4868

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 12, 2013

Introduced by M. of A. DINOWITZ -- read once and referred to the Committee on Judiciary

AN ACT to amend the domestic relations law and the family court act, in relation to prohibiting the court from granting custody of or unsupervised visitation with a child to a person who has been convicted of or charged with raping the parent of the child

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 240 of the domes-2 tic relations law, as amended by chapter 476 of the laws of 2009, is 3 amended to read as follows:

4 (a) In any action or proceeding brought (1) to annul a marriage or to declare the nullity of a void marriage, or (2) for a separation, or (3) 5 6 for a divorce, or (4) to obtain, by a writ of habeas corpus or by peti-7 tion and order to show cause, the custody of or right to visitation with child of a marriage, the court shall require verification of the 8 any 9 status of any child of the marriage with respect to such child's custody 10 and support, including any prior orders, and shall enter orders for custody and support as, in the court's discretion, justice requires, 11 having regard to the circumstances of the case and of the respective 12 parties and to the best interests of the child and subject to the 13 provisions of subdivision one-c of this section. Where either party to 14 15 an action concerning custody of or a right to visitation with a child alleges in a sworn petition or complaint or sworn answer, cross-peti-16 17 tion, counterclaim or other sworn responsive pleading that the other party has committed an act of domestic violence against the party making 18 the allegation or a family or household member of either party, as such 19 20 family or household member is defined in article eight of the family 21 court act, and such allegations are proven by a preponderance of the 22 evidence, the court must consider the effect of such domestic violence 23 upon the best interests of the child, together with such other facts and

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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circumstances as the court deems relevant in making a direction pursuant 1 2 to this section and state on the record how such findings, facts and 3 circumstances factored into the direction. NO COURT SHALL AWARD CUSTODY 4 TO OR ALLOW UNSUPERVISED VISITATION WITH A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED 5 OF RAPING THE PARENT OF SUCH CHILD AND ANY REQUEST FOR CUSTODY OR UNSU-6 PERVISED VISITATION BY A PERSON CHARGED WITH RAPING THE PARENT OF SUCH 7 CHILD SHALL BE STAYED PENDING RESOLUTION OF ANY CRIMINAL CHARGES OF 8 RAPE. If a parent makes a good faith allegation based on a reasonable belief supported by facts that the child is the victim of child abuse, 9 10 child neglect, or the effects of domestic violence, and if that parent 11 acts lawfully and in good faith in response to that reasonable belief to protect the child or seek treatment for the child, then that parent shall not be deprived of custody, visitation or contact with the child, 12 13 14 restricted in custody, visitation or contact, based solely on that or 15 belief or the reasonable actions taken based on that belief. If an alle-16 gation that a child is abused is supported by a preponderance of the evidence, then the court shall consider such evidence of abuse in deter-17 18 mining the visitation arrangement that is in the best interest of the 19 child, and the court shall not place a child in the custody of a parent who presents a substantial risk of harm to that child, and shall state 20 21 on the record how such findings were factored into the determination. An 22 order directing the payment of child support shall contain the social security numbers of the named parties. In all cases there shall be no 23 24 prima facie right to the custody of the child in either parent. Such 25 direction shall make provision for child support out of the property of either or both parents. The court shall make its award for child support 26 pursuant to subdivision one-b of this section. Such direction may 27 provide for reasonable visitation rights to the maternal and/or paternal 28 29 grandparents of any child of the parties. Such direction as it applies 30 to rights of visitation with a child remanded or placed in the care of a person, official, agency or institution pursuant to article ten of the 31 32 family court act, or pursuant to an instrument approved under section 33 three hundred fifty-eight-a of the social services law, shall be enforceable pursuant to part eight of article ten of the family court act and sections three hundred fifty-eight-a and three hundred eighty-34 35 four-a of the social services law and other applicable provisions of law 36 37 against any person having care and custody, or temporary care and custody, of the child. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any writ-ten application or motion to the court for the establishment, modifica-38 39 40 tion or enforcement of a child support obligation for persons not in 41 receipt of public assistance and care must contain either a request for child support enforcement services which would authorize the collection 42 43 of the support obligation by the immediate issuance of an income 44 execution for support enforcement as provided for by this chapter, 45 completed in the manner specified in section one hundred eleven-g of the social services law; or a statement that the applicant has applied for 46 47 is in receipt of such services; or a statement that the applicant or 48 knows of the availability of such services, has declined them at this time and where support enforcement services pursuant to section one hundred eleven-g of the social services law have been declined that the 49 50 51 applicant understands that an income deduction order may be issued 52 pursuant to subdivision (c) of section fifty-two hundred forty-two of the civil practice law and rules without other child support enforcement 53 54 services and that payment of an administrative fee may be required. The 55 court shall provide a copy of any such request for child support

enforcement services to the support collection unit of the appropriate

social services district any time it directs payments to be made to such 1 2 support collection unit. Additionally, the copy of any such request 3 shall be accompanied by the name, address and social security number of 4 the parties; the date and place of the parties' marriage; the name and 5 date of birth of the child or children; and the name and address of the 6 employers and income payors of the party from whom child support is 7 sought or from the party ordered to pay child support to the other 8 party. Such direction may require the payment of a sum or sums of money 9 either directly to the custodial parent or to third persons for goods or 10 services furnished for such child, or for both payments to the custodial parent and to such third persons; provided, however, that unless 11 the 12 party seeking or receiving child support has applied for or is receiving 13 such services, the court shall not direct such payments to be made to the support collection unit, as established in section one hundred 14 15 eleven-h of the social services law. Every order directing the payment of support shall require that if either parent currently, or at any time 16 17 in the future, has health insurance benefits available that may be extended or obtained to cover the child, such parent is required to 18 19 exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such child and 20 execute and deliver to such person any forms, notices, documents or 21 instruments necessary to assure timely payment of any health insurance 22 claims for such child.

23 S 2. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 553 to 24 read as follows:

25 S 553. PATERNITY PROCEEDINGS STAYED FOR RAPE CHARGES AGAINST PUTATIVE 26 FATHER. 1. ΙF CRIMINAL CHARGES ALLEGING AN ACT OF RAPE ARE BROUGHT 27 AGAINST THE PUTATIVE FATHER OF A CHILD CONCEIVED AS THE RESULT OF THAT 28 THE COURT SHALL ISSUE AN AUTOMATIC STAY OF ANY PATERNITY ACT OF RAPE, 29 PROCEEDING INVOLVING BOTH THE CHILD AND THE ALLEGED PUTATIVE FATHER. THE STAY SHALL NOT BE LIFTED UNTIL THERE IS A FINAL 30 DISPOSITION OF SUCH 31 CRIMINAL CHARGES.

32 2. IN ANY FUTURE CUSTODY PROCEEDING, ANY DENIAL OF VISITATION UNDER 33 THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE USED AGAINST THE MOTHER OF THE CHILD WHEN 34 DETERMINING ANY SUPPORT OBLIGATION.

35 S 3. Subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) of section 651 of the family court 36 act, subdivisions (a) and (c) as amended by chapter 85 of the laws of 37 1996 and subdivision (b) as amended by chapter 657 of the laws of 2003, 38 are amended to read as follows:

(a) When referred from the supreme court or county court to the family 39 40 court, the family court has jurisdiction to determine, in accordance with subdivision one of section two hundred forty of the domestic 41 relations law and with the same powers possessed by the supreme court in 42 43 addition to its own powers, habeas corpus proceedings and proceedings 44 brought by petition and order to show cause, for the determination of 45 the custody or visitation of minors SUBJECT, HOWEVER, TO THE PROVISIONS PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE 46 OF DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW PROHIBITING THE COURT FROM GRANTING CUSTODY 47 OR 48 UNSUPERVISED VISITATION OF A CHILD TO A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF 49 OR CHARGED WITH RAPING THE PARENT OF THE CHILD.

50 (b) When initiated in the family court, the family court has jurisdic-51 determine, in accordance with subdivision one of section two tion to hundred forty of the domestic relations law and with the same powers 52 possessed by the supreme court in addition to its own powers, habeas 53 54 corpus proceedings and proceedings brought by petition and order to show 55 cause, for the determination of the custody or visitation of minors, 56 including applications by a grandparent or grandparents for visitation 1 or custody rights pursuant to section seventy-two or two hundred forty 2 of the domestic relations law SUBJECT, HOWEVER, TO THE PROVISIONS OF 3 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE 4 DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW PROHIBITING THE COURT FROM GRANTING CUSTODY OR 5 UNSUPERVISED VISITATION OF A CHILD TO A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF 6 OR CHARGED WITH RAPING THE PARENT OF THE CHILD.

7 (c) When initiated in the family court pursuant to a petition under 8 part eight of article ten of this act or section three hundred fiftyeight-a of the social services law, the family court has jurisdiction to 9 10 enforce or modify orders or judgments of the supreme court relating to the visitation of minors in foster care, notwithstanding any limitation 11 contained in subdivision (b) of section four hundred sixty-seven of this 12 act BUT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF 13 14 SECTION TWO HUNDRED FORTY OF THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW PROHIBITING THE 15 COURT FROM GRANTING CUSTODY OR UNSUPERVISED VISITATION OF A CHILD TO A 16 PERSON WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF OR CHARGED WITH RAPING THE PARENT OF 17 THE CHILD.

18 S 4. This act shall take effect immediately.