

5329

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

I N S E N A T E

May 16, 2013

Introduced by Sen. HANNON -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law and the surrogate's court procedure act, in relation to making technical corrections thereto relating to the care of persons with developmental disabilities; and to repeal article 29-B of the public health law relating to orders not to resuscitate for residents of mental hygiene facilities

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 2994-cc of the public health law,
2 as added by chapter 8 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as
3 follows:

4 5. Consent by a patient or a surrogate for a patient in a [mental
5 hygiene] facility OPERATED, CERTIFIED OR FUNDED BY THE OFFICE OF MENTAL
6 HEALTH shall be governed by [article twenty-nine-B of] this [chapter]
7 ARTICLE. CONSENT BY A PATIENT OR A SURROGATE FOR A PATIENT WHO HAS A
8 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF
9 SECTION 1.03 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW, AND IS ELIGIBLE FOR LIFE-SUS-
10 TAINING DECISIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION SEVENTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-B OF THE
11 SURROGATE'S COURT PROCEDURE ACT, SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE PROVISIONS OF
12 SUCH SECTION.

13 S 2. Section 2994-ff of the public health law, as added by chapter 8
14 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

15 S 2994-ff. Interinstitutional transfer. If a patient with a nonhospi-
16 tal order not to resuscitate is admitted to a hospital, the order shall
17 be treated as an order not to resuscitate for a patient transferred from
18 another hospital, and shall be governed by article twenty-nine-CC of
19 this chapter[, except that any such order for a patient admitted to a
20 mental hygiene facility shall be governed by article twenty-nine-B of
21 this chapter].

22 S 3. Article 29-B of the public health law is REPEALED.

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 S 4. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 and subdivision 4 of section
2 2994-b of the public health law, as added by chapter 8 of the laws of
3 2010, is amended to read as follows:

4 (c) If a health care decision for a patient cannot be made under
5 [paragraphs] PARAGRAPH (a) or (b) of this subdivision, but consent for
6 the decision may be provided pursuant to the [mental hygiene law] SURRO-
7 GATE'S COURT PROCEDURE ACT, or regulations of the office of mental
8 health or the office [of mental retardation and] FOR PEOPLE WITH devel-
9 opmental disabilities, then the decision shall be governed by such
10 [statute] ACT or regulations and not by this article.

11 4. If, after reasonable efforts, it is determined that a health care
12 decision for the patient cannot be made pursuant to subdivision two or
13 three of this section, then the health care decision shall be made
14 pursuant to this article, PROVIDED THAT THE OPTION OF SEEKING A DECISION
15 BY FILING A DECLARATION WITH A SURROGATE DECISION-MAKING COMMITTEE
16 PURSUANT TO ARTICLE EIGHTY OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW SHALL REMAIN AVAIL-
17 ABLE.

18 S 5. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section
19 2994-d of the public health law, as added by chapter 8 of the laws of
20 2010, is amended and a new subparagraph (iii) is added to read as
21 follows:

22 (ii) The provision of treatment would involve such pain, suffering or
23 other burden that it would reasonably be deemed inhumane or extraor-
24 dinarily burdensome under the circumstances and the patient has an irre-
25 versible or incurable condition, as determined by an attending physician
26 with the independent concurrence of another physician to a reasonable
27 degree of medical certainty and in accord with accepted medical stand-
28 ards[.]; OR

29 (III) IN THE CASE OF A DECISION TO ENTER AN ORDER NOT TO RESUSCITATE,
30 OR TO WITHHOLD INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION WHICH CONSTI-
31 TUTES LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT, THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN DETERMINES TO A
32 REASONABLE DEGREE OF MEDICAL CERTAINTY AND IN ACCORD WITH ACCEPTED
33 MEDICAL STANDARDS THAT ANY OR ALL OF SUCH MEASURES WOULD BE MEDICALLY
34 FUTILE AND THAT SUCH TREATMENT WOULD BE UNSUCCESSFUL IN RESTORING CARDI-
35 AC AND RESPIRATORY FUNCTION OR THAT THE PATIENT WILL EXPERIENCE REPEATED
36 ARRESTS IN A SHORT TIME PERIOD BEFORE DEATH OCCURS.

37 S 6. Section 1750-b of the surrogate's court procedure act, as added
38 by chapter 500 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter
39 105 of the laws of 2007, the opening paragraph and paragraphs (a) and
40 (b) of subdivision 1, and the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 as
41 amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2010, subparagraph (i) of paragraph
42 (a) and clause A of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 4
43 as amended by section 18 of part J of chapter 56 of the laws of 2012 and
44 paragraph (d) of subdivision 5 as added by chapter 262 of the laws of
45 2008, is amended to read as follows:

46 S 1750-b. Health care decisions for [mentally retarded] persons WITH
47 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

48 1. Scope of authority. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "DEVELOP-
49 MENTAL DISABILITY" SHALL BE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF
50 SECTION 1.03 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW. Unless specifically prohibited
51 by the court after consideration of the determination, if any, regarding
52 a [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S
53 capacity to make health care decisions, which is required by section
54 seventeen hundred fifty of this article, the guardian of such person
55 appointed pursuant to section seventeen hundred fifty of this article
56 shall have the authority to make any and all health care decisions, as

1 defined by subdivision six of section twenty-nine hundred eighty of the
2 public health law, on behalf of the [mentally retarded] person WITH A
3 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY that such person could make if such person had
4 capacity. Such decisions may include decisions to withhold or withdraw
5 life-sustaining treatment. For purposes of this section, "life-sustain-
6 ing treatment" means medical treatment, including cardiopulmonary resus-
7 citation, INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION IN THE EVENT SUCH
8 PERSON HAS SEVERE RESPIRATORY INSUFFICIENCY, and nutrition and hydration
9 provided by means of medical treatment, which is OR WOULD BE sustaining
10 life functions and without which, according to reasonable medical judg-
11 ment, the patient will die within a relatively short time period.
12 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation is presumed to be life-sustaining treat-
13 ment without the necessity of a medical judgment by an attending physi-
14 cian. The provisions of this article are not intended to permit or
15 promote suicide, assisted suicide or euthanasia; accordingly, nothing in
16 this section shall be construed to permit a guardian to consent to any
17 act or omission to which the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOP-
18 MENTAL DISABILITY could not consent if such person had capacity.

19 (a) For the purposes of making a decision to withhold or withdraw
20 life-sustaining treatment pursuant to this section, in the case of a
21 person for whom no guardian has been appointed pursuant to section
22 seventeen hundred fifty or seventeen hundred fifty-a of this article, a
23 "guardian" shall also mean a family member of a person who [(i) has
24 mental retardation, or (ii)] has a developmental disability[, as defined
25 in section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law,] which [(A) includes mental
26 retardation, or (B)] results in [a similar] impairment of general intel-
27 lectual functioning or adaptive behavior so that such person is incapa-
28 ble of managing himself or herself, and/or his or her affairs by reason
29 of such developmental disability. Qualified family members shall be
30 included in a prioritized list of said family members pursuant to regu-
31 lations established by the commissioner of [mental retardation and]
32 developmental disabilities. Such family members must have a significant
33 and ongoing involvement in a person's life so as to have sufficient
34 knowledge of their needs and, when reasonably known or ascertainable,
35 the person's wishes, including moral and religious beliefs. In the case
36 of a person who was a resident of the former Willowbrook state school on
37 March seventeenth, nineteen hundred seventy-two and those individuals
38 who were in community care status on that date and subsequently returned
39 to Willowbrook or a related facility, who are fully represented by the
40 consumer advisory board and who have no guardians appointed pursuant to
41 this article or have no qualified family members to make such a deci-
42 sion, then a "guardian" shall also mean the Willowbrook consumer advi-
43 sory board. A decision of such family member or the Willowbrook consumer
44 advisory board to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining treatment shall
45 be subject to all of the protections, procedures and safeguards which
46 apply to the decision of a guardian to withhold or withdraw life-sus-
47 taining treatment pursuant to this section.

48 In the case of a person for whom no guardian has been appointed pursu-
49 ant to this article or for whom there is no qualified family member or
50 the Willowbrook consumer advisory board available to make such a deci-
51 sion, AND EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A DECISION TO WITHHOLD CARDIOPULMONARY
52 RESUSCITATION OR INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION ON THE GROUNDS
53 THAT ANY OR ALL SUCH MEASURES WOULD BE MEDICALLY FUTILE, a "guardian"
54 shall also mean, notwithstanding the definitions in section 80.03 of the
55 mental hygiene law, a surrogate decision-making committee, as defined in
56 article eighty of the mental hygiene law. All declarations and proce-

1 dures, including expedited procedures, to comply with this section shall
2 be established by regulations promulgated by the [commission on quality
3 of care and advocacy for persons with disabilities] JUSTICE CENTER FOR
4 THE PROTECTION OF PEOPLE WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.

5 IN THE CASE OF A PERSON DETERMINED TO LACK CAPACITY TO MAKE HIS OR HER
6 OWN HEALTH CARE DECISIONS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FOUR
7 OF THIS SECTION, AND FOR WHOM NO GUARDIAN HAS BEEN APPOINTED PURSUANT TO
8 THIS ARTICLE OR FOR WHOM THERE IS NO QUALIFIED FAMILY MEMBER OR THE
9 WILLOWBROOK CONSUMER ADVISORY BOARD AVAILABLE TO MAKE A DECISION IN
10 WHICH THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION
11 TWENTY-NINE HUNDRED EIGHTY OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW, WITH THE WRITTEN
12 CONCURRENCE OF ANOTHER PHYSICIAN WITH WHOM SUCH ATTENDING PHYSICIAN
13 SHALL CONSULT, DETERMINES TO A REASONABLE DEGREE OF MEDICAL CERTAINTY
14 AND SO NOTES IN THE PERSON'S MEDICAL CHART THAT CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCI-
15 TATION, INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION WOULD BE MEDICALLY
16 FUTILE, AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A)
17 OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWENTY-NINE HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR-D OF THE
18 PUBLIC HEALTH LAW, AN ORDER DIRECTING SUCH WITHHOLDING OF LIFE-SUSTAIN-
19 ING TREATMENT MAY BE ENTERED IN THE PERSON'S MEDICAL CHART, SUBJECT TO
20 THE PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS AND SAFEGUARDS CONTAINED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OF
21 SUBDIVISION FOUR, AND SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX OF THIS SECTION.

22 (b) Regulations establishing the prioritized list of qualified family
23 members required by paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be developed
24 by the commissioner of [mental retardation and] developmental disabili-
25 ties in conjunction with parents, advocates and family members of
26 persons [who are mentally retarded] WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY.
27 Regulations to implement the authority of the Willowbrook consumer advi-
28 sory board pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision may be promul-
29 gated by the commissioner of [the office of mental retardation and]
30 developmental disabilities with advice from the Willowbrook consumer
31 advisory board.

32 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the formal
33 determinations required pursuant to section seventeen hundred fifty of
34 this article shall only apply to guardians appointed pursuant to section
35 seventeen hundred fifty or seventeen hundred fifty-a of this article.

36 (D) A PATIENT FOUND BY THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN TO HAVE CAPACITY TO
37 MAKE HIS OR HER OWN HEALTH CARE DECISIONS, PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF
38 SUBDIVISION FOUR OF THIS SECTION, SHALL, UPON NOTICE TO THE MENTAL
39 HYGIENE LEGAL SERVICE AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF A RESIDENTIAL
40 FACILITY OPERATED, LICENSED OR AUTHORIZED BY THE OFFICE FOR PEOPLE WITH
41 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES, IN WHICH FACILITY THE PATIENT RESIDES OR
42 FROM WHICH HE OR SHE WAS TRANSFERRED, MAY MAKE HIS OR HER OWN DECISIONS,
43 INCLUDING THOSE RELATING TO LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT.

44 (E) A PATIENT WHO HAS A VALID HEALTH CARE PROXY AT THE TIME OF A
45 HEALTH CARE DECISION, INCLUDING A DECISION INVOLVING LIFE-SUSTAINING
46 TREATMENT, SHALL HAVE ALL SUCH DECISIONS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE
47 TWENTY-NINE-C OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW. IF FOR ANY REASON THE AGENT OR
48 AN ALTERNATE AGENT CANNOT ACT OR IS UNWILLING TO ACT, AND THE PATIENT IS
49 OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE TO HAVE A DECISION AS TO LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT
50 MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, ANY GUARDIAN OR PERSON OR ENTITY ENTITLED
51 TO EXERCISE THE AUTHORITY OF A GUARDIAN UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS
52 SUBDIVISION MAY MAKE SUCH DECISION.

53 2. Decision-making standard. (a) The guardian shall base all advocacy
54 and health care decision-making solely and exclusively on the best
55 interests of the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISA-
56 BILITY and, when reasonably known or ascertainable with reasonable dili-

1 gence, on the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL
2 DISABILITY'S wishes, including moral and religious beliefs.

3 (b) An assessment of the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A
4 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S best interests shall include consideration
5 of:

6 (i) the dignity and uniqueness of every person;

7 (ii) the preservation, improvement or restoration of the [mentally
8 retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S health;

9 (iii) the relief of the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A
10 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S suffering by means of palliative care and
11 pain management;

12 (iv) the unique nature of [artificially provided] nutrition or
13 hydration PROVIDED BY MEANS OF MEDICAL TREATMENT, and the effect it may
14 have on the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY;
15 and

16 (v) the entire medical condition of the person.

17 (c) No health care decision shall be influenced in any way by:

18 (i) a presumption that persons with [mental retardation] A DEVELOP-
19 MENTAL DISABILITY are not entitled to the full and equal rights, equal
20 protection, respect, medical care and dignity afforded to persons with-
21 out [mental retardation or developmental disabilities] A DEVELOPMENTAL
22 DISABILITY; or

23 (ii) financial considerations of the guardian, as such considerations
24 affect the guardian, a health care provider or any other party.

25 3. Right to receive information. Subject to the provisions of sections
26 33.13 and 33.16 of the mental hygiene law, the guardian shall have the
27 right to receive all medical information and medical and clinical
28 records necessary to make informed decisions regarding the [mentally
29 retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S health care.

30 4. Life-sustaining treatment. The guardian shall have the affirmative
31 obligation to advocate for the full and efficacious provision of health
32 care, including life-sustaining treatment. In the event that a guardian
33 [makes] INITIATES a decision to withdraw or withhold life-sustaining
34 treatment from a [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISA-
35 BILITY:

36 (a) The attending physician, as defined in subdivision two of section
37 twenty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law, must confirm to a
38 reasonable degree of medical certainty that the [mentally retarded]
39 person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY lacks capacity to make health
40 care decisions. The determination thereof shall be included in the
41 [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S
42 medical record, and shall contain such attending physician's opinion
43 regarding the cause and nature of the [mentally retarded person's]
44 PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S incapacity as well as its
45 extent and probable duration. The attending physician who makes the
46 confirmation shall consult with another physician, or a licensed
47 psychologist, to further confirm the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON
48 WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S lack of capacity. The attending physi-
49 cian who makes the confirmation, or the physician or licensed psychol-
50 ogist with whom the attending physician consults, must (i) be employed
51 by a developmental disabilities services office named in section 13.17
52 of the mental hygiene law or employed by the office for people with
53 developmental disabilities to provide treatment and care to people with
54 developmental disabilities, or (ii) have been employed for a minimum of
55 two years to render care and service in a facility or program operated,
56 licensed or authorized by the office [of mental retardation and] FOR

1 PEOPLE WITH developmental disabilities, or (iii) have been approved by
2 the commissioner of [mental retardation and] developmental disabilities
3 in accordance with regulations promulgated by such commissioner. Such
4 regulations shall require that a physician or licensed psychologist
5 possess specialized training or three years experience in treating
6 [mental retardation] PEOPLE WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES. A record
7 of such consultation shall be included in the [mentally retarded
8 person's] PERSON WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S medical record.

9 (b) The attending physician, as defined in subdivision two of section
10 twenty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law, with the concur-
11 rence of another physician with whom such attending physician shall
12 consult, must determine to a reasonable degree of medical certainty and
13 note on the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL
14 DISABILITY'S chart that:

15 (i) the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY has
16 a medical condition as follows:

17 A. a terminal condition, as defined in subdivision twenty-three of
18 section twenty-nine hundred sixty-one of the public health law; or

19 B. permanent unconsciousness; or

20 C. a medical condition other than such person's [mental retardation]
21 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY which requires life-sustaining treatment, is
22 irreversible and which will continue indefinitely; [and] OR

23 D. IN THE CASE OF A DECISION TO WITHHOLD CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCI-
24 TATION, OR INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION, WHERE ANY OR ALL OF
25 SUCH MEASURES WOULD BE MEDICALLY FUTILE WITHIN THE MEANING OF SUBPARA-
26 GRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION TWENTY-NINE
27 HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR-D OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW; AND

28 (ii) EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A DECISION TO WITHHOLD CARDIOPULMONARY
29 RESUSCITATION, OR INTUBATION AND/OR MECHANICAL VENTILATION BY REASON OF
30 MEDICAL FUTILITY, the life-sustaining treatment would impose an extraor-
31 dinary burden on such person, in light of:

32 A. such person's medical condition, other than such person's [mental
33 retardation] DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY; and

34 B. the expected outcome of the life-sustaining treatment, notwith-
35 standing such person's [mental retardation] DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY;
36 and

37 (iii) in the case of a decision to withdraw or withhold [artificially
38 provided] nutrition or hydration PROVIDED BY MEANS OF MEDICAL TREATMENT:

39 A. there is no reasonable hope of maintaining life; or

40 B. the [artificially provided] nutrition or hydration PROVIDED BY
41 MEANS OF MEDICAL TREATMENT poses an extraordinary burden.

42 (c) The guardian shall THEREAFTER express a decision to withhold or
43 withdraw life-sustaining treatment either:

44 (i) in writing, dated and signed in the presence of one witness eigh-
45 teen years of age or older who shall sign the decision, and presented to
46 the attending physician, as defined in subdivision two of section twen-
47 ty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law; or

48 (ii) orally, to two persons eighteen years of age or older, at least
49 one of whom is the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOP-
50 MENTAL DISABILITY'S attending physician, as defined in subdivision two
51 of section twenty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law.

52 (d) The attending physician, as defined in subdivision two of section
53 twenty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law, who is provided
54 with the decision of a guardian shall include the decision in the
55 [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S
56 medical chart, and shall either:

1 (i) promptly issue an order to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining
2 treatment from the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISA-
3 BILITY, and inform the staff responsible for such person's care, if any,
4 of the order; or

5 (ii) promptly object to such decision, in accordance with subdivision
6 five of this section.

7 (e) At least forty-eight hours prior to the implementation of a deci-
8 sion to withdraw life-sustaining treatment, or at the earliest possible
9 time prior to the implementation of a decision to withhold life-sustain-
10 ing treatment, the attending physician shall notify:

11 (i) the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY,
12 except if the attending physician determines, in writing and in consul-
13 tation with another physician or a licensed psychologist, that, to a
14 reasonable degree of medical certainty, the person would suffer immedi-
15 ate and severe injury from such notification. The attending physician
16 who makes the confirmation, or the physician or licensed psychologist
17 with whom the attending physician consults, shall:

18 A. be employed by a developmental disabilities services office named
19 in section 13.17 of the mental hygiene law or employed by the office for
20 people with developmental disabilities to provide treatment and care to
21 people with developmental disabilities, or

22 B. have been employed for a minimum of two years to render care and
23 service in a facility operated, licensed or authorized by the office [of
24 mental retardation and] FOR PEOPLE WITH developmental disabilities, or

25 C. have been approved by the commissioner of [mental retardation and]
26 developmental disabilities in accordance with regulations promulgated by
27 such commissioner. Such regulations shall require that a physician or
28 licensed psychologist possess specialized training or three years expe-
29 rience in treating [mental retardation] PEOPLE WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISA-
30 BILITY'S. A record of such consultation shall be included in the
31 [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY'S
32 medical record;

33 (ii) if the person is in or was transferred from a residential facili-
34 ty operated, licensed or authorized by the office [of mental retardation
35 and] FOR PEOPLE WITH developmental disabilities, the chief executive
36 officer of the agency or organization operating such facility and the
37 mental hygiene legal service; and

38 (iii) if the person is not in and was not transferred from such a
39 facility or program, the commissioner of [mental retardation and] devel-
40 opmental disabilities, or his or her designee.

41 (F) FOR A PATIENT RESIDING IN A FACILITY OPERATED, LICENSED OR AUTHOR-
42 IZED BY THE OFFICE FOR PEOPLE WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES AS TO WHOM
43 AN ORDER TO WITHHOLD CARDIOPULMONARY RESUSCITATION, INTUBATION AND/OR
44 MECHANICAL VENTILATION HAS BEEN ENTERED, THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN SHALL
45 REVIEW WHETHER THE ORDER IS STILL APPROPRIATE AT SUCH TIMES AND IN SUCH
46 MANNER AS IS PRESCRIBED BY SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION TWENTY-NINE
47 HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR-DD OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW.

48 5. Objection to health care decision. (a) Suspension. A health care
49 decision made pursuant to subdivision four of this section shall be
50 suspended, pending DISPUTE MEDIATION AND POSSIBLE judicial review,
51 except if the suspension would in reasonable medical judgment be likely
52 to result in the death of the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOP-
53 MENTAL DISABILITY, in the event of an objection to that decision at any
54 time by:

55 (i) the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY on
56 whose behalf such decision was made; or

1 (ii) a parent or adult sibling who either resides with or has main-
2 tained substantial and continuous contact with the [mentally retarded]
3 person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY; or
4 (iii) the attending physician, as defined in subdivision two of
5 section twenty-nine hundred eighty of the public health law; or
6 (iv) any other health care practitioner providing services to the
7 [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, who is
8 licensed pursuant to article one hundred thirty-one, one hundred thir-
9 ty-one-B[, one hundred thirty-two, one hundred thirty-three, one hundred
10 thirty-six,] OR one hundred thirty-nine[, one hundred forty-one, one
11 hundred forty-three, one hundred forty-four, one hundred fifty-three,
12 one hundred fifty-four, one hundred fifty-six, one hundred fifty-nine or
13 one hundred sixty-four] of the education law; or
14 (v) the chief executive officer identified in subparagraph (ii) of
15 paragraph (e) of subdivision four of this section; or
16 (vi) if the person is in or was transferred from a residential facili-
17 ty or program operated, approved or licensed by the office [of mental
18 retardation and] FOR PEOPLE WITH developmental disabilities, the mental
19 hygiene legal service; or
20 (vii) if the person is not in and was not transferred from such a
21 facility or program, the commissioner of [mental retardation and] devel-
22 opmental disabilities, or his or her designee.
23 (b) Form of objection. Such objection shall occur orally or in writ-
24 ing.
25 (c) Notification. In the event of the suspension of a health care
26 decision pursuant to this subdivision, the objecting party shall prompt-
27 ly notify the guardian and the other parties identified in paragraph (a)
28 of this subdivision, and the attending physician shall record such
29 suspension in the [mentally retarded person's] PERSON WITH A DEVELOP-
30 MENTAL DISABILITY'S medical chart.
31 (d) Dispute mediation. In the event of an objection pursuant to this
32 subdivision, at the request of the objecting party or person or entity
33 authorized to act as a guardian under this section, except a surrogate
34 decision making committee established pursuant to article eighty of the
35 mental hygiene law, such objection shall be referred to [a dispute medi-
36 ation system, established pursuant to section two thousand nine hundred
37 seventy-two] AN ETHICS COMMITTEE, ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION TWEN-
38 TY-NINE HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR-M of the public health law, or similar enti-
39 ty for mediating disputes in a hospice, such as a patient's advocate's
40 office, hospital chaplain's office [or ethics committee], as described
41 in writing and adopted by the governing authority of such hospice, for
42 non-binding mediation. In the event that such dispute cannot be resolved
43 within seventy-two hours or no such mediation entity exists or is
44 reasonably available for mediation of a dispute, the objection [shall]
45 MAY proceed to judicial review pursuant to this subdivision. The party
46 requesting mediation shall provide notification to those parties enti-
47 tled to notice pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision.
48 6. Special proceeding authorized. The guardian, the attending physi-
49 cian, as defined in subdivision two of section twenty-nine hundred
50 eighty of the public health law, the chief executive officer identified
51 in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision four of this
52 section, the mental hygiene legal service (if the person is in or was
53 transferred from a residential facility or program operated, approved or
54 licensed by the office [of mental retardation and] FOR PEOPLE WITH
55 developmental disabilities) or the commissioner of [mental retardation
56 and] developmental disabilities or his or her designee (if the person is

1 not in and was not transferred from such a facility or program) may
2 commence a special proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction with
3 respect to any dispute arising under this section, including objecting
4 to the withdrawal or withholding of life-sustaining treatment because
5 such withdrawal or withholding is not in accord with the criteria set
6 forth in this section.

7 7. Provider's obligations. (a) A health care provider shall comply
8 with the health care decisions made by a guardian in good faith pursuant
9 to this section, to the same extent as if such decisions had been made
10 by the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, if
11 such person had capacity.

12 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subdivision, nothing in this
13 section shall be construed to require a private hospital to honor a
14 guardian's health care decision that the hospital would not honor if the
15 decision had been made by the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOP-
16 MENTAL DISABILITY, if such person had capacity, because the decision is
17 contrary to a formally adopted written policy of the hospital expressly
18 based on religious beliefs or sincerely held moral convictions central
19 to the hospital's operating principles, and the hospital would be
20 permitted by law to refuse to honor the decision if made by such person,
21 provided:

22 (i) the hospital has informed the guardian of such policy prior to or
23 upon admission, if reasonably possible; and

24 (ii) the [mentally retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY,
25 is transferred promptly to another hospital that is reasonably accessi-
26 ble under the circumstances and is willing to honor the guardian's deci-
27 sion. If the guardian is unable or unwilling to arrange such a transfer,
28 the hospital's refusal to honor the decision of the guardian shall
29 constitute an objection pursuant to subdivision five of this section.

30 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subdivision, nothing in this
31 section shall be construed to require an individual health care provider
32 to honor a guardian's health care decision that the individual would not
33 honor if the decision had been made by the [mentally retarded] person
34 WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, if such person had capacity, because
35 the decision is contrary to the individual's religious beliefs or
36 sincerely held moral convictions, provided the individual health care
37 provider promptly informs the guardian and the facility, if any, of his
38 or her refusal to honor the guardian's decision. In such event, the
39 facility shall promptly transfer responsibility for the [mentally
40 retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY to another individual
41 health care provider willing to honor the guardian's decision. The indi-
42 vidual health care provider shall cooperate in facilitating such trans-
43 fer of the patient.

44 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other paragraph of this
45 subdivision, if a guardian directs the provision of life-sustaining
46 treatment, the denial of which in reasonable medical judgment would be
47 likely to result in the death of the [mentally retarded] person WITH A
48 DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY, a hospital or individual health care provider
49 that does not wish to provide such treatment shall nonetheless comply
50 with the guardian's decision pending either transfer of the [mentally
51 retarded] person WITH A DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY to a willing hospital
52 or individual health care provider, or judicial review.

53 (e) [Nothing] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE
54 OF THIS SECTION, NOTHING in this section shall affect or diminish the
55 authority of a surrogate decision-making panel to render decisions

1 regarding major medical treatment pursuant to article eighty of the
2 mental hygiene law.

3 8. Immunity. (a) Provider immunity. No health care provider or employ-
4 ee thereof shall be subjected to criminal or civil liability, or be
5 deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct, for honoring reason-
6 ably and in good faith a health care decision by a guardian, or for
7 other actions taken reasonably and in good faith pursuant to this
8 section.

9 (b) Guardian immunity. No guardian shall be subjected to criminal or
10 civil liability for making a health care decision reasonably and in good
11 faith pursuant to this section.

12 S 7. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall
13 have become a law.