERAL. PAYMENTS UNDER ANY INTEREST HELD BY A
36 TRANSFEROR WHICH (WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH) ARE QUALIFIED
37 PAYMENTS SHALL BE TREATED AS QUALIFIED PAYMENTS UNLESS THE TRANSFEROR
38 ELECTS NOT TO TREAT SUCH PAYMENTS AS QUALIFIED PAYMENTS. PAYMENTS
39 DESCRIBED IN THE PRECEDING SENTENCE WHICH ARE HELD BY AN APPLICABLE
40 FAMILY MEMBER SHALL BE TREATED AS QUALIFIED PAYMENTS ONLY IF SUCH MEMBER
41 ELECTS TO TREAT SUCH PAYMENTS AS QUALIFIED PAYMENTS.

42 (II) ELECTION TO HAVE INTEREST TREATED AS QUALIFIED PAYMENT. A
43 TRANSFEROR OR APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER HOLDING ANY DISTRIBUTION RIGHT
44 WHICH (WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS SUBPARAGRAPH) IS NOT A QUALIFIED PAYMENT
45 MAY ELECT TO TREAT SUCH RIGHT AS A QUALIFIED PAYMENT, TO BE PAID IN THE
46 AMOUNTS AND AT THE TIMES SPECIFIED IN SUCH ELECTION. THE PRECEDING
47 SENTENCE SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT THE AMOUNTS AND TIMES SO
48 SPECIFIED ARE NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THE UNDERLYING LEGAL INSTRUMENT
49 GIVING RISE TO SUCH RIGHT.

50 (III) ELECTIONS IRREVOCABLE. ANY ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH WITH
51 RESPECT TO AN INTEREST SHALL, ONCE MADE, BE IRREVOCABLE.

52 (D) TRANSFER TAX TREATMENT OF CUMULATIVE BUT UNPAID DISTRIBUTIONS. (1)
53 IN GENERAL. IF A TAXABLE EVENT OCCURS WITH RESPECT TO ANY DISTRIBUTION
54 RIGHT TO WHICH SUBSECTION (A)(3)(B) OR (C) APPLIED, THE FOLLOWING SHALL
55 BE INCREASED BY THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2):

1 --(A) THE TAXABLE ESTATE OF THE TRANSFEROR IN THE CASE OF A TAXABLE
2 EVENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (3)(A)(I).
3 --(B) THE TAXABLE GIFTS OF THE TRANSFEROR FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH
4 THE TAXABLE EVENT OCCURS IN THE CASE OF A TAXABLE EVENT DESCRIBED IN
5 PARAGRAPH (3)(A)(II) OR (III).
6 (2) AMOUNT OF INCREASE. (A) IN GENERAL. THE AMOUNT OF THE INCREASE
7 DETERMINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE THE EXCESS (IF ANY) OF-
8 --(I) THE VALUE OF THE QUALIFIED PAYMENTS PAYABLE DURING THE PERIOD
9 BEGINNING ON THE DATE OF THE TRANSFER UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) AND ENDING
10 ON THE DATE OF THE TAXABLE EVENT DETERMINED AS IF-
11 --(I) ALL SUCH PAYMENTS WERE PAID ON THE DATE PAYMENT WAS DUE, AND
12 --(II) ALL SUCH PAYMENTS WERE REINVESTED BY THE TRANSFEROR AS OF THE
13 DATE OF PAYMENT AT A YIELD EQUAL TO THE DISCOUNT RATE USED IN DETERMIN-
14 ING THE VALUE OF THE APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST DESCRIBED IN
15 SUBSECTION (A)(1), OVER
16 (II) THE VALUE OF SUCH PAYMENTS PAID DURING SUCH PERIOD COMPUTED UNDER
17 CLAUSE (I) ON THE BASIS OF THE TIME WHEN SUCH PAYMENTS WERE ACTUALLY
18 PAID.
19 (B) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT OF INCREASE. (I) IN GENERAL. THE AMOUNT OF
20 THE INCREASE UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT EXCEED THE APPLICABLE
21 PERCENTAGE OF THE EXCESS (IF ANY) OF-
22 --(I) THE VALUE (DETERMINED AS OF THE DATE OF THE TAXABLE EVENT) OF ALL
23 EQUITY INTERESTS IN THE ENTITY WHICH ARE JUNIOR TO THE APPLICABLE
24 RETAINED INTEREST, OVER
25 --(II) THE VALUE OF SUCH INTERESTS (DETERMINED AS OF THE DATE OF THE
26 TRANSFER TO WHICH SUBSECTION (A)(1) APPLIED).
27 (II) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE. FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (I), THE APPLICABLE
28 PERCENTAGE IS THE PERCENTAGE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING-
29 --(I) THE NUMBER OF SHARES IN THE CORPORATION HELD (AS OF THE DATE OF
30 THE TAXABLE EVENT) BY THE TRANSFEROR WHICH ARE APPLICABLE RETAINED
31 INTERESTS OF THE SAME CLASS, BY
32 --(II) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES IN SUCH CORPORATION (AS OF SUCH DATE)
33 WHICH ARE OF THE SAME CLASS AS THE CLASS DESCRIBED IN SUBCLAUSE (I).
34 --A SIMILAR PERCENTAGE SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE CASE OF INTERESTS IN A
35 PARTNERSHIP.
36 (III) DEFINITION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE TERM "EQUITY
37 INTEREST" HAS THE MEANING GIVEN SUCH TERM BY SUBSECTION (A)(4)(B).
38 (C) GRACE PERIOD. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), ANY PAYMENT OF ANY
39 DISTRIBUTION DURING THE 4-YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING ON ITS DUE DATE SHALL BE
40 TREATED AS HAVING BEEN MADE ON SUCH DUE DATE.
41 (3) TAXABLE EVENTS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION-
42 (A) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "TAXABLE EVENT" MEANS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
43 --(I) THE DEATH OF THE TRANSFEROR IF THE APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST
44 CONFERRING THE DISTRIBUTION RIGHT IS INCLUDIBLE IN THE ESTATE OF THE
45 TRANSFEROR.
46 --(II) THE TRANSFER OF SUCH APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST.
47 --(III) AT THE ELECTION OF THE TAXPAYER, THE PAYMENT OF ANY QUALIFIED
48 PAYMENT AFTER THE PERIOD DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (2)(C), BUT ONLY WITH
49 RESPECT TO SUCH PAYMENT.
50 (B) EXCEPTION WHERE SPOUSE IS TRANSFEREE. (I) DEATHTIME TRANSFERS
51 --SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(I) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY INTEREST INCLUDIBLE IN THE
52 GROSS ESTATE OF THE TRANSFEROR IF A DEDUCTION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH
53 INTEREST IS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 2056 OR 2106(A)(3).
54 (II) LIFETIME TRANSFERS. A TRANSFER TO THE SPOUSE OF THE TRANSFEROR
55 SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A TAXABLE EVENT UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(II) IF
56 SUCH TRANSFER DOES NOT RESULT IN A TAXABLE GIFT BY REASON OF-

1 --(I) ANY DEDUCTION ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 2523, OR THE EXCLUSION UNDER
2 SECTION 2503(B), OR
3 --(II) CONSIDERATION FOR THE TRANSFER PROVIDED BY THE SPOUSE.
4 (III) SPOUSE SUCCEEDS TO TREATMENT OF TRANSFEROR. IF AN EVENT IS NOT
5 TREATED AS A TAXABLE EVENT BY REASON OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE TRANSFER-
6 EE SPOUSE OR SURVIVING SPOUSE (AS THE CASE MAY BE) SHALL BE TREATED IN
7 THE SAME MANNER AS THE TRANSFEROR IN APPLYING THIS SUBSECTION WITH
8 RESPECT TO THE INTEREST INVOLVED.

9 (4) SPECIAL RULES FOR APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBERS. (A) FAMILY MEMBER
10 TREATED IN SAME MANNER AS TRANSFEROR. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION,
11 AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER SHALL BE TREATED IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE
12 TRANSFEROR WITH RESPECT TO ANY DISTRIBUTION RIGHT RETAINED BY SUCH FAMI-
13 LY MEMBER TO WHICH SUBSECTION (A)(3)(B) OR (C) APPLIED.

14 (B) TRANSFER TO APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER. IN THE CASE OF A TAXABLE
15 EVENT DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (3)(A)(II) INVOLVING THE TRANSFER OF AN
16 APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST TO AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER (OTHER THAN
17 THE SPOUSE OF THE TRANSFEROR), THE APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER SHALL BE
18 TREATED IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE TRANSFEROR IN APPLYING THIS SUBSECTION
19 TO DISTRIBUTIONS ACCUMULATING WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INTEREST AFTER SUCH
20 TAXABLE EVENT.

21 (C) TRANSFER TO TRANSFERORS. IN THE CASE OF A TAXABLE EVENT DESCRIBED
22 IN PARAGRAPH (3)(A)(II) INVOLVING A TRANSFER OF AN APPLICABLE RETAINED
23 INTEREST FROM AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER TO A TRANSFEROR, THIS
24 SUBSECTION SHALL CONTINUE TO APPLY TO THE TRANSFEROR DURING ANY PERIOD
25 THE TRANSFEROR HOLDS SUCH INTEREST.

26 (5) TRANSFER TO INCLUDE TERMINATION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION,
27 ANY TERMINATION OF AN INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER.

28 (E) OTHER DEFINITIONS AND RULES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION-

29 (1) MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. THE TERM "MEMBER OF THE FAMILY" MEANS, WITH
30 RESPECT TO ANY TRANSFEROR-

31 --(A) THE TRANSFEROR'S SPOUSE,
32 --(B) A LINEAL DESCENDANT OF THE TRANSFEROR OR THE TRANSFEROR'S SPOUSE,
33 AND
34 --(C) THE SPOUSE OF ANY SUCH DESCENDANT.

35 (2) APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER. THE TERM "APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER"
36 MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO ANY TRANSFEROR-

37 --(A) THE TRANSFEROR'S SPOUSE,
38 --(B) AN ANCESTOR OF THE TRANSFEROR OR THE TRANSFEROR'S SPOUSE, AND
39 --(C) THE SPOUSE OF ANY SUCH ANCESTOR.

40 (3) ATTRIBUTION OF INDIRECT HOLDINGS AND TRANSFERS. AN INDIVIDUAL
41 SHALL BE TREATED AS HOLDING ANY INTEREST TO THE EXTENT SUCH INTEREST IS
42 HELD INDIRECTLY BY SUCH INDIVIDUAL THROUGH A CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP,
43 TRUST, OR OTHER ENTITY. IF ANY INDIVIDUAL IS TREATED AS HOLDING ANY
44 INTEREST BY REASON OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, ANY TRANSFER WHICH RESULTS
45 IN SUCH INTEREST BEING TREATED AS NO LONGER HELD BY SUCH INDIVIDUAL
46 SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF SUCH INTEREST.

47 (4) EFFECT OF ADOPTION. A RELATIONSHIP BY LEGAL ADOPTION SHALL BE
48 TREATED AS A RELATIONSHIP BY BLOOD.

49 (5) CERTAIN CHANGES TREATED AS TRANSFERS. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN REGU-
50 LATIONS, A CONTRIBUTION TO CAPITAL OR A REDEMPTION, RECAPITALIZATION, OR
51 OTHER CHANGE IN THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF A CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP
52 SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN SUCH ENTITY TO WHICH
53 THIS SECTION APPLIES IF THE TAXPAYER OR AN APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER-

54 --(A) RECEIVES AN APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST IN SUCH ENTITY PURSUANT
55 TO SUCH TRANSACTION, OR

1 --(B) UNDER REGULATIONS, OTHERWISE HOLDS, IMMEDIATELY AFTER SUCH TRANS-
2 ACTION, AN APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST IN SUCH ENTITY.
3 --THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY TRANSACTION (OTHER THAN A
4 CONTRIBUTION TO CAPITAL) IF THE INTERESTS IN THE ENTITY HELD BY THE
5 TRANSFEROR, APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBERS, AND MEMBERS OF THE TRANSFEROR'S
6 FAMILY BEFORE AND AFTER THE TRANSACTION ARE SUBSTANTIALLY IDENTICAL.
7 (6) ADJUSTMENTS. UNDER REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY, IF
8 THERE IS ANY SUBSEQUENT TRANSFER, OR INCLUSION IN THE GROSS ESTATE, OF
9 ANY APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST WHICH WAS VALUED UNDER THE RULES OF
10 SUBSECTION (A), APPROPRIATE ADJUSTMENTS SHALL BE MADE FOR PURPOSES OF
11 CHAPTER 11, 12, OR 13 TO REFLECT THE INCREASE IN THE AMOUNT OF ANY PRIOR
12 TAXABLE GIFT MADE BY THE TRANSFEROR OR DECEDENT BY REASON OF SUCH VALU-
13 ATION OR TO REFLECT THE APPLICATION OF SUBSECTION (D).
14 (7) TREATMENT AS SEPARATE INTERESTS. THE SECRETARY MAY BY REGULATION
15 PROVIDE THAT ANY APPLICABLE RETAINED INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS 2 OR
16 MORE SEPARATE INTERESTS FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.
17 S 2702. SPECIAL VALUATION RULES IN CASE OF TRANSFERS OF INTERESTS IN
18 TRUSTS. (A) VALUATION RULES. (1) IN GENERAL. SOLELY FOR PURPOSES OF
19 DETERMINING WHETHER A TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN TRUST TO (OR FOR THE
20 BENEFIT OF) A MEMBER OF THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY IS A GIFT (AND THE VALUE
21 OF SUCH TRANSFER), THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN SUCH TRUST RETAINED BY
22 THE TRANSFEROR OR ANY APPLICABLE FAMILY MEMBER (AS DEFINED IN SECTION
23 2701(E)(2)) SHALL BE DETERMINED AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2).
24 (2) VALUATION OF RETAINED INTERESTS. (A) IN GENERAL. THE VALUE OF ANY
25 RETAINED INTEREST WHICH IS NOT A QUALIFIED INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS
26 BEING ZERO.
27 (B) VALUATION OF QUALIFIED INTEREST. THE VALUE OF ANY RETAINED INTER-
28 EST WHICH IS A QUALIFIED INTEREST SHALL BE DETERMINED UNDER SECTION
29 7520.
30 (3) EXCEPTIONS. (A) IN GENERAL. THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY
31 TRANSFER-
32 --(I) IF SUCH TRANSFER IS AN INCOMPLETE GIFT,
33 --(II) IF SUCH TRANSFER INVOLVES THE TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN TRUST
34 ALL THE PROPERTY IN WHICH CONSISTS OF A RESIDENCE TO BE USED AS A
35 PERSONAL RESIDENCE BY PERSONS HOLDING TERM INTERESTS IN SUCH TRUST, OR
36 --(III) TO THE EXTENT THAT REGULATIONS PROVIDE THAT SUCH TRANSFER IS NOT
37 INCONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.
38 (B) INCOMPLETE GIFT. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE TERM
39 "INCOMPLETE GIFT" MEANS ANY TRANSFER WHICH WOULD NOT BE TREATED AS A
40 GIFT WHETHER OR NOT CONSIDERATION WAS RECEIVED FOR SUCH TRANSFER.
41 (B) QUALIFIED INTEREST. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "QUALI-
42 FIED INTEREST" MEANS-
43 (1) ANY INTEREST WHICH CONSISTS OF THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE FIXED AMOUNTS
44 PAYABLE NOT LESS FREQUENTLY THAN ANNUALLY,
45 (2) ANY INTEREST WHICH CONSISTS OF THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE AMOUNTS WHICH
46 ARE PAYABLE NOT LESS FREQUENTLY THAN ANNUALLY AND ARE A FIXED PERCENTAGE
47 OF THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY IN THE TRUST (DETERMINED ANNU-
48 ALLY), AND
49 (3) ANY NONCONTINGENT REMAINDER INTEREST IF ALL OF THE OTHER INTERESTS
50 IN THE TRUST CONSIST OF INTERESTS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OR (2).
51 (C) CERTAIN PROPERTY TREATED AS HELD IN TRUST. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
52 SECTION- (1) IN GENERAL. THE TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY WITH
53 RESPECT TO WHICH THERE IS 1 OR MORE TERM INTERESTS SHALL BE TREATED AS A
54 TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN A TRUST.
55 (2) JOINT PURCHASES. IF 2 OR MORE MEMBERS OF THE SAME FAMILY ACQUIRE
56 INTERESTS IN ANY PROPERTY DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) IN THE SAME TRANS-

1 ACTION (OR A SERIES OF RELATED TRANSACTIONS), THE PERSON (OR PERSONS)
2 ACQUIRING THE TERM INTERESTS IN SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING
3 ACQUIRED THE ENTIRE PROPERTY AND THEN TRANSFERRED TO THE OTHER PERSONS
4 THE INTERESTS ACQUIRED BY SUCH OTHER PERSONS IN THE TRANSACTION (OR
5 SERIES OF TRANSACTIONS). SUCH TRANSFER SHALL BE TREATED AS MADE IN
6 EXCHANGE FOR THE CONSIDERATION (IF ANY) PROVIDED BY SUCH OTHER PERSONS
7 FOR THE ACQUISITION OF THEIR INTERESTS IN SUCH PROPERTY.

8 (3) TERM INTEREST. THE TERM "TERM INTEREST" MEANS-

9 (A) A LIFE INTEREST IN PROPERTY, OR

10 (B) AN INTEREST IN PROPERTY FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

11 (4) VALUATION RULE FOR CERTAIN TERM INTERESTS. IF THE NONEXERCISE OF
12 RIGHTS UNDER A TERM INTEREST IN TANGIBLE PROPERTY WOULD NOT HAVE A
13 SUBSTANTIAL EFFECT ON THE VALUATION OF THE REMAINDER INTEREST IN SUCH
14 PROPERTY-

15 (A) SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBSECTION (A)(2) SHALL NOT APPLY TO SUCH TERM
16 INTEREST, AND

17 (B) THE VALUE OF SUCH TERM INTEREST FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING
18 SUBSECTION (A)(1) SHALL BE THE AMOUNT WHICH THE HOLDER OF THE TERM
19 INTEREST ESTABLISHES AS THE AMOUNT FOR WHICH SUCH INTEREST COULD BE SOLD
20 TO AN UNRELATED THIRD PARTY.

21 (D) TREATMENT OF TRANSFERS OF INTERESTS IN PORTION OF TRUST. IN THE
22 CASE OF A TRANSFER OF AN INCOME OR REMAINDER INTEREST WITH RESPECT TO A
23 SPECIFIED PORTION OF THE PROPERTY IN A TRUST, ONLY SUCH PORTION SHALL BE
24 TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN APPLYING THIS SECTION TO SUCH TRANSFER.

25 (E) MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM
26 "MEMBER OF THE FAMILY" SHALL HAVE THE MEANING GIVEN SUCH TERM BY SECTION
27 2704(C)(2).

28 S 2703. CERTAIN RIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS DISREGARDED

29 (A) GENERAL RULE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE VALUE OF ANY
30 PROPERTY SHALL BE DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO-

31 (1) ANY OPTION, AGREEMENT, OR OTHER RIGHT TO ACQUIRE OR USE THE PROP-
32 ERTY AT A PRICE LESS THAN THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY (WITHOUT
33 REGARD TO SUCH OPTION, AGREEMENT, OR RIGHT), OR

34 (2) ANY RESTRICTION ON THE RIGHT TO SELL OR USE SUCH PROPERTY.

35 (B) EXCEPTIONS. SUBSECTION (A) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY OPTION, AGREE-
36 MENT, RIGHT, OR RESTRICTION WHICH MEETS EACH OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIRE-
37 MENTS:

38 (1) IT IS A BONA FIDE BUSINESS ARRANGEMENT.

39 (2) IT IS NOT A DEVICE TO TRANSFER SUCH PROPERTY TO MEMBERS OF THE
40 DECEDENT'S FAMILY FOR LESS THAN FULL AND ADEQUATE CONSIDERATION IN MONEY
41 OR MONEY'S WORTH.

42 (3) ITS TERMS ARE COMPARABLE TO SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY
43 PERSONS IN AN ARMS' LENGTH TRANSACTION

44 S 2704. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LAPSING RIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS. (A)
45 TREATMENT OF LAPSED VOTING OR LIQUIDATION RIGHTS. (1) IN GENERAL. FOR
46 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF-

47 --(A) THERE IS A LAPSE OF ANY VOTING OR LIQUIDATION RIGHT IN A CORPO-
48 RATION OR PARTNERSHIP, AND

49 --(B) THE INDIVIDUAL HOLDING SUCH RIGHT IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE LAPSE AND
50 MEMBERS OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL'S FAMILY HOLD, BOTH BEFORE AND AFTER THE
51 LAPSE, CONTROL OF THE ENTITY,

52 SUCH LAPSE SHALL BE TREATED AS A TRANSFER BY SUCH INDIVIDUAL BY GIFT,
53 OR A TRANSFER WHICH IS INCLUDIBLE IN THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT,
54 WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE, IN THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2).

55 (2) AMOUNT OF TRANSFER. FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1), THE AMOUNT
56 DETERMINED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS THE EXCESS (IF ANY) OF-

1 --(A) THE VALUE OF ALL INTERESTS IN THE ENTITY HELD BY THE INDIVIDUAL
2 DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE LAPSE (DETERMINED AS
3 IF THE VOTING AND LIQUIDATION RIGHTS WERE NONLAPSING), OVER
4 --(B) THE VALUE OF SUCH INTERESTS IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE LAPSE.
5 (3) SIMILAR RIGHTS. THE SECRETARY MAY BY REGULATIONS APPLY THIS
6 SUBSECTION TO RIGHTS SIMILAR TO VOTING AND LIQUIDATION RIGHTS.
7 (B) CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON LIQUIDATION DISREGARDED. (1) IN GENERAL.
8 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF-
9 --(A) THERE IS A TRANSFER OF AN INTEREST IN A CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP
10 TO (OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF) A MEMBER OF THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY, AND
11 --(B) THE TRANSFEROR AND MEMBERS OF THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY HOLD, IMME-
12 DIATELY BEFORE THE TRANSFER, CONTROL OF THE ENTITY,
13 --ANY APPLICABLE RESTRICTION SHALL BE DISREGARDED IN DETERMINING THE
14 VALUE OF THE TRANSFERRED INTEREST.
15 (2) APPLICABLE RESTRICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE TERM
16 "APPLICABLE RESTRICTION" MEANS ANY RESTRICTION-
17 (A) WHICH EFFECTIVELY LIMITS THE ABILITY OF THE CORPORATION OR PART-
18 NERSHIP TO LIQUIDATE, AND
19 (B) WITH RESPECT TO WHICH EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
20 --(I) THE RESTRICTION LAPSES, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, AFTER THE TRANSFER
21 REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (1).
22 --(II) THE TRANSFEROR OR ANY MEMBER OF THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY, EITHER
23 ALONE OR COLLECTIVELY, HAS THE RIGHT AFTER SUCH TRANSFER TO REMOVE, IN
24 WHOLE OR IN PART, THE RESTRICTION.
25 (3) EXCEPTIONS. THE TERM "APPLICABLE RESTRICTION" SHALL NOT INCLUDE-
26 --(A) ANY COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE RESTRICTION WHICH ARISES AS PART OF
27 ANY FINANCING BY THE CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP WITH A PERSON WHO IS NOT
28 RELATED TO THE TRANSFEROR OR TRANSFEREE, OR A MEMBER OF THE FAMILY OF
29 EITHER, OR
30 --(B) ANY RESTRICTION IMPOSED, OR REQUIRED TO BE IMPOSED, BY ANY FEDERAL
31 OR STATE LAW.
32 (4) OTHER RESTRICTIONS. THE SECRETARY MAY BY REGULATIONS PROVIDE THAT
33 OTHER RESTRICTIONS SHALL BE DISREGARDED IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF THE
34 TRANSFER OF ANY INTEREST IN A CORPORATION OR PARTNERSHIP TO A MEMBER OF
35 THE TRANSFEROR'S FAMILY IF SUCH RESTRICTION HAS THE EFFECT OF REDUCING
36 THE VALUE OF THE TRANSFERRED INTEREST FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBTITLE BUT
37 DOES NOT ULTIMATELY REDUCE THE VALUE OF SUCH INTEREST TO THE TRANSFEREE.
38 (C) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION-
39 (1) CONTROL. THE TERM "CONTROL" HAS THE MEANING GIVEN SUCH TERM BY
40 SECTION 2701(B)(2).
41 (2) MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. THE TERM "MEMBER OF THE FAMILY" MEANS, WITH
42 RESPECT TO ANY INDIVIDUAL-
43 (A) SUCH INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE,
44 (B) ANY ANCESTOR OR LINEAL DESCENDANT OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL OR SUCH INDI-
45 VIDUAL'S SPOUSE,
46 (C) ANY BROTHER OR SISTER OF THE INDIVIDUAL, AND
47 (D) ANY SPOUSE OF ANY INDIVIDUAL DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OR
48 (C).
49 (3) ATTRIBUTION. THE RULE OF SECTION 2701(E)(3) SHALL APPLY FOR
50 PURPOSES OF DETERMINING THE INTERESTS HELD BY ANY INDIVIDUAL.
51 S 7872. TREATMENT OF LOANS WITH BELOW-MARKET INTEREST RATES
52 (A) TREATMENT OF GIFT LOANS AND DEMAND LOANS. (1) IN GENERAL. FOR
53 PURPOSES OF THIS TITLE, IN THE CASE OF ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN TO WHICH
54 THIS SECTION APPLIES AND WHICH IS A GIFT LOAN OR A DEMAND LOAN, THE
55 FORGONE INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS-
56 --(A) TRANSFERRED FROM THE LENDER TO THE BORROWER, AND

1 --(B) RETRANSFERRED BY THE BORROWER TO THE LENDER AS INTEREST.
2 (2) TIME WHEN TRANSFERS MADE. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN REGU-
3 LATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY, ANY FORGONE INTEREST ATTRIBUTABLE
4 TO PERIODS DURING ANY CALENDAR YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS TRANSFERRED (AND
5 RETRANSFERRED) UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) ON THE LAST DAY OF SUCH CALENDAR
6 YEAR.
7 (B) TREATMENT OF OTHER BELOW-MARKET LOANS. (1) IN GENERAL. FOR
8 PURPOSES OF THIS TITLE, IN THE CASE OF ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN TO WHICH
9 THIS SECTION APPLIES AND TO WHICH SUBSECTION (A)(1) DOES NOT APPLY, THE
10 LENDER SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING TRANSFERRED ON THE DATE THE LOAN WAS
11 MADE (OR, IF LATER, ON THE FIRST DAY ON WHICH THIS SECTION APPLIES TO
12 SUCH LOAN), AND THE BORROWER SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING RECEIVED ON SUCH
13 DATE, CASH IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE EXCESS OF-
14 --(A) THE AMOUNT LOANED, OVER
15 --(B) THE PRESENT VALUE OF ALL PAYMENTS WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE MADE
16 UNDER THE TERMS OF THE LOAN.
17 (2) OBLIGATION TREATED AS HAVING ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT. FOR PURPOSES
18 OF THIS TITLE-
19 (A) IN GENERAL. ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (1) APPLIES
20 SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO
21 THE EXCESS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1).
22 (B) AMOUNT IN ADDITION TO OTHER ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT. ANY ORIGINAL
23 ISSUE DISCOUNT WHICH A LOAN IS TREATED AS HAVING BY REASON OF SUBPARA-
24 GRAPH (A) SHALL BE IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT ON
25 SUCH LOAN (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO SUBPARAGRAPH (A)).
26 (C) BELOW-MARKET LOANS TO WHICH SECTION APPLIES. (1) IN GENERAL.
27 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION AND SUBSECTION (G), THIS
28 SECTION SHALL APPLY TO-
29 (A) GIFTS. ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN WHICH IS A GIFT LOAN.
30 (B) COMPENSATION-RELATED LOANS. ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN DIRECTLY OR
31 INDIRECTLY BETWEEN-
32 --(I) AN EMPLOYER AND AN EMPLOYEE, OR
33 --(II) AN INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR AND A PERSON FOR WHOM SUCH INDEPENDENT
34 CONTRACTOR PROVIDES SERVICES.
35 (C) CORPORATION-SHAREHOLDER LOANS. ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN DIRECTLY OR
36 INDIRECTLY BETWEEN A CORPORATION AND ANY SHAREHOLDER OF SUCH CORPO-
37 RATION.
38 (D) TAX AVOIDANCE LOANS. ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN 1 OF THE PRINCIPAL
39 PURPOSES OF THE INTEREST ARRANGEMENTS OF WHICH IS THE AVOIDANCE OF ANY
40 FEDERAL TAX.
41 (E) OTHER BELOW-MARKET LOANS. TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN REGULATIONS,
42 ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN WHICH IS NOT DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (A), (B),
43 (C), OR (F) IF THE INTEREST ARRANGEMENTS OF SUCH LOAN HAVE A SIGNIFICANT
44 EFFECT ON ANY FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY OF THE LENDER OR THE BORROWER.
45 (F) LOANS TO QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITIES. ANY LOAN TO ANY
46 QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY PURSUANT TO A CONTINUING CARE
47 CONTRACT.
48 (2) \$10,000 DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION FOR GIFT LOANS BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS.
49 (A) IN GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF ANY GIFT LOAN DIRECTLY BETWEEN INDIVID-
50 UALS, THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY DAY ON WHICH THE AGGREGATE
51 OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF LOANS BETWEEN SUCH INDIVIDUALS DOES NOT EXCEED
52 \$10,000.
53 (B) DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION NOT TO APPLY TO LOANS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ACQUI-
54 SITION OF INCOME-PRODUCING ASSETS.
55 --SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY GIFT LOAN DIRECTLY ATTRIBUT-
56 ABLE TO THE PURCHASE OR CARRYING OF INCOME-PRODUCING ASSETS.

(C) CROSS REFERENCE. FOR LIMITATION ON AMOUNT TREATED AS INTEREST WHERE LOANS DO NOT EXCEED \$100,000, SEE SUBSECTION (D)(1).

(3) \$10,000 DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION FOR COMPENSATION-RELATED AND CORPORATE-SHAREHOLDER LOANS. (A) IN GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF ANY LOAN DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B) OR (C) OF PARAGRAPH (1), THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY DAY ON WHICH THE AGGREGATE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF LOANS BETWEEN THE BORROWER AND LENDER DOES NOT EXCEED \$10,000.

(B) EXCEPTION NOT TO APPLY WHERE 1 OF PRINCIPAL PURPOSES IS TAX AVOIDANCE. SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY LOAN THE INTEREST ARRANGEMENTS OF WHICH HAVE AS 1 OF THEIR PRINCIPAL PURPOSES THE AVOIDANCE OF ANY FEDERAL TAX.

(D) SPECIAL RULES FOR GIFT LOANS. (1) LIMITATION ON INTEREST ACCRUAL FOR PURPOSES OF INCOME TAXES WHERE LOANS DO NOT EXCEED \$100,000. (A) IN GENERAL. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBTITLE A, IN THE CASE OF A GIFT LOAN DIRECTLY BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS, THE AMOUNT TREATED AS RETRANSFERRED BY THE BORROWER TO THE LENDER AS OF THE CLOSE OF ANY YEAR SHALL NOT EXCEED THE BORROWER'S NET INVESTMENT INCOME FOR SUCH YEAR.

(B) LIMITATION NOT TO APPLY WHERE 1 OF PRINCIPAL PURPOSES IS TAX AVOIDANCE. SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY LOAN THE INTEREST ARRANGEMENTS OF WHICH HAVE AS 1 OF THEIR PRINCIPAL PURPOSES THE AVOIDANCE OF ANY FEDERAL TAX.

(C) SPECIAL RULE WHERE MORE THAN 1 GIFT LOAN OUTSTANDING. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), IN ANY CASE IN WHICH A BORROWER HAS OUTSTANDING MORE THAN 1 GIFT LOAN, THE NET INVESTMENT INCOME OF SUCH BORROWER SHALL BE ALLOCATED AMONG SUCH LOANS IN PROPORTION TO THE RESPECTIVE AMOUNTS WHICH WOULD BE TREATED AS RETRANSFERRED BY THE BORROWER WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS PARAGRAPH.

(D) LIMITATION NOT TO APPLY WHERE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF LOANS EXCEED \$100,000. THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY LOAN MADE BY A LENDER TO A BORROWER FOR ANY DAY ON WHICH THE AGGREGATE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF LOANS BETWEEN THE BORROWER AND LENDER EXCEEDS \$100,000.

(E) NET INVESTMENT INCOME. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH-

(I) IN GENERAL. THE TERM "NET INVESTMENT INCOME" HAS THE MEANING GIVEN SUCH TERM BY SECTION 163(D)(4).

(II) DE MINIMIS RULE. IF THE NET INVESTMENT INCOME OF ANY BORROWER FOR ANY YEAR DOES NOT EXCEED \$1,000, THE NET INVESTMENT INCOME OF SUCH BORROWER FOR SUCH YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS ZERO.

(III) ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS TREATED AS INTEREST. IN DETERMINING THE NET INVESTMENT INCOME OF A PERSON FOR ANY YEAR, ANY AMOUNT WHICH WOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE GROSS INCOME OF SUCH PERSON FOR SUCH YEAR BY REASON OF SECTION 1272 IF SUCH SECTION APPLIED TO ALL DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS SHALL BE TREATED AS INTEREST RECEIVED BY SUCH PERSON FOR SUCH YEAR.

(IV) DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS. THE TERM "DEFERRED PAYMENT OBLIGATION" INCLUDES ANY MARKET DISCOUNT BOND, SHORT-TERM OBLIGATION, UNITED STATES SAVINGS BOND, ANNUITY, OR SIMILAR OBLIGATION.

(2) SPECIAL RULE FOR GIFT TAX. IN THE CASE OF ANY GIFT LOAN WHICH IS A TERM LOAN, SUBSECTION (B)(1) (AND NOT SUBSECTION (A)) SHALL APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF CHAPTER 12.

(E) DEFINITIONS OF BELOW-MARKET LOAN AND FORGONE INTEREST. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION-

(1) BELOW-MARKET LOAN. THE TERM "BELOW-MARKET LOAN" MEANS ANY LOAN IF--(A) IN THE CASE OF A DEMAND LOAN, INTEREST IS PAYABLE ON THE LOAN AT A RATE LESS THAN THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE, OR

--(B) IN THE CASE OF A TERM LOAN, THE AMOUNT LOANED EXCEEDS THE PRESENT VALUE OF ALL PAYMENTS DUE UNDER THE LOAN.

1 (2) FORGONE INTEREST. THE TERM "FORGONE INTEREST" MEANS, WITH RESPECT
2 TO ANY PERIOD DURING WHICH THE LOAN IS OUTSTANDING, THE EXCESS OF-
3 --(A) THE AMOUNT OF INTEREST WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN PAYABLE ON THE LOAN
4 FOR THE PERIOD IF INTEREST ACCRUED ON THE LOAN AT THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL
5 RATE AND WERE PAYABLE ANNUALLY ON THE DAY REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION
6 (A)(2), OVER
7 --(B) ANY INTEREST PAYABLE ON THE LOAN PROPERLY ALLOCABLE TO SUCH PERI-
8 OD.
9 (F) OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION-
10 (1) PRESENT VALUE. THE PRESENT VALUE OF ANY PAYMENT SHALL BE DETER-
11 MINED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY-
12 --(A) AS OF THE DATE OF THE LOAN, AND
13 --(B) BY USING A DISCOUNT RATE EQUAL TO THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE.
14 (2) APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE. (A) TERM LOANS. IN THE CASE OF ANY TERM
15 LOAN, THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE SHALL BE THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE
16 IN EFFECT UNDER SECTION 1274(D) (AS OF THE DAY ON WHICH THE LOAN WAS
17 MADE), COMPOUNDED SEMIANNUALLY.
18 (B) DEMAND LOANS. IN THE CASE OF A DEMAND LOAN, THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL
19 RATE SHALL BE THE FEDERAL SHORT-TERM RATE IN EFFECT UNDER SECTION
20 1274(D) FOR THE PERIOD FOR WHICH THE AMOUNT OF FORGONE INTEREST IS BEING
21 DETERMINED, COMPOUNDED SEMIANNUALLY.
22 (3) GIFT LOAN. THE TERM "GIFT LOAN" MEANS ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN WHERE
23 THE FORGOING OF INTEREST IS IN THE NATURE OF A GIFT.
24 (4) AMOUNT LOANED. THE TERM "AMOUNT LOANED" MEANS THE AMOUNT RECEIVED
25 BY THE BORROWER.
26 (5) DEMAND LOAN. THE TERM "DEMAND LOAN" MEANS ANY LOAN WHICH IS PAYA-
27 BLE IN FULL AT ANY TIME ON THE DEMAND OF THE LENDER. SUCH TERM ALSO
28 INCLUDES (FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN DETERMINING THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL
29 RATE UNDER PARAGRAPH (2)) ANY LOAN IF THE BENEFITS OF THE INTEREST
30 ARRANGEMENTS OF SUCH LOAN ARE NOT TRANSFERABLE AND ARE CONDITIONED ON
31 THE FUTURE PERFORMANCE OF SUBSTANTIAL SERVICES BY AN INDIVIDUAL. TO THE
32 EXTENT PROVIDED IN REGULATIONS, SUCH TERM ALSO INCLUDES ANY LOAN WITH AN
33 INDEFINITE MATURITY.
34 (6) TERM LOAN. THE TERM "TERM LOAN" MEANS ANY LOAN WHICH IS NOT A
35 DEMAND LOAN.
36 (7) HUSBAND AND WIFE TREATED AS 1 PERSON. A HUSBAND AND WIFE SHALL BE
37 TREATED AS 1 PERSON.
38 (8) LOANS TO WHICH SECTION 483, 643(I), OR 1274 APPLIES. THIS SECTION
39 SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY LOAN TO WHICH SECTION 483, 643(I), OR 1274
40 APPLIES.
41 (9) NO WITHHOLDING. NO AMOUNT SHALL BE WITHHELD UNDER CHAPTER 24 WITH
42 RESPECT TO-
43 --(A) ANY AMOUNT TREATED AS TRANSFERRED OR RETRANSFERRED UNDER
44 SUBSECTION (A), AND
45 --(B) ANY AMOUNT TREATED AS RECEIVED UNDER SUBSECTION (B).
46 (10) SPECIAL RULE FOR TERM LOANS. IF THIS SECTION APPLIES TO ANY TERM
47 LOAN ON ANY DAY, THIS SECTION SHALL CONTINUE TO APPLY TO SUCH LOAN
48 NOTWITHSTANDING PARAGRAPHS (2) AND (3) OF SUBSECTION (C). IN THE CASE OF
49 A GIFT LOAN, THE PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL ONLY APPLY FOR PURPOSES OF
50 CHAPTER 12.
51 (11) TIME FOR DETERMINING RATE APPLICABLE TO EMPLOYEE RELOCATION
52 LOANS. (A) IN GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF ANY TERM LOAN MADE BY AN EMPLOYER
53 TO AN EMPLOYEE THE PROCEEDS OF WHICH ARE USED BY THE EMPLOYEE TO
54 PURCHASE A PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 121), THE
55 DETERMINATION OF THE APPLICABLE FEDERAL RATE SHALL BE MADE AS OF THE
56 DATE THE WRITTEN CONTRACT TO PURCHASE SUCH RESIDENCE WAS ENTERED INTO.

1 (B) PARAGRAPH ONLY TO APPLY TO CASES TO WHICH SECTION 217 APPLIES.
2 SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL ONLY APPLY TO THE PURCHASE OF A PRINCIPAL RESI-
3 DENCE IN CONNECTION WITH THE COMMENCEMENT OF WORK BY AN EMPLOYEE OR A
4 CHANGE IN THE PRINCIPAL PLACE OF WORK OF AN EMPLOYEE TO WHICH SECTION
5 217 APPLIES.

6 (G) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN LOANS TO QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILI-
7 TIES. (1) IN GENERAL. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY FOR ANY CALENDAR
8 YEAR TO ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN MADE BY A LENDER TO A QUALIFIED CONTINUING
9 CARE FACILITY PURSUANT TO A CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT IF THE LENDER (OR
10 THE LENDER'S SPOUSE) ATTAINS AGE 65 BEFORE THE CLOSE OF SUCH YEAR.

11 (2) \$90,000 LIMIT. PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE EXTENT THAT
12 THE AGGREGATE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF ANY LOAN TO WHICH SUCH PARAGRAPH
13 APPLIES (DETERMINED WITHOUT REGARD TO THIS PARAGRAPH), WHEN ADDED TO THE
14 AGGREGATE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF ALL OTHER PREVIOUS LOANS BETWEEN THE
15 LENDER (OR THE LENDER'S SPOUSE) AND ANY QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACIL-
16 ITY TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (1) APPLIES, DOES NOT EXCEED \$90,000.

17 (3) CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM
18 "CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT" MEANS A WRITTEN CONTRACT BETWEEN AN INDIVID-
19 UAL AND A QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY UNDER WHICH-

20 --(A) THE INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE MAY USE A QUALIFIED CONTINU-
21 ING CARE FACILITY FOR THEIR LIFE OR LIVES,

22 --(B) THE INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE-

23 --(I) WILL FIRST-

24 --(I) RESIDE IN A SEPARATE, INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT WITH ADDITIONAL
25 FACILITIES OUTSIDE SUCH UNIT FOR THE PROVIDING OF MEALS AND OTHER
26 PERSONAL CARE, AND

27 --(II) NOT REQUIRE LONG-TERM NURSING CARE, AND

28 --(II) THEN WILL BE PROVIDED LONG-TERM AND SKILLED NURSING CARE AS THE
29 HEALTH OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE REQUIRES, AND

30 --(C) NO ADDITIONAL SUBSTANTIAL PAYMENT IS REQUIRED IF SUCH INDIVIDUAL
31 OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE REQUIRES INCREASED PERSONAL CARE SERVICES OR
32 LONG-TERM AND SKILLED NURSING CARE.

33 (4) QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY. (A) IN GENERAL. FOR PURPOSES
34 OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY" MEANS 1
35 OR MORE FACILITIES-

36 --(I) WHICH ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE SERVICES UNDER CONTINUING CARE
37 CONTRACTS, AND

38 --(II) SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE RESIDENTS OF WHICH ARE COVERED BY
39 CONTINUING CARE CONTRACTS.

40 (B) SUBSTANTIALLY ALL FACILITIES MUST BE OWNED OR OPERATED BY BORROW-
41 ER. A FACILITY SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE
42 FACILITY UNLESS SUBSTANTIALLY ALL FACILITIES WHICH ARE USED TO PROVIDE
43 SERVICES WHICH ARE REQUIRED TO BE PROVIDED UNDER A CONTINUING CARE
44 CONTRACT ARE OWNED OR OPERATED BY THE BORROWER.

45 (C) NURSING HOMES EXCLUDED. THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACIL-
46 ITY" SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY FACILITY WHICH IS OF A TYPE WHICH IS TRADI-
47 TIONALLY CONSIDERED A NURSING HOME.

48 (5) ADJUSTMENT OF LIMIT FOR INFLATION. (A) IN GENERAL. IN THE CASE OF
49 ANY LOAN MADE DURING ANY CALENDAR YEAR AFTER 1986 TO WHICH PARAGRAPH (1)
50 APPLIES, THE DOLLAR AMOUNT IN PARAGRAPH (2) SHALL BE INCREASED BY THE
51 INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FOR SUCH CALENDAR YEAR. ANY INCREASE UNDER THE
52 PRECEDING SENTENCE SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST MULTIPLE OF \$100 (OR,
53 IF SUCH INCREASE IS A MULTIPLE OF \$50, SUCH INCREASE SHALL BE INCREASED
54 TO THE NEAREST MULTIPLE OF \$100).

(B) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR IS THE PERCENTAGE (IF ANY) BY WHICH-

--(I) THE CPI FOR THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR EXCEEDS

--(II) THE CPI FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1985.

1. FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, THE CPI FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR IS THE AVERAGE OF THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX AS OF THE CLOSE OF THE 12-MONTH PERIOD ENDING ON SEPTEMBER 30 OF SUCH CALENDAR YEAR.

(6) SUSPENSION OF APPLICATION. PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL NOT APPLY FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR TO WHICH SUBSECTION (H) APPLIES.

(H) EXCEPTION FOR LOANS TO QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITIES. (1) IN GENERAL. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY FOR ANY CALENDAR YEAR TO ANY BELOW-MARKET LOAN OWED BY A FACILITY WHICH ON THE LAST DAY OF SUCH YEAR IS A QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY, IF SUCH LOAN WAS MADE PURSUANT TO A CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT AND IF THE LENDER (OR THE LENDER'S SPOUSE) ATTAINS AGE 62 BEFORE THE CLOSE OF SUCH YEAR.

(2) CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "CONTINUING CARE CONTRACT" MEANS A WRITTEN CONTRACT BETWEEN AN INDIVIDUAL AND A QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY UNDER WHICH-

--(A) THE INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE MAY USE A QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY FOR THEIR LIFE OR LIVES,

--(B) THE INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE WILL BE PROVIDED WITH HOUSING, AS APPROPRIATE FOR THE HEALTH OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE-

--(I) IN AN INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT (WHICH HAS ADDITIONAL AVAILABLE FACILITIES OUTSIDE SUCH UNIT FOR THE PROVISION OF MEALS AND OTHER PERSONAL CARE), AND

--(II) IN AN ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY OR A NURSING FACILITY, AS IS AVAILABLE IN THE CONTINUING CARE FACILITY, AND

--(C) THE INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE WILL BE PROVIDED ASSISTED LIVING OR NURSING CARE AS THE HEALTH OF SUCH INDIVIDUAL OR INDIVIDUAL'S SPOUSE REQUIRES, AND AS IS AVAILABLE IN THE CONTINUING CARE FACILITY.

--THE SECRETARY SHALL ISSUE GUIDANCE WHICH LIMITS SUCH TERM TO CONTRACTS WHICH PROVIDE ONLY FACILITIES, CARE, AND SERVICES DESCRIBED IN THIS PARAGRAPH.

(3) QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY. (A) IN GENERAL. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY" MEANS 1 OR MORE FACILITIES-

--(I) WHICH ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE SERVICES UNDER CONTINUING CARE CONTRACTS,

--(II) WHICH INCLUDE AN INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT, PLUS AN ASSISTED LIVING OR NURSING FACILITY, OR BOTH, AND

--(III) SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF THE INDEPENDENT LIVING UNIT RESIDENTS OF WHICH ARE COVERED BY CONTINUING CARE CONTRACTS.

(B) NURSING HOMES EXCLUDED. THE TERM "QUALIFIED CONTINUING CARE FACILITY" SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY FACILITY WHICH IS OF A TYPE WHICH IS TRADITIONALLY CONSIDERED A NURSING HOME.

(I) REGULATIONS. (1) IN GENERAL. THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE SUCH REGULATIONS AS MAY BE NECESSARY OR APPROPRIATE TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING-

--(A) REGULATIONS PROVIDING THAT WHERE, BY REASON OF VARYING RATES OF INTEREST, CONDITIONAL INTEREST PAYMENTS, WAIVERS OF INTEREST, DISPOSITION OF THE LENDER'S OR BORROWER'S INTEREST IN THE LOAN, OR OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION DO NOT CARRY OUT THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION

1 WILL BE MADE TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PURPOSES OF THIS
2 SECTION,
3 --(B) REGULATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASSURING THAT THE POSITIONS OF THE
4 BORROWER AND LENDER ARE CONSISTENT AS TO THE APPLICATION (OR NONAPPLICA-
5 TION) OF THIS SECTION, AND
6 --(C) REGULATIONS EXEMPTING FROM THE APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION ANY
7 CLASS OF TRANSACTIONS THE INTEREST ARRANGEMENTS OF WHICH HAVE NO SIGNIF-
8 ICANT EFFECT ON ANY FEDERAL TAX LIABILITY OF THE LENDER OR THE BORROWER.
9 (2) ESTATE TAX COORDINATION. UNDER REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE
10 SECRETARY, ANY LOAN WHICH IS MADE WITH DONATIVE INTENT AND WHICH IS A
11 TERM LOAN SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT FOR PURPOSES OF CHAPTER 11 IN A
12 MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (B).
13 S 6166. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF ESTATE TAX WHERE ESTATE
14 CONSISTS LARGELY OF INTEREST IN CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS. (A) 5-YEAR DEFER-
15 RAL; 10-YEAR INSTALLMENT PAYMENT.--
16 (1) IN GENERAL.--IF THE VALUE OF AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSI-
17 NESS WHICH IS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE GROSS ESTATE OF A DECEDENT WHO
18 WAS (AT THE DATE OF HIS DEATH) A CITIZEN OR RESIDENT OF THE UNITED
19 STATES EXCEEDS 35 PERCENT OF THE ADJUSTED GROSS ESTATE, THE EXECUTOR MAY
20 ELECT TO PAY PART OR ALL OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 IN 2 OR MORE
21 (BUT NOT EXCEEDING 10) EQUAL INSTALLMENTS.
22 (2) LIMITATION.--THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF TAX WHICH MAY BE PAID IN
23 INSTALLMENTS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE AN AMOUNT WHICH BEARS THE
24 SAME RATIO TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 (REDUCED BY THE CREDITS
25 AGAINST SUCH TAX) AS--
26 (A) THE CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS AMOUNT, BEARS TO
27 (B) THE AMOUNT OF THE ADJUSTED GROSS ESTATE.
28 (3) DATE FOR PAYMENT OF INSTALLMENTS.--IF AN ELECTION IS MADE UNDER
29 PARAGRAPH (1), THE FIRST INSTALLMENT SHALL BE PAID ON OR BEFORE THE DATE
30 SELECTED BY THE EXECUTOR WHICH IS NOT MORE THAN 5 YEARS AFTER THE DATE
31 PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6151(A) FOR PAYMENT OF THE TAX, AND EACH SUCCEED-
32 ING INSTALLMENT SHALL BE PAID ON OR BEFORE THE DATE WHICH IS 1 YEAR
33 AFTER THE DATE PRESCRIBED BY THIS PARAGRAPH FOR PAYMENT OF THE PRECEDING
34 INSTALLMENT.
35 (B) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.--
36 (1) INTEREST IN CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION,
37 THE TERM "INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS" MEANS--
38 (A) AN INTEREST AS A PROPRIETOR IN A TRADE OR BUSINESS CARRIED ON AS A
39 PROPRIETORSHIP;
40 (B) AN INTEREST AS A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP CARRYING ON A TRADE OR
41 BUSINESS, IF--
42 (I) 20 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE TOTAL CAPITAL INTEREST IN SUCH PARTNER-
43 SHIP IS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT, OR
44 (II) SUCH PARTNERSHIP HAD 45 OR FEWER PARTNERS; OR
45 (C) STOCK IN A CORPORATION CARRYING ON A TRADE OR BUSINESS IF--
46 (I) 20 PERCENT OR MORE IN VALUE OF THE VOTING STOCK OF SUCH CORPO-
47 RATION IS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT, OR
48 (II) SUCH CORPORATION HAD 45 OR FEWER SHAREHOLDERS.
49 (2) RULES FOR APPLYING PARAGRAPH (1).--FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)--
50 (A) TIME FOR TESTING.--DETERMINATIONS SHALL BE MADE AS OF THE TIME
51 IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.
52 (B) CERTAIN INTERESTS HELD BY HUSBAND AND WIFE.--STOCK OR A PARTNER-
53 SHIP INTEREST WHICH--
54 (I) IS COMMUNITY PROPERTY OF A HUSBAND AND WIFE (OR THE INCOME FROM
55 WHICH IS COMMUNITY INCOME) UNDER THE APPLICABLE COMMUNITY PROPERTY LAW
56 OF A STATE, OR

(II) IS HELD BY A HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT TENANTS, TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY, OR TENANTS IN COMMON, SHALL BE TREATED AS OWNED BY ONE SHAREHOLDER OR ONE PARTNER, AS THE CASE MAY BE.

(C) INDIRECT OWNERSHIP.--PROPERTY OWNED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OR FOR A CORPORATION, PARTNERSHIP, ESTATE, OR TRUST SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS BEING OWNED PROPORTIONATELY BY OR FOR ITS SHAREHOLDERS, PARTNERS, OR BENEFICIARIES. FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, A PERSON SHALL BE TREATED AS A BENEFICIARY OF ANY TRUST ONLY IF SUCH PERSON HAS A PRESENT INTEREST IN THE TRUST.

(D) CERTAIN INTERESTS HELD BY MEMBERS OF DECEDENT'S FAMILY.--ALL STOCK AND ALL PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS HELD BY THE DECEDENT OR BY ANY MEMBER OF HIS FAMILY (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 267(C)(4)) SHALL BE TREATED AS OWNED BY THE DECEDENT.

(3) FARMHOUSES AND CERTAIN OTHER STRUCTURES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.--FOR PURPOSES OF THE 35-PERCENT REQUIREMENT OF SUBSECTION (A)(1), AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS WHICH IS THE BUSINESS OF FARMING INCLUDES AN INTEREST IN RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AND RELATED IMPROVEMENTS ON THE FARM WHICH ARE OCCUPIED ON A REGULAR BASIS BY THE OWNER OR LESSEE OF THE FARM OR BY PERSONS EMPLOYED BY SUCH OWNER OR LESSEE FOR PURPOSES OF OPERATING OR MAINTAINING THE FARM.

(4) VALUE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, VALUE SHALL BE VALUE DETERMINED FOR PURPOSES OF CHAPTER 11 (RELATING TO ESTATE TAX).

(5) CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS AMOUNT.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS AMOUNT" MEANS THE VALUE OF THE INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1).

(6) ADJUSTED GROSS ESTATE.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM, "ADJUSTED GROSS ESTATE" MEANS THE VALUE OF THE GROSS ESTATE REDUCED BY THE SUM OF THE AMOUNTS ALLOWABLE AS A DEDUCTION UNDER SECTION 2053 OR 2054. SUCH SUM SHALL BE DETERMINED ON THE BASIS OF THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES IN EXISTENCE ON THE DATE (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS) FOR FILING THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 (OR, IF EARLIER, THE DATE ON WHICH SUCH RETURN IS FILED).

(7) PARTNERSHIP INTERESTS AND STOCK WHICH IS NOT READILY TRADABLE.--

(A) IN GENERAL.--IF THE EXECUTOR ELECTS THE BENEFITS OF THIS PARAGRAPH (AT SUCH TIME AND IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE), THEN--

(I) FOR PURPOSES OF PARAGRAPH (1)(B)(I) OR (1)(C)(I) (WHICHEVER IS APPROPRIATE) AND FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (C), ANY CAPITAL INTEREST IN A PARTNERSHIP AND ANY NON-READILY-TRADABLE STOCK WHICH (AFTER THE APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH (2)) IS TREATED AS OWNED BY THE DECEDENT SHALL BE TREATED AS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE,

(II) THE EXECUTOR SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING SELECTED UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3) THE DATE PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6151(A), AND

(III) FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING SECTION 6601(J), THE 2-PERCENT PORTION (AS DEFINED IN SUCH SECTION) SHALL BE TREATED AS BEING ZERO.

(B) NON-READILY-TRADABLE STOCK DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM "NON-READILY-TRADABLE STOCK" MEANS STOCK FOR WHICH, AT THE TIME OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, THERE WAS NO MARKET ON A STOCK EXCHANGE OR IN AN OVER-THE-COUNTER MARKET.

(8) STOCK IN HOLDING COMPANY TREATED AS BUSINESS COMPANY STOCK IN CERTAIN CASES.--

(A) IN GENERAL.--IF THE EXECUTOR ELECTS THE BENEFITS OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THEN--

(I) HOLDING COMPANY STOCK TREATED AS BUSINESS COMPANY STOCK.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE PORTION OF THE STOCK OF ANY HOLDING COMPA-

1 NY WHICH REPRESENTS DIRECT OWNERSHIP (OR INDIRECT OWNERSHIP THROUGH 1 OR
2 MORE OTHER HOLDING COMPANIES) BY SUCH COMPANY IN A BUSINESS COMPANY
3 SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE STOCK IN SUCH BUSINESS COMPANY.
4 (II) 5-YEAR DEFERRAL FOR PRINCIPAL NOT TO APPLY.--THE EXECUTOR SHALL
5 BE TREATED AS HAVING SELECTED UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3) THE DATE
6 PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6151(A).
7 (III) 2-PERCENT INTEREST RATE NOT TO APPLY.--FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING
8 SECTION 6601(J), THE 2-PERCENT PORTION (AS DEFINED IN SUCH SECTION)
9 SHALL BE TREATED AS BEING ZERO.
10 (B) ALL STOCK MUST BE NON-READILY-TRADABLE STOCK.--
11 (I) IN GENERAL.--NO STOCK SHALL BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT FOR PURPOSES OF
12 APPLYING THIS PARAGRAPH UNLESS IT IS NON-READILY-TRADABLE STOCK
13 (WITHIN THE MEANING OF PARAGRAPH (7)(B)).
14 (II) SPECIAL APPLICATION WHERE ONLY HOLDING COMPANY STOCK IS NON-READ-
15 ILY-TRADABLE STOCK.--IF THE REQUIREMENTS OF CLAUSE (I) ARE NOT MET, BUT
16 ALL OF THE STOCK OF EACH HOLDING COMPANY TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IS NON-READ-
17 ILY-TRADABLE, THEN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY, BUT SUBSECTION (A)(1)
18 SHALL BE APPLIED BY SUBSTITUTING "5" FOR "10".
19 (C) APPLICATION OF VOTING STOCK REQUIREMENT OF PARAGRAPH
20 (1)(C)(I).--FOR PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (I) OF PARAGRAPH (1)(C), THE DEEMED
21 STOCK RESULTING FROM THE APPLICATION OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL BE TREAT-
22 ED AS VOTING STOCK TO THE EXTENT THAT VOTING STOCK IN THE HOLDING COMPA-
23 NY OWNS DIRECTLY (OR THROUGH THE VOTING STOCK OF 1 OR MORE OTHER HOLDING
24 COMPANIES) VOTING STOCK IN THE BUSINESS COMPANY.
25 (D) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--
26 (I) HOLDING COMPANY.--THE TERM "HOLDING COMPANY" MEANS ANY CORPORATION
27 HOLDING STOCK IN ANOTHER CORPORATION.
28 (II) BUSINESS COMPANY.--THE TERM "BUSINESS COMPANY" MEANS ANY CORPO-
29 RATION CARRYING ON A TRADE OR BUSINESS.
30 (9) DEFERRAL NOT AVAILABLE FOR PASSIVE ASSETS.--
31 (A) IN GENERAL.--FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (A)(1) AND DETERMINING THE
32 CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS AMOUNT (BUT NOT FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (G)),
33 THE VALUE OF ANY INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS SHALL NOT INCLUDE
34 THE VALUE OF THAT PORTION OF SUCH INTEREST WHICH IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO
35 PASSIVE ASSETS HELD BY THE BUSINESS.
36 (B) PASSIVE ASSET DEFINED.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--
37 (I) IN GENERAL.--THE TERM "PASSIVE ASSET" MEANS ANY ASSET OTHER THAN
38 AN ASSET USED IN CARRYING ON A TRADE OR BUSINESS.
39 (II) STOCK TREATED AS PASSIVE ASSET.--THE TERM "PASSIVE ASSET"
40 INCLUDES ANY STOCK IN ANOTHER CORPORATION UNLESS--
41 (I) SUCH STOCK IS TREATED AS HELD BY THE DECEDENT BY REASON OF AN
42 ELECTION UNDER PARAGRAPH (8), AND
43 (II) SUCH STOCK QUALIFIED UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1).
44 (III) EXCEPTION FOR ACTIVE CORPORATIONS.--IF--
45 (I) A CORPORATION OWNS 20 PERCENT OR MORE IN VALUE OF THE VOTING STOCK
46 OF ANOTHER CORPORATION, OR SUCH OTHER CORPORATION HAS 45 OR FEWER SHARE-
47 HOLDERS, AND
48 (II) 80 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE VALUE OF THE ASSETS OF EACH SUCH CORPO-
49 RATION IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ASSETS USED IN CARRYING ON A TRADE OR BUSI-
50 NESS, THEN SUCH CORPORATIONS SHALL BE TREATED AS 1 CORPORATION FOR
51 PURPOSES OF CLAUSE (II). FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING SUBCLAUSE (II) TO THE
52 CORPORATION HOLDING THE STOCK OF THE OTHER CORPORATION, SUCH STOCK SHALL
53 NOT BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.
54 (10) STOCK IN QUALIFYING LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS TREATED AS STOCK
55 IN AN ACTIVE TRADE OR BUSINESS COMPANY.--

1 (A) IN GENERAL.--IF THE EXECUTOR ELECTS THE BENEFITS OF THIS PARA-
2 GRAPH, THEN--
3 (I) STOCK IN QUALIFYING LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS TREATED AS STOCK
4 IN AN ACTIVE TRADE OR BUSINESS COMPANY.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION,
5 ANY ASSET USED IN A QUALIFYING LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS SHALL BE
6 TREATED AS AN ASSET WHICH IS USED IN CARRYING ON A TRADE OR BUSINESS.
7 (II) 5-YEAR DEFERRAL FOR PRINCIPAL NOT TO APPLY.--THE EXECUTOR SHALL
8 BE TREATED AS HAVING SELECTED UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3) THE DATE
9 PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6151(A).
10 (III) 5 EQUAL INSTALLMENTS ALLOWED.--FOR PURPOSES OF APPLYING
11 SUBSECTION
12 (A)(1), "5" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "10".
13 (B) DEFINITIONS.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH--
14 (I) QUALIFYING LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS.--THE TERM "QUALIFYING
15 LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS" MEANS A LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS, IF--
16 (I) BASED ON ALL THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE
17 DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, THERE WAS SUBSTANTIAL ACTIVITY WITH
18 RESPECT TO THE LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS, OR
19 (II) DURING AT LEAST 3 OF THE 5 TAXABLE YEARS ENDING BEFORE THE DATE
20 OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, SUCH BUSINESS HAD AT LEAST 1 FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE
21 SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF WHOSE SERVICES WERE THE ACTIVE MANAGEMENT OF SUCH
22 BUSINESS, 10 FULL-TIME, NONOWNER EMPLOYEES SUBSTANTIALLY ALL OF WHOSE
23 SERVICES WERE DIRECTLY RELATED TO SUCH BUSINESS, AND \$5,000,000 IN GROSS
24 RECEIPTS FROM ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN CLAUSE (II).
25 (II) LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS.--THE TERM "LENDING AND FINANCE
26 BUSINESS" MEANS A TRADE OR BUSINESS OF--
27 (I) MAKING LOANS,
28 (II) PURCHASING OR DISCOUNTING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NOTES, OR INSTALL-
29 MENT OBLIGATIONS,
30 (III) ENGAGING IN RENTAL AND LEASING OF REAL AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL
31 PROPERTY, INCLUDING ENTERING INTO LEASES AND PURCHASING, SERVICING, AND
32 DISPOSING OF LEASES AND LEASED ASSETS,
33 (IV) RENDERING SERVICES OR MAKING FACILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE ORDINARY
34 COURSE OF A LENDING OR FINANCE BUSINESS, AND
35 (V) RENDERING SERVICES OR MAKING FACILITIES AVAILABLE IN CONNECTION
36 WITH ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED IN SUBCLAUSES (I) THROUGH (IV) CARRIED ON BY
37 THE CORPORATION RENDERING SERVICES OR MAKING FACILITIES AVAILABLE, OR
38 ANOTHER CORPORATION WHICH IS A MEMBER OF THE SAME AFFILIATED GROUP (AS
39 DEFINED IN SECTION 1504 WITHOUT REGARD TO SECTION 1504(B)(3)).
40 (III) LIMITATION.--THE TERM "QUALIFYING LENDING AND FINANCE BUSINESS"
41 SHALL NOT INCLUDE ANY INTEREST IN AN ENTITY, IF THE STOCK OR DEBT OF
42 SUCH ENTITY OR A CONTROLLED GROUP (AS DEFINED IN SECTION 267(F)(1)) OF
43 WHICH SUCH ENTITY WAS A MEMBER WAS READILY TRADABLE ON AN ESTABLISHED
44 SECURITIES MARKET OR SECONDARY MARKET (AS DEFINED BY THE SECRETARY) AT
45 ANY TIME WITHIN 3 YEARS BEFORE THE DATE OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH.
46 (C) SPECIAL RULE FOR INTEREST IN 2 OR MORE CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS-
47 ES.--FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, INTEREST IN 2 OR MORE CLOSELY HELD
48 BUSINESSES, WITH RESPECT TO EACH OF WHICH THERE IS INCLUDED IN DETERMIN-
49 ING THE VALUE OF THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE 20 PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
50 TOTAL VALUE OF EACH SUCH BUSINESS, SHALL BE TREATED AS AN INTEREST IN A
51 SINGLE CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS. FOR PURPOSES OF THE 20-PERCENT REQUIREMENT
52 OF THE PRECEDING SENTENCE, AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS WHICH
53 REPRESENTS THE SURVIVING SPOUSE'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY HELD BY THE DECE-
54 DENT AND THE SURVIVING SPOUSE AS COMMUNITY PROPERTY OR AS JOINT TENANTS,
55 TENANTS BY THE ENTIRETY, OR TENANTS IN COMMON SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING
56 BEEN INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE VALUE OF THE DECEDENT'S GROSS ESTATE.

(D) ELECTION.--ANY ELECTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) SHALL BE MADE NOT LATER THAN THE TIME PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6075(A) FOR FILING THE RETURN OF TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS THEREOF), AND SHALL BE MADE IN SUCH MANNER AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE. IF AN ELECTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) IS MADE, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBTITLE SHALL APPLY AS THOUGH THE SECRETARY WERE EXTENDING THE TIME FOR PAYMENT OF THE TAX.

(E) PRORATION OF DEFICIENCY TO INSTALLMENTS.--IF AN ELECTION IS MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) TO PAY ANY PART OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 IN INSTALLMENTS AND A DEFICIENCY HAS BEEN ASSESSED, THE DEFICIENCY SHALL (SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATION PROVIDED BY SUBSECTION (A)(2)) BE PRORATED TO THE INSTALLMENTS PAYABLE UNDER SUBSECTION (A). THE PART OF THE DEFICIENCY SO PRORATED TO ANY INSTALLMENT THE DATE FOR PAYMENT OF WHICH HAS NOT ARRIVED SHALL BE COLLECTED AT THE SAME TIME AS, AND AS A PART OF, SUCH INSTALLMENT. THE PART OF THE DEFICIENCY SO PRORATED TO ANY INSTALLMENT THE DATE FOR PAYMENT OF WHICH HAS ARRIVED SHALL BE PAID UPON NOTICE AND DEMAND FROM THE SECRETARY. THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE DEFICIENCY IS DUE TO NEGLIGENCE, TO INTENTIONAL DISREGARD OF RULES AND REGULATIONS, OR TO FRAUD WITH INTENT TO EVADE TAX.

(F) TIME FOR PAYMENT OF INTEREST.--IF THE TIME FOR PAYMENT OF ANY AMOUNT OF TAX HAS BEEN EXTENDED UNDER THIS SECTION--

(1) INTEREST FOR FIRST 5 YEARS.--INTEREST PAYABLE UNDER SECTION 6601 OF ANY UNPAID PORTION OF SUCH AMOUNT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE FIRST 5 YEARS AFTER THE DATE PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 6151(A) FOR PAYMENT OF THE TAX SHALL BE PAID ANNUALLY.

(2) INTEREST FOR PERIODS AFTER FIRST 5 YEARS.--INTEREST PAYABLE UNDER SECTION 6601 ON ANY UNPAID PORTION OF SUCH AMOUNT ATTRIBUTABLE TO ANY PERIOD AFTER THE 5-YEAR PERIOD REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (1) SHALL BE PAID ANNUALLY AT THE SAME TIME AS, AND AS A PART OF, EACH INSTALLMENT PAYMENT OF THE TAX.

(3) INTEREST IN THE CASE OF CERTAIN DEFICIENCIES.--IN THE CASE OF A DEFICIENCY TO WHICH SUBSECTION (E) APPLIES WHICH IS ASSESSED AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE 5-YEAR PERIOD REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (1), INTEREST ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH 5-YEAR PERIOD, AND INTEREST ASSIGNED UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) TO ANY INSTALLMENT THE DATE FOR PAYMENT OF WHICH HAS ARRIVED ON OR BEFORE THE DATE OF THE ASSESSMENT OF THE DEFICIENCY, SHALL BE PAID UPON NOTICE AND DEMAND FROM THE SECRETARY.

(4) SELECTION OF SHORTER PERIOD.--IF THE EXECUTOR HAS SELECTED A PERIOD SHORTER THAN 5 YEARS UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3), SUCH SHORTER PERIOD SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR 5 YEARS IN PARAGRAPHS (1), (2), AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

(G) ACCELERATION OF PAYMENT.--

(1) DISPOSITION OF INTEREST; WITHDRAWAL OF FUNDS FROM BUSINESS.--

(A) IF--

(I)(I) ANY PORTION OF AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS WHICH QUALIFIES UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1) IS DISTRIBUTED, SOLD, EXCHANGED, OR OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF, OR

(II) MONEY AND OTHER PROPERTY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH AN INTEREST IS WITHDRAWN FROM SUCH TRADE OR BUSINESS, AND

(II) THE AGGREGATE OF SUCH DISTRIBUTIONS, SALES, EXCHANGES, OR OTHER DISPOSITIONS AND WITHDRAWALS EQUALS OR EXCEEDS 50 PERCENT OF THE VALUE OF SUCH INTEREST, THEN THE EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAX PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (A) SHALL CEASE TO APPLY, AND THE UNPAID PORTION OF THE TAX PAYABLE IN INSTALLMENTS SHALL BE PAID UPON NOTICE AND DEMAND FROM THE SECRETARY.

1 (B) IN THE CASE OF A DISTRIBUTION IN REDEMPTION OF STOCK TO WHICH
2 SECTION 303 (OR SO MUCH OF SECTION 304 AS RELATES TO SECTION 303)
3 APPLIES--

4 (I) THE REDEMPTION OF SUCH STOCK, AND THE WITHDRAWAL OF MONEY AND
5 OTHER PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED IN SUCH REDEMPTION, SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS A
6 DISTRIBUTION OR WITHDRAWAL FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), AND

7 (II) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE VALUE OF THE INTEREST IN
8 THE CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE SUCH VALUE REDUCED
9 BY THE VALUE OF THE STOCK REDEEMED.

10 THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL APPLY ONLY IF, ON OR BEFORE THE DATE
11 PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION (A)(3) FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE FIRST INSTALLMENT
12 WHICH BECOMES DUE AFTER THE DATE OF THE DISTRIBUTION (OR, IF EARLIER, ON
13 OR BEFORE THE DAY WHICH IS 1 YEAR AFTER THE DATE OF THE DISTRIBUTION),
14 THERE IS PAID AN AMOUNT OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 NOT LESS THAN
15 THE AMOUNT OF MONEY AND OTHER PROPERTY DISTRIBUTED.

16 (C) SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(I) DOES NOT APPLY TO AN EXCHANGE OF STOCK PURSU-
17 ANT TO A PLAN OF REORGANIZATION DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (D), (E), OR
18 (F) OF SECTION 368(A)(1) NOR TO AN EXCHANGE TO WHICH SECTION 355 (OR SO
19 MUCH OF SECTION 356 AS RELATES TO SECTION 355) APPLIES; BUT ANY STOCK
20 RECEIVED IN SUCH AN EXCHANGE SHALL BE TREATED FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARA-
21 GRAPH (A)(I) AS AN INTEREST QUALIFYING UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1).

22 (D) SUBPARAGRAPH (A)(I) DOES NOT APPLY TO A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY OF
23 THE DECEDENT TO A PERSON ENTITLED BY REASON OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH TO
24 RECEIVE SUCH PROPERTY UNDER THE DECEDENT'S WILL, THE APPLICABLE LAW OF
25 DESCENT AND DISTRIBUTION, OR A TRUST CREATED BY THE DECEDENT. A SIMILAR
26 RULE SHALL APPLY IN THE CASE OF A SERIES OF SUBSEQUENT TRANSFERS OF THE
27 PROPERTY BY REASON OF DEATH SO LONG AS EACH TRANSFER IS TO A MEMBER OF
28 THE FAMILY (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 267(C)(4)) OF THE TRANSFEROR
29 IN SUCH TRANSFER.

30 (E) CHANGES IN INTEREST IN HOLDING COMPANY.--IF ANY STOCK IN A HOLDING
31 COMPANY IS TREATED AS STOCK IN A BUSINESS COMPANY BY REASON OF
32 SUBSECTION (B)(8)(A)--

33 (I) ANY DISPOSITION OF ANY INTEREST IN SUCH STOCK IN SUCH HOLDING
34 COMPANY WHICH WAS INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE GROSS ESTATE OF THE DECE-
35 DENT, OR

36 (II) ANY WITHDRAWAL OF ANY MONEY OR OTHER PROPERTY FROM SUCH HOLDING
37 COMPANY ATTRIBUTABLE TO ANY INTEREST INCLUDED IN DETERMINING THE GROSS
38 ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT,

39 SHALL BE TREATED FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) AS A DISPOSITION OF
40 (OR A WITHDRAWAL WITH RESPECT TO) THE STOCK QUALIFYING UNDER SUBSECTION
41 (A)(1).

42 (F) CHANGES IN INTEREST IN BUSINESS COMPANY.--IF ANY STOCK IN A HOLD-
43 ING COMPANY IS TREATED AS STOCK IN A BUSINESS COMPANY BY REASON OF
44 SUBSECTION (B)(8)(A)--

45 (I) ANY DISPOSITION OF ANY INTEREST IN SUCH STOCK IN THE BUSINESS
46 COMPANY BY SUCH HOLDING COMPANY, OR

47 (II) ANY WITHDRAWAL OF ANY MONEY OR OTHER PROPERTY FROM SUCH BUSINESS
48 COMPANY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH STOCK BY SUCH HOLDING COMPANY OWNING SUCH
49 STOCK,

50 SHALL BE TREATED FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) AS A DISPOSITION OF
51 (OR A WITHDRAWAL WITH RESPECT TO) THE STOCK QUALIFYING UNDER SUBSECTION
52 (A)(1).

53 (2) UNDISTRIBUTED INCOME OF ESTATE.--

54 (A) IF AN ELECTION IS MADE UNDER THIS SECTION AND THE ESTATE HAS
55 UNDISTRIBUTED NET INCOME FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR ENDING ON OR AFTER THE DUE
56 DATE FOR THE FIRST INSTALLMENT, THE EXECUTOR SHALL, ON OR BEFORE THE

1 DATE PRESCRIBED BY LAW FOR FILING THE INCOME TAX RETURN FOR SUCH TAXABLE
2 YEAR (INCLUDING EXTENSIONS THEREOF), PAY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO SUCH UNDIS-
3 TRIBUTED NET INCOME IN LIQUIDATION OF THE UNPAID PORTION OF THE TAX
4 PAYABLE IN INSTALLMENTS.

5 (B) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A), THE UNDISTRIBUTED NET INCOME OF
6 THE ESTATE FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR IS THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE DISTRIBUTABLE
7 NET INCOME OF THE ESTATE FOR SUCH TAXABLE YEAR (AS DEFINED IN SECTION
8 643) EXCEEDS THE SUM OF--

9 (I) THE AMOUNTS FOR SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SPECIFIED IN PARAGRAPHS (1) AND
10 (2) OF SECTION 661(A) (RELATING TO DEDUCTIONS FOR DISTRIBUTIONS, ETC.);
11 (II) THE AMOUNT OF TAX IMPOSED FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR ON THE ESTATE
12 UNDER CHAPTER 1; AND
13 (III) THE AMOUNT OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 (INCLUDING INTER-
14 EST) PAID BY THE EXECUTOR DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR (OTHER THAN ANY AMOUNT
15 PAID PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH).

16 (C) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, IF ANY STOCK IN A CORPORATION IS
17 TREATED AS STOCK IN ANOTHER CORPORATION BY REASON OF SUBSECTION
18 (B)(8)(A), ANY DIVIDENDS PAID BY SUCH OTHER CORPORATION TO THE CORPO-
19 RATION SHALL BE TREATED AS PAID TO THE ESTATE OF THE DECEDENT TO THE
20 EXTENT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE STOCK QUALIFYING UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1).

21 (3) FAILURE TO MAKE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST.--

22 (A) IN GENERAL.--EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (B), IF ANY
23 PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT PAID ON OR
24 BEFORE THE DATE FIXED FOR ITS PAYMENT BY THIS SECTION (INCLUDING ANY
25 EXTENSION OF TIME), THE UNPAID PORTION OF THE TAX PAYABLE IN INSTALL-
26 MENTS SHALL BE PAID UPON NOTICE AND DEMAND FROM THE SECRETARY.

27 (B) PAYMENT WITHIN 6 MONTHS.--IF ANY PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST
28 UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT PAID ON OR BEFORE THE DATE DETERMINED UNDER
29 SUBPARAGRAPH (A) BUT IS PAID WITHIN 6 MONTHS OF SUCH DATE--

30 (I) THE PROVISIONS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (A) SHALL NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO
31 SUCH PAYMENT,
32 (II) THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 6601(J) SHALL NOT APPLY WITH RESPECT TO
33 THE DETERMINATION OF INTEREST ON SUCH PAYMENT, AND
34 (III) THERE IS IMPOSED A PENALTY IN AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE PRODUCT
35 OF--

36 (I) 5 PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT OF SUCH PAYMENT, MULTIPLIED BY
37 (II) THE NUMBER OF MONTHS (OR FRACTIONS THEREOF) AFTER SUCH DATE AND
38 BEFORE PAYMENT IS MADE. THE PENALTY IMPOSED UNDER CLAUSE (III) SHALL BE
39 TREATED IN THE SAME MANNER AS A PENALTY IMPOSED UNDER SUBCHAPTER B OF
40 CHAPTER 68.

41 (H) ELECTION IN CASE OF CERTAIN DEFICIENCIES.--

42 (1) IN GENERAL.--IF--

43 (A) A DEFICIENCY IN THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001 IS ASSESSED,
44 (B) THE ESTATE QUALIFIES UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(1), AND
45 (C) THE EXECUTOR HAS NOT MADE AN ELECTION UNDER SUBSECTION (A), THE
46 EXECUTOR MAY ELECT TO PAY THE DEFICIENCY IN INSTALLMENTS. THIS
47 SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE DEFICIENCY IS DUE TO NEGLIGENCE, TO
48 INTENTIONAL DISREGARD OF RULES AND REGULATIONS, OR TO FRAUD WITH INTENT
49 TO EVADE TAX.

50 (2) TIME OF ELECTION.--AN ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE MADE
51 NOT LATER THAN 60 DAYS AFTER ISSUANCE OF NOTICE AND DEMAND BY THE SECRE-
52 TARY FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE DEFICIENCY, AND SHALL BE MADE IN SUCH MANNER
53 AS THE SECRETARY SHALL BY REGULATIONS PRESCRIBE.

54 (3) EFFECT OF ELECTION ON PAYMENT.--IF AN ELECTION IS MADE UNDER THIS
55 SUBSECTION, THE DEFICIENCY SHALL (SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATION PROVIDED BY
56 SUBSECTION (A)(2)) BE PRORATED TO THE INSTALLMENTS WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN

DUE IF AN ELECTION HAD BEEN TIMELY MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) AT THE TIME THE ESTATE TAX RETURN WAS FILED. THE PART OF THE DEFICIENCY SO PRORATED TO ANY INSTALLMENT THE DATE FOR PAYMENT OF WHICH WOULD HAVE ARRIVED SHALL BE PAID AT THE TIME OF THE MAKING OF THE ELECTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION. THE PORTION OF THE DEFICIENCY SO PRORATED TO INSTALLMENTS THE DATE FOR PAYMENT OF WHICH WOULD NOT HAVE SO ARRIVED SHALL BE PAID AT THE TIME SUCH INSTALLMENTS WOULD HAVE BEEN DUE IF SUCH AN ELECTION HAD BEEN MADE.

(I) SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN DIRECT SKIPS.--TO THE EXTENT THAT AN INTEREST IN A CLOSELY HELD BUSINESS IS THE SUBJECT OF A DIRECT SKIP (WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 2612(C)) OCCURRING AT THE SAME TIME AS AND AS A RESULT OF THE DECEDENT'S DEATH, THEN FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION ANY TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2601 ON THE TRANSFER OF SUCH INTEREST SHALL BE TREATED AS IF IT WERE ADDITIONAL TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 2001.

(J) REGULATIONS.--THE SECRETARY SHALL PRESCRIBE SUCH REGULATIONS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO THE APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION.

(K) CROSS REFERENCES.--

(1) SECURITY.-- FOR AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY TO REQUIRE SECURITY IN THE CASE OF AN EXTENSION UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SECTION 6165.

(2) LIEN.--FOR SPECIAL LIEN (IN LIEU OF BOND) IN THE CASE OF AN EXTENSION UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SECTION 6324A.

(3) PERIOD OF LIMITATION.--FOR EXTENSION OF THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION IN THE CASE OF AN EXTENSION UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SECTION 6503(D).

(4) INTEREST.--FOR PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST ON TAX PAYABLE IN INSTALLMENTS UNDER THIS SECTION, SEE SUBSECTION (J) OF SECTION 6601.

(5) TRANSFERS WITHIN 3 YEARS OF DEATH.--FOR SPECIAL RULE FOR QUALIFYING AN ESTATE UNDER THIS SECTION WHERE PROPERTY HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED WITHIN 3 YEARS OF DECEDENT'S DEATH, SEE SECTION 2035(C)(2).

S 11. This act shall take effect April 1, 2014 and shall apply to estates of decedents dying on and after that date; provided, however, that the amendments to subsection (c) of section 951 of the tax law made by section one of this act shall not affect the repeal of such subsection and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

PART Y

Section 1. Article 19 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 2. Section 1820 of the tax law is REPEALED.

S 3. Subdivision 1 of section 171-a of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:

1. All taxes, interest, penalties and fees collected or received by the commissioner or the commissioner's duly authorized agent under articles nine (except section one hundred eighty-two-a thereof and except as otherwise provided in section two hundred five thereof), nine-A, twelve-A (except as otherwise provided in section two hundred eighty-four-d thereof), thirteen, thirteen-A (except as otherwise provided in section three hundred twelve thereof), eighteen, [nineteen,] twenty (except as otherwise provided in section four hundred eighty-two thereof), twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-six, twenty-six-B, twenty-eight (except as otherwise provided in section eleven hundred two or eleven hundred three thereof), twenty-eight-A, thirty-one (except as otherwise provided in section fourteen hundred twenty-one thereof), thirty-two, thirty-three and thirty-three-A of this chapter shall be deposited daily in one account with such responsible banks, banking houses or trust companies as may be designated by the comptroller, to the credit of the

1 comptroller. Such an account may be established in one or more of such
2 depositories. Such deposits shall be kept separate and apart from all
3 other money in the possession of the comptroller. The comptroller shall
4 require adequate security from all such depositories. Of the total
5 revenue collected or received under such articles of this chapter, the
6 comptroller shall retain in the comptroller's hands such amount as the
7 commissioner may determine to be necessary for refunds or reimbursements
8 under such articles of this chapter and article ten thereof out of which
9 amount the comptroller shall pay any refunds or reimbursements to which
10 taxpayers shall be entitled under the provisions of such articles of
11 this chapter and article ten thereof. The commissioner and the comp-
12 troller shall maintain a system of accounts showing the amount of reven-
13 ue collected or received from each of the taxes imposed by such arti-
14 cles. The comptroller, after reserving the amount to pay such refunds or
15 reimbursements, shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, pay
16 into the state treasury to the credit of the general fund all revenue
17 deposited under this section during the preceding calendar month and
18 remaining to the comptroller's credit on the last day of such preceding
19 month, (i) except that the comptroller shall pay to the state department
20 of social services that amount of overpayments of tax imposed by article
21 twenty-two of this chapter and the interest on such amount which is
22 certified to the comptroller by the commissioner as the amount to be
23 credited against past-due support pursuant to subdivision six of section
24 one hundred seventy-one-c of this [chapter] ARTICLE, (ii) and except
25 that the comptroller shall pay to the New York state higher education
26 services corporation and the state university of New York or the city
27 university of New York respectively that amount of overpayments of tax
28 imposed by article twenty-two of this chapter and the interest on such
29 amount which is certified to the comptroller by the commissioner as the
30 amount to be credited against the amount of defaults in repayment of
31 guaranteed student loans and state university loans or city university
32 loans pursuant to subdivision five of section one hundred seventy-one-d
33 and subdivision six of section one hundred seventy-one-e of this [chap-
34 ter] ARTICLE, (iii) and except further that, notwithstanding any law,
35 the comptroller shall credit to the revenue arrearage account, pursuant
36 to section ninety-one-a of the state finance law, that amount of over-
37 payment of tax imposed by article nine, nine-A, twenty-two, thirty,
38 thirty-A, thirty-B, thirty-two or thirty-three of this chapter, and any
39 interest thereon, which is certified to the comptroller by the commis-
40 sioner as the amount to be credited against a past-due legally enforcea-
41 ble debt owed to a state agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision
42 six of section one hundred seventy-one-f of this article, provided,
43 however, he shall credit to the special offset fiduciary account, pursu-
44 ant to section ninety-one-c of the state finance law, any such amount
45 creditable as a liability as set forth in paragraph (b) of subdivision
46 six of section one hundred seventy-one-f of this article, (iv) and
47 except further that the comptroller shall pay to the city of New York
48 that amount of overpayment of tax imposed by article nine, nine-A, twen-
49 ty-two, thirty, thirty-A, thirty-B, thirty-two, or thirty-three of this
50 chapter and any interest thereon that is certified to the comptroller by
51 the commissioner as the amount to be credited against city of New York
52 tax warrant judgment debt pursuant to section one hundred seventy-one-l
53 of this article, (v) and except further that the comptroller shall pay
54 to a non-obligated spouse that amount of overpayment of tax imposed by
55 article twenty-two of this chapter and the interest on such amount which
56 has been credited pursuant to section one hundred seventy-one-c, one

1 hundred seventy-one-d, one hundred seventy-one-e, one hundred seventy-
2 one-f or one hundred seventy-one-l of this article and which is certi-
3 fied to the comptroller by the commissioner as the amount due such non-
4 obligated spouse pursuant to paragraph six of subsection (b) of section
5 six hundred fifty-one of this chapter; and (vi) the comptroller shall
6 deduct a like amount which the comptroller shall pay into the treasury
7 to the credit of the general fund from amounts subsequently payable to
8 the department of social services, the state university of New York, the
9 city university of New York, or the higher education services corpo-
10 ration, or the revenue arrearage account or special offset fiduciary
11 account pursuant to section ninety-one-a or ninety-one-c of the state
12 finance law, as the case may be, whichever had been credited the amount
13 originally withheld from such overpayment, and (vii) with respect to
14 amounts originally withheld from such overpayment pursuant to section
15 one hundred seventy-one-l of this article and paid to the city of New
16 York, the comptroller shall collect a like amount from the city of New
17 York.

18 S 4. Section 29 of chapter 912 of the laws of 1920 relating to the
19 regulation of boxing, sparring and wrestling matches, as amended by
20 chapter 833 of the laws of 1987, the section heading and subdivision 1
21 as amended by chapter 437 of the laws of 2002, is amended to read as
22 follows:

23 S 29. Notice of contest or exhibition[; collection of tax]. 1. Every
24 individual, corporation, association or club holding any professional or
25 amateur boxing, sparring or professional wrestling match or exhibition,
26 for which an admission fee is charged or received, shall notify the
27 athletic commission ten days in advance of the holding of such contest.
28 All tickets of admission to any such boxing, sparring or professional
29 wrestling match or exhibition shall be procured from a printer duly
30 authorized by the state athletic commission to print such tickets and
31 shall bear clearly upon the face thereof the purchase price and location
32 of same. Any individual, corporation, association or club failing to
33 fully comply with this section shall be subject to a penalty of fifty
34 dollars to be collected by and paid to the department of state. Any
35 individual, corporation, association or club is prohibited from operat-
36 ing any shows or exhibitions until all penalties due pursuant to this
37 section [and taxes, interest and penalties due pursuant to article nine-
38 teen of the tax law] have been paid.

39 2. [Pursuant to direction by the commissioner of taxation and
40 finance, employees or officers of the athletic commission shall act as
41 agents of the commissioner of taxation and finance to collect the tax
42 imposed by article nineteen of the tax law.] The athletic commission
43 shall provide the commissioner of taxation and finance with such infor-
44 mation and technical assistance as may be necessary for the proper
45 administration of [such tax] STATE AND LOCAL SALES TAXES IMPOSED ON
46 CHARGES FOR ADMISSION TO A PLACE OF AMUSEMENT WHERE ANY SUCH MATCH OR
47 EXHIBITION WILL BE HELD.

48 S 5. Section 30 of chapter 912 of the laws of 1920 relating to the
49 regulation of boxing, sparring and wrestling matches, as amended by
50 chapter 833 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

51 S 30. Disposition of receipts. All receipts of the commission shall be
52 paid into the state treasury. [Provided, however, that receipts from the
53 tax imposed by article nineteen of the tax law shall be deposited as
54 provided by section one hundred seventy-one-a of the tax law.]

55 S 6. Notwithstanding the repeal of article 19 and section 1820 of the
56 tax law by this act, all provisions of such article 19 and section 1820,

1 in respect to the imposition, exemption, assessment, payment, payment
2 over, determination, collection, and credit or refund of tax imposed
3 thereunder, the filing of forms and returns, the preservation of records
4 for the purposes of such tax, the secrecy of returns, the disposition of
5 revenues, and the civil and criminal penalties applicable to the
6 violation of the provisions of such article 19, shall continue in full
7 force and effect with respect to all such tax accrued up to September 1,
8 2014; all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, commenced or
9 authorized to be commenced under or by virtue of any provision of such
10 article 19 so repealed, and pending or able to be commenced prior to the
11 effective date of this act, may be commenced, prosecuted and defended to
12 final effect in the same manner as they might if such provisions were
13 not so repealed.

14 S 7. This act shall take effect September 1, 2014 and the state and
15 local sales taxes arising on the date this act shall have taken effect
16 shall apply to any admission to or the use of facilities of a place of
17 amusement occurring on or after that date, whether or not the admission
18 charge has been paid prior to such date, unless the tickets were actual-
19 ly sold and delivered prior to such date to a person entering such place
20 of amusement on or after such date.

21

PART Z

22 Section 1. Clause (F) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivi-
23 sion b of section 1612 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 174 of the
24 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

25 (F) notwithstanding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of this subpar-
26 agraph, when a vendor track, is located in Sullivan county and within
27 sixty miles from any gaming facility in a contiguous state such vendor
28 fee shall, for a period of [six] SEVEN years commencing April first, two
29 thousand eight, be at a rate of forty-one percent of the total revenue
30 wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to this
31 chapter, after which time such rate shall be as for all tracks in clause
32 (C) of this subparagraph.

33 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to
34 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2014.

35

PART AA

36 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1003 of the
37 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by chapter 174
38 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

39 (a) Any racing association or corporation or regional off-track
40 betting corporation, authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering under
41 this chapter, desiring to display the simulcast of horse races on which
42 pari-mutuel betting shall be permitted in the manner and subject to the
43 conditions provided for in this article may apply to the commission for
44 a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be in such form as
45 may be prescribed by the commission and shall contain such information
46 or other material or evidence as the commission may require. No license
47 shall be issued by the commission authorizing the simulcast transmission
48 of thoroughbred races from a track located in Suffolk county. The fee
49 for such licenses shall be five hundred dollars per simulcast facility
50 and for account wagering licensees that do not operate either a simul-
51 cast facility that is open to the public within the state of New York or
52 a licensed racetrack within the state, twenty thousand dollars per year

1 payable by the licensee to the commission for deposit into the general
2 fund. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall not
3 approve any application to conduct simulcasting into individual or group
4 residences, homes or other areas for the purposes of or in connection
5 with pari-mutuel wagering. The [board] COMMISSION may approve simulcast-
6 ing into residences, homes or other areas to be conducted jointly by one
7 or more regional off-track betting corporations and one or more of the
8 following: a franchised corporation, thoroughbred racing corporation or
9 a harness racing corporation or association; provided (i) the simulcast-
10 ing consists only of those races on which pari-mutuel betting is author-
11 ized by this chapter at one or more simulcast facilities for each of the
12 contracting off-track betting corporations which shall include wagers
13 made in accordance with section one thousand fifteen, one thousand
14 sixteen and one thousand seventeen of this article; provided further
15 that the contract provisions or other simulcast arrangements for such
16 simulcast facility shall be no less favorable than those in effect on
17 January first, two thousand five; (ii) that each off-track betting
18 corporation having within its geographic boundaries such residences,
19 homes or other areas technically capable of receiving the simulcast
20 signal shall be a contracting party; (iii) the distribution of revenues
21 shall be subject to contractual agreement of the parties except that
22 statutory payments to non-contracting parties, if any, may not be
23 reduced; provided, however, that nothing herein to the contrary shall
24 prevent a track from televising its races on an irregular basis primari-
25 ly for promotional or marketing purposes as found by the [board] COMMIS-
26 SION. For purposes of this paragraph, the provisions of section one
27 thousand thirteen of this article shall not apply. Any agreement author-
28 izing an in-home simulcasting experiment commencing prior to May
29 fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-five, may, and all its terms, be
30 extended until June thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN;
31 provided, however, that any party to such agreement may elect to termi-
32 nate such agreement upon conveying written notice to all other parties
33 of such agreement at least forty-five days prior to the effective date
34 of the termination, via registered mail. Any party to an agreement
35 receiving such notice of an intent to terminate, may request the [board]
36 COMMISSION to mediate between the parties new terms and conditions in a
37 replacement agreement between the parties as will permit continuation of
38 an in-home experiment until June thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen]
39 FIFTEEN; and (iv) no in-home simulcasting in the thoroughbred special
40 betting district shall occur without the approval of the regional
41 thoroughbred track.

42 S 2. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section
43 1007 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by
44 section 2 of part U of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to
45 read as follows:

46 (iii) Of the sums retained by a receiving track located in Westchester
47 county on races received from a franchised corporation, for the period
48 commencing January first, two thousand eight and continuing through June
49 thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN, the amount used exclusively
50 for purses to be awarded at races conducted by such receiving track
51 shall be computed as follows: of the sums so retained, two and one-half
52 percent of the total pools. Such amount shall be increased or decreased
53 in the amount of fifty percent of the difference in total commissions
54 determined by comparing the total commissions available after July twen-
55 ty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five to the total commissions that

1 would have been available to such track prior to July twenty-first,
2 nineteen hundred ninety-five.

3 S 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the
4 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3
5 of part U of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as
6 follows:

7 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races
8 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on
9 any day during which a franchised corporation is conducting a race meet-
10 ing in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June
11 thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN and on any day regardless of
12 whether or not a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting in
13 Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack after June thirtieth,
14 two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN. On any day on which a franchised
15 corporation has not scheduled a racing program but a thoroughbred racing
16 corporation located within the state is conducting racing, every off-
17 track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility
18 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that have
19 entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative
20 horsemen's organization, as approved by the [board] COMMISSION), one
21 thousand eight, or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized
22 to accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred
23 tracks located in another state or foreign country subject to the
24 following provisions:

25 S 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering
26 and breeding law, as amended by section 4 of part U of chapter 59 of the
27 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

28 1. The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of
29 races conducted at harness tracks located in another state or country
30 during the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June
31 thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN. This section shall super-
32 sede all inconsistent provisions of this chapter.

33 S 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the
34 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 5
35 of part U of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as
36 follows:

37 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races
38 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on
39 any day during which a franchised corporation is not conducting a race
40 meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June
41 thirtieth, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN. Every off-track betting
42 corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed in
43 accordance with section one thousand seven that have entered into a
44 written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organ-
45 ization as approved by the [board] COMMISSION, one thousand eight or one
46 thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and
47 display the live full-card simulcast signal of thoroughbred tracks
48 (which may include quarter horse or mixed meetings provided that all
49 such wagering on such races shall be construed to be thoroughbred races)
50 located in another state or foreign country, subject to the following
51 provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be
52 required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section
53 one thousand seven of this article:

54 S 6. The opening paragraph of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel
55 wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 6 of part U of chapter
56 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for the period
2 July twenty-fifth, two thousand one through September eighth, two thou-
3 sand [thirteen] FOURTEEN, when a franchised corporation is conducting a
4 race meeting within the state at Saratoga Race Course, every off-track
5 betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility
6 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that has entered
7 into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's
8 organization as approved by the [board] COMMISSION), one thousand eight
9 or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept
10 wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks
11 located in another state, provided that such facility shall accept
12 wagers on races run at all in-state thoroughbred tracks which are
13 conducting racing programs subject to the following provisions;
14 provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a
15 franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section one thousand
16 seven of this article.

17 S 7. Section 32 of chapter 281 of the laws of 1994, amending the
18 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating
19 to simulcasting, as amended by section 7 of part U of chapter 59 of the
20 laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

21 S 32. This act shall take effect immediately and the pari-mutuel tax
22 reductions in section six of this act shall expire and be deemed
23 repealed on July 1, [2014] 2015; provided, however, that nothing
24 contained herein shall be deemed to affect the application, qualifica-
25 tion, expiration, or repeal of any provision of law amended by any
26 section of this act, and such provisions shall be applied or qualified
27 or shall expire or be deemed repealed in the same manner, to the same
28 extent and on the same date as the case may be as otherwise provided by
29 law; provided further, however, that sections twenty-three and twenty-
30 five of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until May 1,
31 1997 and at such time shall be deemed to be repealed.

32 S 8. Section 54 of chapter 346 of the laws of 1990, amending the
33 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to
34 simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, as amended by section
35 8 of part U of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as
36 follows:

37 S 54. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however,
38 sections three through twelve of this act shall take effect on January
39 1, 1991, and section 1013 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breed-
40 ing law, as added by section thirty-eight of this act, shall expire and
41 be deemed repealed on July 1, [2014] 2015; and section eighteen of this
42 act shall take effect on July 1, 2008 and sections fifty-one and fifty-
43 two of this act shall take effect as of the same date as chapter 772 of
44 the laws of 1989 took effect.

45 S 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing,
46 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 9 of part U
47 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

48 (a) The franchised corporation authorized under this chapter to
49 conduct pari-mutuel betting at a race meeting or races run thereat shall
50 distribute all sums deposited in any pari-mutuel pool to the holders of
51 winning tickets therein, provided such tickets be presented for payment
52 before April first of the year following the year of their purchase,
53 less an amount which shall be established and retained by such fran-
54 chised corporation of between twelve to seventeen per centum of the
55 total deposits in pools resulting from on-track regular bets, and four-
56 teen to twenty-one per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting

1 from on-track multiple bets and fifteen to twenty-five per centum of the
2 total deposits in pools resulting from on-track exotic bets and fifteen
3 to thirty-six per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting from
4 on-track super exotic bets, plus the breaks. The retention rate to be
5 established is subject to the prior approval of the [racing and wagering
6 board] GAMING COMMISSION. Such rate may not be changed more than once
7 per calendar quarter to be effective on the first day of the calendar
8 quarter. "Exotic bets" and "multiple bets" shall have the meanings set
9 forth in section five hundred nineteen of this chapter. "Super exotic
10 bets" shall have the meaning set forth in section three hundred one of
11 this chapter. For purposes of this section, a "pick six bet" shall mean
12 a single bet or wager on the outcomes of six races. The breaks are here-
13 by defined as the odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs great-
14 er than one dollar five cents but less than five dollars, over any
15 multiple of ten for payoffs greater than five dollars but less than
16 twenty-five dollars, over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs great-
17 er than twenty-five dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or
18 over any multiple of fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars.
19 Out of the amount so retained there shall be paid by such franchised
20 corporation to the commissioner of taxation and finance, as a reasonable
21 tax by the state for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting on
22 the races run at the race meetings held by such franchised corporation,
23 the following percentages of the total pool for regular and multiple
24 bets five per centum of regular bets and four per centum of multiple
25 bets plus twenty per centum of the breaks; for exotic wagers seven and
26 one-half per centum plus twenty per centum of the breaks, and for super
27 exotic bets seven and one-half per centum plus fifty per centum of the
28 breaks. For the period June first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through
29 September ninth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, such tax on regular
30 wagers shall be three per centum and such tax on multiple wagers shall
31 be two and one-half per centum, plus twenty per centum of the breaks.
32 For the period September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through
33 March thirty-first, two thousand one, such tax on all wagers shall be
34 two and six-tenths per centum and for the period April first, two thou-
35 sand one through December thirty-first, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN,
36 such tax on all wagers shall be one and six-tenths per centum, plus, in
37 each such period, twenty per centum of the breaks. Payment to the New
38 York state thoroughbred breeding and development fund by such franchised
39 corporation shall be one-half of one per centum of total daily on-track
40 pari-mutuel pools resulting from regular, multiple and exotic bets and
41 three per centum of super exotic bets provided, however, that for the
42 period September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thir-
43 ty-first, two thousand one, such payment shall be six-tenths of one per
44 centum of regular, multiple and exotic pools and for the period April
45 first, two thousand one through December thirty-first, two thousand
46 [fourteen] FIFTEEN, such payment shall be seven-tenths of one per centum
47 of such pools.

48 S 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

49 PART BB

50 Section 1. Clause (H) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivi-
51 sion b of section 1612 of the tax law, as separately amended by chapters
52 174 and 175 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

53 (H) notwithstanding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) of
54 this subparagraph, the track operator of a vendor track shall be eligi-

1 ble for a vendor's capital award of up to four percent of the total
2 revenue wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to
3 this chapter, which shall be used exclusively for capital project
4 investments to improve the facilities of the vendor track which promote
5 or encourage increased attendance at the video lottery gaming facility
6 including, but not limited to hotels, other lodging facilities, enter-
7 tainment facilities, retail facilities, dining facilities, events
8 arenas, parking garages and other improvements that enhance facility
9 amenities; provided that such capital investments shall be approved by
10 the division, in consultation with the state racing and wagering board,
11 and that such vendor track demonstrates that such capital expenditures
12 will increase patronage at such vendor track's facilities and increase
13 the amount of revenue generated to support state education programs. The
14 annual amount of such vendor's capital awards that a vendor track shall
15 be eligible to receive shall be limited to two million five hundred
16 thousand dollars, except for Aqueduct racetrack, for which there shall
17 be no vendor's capital awards. Except for tracks having less than one
18 thousand one hundred video gaming machines, and except for a vendor
19 track located west of State Route 14 from Sodus Point to the Pennsylva-
20 nia border within New York, each track operator shall be required to
21 co-invest an amount of capital expenditure equal to its cumulative
22 vendor's capital award. For all tracks, except for Aqueduct racetrack,
23 the amount of any vendor's capital award that is not used during any one
24 year period may be carried over into subsequent years ending before
25 April first, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN. Any amount attributable
26 to a capital expenditure approved prior to April first, two thousand
27 [fourteen] FIFTEEN and completed before April first, two thousand
28 [sixteen] SEVENTEEN; or approved prior to April first, two thousand
29 [eighteen] NINETEEN and completed before April first, two thousand
30 [twenty] TWENTY-ONE for a vendor track located west of State Route 14
31 from Sodus Point to the Pennsylvania border within New York, shall be
32 eligible to receive the vendor's capital award. In the event that a
33 vendor track's capital expenditures, approved by the division prior to
34 April first, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN and completed prior to
35 April first, two thousand [sixteen] SEVENTEEN, exceed the vendor track's
36 cumulative capital award during the five year period ending April first,
37 two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN, the vendor shall continue to receive
38 the capital award after April first, two thousand [fourteen] FIFTEEN
39 until such approved capital expenditures are paid to the vendor track
40 subject to any required co-investment. In no event shall any vendor
41 track that receives a vendor fee pursuant to clause (F) or (G) of this
42 subparagraph be eligible for a vendor's capital award under this
43 section. Any operator of a vendor track which has received a vendor's
44 capital award, choosing to divest the capital improvement toward which
45 the award was applied, prior to the full depreciation of the capital
46 improvement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles,
47 shall reimburse the state in amounts equal to the total of any such
48 awards. Any capital award not approved for a capital expenditure at a
49 video lottery gaming facility by April first, two thousand [fourteen]
50 FIFTEEN shall be deposited into the state lottery fund for education
51 aid; and

52 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

53 PART CC

54 Section 1. Article 12 of the tax law is REPEALED.

1 S 2. Subdivision fourth of section 171 of the tax law is REPEALED.

2 S 3. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section
3 173-a of the tax law is REPEALED.

4 S 4. Section 176 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 267 of the laws
5 of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

6 S 176. Transfer of the powers and duties of the comptroller in
7 relation to the assessment or collection of certain taxes. On and after
8 July first, nineteen hundred twenty-one, all the powers and duties now
9 conferred or imposed upon the state comptroller in relation to the taxa-
10 tion of corporations under articles nine and nine-A of this chapter, in
11 relation to the taxation of transfers of property, under article ten of
12 this chapter, [in relation to the taxation of transfers of stock, under
13 article twelve of this chapter,] and in relation to taxation upon and
14 with respect to personal income, under article sixteen of this chapter
15 (as such article was in effect on December thirtieth, nineteen hundred
16 sixty), shall be transferred to and thereafter shall be exercised and
17 performed by the commissioner, except as powers and duties under any
18 such article are expressly conferred upon or continued in the state
19 comptroller by acts of the legislature of nineteen hundred twenty-one,
20 enacted subsequent to chapter ninety of the laws of nineteen hundred
21 twenty-one.

22 S 5. Subparagraph 5 of paragraph (a) and subparagraph 4-a of paragraph
23 (b) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law, subparagraph 5 of
24 paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, clause (i)
25 of subparagraph 5 as amended by section 2 of part C of chapter 25 of the
26 laws of 2009, and subparagraph 4-a of paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 of
27 section 208 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 760 of the laws of
28 1992, are amended to read as follows:

29 (5) (i) any refund or credit of a tax imposed under this article,
30 article twenty-three, or article thirty-two of this chapter, for which
31 tax no exclusion or deduction was allowed in determining the taxpayer's
32 entire net income under this article, article twenty-three, or article
33 thirty-two of this chapter for any prior year, OR (ii) [a refund or
34 credit of general corporation tax allowed by subdivision eleven of
35 section 11-604 of the administrative code of the city of New York, or
36 (iii)] any refund or credit of a tax imposed under sections one hundred
37 eighty-three, one hundred eighty-three-a, one hundred eighty-four or one
38 hundred eighty-four-a of this chapter, and

39 (4-a)(A) [the entire amount allowable as an exclusion or deduction for
40 stock transfer taxes imposed by article twelve of this chapter in deter-
41 mining the entire taxable income which the taxpayer is required to
42 report to the United States treasury department but only to the extent
43 that such taxes are incurred and paid in market making transactions,
44 (B)] in those instances where a credit for the special additional mort-
45 gage recording tax credit is allowed under paragraph (a) of subdivision
46 seventeen of section two hundred ten of this article, the amount allowed
47 as an exclusion or deduction for the special additional mortgage record-
48 ing tax imposed by subdivision one-a of section two hundred fifty-three
49 of this chapter in determining the entire taxable income which the
50 taxpayer is required to report to the United States treasury department,
51 and [(C)] (B) unless the credit allowed pursuant to subdivision seven-
52 teen of section two hundred ten of this article is reflected in the
53 computation of the gain or loss so as to result in an increase in such
54 gain or decrease of such loss, for federal income tax purposes, from the
55 sale or other disposition of the property with respect to which the
56 special additional mortgage recording tax imposed pursuant to subdivi-

sion one-a of section two hundred fifty-three of this chapter was paid, the amount of the special additional mortgage recording tax imposed by subdivision one-a of section two hundred fifty-three of this chapter which was paid and which is reflected in the computation of the basis of the property so as to result in a decrease in such gain or increase in such loss for federal income tax purposes from the sale or other disposition of the property with respect to which such tax was paid.

S 6. Subdivision 1 of section 472 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 629 of the laws of 1996, and as further amended by section 104 of part A of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

1. The commissioner shall prescribe, prepare and furnish stamps of such denominations and quantities as may be necessary for the payment of the tax on cigarettes imposed by this article, and may from time to time and as often as he deems advisable provide for the issuance and exclusive use of stamps of a new design and forbid the use of stamps of any other design[, in the manner and with the effect provided in section two hundred seventy-four of this chapter]. THE COMMISSIONER MAY MAKE, ENTER INTO AND EXECUTE FOR AND IN BEHALF OF THE STATE SUCH CONTRACT OR CONTRACTS FOR DIES, PLATES AND PRINTING NECESSARY FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF THE STAMPS PROVIDED FOR BY THIS ARTICLE, AND HIRE STAFF AND PROVIDE SUCH STATIONARY TOGETHER WITH SUCH BOOKS AND BLANKS AS IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION MAY BE NECESSARY FOR PUTTING INTO OPERATION THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE; THE COMMISSIONER SHALL BE THE CUSTODIAN OF ALL STAMPS, DIES, PLATES OR OTHER MATERIAL OR THING FURNISHED AND USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SUCH STATE TAX STAMPS, AND ALL EXPENSES INCURRED UNDER THE COMMISSIONER'S DIRECTION IN CARRYING OUT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE PAID TO THE COMMISSIONER BY THE STATE TREASURER FROM ANY MONEYS APPROPRIATED FOR SUCH PURPOSE. The commissioner shall make provisions for the sale of such stamps at such places and at such times as he may deem necessary and may license agents for such purpose. The commissioner may license dealers in cigarettes, who maintain separate warehousing facilities for the purpose of receiving and distributing cigarettes and conducting their business, who have received commitments from at least two cigarette manufacturers whose aggregate market share is at least forty percent of the New York state cigarette market, and importers, exporters and manufacturers of cigarettes, and other persons within or without the state as agents to buy or affix stamps to be used in paying the tax herein imposed, but an agent shall at all times have the right to appoint the person in his employ who is to affix the stamps to any cigarettes under the agent's control. The fee for filing such application for an agent's license shall be one thousand five hundred dollars, unless such fee has been paid during the preceding twelve months, in which case, the fee for a new license shall be one thousand dollars. All of the provisions of section four hundred eighty relating to wholesale dealers' licenses, including the procedure for suspension, revocation, refusal to license and for hearings, except for paragraphs (c) and (g) of subdivision one of such section, shall be applicable to agents' licenses applied for or granted pursuant to this section, as if such provisions had been set forth in full in this subdivision and had expressly referred to the applicant for, or the holder of, an agent's license. Whenever the commissioner shall sell and deliver to any such agent any such stamps, such agent shall be entitled to receive as compensation for his services and expenses as such agent in selling or affixing such stamps, and to retain out of the moneys to be paid by him for such stamps, a commission on the par value thereof. The commissioner is hereby authorized to prescribe a schedule of commissions, not exceed-

1 ing five per centum, allowable to such agent for buying and affixing
2 such stamps. Such schedule shall be uniform with respect to the differ-
3 ent types of stamps used, and may be on a graduated scale with respect
4 to the number of stamps purchased. The commissioner may, in his
5 discretion, permit an agent to pay for such stamps within thirty days
6 after the date of purchase and may require any such agent to file with
7 the department of taxation and finance a bond issued by a surety company
8 approved by the superintendent of financial services as to solvency and
9 responsibility and authorized to transact business in the state or other
10 security acceptable to the commissioner, in such amount as the commis-
11 sioner may fix, to secure the payment of any sums due from such agent
12 pursuant to this article. If securities are deposited as security under
13 this subdivision, such securities shall be kept in the custody of the
14 commissioner and may be sold by the commissioner if it becomes necessary
15 so to do in order to recover any sums due from such agent pursuant to
16 this article, but no such sale shall be had until after such agent shall
17 have had opportunity to litigate the validity of any tax if it elects so
18 to do. Upon any such sale, the surplus, if any, above the sums due under
19 this article shall be returned to such agent.

20 S 7. Section 463 of the banking law, as added by chapter 608 of the
21 laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:

22 S 463. [Exemptions and individual] INDIVIDUAL liability of sharehold-
23 ers. [The transfer of the shares of any credit union shall not be taxa-
24 ble under the provisions of article twelve of the tax law.]

25 The shareholders of a credit union shall not be individually liable
26 for the payment of the credit union's debts.

27 S 8. Subdivision 6 of section 3012 of the public authorities law, as
28 amended by chapter 868 of the laws of 1975, is amended to read as
29 follows:

30 6. Anything in this article ten to the contrary notwithstanding, any
31 agreement or agreements with the holders of notes or bonds issued by any
32 municipal assistance corporation created by or pursuant to any title of
33 this article shall contain a clause stating in substance that any
34 provision in this article or in any such agreement or agreements which
35 relate to taxes imposed under [article twelve or] sections eleven
36 hundred seven or eleven hundred eight of the tax law of the state or to
37 the funds created by sections ninety-two-b, ninety-two-d or ninety-two-e
38 of the state finance law shall be deemed executory only to the extent of
39 the moneys available to the state in such funds from time to time and no
40 liability on account thereof shall be incurred by the state beyond the
41 moneys available in such funds.

42 S 9. Section 92-b of the state finance law is REPEALED.

43 S 10. Section 92-i of the state finance law is REPEALED.

44 S 11. Subparagraph 6 of paragraph j of subdivision 1 of section 54 of
45 the state finance law is REPEALED.

46 S 12. Subdivision (c) of section 11-503 of the administrative code of
47 the city of New York is REPEALED.

48 S 13. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (b) of section 11-506 of the adminis-
49 trative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.

50 S 14. Subdivision (g) of section 11-512 of the administrative code of
51 the city of New York is REPEALED.

52 S 15. Subdivision (g) of section 11-514 of the administrative code of
53 the city of New York is REPEALED.

54 S 16. Clause (A) of subparagraph 4-a of paragraph (b) of subdivision 8
55 of section 11-602 of the administrative code of the city of New York is
56 REPEALED.

1 S 17. Subdivision 11 of section 11-604 of the administrative code of
2 the city of New York is REPEALED.

3 S 18. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 12 of section 11-604 of the admin-
4 istrative code of the city of New York is amended to read as follows:

5 (a) [In addition to the credit allowed by subdivision eleven of this
6 section, a] A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed
7 by this subchapter to be credited or refunded in the manner hereinafter
8 provided in this section. The amount of such credit shall be the excess
9 of (A) the amount of sales and compensating use taxes imposed by section
10 eleven hundred seven of the tax law during the taxpayer's taxable year
11 which became legally due on or after and was paid on or after July
12 first, nineteen hundred seventy-seven, less any credits or refunds of
13 such taxes, with respect to the purchase or use by the taxpayer of
14 machinery or equipment for use or consumption directly and predominantly
15 in the production of tangible personal property, gas, electricity,
16 refrigeration or steam for sale, by manufacturing, processing, generat-
17 ing, assembling, refining, mining or extracting, or telephone central
18 office equipment or station apparatus or comparable telegraph equipment
19 for use directly and predominantly in receiving at destination or initi-
20 ating and switching telephone or telegraph communication, but not
21 including parts with a useful life of one year or less or tools or
22 supplies used in connection with such machinery, equipment or apparatus
23 over (B) the amount of any credit for such sales and compensating use
24 taxes allowed or allowable against the taxes imposed by subchapter two
25 of chapter eleven of this title for any periods embraced within the
26 taxable year of the taxpayer under this subchapter.

27 S 19. Subdivision 3 of section 11-606 of the administrative code of
28 the city of New York is REPEALED.

29 S 20. Subdivision 11 of section 11-608 of the administrative code of
30 the city of New York is REPEALED.

31 S 21. (a) Notwithstanding the repeal of article 12 of the tax law by
32 this act, all provisions of such article 12 and any regulations adopted
33 thereunder, in respect to the assessment, payment, payment over, deter-
34 mination, collection and refund of tax imposed thereunder, the rebates
35 provided for in section 280-a of the tax law, the filing of forms and
36 returns and the preservation of records for the purposes of the tax
37 imposed by article 12, the secrecy of returns, the disposition of reven-
38 ues, and the civil and criminal penalties applicable to the violation of
39 the provisions of such article 12, shall continue in full force and
40 effect with respect to all such tax accrued up to the date this act
41 takes effect; all actions and proceedings, civil or criminal, commenced
42 or authorized to be commenced under or by virtue of any provision of
43 such article 12 so repealed, and pending or able to be commenced prior
44 to the taking effect of such repeal, may be commenced, prosecuted and
45 defended to final effect in the same manner as they might if such
46 provisions were not so repealed.

47 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of law in article 12 of the tax law
48 or subdivision (a) of this section to the contrary, any application for
49 a rebate of tax paid under such article 12 must be filed within two
50 years from the effective date of this act.

51 S 22. This act shall take effect June 1, 2014; provided that section
52 ten of this act shall take effect January 1, 2016.

1 Section 1. Subsection (b) of section 804 of the tax law, as added by
2 section 1 of part C of chapter 25 of the laws of 2009, is amended to
3 read as follows:

4 (b) Individuals with net earnings from self-employment. Individuals
5 with earnings from self-employment must make estimated tax payments of
6 the tax imposed by this article for the taxable year on the same dates
7 specified in [subsection (a) of this section for the quarterly payments
8 of the tax imposed on the payroll expense of employers] PARAGRAPH ONE OF
9 SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER. In
10 addition, these self-employed individuals must file a return for the
11 taxable year by the [thirtieth] FIFTEENTH day of the fourth month
12 following the close of the taxable year. Paragraph one of subsection (d)
13 of section six hundred eighty-five of this chapter shall not apply to
14 the estimated tax payments required by this subsection.

15 S 2. Section 806 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part C of
16 chapter 25 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

17 S 806. Procedural provisions. (A) GENERAL. All provisions of article
18 twenty-two of this chapter will apply to the provisions of this article
19 in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the language
20 of article twenty-two of this chapter had been incorporated in full into
21 this article and had been specifically adjusted for and expressly
22 referred to the tax imposed by this article, except to the extent that
23 any provision is either inconsistent with a provision of this article or
24 is not relevant to this article. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence,
25 no credit against tax in article twenty-two of this chapter can be used
26 to offset the tax due under this article.

27 (B) COMBINED FILINGS. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS
28 ARTICLE:

29 (1) THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE THE FILING OF A COMBINED RETURN
30 WHICH, IN ADDITION TO THE RETURN PROVIDED FOR IN SUBSECTION (B) OF
31 SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE, MAY ALSO INCLUDE ANY OF THE
32 RETURNS REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY A RESIDENT INDIVIDUAL OF NEW YORK STATE
33 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THIS
34 CHAPTER AND WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY SUCH INDIVIDUAL PURSU-
35 ANT TO ANY LOCAL LAW ENACTED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF ARTICLE THIR-
36 TY, THIRTY-A OR THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER.

37 (2) WHERE A COMBINED RETURN IS REQUIRED, AND WITH RESPECT TO THE
38 PAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX, THE COMMISSIONER MAY ALSO REQUIRE THE PAYMENT
39 TO IT OF A SINGLE AMOUNT WHICH SHALL EQUAL THE TOTAL OF THE AMOUNTS
40 (TOTAL TAXES LESS ANY CREDITS OR REFUNDS) WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN REQUIRED
41 TO BE PAID WITH THE RETURNS OR IN PAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX PURSUANT TO
42 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE, THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF
43 THIS CHAPTER, AND THE PROVISIONS OF LOCAL LAWS ENACTED UNDER THE AUTHOR-
44 ITY OF ARTICLE THIRTY, THIRTY-A OR THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER.

45 (3) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner
46 may require that all filings of forms or returns under this article must
47 be filed electronically and all payments of tax must be paid electron-
48 ically.

49 S 3. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 807 to read as
50 follows:

51 S 807. ENFORCEMENT WITH OTHER TAXES. (A) JOINT ASSESSMENT. IF THERE IS
52 ASSESSED A TAX UNDER THIS ARTICLE AND THERE IS ALSO ASSESSED A TAX
53 AGAINST THE SAME TAXPAYER PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER
54 OR UNDER A LOCAL LAW ENACTED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF ARTICLE THIR-
55 TY, ARTICLE THIRTY-A, OR ARTICLE THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER, AND PAYMENT
56 OF A SINGLE AMOUNT IS REQUIRED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE,

1 SUCH PAYMENT SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE TAXES
2 SO ASSESSED IN PROPORTION TO THE AMOUNTS OF SUCH TAXES DUE, INCLUDING
3 TAX, PENALTIES, INTERESTED AND ADDITIONS TO TAX.

4 (B) JOINT ACTION. IF THE COMMISSIONER TAKES ACTION UNDER SUCH ARTICLE
5 TWENTY-TWO OR UNDER A LOCAL LAW ENACTED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF
6 ARTICLE THIRTY, THIRTY-A, OR THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER WITH RESPECT TO
7 THE ENFORCEMENT AND COLLECTION OF THE TAX OR TAXES ASSESSED UNDER SUCH
8 ARTICLES, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, WHENEVER POSSIBLE AND NECESSARY,
9 ACCOMPANY SUCH ACTION WITH A SIMILAR ACTION UNDER SIMILAR ENFORCEMENT
10 AND COLLECTION PROVISIONS OF THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.

11 (C) APPORTIONMENT OF MONEYS COLLECTED BY JOINT ACTION. ANY MONEYS
12 COLLECTED AS A RESULT OF SUCH JOINT ACTION SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN
13 COLLECTED IN PROPORTION TO THE AMOUNTS DUE, INCLUDING TAX, PENALTIES,
14 INTEREST AND ADDITIONS TO TAX, UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER
15 OR UNDER A LOCAL LAW ENACTED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF ARTICLE THIR-
16 TY, THIRTY-A, OR THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER AND THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS
17 ARTICLE.

18 (D) JOINT DEFICIENCY ACTION. WHENEVER THE COMMISSIONER TAKES ANY
19 ACTION WITH RESPECT TO A DEFICIENCY OF INCOME TAX UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-
20 TWO OF THIS CHAPTER OR UNDER A LOCAL LAW ENACTED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHOR-
21 ITY OF ARTICLE THIRTY, THIRTY-A, OR THIRTY-B OF THIS CHAPTER, OTHER THAN
22 THE ACTION SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSIONER
23 MAY IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION ACCOMPANY SUCH ACTION WITH A SIMILAR ACTION
24 UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

25 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years
26 beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

27

PART EE

28 Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 97-nnnn of the state finance law,
29 as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as
30 follows:

31 4. a. As used in this section, the term "base year gaming revenue"
32 shall mean the sum of all revenue generated to support education from
33 video lottery gaming as defined by section sixteen hundred seventeen-a
34 of the tax law in the twelve months preceding the operation of any
35 gaming facility pursuant to either article thirteen of the racing, pari-
36 mutuel wagering and breeding law or pursuant to paragraph four of SUBDI-
37 VISION A OF section [one thousand six] SIXTEEN hundred seventeen-a of
38 the tax law.

39 b. Amounts APPROPRIATED OR transferred in any year to support elemen-
40 tary and secondary education shall be calculated as follows:

41 (i) an amount equal to the positive difference, if any, between the
42 base year gaming revenue amount and the sum of all revenue generated to
43 support education from video lottery gaming as defined by section
44 sixteen hundred seventeen-a of the tax law in the current fiscal year
45 provided that such positive amount, if any, shall be transferred to the
46 state lottery fund[;]. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE CALCU-
47 LATION OF THIS POSITIVE DIFFERENCE SHALL BE ESTIMATED AND TRANSFERRED
48 MONTHLY BASED ON THE CUMULATIVE POSITIVE DIFFERENCE, IF ANY, IN THE SAME
49 CUMULATIVE MONTHS OF THE BASE YEAR AND THE CUMULATIVE MONTHS OF THE
50 CURRENT FISCAL YEAR TO DATE, LESS AMOUNTS PREVIOUSLY TRANSFERRED IN THE
51 CURRENT FISCAL YEAR. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT PREVIOUSLY TRANS-
52 FERRED IN THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR EXCEEDS THE CUMULATIVE POSITIVE
53 DIFFERENCE, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE EXCESS TRANSFERRED MAY BE TRANSFERRED
54 BACK FROM THE STATE LOTTERY FUND; and

(ii) the amount of revenue collected [in the prior state fiscal year,] to be distributed pursuant to paragraph a of subdivision three of this section, and in excess of any amounts transferred pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph [in such prior fiscal year], if any.

c. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, amounts appropriated or transferred from the commercial gaming revenue fund pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall not be included in: (i) the allowable growth amount computed pursuant to paragraph dd of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of the education law, (ii) the preliminary growth amount computed pursuant to paragraph ff of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of the education law, and (iii) the allocable growth amount computed pursuant to paragraph gg of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of the education law.

S 2. Subdivision 5 of section 97-nnnn of the state finance law, as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

5. Notwithstanding the foregoing, monies received pursuant to:

a. sections one thousand three hundred forty-five and one thousand three hundred forty-eight of [this article] THE RACING, PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING AND BREEDING LAW shall be exclusively appropriated to the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services to be used for problem gambling education and treatment purposes.

b. section one thousand three hundred forty-nine of [this article] THE RACING, PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING AND BREEDING LAW shall be exclusively appropriated to the commission for regulatory investigations.

c. section one thousand three hundred fifty of [this article] THE RACING, PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING AND BREEDING LAW shall be exclusively appropriated to the commission for costs regulation.

S 3. Subdivisions (b) and (c) of section 52 of chapter 174 of the laws of 2013 enacting the upstate New York gaming economic development act of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

(b) sections six, seven, fourteen and sixteen of this act shall take effect on the same date as the agreement between the Oneida Nation of New York and the state of New York entered into on the sixteenth day of May, 2013 takes effect; provided, further, that the amendments to subdivision 2 of section 99-h of the state finance law made by section six of this act shall take effect on the same date as the reversion of such section as provided in section 2 of chapter 747 of the laws of 2006, as amended; provided, further, that the amendments to subdivision 3 of section 99-h of the state finance law made by section seven of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision as provided in section 3 of part W of chapter 60 of the laws of 2011, as amended when upon such date the provisions of section seven-a of this act shall take effect; provided, further, that the amendments to subdivision 3 of section 99-h of the state finance law made by section seven-a of this act shall be subject to the the expiration and reversion of such section as provided in section 2 of chapter 747 of the laws of 2006, as amended when upon such date the provisions of section eight of this act shall take effect; [provided, further, however, that the amendment to section 99-h of the state finance law made by section nine of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith;] provided, further, that the state gaming commission shall notify the legislative bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of such agreement between the Oneida Nation and the state of New York becoming effective in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the

1 laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effecting the provisions
2 of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public
3 officers law;

4 (c) section [1368] 1367 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breed-
5 ing law, as added by section two of this act, shall take effect upon a
6 change in federal law authorizing the activity permitted by such section
7 or upon a ruling by a court of competent jurisdiction that such activity
8 is lawful. The state gaming commission shall notify the legislative bill
9 drafting commission upon the occurrence of the change in federal law or
10 upon the ruling of a court of competent jurisdiction in order that the
11 commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of
12 the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of
13 effecting the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and
14 section 70-b of the public officers law;

15 S 4. Subdivision 3-a of section 99-h of the state finance law, as
16 added by chapter 174 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

17 3-a. Ten percent of any of the funds actually received by the state
18 pursuant to the tribal-state compacts and agreements described in subdi-
19 vision two of this section [that are retained in the fund after the
20 distributions required by subdivision three of this section, but] prior
21 to the transfer of unsegregated moneys to the general fund required by
22 such subdivision, shall be distributed to counties in each respective
23 exclusivity zone provided they do not otherwise receive a share of said
24 revenues pursuant to this section. Such distribution shall be made among
25 such counties on a per capita basis, excluding the population of any
26 municipality that receives a distribution pursuant to subdivision three
27 of this section.

28 S 5. Subdivision g of section 1617-a of the tax law, as added by chap-
29 ter 174 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

30 g. Every video lottery gaming license, and every renewal license,
31 shall be valid for a period of five years, except that video gaming
32 licenses issued before the effective date of this subdivision shall be
33 for a term expiring on THE APPLICANT'S NEXT BIRTHDAY FOLLOWING June
34 thirtieth, two thousand fourteen.

35 The gaming commission may decline to renew any license after notice
36 and an opportunity for hearing if it determines that:

37 (1) the licensee has violated section one thousand six hundred seven
38 of this article;

39 (2) the licensee has violated any rule, regulation or order of the
40 gaming commission;

41 (3) the applicant or its officers, directors or significant stockhold-
42 ers, as determined by the gaming commission, have been convicted of a
43 crime involving moral turpitude; or

44 (4) that the character or fitness of the licensee and its officers,
45 directors, and significant stockholders, as determined by the gaming
46 commission is such that the participation of the applicant in video
47 lottery gaming or related activities would be inconsistent with the
48 public interest, convenience or necessity or with the best interests of
49 video gaming generally.

50 S 6. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, that section
51 one of this act shall take effect April 1, 2015; provided, further, that
52 the amendments made to section three of this act shall be deemed to have
53 taken effect on the same date and in the same manner as chapter 174 of
54 the laws of 2013.

1 Section 1. Subsections (yy) and (zz) of section 606 of the tax law, as
2 relettered by section 5 of part H of chapter 1 of the laws of 2003, are
3 relettered (yyy) and (zzz) and a new subsection (bbb) is added to read
4 as follows:

5 (BBB) REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT. (1) AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION:

6 (A) THE TERM "FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET" MEANS A BUDGET OF A TAXING
7 JURISDICTION THAT HAS MET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWEN-
8 TY-THREE-B OF THE EDUCATION LAW OR SECTION THREE-D OF THE GENERAL MUNIC-
9 IPAL LAW, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE.

10 (B) THE TERMS "INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT" AND "DEPENDENT SCHOOL
11 DISTRICT" HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN SECTION THREE-D OF THE
12 GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW.

13 (C) THE TERM "STAR EXEMPTION" MEANS THE SCHOOL TAX RELIEF EXEMPTION
14 AUTHORIZED BY SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX
15 LAW.

16 (D) THE TERM "TAXING JURISDICTION" MEANS A COUNTY, CITY, TOWN,
17 VILLAGE, SCHOOL DISTRICT OR AN INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT, EXCEPT THAT
18 SUCH TERM SHALL NOT INCLUDE A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR
19 MORE, NOR SHALL IT INCLUDE A COUNTY WHOLLY LOCATED WITHIN SUCH A CITY.

20 (2) AN INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER WHO MEETS THE ELIGIBILITY STANDARDS SET
21 FORTH IN PARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS SUBSECTION AND WHOSE PRIMARY RESIDENCE
22 IS LOCATED IN A TAXING JURISDICTION THAT HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET
23 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, TWO THOUSAND
24 FIFTEEN OR TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE, SHALL BE
25 ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE. SUBJECT TO
26 THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH SIX OF THIS SUBSECTION, SUCH CREDIT SHALL BE
27 DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

28 (A) IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER THAN A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS A
29 FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
30 FOURTEEN, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO
31 THOUSAND FOURTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY
32 TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THAT SCHOOL
33 DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN EXCEEDS
34 THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO
35 THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

36 (B) IF A TAXING JURISDICTION, OTHER THAN A SCHOOL DISTRICT OR A CITY
37 WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET FOR ITS
38 FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED
39 FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN THE
40 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY
41 OR ON BEHALF OF THAT TAXING JURISDICTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
42 TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE
43 FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

44 (C) IF A SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER THAN A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS A
45 FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
46 FIFTEEN, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOU-
47 SAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES
48 IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY OR ON BEHALF OF SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR
49 THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROP-
50 erty taxes so imposed for the fiscal year identified as follows:

51 (I) IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
52 TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN WAS FREEZE-COMPLIANT, THE EXCESS SHALL BE DETER-
53 MINED WITH RESPECT TO THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

54 (II) IF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
55 TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN WAS NOT FREEZE-COMPLIANT, THE EXCESS SHALL BE

1 DETERMINED WITH RESPECT TO THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
2 FOURTEEN.

3 (D) IF A TAXING JURISDICTION, OTHER THAN A SCHOOL DISTRICT OR A CITY
4 WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET FOR ITS
5 FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED
6 FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN THE
7 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY
8 OR ON BEHALF OF THAT TAXING JURISDICTION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
9 TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE
10 FISCAL YEAR IDENTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

11 (I) IF THE TAXING JURISDICTION'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING
12 IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WAS FREEZE-COMPLIANT, THE EXCESS SHALL BE DETER-
13 MINED WITH RESPECT TO THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

14 (II) IF THE TAXING JURISDICTION'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING
15 IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN WAS NOT FREEZE-COMPLIANT, THE EXCESS SHALL BE
16 DETERMINED WITH RESPECT TO THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
17 FIFTEEN.

18 (E) IF A CITY WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT
19 BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, A TAX
20 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND FOUR-
21 TEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN THE AMOUNT EQUIVALENT TO SIXTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE
22 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY
23 OR ON BEHALF OF THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
24 FOURTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
25 STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

26 (F) IF A CITY WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT
27 BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A TAX CRED-
28 IT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN
29 TAXABLE YEAR AS FOLLOWS:

30 (I) IF THE CITY'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
31 FOURTEEN WAS FREEZE-COMPLIANT, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGI-
32 BLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN AN AMOUNT EQUIVALENT
33 TO THIRTY-THREE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES
34 IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
35 TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE
36 FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN, TOGETHER WITH AN AMOUNT
37 EQUIVALENT TO SIXTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROP-
38 ERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
39 STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO
40 IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN; AND A
41 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN
42 TAXABLE YEAR IN AN AMOUNT EQUIVALENT TO THIRTY-THREE PERCENT OF THE
43 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY
44 THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS
45 THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO
46 THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

47 (II) IF THE CITY'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
48 FOURTEEN WAS NOT FREEZE-COMPLIANT, A CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE
49 ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR IN AN AMOUNT
50 EQUIVALENT TO SIXTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROP-
51 ERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
52 STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO
53 IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN; AND A
54 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN
55 TAXABLE YEAR IN AN AMOUNT EQUIVALENT TO THIRTY-THREE PERCENT OF THE
56 AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY

1 THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN EXCEEDS
2 THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO
3 THOUSAND FOURTEEN.

4 (G) IF A CITY WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT HAS A FREEZE-COMPLIANT
5 BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN BUT DOES
6 NOT HAVE A FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET FOR ITS FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO
7 THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A TAX CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAY-
8 ER'S TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR AN AMOUNT REPRESENTING
9 THIRTY-THREE PERCENT OF THE AMOUNT BY WHICH THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES
10 IMPOSED UPON SUCH RESIDENCE BY THAT CITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN
11 TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN EXCEEDS THE REAL PROPERTY TAXES SO IMPOSED FOR THE
12 FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN.

13 (3) TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR SUCH CREDIT, THE TAXPAYER (OR TAXPAYERS FILING
14 JOINT RETURNS) MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

15 (A) FOR THE TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN TAXABLE YEAR, THE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
16 RESIDENCE MUST HAVE QUALIFIED FOR THE STAR EXEMPTION FOR THE TWO THOU-
17 SAND FOURTEEN--TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN SCHOOL YEAR, OR WOULD HAVE SO QUALI-
18 FIED IF AN APPLICATION FOR SUCH EXEMPTION HAD BEEN SUBMITTED IN A TIMELY
19 MANNER.

20 (B) FOR THE TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN TAXABLE YEAR, THE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
21 RESIDENCE MUST HAVE QUALIFIED FOR THE STAR EXEMPTION FOR THE TWO THOU-
22 SAND FIFTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN SCHOOL YEAR, OR WOULD HAVE SO QUALI-
23 FIED IF AN APPLICATION FOR SUCH EXEMPTION HAD BEEN SUBMITTED IN A TIMELY
24 MANNER.

25 (C) FOR THE TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN TAXABLE YEAR, THE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
26 RESIDENCE MUST HAVE QUALIFIED FOR THE STAR EXEMPTION FOR THE TWO THOU-
27 SAND SIXTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR, OR WOULD HAVE SO QUALI-
28 FIED IF AN APPLICATION FOR SUCH EXEMPTION HAD BEEN SUBMITTED IN A TIME-
29 LY MANNER.

30 (4) FOR EACH YEAR THIS CREDIT IS ALLOWED, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL
31 DETERMINE THE TAXPAYER'S ELIGIBILITY FOR THIS CREDIT UTILIZING THE
32 INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE COMMISSIONER. WHEN THE COMMISSIONER HAS
33 DETERMINED A TAXPAYER TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR THIS CREDIT, THE COMMISSIONER
34 SHALL ADVANCE A PAYMENT OF THE AMOUNT DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS
35 SUBSECTION. THE TAXPAYER SHALL NOT APPLY FOR SUCH CREDIT IN CONJUNCTION
36 WITH THE FILING OF HIS OR HER RETURN. A TAXPAYER WHO HAS FAILED TO
37 RECEIVE AN ADVANCE PAYMENT THAT HE OR SHE BELIEVES WAS DUE TO HIM OR
38 HER, OR WHO HAS RECEIVED AN ADVANCE PAYMENT THAT HE OR SHE BELIEVES IS
39 LESS THAN THE AMOUNT THAT WAS DUE TO HIM OR HER, MAY REQUEST PAYMENT OF
40 THE CLAIMED DEFICIENCY IN A MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER.

41 (5) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, IF ANY,
42 SHALL EXCEED THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, THE EXCESS SHALL
43 BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN
44 ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS
45 ARTICLE, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

46 (6) THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS SHALL APPLY TO THE CALCULATION OF THE
47 CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS SUBSECTION:

48 (A) IF THE TAX BILL PERTAINING TO THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
49 RESIDENCE INCLUDES TAXES LEVIED BY OR ON BEHALF OF MULTIPLE TAXING
50 JURISDICTIONS, THE CREDIT SHALL BE BASED UPON THE CHANGE IN THE AGGRE-
51 GATE TAX LIABILITY OF SUCH RESIDENCE, PROVIDED THAT ANY TAX APPEARING ON
52 THE TAX BILL THAT IS NOT ATTRIBUTABLE TO A FREEZE-COMPLIANT BUDGET SHALL
53 BE DISREGARDED WHEN DETERMINING THE AGGREGATE TAX LIABILITY OF SUCH
54 RESIDENCE.

55 (B) IF THE TAX BILL PERTAINING TO THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
56 RESIDENCE INCLUDES RELEVIED TAXES OR OTHER TAXES THAT WERE PREVIOUSLY

1 BILLED BUT NOT PAID, THOSE TAXES SHALL BE DISREGARDED WHEN DETERMINING
2 THE AGGREGATE TAX LIABILITY OF SUCH RESIDENCE.

3 (C) IF THE TAX BILL PERTAINING TO THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY
4 RESIDENCE INCLUDES USAGE CHARGES, UNIT CHARGES OR OTHER CHARGES THAT ARE
5 BASED UPON THE CONSUMPTION OF A SERVICE, THOSE CHARGES SHALL BE DISRE-
6 GARDERD WHEN DETERMINING THE AGGREGATE TAX LIABILITY OF SUCH RESIDENCE.

7 (D) NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION, NO
8 CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED TO THE EXTENT THAT THE TAX LIABILITY OF THE
9 ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE INCREASED DUE TO ONE OR MORE OF
10 THE FOLLOWING EVENTS:

11 (I) A PHYSICAL IMPROVEMENT TO THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S PRIMARY RESI-
12 DENCE.

13 (II) A REMOVAL OR REDUCTION OF AN EXEMPTION ON THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAYER'S
14 PRIMARY RESIDENCE, INCLUDING A REDUCTION OF THE STAR EXEMPT AMOUNT
15 CALCULATED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
16 TWENTY-FIVE OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW.

17 (III) A REVALUATION THAT CAUSED THE ASSESSMENT OF THE ELIGIBLE TAXPAY-
18 ER'S PRIMARY RESIDENCE TO INCREASE BY A PERCENTAGE THAT IS GREATER THAN
19 THE APPLICABLE CHANGE IN LEVEL OF ASSESSMENT. AS USED HEREIN, THE TERMS
20 "REVALUATION" AND "CHANGE IN LEVEL OF ASSESSMENT" SHALL HAVE THE SAME
21 MEANINGS AS SET FORTH IN SECTIONS ONE HUNDRED TWO AND TWELVE HUNDRED
22 TWENTY OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, RESPECTIVELY.

23 (E) IN THE CASE OF PROPERTY CONSISTING OF A COOPERATIVE APARTMENT
24 CORPORATION THAT IS DESCRIBED BY PARAGRAPH (K) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF
25 SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, AN ELIGI-
26 BLE OWNER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT IN THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO SIXTY PERCENT
27 OF THE AVERAGE TAX CREDIT IN THAT TAXING JURISDICTION FOR THAT FISCAL
28 YEAR, AS DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSIONER, OR IN THE CASE OF A COOPERATIVE
29 APARTMENT CORPORATION THAT IS DESCRIBED BY SUBPARAGRAPH (IV) OF PARA-
30 GRAPH (K) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE OF THE
31 REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, A CREDIT OF TWENTY PERCENT OF SUCH AVERAGE TAX
32 CREDIT.

33 (F) IN THE CASE OF PROPERTY CONSISTING OF A MOBILE HOME THAT IS
34 DESCRIBED BY PARAGRAPH (L) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED
35 TWENTY-FIVE OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW, AN ELIGIBLE OWNER SHALL BE
36 ALLOWED A CREDIT IN THE AMOUNT EQUAL TO TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE AVER-
37 AGE TAX CREDIT IN THAT TAXING JURISDICTION FOR THAT FISCAL YEAR, AS
38 DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSIONER.

39 (G) IN THE CASE OF A CITY WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, IT SHALL
40 BE PRESUMED THAT SIXTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF THE CITY TAX BILL IS FOR SCHOOL
41 DISTRICT PURPOSES AND THAT THIRTY-THREE PERCENT IS FOR GENERAL CITY
42 PURPOSES.

43 (H) THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST DOLLAR,
44 EXCEPT WHERE SUCH AMOUNT IS GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN ONE DOLLAR
45 AND FIFTY CENTS, IN WHICH CASE THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE ROUNDED
46 UP TO TWO DOLLARS.

47 (7) NO CREDIT SHALL BE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IN RELATION TO
48 PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE.

49 S 2. The education law is amended by adding a new section 2023-b to
50 read as follows:

51 S 2023-B. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH PROPERTY TAX FREEZE
52 REQUIREMENTS. A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF
53 SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THIS PART MUST COMPLY WITH THE
54 REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO RENDER ITS
55 TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY
56 SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW FOR A FISCAL

1 YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN. A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS
2 SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THIS
3 PART MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISIONS TWO AND THREE OF
4 THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO RENDER ITS TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL
5 PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX
6 HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW FOR A FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
7 FIFTEEN.

8 1. DEFINITIONS. AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

9 A. "CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS" MEANS: REORGANIZATIONS OF ELIGIBLE SCHOOL
10 DISTRICTS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS FIFTEEN HUNDRED FIVE, FIFTEEN HUNDRED
11 ELEVEN THROUGH FIFTEEN HUNDRED THIRTEEN, FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWENTY-FOUR,
12 FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWENTY-SIX, SEVENTEEN HUNDRED FIVE, EIGHTEEN HUNDRED ONE
13 THROUGH EIGHTEEN HUNDRED THREE, OR TWENTY-TWO HUNDRED EIGHTEEN OF THE
14 EDUCATION LAW; OR REORGANIZATIONS, CONSOLIDATIONS, OR DISSOLUTIONS OF
15 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN WHICH ONE OR MORE ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS
16 ARE TERMINATED AND ANOTHER ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSUMES JURISDICTION
17 OVER THE TERMINATED SCHOOL DISTRICT OR DISTRICTS PURSUANT TO ANY OTHER
18 PROVISION OF LAW.

19 B. "ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT" MEANS A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT
20 TO SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THIS PART, BUT SHALL NOT MEAN
21 A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT TO ARTICLE FIFTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER.

22 C. "EFFICIENCY PLAN" MEANS A PLAN THAT IDENTIFIES SHARED SERVICES
23 ACTIONS AND/OR CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS TO BE FULLY IMPLEMENTED BY ALL
24 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN A BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES
25 DISTRICT THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO THE PLAN.

26 D. "LEAD DISTRICT" MEANS THE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT IN EACH BOARD
27 OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES DISTRICT WITH THE HIGHEST PUPIL
28 ENROLLMENT AS REPORTED TO THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT FOR THE TWO
29 THOUSAND THIRTEEN--TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN SCHOOL YEAR THAT HAS ELECTED TO
30 PARTICIPATE IN THE PREPARATION OF AN EFFICIENCY PLAN.

31 E. "SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS" MEANS FUNCTIONAL CONSOLIDATIONS BY WHICH
32 ONE ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPLETELY PROVIDES A SERVICE OR FUNCTION
33 FOR ANOTHER ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, WHICH NO LONGER ENGAGES IN THAT
34 FUNCTION OR SERVICE; SHARED OR COOPERATIVE SERVICES BETWEEN AND AMONG
35 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AND REGIONALIZED DELIVERY OF SERVICES BETWEEN
36 AND AMONG ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS. THESE SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS MAY
37 BE FOR SERVICES OR FUNCTIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: PROCUREMENT,
38 REAL ESTATE AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT, FLEET MANAGEMENT, BUSINESS AND
39 FINANCIAL SERVICES, ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES, PAYROLL ADMINISTRATION,
40 TIME AND ATTENDANCE, BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER TRANSACTIONAL
41 HUMAN RESOURCES FUNCTIONS, CONTRACT MANAGEMENT, GRANTS MANAGEMENT,
42 TRANSPORTATION SERVICES, FACILITIES AND FUNCTIONS, HUMAN SERVICES FACIL-
43 ITIES AND FUNCTIONS, CUSTOMER SERVICE FACILITIES AND FUNCTIONS AND
44 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE, PROCESSES, SERVICES AND FUNC-
45 TIONS.

46 2. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH TAX LEVY LIMIT. A. UPON THE
47 ADOPTION OF THE BUDGET OF AN ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE CHIEF EXECU-
48 TIVE OFFICER OF SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT SHALL CERTIFY TO THE STATE COMP-
49 TROLLER, THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AND THE COMMISSIONER
50 THAT THE BUDGET SO ADOPTED DOES NOT EXCEED THE TAX LEVY LIMIT PRESCRIBED
51 BY SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THIS PART. SUCH CERTIFICATION
52 SHALL BE MADE IN A FORM AND MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE COMPTROLLER
53 IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AND THE
54 COMMISSIONER.

55 B. IN ORDER FOR SUCH CERTIFICATION TO GIVE RISE TO A REAL PROPERTY TAX
56 FREEZE CREDIT UNDER SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THE

1 TAX LAW, SUCH CERTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE NO LATER THAN THE TWENTY-FIRST
2 DAY OF THE FISCAL YEAR TO WHICH IT APPLIES.

3 C. IF SUCH A CERTIFICATION HAS BEEN MADE AND THE ACTUAL TAX LEVY OF
4 THE SCHOOL DISTRICT EXCEEDS THE APPLICABLE TAX LEVY LIMIT, THE EXCESS
5 AMOUNT SHALL BE PLACED IN RESERVE AND USED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY
6 SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-THREE-A OF THIS PART,
7 EVEN IF A TAX LEVY IN EXCESS OF THE TAX LEVY LIMIT HAD BEEN DULY AUTHOR-
8 IZED FOR THE APPLICABLE FISCAL YEAR BY THE SCHOOL DISTRICT VOTERS.

9 D. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, EVERY SCHOOL
10 DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION TWO THOUSAND TWEN-
11 TY-THREE-A OF THIS PART SHALL REPORT BOTH ITS PROPOSED BUDGET AND ITS
12 ADOPTED BUDGET TO THE OFFICE OF THE STATE COMPTROLLER AND THE COMMIS-
13 SIONER AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER AS THEY MAY PRESCRIBE, WHETHER OR
14 NOT SUCH BUDGET HAS BEEN OR WILL BE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED BY THIS SUBDI-
15 VISION.

16 3. SCHOOL DISTRICT EFFICIENCY PLANS. A. THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EACH
17 LEAD DISTRICT SHALL SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE BY JUNE FIRST, TWO
18 THOUSAND FIFTEEN, AN EFFICIENCY PLAN THAT IF FULLY IMPLEMENTED WILL
19 RESULT IN SAVINGS OVER THE AGGREGATE TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN--TWO THOUSAND
20 FIFTEEN SCHOOL YEAR TAX LEVIES FOR ALL ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT
21 ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN OF (1) AT LEAST ONE PERCENT IN THE TWO
22 THOUSAND SIXTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR; (2) AT LEAST TWO
23 PERCENT IN THE TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN--TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN SCHOOL
24 YEAR; AND (3) AT LEAST THREE PERCENT IN THE TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN--TWO
25 THOUSAND NINETEEN SCHOOL YEAR.

26 (I) THE SUPERINTENDENT OF EACH ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A
27 SIGNATORY TO AN EFFICIENCY PLAN SHALL SUBMIT TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
28 THE LEAD DISTRICT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A WRITTEN CERTIF-
29 ICATION THAT THE ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT AGREES TO UNDERTAKE ITS BEST
30 EFFORTS TO FULLY IMPLEMENT BY THE END OF THE TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN--TWO
31 THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR THE CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS AND/OR SHARED
32 SERVICES ACTIONS SPECIFIED FOR THE ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT IN SUCH
33 PLAN.

34 (II) THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A SIGNA-
35 TORY TO AN EFFICIENCY PLAN SHALL SUBMIT TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE
36 LEAD DISTRICT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A WRITTEN CERTIF-
37 ICATION THAT IN HIS OR HER PROFESSIONAL OPINION, FULL IMPLEMENTATION BY
38 THE END OF THE TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR
39 OF THE CONSOLIDATION AND/OR SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS THAT ARE TO BE TAKEN
40 BY SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT ITSELF AS SPECIFIED IN SUCH PLAN WILL RESULT IN
41 THE SAVINGS SET FORTH IN SUCH PLAN ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH SCHOOL DISTRICT.

42 (III) THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF EACH ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT
43 THAT IS A SIGNATORY TO AN EFFICIENCY PLAN SHALL SUBMIT TO THE LEAD
44 DISTRICT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A WRITTEN CERTIFICATION
45 THAT IN HIS OR HER PROFESSIONAL OPINION, FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
46 CONSOLIDATION AND/OR SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS AS SPECIFIED FOR ALL OF THE
47 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN WILL RESULT
48 IN SAVINGS OVER THE AGGREGATE TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN--TWO THOUSAND
49 FIFTEEN SCHOOL YEAR TAX LEVIES FOR ALL ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT
50 ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN OF (1) AT LEAST ONE PERCENT IN THE TWO
51 THOUSAND SIXTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR; (2) AT LEAST TWO
52 PERCENT IN THE TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN--TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN SCHOOL
53 YEAR; AND (3) AT LEAST THREE PERCENT IN THE TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN--TWO
54 THOUSAND NINETEEN SCHOOL YEAR.

55 B. THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF EACH LEAD DISTRICT SHALL SUBMIT THE
56 FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE ON OR BEFORE JULY FIRST,

1 TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN: (I) THE EFFICIENCY PLAN; (II) A LIST OF ALL
2 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN; (III) ALL
3 OF THE CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION; AND
4 (IV) AN ANALYSIS OF THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF SAVINGS SET FORTH IN SUCH
5 PLAN ATTRIBUTABLE TO ALL ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES
6 TO SUCH PLAN THAT WILL BE ACHIEVED IF THE SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS AND/OR
7 CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS IDENTIFIED IN SUCH PLAN ARE FULLY IMPLEMENTED BY
8 THE END OF THE TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN--TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN SCHOOL YEAR.
9 THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL REVIEW SUCH DOCUMENTS TO DETERMINE WHETHER
10 THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAVE BEEN MET WITH RESPECT TO EACH
11 ELIGIBLE SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A SIGNATORY TO THE EFFICIENCY PLAN AND
12 SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE OF SUCH DETERMI-
13 NATIONS NO LATER THAN JULY THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN.

14 S 3. The general municipal law is amended by adding a new section 3-d
15 to read as follows:

16 S 3-D. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH PROPERTY TAX FREEZE REQUIRE-
17 MENTS. A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OR AN INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT
18 IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION THREE-C OF THIS ARTICLE MUST
19 COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER
20 TO RENDER ITS TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT
21 AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW
22 FOR A FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN. A MUNICIPAL CORPO-
23 RATION OR AN INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE
24 PROVISIONS OF SECTION THREE-C OF THIS ARTICLE MUST COMPLY WITH THE
25 REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISIONS TWO AND THREE OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO
26 RENDER ITS TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT
27 AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW
28 FOR A FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN. PROVIDED HOWEVER,
29 THAT A CITY WITH A DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MUST COMPLY WITH THE
30 REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO RENDER ITS
31 TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY
32 SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW FOR A FISCAL
33 YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS
34 OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, AND BOTH THE CITY AND ITS DEPENDENT
35 SCHOOL DISTRICT MUST COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION THREE
36 OF THIS SECTION, IN ORDER TO RENDER ITS TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR THE REAL
37 PROPERTY TAX FREEZE CREDIT AUTHORIZED BY SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX
38 HUNDRED SIX OF THE TAX LAW FOR A FISCAL YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND
39 FIFTEEN OR TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN.

40 1. DEFINITIONS. AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

41 (A) "CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS" MEANS: CONSOLIDATIONS OR DISSOLUTIONS OF
42 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE SEVENTEEN-A OF THIS
43 ARTICLE OR REORGANIZATIONS, CONSOLIDATIONS, OR DISSOLUTIONS OF LOCAL
44 GOVERNMENT UNITS IN WHICH ONE OR MORE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS ARE TERMI-
45 NATED AND ANOTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT ASSUMES JURISDICTION OVER THE
46 TERMINATED LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT OR UNITS PURSUANT TO ANY OTHER
47 PROVISION OF LAW.

48 (B) "DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT" MEANS A SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS
49 SUBJECT TO ARTICLE FIFTY-TWO OF THE EDUCATION LAW AND THAT HAS A POPU-
50 LATION OF LESS THAN ONE MILLION.

51 (C) "EFFICIENCY PLAN" MEANS A PLAN THAT IDENTIFIES SHARED SERVICES
52 ACTIONS AND/OR CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS TO BE FULLY IMPLEMENTED BY ALL
53 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS IN A COUNTY THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO THE PLAN.

54 (D) "INDEPENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT" MEANS A SPECIAL DISTRICT AS DEFINED
55 BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED TWO OF THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW THAT EITHER (I)
56 HAS A SEPARATE INDEPENDENT ELECTED BOARD, AND EITHER HAS THE AUTHORITY

1 TO LEVY A TAX, OR CAN REQUIRE A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION TO LEVY A TAX ON
2 ITS BEHALF, OR (II) HAS A SEPARATE INDEPENDENT BOARD APPOINTED BY THE
3 GOVERNING BODY OF ANOTHER MUNICIPAL CORPORATION AND EITHER HAS THE
4 AUTHORITY TO LEVY A TAX OR CAN REQUIRE A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION TO LEVY A
5 TAX ON ITS BEHALF.

6 (E) "LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT" MEANS THE COUNTY, OR IF THE COUNTY
7 HAS ELECTED NOT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PREPARATION OF AN EFFICIENCY PLAN,
8 THE CITY, TOWN, OR VILLAGE WITHIN THE COUNTY WITH THE LARGEST POPULATION
9 AS OF THE TWO THOUSAND TEN FEDERAL CENSUS THAT HAS ELECTED TO PARTIC-
10 IPATE IN THE PREPARATION OF AN EFFICIENCY PLAN.

11 (F) "LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT" MEANS A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OR AN INDE-
12 PENDENT SPECIAL DISTRICT THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION
13 THREE-C OF THIS ARTICLE.

14 (G) "SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS" MEANS FUNCTIONAL CONSOLIDATIONS BY WHICH
15 ONE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT COMPLETELY PROVIDES A SERVICE OR FUNCTION FOR
16 ANOTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT, WHICH NO LONGER ENGAGES IN THAT FUNCTION
17 OR SERVICE; SHARED OR COOPERATIVE SERVICES BETWEEN AND AMONG LOCAL
18 GOVERNMENT UNITS; AND REGIONALIZED DELIVERY OF SERVICES BETWEEN AND
19 AMONG LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS. THESE SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS MAY BE FOR
20 SERVICES OR FUNCTIONS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: PROCUREMENT, REAL
21 ESTATE AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT, FLEET MANAGEMENT, BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL
22 SERVICES, ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES, PAYROLL ADMINISTRATION, TIME AND
23 ATTENDANCE, BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER TRANSACTIONAL HUMAN
24 RESOURCES FUNCTIONS, CONTRACT MANAGEMENT, GRANTS MANAGEMENT, TRANSPORTA-
25 TION SERVICES, FACILITIES AND FUNCTIONS, HUMAN SERVICES FACILITIES AND
26 FUNCTIONS, CUSTOMER SERVICE FACILITIES AND FUNCTIONS AND INFORMATION
27 TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE, PROCESSES, SERVICES AND FUNCTIONS.

28 2. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH TAX LEVY LIMIT. (A) UPON THE
29 ADOPTION OF THE BUDGET OF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE
30 OFFICER OR BUDGET OFFICER OF SUCH LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT SHALL CERTIFY TO
31 THE STATE COMPTROLLER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE THAT
32 THE BUDGET SO ADOPTED DOES NOT EXCEED THE TAX LEVY LIMIT PRESCRIBED IN
33 SECTION THREE-C OF THIS ARTICLE AND, IF THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE LOCAL
34 GOVERNMENT UNIT DID ENACT A LOCAL LAW OR APPROVE A RESOLUTION TO OVER-
35 RIDE THE TAX LEVY LIMIT, THAT SUCH LOCAL LAW OR RESOLUTION WAS SUBSE-
36 QUENTLY REPEALED. SUCH CERTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE IN A FORM AND MANNER
37 PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE COMPTROLLER IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSION-
38 ER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE.

39 (B) IN ORDER FOR SUCH CERTIFICATION TO GIVE RISE TO A REAL PROPERTY
40 TAX FREEZE CREDIT UNDER SUBSECTION (BBB) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF
41 THE TAX LAW, SUCH CERTIFICATION SHALL BE MADE NO LATER THAN THE TWENTY-
42 FIRST DAY OF THE FISCAL YEAR TO WHICH IT APPLIES.

43 (C) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW TO THE CONTRARY, IF SUCH A CERTIF-
44 ICATION HAS BEEN MADE AND THE ACTUAL TAX LEVY OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT
45 UNIT EXCEEDS THE APPLICABLE TAX LEVY LIMIT, THE EXCESS AMOUNT SHALL BE
46 PLACED IN RESERVE AND USED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SUBDIVISION SIX
47 OF SECTION THREE-C OF THIS ARTICLE, EVEN IF A TAX LEVY IN EXCESS OF THE
48 TAX LEVY LIMIT HAD BEEN AUTHORIZED FOR THE APPLICABLE FISCAL YEAR BY A
49 DULY ADOPTED LOCAL LAW OR RESOLUTION.

50 (D) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, EVERY LOCAL
51 GOVERNMENT UNIT SHALL REPORT BOTH ITS PROPOSED BUDGET AND ITS ADOPTED
52 BUDGET TO THE OFFICE OF THE STATE COMPTROLLER AT THE TIME AND IN THE
53 MANNER AS HE OR SHE MAY PRESCRIBE, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH BUDGET HAS BEEN
54 OR WILL BE CERTIFIED AS PROVIDED BY THIS SUBDIVISION.

55 3. LOCAL GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY PLANS. (A) THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
56 OR BUDGET OFFICER OF EACH LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT SHALL SUBMIT TO THE

1 SECRETARY OF STATE BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, AN EFFICIENCY
2 PLAN THAT IF FULLY IMPLEMENTED WILL RESULT IN SAVINGS OVER THE AGGREGATE
3 TAX LEVIES FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR ALL
4 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN OF (1) AT LEAST
5 ONE PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN; (2) AT
6 LEAST TWO PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN;
7 AND (3) AT LEAST THREE PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND
8 NINETEEN.

9 (I) THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR BUDGET OFFICER OF EACH LOCAL
10 GOVERNMENT UNIT AND DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A SIGNATORY TO AN
11 EFFICIENCY PLAN SHALL SUBMIT TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OR BUDGET
12 OFFICER OF THE LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND
13 FIFTEEN, A WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT OR
14 DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT AGREES TO UNDERTAKE ITS BEST EFFORTS TO FULLY
15 IMPLEMENT BY THE END OF THE LOCAL FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND
16 SEVENTEEN THE CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS AND/OR SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS SPEC-
17 IFIED FOR THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT OR DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT IN SUCH
18 PLAN.

19 (II) THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF A LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT AND THE
20 CHIEF FISCAL OFFICER OF THE DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, THAT IS A SIGNA-
21 TORY TO AN EFFICIENCY PLAN SHALL SUBMIT TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
22 OF THE LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, A
23 WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT IN HIS OR HER PROFESSIONAL OPINION, FULL
24 IMPLEMENTATION BY THE END OF THE LOCAL FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN TWO
25 THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, OF THE CONSOLIDATION AND/OR SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS
26 THAT ARE TO BE TAKEN BY SUCH LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT ITSELF AS SPECIFIED
27 IN SUCH PLAN WILL RESULT IN THE SAVINGS SET FORTH IN THE EFFICIENCY PLAN
28 ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT OR DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT.

29 (III) THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT AND
30 DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A SIGNATORY TO AN EFFICIENCY PLAN
31 SHALL SUBMIT TO THE LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT BY JUNE FIRST, TWO THOU-
32 SAND FIFTEEN, A WRITTEN CERTIFICATION THAT IN HIS OR HER PROFESSIONAL
33 OPINION, FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONSOLIDATION AND/OR SHARED SERVICES
34 ACTIONS AS SPECIFIED FOR ALL OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS AND DEPENDENT
35 SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN WILL RESULT IN
36 SAVINGS OVER THE AGGREGATE TAX LEVIES FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO
37 THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO
38 SUCH PLAN OF (1) AT LEAST ONE PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN TWO
39 THOUSAND SEVENTEEN; (2) AT LEAST TWO PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING
40 IN TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN; AND (3) AT LEAST THREE PERCENT IN FISCAL YEARS
41 BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN.

42 (B) THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF EACH LEAD LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT
43 SHALL SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE ON OR
44 BEFORE JULY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN: (I) THE EFFICIENCY PLAN; (II)
45 A LIST OF ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS AND DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT
46 ARE SIGNATORIES TO SUCH PLAN; (III) ALL OF THE CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED
47 BY PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION; AND (IV) AN ANALYSIS OF THE AGGRE-
48 GATE AMOUNT OF SAVINGS SET FORTH IN SUCH PLAN ATTRIBUTABLE TO ALL LOCAL
49 GOVERNMENT UNITS AND DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS THAT ARE SIGNATORIES TO
50 SUCH PLAN THAT WILL BE ACHIEVED IF THE SHARED SERVICES ACTIONS AND/OR
51 CONSOLIDATION ACTIONS IDENTIFIED IN SUCH PLAN ARE FULLY IMPLEMENTED BY
52 THE END OF THE LOCAL FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN.
53 THE SECRETARY OF STATE SHALL REVIEW SUCH DOCUMENTS TO DETERMINE WHETHER
54 THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAVE BEEN MET WITH RESPECT TO EACH
55 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT AND DEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT THAT IS A SIGNATORY
56 TO THE EFFICIENCY PLAN AND SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND

1 FINANCE OF SUCH DETERMINATIONS NO LATER THAN JULY THIRTY-FIRST, TWO
2 THOUSAND FIFTEEN.

3 S 4. Section 1590 of the real property tax law is amended by adding a
4 new subdivision 3 to read as follows:

5 3. EACH MUNICIPAL CORPORATION SHALL SUBMIT TO THE COMMISSIONER THE
6 DATA FILES USED TO PREPARE ITS TAX ROLLS AND TAX BILLS NO LATER THAN TEN
7 DAYS AFTER THE ANNEXATION OF THE WARRANT FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES FOR
8 THE APPLICABLE FISCAL YEAR, OR WHERE NO SUCH WARRANT IS ANNEXED, NO
9 LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE LAST DATE PRESCRIBED BY LAW FOR THE LEVY
10 OF TAXES OF THE APPLICABLE FISCAL YEAR, PROVIDED THAT IF ITS TAX ROLLS
11 OR TAX BILLS, OR BOTH, ARE PREPARED BY A DIFFERENT GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY,
12 THAT ENTITY SHALL BE JOINTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTING THE APPLICABLE
13 DATA FILES TO THE COMMISSIONER.

14 S 5. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the director of
15 the budget may direct the state comptroller to withhold any state aid
16 payments due to a school district that failed to fully implement by the
17 end of the 2016--2017 school year or local government unit that failed
18 to fully implement by the end of the local fiscal year beginning in
19 2017, the consolidation actions and/or shared services actions specified
20 for such school district or local government unit in an efficiency plan
21 prepared pursuant to section 2023-b of the education law or section 3-d
22 of the general municipal law.

23 S 6. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that the
24 provisions of subdivision 3 of section 1590 of the real property tax law
25 as added by section four of this act shall apply to tax rolls and tax
26 bills of school districts and cities with a population of 125,000 or
27 more for fiscal years starting on or after July 1, 2013, and to tax
28 rolls and tax bills for other municipal corporations for fiscal years
29 starting on or after January 1, 2014, except that in the case of tax
30 rolls and tax bills for fiscal years that started prior to the effective
31 date of this act, the data files used to prepare tax rolls and tax bills
32 shall be submitted to the commissioner of taxation and finance no later
33 than 60 days after the effective date of this act.

34 S 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-
35 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of
36 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect,
37 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in
38 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section
39 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-
40 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of
41 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such
42 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

43 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that
44 the applicable effective date of Parts A through FF of this act shall be
45 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.