

2070

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

I N A S S E M B L Y

(PREFILED)

January 9, 2013

Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN, DINOWITZ, TITUS, WEPRIN, CASTRO --  
Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. GLICK, GOTTFRIED -- read once and  
referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations

AN ACT to amend the executive law, in relation to the definition of  
"place of public accommodation, resort or amusement" for the purposes  
of the human rights law

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEM-  
BLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 9 of section 292 of the executive law, as  
2 amended by chapter 262 of the laws of 1994, is amended to read as  
3 follows:  
4 9. The term "place of public accommodation, resort or amusement" shall  
5 include, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF SUCH PLACE IS A  
6 STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENTITY OR A PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY,  
7 except as hereinafter specified, all places included in the meaning of  
8 such terms as: inns, taverns, road houses, hotels, motels, whether  
9 conducted for the entertainment of transient guests or for the accommo-  
10 dation of those seeking health, recreation or rest, or restaurants, or  
11 eating houses, or any place where food is sold for consumption on the  
12 premises; buffets, saloons, barrooms, or any store, park or enclosure  
13 where spirituous or malt liquors are sold; ice cream parlors, confec-  
14 tionaries, soda fountains, and all stores where ice cream, ice and fruit  
15 preparations or their derivatives, or where beverages of any kind are  
16 retailed for consumption on the premises; wholesale and retail stores  
17 and establishments dealing with goods or services of any kind, dispen-  
18 saries, clinics, hospitals, bath-houses, swimming pools, laundries and  
19 all other cleaning establishments, barber shops, beauty parlors, thea-  
20 tres, motion picture houses, airdromes, roof gardens, music halls, race  
21 courses, skating rinks, amusement and recreation parks, trailer camps,  
22 resort camps, fairs, bowling alleys, golf courses, gymnasiums, shooting

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[ ] is old law to be omitted.

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1 galleries, billiard and pool parlors; garages, all public conveyances  
2 operated on land or water or in the air, as well as the stations and  
3 terminals thereof; travel or tour advisory services, agencies or  
4 bureaus; public halls [and], PUBLIC ROOMS, public elevators, AND ANY  
5 PUBLIC AREAS of [buildings and structures occupied by two or more  
6 tenants, or by the owner and one or more tenants] ANY BUILDING OR STRUC-  
7 TURE. Such term shall not include [public libraries,] kindergartens,  
8 primary and secondary schools, high schools, academies, colleges and  
9 universities, extension courses, and all educational institutions under  
10 the supervision of the regents of the state of New York; any such  
11 [public library,] kindergarten, primary and secondary school, academy,  
12 college, university, professional school, extension course or other  
13 education facility, supported in whole or in part by public funds or by  
14 contributions solicited from the general public; or any institution,  
15 club or place of accommodation which proves that it is in its nature  
16 distinctly private. In no event shall an institution, club or place of  
17 accommodation be considered in its nature distinctly private if it has  
18 more than one hundred members, provides regular meal service and regu-  
19 larly receives payment for dues, fees, use of space, facilities,  
20 services, meals or beverages directly or indirectly from or on behalf of  
21 a nonmember for the furtherance of trade or business. An institution,  
22 club, or place of accommodation which is not deemed distinctly private  
23 pursuant to this subdivision may nevertheless apply such selective  
24 criteria as it chooses in the use of its facilities, in evaluating  
25 applicants for membership and in the conduct of its activities, so long  
26 as such selective criteria do not constitute discriminatory practices  
27 under this article or any other provision of law. For the purposes of  
28 this section, a corporation incorporated under the benevolent orders law  
29 or described in the benevolent orders law but formed under any other law  
30 of this state or a religious corporation incorporated under the educa-  
31 tion law or the religious corporations law shall be deemed to be in its  
32 nature distinctly private.

33 No institution, club, organization or place of accommodation which  
34 sponsors or conducts any amateur athletic contest or sparring exhibition  
35 and advertises or bills such contest or exhibition as a New York state  
36 championship contest or uses the words "New York state" in its announce-  
37 ments shall be deemed a private exhibition within the meaning of this  
38 section.

39 S 2. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision 2 of section 296 of the  
40 executive law, as added by chapter 394 of the laws of 2007, are amended  
41 to read as follows:

42 (c) For the purposes of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, "discrimi-  
43 natory practice" includes:

44 (i) a refusal to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices,  
45 or procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford facili-  
46 ties, privileges, advantages or accommodations to individuals with disa-  
47 bilities, unless such person can demonstrate that making such modifica-  
48 tions would fundamentally alter the nature of such facilities,  
49 privileges, advantages or accommodations;

50 (ii) a refusal to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that  
51 no individual with a disability is excluded or denied services because  
52 of the absence of auxiliary aids and services, unless such person can  
53 demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the nature  
54 of the facility, privilege, advantage or accommodation being offered or  
55 would result in an undue burden;

1 (iii) a refusal to remove architectural barriers, and communication  
2 barriers that are structural in nature, in existing facilities, and  
3 transportation barriers in existing vehicles and rail passenger cars  
4 used by an establishment for transporting individuals (not including  
5 barriers that can only be removed through the retrofitting of vehicles  
6 or rail passenger cars by the installation of a hydraulic or other  
7 lift), where such removal is readily achievable; [and]

8 (iv) WHERE SUCH PERSON IS A LOCAL OR STATE GOVERNMENT ENTITY, A  
9 REFUSAL TO REMOVE ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS, AND COMMUNICATION BARRIERS  
10 THAT ARE STRUCTURAL IN NATURE, IN EXISTING FACILITIES, AND TRANSPORTA-  
11 TION BARRIERS IN EXISTING VEHICLES AND RAIL PASSENGER CARS USED BY AN  
12 ESTABLISHMENT FOR TRANSPORTING INDIVIDUALS (NOT INCLUDING BARRIERS THAT  
13 CAN ONLY BE REMOVED THROUGH THE RETROFITTING OF VEHICLES OR RAIL PASSEN-  
14 GER CARS BY THE INSTALLATION OF A HYDRAULIC OR OTHER LIFT), WHERE SUCH  
15 REMOVAL DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN UNDUE BURDEN; EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN  
16 PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION; NOTHING IN THIS SECTION WOULD REQUIRE  
17 A PUBLIC ENTITY TO: NECESSARILY MAKE EACH OF ITS EXISTING FACILITIES  
18 ACCESSIBLE TO AND USABLE BY INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES; TAKE ANY  
19 ACTION THAT WOULD THREATEN OR DESTROY THE HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF AN  
20 HISTORIC PROPERTY; OR TO MAKE STRUCTURAL CHANGES IN EXISTING FACILITIES  
21 WHERE OTHER METHODS ARE EFFECTIVE IN ACHIEVING COMPLIANCE WITH THIS  
22 SECTION;

23 (V) where such person can demonstrate that the removal of a barrier  
24 under subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph is not readily achievable, a  
25 failure to make such facilities, privileges, advantages or accommo-  
26 dations available through alternative methods if such methods are readi-  
27 ly achievable.

28 (d) For the purposes of this subdivision:

29 (i) "Readily achievable" means easily accomplishable and able to be  
30 carried out without much difficulty or expense. In determining whether  
31 an action is readily achievable, factors to be considered include:

32 (A) the nature and cost of the action needed under this subdivision;

33 (B) the overall financial resources of the facility or facilities  
34 involved in the action; the number of persons employed at such facility;  
35 the effect on expenses and resources or the impact otherwise of such  
36 action upon the operation of the facility;

37 (C) the overall financial resources of the place of public accommo-  
38 dation, resort or amusement; the overall size of the business of such a  
39 place with respect to the number of its employees; the number, type and  
40 location of its facilities; and

41 (D) the type of operation or operations of the place of public accom-  
42 modation, resort or amusement, including the composition, structure and  
43 functions of the workforce of such place; the geographic separateness,  
44 administrative or fiscal relationship of the facility or facilities in  
45 question to such place.

46 (ii) "Auxiliary aids and services" include:

47 (A) qualified interpreters or other effective methods of making aural-  
48 ly delivered materials available to individuals with hearing impair-  
49 ments;

50 (B) qualified readers, taped texts or other effective methods of  
51 making visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual  
52 impairments;

53 (C) acquisition or modification of equipment or devices; and

54 (D) other similar services and actions.

1 (iii) "Undue burden" means significant difficulty or expense. In  
2 determining whether an action would result in an undue burden, factors  
3 to be considered shall include:  
4 (A) The nature and cost of the action needed under this article;  
5 (B) The overall financial resources of the site or sites involved in  
6 the action; the number of persons employed at the site; the effect on  
7 expenses and resources; legitimate safety requirements that are neces-  
8 sary for safe operation, including crime prevention measures; or the  
9 impact otherwise of the action upon the operation of the site;  
10 (C) The geographic separateness, and the administrative or fiscal  
11 relationship of the site or sites in question to any parent corporation  
12 or entity;  
13 (D) If applicable, the overall financial resources of any parent  
14 corporation or entity; the overall size of the parent corporation or  
15 entity with respect to the number of its employees; the number, type,  
16 and location of its facilities; and  
17 (E) If applicable, the type of operation or operations of any parent  
18 corporation or entity, including the composition, structure, and func-  
19 tions of the workforce of the parent corporation or entity.  
20 S 3. This act shall take effect on the one hundred twentieth day after  
21 it shall have become a law.