2411

2011-2012 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 20, 2011

Introduced by Sens. PERKINS, DIAZ, HASSELL-THOMPSON, KRUEGER, SERRANO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to authorizing the use of closed-circuit televisions for witnesses who are determined to be adverse due to domestic violence disputes

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new arti-2 cle 66 to read as follows:

3 4	ARTICLE 66 USE OF CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION FOR
5	CERTAIN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES
б	SECTION 66.00 DEFINITIONS.
7 8	66.10 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; GENERAL RULE; DECLARATION OF ADVERSITY.
8 9	66.20 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION AND
10	GROUNDS FOR DETERMINATION.
11	66.30 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; SPECIAL TESTIMONIAL PROCEDURES.
12	S 66.00 DEFINITIONS.
13	AS USED IN THIS ARTICLE:
14	1. "ADVERSE WITNESS" MEANS A PERSON WHO WILL BE CALLED TO TESTIFY IN A
15	CRIMINAL PROCEEDING, OTHER THAN A GRAND JURY PROCEEDING, CONCERNING AN
16	OFFENSE DEFINED IN TITLE G, H, I OR J OF THE PENAL LAW WHICH IS THE
17	SUBJECT OF SUCH CRIMINAL PROCEEDING WHERE SUCH WITNESS HAS HAD A
18	RESTRAINING ORDER ISSUED AGAINST THE ALLEGED DEFENDANT.
19	2. "TESTIMONIAL ROOM" MEANS ANY ROOM, SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE
20	COURTROOM, WHICH IS FURNISHED COMFORTABLY AND LESS FORMALLY THAN A
21	COURTROOM AND FROM WHICH THE TESTIMONY OF AN ADVERSE WITNESS CAN BE
	EXPLANATIONMatter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.
	LBD07805-01-1

TRANSMITTED TO THE COURTROOM BY MEANS OF LIVE, TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT 1 2 TELEVISION. TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION" MEANS A SIMULTANEOUS 3 3. "LIVE, 4 TRANSMISSION, BY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION, OR OTHER ELECTRONIC MEANS, 5 BETWEEN THE COURTROOM AND THE TESTIMONIAL ROOM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 6 PROVISIONS OF SECTION 66.30 OF THIS ARTICLE. 7 4. "OPERATOR" MEANS THE INDIVIDUAL AUTHORIZED BY THE COURT TO OPERATE 8 THE CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION EQUIPMENT USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 9 PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE. 10 S 66.10 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; GENERAL RULE; DECLARATION OF ADVER-11 SITY. 12 A WITNESS SHALL BE DECLARED ADVERSE WHEN THE COURT, IN ACCORDANCE 1. WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 66.20 OF THIS ARTICLE, DETERMINES BY 13 14 CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT IT IS LIKELY, AS A RESULT OF EXTRAOR-15 DINARY CIRCUMSTANCES, THAT: (A) SUCH WITNESS WILL SUFFER SEVERE MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL HARM IF 16 17 REQUIRED TO TESTIFY AT A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING WITHOUT THE USE OF LIVE, TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION AND THAT THE USE OF SUCH LIVE, TWO-WAY 18 19 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION WILL HELP PREVENT, OR DIMINISH THE LIKELIHOOD 20 OR EXTENT OF, SUCH HARM; OR 21 (B) THE PRESENCE OF SUCH WITNESS IN THE COURT WILL CAUSE ONE OR MORE 22 OF THE PARTIES INVOLVED TO BECOME UNRULY AND UNMANAGEABLE. 2. WHEN THE COURT DECLARES A WITNESS TO BE ADVERSE, IT SHALL, EXCEPT 23 24 AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION 66.30 OF THIS ARTICLE, 25 AUTHORIZE THE TAKING OF THE TESTIMONY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS FROM THE 26 TESTIMONIAL ROOM BY MEANS OF LIVE, TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION. 27 UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE BE CONSTRUED 28 AUTHORIZE A CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION SYSTEM BY WHICH EVENTS IN THE ΤO 29 COURTROOM ARE NOT TRANSMITTED TO THE TESTIMONIAL ROOM DURING THE TESTI-MONY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS. 30 3. NOTHING HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PRECLUDE THE COURT FROM EXER-31 32 CISING ITS POWER TO CLOSE THE COURTROOM OR FROM EXERCISING ANY AUTHORITY 33 IT OTHERWISE MAY HAVE TO PROTECT THE WELL-BEING OF A WITNESS AND THE 34 RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT. S 66.20 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION AND GROUNDS 35 36 FOR DETERMINATION. 37 PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING; OTHER THAN A 1. 38 GRAND JURY PROCEEDING, EITHER PARTY MAY APPLY TO THE COURT FOR AN ORDER 39 DECLARING THAT A WITNESS IS ADVERSE. 40 2. A MOTION PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION MUST BE MADE IN WRITING AT LEAST EIGHT DAYS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF TRIAL OR OTHER 41 CRIMINAL PROCEEDING UPON REASONABLE NOTICE TO THE OTHER PARTY AND WITH 42 43 AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD. 44 3. THE MOTION PAPERS MUST STATE THE BASIS FOR THE MOTION AND MUST 45 CONTAIN SWORN ALLEGATIONS OF FACT WHICH, IF TRUE, WOULD SUPPORT A DETER-MINATION BY THE COURT THAT THE WITNESS IS ADVERSE. SUCH ALLEGATIONS MAY 46 47 BE BASED UPON THE PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE DEPONENT OR UPON INFORMATION 48 AND BELIEF, PROVIDED THAT, IN THE LATTER EVENT, THE SOURCES OF SUCH 49 INFORMATION AND THE GROUNDS FOR SUCH BELIEF ARE STATED. 50 4. THE ANSWERING PAPERS MAY ADMIT OR DENY ANY OF THE ALLEGED FACTS AND 51 MAY, IN ADDITION, CONTAIN SWORN ALLEGATIONS OF FACT RELEVANT TO THE MOTION, INCLUDING THE RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT, THE NEED TO PROTECT THE 52 WITNESS AND THE INTEGRITY OF THE TRUTH-FINDING FUNCTION OF THE TRIER OF 53 54 FACT. 55 5. UNLESS ALL MATERIAL FACTS ALLEGED IN SUPPORT OF THE MOTION MADE 56 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION ARE CONCEDED, THE COURT 1

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SHALL, IN ADDITION TO EXAMINING THE PAPERS AND HEARING ORAL ARGUMENT, CONDUCT AN APPROPRIATE HEARING FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING FINDINGS OF FACT ESSENTIAL TO THE DETERMINATION OF THE MOTION. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION, IT MAY SUBPOENA OR CALL AND EXAMINE WITNESSES, WHO MUST TESTIFY UNDER OATH.

6. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE WITNESS WHO IS 6 7 ALLEGED TO BE ADVERSE MAY NOT BE COMPELLED TO TESTIFY AT SUCH HEARING OR 8 TO SUBMIT TO ANY PSYCHOLOGICAL OR PSYCHIATRIC EXAMINATION. THE FAILURE 9 OF THE WITNESS TO TESTIFY AT SUCH HEARING SHALL NOT BE A GROUND FOR 10 DENYING A MOTION MADE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. PRIOR STATEMENTS MADE BY THE WITNESS RELATING TO ANY ALLEGATIONS OF CONDUCT 11 12 CONSTITUTING AN OFFENSE DEFINED IN TITLE G, H, I OR J OF THE PENAL LAW OR TO ANY ALLEGATION OF WORDS OR CONDUCT CONSTITUTING AN ATTEMPT TO 13 14 PREVENT, IMPEDE OR DETER THE WITNESS FROM COOPERATING IN THE INVESTI-15 GATION OR PROSECUTION OF THE OFFENSE SHALL BE ADMISSIBLE AT SUCH HEAR-ING, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT A DECLARATION THAT A WITNESS IS ADVERSE MAY 16 17 NOT BE BASED SOLELY UPON SUCH PRIOR STATEMENTS.

7. (A) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OF THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE FORTY-FIVE OF 18 19 THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES, ANY PHYSICIAN, PSYCHOLOGIST, NURSE, OR POLICE OFFICER WHO HAS HAD AN ENCOUNTER WITH THE WITNESS MAY TESTIFY AT 20 21 A HEARING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION 22 CONCERNING THE EVENTS SURROUNDING THE ENCOUNTER WITH SUCH WITNESS AS 23 SUCH ENCOUNTER RELATES TO THE ISSUE PRESENTED AT THE HEARING, PROVIDED 24 THAT ANY OTHERWISE APPLICABLE STATUTORY PRIVILEGES CONCERNING COMMUNI-25 CATIONS BETWEEN THE WITNESS AND SUCH PHYSICIAN, PSYCHOLOGIST, NURSE OR 26 POLICE OFFICER IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH ENCOUNTER SHALL NOT BE DEEMED WAIVED BY SUCH TESTIMONY ALONE, EXCEPT TO THE LIMITED EXTENT OF PERMIT-27 TING THE COURT ALONE TO EXAMINE IN CAMERA REPORTS, RECORDS OR DOCUMENTS, 28 ANY, PREPARED BY SUCH PHYSICIAN, PSYCHOLOGIST, NURSE OR POLICE OFFI-29 ΙF CER. IF UPON SUCH EXAMINATION THE COURT DETERMINES THAT SUCH REPORTS, 30 RECORDS OR DOCUMENTS, OR ANY ONE OR PORTION THEREOF, CONTAIN INFORMATION 31 32 MATERIAL AND RELEVANT TO THE ISSUE OF WHETHER THE WITNESS IS AN ADVERSE 33 WITNESS, THE COURT SHALL DISCLOSE SUCH INFORMATION TO BOTH THE ATTORNEY 34 FOR THE DEFENDANT AND THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

35 (B) AT ANY TIME AFTER A MOTION HAS BEEN MADE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, UPON THE DEMAND OF THE OTHER PARTY THE MOVING PARTY 36 37 MUST FURNISH THE DEMANDING PARTY WITH A COPY OF ANY AND ALL OF SUCH 38 RECORDS, REPORTS OR OTHER DOCUMENTS IN THE POSSESSION OF SUCH OTHER PARTY AND MUST, IN ADDITION, SUPPLY THE COURT WITH A COPY OF ALL SUCH 39 40 REPORTS, RECORDS OR OTHER DOCUMENTS WHICH ARE THE SUBJECT OF THE DEMAND. AT ANY TIME AFTER A DEMAND HAS BEEN MADE PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH, THE 41 MOVING PARTY MAY DEMAND THAT PROPERTY OF THE SAME KIND OR CHARACTER IN 42 43 POSSESSION OF THE PARTY THAT ORIGINALLY MADE SUCH DEMAND BE FURNISHED TO 44 THE MOVING PARTY AND, IF SO FURNISHED, BE SUPPLIED, IN ADDITION, TO THE 45 COURT.

46 8. (A) PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE HEARING CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO
47 SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION, THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL, SUBJECT
48 TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER, COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
49 SECTION 240.45 OF THIS CHAPTER AS THEY CONCERN ANY WITNESS WHOM THE
50 DISTRICT ATTORNEY INTENDS TO CALL AT THE HEARING AND THE ADVERSE
51 WITNESS.

52 (B) BEFORE A DEFENDANT CALLS A WITNESS AT SUCH HEARING, HE OR SHE 53 MUST, SUBJECT TO A PROTECTIVE ORDER, COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 54 SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 240.45 OF THIS CHAPTER AS THEY CONCERN ALL 55 THE WITNESSES THE DEFENDANT INTENDS TO CALL AT SUCH HEARING.

9. THE COURT MAY CONSIDER, IN DETERMINING WHETHER THERE ARE SUCH 1 2 EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES AS WOULD CAUSE THE WITNESS TO SUFFER SEVERE 3 MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL HARM, A FINDING THAT ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOW-4 ING FACTORS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE: 5 (A) THE MANNER OF THE COMMISSION OF THE OFFENSE OF WHICH THE DEFENDANT 6 ACCUSED WAS PARTICULARLY HEINOUS OR WAS CHARACTERIZED BY AGGRAVATING IS 7 CIRCUMSTANCES. 8 (B) THE WITNESS IS PARTICULARLY SUBJECT TO PSYCHOLOGICAL HARM ON 9 A PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION WHICH EXISTED BEFORE THE ACCOUNT OF 10 ALLEGED COMMISSION OF THE OFFENSE. 11 (C) AT THE TIME OF THE ALLEGED OFFENSE, THE DEFENDANT OCCUPIED A POSI-TION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO THE WITNESS. 12 13 (D) THE OFFENSE OR OFFENSES CHARGED WERE PART OF AN ONGOING COURSE OF 14 CONDUCT COMMITTED BY THE DEFENDANT AGAINST THE WITNESS OVER AN EXTENDED 15 PERIOD OF TIME. (E) A DEADLY WEAPON OR DANGEROUS INSTRUMENT WAS ALLEGEDLY USED DURING 16 17 THE COMMISSION OF THE CRIME. THE DEFENDANT HAS INFLICTED SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY UPON THE 18 (F) 19 WITNESS. 20 (G) A THREAT, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF PHYSICAL VIOLENCE TO THE CHILD 21 WITNESS OR A THIRD PERSON IF THE WITNESS WERE TO REPORT THE INCIDENT TO 22 ANY PERSON OR COMMUNICATE INFORMATION TO OR COOPERATE WITH A COURT, GRAND JURY, PROSECUTOR, POLICE OFFICER OR PEACE OFFICER CONCERNING THE 23 24 INCIDENT HAS BEEN MADE BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT. 25 (H) A WITNESS OTHER THAN THE WITNESS HAS RECEIVED A THREAT OF PHYSICAL 26 VIOLENCE DIRECTED AT SUCH WITNESS OR TO A THIRD PERSON BY OR ON BEHALF 27 OF THE DEFENDANT. 28 DEFENDANT, AT THE TIME OF THE INQUIRY, (I) IS LIVING IN THE (I) THE SAME HOUSEHOLD WITH THE WITNESS, (II) HAS READY ACCESS TO THE WITNESS OR 29 (III) IS PROVIDING SUBSTANTIAL FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR THE WITNESS. 30 (J) ACCORDING TO EXPERT TESTIMONY, THE WITNESS WOULD BE PARTICULARLY 31 TO PSYCHOLOGICAL HARM IF REQUIRED TO TESTIFY IN OPEN COURT 32 SUSCEPTIBLE 33 OR IN THE PHYSICAL PRESENCE OF THE DEFENDANT. 34 10. IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER A MOTION WAS MADE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION 35 ONE OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT, AT THE REQUEST OF EITHER PARTY OR ON ITS OWN MOTION, MAY DECIDE THAT A WITNESS MAY BE ADVERSE BASED ON ITS OWN 36 37 OBSERVATIONS THAT A WITNESS WHO HAS BEEN CALLED TO TESTIFY AT A CRIMINAL 38 PROCEEDING IS SUFFERING SEVERE MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL HARM AND THEREFORE IS 39 PHYSICALLY OR MENTALLY UNABLE TO TESTIFY OR TO CONTINUE TO TESTIFY IN 40 OPEN COURT OR IN THE PHYSICAL PRESENCE OF THE DEFENDANT AND THAT THE USE TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION IS NECESSARY TO ENABLE THE 41 LIVE, OF WITNESS TO TESTIFY. IF THE COURT SO DECIDES, IT MUST CONDUCT THE 42 SAME 43 THAT SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION REQUIRES WHEN A MOTION IS HEARING 44 MADE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, AND IT MUST MAKE FIND-45 INGS OF FACT PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISIONS NINE AND ELEVEN OF THIS SECTION, BEFORE DETERMINING THAT THE WITNESS IS ADVERSE. 46 IN DECIDING WHETHER A WITNESS IS ADVERSE, THE COURT SHALL MAKE 47 11. 48 FINDINGS OF FACT WHICH REFLECT THE CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE 49 EXISTENCE OF ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FACTORS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION 50 NINE OF THIS SECTION OR OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS WHICH THE COURT FINDS ARE 51 ESTABLISHED AND THE DETERMINATION THAT THE WITNESS IS ADVERSE. IF THE COURT IS SATISFIED THAT THE WITNESS IS ADVERSE AND THAT, UNDER THE FACTS 52 AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE PARTICULAR CASE, THE DEFENDANT'S CONSTITUTIONAL 53 54 RIGHTS TO AN IMPARTIAL JURY OR OF CONFRONTATION WILL NOT BE IMPAIRED, IT 55 MAY ENTER AN ORDER GRANTING THE APPLICATION FOR THE USE OF LIVE, TWO-WAY 56 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION.

WHEN THE COURT HAS DETERMINED THAT A WITNESS IS AN ADVERSE 1 12. 2 WITNESS, IT SHALL MAKE A SPECIFIC FINDING AS TO WHETHER PLACING THE 3 DEFENDANT AND THE WITNESS IN THE SAME ROOM DURING THE TESTIMONY OF THE 4 WITNESS WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE LIKELIHOOD THAT THE WITNESS WILL SUFFER 5 SEVERE MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL HARM. IF THE COURT FINDS THAT PLACING THE DEFENDANT AND THE WITNESS IN THE SAME ROOM DURING THE TESTIMONY OF 6 THE 7 WITNESS WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE LIKELIHOOD THAT THE WITNESS WILL SUFFER SEVERE MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL HARM, THE ORDER ENTERED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVI-8 9 SION ELEVEN OF THIS SECTION SHALL DIRECT THAT THE DEFENDANT REMAIN IN 10 THE COURTROOM DURING THE TESTIMONY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS.

11 S 66.30 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION; SPECIAL TESTIMONIAL PROCEDURES.

12 1. WHEN THE COURT HAS ENTERED AN ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 66.20 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE TESTIMONY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS SHALL BE TAKEN IN THE 13 14 TESTIMONIAL ROOM AND THE IMAGE AND VOICE OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS, AS WELL 15 AS THE IMAGE OF ALL OTHER PERSONS OTHER THAN THE OPERATOR PRESENT IN THE 16 TESTIMONIAL ROOM, SHALL BE TRANSMITTED LIVE BY MEANS OF CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION TO THE COURTROOM. THE COURTROOM SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH MONI-17 SUFFICIENT TO PERMIT THE JUDGE, JURY, DEFENDANT AND ATTORNEYS TO 18 TORS 19 OBSERVE THE DEMEANOR OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS DURING HIS OR HER TESTIMONY. 20 UNLESS THE COURTROOM HAS BEEN CLOSED PURSUANT TO COURT ORDER, THE PUBLIC 21 SHALL ALSO BE PERMITTED TO HEAR THE TESTIMONY AND VIEW THE IMAGE OF THE 22 ADVERSE WITNESS.

23 IN ALL INSTANCES, THE IMAGE OF THE JURY SHALL BE SIMULTANEOUSLY 2. 24 TRANSMITTED TO THE ADVERSE WITNESS IN THE TESTIMONIAL ROOM. IF THE COURT 25 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 66.20 OF THIS ARTICLE SPECIFIES THAT 26 THE ADVERSE WITNESS SHALL TESTIFY OUTSIDE THE PHYSICAL PRESENCE OF THE 27 DEFENDANT, THE IMAGE OF THE DEFENDANT AND THE IMAGE AND VOICE OF THE 28 PERSON EXAMINING THE ADVERSE WITNESS SHALL ALSO BE SIMULTANEOUSLY TRANS-MITTED TO THE ADVERSE WITNESS IN THE TESTIMONIAL ROOM. 29

30 3. THE OPERATOR SHALL PLACE HERSELF OR HIMSELF AND THE CLOSED-CIRCUIT 31 TELEVISION EQUIPMENT IN A POSITION THAT PERMITS THE ENTIRE TESTIMONY OF 32 THE ADVERSE WITNESS TO BE TRANSMITTED TO THE COURTROOM BUT LIMITS THE 33 ABILITY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS TO SEE OR HEAR THE OPERATOR OR THE EQUIP-34 MENT.

35 4. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE, IF THE COURT IN A PARTICULAR CASE INVOLVING AN ADVERSE WITNESS DETERMINES THAT THERE IS NO 36 37 LIVE, TWO-WAY CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE IN THE COURT 38 ANOTHER COURT IN THE COUNTY OR WHICH CAN BE TRANSPORTED TO THE COURT OR FROM ANOTHER COUNTY OR THAT SUCH EQUIPMENT, IF AVAILABLE, IS TECHNOLOG-39 40 ICALLY INADEOUATE TO PROTECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT, SHALL NOT PERMIT THE USE OF THE CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION PROCEDURES 41 IT AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE. 42

5. IF THE ORDER OF THE COURT ENTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 66.20 OF THIS ARTICLE REQUIRES THAT THE DEFENDANT REMAIN IN THE COURTROOM, THE ATTOR-NEY FOR THE DEFENDANT AND THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SHALL ALSO REMAIN IN THE COURTROOM UNLESS THE COURT IS SATISFIED THAT THEIR PRESENCE IN THE TESTIMONIAL ROOM WILL NOT IMPEDE FULL AND PRIVATE COMMUNICATION BETWEEN HE DEFENDANT AND HIS OR HER ATTORNEY AND WILL NOT ENCOURAGE THE JURY TO DRAW AN INFERENCE ADVERSE TO THE INTEREST OF THE DEFENDANT.

50 6. UPON REQUEST OF THE DEFENDANT, THE COURT SHALL INSTRUCT THE JURY 51 THAT THEY ARE TO DRAW NO INFERENCE FROM THE USE OF LIVE, TWO-WAY 52 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION IN THE EXAMINATION OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS.

53 7. THE ADVERSE WITNESS SHALL TESTIFY UNDER OATH. THE EXAMINATION AND 54 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS SHALL, IN ALL OTHER RESPECTS, 55 BE CONDUCTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS IF THE ADVERSE WITNESS HAD TESTIFIED 56 IN THE COURTROOM.

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1 8. WHEN THE TESTIMONY OF THE ADVERSE WITNESS IS TRANSMITTED FROM THE 2 TESTIMONIAL ROOM INTO THE COURTROOM, THE COURT STENOGRAPHER SHALL RECORD 3 THE TESTIMONY IN THE SAME MANNER AS IF THE ADVERSE WITNESS HAD TESTIFIED 4 IN THE COURTROOM.

5 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.