1877

2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

(PREFILED)

January 9, 2013

Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN, GALEF, DINOWITZ, COOK, WEISENBERG, BENE-DETTO, JAFFEE, TITUS -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to determining the expiration date of an order of protection

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The opening paragraph of subdivision 5 of section 530.12 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by section 1 of chapter 9 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

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Upon sentencing on a conviction for any crime or violation between spouses OR FORMER SPOUSES, between a parent and child, or between members of the same family or household as defined in subdivision one of section 530.11 of this article, the court may in addition to any other disposition, including a conditional discharge or youthful offender adjudication, enter an order of protection. Where a temporary order of issued, the court shall state on the record the reasons protection was for issuing or not issuing an order of protection. The duration of such order shall be fixed by the court and: (A) in the case of a felony conviction, shall not exceed the greater of: (i) eight years from the date of such sentencing, EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A FELONY SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, or (ii) eight years from the date of the expiration of the maximum term of an indeterminate the term of a determinate sentence of imprisonment actually imposed; or (B) in the case of a conviction for a class A misdemeanor, shall not exceed the greater of: (i) five years from the date of such sentencing, EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

CONVICTION FOR A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DEFINED IN

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SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH CASE, SIX YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, or (ii) five years from the date of the expiration of the maximum term of a definite or intermittent term actually imposed; or (C) in the case of a conviction for any other 5 offense, shall not exceed the greater of: (i) two years from the date of 6 sentencing, or (ii) two years from the date of the expiration of 7 maximum term of a definite or intermittent term actually imposed. 8 PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION ONLY, IN CALCULATING THE EXPIRATION DATE OF 9 THE MAXIMUM TERM OF AN INDETERMINATE OR THE TERM OF A DETERMINATE 10 SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT ACTUALLY IMPOSED, THE COURT SHALL DISREGARD ANY THAT MAY BE APPLIED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE 11 CREDIT 12 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 70.30 OF THEPENAL LAW, 13 ADDITION, WITH RESPECT TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE, CALCULATE ΙN 14 THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE TERM OF SUCH SENTENCE BY ADDING THE FULL TERM 15 OF THE IMPRISONMENT PORTION OF SUCH SENTENCE AS IMPOSED BY THE COURT AND 16 THE FULL PERIOD OF POST-RELEASE SUPERVISION IMPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 17 SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 70.45 OF THE PENAL LAW. For purposes of 18 determining the duration of an order of protection entered pursuant to 19 subdivision, a conviction shall be deemed to include a conviction 20 that has been replaced by a youthful offender adjudication. In addition 21 to any other conditions, such an order may require the defendant: 22

S 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 5 of section 530.12 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by section 2 of chapter 9 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

Upon sentencing on a conviction for any crime or violation between spouses OR FORMER SPOUSES, between a parent and child, or between members of the same family or household as defined in subdivision one of section 530.11 of this article, the court may in addition to any other disposition, including a conditional discharge or youthful offender adjudication, enter an order of protection. Where a temporary order of protection was issued, the court shall state on the record the reasons issuing or not issuing an order of protection. The duration of such an order shall be fixed by the court and[,]: (A) in the case of a felony conviction, shall not exceed the greater of: (i) [five] EIGHT years from the date of such sentencing, EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A FELONY SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS SENTENCE OF DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH CASE, TEN YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, or (ii) [three] EIGHT years from the date of the expiration of the maximum term of an indeterminate OR THE TERM OF THE DETERMINATE sentence of imprisonment actually imposed; or (B) in the case of a conviction for a class A misdemeanor, shall not exceed [three] THE GREATER OF: (I) FIVE years from the date of such sentencing EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR SEXUAL ASSAULT, DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, OR (II) FIVE YEARS CASE, SIX FROM THE DATE OF EXPIRATION OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF A DEFINITE OR MITTENT TERM ACTUALLY IMPOSED; or (C) in the case of a conviction for any other offense, shall not exceed [one year from the date of THE GREATER OF: (I) TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SENTENCING, OR (II) TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE EXPIRATION OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF A DEFI-NITE OR INTERMITTENT TERM ACTUALLY IMPOSED. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS VISION ONLY, IN CALCULATING THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF AN INDETERMINATE OR THE TERM OF A DETERMINATE SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT IMPOSED, THE COURT SHALL DISREGARD ANY JAIL TIME CREDIT THAT

MAY BE APPLIED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION

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SECTION 70.30 OF THE PENAL LAW, AND SHALL, IN ADDITION, WITH RESPECT TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE, CALCULATE THE EXPIRATION DATE OF OF SUCH SENTENCE BY ADDING THE FULL TERM OF THE IMPRISONMENT PORTION OF SUCH SENTENCE AS IMPOSED BY THE COURT AND THE FULL PERIOD OF POST-RELEASE SUPERVISION IMPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 70.45 OF THE PENAL LAW. For purposes of determining the duration 7 an order of protection entered pursuant to this subdivision, a 8 conviction shall be deemed to include a conviction that has been 9 replaced by a youthful offender adjudication. In addition to any other 10 conditions, such an order may require the defendant:

S 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 530.13 of criminal procedure law, as amended by section 3 of chapter 9 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

Upon sentencing on a conviction for any offense, where the court has not issued an order of protection pursuant to section 530.12 of this article, the court may, in addition to any other disposition, including a conditional discharge or youthful offender adjudication, order of protection. Where a temporary order of protection was issued, the court shall state on the record the reasons for issuing or not issuing an order of protection. The duration of such an order shall be fixed by the court and; (A) in the case of a felony conviction, shall exceed the greater of: (i) eight years from the date of such sentencing, SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION ON A EXCEPT WHERE THE 24 CONVICTION FOR A FELONY SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH CASE, TEN YEARS FROM THE SECTION 65.00 DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, or (ii) eight years from the date of the ration of the maximum term of an indeterminate or the term of a determinate sentence of imprisonment actually imposed; or (B) in the case of a conviction for a class A misdemeanor, shall not exceed the greater of: five years from the date of such sentencing, EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH CASE, SIX YEARS FROM OF SUCH SENTENCING or (ii) five years from the date of the expiration of the maximum term of a definite or intermittent term actually imposed; or in the case of a conviction for any other offense, shall not exceed the greater of: (i) two years from the date of sentencing, or (ii) two years from the date of the expiration of the maximum term of a definite or intermittent term actually imposed. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION ONLY, IN CALCULATING THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF AN INDE-TERMINATE OR THE TERM OF A DETERMINATE SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT ACTUALLY IMPOSED, THE COURT SHALL DISREGARD ANY JAIL TIME CREDIT THAT MAY APPLIED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 70.30 OF THE PENAL LAW, AND SHALL, IN ADDITION, WITH A DETERMINATE SENTENCE, CALCULATE THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE TERM OF SUCH SENTENCE BY ADDING THE FULL TERM OF THE IMPRISONMENT PORTION OF IMPOSED BY THE COURT AND THE FULL PERIOD OF POST-RE-SENTENCE AS LEASE SUPERVISION IMPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBDIVISION TWO OF THE PENAL LAW. For purposes of determining the duration of an order of protection entered pursuant to this subdivision, a conviction shall be deemed to include a conviction that has been replaced by a youthful offender adjudication. In addition to any other conditions such an order may require that the defendant:

4. The opening paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 530.13 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by section 4 of chapter 9 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

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1 Upon sentencing on a conviction for any offense, where the court has 2 not issued an order of protection pursuant to section 530.12 of this 3 article, the court may, in addition to any other disposition, including a conditional discharge or youthful offender adjudication, enter an 5 order of protection. Where a temporary order of protection was issued, 6 the court shall state on the record the reasons for issuing or not issu-7 ing an order of protection. The duration of such an order shall be fixed by the court and, (A) in the case of a felony conviction, shall not 8 9 exceed the greater of: (i) [five] EIGHT years from the date of such 10 sentencing, EXCEPT WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A FELONY SEXUAL ASSAULT, AS DEFINED IN 11 SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH CASE, 12 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, or (ii) [three] EIGHT years from 13 14 date of the expiration of the maximum term of an indeterminate OR 15 THE TERM OF A DETERMINATE sentence of imprisonment actually imposed; or in the case of a conviction for a class A misdemeanor, shall not 16 17 exceed [three] THE GREATER OF: (I) FIVE years from the date 18 WHERE THE SENTENCE IS OR sentencing EXCEPT INCLUDES A SENTENCE OF 19 PROBATION ON A CONVICTION FOR A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR SEXUAL ASSAULT, 20 DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 65.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, IN WHICH YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SUCH SENTENCING, OR (II) FIVE YEARS 21 22 FROM THE DATE OF THE EXPIRATION OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF A DEFINITE INTERMITTENT TERM ACTUALLY IMPOSED; or (C) in the case of a conviction 23 24 for any other offense, shall not exceed [one year from the date of 25 THE GREATER OF: (I) TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF SENTENCING, sentencing] 26 OR (II) TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE EXPIRATION OF THE MAXIMUM TERM OF 27 A DEFINITE OR INTERMITTENT TERM ACTUALLY IMPOSED. FOR PURPOSES OF SUBDIVISION ONLY, IN CALCULATING THE EXPIRATION DATE OF THE MAXIMUM TERM 28 29 INDETERMINATE OR THE TERM OF A DETERMINATE SENTENCE OF IMPRISON-MENT ACTUALLY IMPOSED, THE COURT SHALL DISREGARD ANY JAIL 30  $\mathtt{TIME}$ MAY BE APPLIED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE PURSUANT TO SUBDI-31 32 VISION THREE OF SECTION 70.30 OF THE PENAL LAW, AND SHALL, IN ADDITION, WITH RESPECT TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE, CALCULATE THE EXPIRATION DATE OF 33 TERM OF SUCH SENTENCE BY ADDING THE FULL TERM OF THE IMPRISONMENT 34 THE 35 PORTION OF SUCH SENTENCE AS IMPOSED BY THE COURT AND THE FULL PERIOD OF POST-RELEASE SUPERVISION IMPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBDIVISION TWO OF 36 37 SECTION 70.45 OF THE PENAL LAW. For purposes of determining the duration of an order of protection entered pursuant to this subdivision, a 38 39 conviction shall be deemed to include a conviction that has been 40 replaced by a youthful offender adjudication. In addition to any other 41 conditions such an order may require that the defendant: 42

S 5. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after it shall have become a law and shall apply to all criminal actions whenever commenced provided sentence therein has not been imposed prior to such effective date; provided, however, that the amendments to the opening paragraph of subdivision 5 of section 530.12 and the opening paragraph of subdivision 4 of section 530.13 of the criminal procedure law made by sections one and three of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such paragraphs pursuant to subdivision d of section 74 of chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of sections two and four of this act shall take effect.