1194--A

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

(PREFILED)

January 9, 2013

Introduced by Sens. FLANAGAN, LARKIN, MAZIARZ, RANZENHOFER, SAVINO, ZELDIN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

amend the penal law, in relation to vehicular assault and vehicular manslaughter

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEM-BLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- Section 1. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 120.03-a to read as follows:
- 3 S 120.03-A VEHICULAR ASSAULT IN THE THIRD DEGREE.

5

6

7

10

- A PERSON IS GUILTY OF VEHICULAR ASSAULT IN THE THIRD DEGREE WHEN HE OR SHE:
- (1) CAUSES SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE, AND KNOWS OR HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT: (A) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE OF OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER STATE OR HIS 9 PRIVILEGE OF OBTAINING A LICENSE TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER STATE IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; (B) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE 11 OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN THE STATE, OR HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE OF 12 OBTAINING A LICENSE ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES 13 SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; OR (C) HE OR SHE IS NOT DULY LICENSED PURSUANT TO 14 SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OR
- 15 (2) CAUSES SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE WHEN: (A) SUCH SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE 16 OR SUBSTANTIAL PART BY THE ACTOR'S VIOLATION OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS 17 18 CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OTHER 19 SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF SUCH TITLE, AND (B) THE ACTOR HAS 20 PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONVICTED OF TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW ON 21

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

LBD05663-02-3

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17 18

19

20 21

22 23

24 25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42 43

44

45

46 47

48 49

50

51

52

53 54

55

56

AT LEAST TWO SEPARATE DATES WITHIN THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING EIGHTEEN MONTHS, OR

(3) CAUSES SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINE-TY-TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

IN ANY PROSECUTION UNDER SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION, SHALL AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE THAT SUCH SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE OR IN SUBSTANTIAL PART BY SOME FACTOR OTHER THAN THE ACTOR'S BY THE USE OF ALCOHOL OR THE MANNER IN WHICH THE ACTOR OPER-IMPAIRMENT ATED THE VEHICLE.

VEHICULAR ASSAULT IN THE THIRD DEGREE IS A CLASS E FELONY.

S 2. Section 120.03 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 732 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

S 120.03 Vehicular assault in the second degree.

A person is guilty of vehicular assault in the second degree when he

- or she causes serious physical injury to another person, and either:
 (1) operates a motor vehicle in violation of subdivision two, three, four or four-a of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law or operates a vessel or public vessel in violation of paragraph (b), (c), (d) or (e) of subdivision two of section forty-nine-a of the navigation law, and as a result of such intoxication or impairment the use of a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and any drug or drugs, operates such motor vehicle, vessel or public vessel in a manner that causes such serious physical injury to such other person, or
- (2) operates a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than [eighteen] TEN thousand pounds which contains flammable gas, radioactive materials or explosives in violation of subdivision one of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law, such flammable gas, radioactive materials or explosives is the cause of such serious physical injury, and as a result of such impairment by the use of alcohol, operates such motor vehicle in a manner that causes such serious physical injury to such other person, or
- (3) operates a snowmobile in violation of paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision one of section 25.24 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law or operates an all terrain vehicle as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section twenty-two hundred eighty-one of the vehicle and traffic law and in violation of subdivision two, three, four, or four-a of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law, and as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and drug or drugs, operates such snowmobile or all terrain vehicle in a manner that causes such serious physical injury to such other person.

If it is established that the person operating such motor vehicle, vessel, public vessel, snowmobile or all terrain vehicle caused such serious physical injury while unlawfully intoxicated or impaired by the use of alcohol or a drug, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that, as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of alcohol or a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and drug or drugs, such person operated the motor vehicle, vessel, public vessel, snowmobile or all terrain vehicle in a manner that caused such serious physical injury, as required by this section.

Vehicular assault in the second degree is a class [E] D felony.

S 3. Section 120.04 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 496 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

S 120.04 Vehicular assault in the first degree.

A person is guilty of vehicular assault in the first degree when he or she [commits the crime of vehicular assault in the second degree as defined in section 120.03 of this article, and either:

- (1) commits such crime while operating a motor vehicle while such person has .18 of one per centum or more by weight of alcohol in such person's blood as shown by chemical analysis of such person's blood, breath, urine or saliva made pursuant to the provisions of section eleven hundred ninety-four of the vehicle and traffic law;
- (2) commits such crime while knowing or having reason to know that:
 (a) his or her license or his or her privilege of operating a motor vehicle in another state or his or her privilege of obtaining a license to operate a motor vehicle in another state is suspended or revoked and such suspension or revocation is based upon a conviction in such other state for an offense which would, if committed in this state, constitute a violation of any of the provisions of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law; or (b) his or her license or his or her privilege of operating a motor vehicle in the state or his or her privilege of obtaining a license issued by the commissioner of motor vehicles is suspended or revoked and such suspension or revocation is based upon either a refusal to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section eleven hundred ninety-four of the vehicle and traffic law or following a conviction for a violation of any of the provisions of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law;
- (3) has previously been convicted of violating any of the provisions of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law within the preceding ten years, provided that, for the purposes of this subdivision, a conviction in any other state or jurisdiction for an offense which, if committed in this state, would constitute a violation of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law, shall be treated as a violation of such law;
 - (4) causes serious physical injury to more than one other person;
- (5) has previously been convicted of violating any provision of this article or article one hundred twenty-five of this title involving the operation of a motor vehicle, or was convicted in any other state or jurisdiction of an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle which, if committed in this state, would constitute a violation of this article or article one hundred twenty-five of this title; or
- (6) commits such crime while operating a motor vehicle while a child who is fifteen years of age or less is a passenger in such motor vehicle and causes serious physical injury to such child.
- If it is established that the person operating such motor vehicle caused such serious physical injury or injuries while unlawfully intoxicated or impaired by the use of alcohol or a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and any drug or drugs, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that, as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of alcohol or a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and any drug or drugs, such person operated the motor vehicle in a manner that caused such serious physical injury or injuries, as required by this section and section 120.03 of this articlel:
- (1) WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT HE OR SHE IS BEING PURSUED BY A POLICE OFFICER, OPERATES A MOTOR VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW AND THEREBY CAUSES SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON, OR
- (2) CAUSES SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THE VEHICLE

AND TRAFFIC LAW WHILE SUCH PERSON HAS .20 OF ONE PER CENTUM OR MORE BY WEIGHT OF ALCOHOL IN THE PERSON'S BLOOD AS SHOWN BY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF SUCH PERSON'S BLOOD, URINE OR SALIVA, OR

- (3) COMMITS THE CRIME OF VEHICULAR ASSAULT IN THE SECOND OR THIRD DEGREE AND HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF VEHICULAR ASSAULT IN THE FIRST, SECOND OR THIRD DEGREE; OR VEHICULAR MANSLAUGHTER IN THE FIRST, SECOND OR THIRD DEGREE; OR CRIMINALLY NEGLIGENT HOMICIDE INVOLVING THE OPERATION OF A VEHICLE.
- IN ANY PROSECUTION UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OR TWO OF THIS SECTION, IT SHALL BE AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE THAT SUCH SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE OR IN SUBSTANTIAL PART BY SOME FACTOR OTHER THAN THE ACTOR'S INTOXICATION OR THE MANNER IN WHICH THE ACTOR OPERATED THE VEHICLE.

Vehicular assault in the first degree is a class [D] C felony.

- S 4. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 125.12-a to read as follows:
- S 125.12-A VEHICULAR MANSLAUGHTER IN THE THIRD DEGREE.
- A PERSON IS GUILTY OF VEHICULAR MANSLAUGHTER IN THE THIRD DEGREE WHEN HE OR SHE:
- (1) CAUSES THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE, AND KNOWS OR HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT: (A) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE OF OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER STATE OR HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE OF OBTAINING A LICENSE TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER STATE IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; (B) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE OF OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN THE STATE, OR HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE OF OBTAINING A LICENSE ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; OR (C) HE OR SHE IS NOT DULY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OR
- (2) CAUSES THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE WHEN: (A) SUCH SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE OR SUBSTANTIAL PART BY THE ACTOR'S VIOLATION OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OTHER THAN SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF SUCH TITLE, AND (B) THE ACTOR HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONVICTED OF TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW ON AT LEAST TWO SEPARATE DATES WITHIN THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING EIGHTEEN MONTHS, OR
- (3) CAUSES THE DEATH OF ANOTHER PERSON BY OPERATION OF A VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

IN ANY PROSECUTION UNDER SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION, IT SHALL BE AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE THAT SUCH DEATH WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE OR IN SUBSTANTIAL PART BY SOME FACTOR OTHER THAN THE ACTOR'S IMPAIRMENT BY THE USE OF ALCOHOL OR THE MANNER IN WHICH THE ACTOR OPERATED THE VEHICLE.

VEHICULAR MANSLAUGHTER IN THE THIRD DEGREE IS A CLASS D FELONY.

- S 5. Section 125.12 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 732 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- S 125.12 Vehicular manslaughter in the second degree.

A person is guilty of vehicular manslaughter in the second degree when he or she causes the death of another person, and either:

(1) operates a motor vehicle in violation of subdivision two, three, four or four-a of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law or operates a vessel or public vessel in violation of paragraph (b), (c), (d) or (e) of subdivision two of section forty-nine-a of the navigation law, and as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alco-

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34 35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42 43

44

45

47

48

49

50

51

hol and any drug or drugs, operates such motor vehicle, vessel or public vessel in a manner that causes the death of such other person, or

- (2) operates a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than [eighteen] TEN thousand pounds which contains flammable gas, radioactive materials or explosives in violation of subdivision one of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law, and such flammable gas, radioactive materials or explosives is the cause of such death, and as a result of such impairment by the use of alcohol, operates such motor vehicle in a manner that causes the death of such other person, or
- (3) operates a snowmobile in violation of paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision one of section 25.24 of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law or operates an all terrain vehicle as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section twenty-two hundred eighty-one of the vehicle and traffic law in violation of subdivision two, three, four, or four-a of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law, and as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and any drug or drugs, operates such snowmobile or all terrain vehicle in a manner that causes the death of such other person[.], OR
- COMMITS THE CRIME OF CRIMINALLY NEGLIGENT HOMICIDE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 125.10 OF THIS ARTICLE BY OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE, KNOWS OR HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT: (A) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE OF OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER STATE OR HIS OBTAINING A LICENSE TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE IN ANOTHER PRIVILEGE OF STATE IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; (B) HIS OR HER LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE A MOTOR VEHICLE IN THESTATE OR HIS OR HER PRIVILEGE OF OPERATING OBTAINING A LICENSE ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED; OR (C) HE OR SHE IS NOT DULY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OR
- (5) COMMITS THE CRIME OF CRIMINALLY NEGLIGENT HOMICIDE AS SECTION 125.10 OF THIS ARTICLE BY OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WHEN: (A) SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY WAS CAUSED IN WHOLE OR SUBSTANTIAL PART BY THE ACTOR'S VIOLATION OF ANY SECTION OR SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OTHER THAN SUBDIVISIONS TWO, THREE FOUR OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF SUCH TITLE, AND (B) THE ACTOR HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONVICTED OF TWO OR MORE VIOLATIONS ANY SECTIONS CONTAINED WITHIN TITLE SEVEN OF THE VEHICLE AND SECTION OR TRAFFIC LAW ON AT LEAST TWOSEPARATE DATES WITHIN THE**IMMEDIATELY** PRECEDING EIGHTEEN MONTHS.
- If it is established that the person operating such motor vehicle, vessel, public vessel, snowmobile or all terrain vehicle caused such death while unlawfully intoxicated or impaired by the use of alcohol or a drug, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that, as a result of such intoxication or impairment by the use of alcohol or a drug, or by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol and any drug or drugs, such person operated the motor vehicle, vessel, public vessel, snowmobile or all terrain vehicle in a manner that caused such death, as required by this section.
 - Vehicular manslaughter in the second degree is a class [D] C felony.
- S 6. This act shall take effect immediately.