

6907--A

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I N   A S S E M B L Y

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Introduced by M. of A. LENTOL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes -- advanced to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law and the penal law, in relation to establishing new criminal discovery rules; and to repeal article 240 of the criminal procedure law relating thereto

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1     Section 1. Article 240 of the criminal procedure law is REPEALED.  
2     S 2. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new article 245  
3     to read as follows:  
4                                     ARTICLE 245  
5                                     DISCOVERY  
6     SECTION 245.10 TIMING OF DISCOVERY.  
7             245.20 AUTOMATIC DISCOVERY.  
8             245.25 MATERIAL HELD BY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL.  
9             245.30 DISCRETIONARY DISCOVERY BY ORDER OF THE COURT.  
10            245.35 DEPOSITIONS.  
11            245.40 NON-TESTIMONIAL EVIDENCE FROM THE DEFENDANT.  
12            245.45 PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE.  
13            245.50 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.  
14            245.55 FLOW OF INFORMATION.  
15            245.60 CONTINUING DUTY TO DISCLOSE.  
16            245.65 WORK PRODUCT.  
17            245.70 PROTECTIVE ORDERS.  
18            245.75 AMENDMENT OF DISCOVERY ORDERS.  
19            245.80 WAIVER OF DISCOVERY BY DEFENDANT.  
20            245.85 REMEDIES OR SANCTIONS FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.  
21            245.90 ADMISSIBILITY OF DISCOVERY.  
22     S 245.10 TIMING OF DISCOVERY.

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[ ] is old law to be omitted.

LBD10278-03-2

1 1. PROSECUTION'S PERFORMANCE OF OBLIGATIONS. (A) THE PROSECUTION SHALL  
2 PERFORM ITS INITIAL DISCOVERY OBLIGATIONS UNDER SUBDIVISION ONE OF  
3 SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE BUT NOT LATER THAN  
4 FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS AFTER THE DEFENDANT'S ARRAIGNMENT ON AN INDICT-  
5 MENT, SUPERIOR COURT INFORMATION, PROSECUTOR'S INFORMATION, INFORMATION,  
6 OR SIMPLIFIED INFORMATION CHARGING A MISDEMEANOR, EXCEPT THAT PORTIONS  
7 OF MATERIALS CLAIMED TO BE NON-DISCOVERABLE MAY BE WITHHELD PENDING A  
8 DETERMINATION AND RULING OF THE COURT UNDER SECTION 245.70 OF THIS ARTI-  
9 CLE; BUT THE DEFENDANT MUST BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING THAT INFORMATION HAS  
10 NOT BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER A PARTICULAR SECTION.

11 (B) THE PROSECUTION SHALL PERFORM ITS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCOVERY OBLI-  
12 GATIONS UNDER SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE AS SOON  
13 AS PRACTICABLE BUT NOT LATER THAN FIFTEEN CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE TRIAL.

14 (C) UPON TIMELY DEFENSE REQUEST, THE PROSECUTION SHALL DISCLOSE MATE-  
15 RIALS UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS  
16 ARTICLE TO ANY DEFENDANT WHO HAS BEEN ARRAIGNED IN A LOCAL CRIMINAL  
17 COURT UPON A CURRENTLY UNDISPOSED OF FELONY COMPLAINT CHARGING AN  
18 OFFENSE WHICH IS A SUBJECT OF A PROSPECTIVE OR PENDING GRAND JURY  
19 PROCEEDING, NO LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE TIME SCHEDULED  
20 FOR THE DEFENDANT TO TESTIFY AT A GRAND JURY PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO  
21 SUBDIVISION FIVE OF SECTION 190.50 OF THIS CHAPTER.

22 2. DISCLOSURE PRIOR TO A GUILTY PLEA DEADLINE. IF THE PROSECUTION HAS  
23 IMPOSED A GUILTY PLEA DEADLINE, BUT DOES NOT PROVIDE THE DEFENDANT WITH  
24 MATERIAL DISCLOSURE LISTED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS  
25 ARTICLE AT LEAST THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE GUILTY PLEA DEADLINE,  
26 THE COURT, UPON MOTION OF THE DEFENDANT, SHALL CONSIDER THE IMPACT OF  
27 THE FAILURE TO PROVIDE SUCH DISCLOSURE ON THE DEFENDANT'S DECISION TO  
28 ACCEPT OR REJECT A GUILTY PLEA OFFER. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE  
29 PROSECUTOR'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE SUCH DISCLOSURE MATERIALLY AFFECTED THE  
30 DEFENDANT'S DECISION TO REJECT A GUILTY PLEA OFFER AND THE PROSECUTOR  
31 DECLINES TO REINSTATE THAT LAPSED GUILTY PLEA OFFER, THE PRESUMPTIVE  
32 MINIMUM REMEDY OR SANCTION SHALL BE PRECLUSION FROM ADMISSION AT TRIAL  
33 OF ANY EVIDENCE NOT DISCLOSED AT LEAST THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE  
34 DEADLINE. IF THE COURT DETERMINES, UPON MOTION OF THE DEFENDANT MADE  
35 PRIOR TO SENTENCING, THAT THE PROSECUTOR'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE DISCLOSURE  
36 LISTED IN PARAGRAPH (J) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS  
37 ARTICLE MATERIALLY AFFECTED THE DEFENDANT'S DECISION TO ACCEPT A GUILTY  
38 PLEA OFFER, THE COURT SHALL VACATE THE GUILTY PLEA AND FURTHER  
39 PROCEEDINGS SHALL BE HAD ON THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT.

40 3. DEFENDANT'S PERFORMANCE OF OBLIGATIONS. THE DEFENDANT SHALL PERFORM  
41 HIS OR HER DISCOVERY OBLIGATIONS UNDER SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION  
42 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE NOT LATER THAN THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS AFTER BEING  
43 SERVED WITH THE PROSECUTION'S CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO  
44 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.50 OF THIS ARTICLE, EXCEPT THAT PORTIONS  
45 OF MATERIALS CLAIMED TO BE NON-DISCOVERABLE MAY BE WITHHELD PENDING A  
46 DETERMINATION AND RULING OF THE COURT UNDER SECTION 245.70 OF THIS ARTI-  
47 CLE; BUT THE PROSECUTION MUST BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING THAT INFORMATION  
48 HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER A PARTICULAR SECTION.  
49 S 245.20 AUTOMATIC DISCOVERY.

50 1. INITIAL DISCOVERY FOR THE DEFENDANT. THE PROSECUTION SHALL DISCLOSE  
51 TO THE DEFENDANT, AND PERMIT THE DEFENDANT TO DISCOVER, INSPECT, COPY OR  
52 PHOTOGRAPH, EACH OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS AND INFORMATION WHEN IT IS IN  
53 THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE PROSECUTION OR PERSONS UNDER  
54 THE PROSECUTION'S DIRECTION OR CONTROL:

1 (A) ALL WRITTEN AND RECORDED STATEMENTS, AND THE SUBSTANCE OF ALL ORAL  
2 STATEMENTS, MADE BY THE DEFENDANT OR A CO-DEFENDANT WHICH RELATE TO THE  
3 SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR ARE OTHERWISE RELEVANT;

4 (B) ALL TRANSCRIPTS OF THE TESTIMONY OF A PERSON WHO HAS TESTIFIED  
5 BEFORE ANY GRAND JURY WHEN THE TESTIMONY RELATES TO THE SUBJECT MATTER  
6 OF THE CASE OR IS OTHERWISE RELEVANT;

7 (C) THE NAMES, KNOWN ALIASES, ADDRESSES AND BIRTH DATES OF ALL  
8 PERSONS, OTHER THAN LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL, WHOM THE PROSECUTOR KNOWS  
9 TO HAVE EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION RELEVANT TO ANY OFFENSE CHARGED OR TO A  
10 POTENTIAL DEFENSE THERETO, INCLUDING A DESIGNATION BY THE PROSECUTOR AS  
11 TO WHICH OF THOSE PERSONS MAY BE CALLED AS WITNESSES;

12 (D) THE NAME, RANK, SHIELD NUMBER AND BUSINESS ADDRESS OF ALL LAW  
13 ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL WHOM THE PROSECUTOR KNOWS TO HAVE EVIDENCE OR  
14 INFORMATION RELEVANT TO ANY OFFENSE CHARGED OR TO A POTENTIAL DEFENSE  
15 THERETO;

16 (E) ALL STATEMENTS, WRITTEN OR RECORDED OR SUMMARIZED IN ANY WRITING  
17 OR RECORDING, WHICH RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR ARE  
18 OTHERWISE RELEVANT AND WERE MADE BY PERSONS WHOM THE PROSECUTOR KNOWS TO  
19 HAVE EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION RELEVANT TO ANY OFFENSE CHARGED OR TO A  
20 POTENTIAL DEFENSE THERETO;

21 (F) INTENDED EXPERT OPINION EVIDENCE, INCLUDING THE NAME, BUSINESS  
22 ADDRESS, CURRENT CURRICULUM VITAE, AND A LIST OF PUBLICATIONS OF EACH  
23 INTENDED EXPERT WITNESS, AND ALL REPORTS PREPARED BY THE EXPERT THAT  
24 PERTAIN TO THE CASE, OR IF NO REPORT IS PREPARED, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF  
25 THE FACTS AND OPINIONS TO WHICH THE EXPERT IS EXPECTED TO TESTIFY AND A  
26 SUMMARY OF THE GROUNDS FOR EACH OPINION. THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT ALTER  
27 OR IN ANY WAY AFFECT THE PROCEDURES, OBLIGATIONS OR RIGHTS SET FORTH IN  
28 SECTION 250.10 OF THIS TITLE. IF IN THE EXERCISE OF REASONABLE DILIGENCE  
29 THIS INFORMATION IS UNAVAILABLE FOR DISCLOSURE WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD  
30 SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.10 OF THIS ARTICLE, THAT  
31 PERIOD SHALL BE STAYED WITHOUT NEED FOR A MOTION PURSUANT TO SECTION  
32 245.75 OF THIS ARTICLE; EXCEPT THAT THE DISCLOSURE SHALL BE MADE AS SOON  
33 AS PRACTICABLE AND NOT LATER THAN SIXTY CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE TRIAL,  
34 UNLESS AN ORDER IS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.75 OF THIS ARTICLE;

35 (G) ALL POLICE REPORTS, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY REPORTS, POLICE OFFICER  
36 MEMO BOOK ENTRIES AND LOG ENTRIES AND NOTES, INTENDED EXHIBITS, TAPES  
37 AND OTHER ELECTRONIC RECORDINGS, PHOTOGRAPHS, DRAWINGS, AND TANGIBLE  
38 OBJECTS WHICH RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR ARE OTHERWISE  
39 RELEVANT, INCLUDING ANY PHOTOGRAPH, PHOTOCOPY OR REPRODUCTION MADE BY OR  
40 AT THE DIRECTION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL OF ANY PROPERTY PRIOR TO  
41 ITS RELEASE PURSUANT TO SECTION 450.10 OF THE PENAL LAW;

42 (H) ALL REPORTS, DOCUMENTS, RESULTS AND INFORMATION CONCERNING SCIEN-  
43 TIFIC TESTS AND EXPERIMENTS AND COMPARISONS, AND PHYSICAL AND MENTAL  
44 EXAMINATIONS OF ANY PERSON, WHICH RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE  
45 CASE OR ARE OTHERWISE RELEVANT;

46 (I) ALL TANGIBLE OBJECTS OBTAINED FROM OR ALLEGEDLY BELONGING TO THE  
47 DEFENDANT OR A CO-DEFENDANT, INCLUDING A DESIGNATION BY THE PROSECUTOR  
48 AS TO WHICH TANGIBLE OBJECTS WERE PHYSICALLY OR CONSTRUCTIVELY POSSESSED  
49 BY THE DEFENDANT AND WERE RECOVERED DURING A SEARCH OR SEIZURE BY A  
50 POLICE OFFICER OR OTHER PUBLIC SERVANT OR AN AGENT THEREOF, AND WHICH  
51 TANGIBLE OBJECTS WERE RECOVERED BY A POLICE OFFICER OR OTHER PUBLIC  
52 SERVANT OR AN AGENT THEREOF AFTER ALLEGEDLY BEING ABANDONED BY THE  
53 DEFENDANT. IF THE PROSECUTION INTENDS TO PROVE THE DEFENDANT'S  
54 POSSESSION OF ANY TANGIBLE OBJECTS SOLELY BY MEANS OF A STATUTORY  
55 PRESUMPTION OF POSSESSION UNDER SECTION 220.25 OR 265.15 OF THE PENAL  
56 LAW OR ANOTHER PROVISION, IT SHALL ALSO DESIGNATE THAT INTENTION AS TO

1 EACH SUCH OBJECT. IN ADDITION THE PROSECUTOR SHALL DESIGNATE THE  
2 LOCATIONS FROM WHICH ALL TANGIBLE OBJECTS WERE RECOVERED;

3 (J) ALL EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION WHICH TENDS TO NEGATE THE DEFENDANT'S  
4 GUILT OR TO MITIGATE THE DEFENDANT'S CULPABILITY AS TO A CHARGED  
5 OFFENSE, OR WHICH TENDS TO SUPPORT A POTENTIAL DEFENSE THERETO, OR WHICH  
6 TENDS TO SUPPORT A MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE ON CONSTITUTIONAL  
7 GROUNDS, OR WHICH WOULD TEND TO REDUCE THE PUNISHMENT OF THE DEFENDANT.

8 (I) SUCH EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION INCLUDES BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO: AN  
9 OVERT OR TACIT LENIENCY OFFER OR DEAL WITH A POTENTIAL PROSECUTION  
10 WITNESS OR AN INFORMANT; A POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESS'S OR AN  
11 INFORMANT'S PRIOR INCONSISTENT STATEMENTS; INFORMATION INDICATING A  
12 POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESS'S OR AN INFORMANT'S POSSIBLE BIAS, INTER-  
13 EST, HOSTILITY, OR REASONS TO FABRICATE; INFORMATION THAT TENDS TO  
14 UNDERCUT THE BELIEVABILITY OF A POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESS'S OR AN  
15 INFORMANT'S FACTUAL ACCOUNT; PRIOR CONDUCT, MISCONDUCT AND CRIMINAL ACTS  
16 THAT TEND TO UNDERCUT THE CREDIBILITY OF A POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESS  
17 OR AN INFORMANT; AND INFORMATION THAT TENDS TO UNDERCUT THE PROOF OF AN  
18 ELEMENT OF A CHARGED OFFENSE OR THAT OTHERWISE TENDS TO INDICATE THE  
19 DEFENDANT MAY NOT BE GUILTY.

20 (II) DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED EVEN IF THE PROSECUTION DOUBTS THE BELIEV-  
21 ABILITY OR USEFULNESS TO THE DEFENDANT OF THE EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION,  
22 OR BELIEVES IT CAN BE RECONCILED WITH THE PROSECUTION'S OTHER EVIDENCE;  
23 OR IF IT HAS BOTH AN INCULPATORY AND AN EXCULPATORY EFFECT; OR IF IT  
24 RELATES TO A POTENTIAL DEFENSE DIFFERENT FROM THAT WHICH HAS BEEN  
25 ANNOUNCED OR IS BEING PURSUED; OR IF IT HAS NOT BEEN MEMORIALIZED OR  
26 RECORDED IN TANGIBLE FORM; OR IF IT IS NOT ADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ITS  
27 PRESENT FORM; OR IF IT IS KNOWN TO THE DEFENDANT; OR IF IT RELATES TO A  
28 PERSON WHOM THE PROSECUTION DOES NOT INTEND TO CALL AT TRIAL BUT WHO  
29 POSSESSES EXCULPATORY INFORMATION;

30 (K) A SUMMARY OF ALL CORPOREAL OR NON-CORPOREAL OR VOICE IDENTIFICA-  
31 TION PROCEDURES, INCLUDING NOT ONLY PROCEDURES IN WHICH AN EYEWITNESS  
32 IDENTIFIED THE DEFENDANT BUT ALSO PROCEDURES IN WHICH AN EYEWITNESS DID  
33 NOT IDENTIFY THE DEFENDANT WHEN THE OPPORTUNITY FOR SUCH IDENTIFICATION  
34 EXISTED. THE SUMMARY SHALL INCLUDE:

35 (I) THE DATE, TIME, LOCATION, TYPE, AND RESULT OF EACH PROCEDURE;

36 (II) THE NAMES OF ALL PERSONS PRESENT AT EACH PROCEDURE IF KNOWN TO  
37 LAW ENFORCEMENT;

38 (III) THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH EYEWITNESS AT EACH PROCEDURE;

39 (IV) THE NUMBER AND SOURCE OF ALL PHOTOGRAPHS OR LINEUP PARTICIPANTS  
40 USED IN EACH PROCEDURE;

41 (V) A COPY OF ALL PHOTOGRAPHS, PHOTOGRAPHIC ARRAYS, AND PHOTOGRAPHS  
42 TAKEN OF ALL LINEUPS VIEWED BY AN EYEWITNESS;

43 (VI) THE DESCRIPTIONS OF SUSPECTS ENTERED INTO AN ELECTRONIC OR  
44 COMPUTER PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM, AND A SAVED COLLECTION OF  
45 THE PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES GENERATED BY EACH DESCRIPTION AND VIEWED BY EACH  
46 EYEWITNESS;

47 (VII) WHETHER THE PROCEDURE WAS SIMULTANEOUS OR SEQUENTIAL;

48 (VIII) ALL STATEMENTS MADE IN THE PRESENCE OF OR BY EACH EYEWITNESS  
49 THAT ARE RELEVANT TO THE ISSUE OF IDENTITY OR TO THE FAIRNESS OR ACCURA-  
50 CY OF THE PROCEDURE, INCLUDING THE WORDS USED BY AN EYEWITNESS IN MAKING  
51 ANY IDENTIFICATION AND ANY WORDS DESCRIBING HIS OR HER CERTAINTY OR  
52 UNCERTAINTY IN AN IDENTIFICATION AT THE TIME IT WAS MADE;

53 (IX) ALL STATEMENTS MADE BY EACH EYEWITNESS REGARDING THE ROLE IN THE  
54 CHARGED OFFENSE OF A PERSON IDENTIFIED AND ANY OTHER RELATIONSHIP  
55 BETWEEN THEM;

1 (X) WHETHER THE EYEWITNESS SELECTED A DIFFERENT PERSON AS THE PERPE-  
2 TRATOR OR INDICATED A BELIEF THAT HE OR SHE COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE  
3 PERPETRATOR;

4 (XI) WHETHER BEFORE THE PROCEDURE THE EYEWITNESS WAS INSTRUCTED THAT  
5 THE PERPETRATOR MIGHT OR MIGHT NOT BE PRESENT;

6 (XII) WHETHER THE ADMINISTRATOR OF EACH PROCEDURE KNEW WHICH PERSON  
7 WAS THE SUSPECT, AND WHETHER, BEFORE THE PROCEDURE, THE EYEWITNESS WAS  
8 INSTRUCTED THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR DID NOT KNOW WHICH PERSON WAS THE  
9 SUSPECT; AND

10 (XIII) IF THE PROSECUTION POSSESSES INFORMATION THAT AN EYEWITNESS  
11 MADE A CORPOREAL OR NON-CORPOREAL OR VOICE OBSERVATION OF THE DEFENDANT  
12 ON ANY OTHER OCCASION AFTER THE TIME OF THE CHARGED OFFENSE BUT BEFORE  
13 TRIAL, REGARDLESS OF THE INVOLVEMENT OR LACK OF INVOLVEMENT OF A POLICE  
14 OFFICER OR OTHER PUBLIC SERVANT IN THAT OBSERVATION, IT SHALL ALSO  
15 DISCLOSE THAT INFORMATION;

16 (L) A SUMMARY OF ALL PROMISES, REWARDS AND INDUCEMENTS MADE TO PERSONS  
17 WHO MAY BE CALLED AS WITNESSES, AS WELL AS REQUESTS FOR CONSIDERATION BY  
18 PERSONS WHO MAY BE CALLED AS WITNESSES, AND COPIES OF ALL DOCUMENTS  
19 RELEVANT TO A PROMISE, REWARD AND INDUCEMENT;

20 (M) WHETHER THE PROSECUTION HAS ANY EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION THAT HAS  
21 BEEN PROVIDED BY A CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT OR A JAILHOUSE INFORMANT WHICH  
22 RELATES TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR IS OTHERWISE RELEVANT;

23 (N) WHETHER A SEARCH WARRANT HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND ALL DOCUMENTS  
24 RELATING THERETO, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANT, THE WARRANT  
25 APPLICATION, ALL SUPPORTING AFFIDAVITS, A POLICE INVENTORY OF ALL PROP-  
26 erty SEIZED UNDER THE WARRANT, AND A TRANSCRIPT OF ALL TESTIMONY OR  
27 OTHER ORAL COMMUNICATIONS OFFERED IN SUPPORT OF THE WARRANT APPLICATION;

28 (O) WHETHER THERE HAS BEEN ANY ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE, INCLUDING BUT  
29 NOT LIMITED TO WIRETAPPING OR VIDEO SURVEILLANCE, OF A RESIDENCE OR  
30 BUSINESS OR TELEPHONE OR COMPUTER OR OTHER ELECTRONIC OR DIGITAL DEVICE  
31 OF THE DEFENDANT, OR OF CONVERSATIONS TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT OR A CO-DE-  
32 FENDANT WAS A PARTY, AND ALL RECORDINGS, TRANSCRIPTS, DOCUMENTS,  
33 WARRANTS AND WARRANT APPLICATION MATERIALS RELATING THERETO;

34 (P) THE APPROXIMATE DATE, TIME AND PLACE OF THE OFFENSE OR OFFENSES  
35 CHARGED AND OF THE DEFENDANT'S SEIZURE AND ARREST;

36 (Q) WHETHER A CHARGED OFFENSE WAS SEEN BY A POLICE OFFICER OR OTHER  
37 PUBLIC SERVANT FROM A POLICE OBSERVATION POST AND, IF SO, WHETHER VISUAL  
38 MAGNIFICATION OR ENHANCEMENT EQUIPMENT WAS USED. THE PROSECUTION SHALL  
39 PROVIDE COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT WITH INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO UNDER-  
40 TAKE A REASONABLE INVESTIGATION OF THE LOCATION OF THE POLICE OBSERVA-  
41 TION POST ON CONDITION THAT SUCH INFORMATION SHALL BE AVAILABLE ONLY TO  
42 COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT AND DEFENSE PERSONNEL AND NOT TO THE DEFENDANT  
43 IF THE OBSERVATION POST IS STILL USED; EXCEPT THAT A DIFFERENT PROTEC-  
44 TIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.70 OF THIS ARTICLE MAY BE ISSUED BY  
45 THE COURT FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN;

46 (R) ALL INFORMATION OR MATERIAL REQUIRED TO BE GATHERED OR MEMORIAL-  
47 IZED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISIONS ONE AND TWO OF SECTION 245.45 OF THIS  
48 ARTICLE;

49 (S) ANY DOCUMENTATION THAT THE PROSECUTOR HAS OBTAINED THAT RELATES TO  
50 THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR IS OTHERWISE RELEVANT, CONCERNING:

51 (I) CELLULAR TELEPHONE ACCOUNT INFORMATION AND RECORDS, CELLULAR TELE-  
52 PHONE CALL DATA AND RECORDS, CELLULAR TELEPHONE TEXT MESSAGE DATA AND  
53 RECORDS, RECORDINGS OF CELLULAR TELEPHONE MESSAGES, RECORDS OF CELLULAR  
54 TELEPHONE TEXT MESSAGES, RECORDS OF CELLULAR TELEPHONE PHOTOGRAPHS, AND  
55 CELLULAR TELEPHONE TOWER DATA AND RECORDS;

1 (II) EMAIL ACCOUNT INFORMATION AND RECORDS, AND RECORDS OF EMAIL  
2 MESSAGES AND INSTANT MESSAGES;

3 (III) INTERNET SERVICE PROVIDER ACCOUNT INFORMATION AND RECORDS;

4 (IV) INTERNET SOCIAL NETWORK ACCOUNT INFORMATION, RECORDS AND POST-  
5 INGS;

6 (V) RECORDS OF INTERNET INSTANT MESSAGES, WEB PAGES AND WEB POSTINGS;

7 (VI) ACCOUNT INFORMATION, RECORDS AND DATA FROM A PERSONAL DIGITAL  
8 ASSISTANT DEVICE OR OTHER ELECTRONIC OR DIGITAL DEVICE USED FOR COMMUNI-  
9 CATION OR FOR RECORDING OR STORING INFORMATION;

10 (VII) DATA, RECORDS AND DOCUMENTS OBTAINED FROM A COMPUTER HARD DRIVE;

11 (VIII) ACCOUNT INFORMATION, RECORDS AND DATA FROM AN ELECTRONIC TOLL  
12 OR MASS TRANSIT SYSTEM FEE PAYMENT DEVICE; AND

13 (IX) SIMILAR DOCUMENTATION THAT RELATES TO OTHER ELECTRONIC OR DIGITAL  
14 COMMUNICATION, RECORDING, OR STORAGE DEVICES;

15 (T) ANY DOCUMENTATION THAT THE PROSECUTOR HAS OBTAINED REGARDING PRIOR  
16 AND PENDING ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENTS, CONVICTIONS, DISPOSITIONS, AND THE  
17 PROBATIONARY STATUS OF ALL DEFENDANTS AND ALL WITNESSES DESIGNATED AS  
18 POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESSES PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDI-  
19 VISION. IF COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT LACKS ACCESS TO A DATABASE BY WHICH  
20 TO OBTAIN THE COMPLETE CRIMINAL RECORD OF ALL DEFENDANTS AND ALL  
21 WITNESSES DESIGNATED AS POTENTIAL PROSECUTION WITNESSES, THE PROSECUTOR  
22 ALSO SHALL EITHER (I) PROVIDE COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT WITH ACCESS TO  
23 SUCH A DATABASE, OR (II) PROVIDE THE DEFENDANT WITH THAT INFORMATION;

24 (U) IN ANY PROSECUTION ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC  
25 LAW, WHERE THE DEFENDANT IS CHARGED BY INDICTMENT, SUPERIOR COURT INFOR-  
26 MATION, PROSECUTOR'S INFORMATION, INFORMATION, OR SIMPLIFIED INFORMATION  
27 CHARGING A MISDEMEANOR, THE MOST RECENT RECORD OF INSPECTION, CALI-  
28 BRATION AND REPAIR OF MACHINES AND INSTRUMENTS UTILIZED TO PERFORM ANY  
29 SCIENTIFIC TESTS AND EXPERIMENTS AND THE CERTIFICATION CERTIFICATE, IF  
30 ANY, HELD BY THE OPERATOR OF THE MACHINE OR INSTRUMENT, AND ALL OTHER  
31 DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE; AND

32 (V) IN ANY PROSECUTION ALLEGING A VIOLATION OF SECTION 156.05 OR  
33 156.10 OF THE PENAL LAW, THE TIME, PLACE AND MANNER OF NOTICE GIVEN  
34 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION EIGHT OF SECTION 156.00 OF THE PENAL LAW.

35 2. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCOVERY FOR THE DEFENDANT. THE PROSECUTION SHALL  
36 DISCLOSE TO THE DEFENDANT A LIST OF ALL MISCONDUCT AND CRIMINAL ACTS OF  
37 THE DEFENDANT NOT CHARGED IN THE INDICTMENT, SUPERIOR COURT INFORMATION,  
38 PROSECUTOR'S INFORMATION, INFORMATION, OR SIMPLIFIED INFORMATION CHARG-  
39 ING A MISDEMEANOR, WHICH THE PROSECUTION INTENDS TO USE AT TRIAL FOR  
40 PURPOSES OF IMPEACHING THE CREDIBILITY OF THE DEFENDANT OR AS SUBSTAN-  
41 TIVE PROOF OF ANY MATERIAL ISSUE IN THE CASE.

42 3. RECIPROCAL DISCOVERY FOR THE PROSECUTION. (A) THE DEFENDANT SHALL,  
43 SUBJECT TO CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITATIONS, DISCLOSE TO THE PROSECUTION, AND  
44 PERMIT THE PROSECUTION TO DISCOVER, INSPECT, COPY OR PHOTOGRAPH, ANY  
45 MATERIAL AND RELEVANT EVIDENCE WITHIN THE DEFENDANT'S OR COUNSEL FOR THE  
46 DEFENDANT'S POSSESSION OR CONTROL THAT IS DISCOVERABLE UNDER PARAGRAPHS  
47 (F), (G), (H) AND (L) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, WHICH THE  
48 DEFENDANT INTENDS TO OFFER AT TRIAL, AND THE NAMES, KNOWN ALIASES,  
49 ADDRESSES, BIRTH DATES, AND ALL STATEMENTS, WRITTEN OR RECORDED OR  
50 SUMMARIZED IN ANY WRITING OR RECORDING, OF THOSE PERSONS OTHER THAN THE  
51 DEFENDANT WHOM THE DEFENDANT INTENDS TO CALL AS WITNESSES AT TRIAL.

52 (B) DISCLOSURE OF THE NAME, KNOWN ALIASES, ADDRESS, BIRTH DATE, AND  
53 ALL STATEMENTS, WRITTEN OR RECORDED OR SUMMARIZED IN ANY WRITING OR  
54 RECORDING, OF A PERSON WHOM THE DEFENDANT INTENDS TO CALL AS A WITNESS  
55 FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF IMPEACHING A PROSECUTION WITNESS IS NOT REQUIRED  
56 UNTIL AFTER SUCH PROSECUTION WITNESS HAS TESTIFIED AT TRIAL.

(C) IF IN THE EXERCISE OF REASONABLE DILIGENCE THE RECIPROCALLY DISCOVERABLE INFORMATION UNDER PARAGRAPH (F) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION IS UNAVAILABLE FOR DISCLOSURE WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 245.10 OF THIS ARTICLE, THAT PERIOD SHALL BE STAYED WITHOUT NEED FOR A MOTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.75 OF THIS ARTICLE; EXCEPT THAT THE DISCLOSURE SHALL BE MADE AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AND NOT LATER THAN THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE TRIAL, UNLESS AN ORDER IS OBTAINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.75 OF THIS ARTICLE.

4. STAY OF AUTOMATIC DISCOVERY; REMEDIES AND SANCTIONS. SUBDIVISIONS ONE AND THREE OF SECTION 245.10 OF THIS ARTICLE AND SUBDIVISIONS ONE, TWO AND THREE OF THIS SECTION SHALL HAVE THE FORCE AND EFFECT OF A COURT ORDER, AND FAILURE TO PROVIDE DISCOVERY PURSUANT TO THEM MAY RESULT IN APPLICATION OF ANY REMEDIES OR SANCTIONS PERMITTED FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH A COURT ORDER UNDER SECTION 245.85 OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF IN THE JUDGMENT OF EITHER PARTY GOOD CAUSE EXISTS FOR DECLINING TO MAKE ANY OF THE DISCLOSURES SET FORTH ABOVE, IT MAY MOVE FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.70 OF THIS ARTICLE AND PRODUCTION OF THE ITEM SHALL BE STAYED PENDING A RULING BY THE COURT. THE OPPOSING PARTY SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING THAT INFORMATION HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED UNDER A PARTICULAR SECTION. WHEN SOME PARTS OF MATERIAL OR INFORMATION ARE DISCOVERABLE BUT IN THE JUDGMENT OF A PARTY GOOD CAUSE EXISTS FOR DECLINING TO DISCLOSE OTHER PARTS, THE DISCOVERABLE PARTS SHALL BE DISCLOSED AND THE DISCLOSING PARTY SHALL GIVE NOTICE IN WRITING THAT NONDISCOVERABLE PARTS HAVE BEEN WITHHELD.

5. NOTICE AND PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE. (A) UPON RECEIPT OF INFORMATION THAT ANY ITEM DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION EXISTS, EXCEPT THAT IT IS NOT WITHIN THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE PROSECUTION OR PERSONS UNDER THE PROSECUTION'S DIRECTION OR CONTROL, THE PROSECUTION SHALL EXPEDITIOUSLY NOTIFY THE DEFENDANT OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE ITEM AND OF ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE PROSECUTOR CONCERNING THE ITEM'S LOCATION AND THE IDENTITY OF ANY PERSONS POSSESSING IT.

(B) AT ANY TIME, A PARTY MAY MOVE FOR AN ORDER TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, AGENCY OR OTHER ENTITY IN POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF ITEMS WHICH RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR ARE OTHERWISE RELEVANT, REQUIRING THAT SUCH ITEMS BE PRESERVED FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME. IN ADDITION, AT ANY TIME, THE DEFENDANT MAY MOVE FOR AN ORDER TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, AGENCY OR OTHER ENTITY IN POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF A CRIME SCENE THAT RELATES TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR IS OTHERWISE RELEVANT, REQUIRING THAT COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT BE GRANTED PROMPT AND REASONABLE ACCESS TO INSPECT, PHOTOGRAPH OR MEASURE THAT CRIME SCENE, AND THAT THE CONDITION OF THE CRIME SCENE REMAIN UNCHANGED IN THE INTERIM. THE COURT SHALL HEAR AND RULE UPON SUCH MOTIONS EXPEDITIOUSLY. THE COURT MAY MODIFY OR VACATE SUCH ORDERS UPON A SHOWING THAT PRESERVATION OF PARTICULAR EVIDENCE, OR GRANTING ACCESS TO A PARTICULAR CRIME SCENE, WILL CREATE SIGNIFICANT HARDSHIP, ON CONDITION THAT THE PROBATIVE VALUE OF THAT EVIDENCE OR THAT LOCATION IS PRESERVED BY A SPECIFIED ALTERNATIVE MEANS.

S 245.25 MATERIAL HELD BY OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL.

UPON THE DEFENDANT'S REQUEST AND DESIGNATION OF MATERIAL OR INFORMATION WHICH WOULD BE DISCOVERABLE UNDER SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE IF IN THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE PROSECUTION OR PERSONS UNDER THE PROSECUTION'S DIRECTION OR CONTROL, BUT WHICH IS, IN FACT, IN THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL, THE PROSECUTOR SHALL USE DUE DILIGENCE AND MAKE GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO CAUSE SUCH MATERIAL OR INFORMATION TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE DEFENDANT, AND IF THE PROSECUTOR'S EFFORTS ARE UNSUCCESSFUL AND SUCH MATERIAL OR INFOR-

1 MATION OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL ARE SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION  
2 OF THE COURT, THE COURT, UPON MOTION OF THE DEFENDANT, SHALL ISSUE SUIT-  
3 ABLE SUBPOENAS OR ORDERS TO CAUSE SUCH MATERIAL OR INFORMATION TO BE  
4 MADE AVAILABLE FOR DISCLOSURE TO THE DEFENDANT.

5 S 245.30 DISCRETIONARY DISCOVERY BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

6 1. THE COURT IN ITS DISCRETION MAY, UPON A SHOWING BY THE DEFENDANT  
7 THAT THE REQUEST IS REASONABLE AND THAT THE DEFENDANT IS UNABLE WITHOUT  
8 UNDUE HARDSHIP TO OBTAIN THE SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENT BY OTHER MEANS,  
9 ORDER THE PROSECUTION, OR ANY INDIVIDUAL, AGENCY OR OTHER ENTITY SUBJECT  
10 TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT, TO MAKE AVAILABLE FOR DISCLOSURE TO  
11 THE DEFENDANT ANY MATERIAL OR INFORMATION WHICH POTENTIALLY RELATES TO  
12 THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE CASE OR IS OTHERWISE RELEVANT. A MOTION UNDER  
13 THIS SECTION MUST BE ON NOTICE TO ANY PERSON OR ENTITY AFFECTED BY THE  
14 ORDER. THE COURT MAY, UPON REQUEST OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY AFFECTED BY  
15 THE ORDER, VACATE OR MODIFY THE ORDER IF COMPLIANCE WOULD BE UNREASON-  
16 ABLE OR OPPRESSIVE. THE COURT MAY PERMIT A PARTY SEEKING OR OPPOSING A  
17 DISCRETIONARY ORDER OF DISCOVERY UNDER THIS SECTION, OR ANOTHER AFFECTED  
18 PERSON OR ENTITY, TO SUBMIT PAPERS OR TESTIFY EX PARTE OR IN CAMERA. ANY  
19 SUCH PAPERS AND A TRANSCRIPT OF SUCH TESTIMONY SHALL BE SEALED AND SHALL  
20 CONSTITUTE A PART OF THE RECORD ON APPEAL.

21 2. UPON MOTION OF A DEFENDANT AGAINST WHOM AN INDICTMENT, SUPERIOR  
22 COURT INFORMATION, PROSECUTOR'S INFORMATION, INFORMATION, OR SIMPLIFIED  
23 INFORMATION CHARGING A MISDEMEANOR IS PENDING, THE COURT IN WHICH SUCH  
24 ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT IS PENDING:

25 (A) MUST ORDER DISCOVERY AS TO ANY MATERIAL NOT DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO  
26 SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE, IF IT FINDS THAT THE PROSECUTOR'S  
27 REFUSAL TO DISCLOSE SUCH MATERIAL IS NOT JUSTIFIED;

28 (B) MUST, UNLESS IT IS SATISFIED THAT THE PEOPLE HAVE SHOWN GOOD CAUSE  
29 WHY SUCH AN ORDER SHOULD NOT BE ISSUED, ORDER DISCOVERY OR ANY OTHER  
30 ORDER AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 245.85 OF THIS ARTICLE AS TO ANY MATERIAL  
31 NOT DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE;

32 (C) MAY ORDER DISCOVERY WITH RESPECT TO ANY OTHER PROPERTY, WHICH THE  
33 PEOPLE INTEND TO INTRODUCE AT THE TRIAL, UPON A SHOWING BY THE DEFENDANT  
34 THAT DISCOVERY WITH RESPECT TO SUCH PROPERTY IS MATERIAL TO THE PREPARA-  
35 TION OF HIS OR HER DEFENSE, AND THAT THE REQUEST IS REASONABLE;

36 (D) WHERE PROPERTY IN THE PEOPLE'S POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL  
37 THAT CONSISTS OF A DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACID ("DNA") PROFILE OBTAINED FROM  
38 PROBATIVE BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL GATHERED IN CONNECTION WITH THE INVESTI-  
39 GATION OR PROSECUTION OF THE DEFENDANT AND THE DEFENDANT ESTABLISHES  
40 THAT SUCH PROFILE COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OR STATE  
41 REQUIREMENTS, WHICHEVER ARE APPLICABLE AND AS SUCH REQUIREMENTS ARE  
42 APPLIED TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES SEEKING A KEYBOARD SEARCH OR SIMILAR  
43 COMPARISON, AND THAT THE DATA MEETS STATE DNA INDEX SYSTEM OR NATIONAL  
44 DNA INDEX SYSTEM CRITERIA AS SUCH CRITERIA ARE APPLIED TO LAW ENFORCE-  
45 MENT AGENCIES SEEKING SUCH A KEYBOARD SEARCH OR SIMILAR COMPARISON, THE  
46 COURT MAY ORDER AN ENTITY THAT HAS ACCESS TO THE COMBINED DNA INDEX  
47 SYSTEM OR ITS SUCCESSOR SYSTEM TO COMPARE SUCH DNA PROFILE AGAINST DNA  
48 DATABANKS BY KEYBOARD SEARCHES, OR A SIMILAR METHOD THAT DOES NOT  
49 INVOLVE UPLOADING, UPON NOTICE TO BOTH PARTIES AND THE ENTITY REQUIRED  
50 TO PERFORM THE SEARCH, UPON A SHOWING BY THE DEFENDANT THAT SUCH A  
51 COMPARISON IS MATERIAL TO THE PRESENTATION OF HIS OR HER DEFENSE AND  
52 THAT THE REQUEST IS REASONABLE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, A  
53 "KEYBOARD SEARCH" SHALL MEAN A SEARCH OF A DNA PROFILE AGAINST THE DATA-  
54 BANK IN WHICH THE PROFILE THAT IS SEARCHED IS NOT UPLOADED TO OR MAIN-  
55 TAINED IN THE DATABANK; AND



1 (E) MAY ORDER THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES TO COMPARE A  
2 FINGERPRINT OBTAINED IN CONNECTION WITH THE INVESTIGATION OR PROSECUTION  
3 OF THE DEFENDANT AGAINST THE STATEWIDE AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICA-  
4 TION SYSTEM, OR ITS SUCCESSOR SYSTEM, AND THE NATIONAL INTEGRATED AUTO-  
5 MATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM, OR ITS SUCCESSOR SYSTEM, UPON  
6 THE COURT'S DETERMINATION THAT SUCH FINGERPRINT COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL  
7 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OR STATE REQUIREMENTS, WHICHEVER ARE APPLICABLE  
8 AND AS SUCH REQUIREMENTS ARE APPLIED TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES SEEKING  
9 SUCH A COMPARISON AND UPON A SHOWING BY THE DEFENDANT THAT SUCH COMPAR-  
10 ISON IS MATERIAL TO THE PREPARATION OF HIS OR HER DEFENSE, AND THAT THE  
11 REQUEST IS REASONABLE.

12 UPON GRANTING THE MOTION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVI-  
13 SION, THE COURT SHALL, UPON MOTION OF THE PEOPLE SHOWING SUCH TO BE  
14 MATERIAL TO THE PREPARATION OF THEIR CASE AND THAT THE REQUEST IS  
15 REASONABLE, CONDITION ITS ORDER OF DISCOVERY BY FURTHER DIRECTING  
16 DISCOVERY BY THE PEOPLE OF PROPERTY, OF THE SAME KIND OR CHARACTER AS  
17 THAT AUTHORIZED TO BE INSPECTED BY THE DEFENDANT, WHICH HE OR SHE  
18 INTENDS TO INTRODUCE AT THE TRIAL.  
19 S 245.35 DEPOSITIONS.

20 1. AVAILABILITY; USE. AT ANY TIME AFTER THE FILING OF AN ACCUSATORY  
21 INSTRUMENT, THE COURT IN ITS DISCRETION MAY, UPON MOTION OF ANY PARTY,  
22 ORDER THE EXAMINATION OF ANY PERSON EXCEPT THE DEFENDANT UPON ORAL DEPO-  
23 SITION IF THE PARTY SHOWS THAT THE PERSON'S TESTIMONY IS MATERIAL TO THE  
24 CASE OR NECESSARY ADEQUATELY TO PREPARE A DEFENSE, AND THAT THE PERSON  
25 WILL NOT COOPERATE IN GRANTING A PERSONAL INTERVIEW. A PERSON'S STATE-  
26 MENTS IN A DEPOSITION UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE USED IN SUBSEQUENT  
27 PROCEEDINGS IN THE SAME MANNER AS OTHER OUT-OF-COURT STATEMENTS.

28 2. MOTION FOR TAKING DEPOSITION; NOTICE; SERVICE. A MOTION FOR DEPOSI-  
29 TION SHALL SPECIFY THE TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING THE DEPOSITION AND THE  
30 NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH PERSON TO BE EXAMINED, TOGETHER WITH DESIGNATED  
31 PAPERS, DOCUMENTS, TAPES OR OTHER ELECTRONIC RECORDINGS, PHOTOGRAPHS OR  
32 OTHER TANGIBLE OBJECTS, NOT PRIVILEGED, TO BE PRODUCED AT THE SAME TIME  
33 AND PLACE. THE COURT MAY CHANGE SUCH TERMS AND SPECIFY ANY ADDITIONAL  
34 CONDITIONS GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE PROCEEDING. THE MOVING PARTY  
35 SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE DEPOSITION IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR IN  
36 CIVIL ACTIONS AND SERVE A SUBPOENA UPON THE DEPONENT, SPECIFYING THE  
37 TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH IN THE COURT'S ORDER GRANTING THE DEPOSI-  
38 TION, AND GIVE REASONABLE NOTICE OF THE DEPOSITION IN WRITING TO EVERY  
39 OTHER PARTY.

40 3. MANNER OF TAKING. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION OR  
41 BY ORDER OF THE COURT, DEPOSITIONS SHALL BE TAKEN IN THE MANNER PROVIDED  
42 IN CIVIL ACTIONS. WITH THE CONSENT OF THE PARTIES, THE COURT MAY ORDER  
43 THAT A DEPOSITION BE TAKEN ON WRITTEN INTERROGATORIES IN THE MANNER  
44 PROVIDED IN CIVIL ACTIONS. ANY STATEMENTS, WRITTEN OR RECORDED OR SUMMA-  
45 RIZED IN ANY WRITING OR RECORDING, OF THE WITNESS BEING DEPOSED WHICH  
46 ARE IN THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF ANY PARTY SHALL BE MADE  
47 AVAILABLE FOR EXAMINATION AND USE AT THE TAKING OF THE DEPOSITION TO ANY  
48 PARTY. THE DEPOSITION SHALL BE RECORDED BY AN ELECTRONIC RECORDING,  
49 WHICH MUST INCLUDE NOT ONLY AUDIO BUT ALSO VISUAL RECORDING, UNLESS THE  
50 COURT ORDERS OTHERWISE, OR THE PARTIES STIPULATE THAT IT SHALL BE  
51 RECORDED IN ANOTHER MANNER. IF A DEPOSITION IS RECORDED BY OTHER THAN A  
52 CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER, THE PARTY TAKING THE DEPOSITION SHALL PROVIDE  
53 EVERY OTHER PARTY WITH A COPY OF THE RECORDING WITHIN FIFTEEN CALENDAR  
54 DAYS AFTER THE TAKING OF THE DEPOSITION OR NOT LESS THAN TEN CALENDAR  
55 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL, WHICHEVER IS EARLIER. THE PARTIES MAY STIPULATE, OR  
56 THE COURT MAY ORDER, THAT A DEPOSITION BE TAKEN BY TELEPHONE AND

1 RECORDED. ALL PARTIES AND COUNSEL SHALL HAVE A RIGHT TO BE PRESENT AT  
2 THE DEPOSITION. A DEFENDANT SHALL NOT BE PHYSICALLY PRESENT AT A DEPOSI-  
3 TION, EXCEPT ON STIPULATION OF THE PARTIES OR BY ORDER OF THE COURT  
4 BASED UPON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.

5 S 245.40 NON-TESTIMONIAL EVIDENCE FROM THE DEFENDANT.

6 1. AVAILABILITY. AFTER THE FILING OF AN ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT, AND  
7 SUBJECT TO CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITATIONS, THE COURT MAY, UPON MOTION OF THE  
8 PROSECUTION SHOWING PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THE DEFENDANT HAS COMMIT-  
9 TED THE CRIME, A CLEAR INDICATION THAT RELEVANT MATERIAL EVIDENCE WILL  
10 BE FOUND, AND THAT THE METHOD USED TO SECURE IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE,  
11 REQUIRE A DEFENDANT TO PROVIDE NON-TESTIMONIAL EVIDENCE, INCLUDING TO:

12 (A) APPEAR IN A LINEUP;  
13 (B) SPEAK FOR IDENTIFICATION BY A WITNESS OR POTENTIAL WITNESS;  
14 (C) BE FINGERPRINTED;  
15 (D) POSE FOR PHOTOGRAPHS NOT INVOLVING REENACTMENT OF AN EVENT;  
16 (E) PERMIT THE TAKING OF SAMPLES OF THE DEFENDANT'S BLOOD, HAIR, AND  
17 OTHER MATERIALS OF THE DEFENDANT'S BODY THAT INVOLVES NO UNREASONABLE  
18 INTRUSION THEREOF;

19 (F) PROVIDE SPECIMENS OF THE DEFENDANT'S HANDWRITING; AND

20 (G) SUBMIT TO A REASONABLE PHYSICAL OR MEDICAL INSPECTION OF THE  
21 DEFENDANT'S BODY.

22 2. LIMITATIONS. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED TO ALTER OR IN ANY  
23 WAY AFFECT THE ISSUANCE OF A SIMILAR COURT ORDER, AS MAY BE AUTHORIZED  
24 BY LAW, BEFORE THE FILING OF AN ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT, CONSISTENT WITH  
25 SUCH RIGHTS AS THE DEFENDANT MAY DERIVE FROM THE NEW YORK CONSTITUTION  
26 OR THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION. THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED  
27 TO ALTER OR IN ANY WAY AFFECT THE ADMINISTRATION OF A CHEMICAL TEST  
28 WHERE OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED. AN ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MAY BE  
29 DENIED, LIMITED OR CONDITIONED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 245.70 OF THIS  
30 ARTICLE.

31 S 245.45 PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE.

32 1. APPARENTLY MATERIAL WITNESS OR PHYSICAL EVIDENCE. (A) WHEN POLICE  
33 OFFICERS OR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL PARTICIPATE IN THE INVESTI-  
34 GATION OF AN APPARENT CRIMINAL INCIDENT, AND PROVIDED THAT IT IS PRACTI-  
35 CABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THEY SHALL REQUEST AND MEMORIALIZE  
36 CONTACT INFORMATION FOR AN APPARENTLY MATERIAL WITNESS OF WHOM THEY ARE  
37 AWARE, AND THEY SHALL GATHER OR MEMORIALIZE APPARENTLY MATERIAL PHYSICAL  
38 EVIDENCE OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE, WHENEVER THE WITNESS OR PHYSICAL  
39 EVIDENCE APPEARS TO BE OF SUCH A NATURE AND POTENTIAL SIGNIFICANCE THAT  
40 AN ACCUSED MAY BE UNABLE TO OBTAIN OTHER EVIDENCE, POSSESSING A COMPARA-  
41 BLE POTENTIAL TO MITIGATE OR NEGATE HIS OR HER GUILT WERE IT FOUND TO BE  
42 EXCULPATORY, BY OTHER REASONABLY AVAILABLE MEANS UNLESS THESE ACTIONS  
43 ARE TAKEN TO PRESERVE THE AVAILABILITY OF THE WITNESS OR THE PHYSICAL  
44 EVIDENCE. THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT, HOWEVER, REQUIRE THAT POLICE OFFI-  
45 CERS OR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL TAKE AND PRESERVE A SECOND  
46 SAMPLE OF THE DEFENDANT'S BREATH FOR LATER TESTING BY THE DEFENDANT IN  
47 CASES ARISING UNDER THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW.

48 (B) IF THE PROSECUTION IS UNABLE TO DISCLOSE SUCH MATERIAL TO THE  
49 DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (R) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20  
50 OF THIS ARTICLE DUE TO A FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS OBLIGATION BY  
51 POLICE OFFICERS OR BY OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL, THE COURT, UPON  
52 MOTION OF THE DEFENDANT SHOWING THAT THE WITNESS OR EVIDENCE HAS BEEN  
53 IRRETRIEVABLY LOST AND THAT THE DEFENDANT CANNOT OBTAIN OTHER EVIDENCE,  
54 POSSESSING A COMPARABLE POTENTIAL TO MITIGATE OR NEGATE HIS OR HER GUILT  
55 WERE IT FOUND TO BE EXCULPATORY, BY OTHER REASONABLY AVAILABLE MEANS,

1 SHALL IMPOSE AN APPROPRIATE REMEDY OR SANCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION  
2 245.85 OF THIS ARTICLE.

3 2. VIDEOTAPE OF INTERVIEW AT POLICE STATION OR OTHER FACILITY OF  
4 DETENTION. (A) NO ORAL, WRITTEN, OR SIGN LANGUAGE STATEMENT OF A SUSPECT  
5 MADE DURING AN INTERVIEW AT A POLICE STATION OR OTHER FACILITY OF  
6 DETENTION SHALL BE ADMISSIBLE AS SUBSTANTIVE EVIDENCE AGAINST THAT  
7 PERSON IN ANY CRIMINAL PROCEEDING UNLESS AN ELECTRONIC RECORDING, WHICH  
8 MUST BE FOCUSED UPON BOTH THE QUESTIONER AND THE SUSPECT THROUGHOUT AND  
9 MUST INCLUDE NOT ONLY AUDIO BUT ALSO VISUAL RECORDING, IS MADE OF THE  
10 COMPLETE INTERVIEW. INTERVIEWING WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS SUBDIVISION  
11 DOES NOT INCLUDE ROUTINE PEDIGREE INQUIRY OR STATEMENTS MADE IN OPEN  
12 COURT OR BEFORE A GRAND JURY. BRIEF PERIODS OF RECESS DURING WHICH ALL  
13 INTERVIEWING CEASES DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN IMPERMISSIBLE INTERRUPTION OF  
14 THE COMPLETE INTERVIEW, BUT THE STARTING TIME OF SUCH A RECESS AND THE  
15 RESUMPTION TIME OF THE INTERVIEW SHALL BE MEMORIALIZED. THE INTERVIEWER  
16 NEED NOT INFORM THE SUSPECT THAT AN ELECTRONIC RECORDING IS BEING MADE.  
17 A SUSPECT'S REFUSAL TO PARTICIPATE IN AN INTERVIEW BECAUSE IT IS ELEC-  
18 TRONICALLY RECORDED, IF THAT REFUSAL ITSELF IS ELECTRONICALLY RECORDED  
19 AS PROVIDED HEREIN, SHALL RENDER THIS SUBDIVISION INAPPLICABLE TO ALL  
20 STATEMENTS MADE AFTER THE REFUSAL IF THE COURT FINDS BEYOND A REASONABLE  
21 DOUBT THAT IT WAS VOLUNTARY AND UNEQUIVOCAL. LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL  
22 SHALL NOT EXPRESSLY OR IMPLICITLY ENCOURAGE THE SUSPECT TO GIVE SUCH  
23 CONDITIONAL CONSENT TO AN INTERVIEW IN LIEU OF A COMPLETELY RECORDED  
24 INTERVIEW.

25 (B) IF THE COURT FINDS, BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE, THAT THE  
26 DEFENDANT WAS SUBJECTED TO EARLIER INTERVIEWING AT A POLICE STATION OR  
27 OTHER FACILITY OF DETENTION IN VIOLATION OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THEN UPON  
28 DEFENSE REQUEST WHEN STATEMENTS MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SUBDIVISION  
29 ARE ADMITTED AT TRIAL AS EVIDENCE AGAINST THE DEFENDANT, THE COURT SHALL  
30 GIVE THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTION TO THE JURY AT THE TIME OF THEIR ADMIS-  
31 SION AND AGAIN IN ITS FINAL INSTRUCTIONS ON THE LAW: "NEW YORK STATE LAW  
32 REQUIRES THAT ALL INTERVIEWS OF A SUSPECT AT A POLICE STATION OR OTHER  
33 FACILITY OF DETENTION MUST BE RECORDED BY VIDEOTAPE OR OTHER VISUAL  
34 RECORDING, BECAUSE THIS ENHANCES THE RELIABILITY OF THE PROCESS UNDER  
35 WHICH THE STATEMENTS ARE OBTAINED AND ALLOWS THE JURY TO MORE FAIRLY  
36 ASSESS THE STATEMENTS. A JUDGE HAS FOUND IN THIS CASE THAT EARLIER  
37 INTERVIEWING OCCURRED AT THE POLICE STATION OR OTHER FACILITY OF  
38 DETENTION THAT WAS NOT RECORDED. BECAUSE OF THIS FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH  
39 THE RULE THAT ALL SUCH INTERVIEWS MUST BE RECORDED, THE STATEMENTS BY  
40 THE DEFENDANT THAT YOU HAVE SEEN SHOULD BE WEIGHED WITH GREAT CAUTION  
41 AND CARE."

42 (C) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AN ORAL,  
43 WRITTEN, OR SIGN LANGUAGE STATEMENT OF THE DEFENDANT MADE DURING AN  
44 INTERVIEW AT A POLICE STATION OR OTHER FACILITY OF DETENTION IS ADMISSI-  
45 BLE AS EVIDENCE AGAINST THE DEFENDANT IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING IN THIS  
46 STATE IF THE STATEMENT WAS OBTAINED IN ANOTHER STATE IN COMPLIANCE WITH  
47 THE LAWS OF THAT STATE, OR BY A FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER IN THIS  
48 STATE OR ANOTHER STATE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

49 3. 911 TELEPHONE CALL AND POLICE RADIO TRANSMISSION ELECTRONIC  
50 RECORDINGS. (A) WHENEVER AN ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF A 911 TELEPHONE CALL  
51 OR A POLICE RADIO TRANSMISSION WAS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THE INVESTI-  
52 GATION OF AN APPARENT CRIMINAL INCIDENT, THE ARRESTING OFFICER OR LEAD  
53 DETECTIVE SHALL EXPEDITIOUSLY NOTIFY THE PROSECUTION IN WRITING UPON THE  
54 FILING OF AN ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT OF THE EXISTENCE OF ALL SUCH KNOWN  
55 RECORDINGS. THE PROSECUTION SHALL EXPEDITIOUSLY TAKE WHATEVER REASONABLE  
56 STEPS ARE NECESSARY TO ENSURE THAT ALL KNOWN ELECTRONIC RECORDINGS OF

1 911 TELEPHONE CALLS AND POLICE RADIO TRANSMISSIONS MADE IN CONNECTION  
2 WITH THE CASE ARE PRESERVED THROUGHOUT THE PENDENCY OF THE CASE. UPON  
3 THE DEFENDANT'S TIMELY REQUEST AND DESIGNATION OF A SPECIFIC ELECTRONIC  
4 RECORDING OF A 911 TELEPHONE CALL, THE PROSECUTION SHALL ALSO EXPE-  
5 DITIOUSLY TAKE WHATEVER REASONABLE STEPS ARE NECESSARY TO ENSURE THAT IT  
6 IS PRESERVED THROUGHOUT THE PENDENCY OF THE CASE.

7 (B) IF THE PROSECUTION FAILS TO DISCLOSE SUCH AN ELECTRONIC RECORDING  
8 TO THE DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (G) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION  
9 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE DUE TO A FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS OBLIGATION  
10 BY POLICE OFFICERS OR OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OR PROSECUTION PERSONNEL,  
11 THE COURT UPON MOTION OF THE DEFENDANT SHALL IMPOSE AN APPROPRIATE REME-  
12 DY OR SANCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.85 OF THE ARTICLE.

13 S 245.50 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.

14 1. BY THE PROSECUTION. WHEN THE PROSECUTION HAS PROVIDED ALL DISCOVERY  
15 REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE OR BY  
16 COURT ORDER, IT SHALL FILE WITH THE COURT AND SERVE UPON THE DEFENDANT A  
17 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE. THE CERTIFICATE SHALL STATE THAT, TO THE BEST  
18 OF THE PROSECUTOR'S KNOWLEDGE AND AFTER MAKING REASONABLE INQUIRIES AND  
19 EXERCISING DUE DILIGENCE, HE OR SHE HAS DISCLOSED AND MADE AVAILABLE ALL  
20 MATERIAL AND INFORMATION SUBJECT TO DISCOVERY, AND SHALL IDENTIFY EACH  
21 ITEM PROVIDED. IN ADDITION, THE CERTIFICATE SHALL STATE THAT, TO THE  
22 BEST OF THE PROSECUTOR'S KNOWLEDGE AND AFTER MAKING REASONABLE INQUIRIES  
23 AND EXERCISING DUE DILIGENCE:

24 (A) HE OR SHE HAS COMPLIED WITH THESE OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ALL  
25 MATERIAL AND INFORMATION IN THE CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF ALL POLICE OFFI-  
26 CERS AND OTHER PERSONS WHO HAVE PARTICIPATED IN INVESTIGATING OR EVALU-  
27 ATING THE CASE; AND

28 (B) HE OR SHE HAS MADE REASONABLE INQUIRIES OF ALL POLICE OFFICERS AND  
29 OTHER PERSONS WHO HAVE PARTICIPATED IN INVESTIGATING OR EVALUATING THE  
30 CASE ABOUT THE EXISTENCE OF ANY EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION WITHIN PARAGRAPH  
31 (J) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE, INCLUDING SUCH  
32 EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION THAT WAS NOT REDUCED TO WRITING OR OTHERWISE  
33 MEMORIALIZED OR PRESERVED AS EVIDENCE, AND HAS DISCLOSED ANY SUCH INFOR-  
34 MATION TO THE DEFENDANT. IF ADDITIONAL DISCOVERY IS SUBSEQUENTLY  
35 PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.60 OF THIS ARTICLE, A SUPPLEMENTAL  
36 CERTIFICATE SHALL BE FILED WITH THE COURT AND SERVED UPON THE DEFENDANT  
37 IDENTIFYING THE ADDITIONAL MATERIAL AND INFORMATION PROVIDED.

38 2. BY THE DEFENDANT. WHEN THE DEFENDANT HAS PROVIDED ALL DISCOVERY  
39 REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE OR BY  
40 COURT ORDER, COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT SHALL FILE WITH THE COURT AND  
41 SERVE UPON THE PROSECUTION A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE. THE CERTIFICATE  
42 SHALL STATE THAT, TO THE BEST OF COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT'S KNOWLEDGE  
43 AND AFTER MAKING REASONABLE INQUIRIES AND EXERCISING DUE DILIGENCE, HE  
44 OR SHE HAS DISCLOSED AND MADE AVAILABLE ALL MATERIAL AND INFORMATION  
45 SUBJECT TO DISCOVERY, AND SHALL IDENTIFY EACH ITEM PROVIDED. IF ADDI-  
46 TIONAL DISCOVERY IS SUBSEQUENTLY PROVIDED PURSUANT TO SECTION 245.60 OF  
47 THIS ARTICLE, A SUPPLEMENTAL CERTIFICATE SHALL BE FILED WITH THE COURT  
48 AND SERVED UPON THE PROSECUTION IDENTIFYING THE ADDITIONAL MATERIAL AND  
49 INFORMATION PROVIDED.

50 S 245.55 FLOW OF INFORMATION.

51 1. SUFFICIENT COMMUNICATION FOR COMPLIANCE. THE PROSECUTOR SHALL  
52 ENSURE THAT A FLOW OF INFORMATION IS MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE POLICE AND  
53 OTHER INVESTIGATIVE PERSONNEL AND HIS OR HER OFFICE SUFFICIENT TO PLACE  
54 WITHIN HIS OR HER POSSESSION OR CONTROL ALL MATERIAL AND INFORMATION  
55 PERTINENT TO THE DEFENDANT AND THE OFFENSE OR OFFENSES CHARGED, INCLUD-  
56 ING ANY EVIDENCE OR INFORMATION WHICH TENDS TO NEGATE THE DEFENDANT'S

1 GUILT OR TO MITIGATE THE DEFENDANT'S CULPABILITY AS TO A CHARGED  
2 OFFENSE, OR WHICH TENDS TO SUPPORT A POTENTIAL DEFENSE THERETO, OR WHICH  
3 TENDS TO PROVIDE A BASIS FOR A MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE ON CONSTITU-  
4 TIONAL GROUNDS, OR WHICH WOULD TEND TO REDUCE THE PUNISHMENT OF THE  
5 DEFENDANT.

6 2. PROVISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY FILES. UPON REQUEST BY THE  
7 PROSECUTION, A NEW YORK STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL MAKE AVAIL-  
8 ABLE TO THE PROSECUTION A COMPLETE COPY OF ITS COMPLETE FILES RELATED TO  
9 THE INVESTIGATION OF THE CASE OR THE PROSECUTION OF THE DEFENDANT FOR  
10 COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE.

11 S 245.60 CONTINUING DUTY TO DISCLOSE.

12 IF EITHER THE PROSECUTION OR THE DEFENDANT SUBSEQUENTLY LEARNS OF  
13 ADDITIONAL MATERIAL OR INFORMATION WHICH IT WOULD HAVE BEEN UNDER A DUTY  
14 TO DISCLOSE PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE AT THE TIME OF A  
15 PREVIOUS DISCOVERY OBLIGATION OR DISCOVERY ORDER, IT SHALL EXPEDITIOUSLY  
16 NOTIFY THE OTHER PARTY AND DISCLOSE THE ADDITIONAL MATERIAL OR INFORMA-  
17 TION AS REQUIRED FOR INITIAL DISCOVERY UNDER THIS ARTICLE. THIS  
18 PROVISION ALSO REQUIRES EXPEDITIOUS DISCLOSURE BY THE PROSECUTION OF  
19 MATERIAL OR INFORMATION THAT BECAME RELEVANT TO THE CASE OR DISCOVERABLE  
20 BASED UPON RECIPROCAL DISCOVERY RECEIVED FROM THE DEFENDANT PURSUANT TO  
21 SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE.

22 S 245.65 WORK PRODUCT.

23 THIS ARTICLE DOES NOT AUTHORIZE DISCOVERY BY A PARTY OF THOSE PORTIONS  
24 OF RECORDS, REPORTS, CORRESPONDENCE, MEMORANDA, OR INTERNAL DOCUMENTS OF  
25 THE ADVERSE PARTY WHICH ARE ONLY THE LEGAL RESEARCH, OPINIONS, THEORIES  
26 OR CONCLUSIONS OF THE ADVERSE PARTY OR ITS ATTORNEY OR THE ATTORNEY'S  
27 AGENTS, OR OF STATEMENTS OF A DEFENDANT, WRITTEN OR RECORDED OR SUMMA-  
28 RIZED IN ANY WRITING OR RECORDING, MADE TO THE ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFEND-  
29 ANT OR THE ATTORNEY'S AGENTS.

30 S 245.70 PROTECTIVE ORDERS.

31 UPON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE, THE COURT MAY AT ANY TIME ORDER THAT  
32 DISCOVERY, DISCLOSURE OR INSPECTION BE DENIED, RESTRICTED, CONDITIONED  
33 OR DEFERRED, OR MAKE SUCH OTHER ORDER AS IS APPROPRIATE. THE COURT MAY,  
34 FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, GRANT DISCOVERY OR DISCLOSURE TO A DEFENDANT ON  
35 THE CONDITION THAT THE MATERIAL OR INFORMATION TO BE DISCOVERED OR  
36 DISCLOSED BE AVAILABLE ONLY TO COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT. THIS PROVISION  
37 DOES NOT ALTER THE ALLOCATION OF THE BURDEN OF PROOF WITH REGARD TO THE  
38 MATTER AT ISSUE, INCLUDING PRIVILEGE. THE COURT MAY PERMIT A PARTY SEEK-  
39 ING OR OPPOSING A PROTECTIVE ORDER UNDER THIS SECTION, OR ANOTHER  
40 AFFECTED PERSON, TO SUBMIT PAPERS OR TESTIFY EX PARTE OR IN CAMERA. ANY  
41 SUCH PAPERS AND A TRANSCRIPT OF SUCH TESTIMONY SHALL BE SEALED AND SHALL  
42 CONSTITUTE A PART OF THE RECORD ON APPEAL.

43 S 245.75 AMENDMENT OF DISCOVERY ORDERS.

44 UPON MOTION OF EITHER PARTY MADE SUBSEQUENT TO AN ORDER OF THE COURT  
45 ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT MAY ALTER OR AMEND THE PREVI-  
46 OUS ORDER OR ORDERS AS THE INTERESTS OF JUSTICE MAY REQUIRE. THE COURT  
47 MAY, FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, AFFIRM A PRIOR ORDER ISSUED OR IMPOSED PURSU-  
48 ANT TO THIS ARTICLE GRANTING DISCOVERY TO A DEFENDANT UPON THE ADDI-  
49 TIONAL CONDITION THAT THE MATERIAL OR INFORMATION TO BE DISCOVERED OR  
50 DISCLOSED BE AVAILABLE ONLY TO COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT. THE COURT MAY  
51 ALTER THE TIMES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ANY DISCOVERY ORDER ISSUED OR  
52 IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE UPON A SHOWING OF GOOD CAUSE.

53 S 245.80 WAIVER OF DISCOVERY BY DEFENDANT.

54 A DEFENDANT WHO DOES NOT SEEK DISCOVERY FROM THE PROSECUTION UNDER  
55 THIS ARTICLE SHALL SO NOTIFY THE PROSECUTION AND THE COURT AT THE  
56 DEFENDANT'S ARRAIGNMENT ON AN INDICTMENT, SUPERIOR COURT INFORMATION,

1 PROSECUTOR'S INFORMATION, INFORMATION, OR SIMPLIFIED INFORMATION CHARG-  
2 ING A MISDEMEANOR, OR EXPEDITIOUSLY THEREAFTER BUT BEFORE RECEIVING  
3 DISCOVERY FROM THE PROSECUTION PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION  
4 245.20 OF THIS ARTICLE, AND THE DEFENDANT NEED NOT PROVIDE DISCOVERY TO  
5 THE PROSECUTION PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 245.20 AND  
6 SECTION 245.60 OF THIS ARTICLE. A WAIVER SHALL BE IN WRITING AND SIGNED  
7 BY THE DEFENDANT OR COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENDANT. SUCH A WAIVER DOES NOT  
8 ALTER OR IN ANY WAY AFFECT THE PROCEDURES, OBLIGATIONS OR RIGHTS SET  
9 FORTH IN SECTIONS 250.10, 250.20 AND 250.30 OF THIS TITLE, OR OTHERWISE  
10 ESTABLISHED OR REQUIRED BY LAW.

11 S 245.85 REMEDIES OR SANCTIONS FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

12 1. AVAILABLE REMEDIES OR SANCTIONS. FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ANY  
13 DISCOVERY ORDER ISSUED OR IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT  
14 MAY MAKE A FURTHER ORDER FOR DISCOVERY, GRANT A CONTINUANCE, ORDER THAT  
15 A HEARING BE REOPENED, ORDER THAT A WITNESS BE CALLED OR RECALLED,  
16 INSTRUCT THE JURY THAT IT MAY DRAW AN ADVERSE INFERENCE REGARDING THE  
17 NONCOMPLIANCE, PRECLUDE OR STRIKE A WITNESS'S TESTIMONY OR A PORTION OF  
18 A WITNESS'S TESTIMONY, ADMIT OR EXCLUDE EVIDENCE, ORDER A MISTRIAL,  
19 ORDER THE DISMISSAL OF ALL OR SOME OF THE CHARGES, OR MAKE SUCH OTHER  
20 ORDER AS IT DEEMS JUST UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES; EXCEPT THAT ANY SANCTION  
21 AGAINST THE DEFENDANT SHALL COMPORT WITH THE DEFENDANT'S CONSTITUTIONAL  
22 RIGHT TO PRESENT A DEFENSE, AND THE SANCTION OF PRECLUDING A DEFENSE  
23 WITNESS FROM TESTIFYING SHALL BE PERMISSIBLE ONLY UPON A FINDING THAT  
24 THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE DISCOVERY ORDER WAS WILLFUL  
25 AND MOTIVATED BY A DESIRE TO OBTAIN A TACTICAL ADVANTAGE.

26 2. NEED FOR REMEDY OR SANCTION. (A) WHEN MATERIAL OR INFORMATION IS  
27 DISCOVERABLE UNDER THIS ARTICLE, BUT IT CANNOT BE DISCLOSED BECAUSE IT  
28 HAS BEEN LOST OR DESTROYED, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE AN APPROPRIATE REMEDY  
29 OR SANCTION WHENEVER THE PARTY ENTITLED TO DISCLOSURE SHOWS THAT THE  
30 LOST OR DESTROYED MATERIAL MAY HAVE CONTAINED SOME INFORMATION RELEVANT  
31 TO A CONTESTED ISSUE. THE APPROPRIATE REMEDY OR SANCTION IS THAT WHICH  
32 IS PROPORTIONATE TO THE POTENTIAL WAYS IN WHICH THE LOST OR DESTROYED  
33 MATERIAL REASONABLY COULD HAVE BEEN HELPFUL TO THE PARTY ENTITLED TO  
34 DISCLOSURE.

35 (B) WHEN MATERIAL OR INFORMATION IS DISCOVERABLE UNDER THIS ARTICLE,  
36 BUT IT IS DISCLOSED BELATEDLY, THE COURT SHALL IMPOSE AN APPROPRIATE  
37 REMEDY OR SANCTION WHENEVER THE PARTY ENTITLED TO DISCLOSURE SHOWS THAT  
38 IT WAS SIGNIFICANTLY PREJUDICED.

39 3. SANCTION FOR NONDISCLOSURE OF STATEMENT OF TESTIFYING PROSECUTION  
40 WITNESS. THE FAILURE OF THE PROSECUTOR OR ANY AGENT OF THE PROSECUTOR TO  
41 DISCLOSE ANY WRITTEN OR RECORDED STATEMENT MADE BY A PROSECUTION WITNESS  
42 WHICH RELATES TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE WITNESS'S TESTIMONY SHALL NOT  
43 CONSTITUTE GROUNDS FOR ANY COURT TO ORDER A NEW PRE-TRIAL HEARING OR SET  
44 ASIDE A CONVICTION, OR REVERSE, MODIFY OR VACATE A JUDGMENT OF  
45 CONVICTION, IN THE ABSENCE OF A SHOWING BY THE DEFENDANT THAT THERE IS A  
46 REASONABLE POSSIBILITY THAT THE NON-DISCLOSURE MATERIALLY CONTRIBUTED TO  
47 THE RESULT OF THE TRIAL OR OTHER PROCEEDING; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT  
48 NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL AFFECT OR LIMIT ANY RIGHT THE DEFENDANT  
49 MAY HAVE TO A REOPENED PRE-TRIAL HEARING WHEN SUCH STATEMENTS WERE  
50 DISCLOSED BEFORE THE CLOSE OF EVIDENCE AT TRIAL.

51 S 245.90 ADMISSIBILITY OF DISCOVERY.

52 THE FACT THAT A PARTY HAS INDICATED DURING THE DISCOVERY PROCESS AN  
53 INTENTION TO OFFER SPECIFIED EVIDENCE OR TO CALL A SPECIFIED WITNESS IS  
54 NOT ADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE OR GROUNDS FOR ADVERSE COMMENT AT A HEARING  
55 OR A TRIAL.

1 S 3. Section 65.20 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter  
2 505 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 2 as added, the opening paragraph  
3 of subdivision 10 as amended and subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,  
4 11, 12 and 13 as renumbered by chapter 548 of the laws of 2007, subdivi-  
5 sion 7 and paragraph (k) of subdivision 10 as amended by chapter 320 of  
6 the laws of 2006 and subdivisions 11 and 12 as amended by chapter 455 of  
7 the laws of 1991, is amended to read as follows:

8 S 65.20 Closed-circuit television; procedure for application and grounds  
9 for determination.

10 1. Prior to the commencement of a criminal proceeding; other than a  
11 grand jury proceeding, either party may apply to the court for an order  
12 declaring that a child witness is vulnerable.

13 2. A child witness should be declared vulnerable when the court, in  
14 accordance with the provisions of this section, determines by clear and  
15 convincing evidence that the child witness would suffer serious mental  
16 or emotional harm that would substantially impair the child witness'  
17 ability to communicate with the finder of fact without the use of live,  
18 two-way closed-circuit television.

19 3. A motion pursuant to subdivision one of this section must be made  
20 in writing at least eight days before the commencement of trial or other  
21 criminal proceeding upon reasonable notice to the other party and with  
22 an opportunity to be heard.

23 4. The motion papers must state the basis for the motion and must  
24 contain sworn allegations of fact which, if true, would support a deter-  
25 mination by the court that the child witness is vulnerable. Such allega-  
26 tions may be based upon the personal knowledge of the deponent or upon  
27 information and belief, provided that, in the latter event, the sources  
28 of such information and the grounds for such belief are stated.

29 5. The answering papers may admit or deny any of the alleged facts and  
30 may, in addition, contain sworn allegations of fact relevant to the  
31 motion, including the rights of the defendant, the need to protect the  
32 child witness and the integrity of the truth-finding function of the  
33 trier of fact.

34 6. Unless all material facts alleged in support of the motion made  
35 pursuant to subdivision one of this section are conceded, the court  
36 shall, in addition to examining the papers and hearing oral argument,  
37 conduct an appropriate hearing for the purpose of making findings of  
38 fact essential to the determination of the motion. Except as provided in  
39 subdivision [six] SEVEN of this section, it may subpoena or call and  
40 examine witnesses, who must either testify under oath or be permitted to  
41 give unsworn testimony pursuant to subdivision two of section 60.20 and  
42 must authorize the attorneys for the parties to do the same.

43 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the child witness who  
44 is alleged to be vulnerable may not be compelled to testify at such  
45 hearing or to submit to any psychological or psychiatric examination.  
46 The failure of the child witness to testify at such hearing shall not be  
47 a ground for denying a motion made pursuant to subdivision one of this  
48 section. Prior statements made by the child witness relating to any  
49 allegations of conduct constituting an offense defined in article one  
50 hundred thirty of the penal law or incest as defined in section 255.25,  
51 255.26 or 255.27 of such law or to any allegation of words or conduct  
52 constituting an attempt to prevent, impede or deter the child witness  
53 from cooperating in the investigation or prosecution of the offense  
54 shall be admissible at such hearing, provided, however, that a declara-  
55 tion that a child witness is vulnerable may not be based solely upon  
56 such prior statements.

1 8. (a) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of article forty-five of  
2 the civil practice law and rules, any physician, psychologist, nurse or  
3 social worker who has treated a child witness may testify at a hearing  
4 conducted pursuant to subdivision five of this section concerning the  
5 treatment of such child witness as such treatment relates to the issue  
6 presented at the hearing, provided that any otherwise applicable statu-  
7 tory privileges concerning communications between the child witness and  
8 such physician, psychologist, nurse or social worker in connection with  
9 such treatment shall not be deemed waived by such testimony alone,  
10 except to the limited extent of permitting the court alone to examine in  
11 camera reports, records or documents, if any, prepared by such physi-  
12 cian, psychologist, nurse or social worker. If upon such examination the  
13 court determines that such reports, records or documents, or any one or  
14 portion thereof, contain information material and relevant to the issue  
15 of whether the child witness is a vulnerable child witness, the court  
16 shall disclose such information to both the attorney for the defendant  
17 and the district attorney.

18 (b) At any time after a motion has been made pursuant to subdivision  
19 one of this section, upon the demand of the other party the moving party  
20 must furnish the demanding party with a copy of any and all of such  
21 records, reports or other documents in the possession of such other  
22 party and must, in addition, supply the court with a copy of all such  
23 reports, records or other documents which are the subject of the demand.  
24 At any time after a demand has been made pursuant to this paragraph, the  
25 moving party may demand that property of the same kind or character in  
26 possession of the party that originally made such demand be furnished to  
27 the moving party and, if so furnished, be supplied, in addition, to the  
28 court.

29 9. (a) Prior to the commencement of the hearing conducted pursuant to  
30 subdivision [five] SIX of this section, the district attorney shall,  
31 subject to a protective order, comply with the provisions of PARAGRAPH  
32 (C) OF subdivision one of section [240.45] 245.20 of this chapter as  
33 they concern any witness whom the district attorney intends to call at  
34 the hearing and the child witness.

35 (b) Before a defendant calls a witness at such hearing, he or she  
36 must, subject to a protective order, comply with the provisions of  
37 subdivision [two] THREE of section [240.45] 245.20 of this chapter as  
38 they concern all the witnesses the defendant intends to call at such  
39 hearing.

40 10. The court may consider, in determining whether there are factors  
41 which would cause the child witness to suffer serious mental or  
42 emotional harm, a finding that any one or more of the following circum-  
43 stances have been established by clear and convincing evidence:

44 (a) The manner of the commission of the offense of which the defendant  
45 is accused was particularly heinous or was characterized by aggravating  
46 circumstances.

47 (b) The child witness is particularly young or otherwise particularly  
48 subject to psychological harm on account of a physical or mental condi-  
49 tion which existed before the alleged commission of the offense.

50 (c) At the time of the alleged offense, the defendant occupied a posi-  
51 tion of authority with respect to the child witness.

52 (d) The offense or offenses charged were part of an ongoing course of  
53 conduct committed by the defendant against the child witness over an  
54 extended period of time.

55 (e) A deadly weapon or dangerous instrument was allegedly used during  
56 the commission of the crime.



1 (f) The defendant has inflicted serious physical injury upon the child  
2 witness.

3 (g) A threat, express or implied, of physical violence to the child  
4 witness or a third person if the child witness were to report the inci-  
5 dent to any person or communicate information to or cooperate with a  
6 court, grand jury, prosecutor, police officer or peace officer concern-  
7 ing the incident has been made by or on behalf of the defendant.

8 (h) A threat, express or implied, of the incarceration of a parent or  
9 guardian of the child witness, the removal of the child witness from the  
10 family or the dissolution of the family of the child witness if the  
11 child witness were to report the incident to any person or communicate  
12 information to or cooperate with a court, grand jury, prosecutor, police  
13 officer or peace officer concerning the incident has been made by or on  
14 behalf of the defendant.

15 (i) A witness other than the child witness has received a threat of  
16 physical violence directed at such witness or to a third person by or on  
17 behalf of the defendant.

18 (j) The defendant, at the time of the inquiry, (i) is living in the  
19 same household with the child witness, (ii) has ready access to the  
20 child witness or (iii) is providing substantial financial support for  
21 the child witness.

22 (k) The child witness has previously been the victim of an offense  
23 defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law or incest as  
24 defined in section 255.25, 255.26 or 255.27 of such law.

25 (l) According to expert testimony, the child witness would be partic-  
26 ularly [suceptible] SUSCEPTIBLE to psychological harm if required to  
27 testify in open court or in the physical presence of the defendant.

28 11. Irrespective of whether a motion was made pursuant to subdivision  
29 one of this section, the court, at the request of either party or on its  
30 own motion, may decide that a child witness may be vulnerable based on  
31 its own observations that a child witness who has been called to testify  
32 at a criminal proceeding is suffering severe mental or emotional harm  
33 and therefore is physically or mentally unable to testify or to continue  
34 to testify in open court or in the physical presence of the defendant  
35 and that the use of live, two-way closed-circuit television is necessary  
36 to enable the child witness to testify. If the court so decides, it must  
37 conduct the same hearing that subdivision [five] SIX of this section  
38 requires when a motion is made pursuant to subdivision one of this  
39 section, and it must make findings of fact pursuant to subdivisions  
40 [nine] TEN and [eleven] TWELVE of this section, before determining that  
41 the child witness is vulnerable.

42 12. In deciding whether a child witness is vulnerable, the court shall  
43 make findings of fact which reflect the causal relationship between the  
44 existence of any one or more of the factors set forth in subdivision  
45 [nine] TEN of this section or other relevant factors which the court  
46 finds are established and the determination that the child witness is  
47 vulnerable. If the court is satisfied that the child witness is vulner-  
48 able and that, under the facts and circumstances of the particular case,  
49 the defendant's constitutional rights to an impartial jury or of  
50 confrontation will not be impaired, it may enter an order granting the  
51 application for the use of live, two-way closed-circuit television.

52 13. When the court has determined that a child witness is a vulnerable  
53 child witness, it shall make a specific finding as to whether placing  
54 the defendant and the child witness in the same room during the testimo-  
55 ny of the child witness will contribute to the likelihood that the child  
56 witness will suffer severe mental or emotional harm. If the court finds

1 that placing the defendant and the child witness in the same room during  
2 the testimony of the child witness will contribute to the likelihood  
3 that the child witness will suffer severe mental or emotional harm, the  
4 order entered pursuant to subdivision [eleven] TWELVE of this section  
5 shall direct that the defendant remain in the courtroom during the  
6 testimony of the vulnerable child witness.

7 S 4. Subdivision 5 of section 200.95 of the criminal procedure law, as  
8 added by chapter 558 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:

9 5. Court ordered bill of particulars. Where a prosecutor has timely  
10 served a written refusal pursuant to subdivision four of this section  
11 and upon motion, made in writing, of a defendant, who has made a request  
12 for a bill of particulars and whose request has not been complied with  
13 in whole or in part, the court must, to the extent a protective order is  
14 not warranted, order the prosecutor to comply with the request if it is  
15 satisfied that the items of factual information requested are authorized  
16 to be included in a bill of particulars, and that such information is  
17 necessary to enable the defendant adequately to prepare or conduct his  
18 defense and, if the request was untimely, a finding of good cause for  
19 the delay. Where a prosecutor has not timely served a written refusal  
20 pursuant to subdivision four of this section the court must, unless it  
21 is satisfied that the people have shown good cause why such an order  
22 should not be issued, issue an order requiring the prosecutor to comply  
23 or providing for any other order authorized by [subdivision one of  
24 section 240.70] SECTIONS 245.75 AND/OR 245.85 OF THIS PART.

25 S 5. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 255.10 of the criminal  
26 procedure law, as added by chapter 763 of the laws of 1974, is amended  
27 to read as follows:

28 (c) granting discovery pursuant to article [240] 245; or

29 S 6. Section 340.30 of the criminal procedure law is amended to read  
30 as follows:

31 S 340.30 Pre-trial discovery and notices of defenses.

32 The provisions of article two hundred [forty] FORTY-FIVE, concerning  
33 pre-trial discovery by a defendant under indictment in a superior court,  
34 and article two hundred fifty, concerning pre-trial notice to the people  
35 by a defendant under indictment in a superior court who intends to  
36 advance a trial defense of mental disease or defect or of alibi, apply  
37 to a prosecution of an information in a local criminal court.

38 S 7. Subdivision 14 of section 400.27 of the criminal procedure law,  
39 as added by chapter 1 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as  
40 follows:

41 14. (a) At a reasonable time prior to the sentencing proceeding or a  
42 mental retardation hearing:

43 [(i)] the prosecutor shall, unless previously disclosed and subject to  
44 a protective order, make available to the defendant the statements and  
45 information specified in subdivision one of section [240.45] 245.20 OF  
46 THIS PART and make available for inspection, photographing, copying or  
47 testing the property specified in subdivision one of section [240.20;  
48 and

49 (ii) the defendant shall, unless previously disclosed and subject to a  
50 protective order, make available to the prosecution the statements and  
51 information specified in subdivision two of section 240.45 and make  
52 available for inspection, photographing, copying or testing, subject to  
53 constitutional limitations, the reports, documents and other property  
54 specified in subdivision one of section 240.30] 245.20 OF THIS PART.

(b) Where a party refuses to make disclosure pursuant to this section, the provisions of [section 240.35, subdivision one of section 240.40 and section 240.50] 245.70, 245.75 AND/OR 245.85 OF THIS PART shall apply.

(c) If, after complying with the provisions of this section or an order pursuant thereto, a party finds either before or during a sentencing proceeding or mental retardation hearing, additional material subject to discovery or covered by court order, the party shall promptly make disclosure or apply for a protective order.

(d) If the court finds that a party has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this section, the court may [enter] EMPLOY any of the [orders] REMEDIES OR SANCTIONS specified in subdivision one of section [240.70] 245.85 OF THIS PART.

S 8. Section 440.30 of the criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new subdivision 1-b to read as follows:

1-B. IN RESPONSE TO A MOTION UNDER THIS SECTION, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES TO COMPARE A FINGERPRINT OBTAINED IN CONNECTION WITH THE INVESTIGATION OR PROSECUTION OF THE DEFENDANT AGAINST THE STATEWIDE AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM, OR ITS SUCCESSOR SYSTEM, AND THE NATIONAL INTEGRATED AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM, OR ITS SUCCESSOR SYSTEM, UPON THE COURT'S DETERMINATION THAT (A) SUCH FINGERPRINT COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OR STATE REQUIREMENTS, WHICHEVER ARE APPLICABLE AND AS SUCH REQUIREMENTS ARE APPLIED TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES SEEKING SUCH A COMPARISON AND (B) IF SUCH COMPARISON HAD BEEN CONDUCTED, AND IF THE RESULTS HAD BEEN ADMITTED IN THE TRIAL RESULTING IN THE JUDGMENT, A REASONABLE PROBABILITY EXISTS THAT THE VERDICT WOULD HAVE BEEN MORE FAVORABLE TO THE DEFENDANT, OR IN A CASE INVOLVING A PLEA OF GUILTY, IF THE RESULTS HAD BEEN AVAILABLE TO THE DEFENDANT PRIOR TO THE PLEA, A REASONABLE PROBABILITY EXISTS THAT THE CONVICTION WOULD NOT HAVE RESULTED.

S 9. Section 460.80 of the penal law, as added by chapter 516 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

S 460.80 Court ordered disclosure.

Notwithstanding the provisions of article two hundred [forty] FORTY-FIVE of the criminal procedure law, when forfeiture is sought pursuant to section 460.30 of this [chapter] ARTICLE, the court may order discovery of any property not otherwise disclosed which is material and reasonably necessary for preparation by the defendant with respect to the forfeiture proceeding pursuant to such section. The court may issue a protective order denying, limiting, conditioning, delaying or regulating such discovery where a danger to the integrity of physical evidence or a substantial risk of physical harm, intimidation, economic reprisal, bribery or unjustified annoyance or embarrassment to any person or an adverse effect upon the legitimate needs of law enforcement, including the protection of the confidentiality of informants, or any other factor or set of factors outweighs the usefulness of the discovery.

S 10. Subdivision 5 of section 480.10 of the penal law, as added by chapter 655 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:

5. In addition to information required to be disclosed pursuant to article two hundred [forty] FORTY-FIVE of the criminal procedure law, when forfeiture is sought pursuant to this article, and following the defendant's arraignment on the special forfeiture information, the court shall order discovery of any information not otherwise disclosed which is material and reasonably necessary for preparation by the defendant with respect to a forfeiture proceeding brought pursuant to this arti-

1 cle. Such material shall include those portions of the grand jury  
2 minutes and such other information which pertain solely to the special  
3 forfeiture information and shall not include information which pertains  
4 to the criminal charges. Upon application of the prosecutor, the court  
5 may issue a protective order pursuant to section [240.40] 245.70 of the  
6 criminal procedure law with respect to any information required to be  
7 disclosed pursuant to this subdivision.

8 S 11. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall  
9 have become a law; provided, however, the amendments to section 65.20 of  
10 the criminal procedure law made by section three of this act shall not  
11 affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed there-  
12 with; and provided further that the amendments made to section 440.30 of  
13 the criminal procedure law made by section eight of this act shall take  
14 effect on the same date and in the same manner as chapter 19 of the laws  
15 of 2012, as amended by part A of chapter 55 of the laws of 2012, takes  
16 effect.